THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6, 1895. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

EMPIRE STATE REPUBLICAN

Tammany Gets Back Into Control of Affairs in the City.

DEMOCRATS CONCEDE THE STATE

Voting Was Unattended by Any Exciting Scenes—Republican Majority in the State Placed at 40,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—New York state has been carried by the republicans by pluralities ranging from 48,000 to 52,000, compared with a plurality of 24,484 for the head of the ticket two years ago. Returns from more than one-half of the election districts outside of the cities of New York and Brooklyn or "above the Harlem," show a net republican gain of 12,803, compared with the vote of two years ago. Maintaining the same average, the gains will reach 23,000 outside of Greater New York. In the two cities below the Harlem the democratic plurality of 60,343 two years ago has been reduced about 12,000, giving the state to the head of the republican ticket by 50,000 plurality in round numbers.

In 1893 Palmer (republican), for secretary of state, had a plurality of 84,827 in New York state above the Harlem river, while Myer (democrat) had a plurality in New York and Kings county of 60,343, giving the republican candidate a plurality of 24,484 on the total state vote. This year Palmer (republican), for secretary of state, has carried the state above the Harlem, based upon returns from 1,795 election districts out of a total of 3,383, or more than one-half of the outside election districts, by probably 100,000 plurality. King (democrat) has carried New York and Kings county by a plurality of nearly 50,000, giving the head of the republican ticket a safe plurality of 50,000 in the state at large.

The two branches of the legislature remain as before, under the direction of the republicans. The election throughout the state was orderly and rapidly conducted, and the results were quickly compiled. All the talk about the difficulty of handling the blanket ballot went for naught. So far as the success or failure of the blanket ballot was concerned the advices from all over the state show that there was little or no trouble and that the ballot was so much of a success that the vote was polled quicker than ever before.

Returns received by the Associated press from all but 497 of the 3,383 election districts north of the Harlem river in New York state give Palmer, republican, for secretary of state, 344,709; King, democrat, 224,715; a republican plurality of 119,994 outside of New York and Kings county, showing a republican gain of 26,333 compared with 1893. Deducting the democratic plurality below the Harlem bridge, the republican plurality in the state at large will be in excess of 70,000.

The figures from New York City in the early evening showed there was little or no chance for the democratic state ticket, for the meagre majorities given in the various districts indicated so small a plurality that it would not offset the normal plurality which the republicans bring down to Harlem bridge. The total vote of the state shows a falling off compared with the vote of 1893, the decrease being confined, however, to the districts north of Harlem river. The city vote is fully equal to that of two years ago.

The New York Mail and Express says: "The republican state ticket will have from 30,000 to 35,000 majority, the returns indicating the higher figures. Erie county will give 5,000 republican majority. The secretary of state (democrat) concedes 40,000 plurality for the republicans."

John C. Sheehan concedes New York state to the republicans and claims the city has gone 20,000 to 30,000 for the Tammany ticket.

At 6:36 o'clock tonight Commissioner Roosevelt said at police headquarters: "I admit the democratic county ticket is successful. It is too bad that the goo-gooers ran a ticket for themselves, thus compelling the fusion ticket to go it alone."

The election of Amos J. Cummings, democrat, to congress from the Tenth district is conceded by the republicans. Last year that district went republican by a small margin. Cummings' plurality is estimated at 4,000.

There has been a hard fight in the Fifteenth senatorial district over the candidacy of Frank D. Pavey, who as a republican in the last assembly acted independently of party mandates. Pavey was supported by republicans and independents, and returns from forty-nine of the 111 districts give him 4,696 against 2,875 for Birn, Tammany.

A World bulletin says both branches of the New York legislature will be heavily republican.

At midnight returns from 2,220 election districts out of 3,383 above Harlem, or two-thirds of the state outside of New York and Kings counties, give Palmer, republican, for secretary of state, 285,802; King, democrat, 182,786, showing a republican plurality of 103,106, a republican gain of 19,332 compared with 1893.

The World tomorrow will say editorially: "The reactionary result in this city was provoked by the pigheaded folly of the president of the police board. But for the exasperating effect of Mr. Roosevelt's uncalled for, unjust, harsh and oppressive execution of the Sunday excise law a union of all the anti-Tammany forces would have been as easy and as triumphant as it was last year. The present reaction has come. Tammany triumphs in the first election after its tremendous overthrow. The result is discouraging. It impeaches the capacity of the people for self-government. It shows that the voters are more susceptible to wrongs than intelligent as to remedy. Every consideration of decent politics, good government and the liberalizing of sumptuary laws required the success of the reform ticket. One man's obstinate folly and the unreasoning anger of the people have defeated it. The large Tammany majority will stand a monument to this sort of virtue that exploits itself in regulating the morals of other people. The wider political consequences are grave. It means the strongest possible nomination by the democrats for president and the hardest struggle in years as the basis of a hopeful campaign next year."

