ing to Official Reports.

KILLED THIRTY OF THE REBEL SOLDIERS Said to Have Been a Detachment of

Gomez's Forces and Were Put to Flight Without Trouble.

(Capyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company.) World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-General Marin had an encounter with the insurgents near Alquizar yesterday, which was one of more than ordinary interest, because it was the first real fight between Spanish cavalry and rebel guerillas. Of the twenty insurgen's left dead on the field, eleven were killed by cavalry sabres.

The Spanish generals, realizing that it is utterly impossible to crush the insurgents, who are splendid horsemen, with foot soldiers, are rapidly transferring the infantry to envalry.

General Marin learned yesterday that Gen-Marin ordered a brivade of infantry as a main body to pursue the insurgents, sending in advance seven squadrons of cavalry, picked from the mounted Spanish guerillas of the island, under Colonel Ruiz. On nearing San Antonio plantation, Colone Ruiz espled the rebel advance guards. With perfect order and drawn swords, shouting "Viva Espana," the cavalry charged, cutting right and left as they dashed through the insurgent skirmish lines and reached the mair body of the rebels. Many prisoners are said to have been taken

OFFICIAL DETAILS OF THE FIGHT. Here is General Marin's report of the affair, forwarded to General Suarez Valdez's (act ing as governor-general, while Marin is the front), with a request that it be warded to the minister of war in Madrid: "Accompanying the brigade operating under my immediate orders in the pursuit of Maximo Gomez and learning that the latter arrived today and was encamped at the Luquex sugar plantation, I sent in advance

two infantry columns, marching in close order. Seven squadrons of cavairy, commanded by Colonel Ruiz, went as a vanguard of the force I directly commended. The encountered the insurgent advance guards in the neighborhood of the San Antonio sugar mill. The latter were swept away by our horse soldiers, who threw themselves impetacously and in perfect order upon a second line, and afterward upon the main body of the enemy stationed in the neighborhood of the Luz sugar mill, putting them to flight. putting them to flight.
"The cavalry gloriously upheld the repu

tation of the army. Our casualties consist of one lieutenant and one sergeant of the Camajuani battalion, a soldier of the Pizarro and another of Sagunto wounded. The losses of the insurgents were thirty killed. Of these eleven were killed by sabers. I do not

know the number of the enemy wounded.

"Our forces captured several prisoners and some ammunition and camp effects. The third column, commanded by General Carnell, which operates in conjunction with the other two is following in pursuit of numer-ons parties, who are trying to join the Gomez forces. I do not know the result." The first official report of the holding up of a train between San Felipe and Pozo Re-

dondo Saturday evening was given out by the Spanish palace authorities today. It vertiles my report cabled to the World last circles and voiced in the Diarlo de la Maries tonight because the intention to move this train south with large supplies of am-munition and provisions for the Spanish troops leaked out. The train, escorted by fifty soldiers in command of Major Francisco Lopez Favaruelo, started from San Felipe the extreme southern point of the so-called

military line. One armed car was attached. Near Pozo Redondo the track had been torn up and just before the train reached the spot, a volley was fired from the sugar fields on each side. The train was quickly stopped and immediately insurgents were encircling about it, firing continuously. The Spanish guard responded vigorously from the armored car, and the firing was kept up for hours. The Spanish soldiers fought bravely against heavy odds, but they could not prevent the looting of the cars, several of which were finally burned. The engineer and fireman es caped and walked back to San Felipe, where they reported the facts.

REBELS FINALLY DISPERSED. General Linares, who is stationed there hurried four infantry companies to the the holdup. Seeing them, the rebels, who had maintained a continuous fire on the guards, in the armored car rode away Major Favaruelo, one volunteer officer, one sergeant and three soldiers were killed and six soldiers were wounded. Three rebels are said to have been killed.

captured two rapid fire guns, which were gald to be on the train, but this is denied. The usual number of small skirmishes occurred later, but no fight of consequence is reported. While in Artemesia, General Marin captured one of Gomez's scouts, who was tried by drumhead court martial, convicted of treason and sentenced to life imprison-African penal colony.

At Alquizar Marin addressed the citizens, who greeted him cordially. He declared that he would punish all reported to be disloyal to Spain. The people of the place organized volunteer companies, and sites were selected

for block houses.

It is reported officially that on entering San Juan Martinez, Pinar del Ric province. some days age, General Luque found the in-surgents had fortified themselves in houses. After some sharp fighting the rebels were dislodged and driven out of town, leaving seven dead. Four prisoners were taken.

The situation from a military standpoint is practically unchanged. There is no polit-ical situation—has been none since General Campos left. General Marin is still near Quivican. Maceo, who has been to the ex-treme western end of Pinar del Rio province. today, I learn, into Havana province. He is now supposed to be a few miles southeast of Guanajay, marching east along the same

oute Gomez took last week. Gomez's last march west into Pinar del Rio. I hear, was for the purpose of con-necting, if possible, with the fillbustering expedition, which set out from New York on the steamer Hawkins, which foundered. The Hawkins is said to have been bound for

INTERESTED IN CAMPOS. Havana was greatly disturbed at midnight last night by the shouts of newsboys selling extras just issued. The news was the safe arrival of Campos at Corrunas. After he left Havana a report was spread that on his arrival in Spain there would be a big demonstration against him.

