OMANA DALLY BE THE TARREST S.

BOND ISSUE READILY SOLD

American Bankers Prepared to Take Two Hundred Million.

Moneyed Men Under Plerpont Morgan Will Secure This Amount for Merely Handling the Government's Funds.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4 .- (Special.) - All the details for the bond issue have been arranged, and the issue will in all probability be made early next week, allowing the senate, however, a fair chance to discuss the bill passed by the house last week. The action of the New York bankers, headed by J. Pierpont Morgan, and aided by the banks of other cities in agreeing to take \$200,000,000 of bonds in two lots of \$100,000,000 each at about the same price as was paid for the last lot, settles whatever doubts that may have existed as to the ability of the government to float a loan. Of course, the syndicate will make money by the transaction. So far as can be seen on the surface, the situation does not seem to call for any exhibition of self-sacrificing patriotism on the part of capitalists. The country is not floundering in financial distress, even though the gold reserve in the treesury is growing "more beautifully less" daily, under the in xorable operation of the

One of the best posted men in the senate upon finance, but who for obvious reasons It is believed that the consideration of the desires him-name to be withheld, as he will bill by the house will commence next week. make a speech on the bond issue, said of this question: 'When Mr. Morgan last discussed the present bond issue with the government officials he suggested was made because the total appropriation of that the bankers would endravor to check \$140,000,000 was not expended last year, and the export of gold by raising the rate of ex-change. It is in this way that the Bank of protects the finances of Great It raises and lowers the rates of exchange according as money shows a ten-dency to flow out of or into the country. Mr. Morgan's idea is that the banks of this country, particularly those of New York, can perform the came service for the United States. He has already acted along these according to reports.

The agreement of the syndicate is to take the bonds, thirty-year 4 per cents, at 105%. The criticism is made that similar bonds are now selling in the market at $117V_2$. Well, when this new bond issue comes out they will scarcely remain at that figure and if enough bonds are issued it would be singular if the price of all did not fall to a figure much or a corporation. It cannot maintain its credit without paying its debts, whether they be non-interest bearing paper (greenbacks) or interest paying paper (bonds). Nor can it continue floating its notes without impairing its credit sooner or later, and if it attempts to do either indefinitely its paper will eventu-ally become worthless. There are people who eeem to think that the government is some thing mysterious which regulates men in their ordinary relations and that this some thing is gifted with creative powers, par-ticularly with regard to money. This was the error that was behind the fiat money fallacy, and it is the error that is behind the free silver craze of today.' WHERE THE LOAN WILL GO.

Among the largest individual subscriber to the new issue are said to be the Nationa City bank, the Hanover National bank, the United State o Trust company, the Union Trust company, the Farmers' Loan and Trust company and the New York Life and Trust com pany, all of New York. These institutions alone are said to hold or control close to \$40,-000,000 in gold, of which the National City ank has about \$8,000,000 in its vaults and the Hanover National bank about \$4,000,000. In all the syndicate ought to make a profit of \$10,000,000, as the bonds may be readily sold

at from 115% to 116.

And this man, Pierpont Morgan, who is a close in touch with President Cleveland and the money kings, who is he? He was born in Hartford, Conn., on April 17, 1837, and in Boston and then studied at the University of Gottingen, Germany. He returned to the United States in 1857 and entered the banking firm of Duncan, Sherman & Co., of New York. In 1869 he became agent and attorney in this country for the English firm of George Peabody & Co., which relation he has since held with that house, and its successor. He Morgan & Co., in 1871. This house, now J. P. Morgan & Co., is among the chief the offices and property of the territorial negotiations of railway bonds and was active officers and of the Utah commission. negotiations of railway bonds and was active in the reorganization of the West Shore railroads and its absorption by the New York Central railroad. He was also conspicuous in the reorganization of the Philadelphia &

SUTRO AFTER HUNTINGTON.

Adolph Sutro, who for more than a quarter of a century has been fighting C. P. Huntington, and who was elected mayor of San Fran notwithstanding the opposition of the Southern Pacific railroad, has sent to each member of congress a suggestion that is full of gall and wormwood. He goes after Huntington in his usual sisage hammer fashion as witness:

Huntington, the king of the lobby, is holding court again at Washington, surrounded by an army of retainers, flunkers and hirelings, and fortified by a huge sack. He confidently believes that this time he will carry the day. Twice defeated at former sessions, but nothing daunted, he is at it again, and with brazen assurance bade his flunkeys lie in wait to capture, if possible, the new members of congress as fast as they arrived in Washington.

The American people are now loudly de-

the new members of congress as fast as they arrived in Washington.

The American people are now loudly decaring that our honor must be sustained by uphelding the Monros doctrine. American honor is involved a thousand fold more in the question whether the American congress will declare that there is one law for the rich corporation and another for the poor man. Eighty millions are practically meant to be given to these corporationists; eighty millions to be saddled on the impoverished, ensiaved and cowied people of the Pacific coast, who are thereby to be ground to the dust for half a century to come. No legislation is required. Let the law take its intural course. As the mortgage on the railizad falls due, default should be had, foreclosure should take place, and the roads sold to the highest bidder.

Members of congress, take warning. During the helidays many friends of the people are away, while nataly all the friends of the corporationists remain steadily at their posts. A march may be stolen on the house and Hustington's myrmidons at an unguarded moment may be victorious. Eternal vigilance is needed at this hour.

ADOLIPH SUTRO.

Chairman Committee of Fifty, San Francisco, December 27, 1895.

BISHOP SCANNELL WILL ASSIST.

BISHOP SCANNELL WILL ASSIST. Rt. Rev. Richard Scannell, bishop of the Catholic diocese of Omaha, will tomorrow assist in the church ceremony of conferring the berretta upon Mgr. Satolii at Baltimore. previous investment of the red hat in the

Leave of absence granted Lieutenant Colonel James G. C. Lee, deputy quarter-master general, has been extended fifteen

Captain Oberlin M. Carter, corps of en-gineers, is ordered to report to the major general commanding, for appointment as Colonel C. H Charlton of the Eighth cav-iry, stationed at Fort Meade, S. D., is at

the Shoreham. the Shoreham.