Secretary of state: The city complete gives Palmer, republican, 97,336; King, democrat, 138,948.

Returns from 2,519 election districts out of 3,383, north of the Harlem river, leaving 864 districts to be heard from at 1:30 o'clock this morning, give Palmer, republican, for secretary of state, 331,478; King, democrat, 207,587, a republican plurality of 113,891, showing a republican gain of 25,152, compared with the vote of 1893. The same relative gain will leave the republicans a plurality of 118,500 north of the Harlem. Deducting the democratic plurality of 41,612 for the head of the state ticket in New York City and the estimated democratic plurality of 6,000 in Brooklyn, the republican plurality in the state at large will be nearly 70,000.

The nearly complete city returns, with only twenty districts out of 1,392 missing, give for court of appeals, Martin, republican, 96,553; Teller, democrat, 136,865; scattering, 10,687.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 5.—The election in Kings county passed off very quietly. There were but a few arrests, and no election in years has been characterized by fewer clashes between the contending parties. As far as has been ascertained at this hour, the new ballot law has worked well, the votes were quickly polled and there appears to be general satisfaction with the new system of voting. Many voters made mistakes in placing the crosses where they went outside of their party column, but on the whole the vote as cast represents fairly well the intent of the voter.

Chairman William Reynolds of the republican campaign committee claims Wurster's election as mayor by over 10,000.

John L. Shea, chairman of the regular democratic campaign committee, says Grout is probably elected by a small majority.

DEMOCRATS CONCEDE OHIO.

Expect McKinley's Majority to Be Reduced but the Republicans Say Not.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 5.—Since 10 o'clock the republican state committee claim that the plurality for Bushnell will exceed that of 80,000 for Governor McKinley in 1893, with which vote they are comparing returns. There are some at headquarters who say the returns will show a republican plurality almost equal to that of last year, 137,000, the high water mark. The republican state committee saw fit to make a conservative statement to those wanting to bet on over 100,000.

Chairman Kurtz gave out the following: "State returns received at 10 o'clock indicate that the republicans have carried the state by a plurality not less than that given two years ago and elected a decisive majority of the members of the next general assembly."

Chairman Kurtz will not claim over 90,000 at the most, although others in his quarters go higher. Chairman Kurtz does not estimate that the republicans will have two-thirds of the legislature, but he says the republican majority in both branches will be so large that the usual interest is not taken in ascertaining the exact number of republicans and democrats on joint ballot for United States senator.

At democratic state headquarters at 10 p. m. an announcement was made that Ohio had gone republican by a decisive majority in the legislature, as well as a large plurality on the state ticket. Some of the democratic managers say that the result is due to the same cause as in 1893 and 1894—opposition to President Cleveland's administration and the last congress. As both parties had the same financial plank, the silver question was not an issue in the campaign. The tariff was the only national issue between the parties. The populists cast about 40,000 votes, the prohibitionists about 20,000 and the socialists about 2,000. Neither the third, fourth or fifth parties nor the A. P. A. affected the result. The contest was between the republicans and democrats on the tariff and state issues.

The chairman of the democratic committee had no figures to give out on the legislature. N. M. Kurtz of the republican committee states the republicans have surely elected seventy-seven out of 112 members of the house of representatives and twenty-seven out of thirty-seven members of the senate, a majority of forty-seven on joint ballot for senator.

Ex-Congressman Charles M. Anderson, chairman of the democratic state committee, since midnight gave out the following: "We concede the state to the republicans by 60,000 plurality and both branches of the legislature by a large majority. The populist vote of over 60,000 for Coxey for governor hurt us. The hard times were too fresh in the minds of the people to be forgotten and this tended to our defeat. There is nothing left us on which to begin the campaign of 1896."

At republican state headquarters the last bulletin for the night was issued at 1:30 a. m., claiming 111,000 plurality and 114 members of the legislature to thirty-five democrats.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 5.—The few scattering returns from this city indicate that the county has gone republican by a plurality as large, if not larger, than that of two years ago, when McKinley had more than 9,000. The legislative candidates of the republicans, nine representatives, are also elected, together with the county ticket.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—One hundred and ninety-three precincts outside of Cincinnati: Bushnell, republican, 26,314; Campbell, democrat, 20,572; same in 1893 gave McKinley 25,801; Neal, democrat, 21,227.

