# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28, 1895. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.


## FRENCH CHAMBER AGITATED

### Animated Discussion Over Glass Workers' Strike Ends in Violence.

### DEPUTIES ENGAGE IN LIVELY SPARRING

**M. Carmaux Attempted to Strike M. Juarez and Several Others Put in Their Time in a Similar Manner.**

PARIS, Oct. 27.—At the conclusion of the animated debate in the Chamber of Deputies Saturday, in which M. Carmaux attempted to strike M. Juarez, who had attacked the government for declining to intervene and arbitrate the labor dispute with the socialists at the Carmaux glass works, the minister of the interior prevailed upon the manager of the Carmaux glass works to rekindle the furnaces and to provide work for several hundred men.

The Times' Paris correspondent says: Saturday's sitting was one of the most disgracefully violent which even the annals of the French Chamber contain. The incident, which grew out of the debate over the Carmaux strike, showed the house full of men shaking their fists and crying: "Coquin," "L'Ache," "Ignoble," "Menteur." Shortly before the socialist's member, M. Faberot, shouted at M. Leggues, "Vous n'avez pas beaucoup de Chevaux, Monsieur le ministre, mais vous avez beaucoup de toupet." ("You have not much hair, Mr. Minister, but you have a great wig.") Before the end of the sitting three socialist deputies engaged in a regular boxing match.

### NOTES FROM THE CUBAN BATTLES.

**Spanish Detachment Captures a Division of the Rebel Force.**

HAVANA, Oct. 27.—Lieutenant of Volunteers Berna, with a detachment of twenty troopers, surprised an insurgent band at Aceau at the farm of Luisa, killing five of them and taking three rifles. The prison at Santa Clara is overflowing and twenty political prisoners confined there have been released and a number of incendiaries, who were also among the prisoners, have been sent to Cienfugos.

The insurgents have burned the plantation of San Rafael in the district of Remedios.

Senor Rivero, editor of the Diario Marino, was last night attacked by an unknown person and received a terrible blow from an iron rod, which inflicted a wound in the forehead above the right eye. It was the general belief the cause of the assault was the writing of attacks upon the reputations of others and of anti-patriotic articles.

The president of the Red Cross society, Marquis Pinar del Rio, accompanied by General Arderius, opened a fair last night to assist the work of the Red Cross society. The marquis of Balboa, Santos Gazeman, Herres del Aven, Blanche Corugedo and all of the elite of Spanish society were present. The Spanish Casino, where the fair was held, proved too small to contain all the people.

Chief Munez, with 200 insurgents, attacked the village of Abruez, in the district of Cienfugos. They burned one store and one citizen was killed and one volunteer wounded. The insurgents retired upon the approach of the troops.

Lieutenant Melando of the battalion Canarias at Lajas, while laboring under strong mental excitement, wounded three soldiers, one of them seriously. He was imprisoned and thereupon committed suicide.

In Nueva pass in the province of Havana, a band of thirty insurgents has been raised.

The gunboat Caridad, which was sunk off Cardenas, province of Matanzas, as exclusively reported in the Associated dispatches on last Friday, has been put afloat and the engine has been found to have been damaged.

General Campos has signed the sentence of death of a soldier who deserted to the insurgents and was afterward captured.

The mayor of the town of Quemados Guiness, district of Sagua, with a force of twenty, fired upon a band of sixty insurgents, who retreated.

The force of Captain Mala at the plantation of the Indio, district of Sagua, has captured twenty wounded insurgents.

TAMPA, Fla., Oct. 27.—Among the passengers arriving from Cuba tonight is Senor Corbrero, an influential Cuban lawyer of Havana, who is going to Washington with his family and servants. Later he will go to Spain to engage in his profession. A suppressed supplement of la Discussion gives details of the sacking of the Hotouevo, near Corderos, on the 22d inst. The insurgents burned twenty-seven houses, the depot, the mayor's residence, Catholic church and forts. One civilian, one guard and one young lady were killed. The insurgents numbered eighty and were under the command of Clotilde Garcia, and proceeded to Guaymatas, which they burned.

Libel information was recently received at the North district court at Tallahassee against arms, ammunition and provisions seized at Cedar Keys August 28, praying for their forfeiture to the government on account of their intended use in an expedition against Spain. Attorneys of the place yesterday filed exceptions to the libel on the ground that there is no United Statute providing for confiscation of property where it is intended for such purposes. The property seized consists of 190 Remington carbines, 100 cavalry swords, 225,000 Winchester cartridges, fifty-three knapsacks and a large assortment of provisions.

### DECLARES RUSSIA IS PACIFIC.

**London Graphic Says the Move in the East is Not Anti-English.**

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The Graphic states that it has official authority for saying the report received by the Times from its correspondent in Hong Kong to the effect that China accords Russia the privilege of anchoring her fleet at Port Arthur and of building railroads connecting Vladivostock and Port Arthur bears no resemblance whatever to the actual facts of the negotiations between China and Russia. Moreover, the Graphic continues, Russia has not approached the crisis in anti-English spirit.

