SLATE BADLY DEMORALIZED

Empire State Democrats About All Candidates for Office.

LEADERS LET THEM FIGHT IT OUT

Main Features of the Platform Have Been Agreed Upon-Tammany and County Democracy as Far Apart as Ever.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 23 .- The streets, the corridors of hotels and every place where politicians can gather have turned into meeting places for democratic slate makers and breakers, and so glutted is every avenue in the hotels that it is difficult to move about, Every train since noon has brought in its quota of delegates, from the Empire State express that landed David B. Hill, Comptroller Campbell, Clerk De Frees and Chairman J. W. Hinckley, and the fast mail Senator Murphy and ex-Lieutenant Governor Sheehan, down to the slower going specials, one bearing Tammany, 500 strong, and another with the state democracy aboard to the number of 250. It is estimated that at were at Saratoga at the republican conven-tion, and still they will come tonight and tomorrow. Tonight the slate, which this morning was in fairly good shape, is almost lost sight of behind the swarm of new candidates. The only offices that seem to be out of dispute are those of secretary of state and attorney general. The comptrollership seems to be the main bone of contention, and since 3 o'clock there have developed five new candidates. The leaders smiled at the Donnybrook among the candidates and refused to make selections. The probability, therefore, is that the siate will not be se-lected before tomorrow night, and even then

several candidates will be left over.

The first proposition submitted tonight and which will be introduced tomorrow in the convention will be the canal plank: "The great democrat, Samuel J. Tilden, in his message to the legislature of 1875, recommended the improvement of the state canals upon the plans embodied in the proposition to be voted upon by the people at the ap-proaching election. In complete accord with the principles and policy of Governors Sey-mour, Tilden and Hill, the democratic party heartly approves the proposition for im-proving the canals of this state. We de-nounce as a cowardly subterfuge the utterances of the republican party on the important question of canals. The democratic party of New York stands unalterably op-posed to the so-called ship canal between the great inland lakes and tidewater of the Hudson, as well as against federal aid toward improving our canals to national interference with the canal system owned and

Operated by the state."

The remainder of the platform, exclusive of the excise question, is as follows, in abbreviated form: Declaring that the re-turn to prosperity in the country is due to the proper administration of the national af-fairs by the democrats and protesting against any tariff tinkering; declaring against the re-enactment of any law similar to the Sherman silver law; commending the administration of President Cleveland; pointing out the immense expense incurred by so-called in-vestigating committees and the *addling of probably additional expenses each year; criticising the partisan legislation indulged in and the failure to work the reforms prom ised; arraigning the administration of Gov-ernor Morton for glaring sins of commission

union of New York arrived this afternoon. They will not be asked to participate in the a fair representation of the In speaking of the excise plank the German reformers would favor, a prominent New Yorker said to an Associated press reporter: "Our position will be in support of the state democracy in the matter." Then he added "We think that the present difficulty arises not so much from the nature of the law, but from the manner of its administration by

Colonel Robert Grier Munroe, secretary of the State democracy, said this morning that so far as he knew neither his people nor the Tanimany men had made any proposition relative to representation. We shall ask to be seated, and the matter

will be settled by the committee on creden-tials," said the colonel. He added that a fair representation would be insisted upon and obtained if possible. The question of representation of factions became a trifle more tangled in the minds of

those present today when Corporation Coun-sel Francis M. Scott of New York arrived. Mr. Scott was asked by an Associated press correspondent: "What relative representado you think the state democracy is en

"Why, a full one, of course. We shall demand the scating of our delegation." "What will you accept as the lowest repre