REPUBLICAN GAINS IN KANSAS.

Populist Strongholds Invaded and the Old Time Majorities Piled Up.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 5.—Returns from Kansas up to midnight indicate that the republicans have carried a majority of the county tickets in their entirety by majorities of from 200 to 800, and that David Martin, republican candidate for chief justice of the supreme court, is re-elected by a safe plurality. In many instances Martin ran ahead of his ticket. Charles K. Holliday, jr. (democrat), however, made a better showing than was generally expected for him. Republicans carry Wyandotte, Butler, Cherokee, Montgomery, Rena and Johnston counties, but as a rule losses were shown over last year. The populists carry Clay county, and the fusionists Lyons and Sedgewick counties. Atchison and Shawnee counties are mixed. It has been raining hard all over the state for several hours, and returns from many counties will not be received until tomorrow.

1:30 a. m.—Additional returns increase the number of counties carried by the republicans and indicate they will have practically all of the offices. Martin's majority over Holliday for chief justice will probably reach 10,000, a decided record on the resubmission question, which the latter candidate represented. Holliday also stood for free silver. It is estimated that 250,000 votes were polled.

Chairman Breidenthal of the populist state central committee asserts that his party held its own, and in fact elected about thirty county offices now held by republicans. He claims further that populist judges were elected in the Sixth, Eighth and Eighteenth districts, and that the result in the Seventh, Ninth and Twentieth districts is in doubt. The others are admittedly republican. The democratic and republican chairmen have not made any statements publicly, but it is generally conceded that the democrats got practically no office, and that the republicans, with few exceptions, carried everything. The fusion tickets detracted to some extent from the republican support, and the A. P. A. contingent aided the republicans.

EMPORIA, Kan., Nov. 5.—The election here was extremely close. Returns up to 1:30 would indicate that the fusionists have defeated the republicans for every office with the possible exception of sheriff. Dryer, the republican candidate, is alleged to be an A. P. A. He ran ahead of his ticket.

ATCHISON, Kan., Nov. 5.—At midnight the returns are complete enough to show that the republicans have elected the entire county ticket by pluralities ranging from 200 to 500.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Nov. 5.—Douglass county will give David Martin, republican candidate for chief justice, 800 majority. The entire republican ticket gets from 500 to 1,000 majority in the county.

HUTCHINSON, Kan., Nov. 5.—The entire Reno county republican ticket is elected by from 300 to 800 majority. For judge of the Ninth judicial district the county is close between Frank L. Martin, republican, and William Whitelaw, fusion.

Little Interest Shown in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 5.—The election today closed one of the most apathetic campaigns known in Virginia for many years. For several days past the democratic managers have feared some of the senatorial, as well as a number of house, districts were in danger of being lost by this lack of activity of the canvass. The returns justify the fears. The election was for half of the senate (twenty) and the whole membership of the house of delegates (100). In many counties the republicans combined with the populists and other anti-democrat elements and made the issue on a cry of fairer elections. Long before his death General Mahone asserted this issue and at a conference held in Petersburg last May there was adopted a so-called election bill, which it was proposed should be made the issue in the campaign.

The indications are that in most of the sections of the state a small vote was polled. In many of the black belt counties, notably in the section around Norfolk, the negroes seem to have supported the democratic candidate. The detailed returns, so far as received, show the senate will contain six anti-democrats and the house about eighty democrats and twenty anti-democrats.

Republican Victory in Colorado.

JULESBURG, Colo., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—The entire republican ticket is elected in Sedgwick county, Colorado, by safe majorities ranging from 25 to 60. All precincts are in. This was the bitterest campaign ever fought in this county, the republicans having to fight populist, citizens' independent, prohibitionists and soreheads generally.

DRAKE IS IOWA'S GOVERNOR

Something Like One Hundred Thousand Ahead of Babb.

REPUBLICAN GAINS QUITE GENERAL

Rain in Many Parts of the State Prevented a Heavy Vote—Prohibition Element Not in Evidence Generally.

DES MOINES, Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—At 10 o'clock returns from Iowa are just beginning to come in. Everything indicates that Drake (rep.) for governor will have a much larger plurality than the republican committee has claimed for him. Two years ago Jackson for governor had 33,000 plurality. Last year the head of the republican ticket had 92,000. It will not be surprising if this figure is exceeded by Drake. The republican state committee now claim 70,000 for Drake as the least figure. Indications are that Drake will run slightly behind the rest of the state ticket.