A Times dispatch from Berlin says: Commenting upon the Times' information from Hong Kong, the Neuste Nacrichten and the Frankfurter Zeitung argue that Germany has no call to take chestnuts from the fire for England. The Kreuz Zeitung says that if such an agreement is concluded without Germany's assent, Germany will be relieved of all obligations respecting the evacuation of the Liao Tong peninsula. It urges upon the government that it is now time to seize a point d'arpui, in order to secure German interests in eastern Asia.

**Armed Armenians Fight.**

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 27.—The governor of Bitlis has telegraphed to the porte that armed Armenians attacked the mosques when the Musulmans assembled for Friday's prayers. The latter were unarmed and were obliged to defend themselves with stones and sticks. The troops and the gendarmes were ordered out to restore order. Many were killed and wounded on both sides.

**In Memory of the Capitulation of Metz**

BERLIN, Oct. 27.—A banquet was given tonight to commemorate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the capitulation of Metz. Emperor William made a speech. He extolled the memory of the victory at Metz. Emperor Frederick, he said, had been permitted to see the fruits of the seed he had sown. He called upon the company to drink in silent homage.

**Dufferin to Return to Constantinople.**

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Daily News (liberal), publishes a rumor that Lord Dufferin will return to Constantinople as special envoy before his retirement, Sir Philip Currie, present ambassador at Constantinople, meanwhile taking his place at Paris.

### UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA BURNED.

**Several Buildings and Much Valuable Contents Destroyed by Fire.**

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Oct. 27.—The University of Virginia suffered great loss from a fire which occurred this morning. The local fire department was unable to cope with the flames and assistance was obtained from Staunton and Lynchburg, which, however, arrived too late to save the public hall and the rotunda. The fire started in the former building and a large quantity of dynamite was used on the portico between the rotunda and the public hall, but beyond displacing the large pillars, nothing was accomplished. Attention was then given to the buildings known as Old Chapel, and the reading room. These were blown up, the debris saturated with water and the fire there was confined to the hall and rotunda. The library, containing about $15,000 worth of books, statues, paintings, etc., was in the rotunda. An effort to save the contents resulted in the getting out of the Jefferson statutes and three-fourths of the books. Everything else was burned. At 2 o'clock the fire was gotten under control.

The lecture room was destroyed and everything in the building, including a geological laboratory of great value, and a painting entitled the "School of Athens," a copy of the celebrated production of Raphael, was consumed. The total loss is estimated at not less than $30,000, with an insurance of $25,000 on the buildings and contents. The origin of the fire is not known. Several minor accidents occurred. The faculty has determined to go on with the lectures tomorrow as usual and will use other buildings belonging to the university. Debris from the fire was carried six or seven miles into the surrounding country. Sparks set fire to Dr. Chancellor's and Prof. Lamlieth's residences, but it was extinguished.

### DEATH OF DR. ROBERT BROWN.

**Passing of a London Scientist of World Wide Fame.**

LONDON, Oct. 27.—Dr. Robert Brown is dead. Robert Brown (Camsterianus) was born at Camster Caitness, March 23, 1842. He was educated at the University of Edinburgh and in the European universities. Between 1863 and 1866 he traveled for scientific purposes in many of the least known parts of America and some of the Pacific islands, from the West Indies and Venezuela to Alaska and Bering sea coast, as botanist in the British Columbia expedition and commander of the Vancouver island exploring expedition, during which he charted all the interior of Vancouver then known. In 1867 he visited Greenland and formed there a theoretical conclusion regarding the nature of the island ice, afterward confirmed by Nansen and Peary. Since then Dr. Brown has traveled extensively and has been educated in educational works. He was an honorary or ordinary member of many learned societies in England and in America and on the continent, of many of which he was an officer. His name has been attached to various new species of plants discovered by him and to geographical points in Vancouver island and elsewhere. He wrote wholly or conjointly about thirty volumes and a large number of scientific memoirs, and nearly 4,000 articles in reviews in various languages. His separate works are chiefly geographical, orthographical and natural history.

### AS TO THE NICARAGUAN CANAL.

**Correspondent of London Times Says the United States Must Build It.**

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Times' this morning has a three-column article on the Nicaraguan canal from a correspondent lately there, who says it is clear the project cannot be carried through as a private undertaking, but that it must be under the auspices of some strong government, which, without doubt, must be the United States. He is convinced the cost will be nearer $150,000,000 than $100,000,000. It is useless to suppose, he adds, that the gulf states or Central America will be able to supply the necessary labor. The true source of labor, he thinks, will undoubtedly be the West Indies, as negro labor is far superior to Chinese.

