CONDITION OF OMAHA'S TRADE

Jobbers Have No Important Changes to Report in the Local Situation.

COUNTRY COLLECTIONS NOT VERY BRISK

Mild Weather Too Much in Evidence for the Good of Business—Values on Most Lines of Merchandise About Steady.

The experiences of local jobbers have been fraught with very little in the nature of new or interesting developments in relation to trade matters during the past week. There has been a good, steady demand for merchandise and the volume of goods moving has been about on a par with the previous week. Here and there some little improvement is reported in the demand, but hardly of sufficient importance to warrant the supposition that any material gain has been made during the period under review.

As noted a week ago trade is suffering heavy losses from the continuance of the mild fall weather at a time when cold and stormy weather is needed to give life to the demand for all kinds of seasonable goods. It is doubtful if there can be any improvement in the situation so long as the present weather is continued, and as a rule jobbers do not anticipate any increase in the demand, only as it may be ushered in by a storm of much greater magnitude than anything experienced so far this season.

There is no disguising the fact that collections are far from satisfactory, though it may be truthfully said that they are as good as could be expected. Money is scarce in the country and farmers are compelled to cut off everything but the bare necessities, and even then a good many of them have to be carried, as they have not disposed of their crops. As the season for canvass and the farmers are getting the corn in the cribs there ought to be more farm produce moving and more money returning to the country. This is already being felt in the matter of hog receipts at South Omaha, which are gradually growing, the farmers sending in their surplus stock as fast as it is sufficiently matured.

WITH THE GROCERY TRADE.

The grocery market on a great many lines has remained unchanged during the past week. On the other hand, there has been a gradual firming up in many other directions, owing to the fact that a good many lines of groceries have been sold at or even below the actual cost of production for some little time. Manufacturers are becoming a little tired of losing money, and the market is in consequence being pushed up a little. Among the items that have shown improvement is the matter of values are evaporated apples, raspberries, fancy peaches, cheese, mackerel and sauer kraut.

It can be said that the tone of the market on mackerel is somewhat firm for the reason that stocks of all descriptions, with the possible exception of Irish, are light, lighter in fact than for several years past. By comparison with the few seasons past the Norway catch was a complete failure.

Since the opening of the season the market for California raisins has been in an unsettled and unsatisfactory condition, and there does not appear to be much prospect for any change for the better here-about. Fine stock is firm at the late advance, while the poorer grades have been attributed to the large crop, of which a considerable quantity was of a low grade. It is now reported from California that the feeling there is firmer and that shipments are being made on a less extensive scale.

Very few Valencia raisins are to be seen in the market any more. The disastrous experiences of recent years have made importers afraid of coming into competition with the California fruit, and it looks now as if the foreign raisin would soon be a curiosity in this country.

All indications point to a small pack of low price salmon this year. The Alaska packing will show a shortage of fully 100,000 cases from the quantity that packers had calculated on, and on which estimates they had made their sales, consequently higher prices are anticipated for that class of goods.

HARDWARE MEN LAMENTING.

Even hardware men are lamenting the continuance of mild weather which tends to keep trade along in the old rut without there being any opportunity for a rapid movement of goods.

The actual condition of trade is all that could be expected under the circumstances, but it is of an uneventful character and with a monotonous sameness from week to week.

The market has shown no important change, values being well maintained, but no advances, so far as can be learned, are anticipated by those best informed as to the course of prices.

WEATHER IS TOO GOOD.

As noted a week ago, the boot and shoe trade is suffering from too much pleasant weather. There have been slight rains out over the state, but not at the time that have been by far too pleasant for the good of the trade. When it is remembered that in many localities there has not been a rain of any importance, until this week, since the middle of September, and that in addition the weather has been very mild and pleasant, the only wonder is that trade is really as good as it is at the present time. In spite of all drawbacks there is a fair movement of goods in this line, but nothing like there ought to be under more favorable circumstances.

It is claimed that leather is looking up somewhat and that the feeling is better, which would have a tendency to hold prices steady in the line of boots and shoes. In some sections a better demand is reported for leather, while the closing down of the tanneries belonging to the United States Leather company will cause a large reduction in the supply. For the ten months of 1895 cattle receipts at the leading markets of the country have fallen off to the extent of a half-million head as compared with the corresponding months of last year. This certainly ought to place leather in a strong position.

DRY GOODS TRADE FAIR.

While it is true that there is a fair movement of merchandise in the dry goods line, the volume of business is far from what might be expected under more favorable conditions. The fact is that trade is being governed in a large degree by the weather conditions, which, as already pointed out, are not of the character calculated to produce a good active demand for any kind of winter goods.