The entire state has cast a light vote, but the republicans show a net gain over last year in spite of this. The populists also show heavy gains. Last year they polled 34,000 in the state; it will be about doubled this year.

The prohibition vote will be surprisingly light. It will cut almost no figure in the result. It was expected by the democrats that every prohibition vote would help Babb (dem.) for governor, but results do not verify it.

The legislature will be overwhelmingly republican, the best estimate being sixty-seven republican members of the house to thirty-three democrats, and thirty-five republican senators to fifteen democrats. This legislature will elect a senator to succeed Allison. Allison will be re-elected.

The city of Ottumwa gives Drake 1,541; Babb, 1,266; Crane, 322; Bacon, 46. This is a republican gain of 23. Wapello county will give Drake 800, a republican gain of 400.

GRINNELL, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Full vote in Grinnell township and city: Drake, 539; Babb, 151; Crane, 172; Bacon, 36.

MALVERN, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—It has been warm and cloudy all day, with light showers early in the morning. Full vote was polled here. Interest centered mainly in representatives, sheriff and treasurer, with prospect of the election of the entire republican ticket. Emerson precinct complete gives Drake, 158; Babb, 58; Parker (rep.), for representative, 152; Wilson (dem.), 55; Utterback (rep.), for treasurer, 150; Buckley (dem.), 60; Tubbs (rep.), for sheriff, 157; Dalton (dem.), 59; Miss Gilliland (rep.), 137; Mash (dem.), 78.

Silver Creek precinct complete: Drake, 82; Babb, 31; Parker, 77; Wilson, 40; Utterback, 66; Buckley, 49; Tubbs, 72; Dalton, 43; Gilliland, 77; Marsh, 38; Kline, supervisor (rep.), 83; Roland (dem.), 30.

EMMETTSBURG, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Emmetsburg city complete: Drake, 210; Babb, 183; net republican gain over 1894 vote, 19.

SIGOURNEY, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Keokuk county at 12:45 a. m. gives Drake, 1,133; Babb, 957, according to estimates at this hour.

CENTERVILLE, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—The city of Centerville gives Drake, 705; Babb, 300; Crane, 50. Last year gave republican, 637; democrat, 246; populist, 139.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—The day was clear and warm, but a light vote was polled all over the county. The returns are coming rather slowly, but the indications are that the entire republican ticket will be elected by at least 2,000 plurality. This city will give republicans a plurality of 600 or 800.

Linn county republicans elect a senator and two representatives. Drake will have over 2,000 plurality after running 200 behind his ticket.

CRESTON, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Indications point to the election of the entire republican ticket in Union county. Allyn, for senator, is receiving a splendid vote. The vote is about the same as in 1893.

Creston gives Drake, 626; Babb, 378; Crane, 272; Bacon, 31; Allyn (rep.), for senator, has 607; Wells (fusion), 345.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Babb carries Dubuque county by 2,400. Boies carried it two years ago by 3,652. The popularity of the tax feature of the mulct law, the feature enforced here, is responsible for the decline. The democratic sheriff, Phillips, will have a slender majority. Robert Bosen was chosen senator, C. A. Voelker and Thomas Nolan representatives, Frank Schroeder treasurer.

CARROLL, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Carroll goes republican by a majority of 18, a republican gain of 25 over 1894; county democratic by 250, same as last year.

BOONE, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—City of Boone complete, Drake, 712; Babb, 439; Crane, 101; Bacon, 79; republican plurality, 273; democratic gain, 256.

RED OAK, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Five precincts give Drake, 689; Babb, 298. The same precincts two years ago gave Jackson, 673; Boies, 349. The day has been rainy and a full vote will not be out, but the indications are that it will be larger than was expected. The republican majority in this county will be about 800.

JEFFERSON, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Greene county is republican on state and county by about 900, against 1,200 in 1894. Smith (rep.), for legislature, has not to exceed 600. Populist vote larger than in 1894. There was practically no prohibition vote.

MISSOURI VALLEY, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—This town and St. John township give a republican plurality of 200 for Drake. Milliman (rep.), for the legislature, received but 95 votes of 1,055 cast in the same precincts.

KEOKUK, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Keokuk city gives Drake 1,392; Babb, 1,209; Crane, 140; Bacon, 19. Republican gain, 80.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Vote on governor in this city: Drake (rep.), 913; Babb (dem.), 589; Crane (pop.), 58; Bacon (pro.), 30; showing a republican loss of 78, and a democratic loss of 182; net republican gain, 104 over the vote of 1893.