### RIVAS REACHES SAN SALVADOR.

**Rebel General Shakes Hands with the President by Way of Making Up.**

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SAN SALVADOR, Oct. 27.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—General Rivas has arrived here. President Gutierrez, accompanied by his cabinet, met him at the depot and warmly welcomed him.

Rivas brought with him 300 of his Indian warriors, fearing that he would be accused of disobedience while in the city and be arrested. He refused to lodge at President Gutierrex's house, going to a hotel. Minister Castellanos is strongly opposed to this reconciliation and it is believed that he will resign.

**Expression of Condolence for Eustis.**

PARIS, Oct. 27.—Hon. J. B. Eustis, United States ambassador, made arrangements to depart immediately for Roteath, in Ireland, upon hearing of the death of his wife there, but his physicians have prohibited his going. President Faure has sent his aide to Ambassador Eustis with an expression of his condolence. All the ministers of the French government, the diplomats and numerous officers have left their cards at the embassy as a similar expression of condolence.

**How the Sultan Relieved His Mind.**

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Times continues: A threatening letter was found in the palace addressed to the sultan recently. An inquiry incriminated fourteen members of the imperial household. All of them were executed on the same day within the precincts of Yldiz. Thus the sultan's mind was relieved of a great weight.

**Prepared to Slaughter Bulls.**

VERA CRUZ, Oct. 27.—Several famous Spanish bull fighters have arrived on the steamer Espanol, which left Hermosilla and Havana with six splendid bulls from Spain. The weather is warm, but not unhealthy. No recurrence of yellow fever. The Cubans are encouraged by news from the island, but are strictly complying with the neutrality laws.

**Regulating Insurance Companies.**

LIMA, Oct. 27.—The senate has approved the new law for the regulation of the insurance business, whereby eight agencies of foreign companies are obliged to retire from business.

President Pierola, who has been confined to his bed with an attack of influenza, is improving.

**Armenians Given the Worst of It.**

LONDON, Oct. 27.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says the proclamation summoning everybody to yield their arms is to be enforced against the Armenians, but not against the Turks.

**Commissioners Return to Foo Chow.**

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FOO CHOW, China, Oct. 27.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The Kucheng commission has returned to Foo Chow. All are well.

**King Menelek Not Dead.**

ROME, Oct. 27.—Advices received here from Adowa, Abyssinia, say that the death of King Menelek is unconfirmed, and it is even stated he is advancing toward Boronuedia.

**Miss Alice McDonald Killed.**

STEUBENVILLE, O., Oct. 27.—Miss Alice McDonald, sister of W. H. McDonald, the well known opera singer of the Bostonians, died today of injuries received in a runaway yesterday.

**Movements of Ocean Vessels, Oct. 27.**

At Boston—Arrived—Bothnia, from Liverpool.

At Philadelphia—Arrived—Rhineland, from Liverpool.

At Southampton—Arrived—Ems, from New York.

At Havre—Arrived—La Gascogne, from New York.

At Liverpool—Arrived—Bovic and Etruria, from New York.

At Glasgow—Arrived—Norwegian, from Montreal.

## "AMERICA FOR AMERICANS"

### Mexicans Agitating for a Continental Union of Republics.

### WOULD DRIVE OUT EUROPEAN POWERS

**Movement Gaining Ground Among Young Men in Mexico and Central America—United States Asked to Come In.**

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MEXICO CITY (via El Paso), Oct. 27.—(New York World Telegram.)—The new movement for a union of all the American republics against further European aggressions on this hemisphere continues to attract attention. It is beginning to be felt, it is said, through all Latin-America, and the more intelligent promoters of it expect to arouse the people of the United States to the necessity of joining with them in a policy of firm opposition to any further absorption of territory in Central America or Venezuela.

England is regarded as the worst offender, stimulated by her greed, and needing to be continually watched, as she is endeavoring to outwit the United States, looked to by all Latin-America to enforce the Monroe doctrine.

The more ardent continental Americanists urge that all European nations having colonies be given notice to abandon their possessions and leave the new world forever. They say: "If these nations want to settle the matter by force of arms, let it come to that, and let all the countries of the new world agree to a policy of high protection against Europe and free trade among themselves."

The "America for Americans" movement is gaining ground with the younger men of the upper classes from Mexico to Argentine. It is felt that as long as Europe has any stake in this hemisphere it cannot resist the temptation, on the pretext of boundary disputes, to grab more territory.

### AFFAIRS AT THE CITY OF MEXICO.

**Bakers' Strike Growing and Will Reach Immense Proportions.**

CITY OF MEXICO, Oct. 27.—The census of this city shows 344,370 inhabitants, and in the immediate suburbs 146,735, making nearly 500,000. Complaint has been raised by the press that the enumeration is not well taken and the real population of the city is fully 400,000.

Romero, the duellist, is endeavoring to secure a decision in the upper court setting aside the verdict in his case and allowing a new trial. The decision is expected promptly.

