THE NEW CLOAK HOUSE

ing in Excellent Quarters.

It Will Be a Very Desirable Acquist- It Will Be a Shoe Carnival-Not tion to Omaha's Mercantile Houses -A Start Toward the Prosperity of This Year of '96.

Mr. C. A. Weinberg, well known to the ?adles of Omaha from his long connection with N. B. Falconer, has started a cloak and suit house in the double store, 208 and 210 South Sixteenth street, Young Men's Christian aspeciation building. Mr. Weinberg was for upwards of ten years in Falconer's cloak de- \$1.25 and \$1.50 spring heels are 98 cents. partment and was the manager for the greater part of the time. During that time he acquired an intimate knowledge of the wants of this section of the country, and his was one of the departments in Falconer's store which gave evidence of the presence of a guiding hand of one who understood both the local situation and the conditions governing the supply market. This knowledge of the two phases of merchandising, output and outlet, is absolutely necessary to the proper profitable conduct of any mercantile business. It means the procuring of the latest productions of the garment builders for the benefit of the ladies who have a laudable desire to be always becomingly attired in the

Mr. Weinberg starts with a large and well telected stock of cloaks, capes, jackets, suits. respond. fur sets and all the numerous ladies and All ki children's garments which go to make up the completeness of a first-class clock and suit house. His knowledge of textures, of construction, of dyes, and of furs in particular, will be of great benefit to his customers. And those who know the character of Mr. Wein berg are aware that there can be full deplaced upon the representations made in his store, both with reference to values and qualities.

Starting as this store does, late in the season for winter wear, the stock is certain to contain only what is the latest in styles and materials, and with the advantage of low prices, which necessarily accompany late-ine-winter purchases from manufacturers, the ladies ought certainly to be attracted to this The room has been newly fitted up, and as

it is well lighted it ought to be in every way a desirable place to trade. A liberal patron-age and the full measure of the prosperity which he deserves is bespoken for Mr. Weinberg in his new venture. The Bankrupt Crockery.

China and glass ware sale of the Mors Dry Goods company continues, and everything goes at one-fourth former price BOSTON STORE, OMAHA. CROCKERY DEPARTMENT.

And You Save Money.

The thorough tourist sleepers which leave Omaha every Thursday morning via the to look at as standard sleepers. But they are just as good to ride in.

They are clean and comfortable, are in charge of excursion conductors and accompanied by uniformed Pullman porters. California passinegers who aim to combine comfort with economy will find they are just exactly what they want. Call at the city ticket office, 1324 Farnam street, and get full information. Or to J. Francis, G. P. A., Omaha, Neb.

The Omaha Dime Musee, located at 1307 Douglas street, has changed the nature of their business and turned the same into the Ak-Sar-Ben Music hall. The proprietor, Mr. George Mitchell, endeavors to give excellent stage entertainments, and adopts the strictest rules as to refinement and cleanness. drinks and cigars sold at the place will only of the best in quality. Attentive waiters and porters, as well as experienced door-keepers are engaged. There will be no admission charged, but still the management reserves the right to refuse admission objectionable characters. On Monday, January 6, 1896, at 8 p. m., will be their grand opening, and every lover of music should turn out to pay the new Ak-Sar-Ben Music Everything is thoroughly renovated and remodeled.

The Burlington

Is more than 200 miles shorter than any other line to Helena, Butte, or any other point in Montana. Tickets 1324 Farnam street.

Hamilton Warren, M. D., eclectic and magnetic physician; special attention to discase: and children and all obscure and long standing diseases, 119 N. 16th street,

"The Paradise of the Pacific." 3 GRAND TOURS TO HONOLULU, Hawalian Islands, "The Paradise of the Pacific, via Union Pacific system and Oceanic S. S. Co., leaving Omaha the morning of January Only nine days from Omaha to Hone \$205.00 for the round trip, including room and meals on steamers. Tickets good for nine months, with stop-over privi-For information and tickets, apply to Dunn. City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 1302 Farnam street.

COAL-Wm. C. Goss. 'Phone 1307.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

There are 15,000 union workmen in To ledo, O. duction of pig iron in the United States for 1895 was the largest in its history and amounted to very near 10,000,000 tons.

The annual product of the workers engaged in manufacturing in this country is \$7,215,-000,000. The average value of product per All of the machinery for the making of horseless carriages has arrived at the Buckeye works, Anderson, Ind., and the manu-facture of the motor carriages will com-mence the first of the year.