OSKALOOSA, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Oskaloosa city gives Drake 638; Babb, 478; Crane, 59; Bacon, 33. These are straight tickets and indicate a republican gain of over 100. Eight precincts of Mahaska county give Drake 1,244; Babb, 601; Crane, 222; Bacon, 102. This includes Oskaloosa straight tickets; republican gain, 200.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Returns unusually slow. Some precincts will not be counted until tomorrow. Those already in and estimates on others indicate a majority of about 2,700 for the democratic state ticket in this county. In 1893 they had 3,500.

CLINTON, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Clinton city gives Babb (dem.), 1,927; Drake (rep.), 1,759. Same precincts in 1893 gave Jackson (rep.), 2,269; Boies (dem.), 2,191.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Tickets badly scratched. Vote coming in slowly. Twelve out of sixteen precincts in city give Drake, 259; Babb, 1,914; democratic loss, 50.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Special city vote as follows: Drake (rep.), 451; Babb (dem.), 377. Lighter vote than last year and same average result.

RED OAK, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Five precincts give Drake 391 majority. Same precincts gave Jackson 224 majority. The county is probably republican by about 800 plurality.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Eight precincts out of thirteen in Sioux City give Drake 859; Babb, 665. Cannot be compared with last year's, as precincts have been changed. Very light vote.

MASON CITY, Ia., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—About the same vote as polled in 1893. In city: Drake, 541; Babb, 193; Bacon, 70; Crane, 15. Small returns from county and surrounding country indicate little change from last year's vote.

VERY CLOSE IN KENTUCKY.

Returns Yet Too Meager to Form an Accurate Judgment of the Result.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 5.—There was an ugly feeling all day between the A. P. A. and Catholics at the First precinct of the Fourth ward. Late this evening Joseph Diefenbach, one of the former, and Will Donovan, a Catholic, had a quarrel, which resulted in a pitched battle between the elements. Twenty shots were exchanged before the police succeeded in stopping the riot. Only one man, Jacob Enright, an A. P. A., was seriously wounded. The rioters scattered.

The republican and democratic newspapers are displaying the returns for the benefit of the great crowds which pack the streets about the offices. Favorable figures are followed with wild hurrahs. The figures are so meager that neither side has the advantage of the display. On both sides the leaders are claiming the victory in this city, the democrats by a small majority and the republicans by a majority ranging up to 8,000. It seems that the citizens ticket did not cut much of a figure as the old parties will get in by nearly their average vote. The ante-election claim that Hardin would be scratched because of his attitude on the money question has failed to materalize. Scattering returns show that Hardin will get the party vote.

At republican headquarters the city is claimed by 2,000. Chairman Long thinks the democrats have won by a small majority. Both parties claim to have carried the state. Chairman Norman of the democratic state campaign committee says Hardin's majority will be at least 15,000 in the state. Bradley carried his county, Garrard, by an increased republican majority. The Evening Post (dem.) says that the state is in doubt.

There is a dearth of news at the democratic and republican headquarters. Reports are so meager that the chairman would say nothing more than he believed Hardin was elected. At the republican headquarters many private telegrams had been received from the counties. The republican chairman said that a continuation of these reports would indicate the election of Hardin by a small majority. The democratic majority four years ago for governor was 28,076. In another talk the chairman refused to reiterate his claim that Hardin's majority would reach 15,000. The city republicans are claiming that they have won all the municipal offices except two or three school trustees, and that the city and county will give Bradley a majority of from 6,000 to 8,000.

11:30 p. m.—One hundred and eleven precincts of the 158 in the city and county give Bradley a majority of 3,798. Two republican members of the legislature are known to be elected, which is a gain. General Du Belle, republican, for the office of appellate judge, defeats Judge Easton, democrat, present incumbent, by over 3,000.

The Post, democrat, in its bulletin at 11 o'clock, says: "At this writing the returns are coming in scattering from all portions of the state. It appears that Hardin leads the democratic ticket. But it also appears that Bradley leads Hardin, or if not, Hardin's majority is so small as to amount to a virtual defeat. Outside of Louisville Bradley carries the county of Jefferson by 240, and Speed, the republican candidate, for the legislature, is elected, thus depriving Blackburn of one vote.