A contract authorized by the city government for sweeping certain streets by machinery has been let. A contract is also pending for the whole city.

The bakers' strike is growing and they expect the coming week will close all the bakeries, but this seems impossible, as public sympathy is not with them. Bakers are revealing secrets of their trade, showing how adulterations are used, and this will lead to an investigation by the Board of Health.

Some members of the Congress of Americanists have gone to Cotulla to examine the great pyramid and also to Mitla and other points of archaeological interest.

A new garrison has arrived at Tepec to replace the soldiers against whom prisoners have mutinied. Most of the wounded in a recent riot are doing well, but one man died Saturday.

The conservative party does not wholly share in the generous sentiment of the bishop of Tabasco toward the government and some of its organs continue to denounce the government, but there is a growing sentiment that the church should cheerfully acknowledge the existing order of things here and cease being impracticable and in continual rebellion against modern institutions. Editor Perrazas, one of the most violent ultra clerical editors in the country, says the church will never consent to set the civil above the ecclesiastical power and submit to the government, which would, through the bishops under its control, attempt to guide the Catholic masses.

### DISCUSSING OVERLAND INTERESTS.

**Union Pacific Directors and Attorneys Meet at San Francisco.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27.—Oliver W. Mink of Boston, one of the receivers of the Union Pacific system; W. R. Kelly, assistant general solicitor of the Union Pacific at Omaha, and general attorney of the same system for Nebraska and Iowa; Erastus Young, general auditor of the Union Pacific, and Zeno Snow, solicitor of the Union Pacific at Portland, Ors., who are in this city, held a prolonged conference in relation to the settlement of a dispute between the Union Pacific and the Oregon Railway and Navigation company over the settlement of certain claims consequent upon the appointment of a receiver for the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, which was formerly a part of the Union Pacific system. The matters under consideration, Mr. Mink said, were of a nature similar to those which formed the issue in the suits recently argued before the circuit court of appeals in this city by the attorneys for both companies. When asked for his opinion on the recent report of the government directors of the Union Pacific, Mr. Mink said:

"I understand that the government directors have recommended that the government foreclose its mortgage both on the Union and Central Pacific, take up the first mortgage, and, after securing possession of the through line from Omaha to San Jose, sell it to the highest bidder. The government's lien on the road, it should be remembered, is simply a book account and is not represented by bonds. It is accordingly worth only what it would bring in the open market. The plan of the government directors, I should say, would be a good way of determining the value of the government's lien on the property. But whether the United States government is in a position to go into the railroad business is a question which I am not prepared to discuss."

### FREE THINKERS' SESSION ENDS.

**National Congress at New York City Concluded Yesterday.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The national congress of Free Thinkers, which began on Friday, was concluded this evening. Henry Rowley, at the afternoon session, spoke on "Our Welfare," and Henry Bird on "Evolution in Thought." The addresses of the evening were made by L. K. Washburn and Samuel P. Putnam, president of the Free Thought Federation and American Secular union. President Putnam spoke on "Evolution, Free Thought and Progress." Mr. Washburn, whose subject was "Liberty and Education the Basis of the Republic," denounced Cardinal Gibbons and parochial schools. Resolutions were then adopted advocating the taxation of church property, the absolute separation of church and state affairs, and against arrest and imprisonment for using the mails for sending alleged improper communications. The case of J. B. Wise of Camden, who is now awaiting trial for sending a verse of scripture to a clergyman on a postal card, was cited.

**Chicago Jewelers Fail.**

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Kasper & Barnes, jewelers, made an assignment late Saturday night for the benefit of their creditors. Alfred H. Wittstein is the assignee. The assets are said to be $130,000, and the liabilities $100,000. None of the creditors of the concern were preferred in the assignment. The creditors are nearly all wholesale jewelers in New York and manufacturing jewelers in New Jersey. Fifteen thousand dollars will, it is said, cover the debts in Chicago.

### SILVER MEN ON NATIONAL ISSUES.

**Their Spokesman Declares that the Campaign Shall Be Lengthy.**

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 27.—If the silver democracy has any say in the matter the merchants and business men of the country who favor a short presidential campaign will be disappointed. At least this is the view of the matter taken by Hon. W. H. Hinrichsen. Hinrichsen is secretary of state, chairman of the democratic state central committee and one of the principal spokesmen for the free silver democracy of the west. He is well posted as to the sentiments of his party and in an interview today expressed them to a representative of the Associated press.

"I see from the papers," he said, "that the republican national convention will probably be held June 10. This would naturally bring the democratic convention at an earlier date. The party in power as a rule has held its convention first, the reason generally assigned being that it assumes to be the stronger and should take the initiative. I am at all times in favor of democratic conventions being held first. There is an advantage in selecting your ground first which a man in politics will recognize. The party holding its convention is tempted to weaken its platform by playing on the platform of the opposition."