The dry goods trade as a whole has been rather of an uninteresting character during the period under review and there is very little to say regarding it that would be of general interest.

The most important event of the week so far as the market on heavy goods is concerned was the action of an American manufacturer in opening the season for new heavyweight woolens by announcing his prices for the next season on piece-dyed clay diagonals, all-wool kerseys and beavers, advancing the goods sharply beyond the opening price of last season, and from 10 to 15 cents per yard beyond values that have ruled during the past few months.

The question of styles for next season's fancy worsteds has been pretty fully determined, but the question of prices is as yet unsettled. As to how important a part these fabrics will play in the fall of '96 is more or less doubtful also, but there are good reasons for believing the business to be accomplished will be larger and the prices obtained more satisfactory than last season.

As to styles, the coming season promises to show many visible and invisible plaids, pinchecks, etc., striking patterns in golf and bicycle effects in wide variety; in fact, an entire departure from the small, dull blue craze of previous seasons. There is a decided change in fashion and there may be in price, but until the situation is more clearly defined it is difficult to say just what values will prevail.

SOUTH OMAHA LIVE STOCK.

At South Omaha there has been an improvement in the arrivals of hogs on the live stock market, but at the same time there is a falling off in the receipts of cattle. The season when range cattle may be expected to arrive on the market is practically over. There will in all probability be a few more, and on some days the receipts may prove to be large, but nothing like a steady run of any importance can be expected from now on.

With the season for range cattle practically at an end, it looks very much as if there would be very quiet times in the yards for some little time so far as business in the cattle division is concerned. Native cattle in the country tributary to this market were pretty well cleaned out as a natural result of the crop failure of 1894, and the farmers have had time to grow a fresh assembly, and have they had the money to buy cattle from the ranges to place on feed. Thousands of head of feeders have been sold at South Omaha the past summer and fall, but the most of them have gone into Missouri, Iowa and other states from which they are not likely to return to this market. Under the circumstances there is hardly room for expecting anything other than a very light cattle business from now on for some months.

The hog business is expected to show a gradual improvement as the quantity of feed in the country could hardly fail to produce a large crop of hogs. In some respects it is of greater advantage to have a good hog business. The packing and curing of pork requires much more labor than the handling of cattle and for that reason South Omaha will receive more benefit from the improvement in the receipts of hogs than she has from the large cattle run of the past summer and fall.

OMAHA GENERAL MARKET.

Condition of Trade and Quotations on Staple and Fancy Produce.

The week closes with eggs strong and poultry weak.

Game is in good demand and is selling freely at steady prices. Quotations:

EGGS—Strictly fresh stock, 16@16½c.

BUTTER—Packing stock, 9c; fair to good country, 12@14c; choice to fancy country, 14@15c; gathered creamery, 16@18c; separator creamery, 18@20c.

VEAL—Choice fat, 70 to 100 lbs., are quoted at 6@7c; large and coarse, 4@5c.

CHEESE—Domestic brick, 11½c; Edams, per doz., $1.8; Club House, 14lb jars, per doz., $1.60; Limburger, factory, 9½c; Roquefort, 45c; Swiss, per doz., $1.80; Young Americas, 11@12c; Twins, fancy, 11c.

POULTRY—Live—Hens, per lb., 5½c; chickens, per lb., mixed, 5½c; spring, 5½c; ducks, 7@8c; turkeys, 7@8c; geese, 7@8c. Dressed—Chickens, 8@9c; ducks, 9@10c; turkeys, choice, 9@10c.

HAY—Upland, $6; midland, $5.50; lowland, $5; rye straw, $4; oaten straw (in the sack), $3.50; light loads bring the best. Only top grades bring top prices.

BROOM CORN—New crop, delivered on track in this country, choice green self-working carpet, per lb., 2½@3c; choice green running to hurl, 2½@3c; common, 1½@2c.

GAME—Prairie chickens, young, per doz., $8; prairie chickens, old, $3.50@2.50; quail, $1.75@2.00; jack snipe, $1; plover, $1.25; jack rabbits, per doz., $2.00@3.00; small rabbits, $1; mallard ducks, $3; redheads, $3; canvasback ducks, $2.50; teal, blue wing, $1.25; teal, green wing, $1.50; mixed ducks, $1.50; Canada geese, $6; small geese, $4.50; brants, $3.50; feet saddles, 15@16c; deer carcasses, 12½@13c; elk saddles, 12c; elk carcasses, 9c; antelope saddles, 14@16c; antelops carcasses, 10@11c.

VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—On track, car lots, 25c; small lots from store, 30c.

ONIONS—Per bu., 25@30c; imported Spanish onions, per crate, $2@2.25. Some grown Spanish per bbl., $1.50; 2 to 5-bbl. lots, $1.35.

BEANS—Hand-picked navy, per bu., $1.75@1.80.

POTATOES—Choice stock, 20@25c; car lots, 25 @30c.

SWEET POTATOES—Choice stock, $1.10 per bbl.

CABBAGE—On orders, crated, per 100 lbs., 50c@$1.00.

CELERY—Choice stock, large No. 1, 40@45c; large No. 2, 30c; small, 20@30c.

LIMA BEANS—Per lb., 5½c.

WATER CRESS—Per 15-qt. case, $1.50@1.75.

FRUITS.

Notwithstanding reports of freezing in New York state, the market continues to be steadily supplied with all the Concord grapes an ever coms here. There is a free movement, and prices have not advanced appreciably. Quotations:

CALIFORNIA QUINCES—Per box., $1.50.

CALIFORNIA PEARS—No Bartletts suitable for shipping; other varieties, $2.

IDAHO PEARS—Per case, $2.

CRANBERRIES—Choice stock, per bbl., $8.50.

ALMERIA GRAPES—Per 50-lb. bbl., $5.00@5.50.

EASTERN GRAPES—New York Concords, per basket, 20@25c.

CALIFORNIA GRAPES—Tokays, per double case, $3.50@3.75.

APPLES—Jonathans, $2.25@2.50; choice shipping stock, Ben Davis, Gravton, Winesap, etc., bbls., $2.50@2.75; cooking apples, $2.25@2.50.

CALIFORNIA PEACHES—None.

TROPICAL FRUITS.

ORANGES—Mexicans, per box, $4.00; Jamaicas, per box, $3.75.

LEMONS—California, per box, $6.00@6.25.

BANANAS—Choice large stock, per bunch, $2. medium sized bunches, $1.75.

PINEAPPLES—Per doz., $3.

HIDES AND TALLOW.

HIDES—No. 1 green hides, 5c; No. 2 green hides, 4c; No. 1 green salted hides, 6c; No. 2 green salted hides, 5c; No. 1 salted hides, 7c; No. 2 green salted hides, 6c; No. 1 veal calf, 8 to 15 lbs., 8c; No. 2 veal calf, 8 to 15 lbs., 6c; No. 1 dry flint hides, 15@16c; No. 2 dry flint hides, 9@10c; No. 1 dry salted hides, 9c; No. 2 dry salted hides, 8c; part cured hides, 4c per lb. less than fully cured.

SHEEP PELTS—Green salted, each 25@60c, green salted shearlings (short wooled early skins), each 10@25c; dry shearlings (short wooled early skins), No. 1, each, 15c; dry shearlings (short wooled early skins), No. 2, each, 5c; dry flint Kansas and Nebraska butcher wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 18@20c; dry flint Kansas and Nebraska Murrain wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 15@16c; dry flint Colorado butcher wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 40@45c; dry flint Colorado Murrain wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 30@35c; dry deep pelts and bucks, actual weight, 25@30c. Have to cut off, as it is useless to pay freight on them.

TALLOW AND GREASE—Tallow No. 1, 3½c; tallow No. 2, 3c; grease, white A, 3½c; grease, white B, 3c; grease, yellow, 2½c; grease, dark, 2c; old butter, 2@2½c; beeswax, prime, 15@22c; rough tallow, 1½c.

BONES—In car lots weighed and delivered in Chicago: Dry buffalo, per ton, $12.00@14.00; dry country, bleached, per ton, $10.00@12.00; dry country, dark and meaty, per ton, $6.00@8.00.

WOOL—Unwashed, fine heavy, 69@c; fine light, 83@c; quarter blood, 10@12c; seedy, burry and chaffy, 5@8c; unwashed and broken, coarse, 7@8c; scoured and broken, fine, 68@c. Fleece washed—Medium, 15@16c; fine, 14@16c; tub washed, 16@18c; black, 8c; bucks, 6c; tag locks, 2@3c; dead pulled, 5@6c.

FURS.

