Extent of the Immigration from Canada to the United States.

ANNEXATION WITHOUT USUAL FORMALITIES

The Influx to the States Keeps the Canadian Population Nearly Stationary-Annexing the Pick of the Flock.

A short time before the thirteen colonies revolted, writes the Quebec correspondent of the New York Sun, several hundred New England pettlers migrated to Nova Scotia, There was nothing political in the movement; they simply went to occupy the dike lands, richer than their own hillsides, from which the Acadians had been driven. It is one of the rare instances in this continent in which settlers have gone from west to east. Some of these people did not remain long, but descendants of those who stayed are still to be found on the isthmus of Chigneeto and in Cumberland and Sunbury. The majority of their descendants have gone back to the old homes in Massachusetts and Connecticut, Rhode Island and New Hampshire. In 1783 the U. E. loyalists began to flock Into western Nova Scotia and the Bay ada, but most of them took root in Nova Scotla and New Brunswick. The descendants of this lot are now returning to New Engand in thousands every year. Boarding a passenger steamer or railroad car, one is sure to find among the brawny young fellows and good looking girls bound for Boston such old New England names as Chandler, Chipold New England names as Chandler, Chipman, Shipman, Wilmot, Williams or Coffin. In the last census decade the population of the three seaboard provinces increased only 1½ per cent; that is to say, almost the whole natural increase, together with an additional number equal to that of the immigrants who may have come from Great Britain, packed up and crossed the line. The first thing that the same considerable as a drain upon Canada without annexing Canada as a static in a scalar in the consensation of Canada, with the consent of the British government and the people of Canada, with the consent of the British government and the people of Canada, with the consent of the British government and the people of Canada, and upon just and honorable terms, would open a wide field to the enterprise of Americans, extend the boundaries and power of our country, and enlist a brave, industries and intelligent people under its flag." Meanwhile the process of annexing Canada without annexing Canada is a drain upon Canada which must ultimate the people of Canada, and upon just and honorable terms, would open a wide field to the enterprise of Americans, extend the boundaries and power of our country, and enlist a brave, industries and process of annexing Canada without annexing Canada. up and crossed the line. The first thing that strikes a visitor in a Nova Scotia fishing town or farming district is the absence of

young men and young women.
"These you see," says some friendly native,
"are only culls. The best have, of course,
gone to the states. This part of Canada is a
mere breeding ground for New England." Other parts of Canada are a mers breeding ground for the western states. There is scarcely a farm house in the province of Ontario, from the Detroit river to Riviere-Beaudette, where French Canada begins, that has not a vacant chair for the boy or girl ! Illinois, the Dakotas, Iowa, Kansas or Call In 1795 Rochefoucault, during his visit to Upper Canada, was walking one day with Governor Simcos, when they met an American family which had just trudged from New York state. "You are tired of the federal government,"

exclaimed Sincoe. "You don't like to have so many kings. Come, all such, and we will give you land."

Today the movement is all the other way.

The U. E. loyalist settlements on Lake Erie, the Pennsylvania Dutch settlements in Whit-church and Waterloo, and the New York settlements on the Niagara peninsula have, year in and year out, for the last thirty or forty years, contributed the flower of their population to the United States. It is the same with other elements in the province. Glen-garry sent thousands of Highland Scotch to Illinois, Illinois also contains a large colony from Haldmand. Scotch-Irish from Manvers and Cavan, and Scotch-Irisa from Manvers and Cavan, and Scotch from Bruce, Gray and Huron, and among the most prosperous peo-ple in Minnesota, the Dakotas, Michigan and Wisconsin. Even the descendants of the old tory magantes are going, Drapers, Robinsons,

Boultons, Sherwoods, Jarvises, etc., to the land their forefathers hated so well.

As a rule the exodus carries off the pick of the flock. If there is an exceptionally good preacher, eacher, artisan or athlete, he is certain to get a call to the United States. It frequently happens at family gatherings that most of those present are children, rears them, sends them to sel and college, or teaches them a trade, and then they leave her. It was thought that the opening of the northwest prairies would divert the stream to that region, but Mani-toba is empty still. Thousands who went there from Ontario have crossed into the Dakotas. In 1881 the population of all Canada was 4,300,000, in 1891 4,800,000, an increase of 500,000. But in those ten years those 800,000 immigrants from Europe were reported as setting in the country. Hence, in that brief space it lost to the United States a multitude equal to the entire natural increase, say 600,000, plus 200,000 of the new comers, or 200,000 altogether. There are about 1,000,000 natives of Canada in the United States, but the United States census does not give the number of European-born persons who have made Canada a half-way use; they are credited to the countries of their origin.