"Well, I'm not prepared to say. You se we are willing, for harmony's sake, to make some concessions on the state ticket, but we want it distinctly understood that any deal we make here is not to bind us to Tam-niany in any way on local issues in New York county. If we get in we will support with all our might the state ticket, but a not combine with Tammany in New York. Mr. Daforth is here to boom the candidacy D. L. Dow of Schoharle for state treasurer, and has opened headquarters in

was 9 o'clock tonight when Senator Hill Mr. Sheehan and Mr. Hinckley could break away from the crowd that surrounded them and go to the meeting of the state committee The committee adopted a resolution that th Tammany delegates from Kings county be pard faction one-third. The committee as lected Hon. Perry Belmont to be the tim perary chairman of the convention. The convention will be called to order by Chairman Hinckiev of the state committee at noc nerrow at the Alhambra rink and then Mr Belmont will deliver his address. After the reli call and any contests are noted, the chair. man will appoint committees on permanent organizations, credentials and revolutions. receas will then be taken until Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, when the work of the convention will be finished. Until Wednesday therefore, the fight of the candidates will

LINING UP THE SILVER FORCES

Leaders of the Washington ence in Session at Memphis. MEMPHIS, Sept. 23.-The meeting of democratic silver leaders to put in practical shape the conclusions of the conference held in Washington last month is in session here today. There are present Senators Harris and Jones of Arkansas; W. H. Hinrichsen, chairman of the Illinois state democratic committee: Governor Stone of Missouri, Hon. Casey Young of Memphis and several others of note. Senator Turple of Indiana is the principal absentee, being detained at home. The object of this meeting is to appoint chairmen for the different states, who are to organize the silver forces with a view of capturing the state delegations to the national democratic convention. The leaders here seen, hopeful of accomplishing this result, particularly Mr. Hinrichsen. He says the democracy of the south and the doubtful states of the west are for free sliver and will vote for it in the next election. He reliterated his former decisarations as the and will vote for it in the next election. He reliterated his former declarations as to the policy and purposes of the administration. Ct pland, he said, would bring on a war w. Spain about Cuba, and eventually with England. This would give him an excuse to call for a big issue of bonds and rivet the gold standard on the country, and would, besides, clear the way for a third term. sides, clear the way for a third term.

Sent a Bullet Through His Heart. MILWAUKEE, Sept. 23.-R. W. Engel of Athol, Mass., sent a bullet through his heart in a room at the Hotel Pfister yesterday. There was a telegram in his pocket from W. W. Holton of Athol, Mass., dated yesterday. It contained but one word, "Yes."

SURPRISED A PARTY OF SPANIARDS.

Vanguard Entirely Exterminated Before Reinforcements Came Up. HAVANA, Sept. 23.—News has been reeived at military headquarters here of a desperate fight at Nefl, near Palma Sola, province of Santa Clara, between 300 insurgents, led by Bermudez and Fleites, and a detachment of government cavalry under Captain Riestra. The vanguard of the cavalry, consisting of a sergeant and seven privates, was first surrounded by the insurgents and in the engagement every one of the van-guard was killed. By this time Captain Riestra, with a company of thirty men, came up and engaged the insurgents, whom he forced to retreat, leaving three dead on the field. Their wounded they carried off with them when they retreated. It is reported that the insurgent chief,

Joaquin Roque, has been wounded in an en-gagement with government troops. It is rumored that General Gomez of the

insurgent army has reached Santa Clara.
Official reports have been received here of an important engagement, which is said to have resulted disastrously to the insurgents. The troops commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Tarul and Major Zuba, numbering 300, by a series of combined movements concentrated in a forest and fought the insurgent band congregated there. The report says that they captured their field hospital and medicines, while the insurgents took flight, leaving behind twenty-four killed. As a result of three days' operations the insurgents are said to have lost thirty-seven killed, fifty least a third more people are here than horses captured and three prisoners. The were at Saratoga at the republican conven- forest is now clear of insurgents and their camp destroyed. The loss of the government is reported as two killed and seven wounded, two captured. It is said that the insurgents lost more than 100 wounded.

