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STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION.

569,846 ections for unsold and returned 6,204

GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK, me and subscribed in my y of February 1996 Swarn to before me and subscripts, presence this 3d day of February, 1896, N. P. FEII, Notary Public.

Omaha is the only city in America that can boast a daily paper that tries to regulate the affairs of the democratic party, the republican party and the populist party all at the same time.

Why continue to rob graves for subjects for the dissecting room when by the use of the newly discovered Roent gen process of photography the living human body can be made to serve all the requirements of medical science?

The French Senate does not seem to partments of the French government. But this is not a peculiarity of the French Senate. The American senate will compare favorably with it in this

Another American mining syndicate has just been organized to develop the gold mines of Venezuela. And that, too, in the face of the alluring tales of untold wealth waiting to be gathered from the Cripple Creek holes in the ground.

The Board of Health now raises the It should have been protected long ago against the folly and extravagance of its themselves against the Board of Health.

for those words of commendation from gives that government authority over the pulpit. As we remarked before, Mr. the foreign policy of the republic. It Crane knows a hawk from a bandsaw.

to declare their annual encampment off of British authority or influence, but because of the refusal of the railroads they may not find it easy to do this at to grant the usual concessions in the once because other countries will hardly matter of reduced fares. When the be disposed to aid or uphold them in traffic managers have the matter placed | breaking faith in this particular. Even before them as reduced rates or noth- Germany, notwithstanding the coning, they may possibly view it in a new light.

Manager Babcock of the stock yards has at last succeeded in getting such reduction in transportation rates from points to the south and west that after March 1 stock shippers in that territory can avail themselves of the higher prices to be secured in this market. Incessant hammering at railroad rate makers will bring its ultimate reward, as is shown in this notable instance.

Senator Hawley of Connecticut was quite correct in his statement in the senate the other day that the prevalent feeling throughout the country is against enlarged pension expenditures. The sentiment is not against pensions to the deserving veterans of the war as such, but against unnecessary increase of the burden of pension payment at a time when the government is compelled to sell bonds to keep up with the current expenses of government.

The Transmississippi exposition is not a political venture. It should not be permitted to be drawn into any political contention. It is an undertaking endorsed almost unanimously by the people of the entire west without regard to political creed, and as such demands the unbiased consideration of congress on its merits. With congressional recognition the co-operation of every state west of the Mississippl will be assured, no matter what political party happens for the moment to be dominant in them.

been raised for the shipment of live feeling that prevailed at the conference, stock between Nebraska points since What was subsequently said by Mr. January 1 of this year. If such is the Carlisle, however, warrants the infercase there is certainly no excuse for it. If there are to be any changes in the men whom he talked with but what railroad tariffs the change should be was encouraging. The secretary was as downward from old rates when prices sured that no heavy shipments of gold of every product and commodity are lower than ever before. It is quite out the improvement in the exports of merof the question for the railroads to expect to continue to impose the same and ward American securities there is good

One of the railroad attorneys who aptween individuals. In other words, he business prosperity would be assured. that the question is not one between in- return of prosperity something more is dividuals that has made it a subject needed than the conditions suggested be the chief reason why the Huntingfor congressional action. The public in- by the secretary of the treasury. terest will not and cannot be eliminated. A complete restoration of confidence

hibited. Mr. Teller, who voted against the restoration of confidence. The ques-

The republican house passed a reveto believe that measure would have given the government sufficient reveto save the government from running prosperity. more deeply into debt and no republican can justify himself for opposing such a measure. Fortunately for the five republican senators who put themselves in opposition and it will be surprising if the record they have made does not prove to be the beginning of the end of their political careers.

BOER RESENTMENT.

The bitter feeling of the people of land has been unmistakably manifested to be in high favor with President have much influence with the other de- Kruger to give expression to this feel- the restoration of confidence and prosing in the form of resolutions denounce should be no fraternity between the Boers and the English. It appears from this enunciation that the Boers believe that the end of strife has not been reached, thus showing that they have no confidence in the conciliatory attitude of the British colonial secretary. Mr. Chamberlain, or in the apparent to respect the independence and the rights of the South African republic. cry that it wants to be protected. In this they may be right and certainly politics years ago and is known as the the wisdom of being prepared for a own members. Just now the taxpayers at the same time they should be careful though it may prove disappointing in are more concerned with protecting not to give cause for the trouble they apprehend. It is not at all probable It looks very much as if Rev. Frank contemplation anything more than in- and finally upon the character of the Crane were going to take his de-sistence upon maintaining such relaparture from Omalia and leave Police tions to the Transvaal republic as were Commissioner Vandervoort still waiting established by the treaty of 1884, which is undoubtedly the desire and the de. confined to Hobson's choice. They must Now the Knights of Pythias threaten relation and be absolutely independent gratulatory dispatch of Emperor William to President Kruger, would hesitate to enter into relations with the South African republic without the approval of the British government, and that is the only power which would be