	No. 1 Lge.	No. 1 Med	No. 1 Sm'll	2	3
BEAR—					
Black	$20@25	$ 15 00	$ 8@10	$10@12	$ 5 00
Black Yearlings	12@15	10 00	7 00	7 00	3 00
Black Cubs	8@ 5	5@ 6	4 00	5 00	2 00
Black Montana & Mountain	18@22	14 00	10 00	10 00	4 00
Black Montana Yearlings	12 00	8 00	5 00	5 00	2 50
Black Montana Cubs	6 50	4 50	3 00	4 00	2 00
Silver Tip	20 00	12 00	8 00	9 00	4 00
Silver Tip Yrlgs.	11 00	8 00	5 00	5 00	2 50
Silver Tip Cubs	8 00	5 50	3 00	4 00	2 00
Brown	20@25	16 00	12 00	12 00	5 00
Yearlings	10@12	8 00	6 00	8 00	4 00
Cubs	7 00	5 00	3 00	4 00	2 00
Badger	10@ 8 50	6 00	4 00	5 00	2 50
Fisher	8 50	6 00	4 00	4 00	2 00
FOX—					
Silver (according to Natl)	100 00	60 00	40 00	30 00	10 00
Silver Pale (according to beal's)	50 00	30 00	20 00	15 00	6 00
Cross	7 00	3 00	2 00	1 50	1 00
Red	1 50	1 00	75	50	25
Gray	75	50	40	25	15
Kit	50	40	30	25	15
Lynx	2 00	2 00	1 00	1 50	50
Marten	2 00	1 50	1 00	1 25	50
Mink	80@85	60	40	45	15
Mink Dark	85	65	45	50	15
Mountain Lion, perfect head and feet	10 2				
Otter	8 00	6@ 7	5 00	4 00	2 00
Otter Pale	7 00	5 00	4 00	3 00	1 50
Raccoon	60@70	50	35	20	10
Raccoon, Black, (is to beauty)	50@ 2				
SKUNK—					
Black, cased	1 25	75	50	50	25
Short striped	1 00	70	45	40	20
Narrow striped	75	40	25	20	10
Broad striped	2@2½				
Wolverine	4 00	3 00	2 00	2 00	1 00
Wolf Mountain	3 00	2 00	1 50	75	40
Wolf Prairie	60@80	50	40	20	10
Beaver, per skin	4 50	3 50	2 00	4 00	2 00
Beaver Kits	2 00	1 50	75	50	25
MUSKRATS—					
Spring	8@10	9	7		
Winter		7	6		
Fall		5	3		
Kits		2			

DRESSED MEATS.

BEEF—Light western steers, 400 to 600 lbs., 4½@5c; good cows and heifers, 4½@5c; medium cows and heifers, 4½@4½c; good forequarters cows and heifers, 3½@4c; good hindquarters cows and heifers, 5½@7c; fair hindquarters cows and heifers, 6c; cow rounds, 4½@5½c; cow chucks, 3½@3½c; steer chucks, 3½@4c; beef tenderloins, 20@25c; beef rolls, boneless, 8½c; sirloin butts, boneless, 8½c; loin backs, boneless, 8½c; loin backs, 6½c; cow ribs, No. 2, 6c; cow loins, No. 2, 7c; steer ribs, 7½c; steer loins, 9c.

MUTTON—Dressed mutton, 5½c; racks mutton, 5½c; legs mutton, 7c; saddles mutton, 7c; stews, 2½c.

PORK—Pork loins, 7c; spare ribs, 5c; pork shoulders, 5c; pork shoulders, skinned, 5½c; tenderloins, 15c; pigs' feet, cleaned, per doz., 25c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OYSTERS—Mediums, 13c; horseshoes, 20c; extra standards, 25c; extra selects, 25c; company selects, New York counts, 30c; standard bulk, per gal., $1.10.

CIDER—Pure juice, per half bbl., $2.60; per bbl., $4.50.

SAUER KRAUT—Per bbl., $3.50; half bbl., $2.

NUTS—California almonds, 10c; English walnuts, soft shelled, 12½c; standards, 11c; filberts, 10c; Brazil nuts, 5@10c; pecans, 10@12c; peanuts, raw, 5@6c; roasted, 7@7½c; chestnuts, 10@12c; black walnuts, per bu., 75c; small hickory nuts, per bu., $1.25.

MAPLE SYRUP—Five-gal. cans, each, $2.75@ $3.00; per doz., $12, 1-gal. cans, $6.25; quart cans, $2.75.

FIGS—New crop, California, 13-lb. boxes, per lb., 10c; common California figs, 60-lb. boxes, 6@7c.

DATES—Persian, 60-lb. boxes, per lb., 5c; fards, 12-lb. boxes, per lb., 8c.

MAPLE SUGAR—Choice, per lb., 9@10c.