Regarding the length of the campaign, he had this to say: "I cannot say that I favor either a very long or an exceedingly short campaign. The contest is certain to open pretty soon whether the national conventions are held early or not, for the people are already beginning to show considerable interest in the matter. If the only issue before the country should be the tariff, there can be certainly no need of a very long campaign. Such a campaign would be simply threshing over old straw. If the money question should be an issue, and I think it will be, the campaign should be longer. Of course the democratic convention should be held in Chicago, but there will be a strong effort to take it east, in order that the local influence may be used in nominating a man for president."

### BRIDGE JUMPER LOSES HIS LIFE.

**Patrick Callahan Springs from the Poughkeepsie Structure to Death.**

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 27.—Patrick Callahan, 26 years old, who lived in New York, jumped from the top of the Poughkeepsie bridge into the river today. The distance is 212 feet. At least thirty people saw Callahan's exhibition of nerve. The bridge jumper was seriously injured and paid for the dare devil experiment with his life.

Callahan and his backers, John P. Eckhard and William Lloyd of New York, accompanied by a dozen sporting men and reporters arrived at Highland on the 6 o'clock train, and Callahan, accompanied by four of his party, climbed up the mountain side to the entrance of the bridge, where they eluded the watchman by telling him they belonged to a party of painters who were engaged in painting the bridge. They passed out to a point within 175 feet of the west shore, where Callahan prepared to jump. He wore a pair of black trousers and a navy blue woolen shirt over a suit of ordinary underclothing, and wore heavy leather shoes. His associates strapped a cork jacket, or life preserver, around his waist and attached an inflated beef bladder to each of his shoulders. These were calculated to keep him erect in falling. Without a sign of fear, Callahan clambered over the railing and hung from the edge of the footpath by his hands. His friends were waiting under the bridge in two rowboats to pick him up, and as soon as he saw them he shouted goodbye to those on the bridge and let go. As he neared the water his legs separated and he struck with a noise that sounded like the report of a gun. He came to the surface quickly, and, moaning as if in great pain, struck out for one of the boats, the occupants of which picked him up and took him ashore.

He was carried to a hotel and a country doctor said he was not seriously injured. This afternoon other doctors found Callahan in a state of complete collapse and suffering from hemorrhages caused by a serious laceration of the peritoneum, extending into the bowels. He died at 11 o'clock. No arrests have been made. Callahan claimed to have jumped from the Brooklyn bridge and the Black Friar's bridge in London seven years ago.

### POLITICS OF A PREACHER MIXED.

**Collapsed in the Pulpit When Accused of Dishonesty.**

GREENVILLE, O., Oct. 27.—Rev. C. W. Hoeffer, the republican candidate for the legislature charged with offering the democratic executive committee to withdraw in favor of a democrat for senator if they would give him $1,500 for election expenses, appeared in the pulpit to preach today. Stenographers were there to take the reverend gentleman. He was late. He gave out the hymn and after it had been sung arose trembling all over. He said:

"Last night a boy waked me up at midnight at my house and brought me a powder which I took. I thought it was from my family physician at that time, but now I am mortally certain it was not. I hoped it would give me strength, but it had the opposite effect. I will be impossible for me to say anything. This powder has deranged my mind."

With that he fell into a chair, his head leaning over the back, his arms hanging limp. Women screamed and excitement and confusion followed. Some shouted to bring him water. By some means he was partially revived. He said he did not know the boy that brought the medicine. To all cross-questions, he answered: "My lips are glued." He repeated this answer to all questions. Finally a deacon prayed that God would show the church what to do. Finally the preacher was carried home, where admission is denied to all callers, although it is reported Rev. Mr. Hoeffer is recovering. Inquiry seems to reveal the fact that the reverend gentleman was not at home last night, but staid at a neighbor's house.

### BATTLESHIP MAINE HAS DEFECTS.

**Draws Too Much Water Forward and Leans to One Side.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The Herald publishes a statement this morning that the new second class battleship Maine, which is to go to sea tomorrow, draws three feet less water after than forward and also that she has a bad list to starboard. A naval expert, who looked at the ship when at Brooklyn, thus sums up her defects: "The facts are the Maine draws three feet more forward than she does aft, that she leans over to starboard considerably; that being now ready for starting, having taken aboard her full coal supply of 800 tons and her complete outfit of men, stores and ammunition, she should float symmetrically if she were properly designed, and that her defective lines must be due to radical and permanent causes and not to a mere temporary misplacing of her weights."

The officers of the ship are reported to be reticent concerning these alleged faults and it is not known who is responsible for them, although they may be due merely to careless loading. In all other respects the ship is said to be a model, and her machinery, which was given a dock trial Saturday, works perfectly.