> such reasonable and practicable reforms as the Uitlanders ask for and which would make the government more republican than it now is, having done which it could appeal more strongly to the world for support in maintaining its independence and for protection against any aggression. The Boers should recognize the fact that they are no longer isolated and that they cannot safely ignore the demands of political progress. CARLISLE AMONG THE FINANCIERS. Secretary Carlisle has been in conference with New York financiers and men of commerce. It was informal and had for its object, as appears from the meager information given out, discus-

at all likely to take a course inimical

in the Transvaal. It is possible that

the British government will be found

willing to surrender this, rather than

intensify the enmity of the Boers, but

it has shown that it is prepared to re-

sist any efforts to force concession. It

would seem that the true policy of the

South African republic is to institute

sion of the best means of keeping the gold reserve intact, a policy to restore business confidence, and a talk over the silver question. All these are interesting matters and it is rather to be regretted that the country has not been Complaint is made that rates have made acquainted with the sentiment and ence that he heard nothing from the to Europe are expected and in view of chandise and a better feeling abroad tohigher charges for freight than formerly. reason to believe that the outward movement of gold will for a time be comparatively inconsiderable. Mr. Carpeared before the senate committee on lisle also learned, it seems, that there Pacific railroads suggested that the is an improved outlook for business and question of the Pacific railroad debt he expressed the opinion that "with good settlement should be considered as a crops for the coming season and a strong business proposition and as one be- united movement for sound currency wants to eliminate the public and the Unquestionably there are some valid patrons of the road entirely from the reasons for this view, but for a full proposed adjustment. It is just the fact restoration of business confidence and

in the senate to have the revenue bill tinue to fall behind the expenditures, to manipulate the stock market again, taken up, but it was defeated by the necessitating periodical borrowing. The votes of five free silver republicans and | fact that the government indebtedness taking the measure up, declared that tion of maintaining a sound currency the bill was never presented with any is not disturbing, because everybody undead, and probably there will be no for- up the agitation they are powerless exther attempt to provide more revenue cept as obstructionists. It has more-George it Trachuck, accretary of The 1se Pub-lishing company, being dily aworn, says that the actual number of full and complet copies of the Decly Morning, Evening and Sunday Hes printed during the month of January, 1886, was as fol-lows. for the government, since it seems to over been clearly demonstrated that the rency, which contemplates an enormous contraction of the currency by the renue bill in good faith. No one has ever threment of greenbacks and treasury questioned this. There is every reason notes, will not receive any consideration from the present congress. In short, there is to be no interference with the nue to at least stop the monthly deficits, existing sound and safe currency, so if not supplying a surplus. It was that the financial question, of which the framed for an emergency and every re- administration is evidently most auxious publican in congress should have felt to make an issue in the coming camit to be his duty to support it, regard- paign, is not having any appreciable inless of the question whether or not it fluence unfavorable to the restoration could become a law. It was intended of confidence and the return of business

The real reason for continued distrust and for business depression is to be found in the economic policy of the integrity of the party, there are but democratic party, under the operation of which the government does not get sufficient revenue to meet expenditures, the balance of trade against this counry has been largely increased, and home industries have been seriously injured. If the industrial interests of the country were certain that the general election next November would place the the South African republic toward Eng- republican party in full control of the government there can be no doubt that since the Jameson raid, but it remained a great revival of business would be for a political association which is said inaugurated at once. Some improvement in the meantime is probable, but perity will not be complete until the ing Great Britain as the arch-enemy of verdict of the people has again entrusted the republic and declaring that there the republican party with the executive and legislative power.