"An enemy who has overrun us." says Canadian writer, "could not do worse than exact a yearly tribute of the choicest men The fusion of the two countries is going on in spite of the political boundaries, only, as things are, Canada is being bled to

The exodus from French Canada is greater in proportion than that from English Canada. When it began in earnest, twenty-five years ago, the church end-avored to turn it toward Manitoba, where there were a few French speaking half breeds, presided over by French-Canadian clergy, like Archbishop Tache, of St. Boniface. She could not manage it; the rush to the New England factories could not be stopped, even by mandements. I had occasion lately to traverse the St. Lawrence parishes below the city. In every parish the cure keeps the registers of births, marriages and deaths, and a count is made of the in habitants toward the end of the year, or it spring, to enable him to make up his tithe rolls. With these lights, and those furnished by the government census, it is possible to follow the exodus from parish to parish, and observe its ravages. Prior to 1854 it amounted observe its ravages. Prov to 1854 it amounted to nothing. From 1854 to 1856 the reciprocity treaty was in force, and Canada was more prosperous than she has ever been before or since. A few went to fight for the north and get the bounty, but the first large emigration did not begin till toward the end of the war, when a demand arose in the New England factories for cheaper labor than American or Irish. In some parishes there are fewer inhabitants than there were in 1871—in nearly all fewer than in 1881. This means, of course, that a number equivalent to the entire natural increase has gone, and, as every one knows, crease has gone, and, as every one knows the natural increase among French-Cana-dians is considerable, families of ten, twelve and fifteen children being common. During the periodical recurrence of hard times in the United States there is a marked falling off in the exodus; in fact, a good many emigers return. These act as missionaries. and at the first sign of returning prosperity more go than ever. The French-Canalian "national" societies in New England and the French-Canadian newspapers published there keep the habitant of the St. Lawrence informed about the demand for labor. Two hundred years ago Rene Lepage was selgalor of Rimouski. His wife bore him sixteen children. It is safe to say that 1,000 Leof Rimonski. His wise so that 1,000 Le-children. It is safe to say that 1,000 Le-pages and as many St. Laurents and Trem-blays have left that neighborhood for the United States since 1871. Some families have gone on masse, not all at once, per-have gone on masse, not all at once, per-boys' overcoats, 89c; heavy wool mitts, 5c; boys' overcoats, 89c; heavy wool mitts, 5c; gray clay worsted men's suite, \$3.65; fine gray clay worsted men's suite, \$3.65; fine dress shoes, 98c; hats, worth \$1.00 and more, have gone on masse, not all at once, perhaps, but within two or three years. Around Murray bay, where a number of Wolfe's Highlanders settled, there has been a great thinning out of French speaking McPacrens, Warrops and McNells.

rons. Warrons and McNells.

Abandoned farms by the dozen are encountered in Rimoucki. Kamouraska and Bonaventure. The habitant sells his cattle and pens to his neighbors, and takes with him his stove and furniture, leaving his whitewashed dwellings and barns, with the forty or eighty arpents of land, to desolation. No one cares to buy land that is being depreciated in value by the headlong flight of the people. In the province of Quebec at large there are sixty-five election bec at large there are sixty-five election districts for the Dominion Parliament, and twenty-eight had fewer inhabitants in 1891 than in 1881. Outside Montreal, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinthe and one or two other places where there are factories, there was a general decline. This old city of Quebec is fast going down hill in sympathy with the surrounding

country.