PRESERVES—Assorted, 25-lb. pails, each $1.40.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Temperature and weather were not favorable to an increased demand for purely seasonable fabrics, and such engagements were restricted to orders calling for immediate quantities to meet current requirements of an urgent character. There was little doing in spring stuff; no buyers of importance were present, trading cloths quiet but firm at 3 5-16c. Sales for the week, 268,000 pieces.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 9.—There has been a moderate business in the print cloth market during the week. The demand for regulars, both for spots or very early deliveries, and there were not enough in sight to allow any free trading. There was quite a good demand for odds during the first part of the week, and manufacturers of these fabrics did fairly. Messrs. Remington and Dodd furnished the following statement: Production for the week, 220,000 pieces; deliveries, 99,000 pieces; stock odds, 46,000 pieces; 64-64, 7,000 pieces; 60-64, 53,000 pieces; last week's stock, 33,000 pieces; sales odds, 176,000 pieces; 64-64, 24,000 pieces; 60-000 pieces; spots, 47,000 pieces; futures, 100,000 pieces; sales for weekly delivery: November, 167,000 pieces; December, 128,000 pieces; January, 44,000 pieces; February, 30,000 pieces; March, 26,000 pieces; April, 7,000 pieces; May, 6,000 pieces; June, 5,000 pieces.

Minneapolis Wheat Market.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 9.—WHEAT—Steady; closed: November, 55c; December, 55@55¼c; May, 59¼@59½c. On the track: No. 1 hard, 58½c; No. 1 northern, 55½c; No. 2 northern, 51½c; receipts, 629 cars.

FLOUR—Steady; first patents, $3.15@3.45; domestic bakers, 12.65@3.75; export bakers, $2.00@ 2.40.

New York Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, increase, $1,966,650; loans, decrease, $4,768,700; specie, increase, $210,500; legal tender, increase, $373,500; deposits, decrease, $3,598,600; circulation, decrease, $89,300. The banks now hold $19,280,350 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

December Wheat Fell Off Early on a Variety of News.

CORN DECLINED ON HEAVY COVERING

In Provisions Prospective Large Receipt of Hogs Next Week Caused a Weak Feeling from the Beginning.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—The continued rains and snowy weather and the fact that there is no apparent abatement in the receipts at northwestern points caused December wheat to fall off this morning soon after the opening, which was at yesterday's closing price, 58½c. It soon dropped to 58¾c, but encouraging cables and some good news caused a reaction to 58¾c. Consideration of statistical reports and light clearances from Atlantic ports then had a bad effect and the price fell off again, and after various changes closed at from 58¼c to 58¾c. The estimated result of the week's domestic movement of wheat is that the visible supply will, on Monday, show an increase of from 2,500,000 bu. to 3,000,000 bu. Minneapolis and Duluth are expected to give an increase of 1,300,000 bu. and New York an increase of about 250,000 bu.

In corn the prospect of clearing weather, with perhaps the more important matter that the November shorts nearly all covered yesterday, caused a decline of ¼c in that future. December and May are within 1-16c of their previous day's closing value. Trade was small.

Oats continued very dull. Sales were very small and changes in price slight. May opened and closed at yesterday's prices, 28¾c.

In provisions prospective large receipts of hogs next week caused a weak feeling from the beginning and a decline of 12½c in pork was finally established for the day. Lard and ribs did not participate to the full in the weakness, the decline in each being only 2½c.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat, No. 2				
Nov	57⅞	58	57⅞	57⅝
Dec	58¾	58⅝	58¼	58¼
May	62¾	63	62⅝	62⅝
Corn, No. 2				
Nov	20⅜	20⅜	20	20⅛
Dec	28¾	28¾	27⅞	28
May	29½	29½	29¼	29¼
Oats, No. 2				
Nov				18⅝
Dec	18¾	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝
May	20⅜	20⅝	20⅜	20⅜
Pork per bbl				
Nov				8 10
Jan	9 15	9 17½	9 05	9 05
May	9 47½	9 50	9 37½	9 37½
Lard, 100 lbs				
Nov				5 52½
Dec	5 62½	5 65	5 02½	5 62½
May	5 82½	5 85	5 82½	5 82½
Short Ribs				
Nov				4 50
Jan	4 60	4 62½	4 57½	4 57½
May	4 80	4 85	4 80	4 80

Cash quotations were as follows:

FLOUR—Steady; winter patents, $3.15@3.50; straights, $2.75@3.10; spring patents, $3.10@ 3.50; spring straights, $2.65@2.90; bakers, $1.85@ 2.30.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 57½@58¾c; No. 3 spring, 57@57½c; No. 2 red, 58¾@61¾c.