DIRECT PARTY NOMINATIONS. that city to do away with the nominating convention and have each candidate chosen by direct vote at the pridisposition of the British government maries will be watched with interest. The scheme is by no means original. It was introduced into Pennsylvania Crawford county system. There is a possible exigency is unquestionable, but great deal to be said in its favor, alits result. Its efficacy as a reform measure depends upon the character of that the British government has now in the men who are put up as candidates people who participate in the primaries. Where two or three unfit men pit them selves against one another and the respectable and modest men do not crowd to the front the voters will be ermination of the Boers to annual this cither choose between two evils or throw their votes away. In a convention it is possible to bring forward good men who are not open aspirants and get them nominated after playing the bad men off against each other,

After all, the stream never rises above its source in politics as in all pursuits of life. When caucuses are abolished and primaries are purified so that every body votes his honest convictions, untrammeled by threats and uninfluenced by promises or bribes, and when every intelligent partisan voices his sentiments and wishes at the primary election, the to the partial protectorate of England party nominees will be truly representathe of the party, and the party that sets the highest standard of good citizenship will carry the day.

A REASONABLE DEMAND.

The consensus of opinion among Omaha business men of all classes and conditions is that fire insurance rates exacted in this city are excessive if not exorbitant. No representative of the insurance companies has ventured to dispute the fact that rates are much higher in Omaha than they are in other cities situated no more favorably in respect to fire risks. No representative of the underwriters can give any valid reason why insurance rates should not be reduced in Omaha in view of the improvements that have been made within the last year in the water works sys tem and the increased efficiency of the fire department. Grant that there was some excuse for raising the rates two years ago, there is more reason now for lowering them to the level that ob-

tains in other western cities. In demanding a material reduction of fire insurance rates The Bee is inspired by no hostility to the insurance companies and it has no grievance which is not common to property owners in general. It is not a captious demand, but one well grounded on the equities of the case. The Bee only expresses the just demands of the community for fair treatment in the matter of fire insurance rates, and it hopes that the managers of these companies will meet these demands without waiting for a formal

protest or organized opposition. And up to date nothing has been heard of the resolution introduced by Governor Holcomb in the State Board of Educational Lands and Funds providing for the investment of the idle money in the permanent school fund in registered state warrants. In the interval no less than \$500,000 is lying in the school fund without yielding the state a penny in return, while something like \$800,000 of state warrants are outstanding drawing 5 per cent interest from the pockets of the taxpayers.

Central Pacific stock, which was worth nothing when the road was built and which is now quoted at 15, was once worth 80 and 90. That seems to ton syndicate, which is the chief owner, thinks the government should extend Monday in November.

Another effort was yesterday made as the revenues of the government con-

As the season advances the Knights the six populists. The resolution of is steadily growing and that under our of Ak-Sar-Ber are bestirring them-Mr. Morrill, to take up the bill seems bood of a change for the better has a for the coming festivities which shall to have been unexpected, and there was tendency to keep alive a feel not only rival but eclipse any efforts a quite sharp debate as a result, in ling of distrust and this is really heretofore made by them. With last which some strong feeling was ex- the only thing that is operating against pear's experience and unqualified success the people of this city and region round about will expect a gorgeous display by the knights, and they are not purpose of passing it, asserting that derstands that there is no present to be disappointed. No entertainment the sham effort to pass a tariff bill was danger to the finances of the country, presented by this city or any other city degrading to the senate and those who The advocates of the free coinage of in the northwest has ever equalled that took part in it. Mr. Morrill said he silver have just met with another most of the knights last year, both in the would not ask further time on this decisive defeat and while some of them attractions afforded and the immense measure, so that it may be regarded as in the national senate persist in keeping crowds drawn here to witness the festivities. The enterprise is entitled to the enthusiastic support which it will unquestionably receive.

A blunder was made in turning the body of Ezra Ebright over to the medical college before the dead man's friends had been notified according to requests made. The sensational features of this case, however, will doubtless cause the county commissioners to exercise more care in similar cases that may arise. The disposition of the remains of a county ward is a serious matter and should be attended to by the hospital committee and county physician under such regulations as will render impossible such protests as were made by the friends and neighbors of Ebright, who had purchased a lot in a cemetery in Union precinct and had requested that he be buried therein.

According to Senator David B. Hill there is a decided difference between an official inquiry and an official investigation. An investigation is understood to signify that there is a strong suspicion of irregularity, while an inquiry does officer involved. So far as the public is concerned, however, it does not care whether it gets its information through open and above board and the full facts furnished with reference to every questionable proceeding.