TAKING MEDICINE GRACEFULLY

English Papers Acknowledge the Superiority of American Athletes. LONDON, Sept. 23.—The Pall Mall Gazette his afternoon comments as follows upon the result of the international athletic contests

at New York on Saturday: "There is little doubt that America would have won even had our best men been available. Under no circumstances could we have beaten the New Yorkers. Every Englishman

Peary expedition. All members will go by the steamer Sylvia, leaving on Wednesday, reaching New York next Monday. They are engaged today in picking out specimens which will be transferred to the Sylvia. In an interview today Lieutenant Peary said that he would not undertake any further Arctic work. He denies that any of the bones of General Greeley's party were found at Cape Sabine, but the officers, engineer and saliors of the Kite contradict his statement. The matter is widely discussed here.

Sunken Cruiser Will Be Broken Up. HAVANA, Sept. 23 .- As the cruiser Barcastequi, which was sunk by the merchant man Mortera Wednesday night, constitutes danger to vessels leaving or entering the port of Havana, it has been decided to break up the hull of the vessel with dynamite. The divers have refused to work upon the wreck on account of the danger from sharks and because of the insufficiency of their outfits. Two daughters of the late Admiral Del-gado Parejo, who lost his life when the Barcastequi was sunk, are seriously III with diphtheria. His son is down with yellow

Indians Becoming Troublesome. MERIDIA, Yucatan, Sept. 23 .- (Via City of Mexico.)-News from Belize is alarming. The han Santa Cruz Indians are reported provid ng themselves with modern weapons and an abundant supply of ammunition and all trad rs there are making money out of this trade, American merchant being especially active n this business. The Indians now fight Mexico to recover their lands and to old their present strong places. The cor tinued aid given the Indians in Belize by the British colonists is viewed with indignation by the Yucatan people, who consider it almost

ROME, Sept. 23 .- King Humbert, Queer Marguerite and the members of the Italian ministry reviewed a procession today of veterans of the war of 1870, bearing flags and decorations. The Garibaldians, in their red shirts, had the place of honor at the head of Thousands witnessed the parade and cheered enthusiastically as the Garibal-dians marched past and saluted the king and queen, who graciously returned the saluta-

Pasteur in Feeble Health. PARIS, Sept. 23 .- The report cabled from this city to the United States Saturday that Prof. Pasteur, the discoverer of inoculation as a cure for rables, is dying, is untrue. Prof. Pasteur, however, is in very feeble health, and the paralysis of his legs, from which he has suffered for some time, is steadily increasing.

Editor Ottendorfer Coming Home. BERLIN, Sept. 23 .- Mr. Oswald Ottendor fer, proprietor of the New York Staats Zei tung, will sail for home on Thursday on board the Hamburg-American line steamer Normannia. Mr. Ottendorfer is much im proved in health by his visit to Germany.

Porte Afraid of Dynamite. CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 23 .- Great precautions have been adopted for the protection of the palace of the Sublime Ports, owing to the discovery of a Macedonian plot to blow up the buildings with dynamits.

Steamer Sinks a Rowboat. LONDON, Sept. 23 .- A special dispatch re ceived from Geneva, Switzerland, today reports that a steamer ran onto and sunk rowboat there last evening, drowning seven

Charged with Taking Federal Funds. NEW YORK, Sept. 23 .- A. C. Love, for merly assistant postmaster at Calvert, Tex., arrived on the steamer Advance from Colon, as a prisoner in charge of United States Officer Renfrew. Love, it is alleged, while acting in his official capacity in charge of the noting in his official capacity in charge of the money order department at Calvert, fled with a large amount of government funds. He left the country, supposedly via Galveston, and managed to reach the United States of Colombia. He was arrested at Dana, in the province of Chirque, July 14, through the efforts of the United States consul at Panama. Love did not care to make any statement when seen this morning. It was learned, however, that he returned voluntarily and

was glad to return and stand trial. KANSAS CITY, Sept. 23 .- A special to the Star from Salins, Kan., says: A Missouri Pacific repair train was wrecked two miles east of Gypsum City by striking a steer. The engine was thrown from the track, instantly killing Engineer H. C. Ferguson and serifusly injuring Fireman Charles Hart.