Secretary Smith today affirmed the decision of the commissioner of the general land office in the case of George J. Hand against Amelia Rine, now Cramer, from the Horon, S. D., land district. Defendant's timber culture entry is held for cancellation on the ground of failure to comply with the law as to tree

Patrick McGillick has been fourth-class postmaster at St. Herbert, Ed-munds county, S. D., vice Charles Redfield,

Year's Coinage at the Mints. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4 -A statement prepared by the director of the mint shows the coinage executed at the United States mints during the calendar year just closed to have been as follows: Gold. \$59,616,357; silver, \$6,586,010; minor coins, \$882,439; total,

Saturday's Gold Withdrawals WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The treasury to lay lost by withdrawals \$100,000 in gold bars and \$5,009,000 in coin, leaving the gold reserve at

SEVERAL HUNDRED ARRESTED. Venezuelana Suspected of Treason Ar-Awniting Trial.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.- The Venezuelan authorities here have received no information of the reported energetic steps of President Crespo in arresting the rebellious suspects, including ex-President Lopez. The last mail SYNDICATE'S PROFIT TEN MILLLION from Caracas reported the country peaceful. Lopez was president of the federal council under President Guzman, and when the latter resigned. Lopes succeeded to the presidency, remaining in office one year. Later he was a supporter of the deposed govern-ment. Since Crespo came into power he was at the head of a successful revolution. Lop z was suspected of disloyalty to Crespo and this led to his publishing a formal dec laration of allegiance to the present govern ment. It was believed this restored him to full confidence. The arrests, it is said, have o connection with the uprising of a few This last revolt ended with the arrest of all concerned, several hundred in number, including some prominent men. They are now in prison in Caracas awaiting While their action was treasonable, understood the government will deal

niently with them.
All the recent official reports from Venezuela have shown great enthusiasm among the people, as the result of the attitude of the United States. This has made President Creepo the hero of the hour, and has gone far toward overcoming any linguring sentiments of disloyalty among the people.

PENSION BILL READY TO REPORT Two Important Changes Made by the

Subcommittee. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4 .- The subcommittee of appropriations, in charge of the pension appropriation bill, completed the consideration of the bill today and will report it to the full committee on Wednesday next. bill by the house will commence next week. The bill asks about \$131,900,000, a decrease of over \$2,000,000 from the estimates submitted by the commissioner. This reduction was made because the total appropriation of was based on the estimates that the high figures for pension appropriations had been passed and that from now on the amount expended will continually decrease. Three in portant amendments have been attached to the bill. The first provides that no pension shall be suspended on the charge of fraud until the charge shall first have been adjudicated in a United States district court. except where the fraud constitutes a plain violation of a statute, as in the case of the remarriage of a widow. The second amend-ment provides that any claim under the act of 1890, if granted, shall date from the date of the first application. Pensions under the present practice are rejected, suspended or dismissed on the first application date from the date of adjudication. The third amend-ment repeats the section of the dependent nearer par. The government is in respect of law of 1890, requiring a widow to show that its finances exactly like an individual, a firm she is dependent for her support on her daily labor

Raising the Age of Consent. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4 .- The National Bureau of Reforms is working to secure the raise of the age of consent from 16 to 18 years, and its extension to the territories, At its request, Representative Broderick of Keneas has introduced a bill raising the age and making the law, which now applies only to the District of Columbia, applicable to territories and all other places over which the federal gov rument has exclusive jurisdiction. A minimum penalty of one year is fixed for the first offense and six years for each subsequent offense.

Railroad Land Selections Approved. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.- The secretary of the interior has approved the selection of 1,300,000 acres of land in the Bismarck district, North Dakota, and 586,000 acres in the Miles City, Mont., district, made by the Northern Pacific company. These lands are within the primary limits of the grants to the company, the former list being largely made. trict, North Dakota, and 586,000 acres in the

completed June 1. The contract price is \$99,000 and an annual maintenance charge of \$15 per cubic foot.

Iowa Court Bill Signed. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4 .- The president has signed the resolution fixing the time for holding sessions of the district circuit courts in became a partner in the banking firm of the northern and southern districts of Iowa, and the act transferring to the state of Utah

> FEES IN ATCHISON RECEIVERSHIP. Judge Caldwell Files His Ruling on the Allowances.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 4 .- A special to the

Journal from Topeka says: The speculation all over the country as to the amount Judge Caldwell would allow the court officers and attorneys in the matter of the receivership of the Atchison railroad gives unusual interest to an order filed in the United States circuit court today, which gives the costs in detail as follows: To the Union Trust com-pany of New York, as trustees, \$50,000; to John B. Johnson, as special master to sell, for all services rendered, and to be rendered, \$15,000; In addition to this amount, Judge Johnson has been receiving a salary of \$750 a month, which brings his total to \$33,000; Wheeler H. Peckham, counsel for complainant, for compensation, in addition to what he has received, \$55,000; to Ressingham, Smith & Dallas, as solicitors for complain-ant, in addition to what they have received, \$27,000; to Mercantile Trust company, as compensation for services, \$10,000; to Alexda & Green, counsel for Mercantile Trust company, \$10,000; to each of the receivers. Aldace Walker and John J. McCook, and to heirs of the deceased receiver, Joseph C. Wilson, for services up to the period when they shall turn over to the property, at the rate of \$25,000 per annum; to George R. Peck, counsel for receivers, in addition to what he has received, \$45,000; to Ed Kenna, as counsel for

CORBETT'S FIRST WIFE MARRIED.

receivers, \$15,000.

