Closed All Day Today to Take Stock.



Freeland-Loomis Co. retire from the ownership of the Continental January 1st.



# & CONTINENTAL &

Begins Saturday Morning.

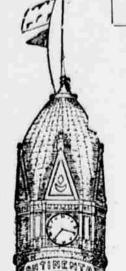
Sale



Day Today to Take Stock. Open Saturday.

Closed

All



.. NOT HALF PRICE ..

Men's natural wool mixed ... 38c

Men's scarlet

wool Shirts 95c and Drawers.

Saturday Morning.

## CLOTHING HOUSE

BE REDUCED \$50,000 BEFORE JANUARY

SATURDAY MORNING.

SALE BEGINS

Before the transfer of the stock can be made a reduction of the stock is imperative.



Over 5,000 men's highgrade suits to be sold regardless of

Over 5,000 value.

men's highgrade suits to be sold regardless of

Sale Saturday

Our great change-ofownership sale begins Saturday morning.



Freeland-Loomis Co. quote prices Saturday that will accomplish the object-to sell out.

## Men's Ulsters--

In black melton, doublebreasted, wide collar, cloth lined, at ...........

In gray chinchilla, plaid wor- \$\infty\$ 0.50 sted linings, an elegant coat, ' for ......

In black frieze, well lined—a good, warm, serviceable

In black imported frieze—the

Overcoats,

most perfect coat in the

Men's Overcoats-

Men's black beaver Overcoats .....

Men's gray and Oxford mixed Overcoats..... Black Diagonal

worth double.....



## Men's Furnishing Goods

Men's derby ribbed Shirts and Drawers 35c

Wool Shirts and Drawers 63c

Men's natural

Boys' Clothing--

It is the opportunity of a lifetime to clothe your boys, for the prices at which we will sell boys' suits have never been made so low on such goods as we make,

2-piece Cheviot Suits—you pay \$5 for the Suits we offer at this sale at \$2.50. Brown, diagonal, cheviot, doublebreasted, absolutely wool ...

200 boys' extra heavy brown checked Cheviot Suits, which we would not hesitate to charge \$6.00 for regularly, go to your boy at ...

The choicest lot of blue and gray Cheviot Suits—the kind that always sell for \$8.00, will be fitted for .....

Sale Saturday

value.

As an index as to what may be expected in Men's Suit bargains, we offer-Black Pin Check Worsted Sacks, 34 to 46, at

Men's blue and b'ack diagonal in Basket \$6.00

Worsted Suits at .....

A genuine winter weight cork screw Suit \$8.75

Black Cheviot Suits, b'ue Cheviot diagonal \$8.00 Blue and Black Cheviot Suits, worth Suits at the very low all of \$18, go at .....

Fancy Worsted Sack Suits, the best \$12 and \$15

Cash We cannot

charge

goods at

this sale.

U

THE NORTHEAST CORNER 15TH & DOUGLAS STS.

goods at this

Men's. Boys', Children's

and Caps.

Boys' fine 35c Cassimere Hats..... 12c

Hats

Children's 50c 23c O'Shanters....

facey Yacht 23c

Men's and boys' 25c 75c heavy Winter Caps...

Local Product that is Not Pushed to the

Product Considered Equal to That of Any in the World, Yet Dealers Discriminate Against it in Placing Their Orders.

sugar from beets. They are not as large as the one located at Chino, Cal., but they are fully equal to it in every other respect. They are the pride of the state and have been pointed out as only the beginning of what is to be the great industry of Nebraska that will give employment to thousands of people and furnish the farmers a market for a crop that will be profitable,

Columns have been published in the news papers setting forth the present prosperity and the bright future of this industry, but the actual facts are not always so pleasant to contemplate.

the Nebraska beet sugar people were not meeting with very ready sale for their product this season, and careful inquiry brings out the fact that Nebraska merchants and consumers are treating the sugar factories in the same manner that they have every other industry that any one has attempted to introduce into this state-they are doing the best they can to starve them

they are piling up the sugar in their store-houses and Nebraska people are consuming cane sugar from Cuba, New Orleans and the Sandwich Islands, and best sugar from Ger-many and California. The majority of the jobbers in the state handle Nebraska sugar, but a good many of them handle it in such an indifferent way that it does not reduce but a good many of them handle it in such an indifferent way that it does not reduce stocks very materially. They have it on hand, and if anyone asks for it, and will take no other, they will sell the Nebraska a single complaint regarding the quality and article. One Omaha jobber does not handle Nebraska sugar at all. Lincoln jobbers handle some, but they want to buy it at the same price that the Omaha jobbers pay, instead of 3 cents per 100 pounds more, and, because the Nebraska factories will not do that, they do not push the sale of their sugar. In other words, they are not willing to push Nebraska goods that are just as cheap as the foreign, but they want home manufacturers to cut prices. The Nebraska factories meet the prices made by the trust, but they are not strong enough to cut those powerful corporation. The trust gives Omaha 3 cents per 100 pounds the advantage over Lincoln in the matter of price, while the railroads give Lincoln 4 cents the advantage on shipments to the northwest and 10 cents the advantage on shipments to the south. the advantage on shipments to the south-west. As a local jobber remarked, Lincoln has all the advantage over Omaha and can make no reasonable complaint because Ne-braska sugar factories give Omaha the same figures as the trust.