Death of a Friend of Lincoln's. CHICAGO, Sept. 23 .- Mrs. J. H. Brown of Springfield, Ill., died at Duluth today. Mrs. Brown was a friend of President Lincoln, was prominent in charitable work, and at the time of her death was president of the Iilinois Board of Foreign Missions. Movements of Ocean Vessels, Sept. 23.

At New York-Arrived-Scale, from Bre-men; Chatea in Fite, from Bordeaux. At New York-Arrived-Normandie, from Liverpool; Mobile, from London; Circussia, om Glasgow; State of California, from Glasgow. Southampton-Arrived-Berlin,

At Bremsn-Arrived-Fulda, from New

York. At New York-Arrived-Kaiser Wilhelm II.

IRISH INDEPENDENCE

Delegates Arriving for the Great Convention to Meet in Chicago.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED WILL BE PRESENT

Hope to Rouse Their Countrymen and Their Friends from the Lethurgy Into Which They Have Fallen-Opposed to the Use of Force.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23 .- The great convention of Irish societies will be opened in Young Men's Christian association hall at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning with a large representat on of Irishmen from all parts of the count: y. Today delegates were arriving upon nearly every train. The headquarters at McCoy's hotel presented an animated appearance, conferences and the welcoming of new arrivals being the order of the day. John T. Keating, state secretary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and secretary of the local reception ommittee, estimates that there will be fully 1,500 delegates in attendance when the convention opens. The convention will last

three days.

The object is the formation of a united open organization for the furtherance of the Irish cause. Those who issued the call for the convention claim that it is contemplated that physical force shall not be used or advised in the attainment of the independence of the Irish people as a nation unless such means be deemed absolutely necessary and the object in view be probable of attain-

It is believed the convention will serve to revive interest and infuse new life into the Irish cause both in America and in Great Britain. Among the many distinguished delegates already here is O'Neill Ryan of St. Louis, Mr. Ryan, who was one of the signers of the original call for the conven-tion, is ex-president of the Irish Na-tional league. Asked to indicate the special and specific purposes of the convention beaten the New Yorkers. Every Englishman who is possessed of any sporting feeling will be glad to express admiration of the excellence of American athletes."

All the other afternoon papers comment in a similar spirit, making no excuses for the defeat of the London athletes.

Penry Has Had Enough.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Sept. 23.—No new matter has developed today with reference to the Peary expedition. All members will go by which it has been allowed to fall during the past four or five years. The general principle which we advocate, and for which I believe the convention will declare, is the complete independence of the Irish people. There has been considerable talk about the convention declaring in favor of the employment of physical force in obtaining our ends. Now, I do not believe, nor do I think the prime movers in the calling of this convention believe, that such a course would be advisable at this time. It would be foolishness for the Irish people to enter into a rebellion which promised at the outset to end in our people being imprisoned and killed. But I do believe that the men most active in this cause are in favor of force should it be necessary and likely to bring about the desired results."

Considerable comment is being aroused by the fact that among the effective in the set of the fact that among the effective into a results."

Considerable comment is being aroused by the fact that among the fifty delegates from New York City who have arrived are Jeremiah O'Donovan Rossa and P. J. P. Tynan. Rossa and Tynan are staying at McCoy's hotel, the official headquarters. A sensation has been greated by the appearence. sensation has been created by the announce-ment that among other things the con-vention will consider the case of the Irish vention will consider the case of the Irish political prisoners still held in penal servi-tude in England. Lord Salisbury, it is stated on high authority, will probably be sent a formal demand for their release within a ertain period, which, if not complied with followed strictly by the carrying out of the old law—"An eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth." For every prisoner not eleased the "removal" is promised of an English cabinet officer or prominent official,

FAILED TO CONVICT THE CUBANS, Jury Only Required Fifty Minutes to Arrive at a Verdiet.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 23 .- The trial of the defendants in the Commolore case was resumed today. The district attorney represented the government and Judge Russell the defendants. It was developed that the arms were received here in person by the consignee, who shipped them on the steamer, also that the captain of the steam said he was to get \$7 per 100 for freight for delivery of these goods in Carchagena freight Mr. Frank, manager of the Western Union, was summoned to produce telegrams by which the prosecution hoped to prove that the Commodore was ordered direct from this port to the coast of Cuba.