formed Kept Secret. NEW YORK, Jan. 5 .- The World this morning says: "It is announced that Olive Lake, divorced wife of James J. Corbett, the pugilist, has been married to Fred L. Masury, who is reported to be very wealthy. It was still in the early part of last August, soon after the death of his grandfather, and while the will contest was pending, that Mr. Masury, then staying at Narragansett for the summer, met Mrs. Corbett. On December 21 Mr. Masury, Mrs. Corbett, George P. Lake, her father, and F. Ludlow Christie stepped ner istar, and P. Luniow Caristic stepped into a cab, were driven over to Staten is-land, and there the couple were quietly mar-ried by civil process. Then they drove back again to the Corbett house in New York. None of the relatives of either, except Mr. Masury's brother and the bride's father, knew that they were man and wife. T went about the neighborhood very much usual. Every one supposed until new that their cordial attachment might result in a marriage some day, but now the first posi-tive announcement of their marriage is given.

People in Green Bay Get a Scare MILWAUKEE, Jan. 4.-A special from Marinette says the cracking of ice on Green bay caused an earthquake scare here last bay caused an earthquake scare here last night and early this morning. Two distinct shocks, which rocked buildings and put out lights, were experienced. The first was at 10 o'clock last night. Houses were shoken, windows were smashed and people ran from one house to another in alarm. The shock was brief but violent. At 2 o'clock this morning people were awakened from their sleep by another violent vibration. No damage was done, but much concern was felt.

Admitted the Women to Practice. PITTSBURG, Jan. 4.-A large meeting the Allegheny Bar association was held today to decide whether or not women should be admitted to practice. The women were victorious by a vote of more than 16 to 1 consequently they will be accorded the same privileges as their male colleagues. The question was decided after a lively discussion of a resolution which called on the judges to prehibit women from becoming members of the bar in Allegheny county.

JUSTICE BREWER CHAIRMAN

Venezuelan Commission Holds Its First Session at Washington.

COMMISSIONER WHITE WAS ABSENT between Venumela and the British govern-

After Concluding Some Preliminary Arrangements an Adjournment Was Taken Until

Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.- The members of today and had an important conference with Secretary Olney. Mr. Coudert was the first member of the commission to appear at the State department. He arrived about 10:30 o'clock, accompanied by his son, and had a short chat with Assistant Secretary Uhl, who showed him into Secretary Olney's office. About fifteen minutes later Justice Brewer and Mr. Gilman appeared and were admitted at once to Secretary Olney. Judge Alvey was the last member to come to the department. The fifth member, Mr. White, has

not 'yet reached Washington. After exchanging greetings with the secretary and with one another Secretary Olney presented to each member a commission, of which the following is a representative copy:

which the following is a representative copy:

To Hon. David J. Brewer: You are hereby appointed member of the commission to investigate and report upon the true location of the divisional line between the territory of the republic of Venezuela and that of British Guiana.

It is expected that the commission will avail itself of all possible sources of information, will apply to the matter all pertinent rules of municipal and international law and will make a report to the president of their conclusions, together with the evidence and documents submitted to and considered by them, with as little delay as is compatible with the thorough and impartial consideration of the subject to be dealt with.

with.

In testimony whereof I have caused these letters to be patent and the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed.

Given under my hand at the city of Washington, on the fourth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and twentieth.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President:

RICHARD OLNEY, Secretary of State.

The members of the commission then en-

The members of the commission then en-ered upon a consultation with Secretary Olney, lasting a little over half an hour, probably with a view to securing a suitable meeting place and reaching an understanding as to what clerical and expert assistance would be necessary.

The language of the commissions issued to

the members is so clear and so succinctly de-fines the nature of the service that it left little to be said by Secretary Olney on this point and the most important feature of his remarks was the explanation of the desire of the government that the commission should regard itself as entirely independent of control in the pursuance of its investigations and as master of its own procedure at all

At the conclusion of the conference with Secretary Olney the commission retired to the diplomatic room to hold the first pre-liminary meeting. Secretary Olney tendering the services of his own private secretary. M Blandford, to act as recording secretary until other provision is made.

BREWER ELECTED PRESIDENT. The session lasted about an hour, and at its conclusion a formal statement of the proceedings, so far as it was dermed proper to make public, was given out as follows

within the primary limits of the grants to the company, the former list being largely mades up of the cheap "bad lands" in North Dakota.

Contract Let for Water Supply.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Secretary Smith his authorized the commissioner of Indian affairs to execute a contract with the Idaho Canal company of Idaho Falls, Idaho, for providing a water supply for the Fort Hall, Idaho, Indian reservation. The work is to be largely and the supple of the Republic of Venezuela and report upon the location of the divisional lines between the territory of the Republic of Venezuela and reprinters of the Republic of Venezuela and territory of the Republic of Venezuela

Commissioner Alvey then in turn adminis tered the same oath to President Brewer. It was moved and seconded that the president designate a clork to act for the present session of the commission and Walter Bland ford was appointed in that capacity. Com-missioner Coudert moved that the matter of the selection of quarters for the commission be left to President Brawer and Commis-sioner Alvey, which motion was agreed to Commissioner Gilman moved that an inquiry be made as to the best map, showing physical characteristics of the country in question and which should be reproduced in a convenient form for the use of the commission. This motion was also agreed to mission. This motion was also agreed to.
Commissioner Gilman was authorized to
make the inquiry. The commission then,
upon motion of Commissioner Coudert, adjourned at 2:30 o'clock to met Saturday
next at 10:30 o'clock, unless the president
shall designate another day meanwhile.
Commissioner White, who was expected to

arrive in Washington next Monday will be notified, so that he may defer his coming until next meeting day.

The commission after adjournment, propaid their respects to the president. It appears that in the matter of selecting as-sistants and officers the commission will proceed with great circumspection, and par-ticularly in the selection of a secretary, for which place several names of prominent persons have been mentioned.