At St. Paschal I met a party of sixteen waiting for the Intercolonial train to take them to Quebec en the way to Lowell. The leader had been three years there, and had returned for his wife and ten children. Chil-

DESERTING THE DOMINION dren belonging to his brother over there, too, had joined them. He was not a rouge, or liberal, disposed to grumble at providence; on the contrary, here at home he had been what is called is mouton de son cure. "Give me the United States," he said. "I

"Give me the United States," he said. "I could not—who can?—make farming pay in Canada? Our products are sold in New England, and the United States duty is deducted from the price. There is really no other market; we must take what the American buyer offers. At Lowell I earn \$10 a week in a brick yard. I have secured places for three of my children in a factory. When they grow up the younger ones can get lots to do. I am learning to speak English. I shall vote as soon as I am qualified; votes give us French-Canadians more influence and power. We do not pay tithes or fabrique taxes. The cure has to take what we choose to give him, and as we earn good money we are liberal with him. I want what we choose to give him, and as we earn good money we are liberal with him. I want to be an American. There is no war of religions there, and not much bigotry against us. The people are occupied in making homes and making money. I have told my old neighbors on the second range all about it, and three or four families, cousins of mine, will join us at Lowell in the spring, or else go to my sister's husband at Havaror else go to my sister's husband at Haver-

There are 1,250,000 French-Canadians in this province. Before long, counting the American born children of French-Canadian parents, there will be fully half as many in the United States. They make good Amer-icans. It has been well said that they are a "race of gentlemen." The exodus is also depleting the English speaking settlements in Quebec.

No one pretends that the political union of the two countries would altogether check this movement. Canadians would seek the flock into western Nova Scotia and the Bay sun, even if their country was a part of the of Fundy. Nearly 20,000 came in all. A United States. But political union would number journeyed westward to Upper Can-level the fariff wall that now shuts them out of their natural market, and prevents them from turning their timber, minerals, fish and farm products to the best account. The water power and chesp labor of Quebec would almost certainly make it the seat of manufactures. As for the gain to the United States, there is no disputing the resolution adopted by the Vermout legislature in 1849, "that the annexation of Canada, with the conis a drain upon Canada which must ulti-mately force her to choose between political union and national bankruptcy. The revival of trade in the United States this summer is drawing hundreds out of the country every day, and thus making times in Canada harder, if possible, than before.

Ladies' slippers 35c; 16 & Capitol avenue. HAYDEN BROS.

Selling Linens at 40c on the Dollar. We purchased the entire linen stock of a New York dealer at 40c on the dollar. It is being sold on that basis. The great quan-tities of fine linens disposed of this week was have plenty of help to attend to every one:

On cross-examination Moores' attorheys
no more waiting. Great varieties of splendid
now styles in fine linen table covers, napkins, dresser scarfs, chenille covers, toweling,
He answered that he had. Then he was

ow go at 40c on the dollar. Prices on our immense stock of bedspreads a exquisite designs are equally low.

Special values for Saturday in blankets, unfortables and woolens. HAT AND CAP DEPARTMENT.

Do not miss this sale Saturday. \$2.50 and \$2.00 men's fine fur derbys and doras and all styles of soft hats at 98c. \$1.50 and \$1.00 men's fine caps, 50c. 1.00 and 75c men's fine caps at 25c.

Boys' caps at 25c and 50c, worth \$1.50 and The largest line of misses' and children's plain color and plaid Tam O'Shanters at half milliner's prices.

Read column announcement on second page of bargains in clothing, underwear, waists, urniture, groceries, etc.

We are giving away bicycles and many beautiful presents free. HAYDEN BROS., Agents for Butterick Patterns.

Men's shoes 89c; 16 & Capitol avenue. 1RON BEDS, \$3.65.

Hedgeock & Odell Sell Them Saturday for Only \$3.65 and Up. You can buy these iron beds anywhere for

Saturday we sell them for \$3.65. We make this price to get you to visit our new store in O'Connell & Anderson's old stand, and we will guarantee you can't get

them for less than \$5.50, \$6.50 iron beds, nicely finished, \$4.50, \$9.50 iron beds for \$6.75, and the \$11.00 The regular \$12.00 kind go at \$3.50.

HEDGCOCK & ODELL, 208-210 N. 16th st. Columbia Metal Polish. Cross Gun Co.

Every Lover of Horseflesh Should attend the race meeting to be held at Lincoln park, Lincoln, October 28-November

Every day a big day. Half rates via the Burlington, October 28-November 1. Get tickets at 1324 Farnam street

Boys' shoes 50c; 16 & Capitol avenue, CALIFORNIA OR TEXAS.