Madrid advices way he outsile leaded the

Madrid advices say he quietly landed, dismissed the guard of troops provided in anticipation of trouble, and quietly went on foot to the palace. There was a large crowd of people at the palace eager to catch a glimpse of him, and after a while, the general appeared on the balcony and made a speech. Shortly after landing General Cam-pos was told that the marquis of Apeztegui,

t of the constitutional party of Cuba, "I am very glad to hear that." General Campos remarked. In conversation afterward with army officers of high rank who called to pay their respects. General Campos said: "Fate has been against me. I erred. I have disappointed the liopes of the people. I have disappointed the liopes of the people. I have disappointed the liopes of the people. I have disappointed from Spain that the foreign minister has received from the Spanish.

SPANISH CAVALRY'S FIGHT

| minister in Washington a detailed account of the conference be had with Secretary Olney. Minister De Lome reports, it is asserted, that Secretary Olney informed him that the action of the senate committee on foreign affairs with reference to Cuban belligerency, "cannot be applied to assassins, incendiaries Back Unfavorable Communications."

and trailors."
Spanish manufacturers, through the San tandar Chamber of Commerce, ask for absolute free trade between Cuba and Spain.
ROEDER.

COULD NOT CORNER GOMEZ.

Slips Away from Marin as Easily as from His Predecessors. HAVANA, Feb. 3.—The column of troops commanded by General Luque at San Juan Martinez, in the province of Pinar del Rio, has dislodged from that place the insurgent HAVANA, Cuba, Feb. 3.-(New York force commanded by Varonez. During the fight the insurgents had to be driven out of the house in a village at the point of the bayonet. They left seven killed and the

> numbered about 500 men when the fight occurred near Cajulnas. The enemy left five lines are all right. killed and retired with the rest of their killed and wounded. The troops lost four

eral Gomez was near the Luquex sugar The insurgent leader Diaz, at the head of a strong force, has attacked a train conveying provisions and ammunition and convoyed meant that Gomez had again succeeded in by troops between San Felippe and Poso crossing the trenches, moving west. General Redondo, south of this city and not far from Batabano. The troops forming the convoy only numbered fifty men, but they made a gallant defense. Eventually four companies of troops were sent to the assistance of the convoy and the insurgents retreated, leaving three killed and fourteen rifles behind, after having plundered and partially burned the train. Major Lopez Tobazuala, one sergeant and eight soldiers were killed on the Spanish side and one officer and six soldiers were wounded.

Advices received here today from the province of Pinar del Rio say that the forces of Antonio Maceo, when last reported, were moving southeast through Poso Real and Los Palacious toward the southern coast, apparently with the intention of going to the province of Havana and forcing the military line drawn north and south of Mangas, Artemisa, Guiajay and Mariel, not far from the borders of the province of Pinar del Rio. General Marin has had an engagement with a body of the insurgents, which he reports to be the main force under Gomez and which was put to flight with a loss of twenty killed. The entire absence of any details as to the number of insurgents in the body attacked leaves some ground for doubt as to whether it was in truth Gomez's immediate following. Pretty much the whole of the combined colforce was equipped with a special view to running down and cornering the insurgents when once it should come face to face with them and great expectations were founded on its supposed ability to do this. But the report of today's engagement, although it

their wounded, the number of which is un-known. Several prisoners were taken and the loss of the troops is insignificant. It is also reported that the columns under

General Carnella, operating in combination with those under Generals Linares and Alde coa, are in pursuit of a numerous band of in-surgents near Artemesia, which is supposed to be Macco's main force. This band is said to be striving to effect a junction with Gomez and it seems in a fair way to do so, as there no apparent check in its advance along the cuthern coast of Pinar del Rio. The re-ported disposition of the troops was such as to prevent the advance of Maceo, and was not such as to make any pursuit of him necessary, the plan being to await his coming.

It is also reported the troops have killed a ferocious mulatto who had led a band of assassins and women violators, to the terror of a whole district.

Among other rumors which come from Pinar del Rio is one that the well known eader, Zayas, has been killed. This is founded on a report that the insurgents sent into the village of Alquizar to procure a coffin. A rumor of Gomez's death several tays ago was found without foundation.

Refugees from Pinar del Rio report that the insurgents have burned Paso Real and Palacios, which were along the line of Maceo's march from the western portion of Pinar del Rio, toward the Havana province line, The band led by Pedro Diaz, numbering 1,000, is reported as making active move-ments about Guira Melena, Gabriel and La Salus, which are between the Batabano mil-itary line and Artemesia. Further news is awaited with lively interest, as it is believed it will be proved in a very short time whether the effort of Maceo and Gomez to form a junction will prove successful.

The steamer Titan reports that while

passing along the coast past the town of Bahia Honda, in Pinar del Rio, they saw a great fire raging in the interior. This is supposed to have been caused by burning canefields. Many refugees have arrived here from Bahia Honda, bringing tales of fear and misery. They report that several bush-whackers were lynched before they left Bahia Honda. The insurgents attacked a detachment of twenty-five troops on the plantation of Admiration and were repulsed. eaving one dead and carrying away twelve

They have burned the railroad culverts a Limena and the cane fields on the Santa Rita plantation in Matanzas. The United railroad has been compelled by actual neces-sity to reduce the wages of employes and to put in force other sweeping reforms.

Slight Mistake in Location.