The street commissioner has put the force of men under his charge at work cleaning the principal streets. The The experiment which is about to be mild weather renders such action immade at Lincoln by the republicans of peratively necessary as a sanitary measure, and property owners will appre clate the effort to make the streets and alleys as clean as can be done with the another for the common citizen. funds at the disposal of the commis sioner.

The superintendent of Forest Lawn cemetery expresses the opinion that grave robbery could readily be stamped out by concerted action upon the part of the sheriff and police chief. There is no doubt of this and an outraged and desirability of a third term:

"So far as Mr. Cleveland personally is concommunity will look to these legally

Indianapolis Journal.

The late Hon. M. D. Harter of Ohio was a man of honest convictions, and had the courage of them. Though a democrat, he criticised his party severely for its shortcomings, especially its financial vagaries. reporter: 'I am weary of these pretended democrat

who have attempted to commit the party to fanaticism and fraud, and whose leadership has resulted in a merited defeat. een betrayed by a lot of selfish politi cians in New York and a set of befuddled cranks in the west. There is no speedler way to oblivion for democracy than to follow the dictation of traitors in one part of the country and the counsel of fools in another. Here in Ohio we permitted ourselve to sanction the folly of free silver, and the only wonder, in my mind, is how the republican plurality was kept down to 138,000.

New York is the first state to retaliate upon Germany in the insurance imbroglio. The act which Governor Morton has just signed provides that if any foreign government shall refuse to permit any insurance corporation f New York state to do business in its territory, the state insurance superintendent shall refuse to allow the companies of such foreign country to do any business in New York. It appears that the German prohibi tion applies to the two largest life com-panies of New York; but the act of retaliation will apply to German fire companie now doing business in New York as wel as the life companies, if there are any, practical effect of the measure will be to drive out of the state or into the hands of domestic companies a considerable volum of fire and marine business now by German companies. The retallatory measure is a sweeping one, and will prob ably bring out a warm protest from the German government.

Public Office a Private Snap.

The revision of the Iowa laws, which th legislature of that state is now considering, provides for including private banks among the institutions which must report their cap-ital to the auditor of the state. The senate mittee on banks and banking has 5 to 4, to recommend the striking out of that clause. Three of the five are private bank-ers. The legislature should overrule the committee and allow the clause to stand. There is no good teason why a private banker should not be compelled to report the amount of his capital and why the correctness of his statements should not be investigated officially. He should not be given opportunities for making false state-ments and deceiving the people which are denied to others. The private bankers ought to be the first to ask to be regulated to some extent by law. It will benefit those who are deserving of confidence and will interfere only with those who are not.

Nebraska's New Party.

New national party in Nebraska. nounces democrats, republicans and populists, and proposes to be the party of labor. There can't be much prospect of good days for a new party which, like this one, has 200 members. Too many; makes the party unwieldly. Why, 200 members are enough for 200 new parties. When a man finds that there is a vacuum in his heart not to be filled by republicanism; democracy, populism prohibition, or sliver, and looks about for a party of his own, he wants a party that will be his own. He wants a machine that really he can be sure of. Ishmael doesn't spur his camel into the desert for the purpose or in the hope of finding an oasis hotel full of guests. Alone in the desert he loves to ride. No caravans, no personally conducted drome-dary parties for him. He isn't going to make his camel hump itself for the sake of getting society. So the man who wants ew party wants to have it to himself, unless he is a discharged politician, who hopes get his job back. The ideal party for son who simply wants to express himself, has no fevered yearning to ac

THE FUNDING BILL. Strong Reasons Why the Mensur-Should Not Pass.

ome stinging truths the other day in his mimiltee speech on the Pacific railroad inding bill. He quoted from official reports to show that the average net receipts of the Union Pacific line for the last ten years have been nearly those of the Central Pacific nearly \$1,500,000. the annual interest first mortgage bonds being included in the expenditures in each case. The companies have earned nearly 6 per cent per annum on the entire amount the government has paid and would pay if it were compelled to clear mortgage bonds. off the first the original government bonds are about due they can be paid off at their face value, and as a government 3 per cent bond now is worth nore than par, there should be no difficulty in utilizing a new 3 per cent bond to pay off and call in both of the other baues. The figures cited are made to prove that if the