The question of going abroad was discussed informally by the commissioners, and the suggestion came from one of the commis sioners that it might be possible to send the secretary of the commission abroad to pursue such lines of verification as were desired. It was felt, however, that the work had not advanced sufficiently to permit any definite

talk on the subject. That Secretary Olney especially wanted to impress on the committee that the body was entirely independent of the State department was shown when he was asked to name the officers, thus relieving the committee from the annoyance of patronage. He declined, saying he preferred to have the committee choose its own officers and quarters and do all relating to its affairs without any reliance upon the State department.
The call of the commissioners on the pres dent was entirely formal and brought out nothing beyond the usual greeting. The

president refrained from making any reference to the plans of the commission.

Mr. Coudert returned to New York and Mr. Gilman to Baltimore during the after-noon. Definite hours for the daily meetings of the committee will be fixed, and when this is done all the commissioners will take up

BROKE WITH BOND SYNDICATE.

pleased with Morgan's Action. NEW YORK, Jan. 4 .- A special to the World from Washington says it is given out by a senator who has on previous occasions represented the administration that the president has definitely broken with the Morgan syndicate. Mr. Cleveland is, this senator says, intensely angry with Morgan, and declares that the syndicate's action in preparing to take a loan was entirely un-authorized and has greatly embarrassed the government. There will be no bond call, it is said, until congress has a chance to

president is able to follow his own will. Had a Fight Up in a Tree. Had a Fight Up in a Tree.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 4—A Commercial
Gazette special from Birmingham, Ala.,
says: Near Kennedy, Lemar county,
La., night before last, James Runyon and
Robert Young climbed a high tree for an
opossum. On the same limb 40 feet from
the ground they quarreled. Runyon pushed
Young off the limb, but was pulled off with
him. Both lived just long enough to tell
how it happened.

Vanderbilt-Belmont Wedding Date NEW YORK. Jan. 5.—The World this morning says: Mrs. William K. Vanderbild ried on Wednesday, January 8. This, at least, is the date believed by their ac-quaintances to have been selected for the nuptials. EXPRESSED, THANKS TO AMERICA. Address Adopted by Venezuelans Resident of New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4 .- A meeting was held at Hardman link tonight at which expression was given to the sentiments of the Vencguelan residents of New York relative to the there. Her arrival is not yet reported from action of the United States in the dispute ment. It was a meeting solely of Venezuclane and the proceedings were in the Spanish language. The call for the meet-

ing specified its object as being, first, to give expression of gratitude to the government and to the people of the United States, and, second, to give assurance of the discret conducted Venezuela. The proceedings were brief, the sentiment of the meeting having been expressed in the the Venezuelan commission, Mr. White alone adoption of an address, or letter, to Presi-being absent, were at the State department dent Cleveland. It was decided that the letter should be presented to the president by nmittee which will include A. M. Sotel ido, formerly Venezuelan minister; Nicanor Bolet Perasa and General Justar This committee will probably go to Washing ton tomorow. The letter addressed to Presivani Invasion Adverse to England.

lent Cleveland is as follows: dent Cleveland is as follows:

The Honorable Grover Cleveland, President of the United States of America, etc., etc.: Sir—We address ourselves to you, who are so worthly filling the first magistracy of this republic, in order to present, through your high intermediary to the government and the people of the United States the most sincere assurances of our gratitude and respect for the attitude, both noble and justice-seeking, which has been taken in the boundary question now long pending between Venezuela and Great Britain.

taken in the boundary question now long pending between Venezuela and Great Britain.

We have long been accustomed to see in this great American democracy, the foremost sentinel of liberty, the legitimate representative before the whole world of those high principles of civilization and justice which constitute the republican ideal of the nations of this continent.

For more than half a century Venezuela has been making unexampled efforts to settle the question of boundaries actually pending, without ever having been able to get its powerful adversary to agree to the only method acceptable to modern civilization for the equitable settlement of controversies of the kind. There only remained therefore for our country a choice between these terrible alternatives; either to renounce the dignity of a free and sovereign nation through submission to a most humiliating spoliation inflicted by the authority of might alone; or else, in an uniqual and desperate struggle, to defend at all costs and to the last the integrity of the national territory which a generation of heroes had acquired by the sacrifice of their blood.

But now the voice of justice, the un-

of heroes had acquired by the sacrifice of their blood.

But now the voice of justice, the unanswerable voice of right protecting weakness against might, has spoken with potent sound; it is the voice of the great American people, who, faithful to their glorious traditions, proclaim and support once more the principle of the perpetual and immovable sovereignty of the republics established on the free soil of America. To you, sir, as representative of the will of the American people and first guardian and defender of their institutions, to you has been allotted the lofty mission of completing the work of your gorious predecessors in the high position you are so worthily filling. For this are you now taking a firm and decided stand before the world in maintaining in this last portion of the nineteenth century the chartered rights of reason, the most philosophical and advanced conquests of the inviolable law of nations.

nations.

For your noble efforts to obtain an impartial arbitration, which will finally pronounce judgment in this old and unfortunate debate, your name, sir, will be the honor and pride of the American spirit, will always remain engraved in the affection of all just men on earth.

Please accept our patriotic assurances of the discreet conduct of Venezuela and the expression of our deep gratitude and utmost respect.