LONDON, Feb. 3.-The report cabled here that Rev. John A. Brooks of Memphis, Tenn. had been called to the pastorate of Spurgeon's tabernacle is not correct. The secre-tary of the tabernacle says: "I am at a loss to know from whence the report emanated. We have not contemplated any change and Rev. Mr. Thomas Spurgeon has no thought of leaving. No change in any other tabernacie in London is contemplated so far as I know."

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 3.—Dr. Brooks

stated that the tabernacle he was called to in London is the West End tabernacle of the Christian (Campbellite) denomination. The call came by cable from the present pas tor, who contemplates resigning.

Treaty for Extradition of Criminals. COLON, Colombia, Feb. 3.-(New York Cablegram-Special Buenos Ayres dispatch says the United States minister has agreed to the terms of the treaty for the extradition of criminals.

Liberal Government for Poland. WARSAW, Feb. 3 .- General Count von Schouveloff, the governor general of Russian Poland, has, it is stated, decided to submit to the exar a liberal program for the govern-ment of Russian Poland and, if it is rejected, he will tender his resignation.

Back Unfavorable Communications.

CRITICAL SITUATION ACROSS THE VAAL

Appeals for Aid Being Sent from Points Under British Control-Bayard Says a Vessel Should Be Sent Thither.

LONDON, Feb. 3 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The Times inbayonet. They left seven killed and the troops captured four prisoners and a quantity of arms. On the government side three men were seriously and two slightly wounded.

Major General Zalez, commanding the La Lavera battalion, has been engaged with the insurgents commanded by Gomez. They rumbered about 500 men when the fight personner of the company reports that the pall bearers being the duke of Abercorn, Sir Joseph Leister, Sir John Millals, Hon. Sir Joseph Leister, Sir John Millals, Hon. Given Joseph Leister, Sir John Millals, Hon. Sir Joseph Leister, Sir John Millals, Hon. Given Joseph Leister, Sir John Millals, Hon. Sir Joseph Leister, Sir Joseph Leiste to be on the surface. It calls attention to Eastern Cable company reports that the

Mr. Bayard speaking as an ex-secretary of Mr. Bayard, speaking as an ex-secretary of state, says that suggestion eiready made in this correspondent of the possibility of the great advantage of such a course, that the sending of a United States man-of-war to Delegoa bay or Cape Town with instructions Delegoa bay or Cape Town with instructions cused Americans, would be entirely within the province of the president, and very ad-visable if a special representative of the

President Cleveland to announce his resigna-tion in the event of the passage of a resolution in the event of the passage of a resolu-tion of censure, was shown the ambassador by the World's representative tonight at his residence in Eaton Square. His reply was expressive and conclusive: "The telegram," he said, "stating my authorization to anybody

to announce my resignation, is stuff."
The Daily News this morning, in the course

LORD LEIGHTON'S BEQUEST. Lord Leighton's intimate friends express to your correspondent their belief in the report in the Dial that his will devises his wonderful house in Holland Park road for the use of his successor in the presidency of the indicates that the Spanish attack was made with great dash and vigor, seems to indicate that the insurgents were as successful in eyading the Spanish forces as they have been at any time heretofore. with great dash and vigor, seems to indicate that the insurgents were as successful in evading the Spanish forces as they have been at any time heretofore.

General Marin had information that Gomez had encamped at the plantation of Luz and prepared for a combined attack by all the columns under his immediate command. Two columns were ordered to take the advance, the greater being under Colonel Ruiz. Upon coming up with the insurgents varguard, the Spanish evalry made an impetuous charge, passing over the enemy's second line and falling upon the main force, which was statismed near the plantation of Luz. The insurgents were put to immediate flight, leaving behind them twenty killed, eleven with machetes in their hands.

There was apparently no successful pursuit, as the rebels succeeded in carrying off the wounded the number of which is varietable mass of humanity. The archdeau content of the discrete and calculated and content on the man across the cheek with his wounded the number of which is varietable mass of humanity. The archdeau content is a conditioned and carefully and a carefully below as distincted and a carefully below and a carefully below as discovered the them with pictures of many countries, and bis crowded with pictures of many countries, and bis crowded with pictures of many countries, and is crowded with pictures of many countries, and is crowded with pictures of many countries, and is crowded with pictures of many countries, and bis crowded with pictures of many countries, and bis crowded with pictures of many countries, and is crowded with pictures of many countries, and is crowded with pictures of many countries, and is crowded with pictures of many countries, and begram—Special Telegram.—The new hip-podrome built by Americans was opened yesterday with a built fight, the bilegram—Special Telegram.—The new hip-podrome built by Americans was opened yesterday with a built fight, the bilegram—Special Telegram.—Special Telegram.—The new hip-podrome built by Americans was opened yes thereday with peretrable mass of humanity. The archdeacon of St. Paul's claims today that the cathe-

dra! rather than Westminster is the English "St. Paul's." said he. "is the nationa place of sepulcher. Westminster is a royal place. It is peculiar that that is why, besides monarchs and prime ministers, actors and poets are commemorated in the abbey. They are looked upon as the king's servants. In St. Paul's we have Nelson and Wellington, painters, sculptors, men of letters, like Dr. Johnson, physicians and great

Sir Joseph Barnby, first of contemporary English musicians, is also to be buried in

DEFENDER AND VALKYRIE AGAIN.