The American tin plate factory at Elwood, Ind., has turned out over 700,000 boxes of tin plate, and has given employment to 1.250

placed at 1.428 miles, the lowest on record. for severs in 1894, which held the undesirable record fused to

during the current year, and in Texas only 187 miles were built. The governor of Arizona reports that the value of the copper product of that territory for the year ending June 30 last was \$6,200,-200. The output of gold during the same priod was \$4,200,000, or more than double what it was in 1894, and about four times what it was in 1893. It is estimated that next year's yield will be about \$10,000,000. The allver production was slightly larger

than it was last year, its value being \$1,130,-

Suit Instituted Against Ritter.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—As a result of the fallure yesterday of the Solicitors oan and Trust company suit was begun today against Rush Ritter, real estate offi cer of that concern, and who is directly charged with being responsible for the as-signment, to recover \$36,500 with interest signment, to recover \$35,500 with interest from November 7 last. The sult was instituted by Alex F. Matthews, who alleges that Ritter is indebted to him in the sum of \$25,549 for money received by him and held subject to the plaintiff's order, and also states that Ritter held for safe keeping bonds of the Citizens' Street Railway company of Indianapolis of the face value of 10,000 belonging to Matthews. The bonds, Matthews charges, Ritter has converted to his own use and, although he has finde repeated demands for the return of the cash and bonds, Ritter has refused to make any settlement.

Ohio Legislative Caucus Results. COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 4 .- The house reput ican caucus today neminated David L. Sleeper of Athens for speaker. Republican majority in the house, 62.

WILCOX & DRAPER

Starts Tomorrow in the Y. M. C. A. Build- Start a Shoe Sale to Show the People How Much Less They Need Pay

MR. C. A. WEINBERG THE PROPRIETOR WHEN SHOES ARE SOLD FOR CASH

Pair but Are Reduced in Price and Some Are Cut in Two Like This.

Lots of square and pointed toe buttor shoes in ladies' sizes, and all widths will be \$2.00, that were \$3.00 and \$4.00.

Every pair of men's and women's \$5.00 shoes will be \$4.00 all this week. Childrens' Men's and women's \$2.00 and \$2.50 shoe in different kinds and sizes will go at this cash sale for \$1.50.

Price shows that it pays to attend our

Odd lots will be bunched on one table, and the price one-third what it was-to close them Miscus extension sole spring herls for

Youth's calf lace with heels for \$1.25.

Boy's calf lace for \$1.75. The boys and youths split shoes usually sold at these prices will be cheaper to cor-

All kinds of artics reduced to correspond with the low prices on shoes, because we will sell only for cash from now on. WILCOX & DRAPER.

> 1515 Dougles St. The Burlington

Is an hour and thirty minutes faster than any other line to Kansas City. Two trains daily-9:05 a, m., and 9:45

Tickets at 1324 Farnam street,

CHANGES IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS Brought About by Teachers Having

Resigned Their Positions. Superintendent Pearse of the public schools has assigned teachers to fill the vacancies recently created by the boom in the matrinonial market. Thiy will take effect Monday morning next.

The change gives positions to two of the raining school cadets and to two teachers who have previously been employed in the schools. Miss Ida Meyer, a cadet, takes the third grade at the Kellom school, made vacent by the resignation of Miss Florence Bryan. Mrs. Alice E. Points is transferred from Mason to the room at Train, over which Miss Anna Withrow presided, pr vious Omaha every Thursday morning via the to her marriage. Miss Eliza Phillips of Burlington route for San Francisco and Los Dodge takes Mrs. Points' room at the Mason Angeles are neither as expensive nor as and Miss Lucy Gamble resumes her old place at Dodge. Miss Edith Partridge is assigned the second grade at Forest and Mrs. Katherine Kean is transferred to Dodge Miss Cora Ryland is transferred from Long to Webster to succeed Miss Minnie Burgess, who was recently granted a prolonged leave of absence on account of ill health. Miss Cora Mimry of Windsor succeeds Miss Ry land at Long and Miss Evelyn Hobbes is transferred from Lincoln to Miss Memry's position. Miss Amy Watts is transferred from Ambler to the first grade at Lincoln to succeed Miss Stella Winn. Miss Watts' place is taken by Miss Alma Peters of West Side, and Miss Jennie Hultman, a cadet, takes the vacant position at West Side.

HE'S THE FIRST ONE OF HIS KIND.

Chinese Tramp Gathered In by the City Police. Joe Chow, or "Chow Chow," as he is fawho know him best. appeared before Judge Berka yesterday,

charged with vagrancy Joe was the first Chinese tramp of th genus hobo that had ever appeared before the judge and his advent into court created considerable interest. He was picked up on North Twenty-fourth street Friday night in an almost frozen condition and taken to a Chi nese laundry near by, with the request that his countrymen provide lodging for him. The officer had barely gone around the corner when Joe was pitched bodily into the streat by the Celestials and upon inquiry it was elicited from them that "He was velly bad Chinaman," and that the best thing he could do for society was to freeze to death as soon as possible. When Joe was searched at the station a complete outfit that usually with a tramp, including the inevitable tomate an used as a growler, was found. Joe state hat he had worked all the larger towns of this state for a living and that he would now try Iowa if the judge would permit him to lo so. He was allowed to depart.