Judge Wales charged the jury in the trial of the twenty-one Cubans charged with vio ation of the neutrality laws. After being out fifty minutes the jury returned a verdict of "not gullty." The verdict was received with tumultuous applause.

READY FOR A HOSTILE PLEET. Harbor Defenses for the Golden Gate Are Practically Finished.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23 .- The United States government is now able to blow out of the water at a day's notice any hostile fire that might attempt to enter the Golden Gate The battery of the big pneumatic dynamitguns ordered for the defense of this port year or more ago has been advanced so far toward completion that two of the guns could be effectively fired with only twenty-four nours preparation. The two guns now se up will be actually fired during the contract-or's preliminary tests within ten days and it is expected within six weeks some old hulks will have been blown to splinters in official ests and the battery will have been turned

Young Men's Institute in Session. INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 23.-The Atlanti urisdiction of the Young Men's institute, a Catholic fraternal organization with a membership of 20,000, met in annual convention here today. Besides the 20) accredited dele gates there are about 200 visiting members.
The entire body attended mass today.
The convention will adopt bylaws, attend to routine business and discuss insurance changes. Among the prominent ones prese are: Judge Rives, grand president, Ker tucky; Thomas Case, Memphis, and Rober Keyes, grand secretary, also of Memphis.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 23 .- A special to the Evening Post from Hickman, Ky., says: Clay Connelly shot and instantly killed R ley Patterson at Conneily's landing, fifteen mile below this place, last n'ght. It was the re sult of an old feud between the Connelly prothers and the Patterson brothers. Th Connellys escaped immediately after the shooting in a skiff. The sheriff and posses are in pursuit of the murderers.

Anti-Gambling Law Declared Invalid. HELENA, Mont., Sept. 23.-Judge Blake in he district court today he'd the anti-gambling law unconstitutional. The case will be appealed, but the gamblers are so sure the decision will be sustained that all old gam-bling houses in Helena will reopen. The effect of the decision is to leave the old territorial law licensing gambling in force.

Well Known Insurance Man Dead. NEW YORK, Sept. 23.-John Devine Jones, for forty years president of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance company, is dead, aged 82. He had been in failing health for several years past.

Troops Return to Their Homes. ISHPEMING, Mich., Sept. 23.—All five comSOME ONE IS SURELY MISTAKEN. Two Views of the Probable Success

of the Chicago Ministers, CHICAGO, Sept. 23.-The Chicago Methodist ministers, who have undertaken to secure through the pope greater religious freedom for the Protestants of Peru, Ecuador and Bolivia, have, in response to circular let ters, received encouragement from Justin Mc-Carthy, Algernon Charles Swinburne and the historian, W. E. H. Lecky. The letters are

Carthy, Algernon Charles Swinburne and the historian, W. E. H. Lecky. The letters are as follows:

33 EATON TERRACE, LONDON, S. W.—Dear Sir: I have read your letter, just received with the influence of the gope will be exercised in securing for Protestants in the South American republics the same liberty of conscience that is enjoyed by Roman Catholic citizens of your country. I need hardly say that your purpose has my fullest and most cordial sympathy. I thank you much for your kindly words with regard to myself and my writing. Very truly yours,

THE PINES, PUTNEY HILL, LONLON, S. W.—Dear Sir: I am no less honored than gratified by your expressed with for my opinion on so practically with for my opinion on so practically a question as that on which you ask for it a question in the most monstrous claims ever put forward by the church. Ferce, and force alone, could obtain even a show of justice, deceney or fair play from the ministers and agents of a religion which has never yielded one jot of its atroclous pretensions, except under sheer compulsion or absolute necessity. Yours most sincerely, ALGERNON CHARLES SWINBURNE, VOSBERGEN, GUILDERLAND.—Dear Sir: I wish you all successifi your effort to chitain a repeal of the gross, including the control of the most monstrous claims over put clerks on a scape of the property for the gross, including the control of the most monstrous claims over put clerks on a scape of the property for the enter is and agents of a religion which has never yielded one jot of its atroclous pretensions, except under sheer compulsion or absolute necessity. Yours most sincerely, ALGERNON CHARLES SWINBURNE, VOSBERGEN, GUILDERLAND.—Dear Sir: I wish you all successifi your effort of which you receive any real help from the requirement of the committee of information, J. V. Welfe, W. A. McKeighan, Governor Holcomb, Senator W. V. Allea and J. N. and the committee of the countries of the countries