The World's Glasgow correspondent tele graphs that Valkyrie has been ordered from New York to Clyde, to prepare for the earlier English regattas, and that it is expected there that Defender will cross and race Valkyrie in British waters. "Glasgow yachtsmen," he adds, "are not surprised at the decision of the committee he report being regarded as courteous and Feeling is strong that Dunraver should withdraw his charges and the unfor-

unate business be forgotten forever."
The World's Cowes correspondent writes, supplementary to his telegram already cabled that Secretary Grant of the Royal Yacht Squadron, received his official copy of the report this morning, but had only scanned it. He says that some of the evidence is very conflicting, but upon the whole it is a satisfactory explanation. I asked him whether he considered it sufficiently explanatory and satisfactory factory to dispel the dark cloud which Dunraven's charges had cast over the two con-tinents. His reply was that until he had gone through it thoroughly he would be un-able to say, but no doubt Dunraven would make a reply to it."

make a reply to it.

Reginald Wynn of the British Yachtsmen's association has chartered the yacht, White Feather, just given up by the German emperor, for Whitaker Wright, an Australian millionaire, who has also authorized the association to offer a prize to the value of £100 for a roce of his yachts. for a race of big yachts in the Mediterrane: during March. BALLARD SMITH.

LONDON, Feb. 3 .- A representative of the Associated press saw the United States ampassador, Thomas F. Bayard, in regard to the motion that he be consured for the re-cent public utterances here, which the house

of representatives will be asked to adopt.
Mr. Bayard said that as the matter had not
yet been decided by congress, he thought it
would be unbecoming for him to express an
opinion on the subject.
Tonight, however, Mr. Bayard said relative a report circulated here, that he authorized President Cleveland to announce his regignation in the event of censure passing house of representatives at Washington: deny any such report with indignation.

utmost stuff and nonsense." LONDON, Feb. 3.—The St. James' Gazette this afternoon says: "What is Lord Dunraven waiting for? We hoped to be able to publish his apology to the American nation and we trust all his friends will im-press upon him that speed is the essence of grace in an occasion of this sort. For the day and every hour lost would now be an additional insult."

BERLIN, Feb. 3 .- A dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung from St. Petersburg says there are indications of a revival of the revolutionary movement among the Armenians. It is added that Russian agents report that quantities of revolutionary pamphlets and preclamations printed in London have been sent to Armenia.

Watching American Whalers. OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 3.-The government is preparing to send an expedition to Hudson bay next summer to establish customs offices to prevent American whalers from smuggling goods into the country and also to complete the investigation into the naviga-bility of the Hudson strait.

# FUNERAL OF LORD LEIGHTON. TWO COMPRESSORS EXPLODE

Services the Most Impressive Wit-nessed for Years. LONDON, Feb. 3.—A large crowd of people watched the departure this morning of Shock Felt in Places Ten Miles Distant the funeral procession conveying the remains of the late Lord Leighton, president of the Royal academy. The coffin lay on e catafalque in the central hall of Burlington house. The catafalque was draped with violet and a magnificent crimson velvet pall, heavily embroidered with gold, covered the coffin, on top of which rested the late Lord Leighton's pallet and brush and a green palm leaf. At the head of the casket stood a bronze statue of Lord Leighton. The catafalque could not be approached on account of the masses of wreaths and other floral offerings which surrounded it. The procession was formed shortly before 11 o'clock and was headed by a detachment of the artist's corps of voluntimates today that the situation in the Trons-vani is much more serious than it appears was honorary colonel. Then came the hearse, the pall bearers being the duke of Abercorn The crowds of people lined the route from the Royal academy to St. Paul's and all un-covered their heads as the hearse passed by.

Delegoa bay or Cape Town with instructions to the captain or other officers to proceed to Pretoria and watch the court proceedings in behalf of Hammond and the other accused Americans, would be entirely within the province of the president, and very advisely if a special representative of the president, and very advised by the province of the president, and very advised by the province of the president, and very advised by the province of the president, and very advised by the province of the president and counters of Lytton and others. The very large of the president and counters of Lytton and others. visable if a special representative of the United States government cannot be dispatched in time for the trials.

A cablegram from New York, stating a press agency had cabled there to the fact that Ambassador Bayard had authorized that Ambassador Bayard had authorized The archibshop of York and Dean Gregory

officiated. The principal musical features were Chopin's funeral march, Schubert's "Marche Solemnelle" and the "Dead March

The ceremonies were most impressive as The marquis of Salisbury, who was to have been one of the pallbearers, was unable to be present. The musical part of the service The Daily News this morning, in the course of its editorials on the resolution, notes that Mr. Bayard at dinner at Benchor's, Lincolns Inn, last Wednesday, was greeted with great cheers by the barristers and adds: "Many people on this side of the Atlantic are sure to the barristers and been condemned sisters of the decayed took a look at the to think that Mr. Bayard has been condemned because he was too British in sentiment and too obsequious in his behavior. Nothing were led away by Mr. Valentine C. Prinz of leaves some ground for doubt as to whether it was in truth Gomez's immediate following. Pretty much the whole of the combined columns under General Marin, including 1,700 description of Mr. Bayard, who is most under General Marin, including 1,700 pertinacious in defense of American intercavalry, seems to have been engaged. This cavalry, seems to have been engaged. This cavalry is capable successor of Lord Leighton as president of the Royal academy. The loss is estimated to the combined columns and the Royal academy whose name, with that the Royal academy whose name, with that the Royal academy whose name, with that of Sir James Millais, is most prominently mentioned as the probable successor of Lord Leighton as president of the Royal academy. The loss is estimated to the Royal academy whose name, with that the Royal academy whose name, with the

CARACAS, Feb. 3 .- (New York World Ca-

quired 1,000 soldiers and 200 policemen maintain order during the performance. The insurgents are active in the

near Yaracuy river. The mothers, wives and children of political prisoners have ad-dressed a petition to President Crespo pray-ing that amnesty be extended to them. The petition says that the country must be united in order that a solid front may be presented against any English invasion.