possible trade has been less than \$300,000,000 since construction. He holds they could have some surplus. He believes there is no doubt lington Booth had had continually in mind that not less than \$300,000,000 was cleared and heart his duty to the American people; up by the directors during the first fifteen that he had felt all along during the nine years, partly through the excessive tolls years of his residence here that the strict up by the directors during the first fifteen years, partly through the excessive tolls charged for freights and fares. Yet they have refused to pay one penny of interest on the bonds. The whole transaction was deliberately planned by cunning lawyers to the people love him. The same authority mindle the people love him, the same authority mindle the people love him. The same authority mindle the people love him. swindle the people, and that the scheme should pass the scrutiny of so many great awyers and statesmen then in congress puts the English branch. n question either their honesty as represenatives, their capacity as lawyers, or their absence at the time the scheme was put arough congress." Yet in the face of the undeniable facts

named the men who favor the funding bill say the roads are not worth half the amount of the debt they owe to the United States, though along with this they have the audacity to propose to extend the time of payment and give this same property as security for the whole debt, claiming that it is good security for its payment. Mr. Bowers took the unequivocal position that no funding bill gives any promise of recovering any part of the debt; that it would not necessarily disparage the office or be far better to surrender all claims and make the whole debt a present to the parties at once than to entertain their proposi tions for extending the time. He also that the plan of the companies for the future an inquiry or an investigation. What Pacific at such rates as the road may charge it wants is that all official action be and be able to pay the Pacific Mail Stramship company for empty space. He says all the people know that these companies charge one firm one rate and another firm another rate for the same freight for the same place, and pleads that the government has no right advantage over others as a funding bill would give them. "The people of the Pacific coast have the common rights of all the people of the other states, and against the government continuing to support this monopoly." He further made the nificant point that "the passage of any fund-ing bill will be an official notification to the people by congress that there hereafter i another for the common citizen."

In the minist of this control of the common citizen."

In the minist of this control of the common citizen. The common citizen of the common citizen. The common citizen of the common citizen.

IT WILL NOT DOWN.

The Ghost of Third Term Haunts the Democracy. New York Sun. signed communication

of the New York Journal, Mr. Frederic R. Coudert, one of the members of Mr. Cleve Venezuelan commission, expresse these sentiments concerning the possibility cerned. I have no doubt that he would pre constituted champions of peace and good order to do their duty. has enjoyed the honors and has suffered the inevitable annoyances and disappointments of that most important office, but at the same time I am convinced that if patriotic considerations satisfied him that the path of his duty lay in the acceptance of a candidacy for another term, he would postpone his

> make his wishes very plainly and emphatically known.
>
> "It is my belief that if in the next few months the treasury be found to be in a nealthy condition, and all our foreign rela tions amicable, Mr. Cleveland will positively refuse to allow his name to go before the nominating convention. In the event of cer-tain exigencies arising, however, it may be deemed necessary that the president accent a fourth nomination at the hands of his

> personal preferences, however strong they

might be, in another direction. Otherwise

It is talk of this sort which keeps alive the suspicions of those who have been inclined to regard the Venezuelan message of Dember as the first move of a political plot liberately contrived in order to force Mr. deliberately contrived in order Cleveland upon the country for another

Considering Mr. Coudert's personal rela-tions with the president, and his official position as a member of the tribunal which practically has the power to shape the Venezuela investigation in the direction either of peace or war, the above utterances are more than injudicious; they are positively indecent.

The associates of Mr. Coudert will do well to see to it that the findings of the Venezuela commission are not made public until after the adjournment of the demo-cratic national convention, which is to meet n Chicago on Tuesday, July 7. That is the only sure method of protecting the reputation of the commission against the reproach which Mr. Coudert's foolish the reputation the reproach third-term talk invites.

PERSONAL AND OTHERWISE.

The late Mr. Maher admits that Mr. Fitz simmons' argument was unanswerable The Darwin monument fund lacks several connect the prospectus with the sum realized. General Weyler's triumphs as a press ce

or are exemplified in a monotonous round of Spanish victories. Considerable pressure is being exerted o Mr. Perrine to delay the arrival of his come until after March 17.

The heir presumptive to the Austrian throne, Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Este. is slowly dying of cancer of the throat. The grim reaper respects neither rank nor condi

When this hale and baleyon year become a leaf in the tomes of time and wraps it-self with the moss and romance of memory. then will spring up the "Daughters of the Favorite Sons of Ninety-Six."