CONTINUED FOR ONE WEEK.

ickness of Johnson Carries Over th Citizens' Bank Cases.

Judge Keysor yesterday set next Saturday as the date on which a hearing will be had on the motion to dissolve the attachment issued against the property of Frank C. Johnson in the suits brought against him by the Citizens' bank. The hearing was to have occurred yesterday.

The attachment is sought to be dissolved on the ground that Johnson is so ill with consumption that he is unable to defend. When this allegation was made the attor-ney for the bank denied it, charging that the sickness was pretended. He could not prove it, however, and it was further shown that he had made no attempt to obtain a deposition from Johnson. Judge Key-sor gave him one week in which to do so, holding that the bank was entitled to John

son's testimony if it could get it. Lays it All to His Wife.

P. E. Clinch, running a barber shop at Twelfth and Douglas streets, was arrested Friday night, charged with assaulting his wife. Clinch says that he is a mild mannered man men, all of the time, who have been proposed in the proposed in the history of tin plate manufacture and keeps his home in a perpetual turmoil. He alleges that there is certain furniture the wife has been anxious to dispose of for several weeks past and that he has re-fused to give his consent. Friday he In 1894, which held the undesirable record tused to give his consist. From the up to date, the total was 1,700 miles. Texas tates she deliberately struck him over the is the only state in the union which has bead with a can of kerosene and when he added more than 100 miles to its railroad remonstrated, threw him out in the street.

> Asks for \$15,000 for Personal Injury. A \$15,000 damage suit was begun yesterday afternoon by Eliza Diggs against the Omaha Street Rallway company. She alleges that as she was attempting to get off a train at Twenty-sixth and Leavenworth streets on the evening of October 5 last the conductor signaled the motorman to go ahead. The train started and she says that she was caught between the front car and the trailer and severely injured. Her attorney has asked for one-half of the amount for his

Started for the Pen.

Sheriff Drexel yesterday took Stephen Hall and Sam Sidney to the penitentiary. The former, the only member of the Bruton gang who materialized as such, was sentenced to ten years for burgiaries to which he con-fessed. Sidney is the negro who slashed Officer Baldwin with a razor while the lat-ter was trying to arrest him and received a sentence for two years for the offense

Van Camp Asks for \$3,000.

The city has another damage suit on hand. Yesterday Charles Van Camp filed a petition In which he alleges that the city has failed to pay \$3,000 damages awarded him by appraisers for the confiscation of a quantity of property when South Sixteenth street was pened from Vinton street to the city limits The property was confiscated in the latter part of 1892, and the street has recently

Natatorium, Turkish baths, ladies & gents.

BANK ASKS FOR A RECEIVER. IT MADE INO Latest Phase of First National's Con-

test with Mrs. Goodman. An answer has been filed by the First National bank in the suit instituted against it some months ago by Emma Goodman wife of the late Charles Goodman, and the administrator of the estate. The amount involved in the original suit is something over \$33,000, the total of three life insurance policies on the life of Goodman, the proceeds of which policies Mrs. Goodman alleged belonged to her, although they were in the possession of the bank.

It is charged in both the petition and the answer in the suit that the policies were given to the bank by Goodman, among other ecurities, to protect an indebtedness of \$45,the policies were turned over and knew that they were given to secure the notes and other indebtedness which the bank held against Goodman, Mrs. Goodman, however, alleges that she understood that the policies were to be held as security for sixty or ninety days, until other arrangements for the securing of the debts were made, and that she never assigned them forever to the bank.

The bank makes a complete denial of the llegations. It alleges that Mrs. Goodman made an assignment of the policies to the bank through the insurance companies and that they were to be held as security for the debte until they were settled, further denial is made of the claim that Go

proceeds of the policies and has used them in paying up a portion of Goodman's indebted-It represents that this has been known . Goodman, as it signified its intention man was present at the time and made n

In its answer the bank goes further than petition of Mrs. Goodman Intended and makes a demand that a receiver be appointed for the Goodman Drug company. Among the other securities which the bank holds are some 480 shares of stock in the company. Mrs. Goodman alleges that if the bank appropriates the proceeds of the in surance policies it has enough to pay off the indebtedness of the deceased and that the shares ought to be turned over to her.
The bank, however, denies that the pro-

ceeds will suffice to settle the entire in-debtedness, knasmuch as it is alleged to amount to almost if not fully \$45,000. Therefore it asks that a receiver be appointed to determine the ownership of the shares. If it is determined that they belong to Mrs. Goodman, the bank desires that they be sold or the property they represent be sold and the proceeds be used by Mrs. Goodman as administratrix of the estate in pay ng off the indebtedness.