BONDHOLDER ASKS PROTECTION. Receiver Appointed for the Topcka Telephone Company. TOPEKA, Kan,, Jan. 4 .- C. O. Knowless vas today appointed receiver for the Topeka Telephone and Electrical company by the dis-

trict court. This is the outgrowth of a suit brought by the Harrison International Telephone and Cole's, Gonstruction company of Chicago to collect \$9,000 for telephones delivered to the local company. This suit is still pending, but E. A. Roseir of St. Louis, who holds \$15,000 of the company's bonds, became alarmed and asked for the receiver. and the company makes the claim that the elephones sent from Chicago were rejected as unsatisfactory.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4 .- H. and S. Strauss. with warercoms in this city, assigned today to Edmund E. Wise without preferences. The firm has been in business about twenty years. Platzel, Stroock & Herzog, attorneys for the assigners, report the liabilities at about \$290,000, and the nominal assets ex-ceed the indebicdness. The actual assets are large and consist of outstanding accounts, stock on hand and raw material. The fallure is attributed to dull trade, poor collecions and small profits. *
Charles Reynolds, dealer in paintings and

ngravings, assigned today to Malcolm R. awrence, with a preference for \$17,519 to olomon Mehrbach

FORT WORTH, Tex., Jan. 4.-Charles H. Fry & Son, jewelers, have executed a deed of trust to W. C. Pfaefile, as trustee, to seure creditors. Liabilities are distributed in Fort Worth, New York, New Bedford, Mass., Kaneas City, Meriden, Conn., Honedale, Pa., Boston, Waterbury, Conn., Newark, N. J., and other cities. Local creditors and Kock Dryfus & Co., New York, and the Fairpoint Manufacturing company of New Bedford are

COLLIDED WITH A BUNCH OF CATTLE Theyenne Wrecked and Fireman Killed.

CHEYENNE, Jan. 4 .- (Special Telegram.) -Today's northbound passenger train on the Chevenne Northern was wrecked at 2 o'clock this afternoon in a cut eleven miles out of Chugwater by running into a bunch of cattle The engine, three coal cars and a passenger each were derailed, the engine and coal cars being almost demolished. Engineer Mike O'Neill escaped with slight injuries, while Fireman David A. Parker was buried under the wreckage and crushed to death. Super-intendent Fitzpatrick of the Cheyenne Northern took out a wrecking train from here at 3 o'cleck to clear away the wreck. Fireman Parker has been working for the Union Pacific and Cheyeune Northern road as fireman for seven years. He leaves a wife and several children. PAID FOR THE COST OF SIXTY LIVES.

Sequel to the Red Canon Disaster in

CHEYENNE, Jan. 4 .- (Special Telegram.) -The suits brought against the Rocky Mountain Coal company of Uinta county by the heirs of the sixty miners killed at the Red Canon disaster of last spring have been compromised. The qual company agreed to pay each of the sixty plantiffs \$1,000. The suits against the company which were to have been tried in the court of this county January 13 will be dismissed.

British Ship Burned at Sea. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—The steamship Afridi, which arrived from Hong Kong today, brings news that the unknown ship re day, brings news that the unknown ship reported from Singapore by cable, that was
burned at sea in the Indian ocean last
month, was the British ship Avoca, from
London, with a general cargo. Nineteen
of the vessel's crew are missing, including
the captain and his wife. A boat containing ten men, the balance of the crew, put
into Emma harbor, Pedang, on the 19th
of December. New particulars concerning
the disaster could be learned at Hong Kong.

President Brown Changes the Date. CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—President George F. Brown of the Textile Manufacturers' Association of the South and West has issued a circular, stating that as the National Association of Wool Manufacturers will hold their annual meeting in Chicago on the 21st inst. It has been decided to postpone the conference of the south and west textile manufacturers, called to meet on the 14th inst. The conference instead will meet here January 21, in the Ropa that a much larger number of manufacturers may find it convenient to be present on that date. dation of the South and West has issued

Change in the Publishing World. NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—A change of owner-ship of the Fowler & Wells company, the New York phrenologists and publishers, New York phrenologists and publishers, controlled by the Fowler family for sixty years, has just been announced. The controlling stock has been purchased by the editor of the Phrenological Journal, Dr. Edgar B. Beall, and Colonel Nathan Ward Fitzgerald, late of West Virginia. Fitzgerald is a lawyer and journalist by profession and was the populist candidate for congress against Prof. Wilson.

(Continued from First Page.)

Mrs. Pierre Noel, formerly wife of a well known young New Yorker of Washington Squars, and step-daughter of the late Abraham Wakeman, once postmaster of New York, is to make her debut in concert January 14 under the management of Colonel Mapleson, with the patronage of Ambascador Bayard, Princess Christian, Princess Mary of Teck, Princess Frederica Hanover, Sir John and Lady Pulston and others, Her voice is said to be so exceptional that she dready has an offer to sing at Monte Carlo this season and to form one of Colonel Mapleson's opera company to the United States. BALLARD SMITH.

ENGLISH ISOLATION EMPHASIZED. Continental Comment on the Trans-

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LONDON, Jan. 4 .- If any such proof was necessary the events of the past week have once more tended to establish beyond any doubt the cold isolation of Great Britain in Europe and clsewhere. But the anti-British comments of the foreign press have been so bitter since the invasion of the Transvaal by the fillbuster, Dr. with or without knowledge of the British South Africa company and the colonial authorities, that this feature of the affair has produced a decided sensation, which has culminated in an outburst of indignation against Emperor William for sending his dispatch of congratulation to President Krueger. The expressions of wrath are not confined to the newspapers, but are the general talk of London and other cities. It is krown the government officials generally, and it is reported that even royalty denounces in unmeasured terms the German emperor's "deliberately unfriendly act," and there are suggestions flying about regarding recalling the British ambassador to Germany and making threatening changes in the disposition of the different squadrons of the British fleet.

Emperor William, it appears, first sent peremptory instructions to the German am-bassador here to obtain an immediate explanation of the meaning of Dr. Jameson's expedition, which, by the way, the British government had already repudiated. This having been explained to the German am-bassador, the marquis of Salisbury concluded that the matter had been settled, and he was disagreeably surprised when the news was received at the foreign office that the emeror had sent a message of congratulation to resident Krueger.