### IDAHO MINERS THREATEN TROUBLE

**Nonunion Workmen Ordered from the Mines and Governor Interferes.**

BOISE, Idaho, Oct. 27.—Governor McConnell received an appeal today from the mine managers at Wallace, stating that the Miners' union have ordered the miners out of the Hunter mine at Mullen and threaten to keep them out if they do not join the union. The governor is asked to maintain martial law and order out the militia.

Another dispatch states that the people of Mullen want to organize a militia company. The governor notified militia captains at Wardner to hold their companies in readiness to proceed to Mullen. He has directed Colonel Morrow at Wallace to go to Mullen and muster in the company. He has wired the sheriff that property and life must be protected, and martial law will be declared instantly if an outbreak occurs.

**Northern Pacific Renews a Lease.**

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 27.—The lease of the Central Washington railroad to the Northern Pacific was renewed in the United States court yesterday.

## HOLMES' TRIAL BEGINS TODAY

### Will First Answer for the Murder of Benjamin Pitzel.

### REVIEW OF THE FAMOUS CRIMINAL CASE

**Witnesses from Many States in Philadelphia to Establish the Guilt of the Prisoner—Wife of the Victim to Testify.**

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 27.—H. H. Holmes, or Herman Mugel, whose name or alias has rung out throughout the length and breadth of the continent as one of the most unscrupulous and skillful murderers of modern times, will be placed on trial for his life tomorrow in the court of oyer and terminer of this city. The specific charge to which he will be called upon to answer is the murder of Benjamin F. Pitzel, and he has already officially declared himself not guilty.

The revolting details of the many crimes with which Holmes' name has been directly or indirectly connected have been given such publicity and the cold, implacable demeanor which has characterized the man throughout has been so frequently commented upon that the trial will probably pass into history as the most celebrated case known to the criminal annals of the western hemisphere. The commonwealth has already expended thousands of dollars in its efforts to bring the prisoner to justice, and there is an indication that should a conviction for murder in the first degree be obtained he will be quickly "railroaded" to the gallows.

WITNESSES FROM MANY STATES.

Witnesses have been brought to this city from Boston, Chicago, Indianapolis, Irvington, Ind., and almost every city where Holmes is known to have lived at various times. What revelations these witnesses will make have been kept a profound secret by the prosecuting officers, but there is an expectation of sensational developments. Detective Geyer, who has been for months traveling throughout the country in search of evidence of Holmes' movements, will be one of the principal witnesses for the commonwealth. The skull and portions of the body of Pitzel, as well as the remains of the boy, Howard Pitzel, who is thought to have been murdered by Holmes in Indianapolis, will be exhibited during the course of the trial. Judge Arnold will be upon the bench and he has already signified his intention of holding three sessions a day—morning, afternoon and night—so long as the persons interested can stand the strain. The prosecution will be in the hands of District Attorney Graham and a corps of assistants, while the interests of the prisoner will be guarded by Messrs. Shoemaker and Rotan, young members of the local bar.

Consequent upon the widespread publicity given the case, it is feared that several days will be occupied in securing a jury of men who have not already formed decided opinions concerning the guilt or innocence of Holmes. It is impossible to learn even approximately the number of witnesses to be called on either side, but that there will be a goodly number is apparent from the precautions that will be taken to secure their entrance to the court room.

FEW WILL BE ADMITTED.

Announcements have been made that only those who have business therein will be admitted, and that an increased corps of court officers, augmented by a detail of reserve policemen, will enforce this order at the doors.

The murder of Pitzel, if murder it was, occurred more than a year ago. The body, burned and blackened as if by an explosion, was discovered in the house, No. 1326 Callow Hill street, this city, on September 23, 1894. As he had been known as an inventor named Perry, the supposition was that he had met death by accident while experimenting. Subsequently the charge was made that Pitzel had been murdered by Holmes in an attempt to defraud the Fidelity Mutual Life association of Philadelphia out of $10,000, which had been paid by the company to Mrs. Pitzel, who was supposed to have been a party to the conspiracy, Holmes having first introduced Pitzel to the company. Holmes was arrested in Boston, November 17, and Mrs. Pitzel is in custody, as, probably, the principal witness against him. There is a likelihood of the case consuming several weeks, unless unforeseen circumstances arise to bring it to an earlier conclusion.

The remains of young Pitzel, found in the Rivington house, were brought to this city tonight by Detective Richards of Indianapolis. They were carried in a small box and were immediately taken to District Attorney Graham's office, where they will be kept until such time as they are needed.