The bank also sets out that among the securities which it holds are a number of nortgages, but those do not cut as big figure in the litigation as the policies and the shares of stock.

WAS BOLLN'S PRIVATE DEPOSIT

Court Passes on the School Money in the Midland Bank. Judge Keysor yesterday denied the pe tition of William A. Paxton, as trustee of the bondsmen of Bolln as city treasurer, in which he asked for the possession of a \$10,600 certificate of deposit placed with the Midland State bank by Bolln and still retained by it. He also ordered the suit dismissed. After the shortage in the city treasury had been discovered the bank refused to give up the money, inasmuch as it held a claim against Bolln for half the amount, and alleged that it was entitled to payment out of the money, as Bolln placed it as a personal deposit. Interest in the case was further augmented by the petition of intervention on the part of the bonds-men of Bolin as treasurer of the Board of Education. They alleged that the money was school money and should therefore be transferred back to the school fund. This petition of intervention Judge Keysor al-

While Judge Keysor gwent the suit away his decision opens the way for further litti-gation. In his opinion he held that the bank was entitled to its claim against the money on deposit, and that after it was deducted, the Board of Education was entitled to the balance. Paxton, he held, had no

claim whatever on the money. The judge took this ground on the position that when the certificate of deposit was assigned to Paxton by Bolln, the latter had no authority whatever to do so. When Bolln placed the money on deposit he endorsed the certificate as treasurer of the Board of Education, and by doing so he made it the property of the board and then it could only be assigned by that body. Therefore, when Bolln assigned to Paxton he did so without authority and Paxton knew this when he saw the endorsement of Bolln as treasure of the Board of Education.

On the point of the bank's claim to a por tion of the money, Judge Keysor said that there was nothing in the evidence to show that the money was public or private. Even if it was public he held that it was not shown that the bank was one of those in which Bolln was authorized to deposit city funds. By putting money in a depository not authorized, Bolin was acting contrary to law and therefore at the peril of himself and his bondsmen. In consequence, the deposit could be looked upon as an individual and the bank could obtain its claim out of it. After this was deducted the remainder belonged to the Board of Education, as in his endorsement of the certificate of deposit Bolln showed that he acted as treasurer of

Yesterday afternoon a motion for a new trial of the case was filed by Paxton. It was based on alleged errors made by the court, especially in permitting testimony to be in-troduced in the trial as to the solvency of

HELD THAT THE WILL WAS GOOD. Fight Over Hespeler Property Goe

to a Higher Court. Judge Keysor yesterday decided to admit the entire will of Emily B. Hespeler to probate. This partially reverses the decision of the county court, where that portion of the will relating to the personal property of the deceased was admitted.

The protest against the probating of the will was brought in the first place by the brothers and sisters of the deceased, all of whom were left out in the cold, the entire having been bequeathed to a step Judge Baxter's decision was appealed from and the hearing took place Friday

before Judge Keysor. The only issue at the hearing was the con tention on the part of the contestants of the will that the will was not properly wit-nessed. This affected only that portion referring to the realty, it having been admitted that it did not affect the personalty. The will was witnessed by two persons, but it was held that as the instrument was executed in Canada, the statutes of this state did no apply. It was argued that, therefore, the legality of the will must be viewed in the light of the dictates of common law, which equired such instruments to be signed by hree witnesses.

Judge Keysor went extensively into what was known as common law, and found nothing which would apply to the point raised. He therefore held that the entire will could be probated under the statutes of this state. As the question is a new one, the case will be carried to the supreme court. The attorneys for the contestants were allowed a fee of \$600 by the court.

County Gets a Rehearing. The county has filed a motion for a rehearing in the mandamus case brought by Charles Kellar to compel the county to pay he judgments obtained by him in the county poor farm cases. Judge Duffie allowed the writ prayed for. In the motion the old allegation is made that the judgments in the cases were void, because the first tribunal tried, the Board of County Commissioners. was without jurisdiction. It is charged, too, that Judge Duffle erred in hearing evidence

in the action while a motion to vacate the judgments was still undecided. The Burlington Is thirty miles shorter and nearly two hours faster than any other line to Denver.
Two train daily—8:30 a. m. and 4:35 p. m. Tickets at 1324 Farnam street.

Dowling Granted License Though He Sold Liquor on Sunday.

GETS OUT UNDER ANOTHER MAN'S NAME

This is the Explanation Offered by the Commissioners-Neither is Gambling a Bar to Securing a License.