"It is not probable that Bradley's majority will exceed 5,000 in this, the Fifth district. Graves county, Hart, Logan, Hopkins, Hardin, Nelson and Franklin show large republican gains. The result will depend largely upon the First district and the returns from the Eleventh. From these two districts, the returns are too meager to indicate decided results. Summarizing the results, it may be said at this writing that the majority will be 5,000 either way. Mercer, the home county of Hardin, at the previous election for governor gave a democratic majority of 358. At this election Hardin carries the county by seventy-two."

Returns up to midnight from ninety-five counties and towns, mostly incomplete, give Hardin, 32,155; Bradley, 28,536. Hardin's majority, 3,619. Other returns received give Bradley majorities aggregating 2,396, leaving a net majority of 1,223 for Hardin.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 5.—Polls closed at 4 o'clock without the full vote being polled in the city, both sides claiming the victory. It is safe to say that the democrats won. Hardin will pull through in Fayette county and Lexington with a small plurality.

The woman's ticket for the Board of Education, on which are four women, has probably beaten the democratic ticket, composed of men, by 300.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 5.—The city ticket will probably give Bradley 300 majority. Full vote in the state is close. Several wards in Louisville city show republican gains.

Four years ago Jefferson county gave a democratic majority for governor of 5,171. Returns up to 9 o'clock from one-third of the precincts in the city and county give Bradley 2,000 majority.

TAMMANY GOES BACK IN POWER.

Plurality Over the Fusion Ticket About 20,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The election in New York City was fought upon entirely different lines from that in the state. The fight was between the straight Tammany ticket on the one side and the fusion of republicans and independents on the other. On account of the various officers voted for, the returns were late coming in, but Tammany's victory was never in doubt, and its plurality will probably be between 18,000 and 22,000. The city complete, with the exception of 163 districts, give Hamilton, fusion, 103,547; Purry, Tammany, 119,976, on the vote for county clerk. The Tammany candidates for the leading positions were: Justices of the supreme court, Charles H. Truax, Frederick Smith and Charles F. McLean; county clerk, H. D. Purry; register, William Lapmer; judges of general sessions, M. F. McMahon and Joseph Newberger; justices of city court, Robert A. Wick, John P. Schuchman and H. F. O. Dwyer.

The vote of the independent county democratic organization was considerably below 10,000, and the good government ticket vote will scarcely reach 10,000. The socialists polled more than 9,000, which makes them the third party in this city. Dr. Parkhurst says he is not discouraged at the result; that a lesson has been learned, and that the committee of fifty should never have gone into a fusion movement, although it took what it seems it thought was the best course.

The republican chairman, Lauterbach, says the lesson of today is that there will be no more fusion. "Fusion is dead forever," he said, and politicians of every faction echo his declaration.

Utah Starts in as a Republican State.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 6.—Returns indicate the adoption of the constitution by a large majority.

Returns are extremely slow. Nothing yet received from the city precincts. Returns to the Tribune from twenty-two precincts outside the city show a net republican gain of fifty-one on the vote for governor. No reliable reports on legislative tickets. Roberts, democrat, for congress, is running ahead of the ticket.

At 11 o'clock tonight Chairman Powers of the democrats says the chances on the governor are very even, that Roberts, democrat for congress, will be elected by 300 majority, and indications are that the legislature will be democratic. Chairman Canton of the republicans states that the state and legislative ticket will be elected, but gives no figures.

It will be 2 o'clock before any definite figures can be given on the result of the election in the city or state. The scattering returns received up to midnight do not differ materially from those received last year when the republicans carried the state by 2,000. The democrats claim the election of Roberts to congress, with even a chance on governor, but give no figures to support their claim. The precincts heard from, outside of Salt Lake and Ogden, give Caine, democrat for governor, 2,553; Wells, republican, 2,440. It is estimated that the republicans have carried Salt Lake by 800 to 1,000 majority and elected Glendenning mayor. Ogden elects a democratic mayor and five out of ten councilmen.

JUDGE NORVAL AWAY AHEAD

Republican Gains in All Parts of the State.

POPULISTS DO NOT GIVE UP THE FIGHT

Chairman Edgerton Asserts that the Strong Maxwell Counties Have Not Yet Been Heard From—Partial Returns Tabulated.

Returns on the state ticket are coming in so slowly that nothing like an accurate estimate of the majority of Norval, the republican candidate for judge of the supreme court, can be made. Chairman Hainer of the republican state central committee claims that Norval's plurality will reach 15,000. Chairman Edgerton of the populist committee, will not concede Norval's election, claiming that the counties most favorable to Maxwell have not yet been heard from.