CHARGES OF WHOLESALE PERJURY. Rich Taxpayers and Assessors Ac-

eused of Corruption. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 23.—The most Chicago, are perjurers; that the assessors ing, bias or prejudice, and without regard to are guilty of maifeasance in office; that the present financial condition of Chicago is diof taxation which prevails in Illinois.

ization and the various municipal depart-ments to which the agents of the bureau had access. After declaring that "it is the purpose of the report to expose existing methods of taxation in Illinois, with special reference to their effect upon the labor interest," the report proceeds to review the work of former bureaus. The stand is taken that it is idle to dwell upon the wages and condition of the various wage-earners of the state. The bureau contends that the condition "is proved by evidence so clear and abundant that the compilation of any further statistics would be wasted effort." The bureau takes the be wasted effort." The bureau takes the position that "taxation is the chief instrument

RULE AGAINST JEWS NOT ABSOLUTE Exclusion from Russia Depends Upon

the Views of Officials.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The Departnent of State today received through Minister Breckinridge a note from Prince Lobanow of the Russian foreign office, bearing upon the admission of foreign Jews into together with a translation of the Russian laws upon the subject. These laws are furnished in response to a request from Mr. Breckinridge, who made it because of the refuent of the Russian consul at New York to vise the passports of American citi zens of Jewish descent. In his note, enclos-ing copies of the laws in question, Prince banow refers to the restrictions against the entrance of Jews Into Russian territory and claims that they are far from implying n absolute interdiction.

"They have their sources," he says, usideration of a kind of people and are essentially administrative and economic. The imperial government, having already millions of Jewish subjects, only only admit their congenors of foreign allegiance they seem to present a guaranty that the will not be a charge and a parasitic elemen in the state, but will be able, on the con-trary, to be useful in the internal develop-ment of the country. It is because he had it in view to protect himself from an influence of a proletariat of this nature that the Russian legislator has established clearly the categories of Israelites of whom the entrance in our territory can be permitted."

Western Postmusters Appointed. WASHINGTON, Sept. 23 .- (Special Telegram.)-Joseph W. Gardiner was today appointed postmaster at Brewster, Blaine county, Neb., vice Blanche Gardiner, re-signed. The postoffice at Downing, Lyman county, S. D., has been discontinued. Mail county, S. D., has been discontinued. Mail will go to Oaconia. Frank Salmen was today

commissioned postmaster at Bieda, Ia.

The comptroller of the currency has approved the United States National bank of Omaha as reserve agent for the First Na-tional bank of Blue Hill, Neb. The comproller has been notified of the selection H. C. Denkaman as cashier of the First Na-tional bank of Fullerton, Neb. Dr. John C. Murphy was today appointed

Neb., and Dr. C. E. Stevenson at Glenwood

Cheyenne County Pops' Convention SIDNEY, Neb., Sept. 23 .- (Special Telegram.)-The populists of Cheyenne county net in convention here today and nominated the following ticket: Charles J. Osborn clerk; Lloyd S. Burger, sheriff; A. A. Ricker, udge; Milton Ahrens, treasurer; S. H. Osporne, coroner; Daniel Barricklow, commisoner Third district. The offices of surveyor oner Third district. The offices of surveyor and superintendent of schools were left and superintendent of schools were The meeting was characterized harmony and all the nominees were the unanimous choice.