The most serious part of the whole affair is that the diplomats attribute to Emperor William a deliberate attempt to challenge the queen's suzerainty in the Transvaal. The text of the treaty of London provides that the Transvani republic's foreign relations are to be entirely under the supervision of Great Britain, and for the sovereign of any counry to address himself to President Krueger to put it mildly, a serious disregard of plomatic form. Therefore, as Emperor diplomatic form. William is known to be a great stickler for ill forms of diplomatic procedure, nobody oubts that his step was deliberately taken after consultation with the imperial chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe. This having been admitted, there are people who are beginning to intimate that a triple alliance between Russia, France and Germany, previously fre-quently hinted at, may, after all, be an accomplished fact; for it would hardly seem likely that Germany would care to risk an active contest with Great Britain, and a possible blockade of her coasts when she could make but little retalistion, unless she were assured of active support from other powers PRESS VERY BITTER.

The very bitter comments of the British press upon the action of Germany's emperor are in marked contrast with the manner in which the newspapers here discus Venezuelan crisis. In fact, the latter dispute snems almost to have been lost sight of, especially since such a flood of discredit has been thrown upon the British side of the contention by the Washington correspondent of the Chronicle of this city in the publication of correspondence apparently hitherte not carefully weighed on this side of the Atlantic. All the batteries of the British ess seem to be turned upon Germany and heir fire is increasing in intensity as the action. of the emperor becomes more clearly understood. At first it was thought to be nothing more than one of his familiar eccentricities, but there seems to be much more of cold deliberation than eccentricity

the young war lord's dispatch to the presiof the Transvani republic. The Standard, which may be regarded as directly representing the visws of the British government, speaks very plainly on the subect and warns foreign nations in general, and Germany in particular, that Great Britain will tolerate no interference and that in spite of the threats of the German official press to ske things unpleasant for Great Britain at Washington, Constantinople and Peking, "We shall defend our own with all the means at our disposal, let our assailants be who they

will or as many as they will." This utterance upon the part of the Standard is a sample of the remarks made by the British press, and coming from the source it does there are indications that Great Britain and Germany have reached a state of extremely strained relations and one which may have further and more serious results unless the fingers of both nations are curbed. ENGLISHMEN HUMILIATED.

The defeat of Dr. Jameson's freebooters by the Boers has produced a feeling of great humiliation here and the greatest anxiety is felt regarding the fate of his companions, as there are among them the younger sons of some of the best known families of Great Britain. This feeling of humiliation adds to the degree of anger felt against Germany and ncreases the danger existing in the situation. Then, again, the fact that so many distinguished young men were among the Brit-ish Chartered company's troopers is another element which may cause further trouble, as their families are bringing all the pressure they possibly can to bear upon the government in their efforts to wipe out the humili-ation inflicted upon all concerned with the

Among the persons who are behind the scenes the general view taken of the case is that Dr. Jameson's defeat was brought about because, at the last moment, he was left in the lurch by the Uittianders (foreign population) of Johannesburg, who were to have risen and aided him against the Boers. It has been an open secret for weeks past that the Chartered company's troops were that the Chartered company's troops were preparing for some advance, and people who have recently seen President Krueger and Mr. Cecil Rhoades, the premier of Cape Colony, say they have no doubt that Dr. Jameson received orders from the latter, that a grand coup was intended, that probably a new republic would have been established, and that in the brilliance of the result the faster of the leaders would have been for faults of the leaders would have been for-

gotten.

Georgs C. Armistead, the wealthy mill owner of Scotland, is again entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Gladstong at the Royal hotel, Barritz. In conversation recently with a representative of the Associated press, Mr. Armistead said: "No one can estimate what a privilege it is to have Mr. Gladstone as a guest. His memory is still as strong and tencious as it was when he gotten. what a privileg.

stone as a guest. His memory is still as strong and tenacious as it was when he was 40 years old. Now that his eyesight is restored, he is busy with his books and is restored, he is busy with his books and is restored, he is busy with his books and is restored all day long. Mrs. Gladstone is also woman of her writing all day long. Mrs. Gladstone is also surprisingly active for a woman of her years, and her devotion to, and care of her husband are something beautiful to witness. Formerly it was his custom while away to entirely avoid all mention of current events, particularly of a political nature; but now, upon returning from his walk, he catefully scans the newspapers."

Sir Charles Tupper for Premier. TORONTO, Jan. 4.-The Globe's Ottawa orrespondent says it is definitely stated that Sir Charles Tupper, late high commissioner at London, has accepted the pre-miership in place of Sir Mackenzie Bowell and that the government will be reorganized at once. The World's Ottawa correspondent denies that Premier Bowell has actually resigned, but tells of grave dissensions in the cabinet which may precipitate such a crisis at any moment.

Audience to American Bishops. ROME, Jan. 4.—The pope today received in audience the archbishop of Dubuque, Ia. Most Rev. John Hennessey, D. D., and the bishop of Jamestown, N. D., Rt. Rev. John Shanley, D. D.

REPORTED MINISTERIAL CRISIS. One Member Accuses Another of Mak-

ing Anonymous Charges. OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 4 .- It is reported a ministerial crists is imminent over side Queenstown early this morning that the Manitoba school quietion. Sir Adolphe the company tender could not join her Caron postmaster general, today charged Caron, postmaster general, today charged Hon. Dr. Montague, minister of agriculture, with writing anonymous letters to the governor general, thr atening Caron with exposure to the country for accepting money to assist a bill through the Commons. The governor general placed the matter in the hands of Premier Bowell and asked for an investigation. Dr. Montague denied the charge. It was reported that he intended to resign, but this he denies emphatically. Lord Aberdeen has requested an immediate explanation. Excitement was at fever heat all day. Sir Mackenzie Bowell has reall day. Sir Mackenzie Bowell has re-sisted all the influence that was brought to hear to induce him to resign in favor of Sir Charles Tupper, sr. As a consequence of his refusal, Messra, Foster, Haggart, Sir Charles Tupper, jr., Ivez, Montague, and Wood, all Ontario ministers, t Dickey od, all Ontario ministers, have re-It is said to be impossible for Sir Mackenzie Bowell to carry on the government with a purely French cabinet.