CORN—No. 2, 28½c.

OATS—No. 2, 18½c; No. 2 white, 18¾@19c; No. 3 white, 18¼@18¾c.

RYE—No. 2, 37c.

BARLEY—No. 2, 48c; No. 3, 37@38c; No. 4, 34@36c.

FLAX SEED—No. 1, 80½@81c.

TIMOTHY SEED—Prime, $3.60.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork, per bbl., $8.12½@8.25. lard, per 100 lbs., $5.57½@5.60; short ribs, sides (loose), $4.50@4.60; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $4.25@4.37½; short clear sides (boxed), $4.87½@ 5.00.

WHISKY—Distillers' finished goods, per gal., $1.22.

POULTRY—Steady; turkeys, 7@7½c; chickens, 6½@6c; ducks, 9@9½c.

The following were the receipts and shipments today:

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	12,000	15,000
Wheat, bu	170,000	140,000
Corn, bu	246,000	244,000
Oats, bu	242,000	195,000
Rye, bu	4,000	3,000
Barley, bu	108,000	40,000

On the Produce exchange today the butter market was quiet; creamery, 14@22c; dairy, 9@ 19c. Eggs, firm; 14½@14½c.

NEW YORK GENERAL MARKET.

Closing Quotations on the Principal Commodities and Staples.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—FLOUR—Receipts, 32,300 bbls.; exports, 7,500 bbls.; quiet and easy with wheat; Minneapolis patents, $3.50@3.75; Minnesota bakers, $2.75@3.10. Rye flour, steady; superfine, $2.50@2.75; fancy, $2.80@3.00. Buckwheat flour, easy; $1.50, spot.

CORN MEAL—Steady; yellow western, coarse, 75@78c.

BRAN—Dull at $2.60.

HAY—Nominal, 85c@$1.20.

HOPS—Nominal, N. Y. 2 western, 42c.

BARLEY—Weak; western, 46@48c.

BARLEY MALT—Weak; western, 58@60c.

WHEAT—Receipts, 32,500 bu.; exports, 7,500 bu. No. 1 Northern, nominal. Options opened firmer on war rumors, but soon turned weak under continued wet weather west and large receipts of spring wheat, together with financial depression and closed barely steady; closed quiet and lower. No. 2 red, May, 68 9-16@62½c; closed 63¾c.

CORN—Receipts, 85,800 bu.; exports, 700 bu. Spot, dull; No. 2, 36½c. Options opened steadier on rains west, eased off with wheat and clearing weather and closed unchanged; May, 35⅝@ 35 13-16c, closed 35⅝c.

OATS—Receipts, 128,000 bu.; exports, 4,400 bu. Spot market, dull; No. 2, 23½c. Options quiet and weak, closing ½@¾c lower; May, 25⅜c.

HAY—Steady; shipping, $7.00@7.50; good to choice, $80@90.

HOPS—Steady; state, common to choice, 1894 crop, 32@3c; 1895 crop, 29@30c; Pacific coast, 1894 crop, 32@3c; 1895 crop, 30@31c.

HIDES—Quiet; Texas, 21 to 25 lbs., 18@18½c; Galveston, 20 to 25 lbs., 15c; Buenos Ayres, dry, 20 to 24 lbs., 21c; Texas, dry, 24 to 30 lbs., 12@13c.

LEATHER—Steady; hemlock sole, Buenos Ayres, light to heavy, 24c; acid, 21½@22c.

WOOL—Quiet; domestic fleece, 18@24c; pulled, 19@22c.

PROVISIONS—Beef, steady; family, $10.00@ 12.00; extra mess, $8.00@8.50; beef hams, $15.00@ 15.50; packet, $9.00@11.00; city extra India mess, $16.00@18.00. Cut meats, dull. Lard, quiet; western steam closed at $5.90 bid; refined, steady. Pork, firm; new mess, $9.75@10.25; family, $11.50@ 12.00.

BUTTER—Steady; western dairy, 10½@11c; western creamery, 15@23c; Elgins, 25c.

CHEESE—Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 21@22c; western, 19@22½c.

TALLOW—Steady; city, 4¼c; country, 4¼c.

PETROLEUM—Quiet; United closed at $1.49 bid.

CHEESE—Easier; large, state, 7¼@10¾c.

ROSIN—Firm; strained, common to good, $1.65 @1.70.

MOLASSES—Steady; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice, 29@32c.

TURPENTINE—Quiet; 28@28½c.

RICE—Dull; domestic, fair to extra, 3¾@6¼c.