Via Santa Fe Route. For lowest rates on tickets and best ac-commodations call on or address E. L. Palmer, P. A. Santa Fe route, room 1, First National bank. Omaha.

Through Car Service. Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn., to Los Angeles, Cal.

Arrangements have just been completed Arrangements have just been completed whereby the Union Pacific and connecting lines will run a Pullman Tourist sleeper from Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn., to Los Angeles, Cal., via Stoux City and Columbus, Neb., WITHOUT CHANGE: car to leave Minneapolis every Thursday, 7:40 p.m., St. Paul, 8:15 p. m., and returning, leave Los Angeles at 2:00 p. m., every Thursday.

For comfort there is nothing that excels the tourist cars operated by the Union Pacific, and it is an established fact that this line makes faster time than any other line in makes faster time than any other line in

the west.

This already gives promise of being the popular line for California travel, and applications for space in the aleeper should be For information in regard to this through car line, apply to A. C. Dunn, city passenger and ticket agent, 1302 Farnam st., Omaha.

Administrator's Sale. Of groceries, wines and liquors at H. Pundt's old stand, 1218 Farnam in quantities

as invoiced at first cost.

L. RAAPKE, Adm. Saturday Prices. The big fire sale of clothing received from the Rochester, N. Y., fire, offers for to-day; Cotton socks, ic a pair, or lie a dozen; full men's suits, black worsted, \$2.90; choice

25c; fur overcosts, with quilted lining, \$6.75 men's natural wool underwear, 123c; fine satin lined suits and overcoats, for next to nothing at the Salvage Wrecking Co.'s FIRE SALE OF CLOTHING.

115 South 16th st., near Douglas, Opposite the Department Stores. Dr. Bailey, dentist, Paxton block,

Dr. Nichols & Nichols, special attention to seases of women and children. 1498 Farnam.

ONLY \$21.30 For Round Trip.

From Omaha to Hot Springs, Ark., via the Missouri Pacific railway. Tickets on sale from October 20 to October 30, inclusive. Limit for return, November 15. For tickets, the college of the college of

time tables, etc., call at company's offices, N. E. corner 13th and Farnam, or depot, 15th and Webster. J. O. Phillippi, A. G. F. & P. THOS, F. GODFREY, P. & T. A. Hayden Bros' add is on page 2.

COULTER WOULD NOT TALK

Finance Committee Fails to Get Explanations from Him.

FRUITLESS INTERVIEW AT THE COUNTY JAIL

Ex-Deputy City Treasurer Declares He Will Make No Statements Except at the Suggestion of an Attorney.

Cadet Taylor, F. B. Kennard and Halfdan Jacobsen, composing the finance committee of the city council, called on Jerome Coulter at the county jail last night to have a little Coulter preserved the silence which he has maintained ever since his arrest. After calling his attention to the situation as indicated by the examination of the deposit books, the members of the committee asked Coulter if there was any explanation that he could give that would assist in placing him in a better light or in throwing additional light on the condition of affairs in the treasurer's office when he left. Coulter refused to answer any with the disappearance of the municipal funds, saying that he would have to consult his attorney before he made any statement.

RUAN REQUIRED TO TELL.

Say Who Gave Him Money for Imparting Information.

The Moores investigation was before the Board of County Commissioners again yesterday. There were a number of cases inroduced in evidence in which it was alleged that Moores had charged illegal or excessive fees, or had charged fees twice. Moores' atorneys made the usual objections that the board had no jurisdiction to revise the records of a court as contained in the dockets by sitting on the question of a retaxation of costs. In accordance with a former ruling of the board, a number of specifications were thrown out because they ontained a number of cases in which overharging was alleged.

All went smoothly until late in the afternoon, when the case of Olaf Hansen against the Omaha and Florence Loan and Trust

ompany was introduced. Ruan, who worked up the case, was on the stand. In answer to questions he said that there was in this case \$62.40 witness and sheriff fees which should have been re-

Ruan, who worked up the case, was on the stand. In answer to questions he said that there was in this case \$62.40 witness and sheriff fees which should have been returned to the plaintiff, and that although the case was in the court in 1888 Moores had not returned the money until last year. Ruan was asked if he had reported the matter to the county board, and he answered that he had.