M. Emile Duclaux, who was recently ap-pointed director of the Pasteur institute in Paris, was Pasteur's oldest collaborator, and had held the post of subdirector under him since the foundation of the institute. St. Louis weather prophets are figuring

on June temperature. to be a prophet or a son of one to predict considerable heat along about the 22d, with scattered areas of frost about the 24th. The community of Mascoutah, Ill., having keen appreciation of the fitness of things,

eld a short, impressive scance with a wife

cater and administered to him a copious lose of his own medicine. It was a cuticdoze of his own medicine. The sultan of Turkey is being assailed by revolutionary pamphiets. One of them re-cently disseminated in Constantinople says: "What need has the khalif of 200 wives?"

The law of the Sheri allows only four. Four, then, let him have, and drive out the rest. Why should he have 200 aldes-de-campyoung men full of vigor—held in idleness? Leave him twenty." The premier of Austria, Casimir Felix Ba

deni, is the son of a cook. His father was count. Badeni's aunt, the famous German actress. Anna Wierer, left him half of he fortune. The premier is said to be worth about \$2,500,000. In 1888 he was made gov-ernor of Galicia, and held the office until his ecent promotion to the premiership.

and has no fevered yearning to accomplish anything or engrave himself upon public opinion or the times, consists of one person only, and that person has a comfortable monopoly and is in no danger of being crowded.

The new party season, by the way, opened on Pebruary 1, and entries will continue to a banquet, because, he says, "I have made an ass of myself by assuming certain political burdens which I must carry out." Mr. Platt is not very felicitous in his simple. A mule of the Kentucky variety would have been much happier and would illustrate without words the fervor displayed in throwing his opponents. throwing his opponents.

Representative Bowers of California told Colonel Nicoll Send Sends Out a Circular Letter to All Detachments.

Breach Between the British and American Pactions Slowly Widening and Open Rupture Likely to Be Declared Soon.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25 .- It is thought

by several members of the army who were willing to express an oninion that Ballington and Mrs. Booth were out of the Salvation army for good, but that they would soon be at work, with many of property averaged the same not profit that it they would soon be at work, with many of has made for the last ten years the not the present army officers and privates, in receipts of the two roads would be sufficient organizing a new army, with the help of to pay the whole debt, besides the restoration prominent Christian workers of this city. prominent Christian workers of this city. more than 16,000,000 acres of land, worth least \$25,000,000, to the public domain. Mr. Bowers says there is no question that the net earnings of the Pacific lines, including ficers throughout the country tonight, it is ficers throughout the country tonight, it is pose of the Southern Pacific to which all said Commander and Mrs. Booth had sent ossible trade has been diverted, amount to in a letter of resignation to the general as their far back as January 31. A prominent staff officer stated tonight that Commander Balscheme said that \$5,000 a year had been contributed by the United States branch to assist

Following is the appeal issued by Colonel Nicoll of the Salvation army now being sent out through the country by mall and wire to fficers and soldiers;

"It is with great anguish and a deep sense of the consequences involved that I have to confirm the telegram regarding the lament able and deplorable resignation of your com manders. Their resignations were sent in letter dated as far back as January 31. 'The reasons given for their unexpected

action are alleged personal differences of some months standing with our beleved ger eral and what will, I believe, occasion your intense surprise, a lack of confidence in our international system of administration. WAS A SURPRISE.

"As you will readily imagine, this letter of resignation came upon our leaders as a bolt reach were crushed with indescribable sorrow. That such a step should be any territorial commander must be a grea grief, but the sorrow in this case is intens to give these companies such an enormous fied a hundredfold by the fact that your com mander is one of the general's own children and an officer whose long devotion to the war and pledges of undying and unflinching fidelity to our glorious flag had given him more than a warm place in the confidence of his officers in all parts of the world. terrible step, I am glad to be in a position in the midst of this dark hour to inform you

> A special representative of international headquarters was dispatched at a few hours' notice to New York to confer with your commander upon the whole situation an vail upon him to at least see his father be fore finally persisting in his course. His brother, Commandant Herbert Booth, was also urged and ordered to bring the pressure of filial regard to bear upon the commander as well as to endeavor to throw light upon his difficulties. His sister, Field Commis-sioner Eva Booth, who was in the midst of her London farewell and the arrangements for the general's return, was likewise or-dered to New York with the Godspeed and prayers of the international headquarters. For days and nights these three mediators employed every possible argument, appeal and entreaty to beseech the commande return to England. Their efforts were ably supported by long cablegrams from the gen-eral and correspondence from the interna-tional headquarters. But, to our great and manders retired last Friday morning from the direction of affairs.