NEBRASKA COULD TAKE IT ALL. Hastings and Nebraska City jobbers are selling some Nebraska sugar, but the total sales in the state are nothing to what they ought to be. Denver buys far more freely than any Nebraska city, and Sioux City is also a large consumer of Nebraska sugar. In reasonably good times the city of Omaha alone would consume the entire product of the Grand Island and Norfolk factories if the people would use only sugar made at those two points and it would require from six to ten more factories to supply the balance of the state. It has been estimated that Nebraska consumes as much sugar as ten or a dozen good factories could pro-

There appears to be a number of reasons why Nebraska people do not consume Ne-braska sugar more freely. In the first plac-

prefer eastern made goods, just as prople in the east prefer goods imported from Europe. Another reason for the prejudice against Nebraska sugar is to be found in the fact that two years ago the Norfolk factory spoiled a large quantity of sugar which the proprietors were short-sighted enough to place PREJUDICE AGAINST NEBRASKA SUGAR beet sugar. The sugar was not fit for use and spoiled the fruit that was canned with the big eastern remeries had made a mis-take of that kind they would probably have put the sugar up in sacks branded Nebraska, New Orl:ans or some other name, but never with their own name. With that one excep-Nebraska has two of the best equipped fac-fories in the country for the manufacture of factories has been fully equal to the imported, or to that made in California or the southern

Nebraska sugar is put up in sacks made in the state, thus giving employment to a large number of people who need the work, but there are a great many grocers who prefer augar in barrels, as they can place the barrels behind the counter, thus saving themselves the trouble of emptying the sugar into boxes. Barrels are much more convenient to dip sugar out of than sacks, and they are also much handler for the store cat to scramble up to the counter on in his daily visits to the

Another reason for so little Nebraska sugar being sold in the state is that a great many o contemplate.

A rumor has been circulated of late that bers are too indifferent to send it unless it is demanded. Among a good many jobbers there is a thinly disguised opposition to all manufacturing in the west, because manufac-turers sometimes sell direct to the retail dealers, thus doing away with the jobber. ONLY ONE THING TO DO.

Again, quite a good many jobbers wanted to buy early in the season before the Ne-braska factories were prepared to do business. and as a result they stocked up with eastern sugar. Then later came the railroad cut in to death.

The sugar manufacturers do not like to sugar. Then later came the rank as a readmit it, but it is a fact just the same that admit it, but it is a fact just the same that admit it, but it is a fact just the same that admit it, but it is a fact just the same that admit it, but it is a fact just the same that admit it, but it is a fact just the same that a sugar. Then later came the rank as a re-

Charles H. Picken, manager of the whole sale grocery house of Paxton & Gallagher says; "Up to last year we had trouble with the quality of the sugar turned out by the we are sending out lots of it. I believe the prejudice against Nebraska augar has been out overcome. We make it a point to send out Nebraska sugar to our customers unless something else is specified, but about 75 per cent of the trade in Omaha and Iowa want sugar in barrels, and as that cannot be obtained at Nebraska factories, we have to send them something else. A barrel is more convenient, and here in Omaha they can get 15 cents for the empty barrel. A good many western merchants specify the kind of sugar that they want, so that a jobber is compelled o carry all kinds. If a customer orders Havermeyer & Elder sugar, or New Orleans sugar, there is no use in our sending him anything clse, as he would not receive it. We are putting out Nebraska sugar as fast as we can make the trade take it, and we believe is our duty, and the duly of every other jobber, to do that much at least toward build-ing up an important industry in our state. It is claimed, however, that all jobbers do not look upon it in that light. The best sugar factory at Chino, Cal. has a great advantage ver our Nebraska factories, because the fruit canners and large consumers of that state give their home product the preference."

The leaders in the manufacturers' associa tion say that there is only one way to make sugar manufacturing in Nebraska a success. and that is for the consumers to see to it that be grocers handle Nebraska sugar, and un-

direct result of the large demand for Cali-fornia sugar in California. Hayden Bros' add is on page 2.

less this is done they say that there is not the remotest prospect that any one will ever

locate another factory of that kind in the state. As an indication of the truth of their

nent that Claus Spreckels would locate two

more beet sugar factories in California, as the

statement they point to the recent announce

dent, is Dend.