On cross-examination Moores' attorneys took this matter up. They asked Ruan if he had reported to any one clise the excess fees. He answered that he had. Then he was asked if he had received money for so doing. He answered in the affirmative. He said that he had told Hansen that there was money due him from Moores and that he had one the same thing in other cases.

At this point a snag came up. Moores' attorneys asked him to give the names of the persons to whom he had imparted such information and the amounts of money he received from them for so doing. Ruan refused to answer this, because he said it was his cwn private business, and that if anybody ought to know these facts the board alone had them and no one else.

Sutton introduced a motion requiring Ruan to answer the question, and this was passed by a vote of 3 to 2. Thereupon Ruans ahe did not return and it was 5 o'clock, the investigation was adjourned until Monday murning at 9:50 o'clock.

It is the intention of Moores' attorneys to push Ruan to show that he has an interest in furnishing the data on which the charges were based. On cross-examination in the cases of the push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show that he has an interest to push Ruan to show

furnishing the data on which the charges were based. On cross-examination in the early part of the investigation Ruan swore that he had no interest in the case whatever and the attorneys are seeking to impeach his veracity by showing that he did have an in-

The depositors of the Citizens' bank are sted to meet at 2403 Cuming strest Sat-

urday, October 26, at 8 p. m. CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Two Special Meetings Last Evening with Little Accomplished. The city council had two meetings last night and then adjourned without accomplishing the object of either. Tuesday night an adjournment was taken until last night at 8 o'clock at the request of Chairman "Alix," "Flying Jib," "Azots," "Directly," morning one of his associates on the committee got a call signed for a special meeting at 8:15, or fifteen minutes after the adjourned meeting. This call was kept a profound meeting. This call was kept a profound secret, for what reason is only known to the finance committee. The object of the special meeting was to pass the retrenchment ordinances which the committee has been nearly twelve months in preparing. At the ad-journed meeting the ordinances were slightly

corrected, and the council adjourned after passing the final estimate in favor of Hugh Murphy on the Sherman avenue paving.

The special meeting was called in accordance with the prearranged program, but here a hitch interrupted the proceedings. Howell raised the point of order that since the ordinances had been laid over under the rules last Tuesday night they could not be placed on their passage until the next regular meeting of the council. This position was sustained by the chair and Taylor's motion to suspend the rules was lost by 8 to

5. The council then adjourned, Water Damaged Her Gowns, The handsome gowns worn by Miss Sea-crooke in "Thrilby" were damaged at an early hour yesterday morning by the escape of water in one of the dressing rooms at the Creighton theater. During the night the water was turned off by the water company, and when it was suddenly turned on again it resulted in the bursting of a pipe. The gowns were pressed out, and Manager Slocum says that they will not look as though they had been immersed at all.

Lincoln and Return. The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific will ell tickets to Lincoln and return October 8 to November 1, good to return November at one fare for the round trip. Ticket office 1602 Farnam street.

Children's shoes 19c; 16 & Capitol avenue. Hayden Bros' add is on page 2. PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

E. J. Beli of Laramie is registered at the

State Bank Examiner McGrew is at the Paxton. Mr and Mrs. Thomas Howett of Kearney are at the Paxton Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hake of Kearney are

guests at the Paxton Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Huntley of Kearney are Paxton guests. Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Davis and children of

Butte are at the Millard. Forty-six of De Wolf Hopper's Opera company are quartered at the Barker. Robert Barr, secretary of Hanlon's "Su-perba" company, is at the Barker, L. B. Howey of Beatrice, government bank examiner, is registered at the Paxton.

P. E. McDonald, representing the Buick & od Manufacturing company, Detroit, is at the Paxton. W. P. Jaquith, Des Moines, Ia.; W. J. Duval. Hastings, Neb.; C. E. Prince, St. Paul, Minn.; J. H. Mulaney, Waterloo, Wis.; A. J. Nowlan, St. Louis, Mo.; C. E. Wilkins, Phil-adelphia, Pa.; F. H. Cheshire, Des Moines, Ia., and W. J. Biles, Hastings, Neb., are

nercial men stopping at the Barker, Nebraskans at the Hotels. At the Merchants-S. E. Kemp, Blair; H. M. Uttley, O'Nell. At the Murray-John Bratt, North Platte; C. L. Williams, Wahoo. At the Arcade-John Enlow, Gordon; L. C. Lloyd, Gothenburg; E. M. Yeater, Lyons; H. Frohlach, Nebraska City.