WILL BE INVESTIGATED. "As neither the commandant nor the field commissioner nor myself possess the power to accept your commander's resignation, we at once disowned responsibility for the commander's step, communicated the facts to in-ternational headquarters and threw ourselves with the overwhelming burden created by the sad event upon the never failing stronghold of our glorious army-the presence and the promise of help of Jehovah.

is needless for me to tell you, dear comrades, that the whole circumstances will at once become the subject of investigation on the part of international headquarters. The action of the commanders, as well as own, will be brought before the and I am authorized to state that his verdict upon the circumstances will be communi-cated to you in due course.

"One word more. The general-and in deed, the whole army-relies upon you in this hour of trial, and I am sure the future will show that among all the countries of the globe there are no more faithful, devoted, reliable or loyal officers and soldiers than those who have carried the stars and stripes into the very van of the army's world-wide battle for God. "Yours in bonds of sorrow, and yet faith

and confidence. ALEXANDER M. NICOLL."

Colonel and General's Representative." The Press this morning prints the follow ing: "R. C. Alexander, attorney for Bal-lington Booth, ex-commander of the Salvaion army in the United States, declared the American property of the army to Booth-Tucker, the new chief now coming from London to take charge of the American army. Mr. Alexander said further that Mr. Booth might proceed to reorganize the army on an independent and distinctly American basis. "The Salvation army is not organized as a corporation," said Mr. Alexander, "and cannot hold property in its own Nor can a foreigner hold real es tate in this country unless he has declared intention to become a citizen, and so the army property-all the real estate prop erty, at any rate— has been acquired in his erty, at any rate— has been acquired in his name. Legally, he is the absolute owner of property valued at more than \$700,000. There are no restricting clauses about hold-ing in trust or as trustee in any of the title The War Cry belongs to him also He may do with it exactly as he pleases Neither his father nor any one else has

APPEAL TO SALVATIONISTS | legal right to interfere with its managecut or to claim any of its carnings. "Ballington Booth realizes where his obligations lie, but he knows what is in due to him as well and he will be guided, as well as his wife, by the interests of the army in this country. The result of the trouble will be good. The United States may have its own army, an American army,

the best in the world. EXPECTS THEM TO REMAIN FAITHFUL OFFERED AN INDEPENDENT COMMAND. The World today says: Hallington Booth was offered the leadership of an independent American Salvation army yesterday. The brigadiers, adjutants and majors whom he had created in all parts of the country beought him to become their general. ngton Booth retired for a short time to his private quarters, accompanied by his wife, who had been by his side during all the exciting scenes. They locked the door, They knelt down and prayed for strength. The emissaries came again with their tempting offer. He met them calmly and firmly; he listened to their address, the pictured

glories of future independence and great re-sult for the cause of religion.
"It cannot be," he said. "I thank you, dear friends, for the honor you have tendear friends, for the honor you trust you dered me, the confidence and the trust you have shown me but I must decline. Mrs. have shown me, but I must decline. Booth and I will quietly retire from the army In which we have labored so long. Good-bye and God's blessing rest upon you."

TALK ABOUT MORTON.

Globe-Democrat: Secretary Morton enjoys distinction of having had more speeches made against him than any other member of he cabinet.

Detroit Free Press: If Secretary Morton had no views except as to farm crops and stock raising he would be accepted as one f the most capable men ever called to the and of the Agricultural department. But he is guilty of thinking and talking about all the vital issues before the people of the country. Hence the fierce attacks to which subjected by those who cannot think or talk as well.

Minneapolis Tribune: The members of congress are carrying their grudge against Secretary Morion to undignified and unwar-ranted lengths when they cripple the important branch of the service devoted to meat inspection simply to embarrass him. It is perfectly proper to instruct the secre-tary to obey the laws governing his department, but to try to cut off his salary and reduce his appropriation for needed public work is purile in the extreme.