White Girl Marries a Jap SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept., 23.-The steamer Mexico, from San Bernardino and way ports. has among her passengers a young couple who were married at sea on the way down. The groom is George S. Matzmura, a Japanese, who is said to have held a consular post from hir government. Matzmura and the lady, who is a white woman, boarded the Mexico at Remondo, and when the vessel got to sea they were married by Captain Halle. it is supposed that they came from Los An-

eles and had been refused a license to marry n that city. Serious Loss by an Early Fire. HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Sept. 23.-Fire this norning destroyed the Pacific hotel, the rescent house, adjoining, the Valley Livery stables, the Jewish synagogue and five cottages in the rear of the Pacific hotel, involving a loss of \$50,000, which was only partly insured. The fire caught in the Pacific hotel very mysterlously, the building being unoccupied except by a watchman in charge of the furniture. The guests in the Crescent escaped, but all their personal effects and the house furniture were destroyed. couse furniture were destroyed.

Flames Fanned by a Gale. FOND DU LAC, Sept. 23.-While the wine vas blowing forty miles an hour late last vening fire was discovered in the Moore & Galloway lumber yard at North Fond du Lac The mills and about 10,000,000 feet of number were burned. Lors, about \$149,000; insur-ance, \$73,500.

Gold Withdrawn for Shipment. NEW YORK, Sept. 23 .- One hundred an venty-five thousand dollars in gold panies of the Michigan troops, stationed here to prevent lawiessness during the miners' shipment to Canada. Of this amount \$100,000 was taken by the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

MAXWELL WILLING TO RUN

Accepts the Nomination for the Supreme Bench Tendered by Populists.

CONSIDERS IT AS A NON-PARTISAN MOVE

independant party, held at Lincoln on the 28th of August, 1895, was received on the 12th inst., and has been duly considered. "While I did not seek nor expect the nomination, yet I am urged by many members of all parties to accept in the spirit in which it is tendered. A nonpartisan nom-ination, as I understand it, means that national questions are not involved in a mere state campaign, but only questions relative sensational report ever issued by a state bureau was made public tonight by the Illinois Bureau of Labor Statistics. It charges that the great majority of the wealthy tax-that the great majority of the gre that the great majority of the wealthy tax-payers of Illinois, and more especially of

sentatives. This is an unusual power con-The report is made up of a mass of tables compiled from official reports of assessors, a fair trial, free from partism influence or banks, real estate transfers, boards of equalcourt to construe the law and determine for what offenses an officer may be found guilty. The state government is a great business institution, in which many persons are employed and many contracts made and sup-plies for the various institutions purchased. These contracts and purchases of supplies, if not executed in good faith, afford opportunities for the misapplication and misappropria tion of public funds. The business of the state must be conducted on business principles and the same degree of integrity and accountability required as in a first class private business establishment, and it seems to me the courts should fix that as the standard. A party should be made to feel that larceny from the state is as culpable as if committed against a private individual, and that an officer who commits or sauction; the wrong in any of its forms is unworthy to hold his position. There is no half way course possible. If the court even indirectly sanctions the largeny or misappropriation of public funds its influence will be felt in every department by lowering the standard of official duty and as tending to corrup-

n time may affect even the courts them-"Third-I accept the comination pirit in which it is tender d, and if elected judge I will perform my duties faithfully fearlessly and impartially to all alike, and t the best of my ability enforce and secu-the rights of every one. Very respectfully, "SAMUEL MAXWELL

HOLMES ARRAIGNED FOR MURDER. Crime of Killing B. F. Pitzel.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.-Herman M Mudgett, alias H. H. Holmes, was arraigned before Judge Finletter in the court of over and terminer today on the indictment charg ing him with the murder of Benjamin F Pitzel on September 2, 1894. Upon advice his counsel the prisoner pleaded not guilty District Attorney Graham asked that Monday October 28, be fixed for the trial of the cas which was strenously objected to by Holme