The Board of Fire and Police Commisdoners met in special session yesterday to hear the evidence in the case of the issuance of a liquor license to M. J. Dowling. in which a protest had been filed by Edward Rosewater, on the ground that the applicant had violated the Slocumb law by selling liquor on Sunday. The first witness was W. K. Sweesy, who

testified that he had visited the saloon in the Creighton theater block, presided over by Mr. Dowling, on Sunday evening, December 29. He went in the first time about 8 o'clock accompanied by a friend. They found the bar in operation in the basement and called man ever represented to his wife that the amount of the policies would be paid to her at his death, even if they were held by the bank, or that she relied on any such alleged turned to the saloon, where they found a The bank avers that it has collected the crowd of men congregated around the bar. Most of them were drinking and both beer and whisky were ordered, drank and paid for while they were in the room. The witof so doing when its claim of \$25,000 and ness further stated that during some Sunday over against the estate in the probate court in October he had been in the saloon in the was allowed. It is slieged that Mrs. Good-basement with a friend. At that time one of them drank beer and the other whisky. On cross-examination the attorney for Mr

Dowling endeavored to show by the witness that he had been sent to the saloon by Mr Rosewater for political purposes, but failed to establish the point. The witness admitted that he had been instructed by Mr. Rose water to make an investigation of the manner in which the liquor business was being conducted in the central part of the city. He had been given a list of the leading saloons and he had visited these and also sev eral others. He had written out his observations in the form of a report and had handed it to Mr. Rosewater. In giving him his instructions Mr. Rosewater had stated that he had had information that the down town galoons were being run wide open in defiance of the law and he wanted him to discover if such were the facts.

TO DETERMINE THE FACTS. Mr. Rosewater was called to the stand and testified that he had no personal knowledge of the facts in regard to the violations of the He was simply acting on the information that had been furnished him by other parties. He had heard from numerous sources that the law was being constantly violated, and he had sent out a reporter to find out whether these reports were true.

On cross-examination Mr. Rosewater was asked for what purpose he had made this investigation. He answered that it was be-cause he wanted to have satisfactory proof whether the reports that the present tended enforcement of the law was a sham He wished to show whether reform for which the present board had pretended to be organized was a fraud and whether there was better government that there was before the change.

The counsel for the defense tried to show by the witness that quiet drinking had always been tolerated on Sunday. Mr. Rose-water stated that he had no personal knowl-edge of the matter, but the first act of the new board had been to promulgate an order that the Slocumb law should be strictly en-All his information was to effect that notwithstanding that order the salcons had been allowed to run wide open He had also understood that members of the board had promised protection to certain zaloon keepers. There was a much lower standard of enforcement of the law than was previously the case. Some of the satoons were open until 2 o'clock in the morn ing and opened again two hours later.

Colonel Foster and Mr. Vandervoort took advantage of the opportunity to endeavor to shift the responsibility on the city prose-They asked if when they had tried to make arrests and the prosecutor had refused to prosecute they were not justified in making no more arrests until there was change in the administration. Rosewater replied that if the pros

cutor refused to do his duty the board had a remedy and it should have at least made a report of the facts to the city council. He had several times asked the prose cutor what there was in these charges that he neglected to prosecute, and the party had leclared that he was always willing to bring cases where there was any chance to secure conviction, but he did not propose to waste is time on cases where the evidence was plainly insufficient

Mr. Broatch took his turn at the witness and tried to score a point by inquirips whather Mr. Rosewater had not accompanied delegation of brewers between 1887 and 1890 who had asked for a more lenient administration of the Sunday laws. Mr. Rose-water stated that in the case mentioned the brewers had merely asked that the law should not be strictly enforced, relative to some of the gardens cutside of the popu-lated district of the city. At that time the ity had police jurisdiction for two miles outside of the city limits and these gardens were in that district. They had asked that me leniency be shown in these cases where the resorts were remote from population and rom churches and schools.

B. D. Driscoll, who had accompanied Mr. sweesy at the time of his visit to the salcon Creighton theater building, was called His testimony was simply a correboration of he facts as related by Mr. Sweesy Police Sergeant Cory testified that he was the corridor leading to the saloon on the Sunday night in question. many persons going down the stairs toward the saloon between the acts, but he had not followed them and did not go into the saloon.