METALS—Pig iron, quiet; southern, $12.00@ 14.00. Copper, steady; lake, 10.00@10.12½. Lead, quiet; brokers' price, $3.20. Tin, quiet; straits, $14.55; plates, quiet. Spelter, weak; domestic, $3.80.

COTTON SEED OIL—Quiet; crude, 24@24½c; mild, 29@30c; off summer yellow, 27@27½c.

St. Louis General Market.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 9.—WHEAT—Experienced a setback at the opening because of reports of the war news and the continued rains and heavy receipts in the northwest, and throughout the remainder of the day the market was depressed, closing ½@¾c under yesterday; No. 2 red, cash, 61¼c bid; November, 57¾c; December, 58¼@58¾c; May, 62¾c bid.

CORN—Easier on predictions for a clearing up of the unsettled weather and reports of expected increased receipts for next week, closing below yesterday; No. 2 mixed, cash, 24¾c; November, 24¾c; December, 24¾c; May, 29¼@29¾c.

OATS—Steady; fairly active trading; light spot dull; No. 2, cash, 17½c bid; November, 18c; December, 17¾@18c; May, 20¾c.

RYE—No demand; offered on call at 36½c, but received no bids.

CORN MEAL—$1.45@1.50.

BRAN—Fairly active; 52½@53½c for sacked, east track.

HAY—Firm and unchanged; prairie, $6.50@9.50; timothy, $8.50@14.25.

WHISKY—$1.22.

POULTRY—Weak; turkeys, lower, 6c; chickens, lower, 50@5c; ducks, steady, 7½c; geese, steady, 6c.

BUTTER—Steady; creamery, 18@24c; dairy, 8@ 16c.

EGGS—Higher; 17c loss off.

LEAD—Nominally held at $3.02½@2.05.

SPELTER—Offered at $3.55, but no bids.

PROVISIONS—Pork, standard mess, jobbing, $8.50@8.62½. Lard, prime steam, $5.30; choice, $5.37½. Bacon, boxed shoulders, $5.25; longs, $5.10; shorts, ribs, $5.25.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 2,000 bbls.; wheat, 45,000 bu.; corn, 24,000 bu.; oats, 12,000 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 5,000 bbls.; wheat, 13,000 bu.; corn, 4,000 bu.; oats, 16,000 bu.

Cotton Market.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 9.—COTTON—Quiet, ⅛c lower; middling, 8¾c; sales, 225 bales; receipts, 1,527 bales; stock, 124,005 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 9.—COTTON—Quiet; middling, 8¾c; low middling, 8¼c; good ordinary, 7 15-16c; net receipts, none; gross, 7,100 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 3,800 bales; to France, 12,481 bales; to the continent, 850 bales; coastwise, 2,872 bales; sales, 1,150 bales; stock, 318,929 bales.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—COTTON—Quiet; middling, 8¾c; net receipts, none; gross, 5,315 bales; forwarded, 1,914 bales; sales, 545 bales, all spinners; stock, 185,510 bales. Futures closed steady: January, 8.20 bales; January, 8.47; February, 8.42; March, 8.56; April, 8.60; May, 8.65; June, 8.69; August, 8.74; November, 8.39; December, 8.41; spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8¾c; middling gulf, 9c; sales, 125 bales.