### SENSATIONAL ARIZONA TRAGEDY.

**Dr. Rose Killed by an Officer While Trying to Commit Murder.**

PHOENIX, Ariz., Oct. 27.—L. U. Orme, sheriff of this county, early this morning shot Dr. Rose at Mesa, sixteen miles east of Phoenix, with a shotgun, killing him instantly. Rose, with two confederates, had attempted to murder the Williams family, consisting of the doctor, his young wife and daughter. The latter was formerly the wife of Dr. Rose in Kansas. The confederates, Burt and Cooley, were captured and placed in jail. Burt previously gave the plot away to the sheriff, but was afraid to refuse to help execute the plans of the murderer, for fear Rose would kill him. Sheriff Orme was in Dr. Williams' bedroom awaiting the assassins, while United States Deputy Marshal Stankard remained outside to watch. At 9:30 Burt came and cut the screen and unlocked the door. At 11 o'clock, he returned with Rose and entered the house. Rose had a blacksmith's hammer in his right hand, a wagon spoke in the other and a pistol in his pocket. Two dummies had been placed in Dr. Williams' bed. Rose struck one with the hammer. Sheriff Orme said:

"Hold up your hands; I am sheriff of this county and have you covered with a shotgun."

After waiting a few seconds, he again said:

"I will surely shoot if you don't throw up your hands."

Rose failed to do so, and the sheriff fired both barrels, killing him.

Rose was wanted by the government for holding up the mails, and also in Kansas for bank robbery. He was here six months ago, when he tried to kill his wife, but was arrested and agreed to leave the country. He had $300 and seven doses of arsenic sewed in the waistband of his trousers.

**'Frisco Bids for the Convention.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27.—The League of Republican Newspapers of California has adopted an appeal to the party management to hold the next national republican convention in San Francisco. The appeal recites the fact that California has been slighted for years by the east. The appeal closes: "Let the republican party be first to recognize that there is a Pacific coast, and the people in this great country will remember their obligations to that party."

**Destructive Prairie Fire.**

PERRY, Okl., Oct. 27.—A destructive prairie fire raged for five hours today east of here. Many thousands of bushels of corn and many tons of hay and vast fields of corn were destroyed. A number of farm houses are reported consumed, and it is also reported that two Indian children were fatally burned. Many people had narrow escapes. The wind was very high and hundreds of whites and Indians turned out to fight the fire.

**Three Victims of an Explosion.**

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Charles Gregg, who was the engineer of the tug Morfred, which blew up in the Chicago river early Saturday morning, and who was hurled more than 100 feet on to the deck of the steam barge Iona, died early this morning at the county hospital. This makes the third fatality from the wreck. The body of Fireman John Erickson has not been recovered.

### THE CAMPAIGN OF REFORM.

**Meetings to Be Held Each Night from Now Until Election.**

During next week the campaign of reform will be vigorously pushed throughout the entire city. Speakers who are in earnest will address the voters, who are waking up, at the following meetings:

There will be a meeting of the Sixth Ward Citizens' Reform league at Mars' hall, North Thirtieth street, near Fort Omaha, Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Several prominent speakers will be in attendance.

October 28, Monday 7:30 p. m., Muller's hall, Eighteenth and Vinton streets. Speakers—James B. Sheean, F. A. Brogan and E. W. Simerel.

October 28, Monday 7:30 p. m., Fortieth and Leavenworth streets. Speakers—C. J. Smyth, C. S. Elgutter and H. C. Miller.

October 29, Tuesday 7:30 p. m., Twenty-ninth and Walnut streets. Speakers—E. Rosewater, W. S. Poppleton, Lee W. Spratlin and Thomas I. Flynn.

October 30, Wednesday 7:30 p. m., Wolf's hall, Twenty-second and Cuming streets. Speakers—J. B. Sheean, D. Clem Deaver, H. C. Miller, I. J. Dunn and George O. Calder.

October 30, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m., Knights of Labor hall, 110 South Fourteenth street. Speakers, H. C. Miller, W. S. Shoemaker, I. J. Dunn, Thomas J. Flynn.

October 31, Thursday 7:30 p. m., Forest hall, Sixth and Pierce streets. Speakers—J. B. Sheean, E. Rosewater, D. C. Deaver, Frank T. Ranzon, W. D. McHugh and W. S. Poppleton.

October 31, Thursday 7:30 p. m., Erfling hall, Sherman avenue and Corby street. Speakers—F. A. Borgan, I. J. Dunn, E. W. Simeral, W. S. Shoemaker, George Bertrand and Silas A. Cobb.

November 2, Saturday 7:30 p. m., Patterson hall, Seventeenth and Farnam streets. Speakers—J. B. Sheean, F. A. Brogan and J. Burns.

November 2, Saturday 7:30 p. m., Saunders hall, Twenty-fourth and Cuming streets. Speakers—E. W. Simeral, George W. Doane, W. S. Poppleton and Ed P. Smith.

Other meetings and speakers will be announced in time. At these meetings the local situation will be canvassed thoroughly and all classes of citizens are invited to attend.

MONSTER MASS MEETING.

**Hear the Prominent Speakers at the Coliseum Friday, November 1.**

Arrangements have been made by the committee in charge of the campaign for reform in our judicial, county and city governments for a huge mass meeting of all the citizens of Omaha interested in securing clean and honest local officials, to be held in the Coliseum at 8 o'clock Friday evening, November 1.