The following recapitulation shows the vote on the head of the respective state tickets, the figure printed in connection with the name of the county indicating the number of precincts or wards included in the report:

COUNTIES.	Mahoney.	Maxwell.	Norval.	Phelps.	Wolfenbarger.
Adams, 5	83	596	669	30	.....
Antelope, 5	30	79	131	1	4
Boyd, 4	24	224	157	20	.....
Buffalo, 6	25	333	281	28	.....
Burt, 1	47	165	289	10	14
Butler, 20	47	153	262	48	26
Cuming, 3	30	6	104	35	2
Dawson, 8	6	254	272	17	6
Deuel, 1	5	13	63	3	2
Dodge, 7	260	978	604	125	10
Douglas, 14	514	598	1144	112	36
Dundy, 2	7	59	85	4	2
Franklin, 4	18	170	222	12	2
Grant, 2	8	89	71	10	2
Hall, 8	128	439	562	86	21
Hamilton, 3	18	273	394	15	18
Holt, 4	28	152	126	24	11
Jefferson, 3	12	94	258	12	13
Johnson, 4	84	143	281	63	21
Keith, 4	20	105	76	12	3
Lancaster	159	849	1963	288	.....
Nance, 5	.....	236	213	.....	.....
Otoe, 7	278	272	262	72	22
Pawnee, 5	38	185	321	23	33
Red Willow, 3	12	154	188	16	5
Sarpy, 2	90	236	95	51	4
Saunders, 9	48	614	680	30	41
Sheridan, 5	42	122	81	2	7
Thomas, 2	46	20	51	13	3
Valley, 3	4	226	135	.....	3
Washington, 4	55	14	228	27	6
Webster, 3	24	116	269	14	.....
York, 7	20	769	679	6	.....
Totals	2143	7697	11437	1296	309

Special telegrams received by The Bee since midnight show the following:

ELKHORN, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Chicago precinct, Douglas county, gives: Mahoney, 55; Maxwell, 50; Norval, 73; Phelps, 16; Wolfenbarger, 0. Ames, 60; Ashby, 56; Baystone, 14; Blackburn, 14; Bryant, 5; Goold, 79; Kittle, 25; Morrill, 88; Peattie, 36; Woodby, 3. Baker, 86; Dickinson, 82; Duffie, 108; Fawcett, 84; Ferguson, 102; Hopewell, 114; Keyser, 144; Magney, 101; Powell, 97; Redick, 96; Scott, 61; Slabaugh, 81; Wakeley, 106.

CHAPPELL, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—One out of twelve precincts in Deuel county gives Mahoney 5, Maxwell, 13; Norval, 62; Phelps, 3; Wolfenbarger, 2. District judges, Thirteenth district: Grimes, 68; Neville, 28.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Six out of nineteen precincts in Hall county give: Mahoney, 138; Maxwell, 439; Norval, 562; Phelps, 86; Wolfenbarger, 21. District judges, Eleventh district: Thompson, populist, 778; Doyle, democrat, 372; Kendall, republican, 660; Price, republican, 528.

NEBRASKA CITY, Nov. 5.—(Special.)—The election passed off quietly and the usual interest in the outcome is not manifested by the citizens. A small vote is being polled, and chances seem to be in favor of a republican victory.

WEST POINT, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Three precincts in Cuming county give for district judge: Crawford, 285; Evans, 121.

THEDFORD, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Thedford, out of three precincts in Thomas county, gives Mahoney 46, Maxwell, 36; Norval, 54; Phelps, 13; Wolfenbarger, 5. District judges, Eleventh district: Doyle, 35; Kendall, 57; Price, 43; Thompson, 51.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—The election passed off quietly here today. No unusual excitement, but intense interest everywhere. Maxwell is running well in the east end of the county. Norval carried Weeping Water solid. Ramsey, democrat, for district judge, will carry Cass county by a slight majority. Indications point to the election of the county republican ticket with one or two exceptions.

ARLINGTON, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Mahoney, 44; Maxwell, 103; Norval, 89; Phelps, 15; Wolfenbarger, 2; Ames, 50; Ashby, 48; Bayston, 61; Blackburn, 21; Bryant, 9; Goold, 104; Kittle, 37; Morrill, 99; Peattie, 61; Woodbey, 9; Baker, 117; Dickinson, 118; Duffie, 141; Fawcett, 131; Ferguson, 126; Hopewell, 129; Keysor, 194; Magney, 117; Powell, 111; Redick, 108; Scott, 142; Slabaugh, 111; Wakeley, 132.