A new anti-English patriotic society has been formed, which has issued an appeal to Venezuelans to subscribe money to arm and equip a battalion for immediate service and to purchase a warship to be presented to the government. W. NEPHEW KING.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY IN ACCORD. Confirmation of the Fact Come

Through the United States. LONDON, Feb. 3 .- A dispatch to the St. James Gazette today from Washington says hat the correspondent of that paper has the highest authority for announcing that the entente between Russia and Turkey is known at the State department and it had a most important effect in modifying the plan the administration had prepared to compel Tur-

key to pay an indemnity for the damage done to the American property in Armenia.

Continuing, the correspondent says that in spite of denials he is able to assure the readers of his paper that a naval demonstration upon the part of the war ships of the United States was prepared and that a cabi-net meeting approved the policy of bringing pressure to bear upon Turkey. He also say that the secretary of the navy entered int communication with Russia and Great Brit ain, asking them if they would oppose the action of the United States against Turkey. Great Britain's reply, he says, was favorable but he adds, Russia informed Mr. Olney that she preferred there should be no naval demon-stration at that time as Russ'a was negotiating to bring about a restoration of order in Turkey, which country, Mr. L. E. de Kotze-bue, Russian minister to the United States, is said to have informed Mr. Olney, would pay any indemnity required. Therefore, still according to the correspond-

ent of the St. James Gazette, the projected demonstration of the United States was vessels in Turkish waters was abandoned.

BEST SETTLED BY THEMSELVES.

Archbishop Walsh will address a letter to the mistakably apparent. school question. This action on his part is due to appeals made to him by the governor general and Hon. Wiffred Laurier, urging that his influence be exerted in promoting unity among all sects. In his letter, the archbishop will declare that the question is local and can be best settled by Manitoba. He asserts that Catholics are free to vote as their conscience dictates, but both Protestants and Catholics will be advised to use their influence in allaying sectarian feeling

"Twenty-five of the principal Christians," says the writer, "have been called to the government headquarters and questioned, and now they are in prison. What this means, those familiar with Turkish methods can surmise." The writer refers to the relief work, which has already been begun, saying: "Aid from England and America is arriving, and the work of relief for this city is well organized and most effectively managed."

Cheers the McKinley Men. press stating his position on the Manitoba their influence in allaying sectarian feeling and to ignore the voices of the politicians who are shrewdly striving to excite racial conflict. The archbishop believes other questions in Canadian politics to be more impress upon him that speed is the essence of grace in an occasion of this sort. For the credit of the British sport and English traditions, Lord Dunraven must not delay. Every day and every hour lost would now be an order of the british expected to essence of the british opposed to the views of the brierarchy of the brief of the credit to essential to esse

from the Blonde to the Blenheim on Wednes-

Hopes for Greater Harmony. CHRISTIANIA, Feb. 3.—The Storthing was reopened today. In the speech from the throne King Oscar said he hoped that the meeting of the commission on the condition of the union of Norway and Sweden would lead to an agreement tending to the happiness

from Lawrence.

CAUSE OF THE ACCIDENT A MYSTERY

Engineer and Fireman Instantly Killed and Their Bodies Buried in the Ruins-First Reports Exaggerated.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Feb. 3.-An explosion from causes unknown at 10:30 o'clock tonight tore up a portion of Broad street on the south side, causing a loss of life and great damage to property. The entire city was shaken and excitement is intense. John Lee of Melrose and Alexander Gordon of Buffalo, N. Y., the engineer and fireman in an engine house in which were two large iron compressor tanks for furnishing power to drills used in the construction of the sewer, were killed It is not yet determined what caused the explosion, but it is thought the tanks first exploded from overpressure, which was followed by another explosion in the sewer trench. The concussion was so severe that great quantities of window glass in the neighborhood were shattered and the shock was felt in Lowell and Haverhill, both ten miles distant.

The scene of the explosion was at th Shanty Pond sewer, which was being constructed. The conditions just previous to the terrible shock are unknown, so that only a rigid investigation by daylight will determine the cause. Two large bollers and two air the cause. Two large botters and two air compressing tanks in the engine house were completely shattered. Pieces of iron were shattered hundreds of feet away. The bodies of the two men were found in the ruins herribly mangled. The engines furnished power for the derricks at the trenches, while the drills in the tunnel were driven by the com-pressed air. At first reports the number of injured was large, but no serious cases have shown up, although the excitement is unallayed. Store windows for half a mile around were blown in and houses all over the city suffered more or less damage.