He could not swear that they bought liquor as he did not look to see. DOWLING NOT RESPONSIBLE. The defense called only two witnesses. The first was Chief of Police Sigwart, who eptified to the general good character of the place and the fact that it was patronized by a respectable class of people. The defense also called upon Chief Sigwart to state that the saloon was connected with the Creighton

theater and that the theater was a very respectable place of entertainment In his own defense Mr. Dowling stated that he had no license last year. The license ssued to a man named Hendrickson had been transferred to the Creighton imply block and he had managed the galoon for Hendrickson. It developed that this was the defense on which his attorney relied,

as going to show that Dowling was not re-sponsible for what occurred at the resort last year. An effort was made to show by Dowling that the protest was a matter of political significance. Dowling swore that Thomas Ormsby had visited his saloan upon one occasion and told him that there had been meeting of "soreheads," at which it had een decided to "go after" a lot of people who had not done the right thing at the election and that Dowling was one of the mer, on the list. Ormsby had not said that Mr. Rosewater had employed him in any capacity, but the witness had formed the impression that Ormsby was working in

Rosewater's interests. On cross-examination the witness failed to give any definite reason for forming

At the afternoon session Mr. Rosewater and Thomas Ormsby were on the stand. Mr. Resewater said that he had never employed Ormsby to spy about saloons nor instructed porters to threaten saloon keepers.
Mr. Ormsby's testimony corroborated this, and Ormsby further said that in his talk with Dowling he did not mention Mr. Rose-

water as being particularly interested in the matter. He had never said to Dowling that it would be best for him to have a talk with Mr. Rosewater.

F. M. Richardson, an attorney, testified that he had noticed the laterior door of the Creighton theater building leading into the saloon open on Sundays, and of his own notion warned the managers of the theater that the law should be complied with.

Chairman Broatch then announced that the board would overrule the protest and grant the license. He said it would do this be-

cause the testimony by the protestant could

DIFFERENCE | not apply to Dowling, since he did not hold a license last year.

The case of John Wright, 105 South Twelfth street, for keeping gambling rooms at his saloon, was then taken up. Neal Paten testified that he had at times recently restrict the saloon and my cran and other visited the saloon and saw crap and other games in progress there. Mr. Simeral effered reports of Police Officers

Savage, Hudson and Cox to the effect that Wright kept a disorderly place, but an objection to this was sustained by the board, which then decided to ignore Paten's testimony and grant the license

DR. BROWN BECAME EXCITED. Exasperated by the Questions Asked

by Mrs. Davidson's Attorney. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4 .- The preliminary examination of Mrs. Mary Davidson on the charge of extorting \$500 from Rev. C. O. Brown, pastor of the First Congregational church, was resumed today in the police court. The room was crowded with church case, the women spectators being in the majority. Dr. Brown testified on cross-examination that he did not know Mrs. Baddin and did not know whether any part of the \$500 went to Mrs. Baddin, but said the ostenoible object in paying the money was to silence Mrs. Baddin's tongue.

Police Detective Seymour, who arrested Mrs. Davidson, said she had admitted receiving the money, and also that she had signed the receipt admitted in evidence. The defendant had explained to the detective that the receipt was for the purpose of preventing the Baddin woman from worrying Dr. Brown. The prosecution here announced its testimony closed, and the defense asked that the charge be dismissed, claiming that the money had been paid to Mrs. Davidson for Mrs. Baddin, and that the defendant, instead of being a blackmailer, had acted as the pastor's friend and agent. The motion for a dismissal of the charge was denied.

Dr. Brown was again put on the stand when the afternoon session of the police court examination of Mrs. Davidson was commenced. The attorney for the defense asked the witness a long list of questions relating to his intimacy with Miss Overman and inquiring an to his cult quiring an to his guilt. the Instruction of his attorney Dr.

Brown refused to answer all questions bear-ing on his guilt or innecence of his alleged intrigue, and the court sustained the prosecution's objections to the character of the cross examination. The minister was tortured and guaded by the defense and was finally asked f he had not confessed to giving b Miss Overman and to his wife a drug to produce a criminal effect. Dr. Brown could not contain himself at this and sprang at Mrs. Davidson's attorney,

"You are an infamous man. It's a lie." The elergyman's attorney said he would knock the attorney for the defense down if he were in his place, but officers of the court interfered to prevent violence between the excited opponenta.

Dr. Brown will not preach tomorrow, his pulpit being occupied during the trial by a theological professor. The sentiment among the members of his church is said to be less favorable to the minister than when the first reports of the scandal were announced. strong section of the congregation is said to favor forcing Dr. Brown's resignation. An scolesiastical court of inquiry is likely to fol-low Mrs. Davidson's trial whether or not she is convicted of blackmail.

Where is Robert E. Nelson? CHICAGO, Jan. 4 .- A local paper says the question that is worrying a number of people in Chicago is, "Where is Rober E. Nelson?" He is a member of the grain ommission firm of Nelson & Cox. It is umored he has misappropriated from \$2,000 o \$10,000 of the firm's money.