WHILE HE James N. Drake Visited by a Pair of

Bueglars. Porch climbing burglars visited the residence of James N. Drake, 1819 Corby street, Thursday night and while they remained but a short time they were well paid for their trouble, as they secured \$25 in cash and diamonds and jewelry to the value of \$75.

Mr. and Mrs. Drake's sleeping apartments

are in the front of the house on the second They retired for the night shortly after 9 o'clock and immediately went to sleep. A couple of hours later Mrs. Drake awoke and discovered a front window was open. She aroused her husband who came visited while he and his wife were sleeping. Lighting a lamp Drake commenced an investigation, discovering that the bureau and the people who cashed the checks gave drawers had been pulled out and their confriendly confab over the muddle in which Coulter has found himself. The talking was all on the side of the visitors, however, as convince Drake that burglars had been with him, and upon taking stock of the valuables he discovered that his pocketbook, which had ne discovered that his pocketbook, which had contained \$25, had been taken from his pants, while his wife's jewelry had gone along with the money. Drake's vest hung on a chair at the head of the bed and in one pocket there was a gold waich, while a \$5 gold piece, which rested in another pocket, remained untouched. remained untouched.

Yesterday Drake started out on a tour of investigation and discovered that the burgiars, two of them, climbed up the columns of the front porch and gained entrance to the sleeping room by prying up a window. That they departed by the same route was made apparent by the fact that foot prints were found in the sofe earth around the

Men Who Stand Up for Omaha. To the Citizens of Omaha: We, the unersigned, recognizing the good work accomplished by the Omaha Fair and Speed associaion and realizing that this city cannot afford to allow the obligations incurred by the said association in carrying out its contracts with the State Board of Agriculture to be dishonored, and to enable said association to pay the balance now due and unpaid on its buildings and other improvements, hereby agree each one to subscribe and pay one hundred dellars (\$100) to the said association, payable when fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) shall have been subscribed;

If you would be with the progressive people

end your name to Z. T. Lindsey. WESTERN ART ASSOCIATION. New Officers and Board of Directors

Mr G W Lininger has resigned from the residency of the Western Art association and Mr. Fred Parker has been elected in his stead, and will also have charge of the art

Immediately upon Mr. Lininger tending his resignation the secretary also resigned and Elmer C. Brownlee was elected secretary and treasurer. The directors are: J. J. Monell, Z. T. Lindsey, Robert W. Patrick, Clement Chase, Charles Huntington, J. Laurie Wallace, with

ne vacancy to be filled. The plan of the new board of directors is to issue certificates of membership, the membership fee being \$5 per year. It is intended to push the work of the art school, and throughout the winter to hold meetings, discussing art subjects.

T. J. Mahoney has been assigned by the state central committee to speak as follows: McCook, Monday, October 28; Geneva, Tues-day, October 29; Lincoln, Wednesday, Oc-tober 30; Grand Island, Thursday, October 31; Columbus, Friday, November 1; Fremont, Saturday, November 2.

Combined Break and Bell for Trolley. An electrical engineer, who has just returned from Germany, speaks of the at-tractive appearance presented by the street cars in Dresden, which is largely due to the fine dark colors in which they are painted. Many of the cars are American, but there is room for plenty more, and American manufacturers who desire to push business in Dresden are advised to correspond entirely in the German language. The Dresden car drivers use a peculiar bell for warning pe-destrians. The bell is fixed on the top of the lever handle, and even while braking, the motorman can sound the alarm by simply raising and lowering the tube on the brake

DIED.

M'CARTHY-Michael, aged 41 years. Funeral Saturday, October 26, at 8:30 a.m. from family residence, 124 North Tenth street, to St. Philomenn's church. Interment St. Mary's cemetery, South Omaha. FOOTE—Mrs. Mary S. Funeral from late residence, 1221 South Thirty-third street, at 2 p. m., Saturday, October 26.