Indianapolis News: We fear Secretary Morton has no realizing sense of his parlous state. One would suppose, after his beinous conduct in refusing to squander public conduct in refusing to squander public mency in valueless seeds had been held up to the contumely and scorn of the nation by great orators in both houses of congress, that he would be cast down and dismayed from a blue sky. The chief of staff, Mr. But not so. Just after the house had been Bramwell Booth, to whom the letter had to rebuking him and arraigning him, and dear be sent, owing to the general's absence in knows what, he actually entertained at India, was amuzed beyond measure, and the diener the president and the members of the other members of the general's family within cabinet! Did one ever see such insensibility to virtuous congressional criticism?

Louisville Courier-Journal; The truth is this effort, which will probably be successful, to force the secretary of agriculture to distribute old and worthless seed in the name of the members of congress simply a mean little salary grab. They wish these seed for their own use and they seek to repeal the law which confines the distribution to seeds that are of some value. are raising a row about the conduct of Secre-"Whatever may be the final issue of this tary Morton in order to conceal the meanness of their own action in the matter,
They are simply raiding the treasury in
their own interest and crying "stop thief!"
in the hope of averting attention from
themselves. But the men who vote for this mean little grab will be remembered.

BURNISHED HITS.

Chicago Record: "How's the bicycle busi-"Our buyers are falling off."

Household Words: Architect-Have you any suggestions for the study, Mr. Veryrich?
Mr. Veryrich-Only that it must be brown. Great thinkers, I understand, are generally found in a brown study.

Brooklyn Life: "You ask me to put von glass lager on de shlate unt you drunk tree glasses, ain't it?"
"That's all right; it only proves there's more in me than you gave me credit for —see?"

Washington Star: "Some folks," s. Uncle Eben, "doan" 'pear ter take no pr in speakin' de troof 'ceppin' when gwineter huht somebody's feelin's."

Boston Transcript: "On this head," said the lecturer, "there is nothing left to be de-sired." The bald-pated man in the front row immediately arose to call the speaker to order.

Detro't Free Pre s: Landlady—Do you like your steak rare, Mr. Boardlong? Mr. B.—No rarer than it is, madam.

Harper's Bazar: "Why did they lynch that poor old man?"
"Why? Great Scott, man, why? He was guilty. He was about to (elebrate his golden wedding right here in a silver state, too!" Town Topics: Hunker-Staggers has

pretty easy time of it. Spatts—in what way? Hunker—His wife drives him to drink and a cabman drives him home,

Indianapolis Journal: "That last load of coal you sent," said Mr. Slopay, with a most impressive manner, "was more than half slate."

"Perhaps you may remember," retorted the coal man, with much spirit, "that you said, after you had ordered it, 'just slate this, will you."

Spare Moments: Romantic Miss-Have there not been moments in your experience when life seemed full of unsatisfied wants? Mr. Hardhead—Y-e-s, that's so. At such times I always fly to music for relief. What do you do, Mr. Hardhead?" "I advertise."

Chicago Tribune: Papa (busy with accounts)—I wish you wouldn't read aloud, Rachel. You disturb me.

Miss Rachel—This is the morning paper, papa. I'm reading 'Notes on Society.'

Papa—So am I, child, and I've got some here that are awfully hard to collect.

THE RADIOGRAPH.

London Punch O Roentgen, then the news is true, And not a trick of idle rumor, That bids us each beware of you And of your grim and graveyard humor.

We do not want, like Dr. Swift, To take our flesh off and to pose in Our bones, or show each little rift And joint for you to poke your nose is.

We only crave to contemplate Each other's usual full-dress photo; Your worse than "allogether" state; Of portraiture we bar in toto!

The fondest swain would scarcely prize A picture of his lady's framework; To gaze on this with yearning eyes Would probably be voted tame work.

No, keep them for your epitaph, These tombstone souvenirs unpleasant; Or go away and photograph Mahatmas, spooks and Mrs. Besant.

PIPE ********* SENT FREE

A WARRANTED French Briar Pipe, Hard Rubber Stem, equal to those usually retailed at 50 cents,

FOR 24 COUPONS FOR 2 COUPONS AND 24 CENTS

You will find one coupon inside each 2 ounce bag, and two coupons inside each 4 ounce bag of

Biackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO., DURHAM, N. C. Buy a bag of this Celebrated Smoking Tobacco and read the which gives a list of other premiums, and how to get them.

2 CENT STAMPS ACCEPTED.