Importing Gold from Europe. NEW YORK, Jan. 4.- The steamships Paris, La Champagne and Aller, which are lue at this port within the next ten days, will bring \$1,500,000 in American gold coi and fine gold bars to Messra, Zimmerman & Forshay of this city.

Governor Declines to Interfere. ALBANY, Jan. 4 .- Governor Morton has declined to interfere in the execution of the sentence of death in the case of Bartholoew Shea, convicted of the murder of Robert Ross at Troy in March, 1894. Revenues Did Not Fight Moonshiners NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 4 .- A special

nconshiners and officers in North Carolina near the Tennessee line.

pero striously injured.

MRS. ISH RELEASED ON BAIL

Application Granted by Judge Keysor Last Evening.

BOND IN THE SUM OF TEN THOUSAND mark of the Miowers and was picked up by

Action of the Court Determined Largely by the Sickly Condition of the Prisoner's Two-Year-old Child.

with her husband, with the murder of William H. Chapple, from custody under \$10,000 bail until the commencement of the next workers and friends of the principals in the | term of court. This was the last efficial act of the present session of court, for immediately ther after Deputy Sheriff Rosenzweig declared the district court adjourned sine die.

room, among them being a number of judges of the court who were awaiting the adjournment. Mrs. Ish was brought in unaccompanied by her attorneys. Judge Keysor announced that he had decided to release her upon bonds of \$10,000. The bond was at nce furnished by Martha Ish, the mother n-law of the prisoner.
Mrs. Ish was in confinement continuously

since the murder occurred in last June, with the exception of daily outings she had in charge of a bailiff. The close confinement of the prison did not agree with her health but this did not tend to make the court look with favor upon application for her release. Recently, however, her little girl baby, not yet 2 years of age, and who was continuously with her mother in the jail, became very sick. This fact was brought to the attention of Judge Key-sor, who visited the jail and looked at the child. In view of the poor facilities afforded by the jail for its care, the judge decided to ccept the assurances of the 1sh family physician and consented to the petition for the release of the mother.

Mrs. Mabel ish last evening repaired with the child to the home of her mother-in-law.

End of the Term of Court. he close of the term.

Mrs. Vanderbilt Will Try Again. NEW YORK, Jan. 4 .- A local paper says: The marriage of Mrs. Alva S. Vanderbilt to Oliver H. P. Belmont, which has been announced in a semi-official way, did not create a stir in social circles as it was discounted by the fact that it was considered by everyody who knew anything about their relations be the logical sequence of the divorce obtained by Mrs. Vanderbilt from her husband, William K., last March. There are those friendly to Mrs. Vanderbilt who assert that he marriage may come off today and that it ertainly will take place some time before next Wednesday.

Locomotive Boiler Explodes.

on the Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking railway between Fultonham and Mount Perry exploded this morning at 2 o'clock. Bert Meed, the engineer, and Fireman Frank Hence were instantly killed. Ira Morris, the conductor of the freight which was being assisted over the grade, was fatally injured, and Frank Creets, a brakeman, cannot be found. All the men reside at Shawnee,

Smooth Swindler Wanted in New York NEW YORK, Jan. 4 .- The district attor ney's office sent a dispatch to Chicago today asking for the arrest there of Jacques Ochs, who is wanted here for swindling. Ochs' plan, t is alleged, was to organize bogus Masoni lodges. The proceeds of his operations, it is said, will reach probably \$60,000. He has organized lodges in nearly all the larger

Narrowly Escaped a Fiery Death. CHICAGO, Jan 4 .- Fire in the plant of th Chicago Forge and Bolt company did \$75,000 damage today. The plant is owned by the Victims of a Freight Elevator.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—By the falling of a freight elevator last evening P. Linde was killed Samuel Political killed, Samuel Britt fatally and Henry Sha-pero striously injured.

2-grain Quinine Capsules 50 3-grain Quinine Capsules 70 3-grain Quinine Capsules 190 4-grain Quinine Capsules 366 lastoria Syrup of Figs. Syrup of Figs. Warner's Safe Cure. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Ond's Extract Larter's Little Liver Pills. aynes' Expectorant ney's Catarrh Powder.

Outloura Resolvent Outloura Soap Outloura Ointment 40 to 60 per cent on all Prescriptions. We give you this reduction, as we will not pay hysicians for their patronage,

LOSING HOPE FOR THE MIOWERA

Picked to on the Shore

for the safety of the Australian steamer Mio-

wera are greatly intensified today by the

finding of a life buoy on Waddah island, just

inside of Cape Flattery. The buoy bore the

an old Indian woman, having drifted in from

the sea. Though careful search was made

along the beach for other indications of

wreckage, nothing was found. A heavy storm

and tremendous ocean surfs forbid effective

A mile and a half below Cape Flattery, on

the beach, Indians found a boat belonging

to the steamphip Strathnevis. It was the

boat in which Purser McDonald, Third Offi-

cor Bain and three Japanese seamen left the steamer the night before Christmas for Destruction island. The boat had a large hele stove in her bottom and bore evidence of hard usage among the rocks. This dispels hope for the safety of the purser and his four mates. Had they landed on Destruction island, which is twenty miles below Constitution.

island, which is twenty miles below Cape Flattery, they could easily have signaled

A Boon to the Lame.