### HISTORIC CHURCH DESTROYED. Four Firemen Injured by the Falling

of the Walls.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 3.—The historic First Unitarian church on Meeting House

of Sir James Miliais, is become and the probable successor of Lord mentioned as the probable successor. The coffin lies in the crypt hidden completely by floral tributes of respect from all parts of London and Great Britain generally. The most valuable appurtenances of the church, which were kept in the vestry, were saved. A new organ, presented to the church by Deacon Henry Humphrey in 1892, and the clock and chime bells in the tower and the clock and chime bells in the tower saved. and the clock and chime bells in the tower were a total loss. Four firemen were in-jured by a falling wall on the east side, which completely enveloped them, but they were rescued by their comrades. The in-

jured are:
Captain Blanchard, seriously burned and internally injured.
Fireman Hoyt, wrist broken.
Samuel Ridler, burned about head and in-

n was rendered in the suit brought by Charles L. Fair to quiet title to the Lick and all the crew could do was to keep house property. The action was brought to test the validity of the ironclad, obnox- to throw overboard all the men's clothes and to test the validity of the ironclad, obnoxlous trust clause, and it was most strenuously opposed by W. S. Goodfellow, one of the trustees. The other executors joined with though they entered a formal defense to the action. Judge Slack's decision is to the effect that the trust is invalid, not because it unduly suspends the power of allenation but because it is a trust created in real propand erty for the conveyance of the same after and the death of the children, which is a trust of to prohibited by the laws of this state. He found that the trust as to the personal property was not involved in the action. children of Fair have thus succeeded in having it decided by the court that the will of their father in so far as it deprives them of the residue of his real property is

absolutely void.

Goodfellow was sustained upon the point involved in his denial of the children's allegation that they were the owners of the Lick house, and it now devolves upon them to prove that they derived title from their father. Over \$10,000,000 of the Fair estate is in government bonds and there is a great deal of other personal property so the trustees will earn fat fees despite Judge Slack's decision.

Charles J. Heggerty, the attorney for Charles Fair, was enthusiastic over the victory. "We shall now proceed," he said, "to probate the will without the trust clause, and if it shall be admitted to probate, the estate will be distributed directly to the children."

He was asked what effect the penciled will would have upon the case. He said it might give rise to complications, and he did not know whether there would be an attempt to probate it. All the attorneys agree that the penciled will might give rise to serious complications. These who originally insisted it was the last will and should be probated are now lukewarm in its support.

## RELIEF COMING TO ARMENIANS. Committees Organized to Attend to Its Distribution.

BOSTON, Feb. 3 .- The first letter from the disturbed district in Turkey, under a January date, was received here today. It was written at Aintab, Central Turkey, Jan- It Archbishop Walsh on the Manitoba uary 2, and says that although no more mobs have been let loose, a purpose to ut-TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 3.—This week terly crush and destroy the people is un-

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 3.—Hon, M. A. Hanna was shown the Associated press dispatch from Indianapolis this evening containing the withdrawa! of General Harcontaining the withdrawa: of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the containing the withdrawa: of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the containing the withdrawa: of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the containing the withdrawa: of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the candidacy of McKinley. "I cannot but regard the withdrawa! of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the cannot but regard the withdrawa! of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the cannot but regard the withdrawa! of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the cannot but regard the withdrawa! of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the cannot but regard the withdrawa! of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the cannot but regard the withdrawa! of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the cannot but regard the withdrawa! of General Harrison from the presidential race, and was asked what effect the letter would have on the cannot have on the c

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Feb. 3.-Th hackmen of Leavenworth are accused of having formed a trust. At the instance of County Attorner Rutherford state warrants were issued today for the arrest of eight liverymen. They are accused by a rival of having formed a "hack and livery trust" for the purpose of controlling passenger traffic and funeral business, in violation of the state law.

## ENCOURAGING NEWS FOR CUBANS. HARRISON OUT OF THE RACE

Mail Advices from Havana Concerning the Situation There. NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The news brought to this city by the Havana steamer was cheering for the friends of Cuban liberty. The letters of the secret agents of the revolutionary party in Havana spoke of a split among the Spanish parties on the island; of jealousles among the military, of starvation in the city and a crisis in the commercial situation. Mr. F. C. Pierra translated one of the most important letters. Parts of it were as

follows:

"There is a very well defined division between the conservative and reformist parties of the Spanish and they are pouring hot shot into each other's rank through the columns of the press. As a proof of this, I send you the papers of the conservative party, in which the editorials are written in a particularly bitter strain against their former allies. The reformist parties were in favor of the mild policy of General Campos, while the conservatives believe in fire had bloodshed. The situation is a most critical one and no one recognizes this fact better than the Spaniards. The excitement in Havana is increased by the fact that the government does not allow any news to be printed except that given out from the official bureau, Spaniards as well as Cubans knew the better part of the news given out is fabricated."

The correspondent then goes on to detail

troop of 300 Spaniards were annihiliated. The news given out, however, was a tremendous Spanish victory.

The price of provisions is rising very rapidly, and destitution in the city of Havana is increasing rapidly. A great many families are now dependent for subsistence to many families are now dependent for subsistence on what the government gives to them—a small amount weekly.