KILLING CHRISTIANS EVERY DAY.

Thousands Perishing by Violence in Asiatic Turkey.
CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 4.—The recent massacre at Oranh is stated to have been t terrible affair. The official dispatches admit that 900 Christians were killed, but according to private accounts about 2,000 Christians were killed. No further details of the massacre, however, have been received.

A massacre is said to have occurred at Bieredjik, an important town on the Euphrates. The outrage is believed to have been committed by the Kurds and Hamediah colony. The ambassadors have received word that the bloodshed there was exceptionally

CAPTURED SPANISH ARTILLERY. of a Severe Defeat to the

Loyalist Forces. BOSTON, Jan. 4 .- The Globe's staff correspondent in Cuba cables tonight as follows, via Vera Cruz: "A desperate battle has been fought today near Colon. The Spanish troops were routed and suffered heavy loss. The insurgents captured the Spanish artillery, and have gained a position commanding the overland entrance to Havana. General Oliver was killed and General Campos' son seriously wounded."

GERMAN GOLD HELD IN NEW YORK.

Large Reserve Reported to Be on De posit Awaiting Owners' Orders. opyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company. BERLIN, Jan. 4 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-There have been no new large shipments of German gold to America.

There has been for some time past a large reserve of gold belonging to Germans held n New York banks.

Micaraguan Congress Convenes. MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Jan. 4 .- (Via Galveston.)-Congress convened today. President Zelaya, in his message severely blames Great Britain for her attempt to enforce unjust and revolutionary claims and for the forcible occupation of Corinto. An analysis of the finances shows a condition of things in the zero to a surplus of 2,000,000 soles. Minister Callejas is reported as having paid out during the past year over 3,000,000 soles on accoun of debts. Senor Mathus reports the foreign relations at the present time as admirab while Senor Abiadaria reports home affairs to be under perfect control.

Several Americans Honored. PARIS, Jan. 4 .- Among the New Year appointments to the Legion of Honor in celebration of centenary of the French Institute are Prof. Simon Newcomb, the American astronomer; Mr. Alexander Agazziz, the American naturalist, and Prof. Henry Augustus Rowland, the American physicist, who were appointed officers of the Legion of Honor, and Mr. Adolph Hall, also an American, who was appointed a chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

British Steamer Dominion Benched. steamer Dominion, Captain Cross, from Portland, Me., on December 24, for Bristol, has been beached at Beer Haven. Her main injector pipe burst. The water rose to the firebars of her stokehole. Assistance will be sent to the steamer, which will be pumped out and lightened. It is expected that she will be floated safely without sustaining serious damage.

United States to Be Consulted. LONDON, Jan. 4 .- A dispatch to the Time from Caracas says that all is quiet, that the excitement has greatly subsided, and that there has been no act of violence to British subjects. The Times correspondent adds: 'I understand that any further communication of the British government would be referred to Washington before an answer is given.'

Denver Pastor Going to Philadelphia DENVER, Jan. 4.—Tomorrow morning Rev. Kerr B. Tupper, D. D., will read from the pulpit of the First Baptist church his resignation as pastor with the request that it be immediately accepted. He has the assurance that the request will be granted and on Monday he will mail to the First Baptist church of Philadelphia his acceptance of the call tendered him some months ago. It will be read to the Philadelphia congregation on the following Friday night. Prior to the reading of the resignation thirty-seven new members will be added to the church, making the membership 1,287, and making 700 members received during Dr. Tupper's six years pastorate. He expects to leave Denver March 1, or sooner if his congregation can secure a pastor. the pulpit of the First Baptist church hi pastor.

Missing Man's Friends Indignant. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 4.-Friends of Charles Erickson, the only known victim of the Thursday fireworks explosion still in the wreck, are indignant at the lax manner in which the search for his body is being conducted. All Friday night, because of the bitter cold, but little work was done by the squad of fremen left on duty at the ruins. Throughout the day today the firemen directed a stream of water on the smouldering mas, but no effort was made to look for the victim.

Theatrical Manager Disappears. ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 4.-J. W. formerly of Chicago, but lately manager of the Casino variety theater in this city of the Casino variety theater in this city has disappeared, owing all of his employes and a number of other people. Before leaving he wrote a letter to the Journal, stating that he was living and this, coupled with the fact that his wife knows nothing of his whereabouts, has led his friends to fear that he committed suicide. Numerous balliffs are looking for him with various court oapers. court papers.

Forger Makes a Big Haul. ST. PAUL, Jan. 4.-A clever forger has been operating here and has thus far manbeen operating here and has thus far managed to elude the pursuing detectives. It is estimated that he took not less than \$10,000 with him. Nearly fifty forged cheeks for various amounts are said to have been passed, a bank cashler's certification stamp being used. The forger was known as Esch, Charles E. Rhoades and by other names. The officials of several banks admit the forgeries, but claim losses are small.

Opening of New Mining Exchange. CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—The formal opening of the Chicago Mineral Mining board has of the Chicago Mineral Mining board has been set for January 14, and the first call of stock will be made at noon on that day. A committee consisting of B. A. Seilz, A. J. Sheridan and R. H. Sheridan will, in a few days, visit Cripple Creek, Denver, Leadville and other mining places to make arrangements for the listing of the best dividend paying stocks. The mining board now has a membership of 200,

Two Persons Killed at a Fire PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4-Two fatalities resulted tonight from the burning of the four-story brick building at 518 South Third street. Harris Levi was burned to death, Max Fitzburg jumped from a third-story window and broke his neck. Both were in a fallors' employment agency on the third floor.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Jan. 4. At New York-Arrived-Grecian, from At Liverpool-Arrived-Bovic, from New York. At Bremen-Arrived-Dresden, from York.