Awarded Highest Honers-World's Fair,



MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant, 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

900000000000000000000000000 SOUTH OMAHA NEWS

Two swindlers were in town Thursday evening and did business men up to the tune of about \$300 on forged checks. When the packing house whisties blew for 5:30 o'clock the swindlers, with dinner palls in their hands and faces covered with dirt, fell in with the gang of workmen coming from the yards and packing houses and systematically worked N street with checks signed by R. H. McDonald & Sons. Each check was drawn for \$16.50, and at each place pre-She aroused her husband who came sented were readily cashed, as the men conclusion that the room had been stated that they were working for McDonald on a grading contract. Considerable grading is being done in the city at the present time, the matter no thought, supposing that the checks were all right. When the checks were presented at the bank yesterday morning they were thrown out, as no such firm is doing business in South Omaha. To further the deception each check was stamped "O K, R. H. McDonald & Sons." After working downtown saloons and business places, the pair went over on Q street and worked several saloons. The police think that the swindlers got away with fully \$300. The only description that can be given is that both were smooth shaved, had on dirty clothes, and carried dinner palls. Omaha police have been asked to be on the lookout

Born, to O. E. Bruce and wife, a son. Mrs. Mary Sheely has gone to Glenwood,

Sam Scott of Palmer was a visitor at the vards vesterday Frank Dolt of Gypsum, Colo., is in the city risiting friends.

A. J. Dunn is building a \$600 house at

Nineteenth and M streets. Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Wilson McLaughlin, Thirtieth and S streets, a son. The People's Independent club will meet a I wenty-fourth and S streets this evening. Al Cornish is distributing cigars among his friends on account of a son born yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Northeut of Columbus

John Cooper, a well known hog raiser of Hamburg, Ia., was in town yesterday after

D., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Tal-

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. McGuire, Twenty-third and R streets, are rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter. The Bohemian band will furnish music for

the Citizens' rally this evening at Young Men's Institute hall. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Klingen gave a fare-

well party last evening to their guest, Miss Emma Gunn of St. Joseph. R. A. Carpenter, Scott Harroll, Ralph Hall and H. M. Christic leave this afternoon for a shooting trip along the Platte.

Georgiana Pierce, who lives at Thirtieth and R streets, was locked up last night on a charge of incorrigibility preferred by her Yesterday afternoon Mayor Johnston laid

off the acting street commissioner and his gang of men. Johnston said that he wanted to save expenses. Mrs. Mary Nemptus has sworn to a com plaint charging Mrs. G. Stensor with assault and battery. The women had a row over a goat and came to blows.

There will be a grand rally of democrats and citizens at Young Men's Institute hall this evening. Addresses will be made by W. F. DeFrance, W. F. Gurley, T. J. Mahoney L. F. Crofoot, H. C. Miller and Ed P. Smith emocratic and Citizens' league candidate will be present.

Ed Mullen, a grocer on Cuming street Omaha, was in town last night looking for his 15-year-old son, who had run away from home. The boy left Omaha on the night Missouri Pacific train, but was put off at Summit, and it is supposed that he walked into town. Captain McDonough and a couple of policemen searched all the cars in the yards, but did not find the missing boy.

Fire sale of shoes; 16 & Capitol avenue.

Daylight at the Ocean Bottom. In very clear water daylight penetrate the sea to the depth of 1580 feet. These ex periments were made in the Mediterranean near Corsica, and eighteen miles from land the results being obtained by means o photographic plates. The depth to which daylight penetrates depends, of course, on the transparency of the water, the Mediterranean, being famed for the clearnes of its water, admits light to a greater depti than is the case where the water is lest transparent. Usually the light of the sur 150 fest below the surface of the ocean . no more than that of the moon, while at the depth of 300 feet it is scarcely equal to glimmer of twilight, and at 600 feet, in many parts of the ocean, there is perpetua darkness. Near Mindora, in the Indias ocean, the spotted corals are plainly visible under 150 feet of water. The Caribbean so; is of crystalline clearness, objects bring dis ernible on the bottom at a very great

Ladies' shoes 75c; 16 & Capitol avenue. Hayden Bros' add is on page 2.



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