Old Style, the old style contrivances for

tamenese caused by one short limb.

This extension shoe is wholly invisable, and with it one is enabled to wear ready made who and rubbers and absolutely hide the appearance of shortage, both feet looking ex-

actly alike. It works perfectly with men or women and is recommended by the highest medical authorities. But no one can under-

ern general agent, W. L. Mil-ler, care Norris Shoe Store,

Price Drug Store

16th and Chicago Sts...

Pleases the people, but don't please

the druggists.

Schaefer's Cut

stand its advantages unless they see it in actual operation.

Those Interested who wish for

dress for two weeks the west-

413 Douglas street, Omaha,

mplete information must ad-

to steamers that passed close to

The adjustable extension shoe

is a new and valuable inven-tion and truly a boon to the

lame, who are troubled with one limb from 2 to 12 inches short, as it entirely overcomes the objectionable features of the old style cork, iron frames

Improved:

search being made along the beach.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Jan. 4.- Fears

Buoy Belonging to the Ship

Life

Insure Against Loss by Fire or Tornado With the

Ætna Insurance Co The Largest and Wealthlest American Company. JOHN W. ROBBINS, Sole Agent. Successor to Lovett & Adams, Phone 529. 211 N. Y. Life Building

Don't be Robbed

By your druggist, when you can buy drugs and medicines from the Largest, Oldest and Most Reliable Drug Store in the city at greatly reduced prices.

We do not make "Cut Rates" on a few patent medicines, but sell everything in the drug line at reduced prices. Bring your prescriptions to us and have them filled carefully and accurately and save from 40 to 60 per cent. We retail at wholesale prices.

Goodman Drug Company

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UP TO DATE! JAPANESE MEDIGATED TOOTH PASTE. The most exquisite dentrifice ever origi-ated. Guaranteed not to contain anything njurious to the teeth. For sale by all ruggists. 25 cents per box.

Without Plates.



Gold Crown and Bridge Teeth.......\$5.00 up Full Set Teeth on Rubber.......\$5.00 Filling-silver\$1.00 Filling-gold



Teeth Extracted without slightest pain, able prices. All work warranted.

DR. BAILEY, Dentist Eight Years in Omaha, 3rd Floor Paxton Block



When ite omes to giving you a PER-FECT FIT in Spectacle sor Eyeglasses at the very lowest price that honest work and good goods can be had for

Alos & Penfold Co., Leading Scientific Opticians. 1408 Faruam Street Oppsoite Paxton liotel.

Late yesterday afternoon Judge Keysor leased Mabel E. Ish, charged, together

There were but few people in the court

Mrs. Martha M. Ish, where she will rest and attempt to restore the health of both herself and child.

The September term of the district court was formally ended yesterday. All the judges with the exception of Hopewell, were on their respective benches, handing down deisions and hearing matters preparatory to

ZANESVILLE, O., Jan. 4 .- An engine used

from Knoxville says: There is no truth in the report about a battle between the

MRS. J. BENSON January Glearing Sale. Monday we will sell every Misses' and former price. \$2 25; \$5 75, now \$2.87; \$6.50, now \$3.25; \$7.50, now \$3.75; \$8.50, now \$4.25.

Child's Cloak in the store at one-half Cloaks that formerly sold for \$2,50, now \$1.25; \$3.25, now \$1 62; \$4.50, now

This cleak sale is for Monday only. Jackets-sizes 5 to 15 years-at half former price.

Ladies Black Wool Tights, ankle length, price \$1.00. Black Silk Skirts at half former price.

Hand Embroidered Center Pieces at half former price. If you wish prizes for Card Parties now is your opportunity. We are selling all Christmas Novelties at half and below half former price. A large assortment at 25c and 50c.

SINGS SINGS SINGS SINGS SINGS SINGS SINGS

High Five Prizes

Angora Wool 7c a ball, worth 15c.

When you're scratching your head try" ing to think what to give at the next high five, come direct to our store. We'll post you on what is appropriate and pleasing to either gentleman or lady. Our stock is full of hints for prizes of any kind-don't cost you much either that's the beauty of it.

The 99-Cent Store.

Farnam Street.