There have been times within the past few days, where there has not been provisions of any kind to be bought at the public market. Even those having money to spend have gone hungry. Nothing has been received from the surrounding country for a long time. Another circumstance which aggravates matters is the fact, well known to everybody in the island, that there is very great discontent known to exist among the military friends of General Pando, whom they think was slighted by the government at Madrid in appointing General Weyler to the position formerly filled by Campos. It is well known that this part of the Spanish element are far from being willing to cooperate with those who are favorable to Weyler and that they will do nothing they may safely do to make him fail. On the whole, everything looks very bad for the Spaniards. Pay no attention to the cable dispatches in regard to the movements of Generals Gomez and Maeco, I know for a certainty they have been operating with entire freedom and that they have remained in Havana and Pinar del Rio because they are not in the least fear of being worsted by the Spaniards."

In another letter it is stated that the commercial situation in Havana is critical. Bus-

In another letter it is stated that the com-mercial situation in Havana is critical. Business is paralyzed and large commercial houses are dismissing all of their employes. Business men are anxious that the troubl should be ended one way or the other with-

ADRIFT AT SEA IN AN OPEN BOAT Fortunate Escape of the Survivors of a Burning Ship.

San Francisco. The first intimation that same preferences. the ship was aftre was when a dense volume of smoke burst through the main INDIANAPOLIS Samuel Ridler, burned about head and internal injuries.

John Gavin, bad scalp wound.

FAIR HEIRS BREAK THE WILL.

FAIR HEIRS BREAK THE WILL.

Trust in Real Estate Held to Invalid.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—Judge Slack decided today that the trust clause in the will of James G. Fair was invalid. The same and surse three boats remained together, when a storm came on and the second mate's boat was full of gas and apprehensive lest an explosion should occur, three boats in charge of Captain Carles and his first and second mates, respectively, were launched and well provisioned. The same afternoon, when the boats were three miles distant, the ship disquises and it will be unjust to General Harrison is not accustomed to fight behind disguises and it will be unjust to General Harrison to suspect that there is offered any opportunity of reading between the lines. nearly all the provisions. The captain and first officer's boats reached Juan Fernandez

island and from there they were taken to Valparsiso by a Chilian man-of-war. The second mate's boat had a severe time and was fourteen days reaching Valparaiso. six days they were without water. Jones, who was a passenger, became insane died and was buried at soa. The other oc-cupants almost despaired of reaching shore and were considering the advisability of resorting to extreme measures when a wind sprang up and quickly carried the Valparaiso, where the crew was taken ashore

unconscious and nearly dead. NOTES FROM THE LABOR WORLD.

Polishers Union Seeks Endorsement of the National Federation. INDIANAPOLIS Ind., Feb. 3.—William Cowell of Toledo, O., secretary of the International Polishers union, is in consultation today with the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, asking endorsement of the action of the polishers in declaring the Overman goods, manufactured at Chicopee Falls, Mass, to be "unfair," as that factory employs nonunion help. The executive committee has agreed to so declare and information to this effect, will be sent to the association of the federation. The goods in question are blevels and regulations; second,

ith headquarters in this city or Chicago, is the purpose to adopt a uniform wage

Secured Command in Cuba. ST. LOUIS, Feb. 3 .- It is learned from Ed oerner, who has received a letter from his Doerner, who has received the control of the celebrated Busch Zouaves of this late on joint ballot and it is thought again a tie on joint ballot and it is thought again a tie on joint ballot and it is thought again a tie on joint ballot and it is thought again a tie on joint ballot and it is thought the republicans will report and set favorably on the centests of Dunlap, from Lexington and Werner, unscaling two democrates, and thus elect Congressman Hunter to the sentorship to succeed Blackburn.

The joint assembly convened at noon and went through with its strerotyped preliminaries, which; up to the voting, were without incident. Several of the pairs announced on Saturday held over today and nounced on Saturday held over today and

purchased 400 head of choice beef cattle at purchased 400 head of choice beef cattle at Alvarado and will ship them direct to England, by the way of New Orleans. This is the first heavy shipment from Texas to England and will mark an epoch in the live stock history of this country. This is only the beginning of Mr. Thompson's exportations. He has come here to make a business of it.

Murdered a Cherokee Judge. FORT SMITH, Aik., Feb. 3.—News was received here today of a horrible murder nd robbery on Lee's creek in the Cheroke and robbery on Lee's creek in the Cherokee nation, twenty-five miles north of here. Unknown parties broke into the residence of Judge Lasley, a prominent Cherokee, murdered him, a young man named Mack Glass and seriously wounded Lasley's son. Mrs. Lasley escaped by jumping from a window. The murderers robbed the house and fied.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3 .- Suit has been ourt by Special Assistant District Attor ney B. F. Bergin against the American Lumber company of Chicago and the Cen-tral Trust company of New York. The suit is in equity to set uside the patents to 24,000 acres of redwood timber land in Humboldt county on the ground of fraudu-lent entries and conspiracy.

Declines to Allow His Name to Be Presented at St. Louis.

FRIENDS ASKED TO CONSIDER IT FINAL

Says He Has Never Had a Desire to Return to the White House Sinca

Leaving It-Returns Thanks

to His Friends.

INDINAPOLIS, Feb. 3 .- Captain John K. Gowdy, chairman of the republican central committee, called on General Harrison this evening by invitation and the ex-president handed him the following appended self-

shed. The situation is a most critical one and no one recognizes this fact better than the Spaniards. The excitement in Havann is increased by the fact that the government does not allow any news to be printed except that given out from the official bureau. Spaniards as well as Cubans knew the better part of the news given out is fabricated."