NINE CAUGHT IN A CAVEIN

Little Hope of Rescuing Any of the Men Alive

ACCIDENT CAUSED BY POOR TIMBERING

Shaft is Nine Hundred Feet Deep and is Practically Filled with Debris -Cannot Be Cleared In n Week.

VICTOR, Colo., Jan. 4 .- A terrible acident occurred about noon today at the Anna Les mine of the Portland company on Battle mountain, Nine men have been caught in a big cavein and are in all probability dead. The names of the miners working in the

Lee shaft are:

SUPERINTENDENT W. E. LOAN. ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT THOS. H. SHELDON.

JIM HANCOCK. PAT MEE. JACK MALLORY. JOE DINSMORE. MIKE M'GUIRK. THOMAS HARNAN.

ONE MAN, whose name is unknown at resent.

Sheldon, Lund and Harmon were going down in the cage when the cavein occurred. They were in the cage between the third and fourth levels when the shaft pinched. It is possible that they have been thrown into one of the drifts and are safe, but no

tidings can be had from them.

The work of rescue was started at once and great efforts are being made to reach the men. It is doubtful, however, if this can be done in time to save them on account of the general character of the disaster. There is great excitement in Victor in consequence of the accident. The cavein began thirty-five feet from the top of the shaft and the debris has filled a great part of the shaft. It is believed that it will take a week or ten days to rescue the entombed niners. As the shaft on the Anna Lee is about 900 feet, it can be readily seen that a great amount of work will be required to clear the shaft in order to make a passageway to the levels, but also to make way into the slopes, which are also included

in the caveln.

The cause of the disaster cannot be definitely stated, but it is known that the timbers insufficient to sustain the great weight, both lateral and perpendicular, to which they have been subjected.

About two weeks ago the shaft on the

Lee sank to such an extent near one of the stations about the middle of the shaft that the cage, upon which there were three men at the time, would not pass down. The engineer reversed and brought the men back. This was the first indication that the workings were closing in and efforts were made to remedy the trouble.

GATHERING FOR THE CEREMONY. Large Number of Catholic Dignitaries Now at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4 .- Cardinal Satolli arived in Baltimore this morning from Washngton. He came in a special car over the Baltimore & Ohio road, arriving here at 11 o'clock. He was accompanied by his entire household, including Drs. Sharett and Rooker of the Apostolic delegation, the papal envoy, Marquis Sacripanti, and a number of priests and pastors of the Washington churches. He was received at Camden station by Rev. A. L. Magnien, D.D., superior of the seminary of St. Sulpice, on North Paca street, whose guest he will be. After the exchange of greetings at the station the distinguished visitors were driven in carriages to the sem-inary. Here they were presented to Arch-bishop Chappelle of Santa Fe, who arrived last night, and to Archbishop Begin of Que-bec and other dignitaries of the church, who arrived in the course of the afternoon. Afrangements are being made at the seminary today to entertain all the visiting prelates at dinner at the conclusion of the ceremonies at the cathedral tomorrow. This evening the eminarians tendered the cardinal a recep-

Mgr. Satolli spoke for nearly half an hour principally upon the duties of priests and ec lesiastical law. He spoke also of the preva-ence of agnosticism and warned the students against it. He expressed great pleasure at his approaching elevation to the cardinalate and said that he was delighted with the American people.

Deaths of a Day.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 4 .- Ex-County Judge Henry A. Moore died today, aged 70 years. He had been ill for some time with a complication of kidney, bladder and rheumatic affections. Judge Moore was elected affections. Judge Moore was effected judge of Kings county in 1852, but returned to his law practice in 1856. In 1877 he was re-elected county judge and filled that posi-tion until December 31 last, when he was retired by reason of having reached the age limit. In politics, Judge Moore was a dem-

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Edgerton Adams, resident of the American Bridge company, died early this morning of pneumonia.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Rachel Reid
Butterfield, widow of the late General F. W.
Butterfield, died here today at her home.

Mrs. Butterfield came to Kansas City in 1871 and was 63 years of age. She was the mother of Miss Lulu Butterfield and Mr. Chauncey G. Butterfield of this city and of Mr. Parda C. Butterfield, who lives in Cali-fornia. The funeral will be held Sunday and the interment will be in this city. PETERSBURG, Va., Jan. 4.—A Richmond special to the Index-Appeal says: Com-

mander Lewis Kingeley of the training ship Essex, which is lying off Yorktown, Va., dropped dead on board his vessel this after-WASHINGTON, Jan. 4. — Commander Kingsley of the Essex, who died today, en-listed in the navy as midshipman from Connecticut in 1861 and served through the war. He was promoted to his present rank in 1892 and had been on the Essex for six years. WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 .- Dr. James Webb WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Dr. James Webb Rogers, who, as one of the chief promoters of the Pan Electric company, gained consid-orable notoriety at the time of its investiga-tion by congress, died yesterdsy at his resi-

dence in Maryland.

GRIP

A Shower of Gold would not be more wonderful than the cures made by SEVENTY-SEVEN. Mrs. H. B. Downey, 42 W. 98th St., New York: "I took the New Specific "77"

for Grippe and it cured me; one small vial. Bartram B. Newhall, publisher of the Lynn (Mass.) "Transcript," says of the "77" for Grip and Colds: "Acquaintances have had experience in the use and are loud in praise of the efficacy of its work. In all my experience with Humphreys' Specifics there never has been a case where they have failed

to do what you claim for them.' Mrs. Hugh Mayer, Princeton, Ky., ays: "Several weeks ago I got a trial Says: bottle of your '77' for Grip and Colds; am so much pleased with the success of it that I want some more.'

"77" will break

Sold by druggists or sent prepaid upon receipt of price, 25c, or five for \$1.00. Humphreys' Med-cine Co., 111 and 113 William St., New York.