Mrs. Dudley T. Stewart, who was thrown from a buggy on West Dodge street on September 26, 1895, sustaining a fracture of the spine, died at the Clarkson hospital yes-

terday morning at 3 o'clock. This case was a most remarkable one from a physician's point of view. At it. Thousands of people were prejudiced to such an extent against Nebraska sugar that they have never used any since. If any of the big eastern refineries had made a miscal examination that several of the vertebrae had been broken, although the spinal cord had been left intact. An operation was per-formed in the hope of helping the patient, but it proved unavailing. Mrs. Stewart lived forty-eight days after receiving injuries which in nearly every case are necessarily fatal and her painful experience and long delayed death are said by physicians to

be unusual in medical practice.

Soon after the accident Mrs. Stewart brought suit against the city. In her petition, which was submitted to the city coun-cil, she alleged that the accident was due to the defective condition of the street. It was also alleged that Thirty-third street, extending north from Dodge, was piled with dirt, which was banked up twelve feet high n places. In the petition it is alleged that Mrs. Stewart started the evening of Sep-tember 26 to drive north on Thirty-third street, from Dodge, and at a point 150 feet north of Dodge the carriage slid across the street and struck the curb with such force as to throw her to the pavement and cause the injuries which finally caused her death. The amount of damages was fixed at \$25,-

The petition was referred to the committee on claims. Special Agent Butler looked up the facts in the case and had photographs taken of the street at the point where the accident occurred. The result was that the committee concluded that the city was not lable, and on its recommendation, the claim

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION.

lov. 13th, Nov. 27th and Dec. 11th. On the above dates the Missouri Pacific allway will sell round trip tickets to points in Texas. Arkansas and Louisiana at one fare (plus \$2.00). For particulars, maps, etc., call or address depot, 15th and Webster, or N. E. corner 13th and Farnam streets, Omaha, Neb. Thomas F. Godfrey, P. and T. A. J. O. Phillipi, A. G. F. and P. A.

Chicken Pie Dinner. At Westminster Presbyterian church, Twenty-ninth and Mason streets, Friday evening, November 15, from 6 to 8 o'clock. Coffee, doughnuts and all the "fixins" for

Geo. F. Gellenbeck has removed to 1815 Chicago, where he will receive pupils on banjo and guitar. Rev. Frank Crane lectures at Central

church Friday evening, "The Castle of At-Hayden Bros' add is on page 2.

A Privileged Character

is one who enjoys privileges not granted to others. Such is every traveler via the Union Pacific "Overlas and California. A few of the privileges: You get there quicker. You have no change of cars.

Through Pullman Sleepers and Dining Cars.
Trains heated by steam and lighted with
hintsch Light.

City Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
1302 Farnam St. intsch Light.

Every Day. Double daily service to San Francisco and all California points via Union Pacific. Through Puliman Palace Sleepers, Puliman Colonist Sleepers, Puliman Dining Cars and Free Reclining Chair Cars. The shortest line; the quickest time.
A. C. DUNN,
City Pass. & Ticket Agt.

Columbia Metal Polish. Cross Gun Co. Drs. Nichols & Nichols, special attention to diseases of women and children. 1408 Farnam.

1302 Farnam St.

there is an unnatural antipathy against anything made in the west. Western people thing made in the west. Western people the second washes this Hands of the Frank and South Washes His Hands of the Frank a Mrs. Stewart, the Victim of an Acci- Judge Scott Washes His Hands of the Frank and Specil to Be Called Into

Judge Scott this morning transferred the Ish murder case from his own docket to the of Israel Frank and John Spoerl, charged of his own volition.

noon Judge Scott remarked that he did thit witnesses, Detective McGuire of Chicago, will because he understood that the attorneys in the case were accusing him of prejudice against the prisoner. He stated that he felt sure that he could try the case impartially, but nevertheless he had determined to settle the matter by transferring the case. He was giad to get out of trying it, anyway. Judge Scott also made a few remarks con-

cerning the late meeting in banc of the judges. He said that during the next four years no such thing as sitting in bane would be heard of in the district court. He said that if attorneys were not satisfied to try a case before one of the judges they might make an application to remove the case from before that judge. If he denied it, then the application could be brought before another, and that judge's decision would be final. He then asked Assistant County Attorney Slabaugh, who was trying a case before him to whose docket he should transfer the Isl case. Siabaugh answered that Judge Keysor's docket would be satisfactory. The transfer was made and therefore the Ish murder trial will come up before Judge Keysor on No

Judge Scott did nothing more than take time by the forelock. It was certain that when the case would be called for trial on November 25 before Judge Scott, a motion would have been made to transfer the case to some other docket. As the motion would have prejudice, Judge Scott would have been able to do nothing else than overrule the motion. In that case it is said that another application would have been made to the other district court judges to transfer the case and it is almost certain that the judges, sitting in bane would have done so. When the matter came up before the judges sitting in banc a short time ago, the transfer was sot granted because a motion to transfer had not first been presented to Judge Scott.