The correspondent then goes on to detail several engagements in one of which a whole troop of 300 Spaniards were annihiliated. The news given out, however, was a tremendous Spanish victory.

The price of provisions is rising very rapidly, and destitution in the city of Havana is increasing rapidly. A great many familles are now dependent for subsistence on what the government gives to themas small amount weekly.

The calculation is a most critical one and the calculation in the city of Havana is increasing rapidly. A great many familles are now dependent for subsistence on what the government gives to themas small amount weekly. explanatory letter:

house that I have felt a wish to return to it.

"My Indiana friends have been most devoted and faithful, and I am their grateful debtor. The republican party has twice in mational conventions given me its endorsement and that is enough. I think the voters of our party are now entitled to have a new name. For the sentiment, great and small, that has been manifested for my nomination, I am grateful, and of that wider respect and kindness—breaking party lines—which have been shown me in so many ways, I am profoundly appreciative.

"I cannot consent that my name be presented to, or used in the St. Louis convention, and must kindly ask my friends to accept this as a sincere and final expression upon the subject.

"BENJAMIN HARRISON."

"Indianapolis, February 3, 1896."

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Ex-Senator Thomas

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Ex-Senator Thomas. Platt, when informed tonight of the nature of General Harrison's letter to the public, refused to express any opinion as to the political effect of the letter. Edward Lauter-bach, chairman of the republican county committee, declared that he believed Gov-ernor Morton's candidacy would be greatly strengthened through the withdrawal of General Harrison.
ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Governor Mor-

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Governor Morton had retired when the news of Mr. Harrison's declination was received here. Colonel Cole, the private secretary, said: "We had not expected a public declination, although we were sure he would not be a candidate." CINCINNATI, Feb. 3.—Senator-Elect J. B. Foraker, when informed of the positive declination of President Harrison, said: "I never thought that Harrison, said: "I never thought that Harrison was a candidate." of a Burning Ship.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Feb. 3.—The ship Louis Walsh, from Callao, brought two of the crew, Steward Chase and Cook Mitchell, from the ship Parthia, which was burned at sea several weeks ago 300 miles southwest of Juan Fernandez island. The Parthia was coal laden from Liverpool to San Francisco. The first intimation that

MEANT WHAT IT SAID. INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 3.-When General

came on and the second mate's boat was lost sight of. The water filled the boats and all the crew could do was to keen hoped that he might be induced to change his mind, but he has evidently made up his mind and his declaration should be regarded as final."

BIG VICTORY FOR THE RAILROADS Texas Commissioners Have No Power

to Lower Rates. AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 3 .- The railroad commission today was knocked into a cocked hat by an opinion of Judge Morris of the Fiftythird district court, granting an injunction restraining the commission from operating its compress regulations. The questions in-

volved in the case are: First, that the commission has no authority to make such regulations because they are compress rates and not freight rates, such the commission is authorized to regu-

Second, if it did have any authority in such matters, the rule applied to the Houston & Texas Central and was unreasonable and

apply a rule to the interstate and international shipments and by this means was attempting to regulate commerce between this state and other nations, which was without its power.

The judge in rendering his opinion holds,

executive committee has agreed to so declare and information to this effect will be sent to the association of the federation. The goods in question are bicycles and bicycle supplies.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 3.—The bricklayers and hodcarriers are all on a strike here today on account of the cut from 56½ cents to 45 cents per hour for bricklayers. The strike affects only 300 men who are working now, but it will affect 3,600 men if not adjusted before the building season opens.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 3.—The organization of a national union of housesmiths and bridge builders, which has been agitated since the formation of the bridge and structural iron workers union of Pittsburg, will probably be accomplished at a delegate convention in this city during the week. A convention of the Pittsburg, New York, Chicago and Detroit unions will open at Moorhead's hall Wednesday and will likely result in the formation of a new national trades union, with headquarters in this city or Chicago. It is the purpose to adopt a uniform wage scale and work day.

looking for lively times in Frankfort during the week, as Senator Ogilvie, democrat, who was ill, has arrived and Beckman, democrat, who was elected Saturday in Nelson county to succeed Wilson, deceased, will

without incident. Several of the pairs announced on Saturday held over today and the number present was 112. Senator Stege again complimented Congressman Evans. The sound money men divided, Holloway, Hayward, Johns. N. Rice, Speight, Violett and Walker voting for McCreary, and Weissinger and Carroll for Carlisle. Poor voted for Bate. The ballot resulted: Hunter, 55: Blackburg 46: scattering 11: necessary to a Blackburn, 46; scattering, 11; necessary to a

Plends Guilty to Embezzlement. FORT SCOTT, Kan., Feb. 2.—James R. colean, who is accused of having embezzled over \$50,000 of the funds of the zled over \$50,000 of the funds of the state bank of this city, while acting as its cashier, and whose defalcation wrecked the bank, pleaded guilty today to having em-bezzled \$9,000 of the bank's reserve. Ac-cording to a tacit agreement with the authorities of the court, all other charges against him were dismissed. The maximum penalty is three and a half years in the penitentiary. It had been expected that Colean's lawyers would plead insanity.

Steamer Long Overdue. TACOMA. Wash., Feb. 2.—The tramp steamer Artandesng, from Yokohama for Tacoma. is overdue. It has been out twenty-eight days. The trip is usually made in fifteen days.