The misrule of county and city government will be fully discussed and the remedy new in the hands of the voters plainly pointed out. The able speakers who will address the audience are:

HENRY D. ESTABROOK,
EDWARD ROSEWATER,
WILLIAM S. POPPLETON,
WILL F. GURLEY.
JAMES B. SHEEAN.

Remember that the meeting is called for good citizens of all of Omaha and vicinity. It is called for Friday evening, November 1, at 8 o'clock. It is called for the Coliseum, which is large enough to accommodate every one. It is called in the interest of good government and every taxpayer and citizen must be interested in the cause of good government. To show that interest be sure to attend this meeting and bring your friends with you.

### STEAMSHIPS LONG PAST DUE.

**'Frisco Merchants Exchange Anxious About Several Vessels.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27.—The Merchants exchange today announced than no information had been received from the overdue vessels bound from this city to foreign ports. It is not believed the Spencer, which left here 200 days ago for Queenstown, the Star of Austria, bound to Queenstown, and the Earl of Hopetoun, for Adelaide, will ever be heard from again. Although the Lord Brassey has been out eighty-two days from Hong Kong to Port Blakely, her absence is accounted for by the fact that she is a light ship with a foul bottom. More interest has centered on the Lord Spencer than on any vessel that has ever sailed from this port. When it was announced that the British underwriters were offering 80 per cent for reinsurance there was a rush to get some of the risks. The offer of the British underwriters made business brisk for the brokers. No overdue vessel for many years has opened up so many transactions as the Lord Spencer. Should the latter fail to arrive at her destination shipping and insurance men of this city will be badly beat. If, however, the Lord Spencer turns up within the next few days thousands of dollars will be raked in by the speculators.

**Irish Arrange for a Demonstration.**

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—The United Irish societies of Illinois met this afternoon at 81 Clark street to make arrangements for the Allen, Larkin and O'Brien demonstration at Central Music hall November 23. A permanent organization was effected and the following officers were elected: President, P. V. Fitzpatrick; vice presidents, John T. Keating, John McCaffery; recording secretary, T. H. Clifford; financial secretary, Arthur Donahue; treasurer, Lawrence Henley. A program of songs, recitations and speeches will be arranged.

**Diplomatic Questions Involved.**

DETROIT, Oct. 27.—Regarding the adverse decision by the secretary of the navy on the bid of the Detroit Dry Dock company for building two of the new gun boats, Don M. Dickinson said today: "I think it is probable that if the secretary of the navy has decided as the dispatches state, it is for purely diplomatic reasons, and not upon the merits of the case. The administration does not wish to do anything that might further disturb the diplomatic relations with Great Britain, which are already in an acute condition."

**Rough Weather on the Lakes.**

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Lake Michigan was swept by a terrific gale today. During the afternoon, from 1 to 3 o'clock, the wind blew off the west shore at the rate of forty-four miles an hour. Small craft had a bad time in the sea that suddenly rolled up. The gale was stronger along the east shore, where all kinds of shipping had a rough time. Storm signals were displayed on Lakes Superior, Michigan and Huron. These signals will be floated until 1:30 tomorrow. Snow was predicted for Chicago tonight, but the weather changed. At 9 o'clock the sky was clear.

**Christian Workers in Convention.**

DETROIT, Oct. 27.—A conference of applied Christian workers and social reformers opened in Plymouth tabernacle in this city today and will continue through the week. The convention opened with a sermon by Graham Taylor, D.D., of the Chicago Theological seminary. This evening Prof. Herron addressed a large audience on "The Society of Religion," the first of a series of lectures.

**Expect Cuban Rebels to Receive Aid.**

MADRID, Oct. 27.—A dispatch to the Imparcial from Havana contains an interview with General Campos, in which he opines that the United States will recognize the insurgents as belligerents when it suits its international policy. The prospect has not alarmed him, he says, for Spain would then know exactly how matters stand.

**Will Marry a Count.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—It is announced that Count Belaziehy will, in a few days, marry Mrs. Yznaga, who was recently divorced in South Dakota from her husband, Fernando Yznaga. The young nobleman is 25 and Mrs. Yznaga 23. They met at Newport last summer and it is said to have been a case of love at first sight.

## GRIEF FOR A MOB

### Lawbreakers Shot Down While Trying to Lynch a Murderer.

### OHIO OFFICERS DO THEIR DUTY BRAVELY

### Tiffin the Scene of a Terrible Demonstration in This Line.

### SEVERAL PEOPLE KILLED IN THE STREET

### Jail Doors Battered Down and the Guards Fired Upon.

### THEN THE BLOODY WORK COMMENCED

**Firing to Scare the Crowd Gave Way to a Determined Effort to Maintain