Wants a Divorce and Alimony. Yesterday afternoon a divorce suit was begun by Creszentia Nast against her husband,

Albert D. Nast.

Mrs. Nast alleges that on May 1 of this year, her husband described her and began living with another woman, with whom he has since remained. She alleges that he has repeatedly informed hier of his intimacy with the woman, and has urged her to sue for a divorce. During this time Mrs. Nast has been without means of support. She asks that Nast's property, which is worth several thousands of dollars, be divided and she be awarded a share as alimony.

Osthoff Asked to Pay the Bill. In the county court the National Wall Paper company of New York is suing Henry Osthoff for \$330. The wall paper company delivered \$503 worth of goods to Hans:n & Co., on a guarantee signed by Osthoff that he would be good for \$330 of the amount. Hansen & Co. failed to liquidate the account. and therefore the wall paper company is seeking to recover a portion of it from Ost

Young Ford Found Guilty. Yesterday afternoon a jury found Patrick Ford, jr., guilty of highway robbery. Ford's trial lasted a day and a half. At the conclusion of the trial, Frank Gallagher, a comrade of Ford's in the highway robbery, was placed on trial. The two men, with another, Pjerou, who has already been convicted on the same charge, robbed a man named Volte of \$20 on the night of September 20. Mary Puts it Onto Ludwig.

In answer to Ludwig Frank's petition for a divorce, Mary Frank denies the allegations that her husband makes regarding her. She says that she has always been a faithful wife and that Ludwig has been the blameworthy member of the pair. She therefore asks that a decree of divorce be given to her Minor Matters in Court.

Warnock & Raldon have begun suit in the ounty court against E. A. Carmichael to recover \$254 on an account.

Christian Larsen has petitlened that the will of Lars Nelson be admitted to probate.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the cases

docket of Judge Keysor. He said he did this with obtaining money under false pretenses from the city, will be called for trial before Just before the adjournment of the court at Judge Scott. One of the state's important be present and an effort to obtain another, John Bell, of Chicago, is being made. Bell, who was here some time ago, is charged with having appropriated to his own use a diamond ring belonging to Police Matron Cummings. A warrant is out for

his arrest. He therefore has refused to return to this city unless he is promised that he will not be prosecuted, or that his expenses from and back to Chicago are al-lowed. The promise to pay his expenses back is construed to legally include the promise that he will not be prosecuted. The county commissioners have refused to pay the railroad fare both ways, but a telegram was this morning sent to Bell promising him that all his expenses will be

Albert Turnquist is suing for a divorce from Carolina Amelia Vilhelmina Turnquist on the grounds of desertion. They were mar-ried in Sweden in 1884. Mrs. Turnquist is charged with deserting her husband two years ago.

THEY WOULD BE DRUG CLERKS. Applicants for Permits Before the State Board of Pharmacy.

The State Board of Pharmacy, composed of W. D. Haller, A. W. Buchheit, M. E. Shultz, C. M. Clark and Griffin J. Evans, held the examination of candidates for certificates as drug clerks, in the parlors of the Dellone hotel yesterday morning. The board holds four examinations each year, one in Lincoln, two in Omaha and

generally one in Grand Island. The examination in Lincoln has just been heard and at it Stanley J. Green of Friend, J. E. Lamb of Wahoo, C. A. Kydberg-of Stroms-burg, C. E. Slocum of Beatrice and O. E. Patten of Elgin passed. Examinations were in materia medica, toxicology, chemistry, practical and theoretical pharmacy and in each of these the candi-

date must average 70 per cent of correct W. B. Arnold, Omaha; R. H. Bellamy, Arapahoe; I. J. Daniel, Battle Creek; Charles O. Eigner, Ewing; Leopold J. Hart, Omaha; J. A. Kohler, Cozad; Oliver J. Lewis Omaha; A. C. Williams, Meadow Grove, and

The examination was completed yesterday Rev. Frank Crane lectures at Central church Friday evening, "The Castle of Atlantes.

Awarded

Highest Honors-World's Fair,

DR

Hayden Bros' add is on page 2.

W. J. Whitney, Craig.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

## Schlatter Nowhere

Offer that Outrivals Miracles. 800 Pretty Suits.

All wool—with an ironclad guarantee—cassimere very dark grey-with a pin check-or "salt and pepper" as some people call 'em-Italian lined-long cut-cutaway sack-neat-fitting-genteel-for business-for

And Positively Not to be Had For-Less Than Eleven Dollars.

TOMORROW. SATURDAY, SALE BEGINS AT 9 A. M.

This offer is as great to legitimate merchandising as electric light to a tallow candle.

Might be crowded—City folks will be better served if they could get here in the forenoon. Try it.

Nebraska Clothing Co