Sugar Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—SUGAR—Raw, firm; fair refining, 3¾@3½c; centrifugal Java, 96 test, 3¾@ 3¾c; refined, quiet; standard A, 4¾c; confectioners', 4⅝c; cut loaf, 5¼c; crushed, 5¼c; powdered, 4¾c; granulated, 4¼c; cubes, 4¾c.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—SUGAR—Cane, 10s; nothing doing; centrifugal Java, 12s 3d; Muscovado, fair refining, 9s 6d; beet, steady; prices barely maintained; November, 10s 7½d; December, 10s 7½d.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Securities Opened Active and Weak with Sharp Recessions.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The stock market opened active and weak, with sharp recessions in some of the shares having an international range. The speculative line was unchanged and material gains were noted in Leather preferred, Tobacco, Chicago Gas, Sugar and the granger's. In the final hour of business unfavorable advices were received from Europe as to the political situation and rumors were circulated of arrangements to ship several millions of gold to Europe by next Wednesday's steamers. These reports could not be confirmed, but found ready acceptance, owing to the strength of the sterling exchange market. The dealings became irregular and the professional traders inclined to heaviness, while the railway list was fairly well sustained. The closing was irregular, with the important changes confined, as a rule, to the industrial list. The strength manifested in some of the week's speculation has been a continuous liquidation in the international railway stocks by European holders and steadily declining prices. The movement has been almost entirely attributed to developments abroad, as many of the roads whose stocks have been affected show handsome increases in their current earnings, while the news from abroad is of a vague and unsettling character and is reflected in foreign quotations at the foreign financial centers. Conditions at home are in the main satisfactory. The increased money holdings of the New York banks indicate that the crop moving season is practically over, currency is returning to this city. The decrease in loans in today's bank statement simply reflects the liquidation in the stock market. Railroad earnings notable increases have been reported by the trunk lines in central western and northwestern properties, an important instance being the gain by the St. Paul of over $87,000 for October. On the other hand, material decreases continue to be shown on the southwestern lines, due very largely to the reduced cotton traffic. Toward the latter part of the week there were indications that conservative capitalists who had parted with their stocks on or near the crest of the recent rise were again purchasers. The heaviest losses for the week are in the foreign arbitrage stocks. Canadian Pacific entered on exceptional net decline of 6¾ per cent, Louisville & Nashville 3¾ per cent and Denver preferred 5 per cent. In the other markets Tennessee Coal dropped 4¾ per cent on net, Cleveland, Lake Erie & Western preferred, 4½ per cent; Leather preferred, 4¼ per cent, Ann Arbor preferred (when issued), 4 per cent; and New Jersey Central, 3½ per cent. Many other net losers occurred. At the extreme low points Chesapeake & Ohio was off 2¾ per cent, Tennessee Coal 5¾ per cent and Texas 3 per cent. The aggregate sales were 1,368,830 shares. The bond market today was moderately active and depressed. The aggregate sales were $751,000. St. Louis Southwestern prior lien, 4 per cent, and St. Paul lots, L. & D. extension, 2 per cent, Atchison adjustment 4s (when issued) and Louisville & New Albany 5s, 1½ per cent. Ohio & Mississippi 2ds, 1½ per cent, and Union Pacific 4s, 1 per cent, which are ¼ and 2¼@ 4¾ per cent lower. The dealings aggregated $4,978,000. Governments were somewhat more active and dealings amounting to $107,000 on a slightly higher range. State issues were dull and without change of importance. The transactions comprised $10,000 Tennessee settlement 3s, at a small decline. Virginia deferred 6s were neglected, only $3,000 being dealt in.

The New York Financier says this week: The statement of the associated banks of New York City for the week ending November 9 in nowise reflects the actual condition prevailing during the six days covered, but it does show the narrowness of the present market for funds. According to the tabulated statement, the banks gained $1,184,000 in cash. The fact of the matter is the banks lost enough money through the interior movement to have partially offset the gain. Not since May 18 that have the total loans been as low as reported last week, and the comparison from the high water mark of $322,698,800, reached on September 14, is about $7,000,000. The loan item is the only one which was at the first of the year. Deposits now stand at $237,935,800, a decrease of almost $40,000 in two months.

The Evening Post's London cablegram says: There was a panic in all the markets in the earlier hours, with indiscriminate selling. Dealings were almost impossible. Consols fell to 103, but closed at about 103⅞, and other things were a little better at the close. Political events and financial scares from abroad coming up on a large bull account were the main cause of the trouble, but the fall has now gone so far that trouble is feared here unless the turn comes quickly.

The following were the closing quotations on the leading stocks of the New York exchange today:

Atchison	16	U. P. D. & G	4
Adams Ex	150	Northwestern	104¾
Alton, T. H	59	do pfd	146
Am. Express	115½	N. Y. Central	99¼
Baltimore & Ohio	54⅜	N. Y. & N. E	40
Canada Pacific	58	Ontario & W	15¼
Canada Southern	53½	Oregon Imp	5⅝
Central Pacific	16	Oregon Nav	21
Ches. & Ohio	19	O. S. L. & U. N	6
Chicago & Alton	160	Pacific Mail	27
C., B. & Q	93	P. D. & E	4¾
Chicago Gas	65	Pittsburg	165⅝
Consolidated Gas	146¾	Pullman Palace	164
C., C., C. & St. L	39⅜	Reading	17
C., R. I. & P	90	R. G. W	17
Cotton Oil Cert	20	R. G. W. pfd	35
Delaware & Hud	129	Rock Island	73⅝
Del., Lack. & W	167	St. Paul	70¾
D. & R. G. pfd	43⅜	do pfd	125⅝
D. & C. F. Co	20⅝	St. P. & Omaha	40⅜
Erie	10	do pfd	120
do pfd	24⅝