MULLEN, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—One out of three precincts in Hooker county gives Mahoney, 2; Maxwell, 22; Norval, 7; Phelps, 1; Wolfenbarger, 2. Judges Eleventh judicial district: Thomas J. Doyle, 18; Kendall, 8; John A. Price, 8; John R. Thompson, 21.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Nine out of forty-nine precincts in Lincoln county give: Mahoney, 7; Maxwell, 210; Norval, 325; Phelps, 7; Wolfenbarger, 4. Thirteenth judicial district: H. M. Grimes, 365; William Neville, populist, 201. A heavy county vote polled will probably offset the heavy republican majority in the city.

BLAIR, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—There are four wards in the city of Blair. Complete returns in the city give: Mahoney, 58; Maxwell, 84; Norval, 228; Phelps, 25; Wolfenbarger, 6; Baker, 253; Dickinson, 279; Duffie, 212; Fawcett, 270; Ferguson, 133; Hopewell, 161; Keysor, 313; Magney, 105; Powell, 239; Redick, 109; Scott, 265; Slabaugh, 235; Wakeley, 133. Indications are that the complete republican ticket is elected in the county except Claus Mencke, sheriff, democrat, re-elected by a large majority. The balance of the precincts are in the country and are not expected in until morning.

TEKAMAH, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Arizona precinct, Burt county, gives Baker, 53; Dickinson, 71; Duffie, 79; Fawcett, 55; Ferguson, 79; Hopewell, 76; Keysor, 112; Magney, 77; Powell, 55; Redick, 67; Scott, 79; Slabaugh, 51; Wakeley, 80. Supreme judge: Maxwell, 75; Mahoney, 8; Norval, 54; Phelps, 2; Wolfenbarger, 2.

Tekamah precinct, Burt county, gives Baker, 191; Dickinson, 266; Duffie, 157; Fawcett, 203; Ferguson, 150; Hopewell, 166; Keysor, 286; Magney, 125; Powell, 201; Redick, 135; Scott, 245; Slabaugh, 206; Wakeley, 169. Supreme judge: Mahoney, 39; Maxwell, 88; Norval, 232; Phelps, 17; Wolfenbarger, 12.

Everett precinct, Burt county: Baker, 248; Dickinson, 250; Duffie, 176; Fawcett, 227; Ferguson, 168; Hopewell, 170; Keysor, 310; Magney, 144; Powell, 236; Redick, 163; Scott, 250; Slabaugh, 234; Wakeley, 137.

BENNINGTON, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Jefferson precinct, Douglas county: E. J. Bodwell, county superintendent, 126; F. Gifford, 6; Abram Rudy, 33; W. R. Wood, 26. Justice of the peace, Peter A. Anderson, 112; Charles Graw, 100; Herman Timme, 93; John P. Temperley, 80. Constables, Claus Ernest, 111; Fred Greggorson, 98; John H. Kelly, 90; Fred Gottch, 84. Representatives, DeFrance, 47; Evans, 148; Kuhn, 157. Clerk district court, Frank, 129; Coe, 55; Burr, 5. County judge, Baxter, 143; Points, 31. Sheriff, McDonald, 118; Drexel, 63; Williams, 7. Coroner, Burkett, 133; Larimer, 47; Bruner, 7. Treasurer, Heimrod, 149; Lange, 44. Clerk, Redfield, 142; Campbell, 36; Brigham, 12. Surveyor, King, 132; House, 48; Lawrence, 5.

M'ARDLE, Neb., Nov. 5.—(Special.)—McArdle precinct in Douglas county gives for judge of the supreme court: Mahoney, 27; Maxwell, 45; Norval, [illegible]; Phelps, 7; Wolfenbarger, 4. Regents of the university: Ames, 14; Ashby, 10; Bayston, 33; Blackburn, 18; Bryant, 9; Goold, 68; Kittle, 23; Morrill, 78; Peattie, 35; Woodbey, 6. Judges of the Fourth judicial district: Baker, 91; Dickinson, 76; Duffie, 70; Fawcett, 73; Ferguson, 71; Hopewell, 77; Keyser, 122; Magney, 73; Powell, 72; Redick, 71; Scott, 76; Slabaugh, 79; Wakeley, 79. Representatives to fill vacancy: DeFrance, 58; Evans, 101; Kuhn, 106. Clerk of the district court: Burr, 14; Coe, 71; Frank, 77. County judge: Baxter, 80; Points, 79. Sheriff: Bermingham, 25; Drexel, 96; McDonald, 58; Williams, 22. Coroner: Bruner, 34; Burkett, 84; Larimer, 39. County treasurer: Heimrod, 94; Lange, 69. County clerk: Brigham,