After a full hearing Judge Finletter said h considered that would give the defense suffi-cient time to prepare their case and ordered that the trial be set for that day, with the understanding that when the time arrived neither side could expect to come into and obtain a continuance on paltry excuses.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 23 .- Reports received tonight from various parts of the state show that the storm on Sunday night and early this morning was one of the severest in Wis consin for years. In the towns of Pleasant Valley and Cedar Creek, near Eau Claire, number of buildings were blown down in small cyclone, entailing a loss of about \$25, 000 to buildings alone, besides damaging considerable other property. At Oconton fre vere uprooted and buildings were blown down. A number of houses were unroofe At Merrill the buildings on the fair grounds were demolished and the loss will be \$25,000. At Menomine over 100,000 fest of lumber was blown into the river and drifts away. Reports from White Hall, Murtinette and many other points also r port much damage. The wires were blown down and travel was delayed by many trest being blown over the tracks. It is estimated that the losses in the state will amount to several hundred thousand dollars.

Schooner F. R. Williams Sank. DETROIT, Sept. 23 .- A special to th Free Press from Escanaba, Mich., says: schooner F. R. Williams, laden with Iron ore, from this port to Toledo sank last night the big gale on Green bay, with all on oard. Of the crew only the names of Captain Hutton and Maggie Bennett, the stew-ardess, are known, the crew of five men being strangers here. The Williams was in tow of the steamer Santa Maria, which re-turned this afternoon and reported the wreck.

District Court at Sidney. SIDNEY, Neb., Sept. 23 .- (Special Tele gram.)-District court opened here today, with Judge William Neville presiding. There are fifty-two cases on the docket, six being criminal, and the leading case being the state against F. W. Bozarth and J. W. O. fer the murder of Robert Fawcus at Camp Clark last spring.

Two Children Burned to Death. SPRING GREEN, Wis., Sept. 23,-Two chil dren of Emery Slauson, living two miles were of Arena, were burned to death in their home. The mother went for a pail of water a mile away, locking the two children in a room. The house tok fire during her absence.

Forest Fires on the Pacific Const. SANTA CRUZ, Cal., Sept. 23 .- Forest fires are sweeping through hundreds of acres of forests in this vicinity. Railroad traffic is interfered with by trees fulling across the tracks. The fire is the worst that has ever visited Santa Cruz county.

Sioux City Minister Goes to Missouri. SIOUX CITY, Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram.)-Rev. H. D. Jenkins of Sloux City has accepted a call to the Second Presbyterian church of Kansas City.

PROST THROUGHOUT NEBRASKA. TIRED OF IT IN THE SIXTH No Damage Done to Corn, Which is

Being Husked.

MOOREFIELD, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram.)-Rain began falling here at 8 Residents Organize to Abolish Misrule in clock Saturday night, continuing all night, turning to snow Sunday morning. Snow continued falling all forenoon. A heavy frost covered the ground this morning, ice being found in places.

LYONS, Neb., Sept. 23 .- (Special.)-The sidewalks were covered this morning with a heavy frost. But little or no damage will be done as the last two weeks have ripened the corn beyond the reach of frost. Nearly four inches of rain fell here Saturday and vesterday.

JUNIATA, Nob., Sept. 23.—(Special.)—The hot weather of the past two weeks ended in a cool rain Saturday and Sunday, with a frost last night, the first of the season. Corn its fullest capacity last night in response to DUNBAR, Neb., Sept. 23 .- (Special.)-The

wind of the past ten days has blown nearly all the fall and winter apples off the trees. Winter apples will be a luxury. A fail of sixty degrees in the temperature in the past twenty-four hours resulted in a heavy frost last night. No damage was done. Part of the farmers in this vicinity will commence husking corn this week. The hot wind of the past ten days has matured the corn so that it can be cribbed. KEARNEY, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special.)— The first frost of the season occurred last

night. It did not freeze water, and no dam age was done, so far as known, to crops. ST. PAUL, Neb., Sept. 23,-(Special.) Another good rain last night and this morning of seventy-six hundredths inch maker the total precipitation since Friday afternoon two and eighty-four hundredths inches. The

VALLEY, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special.)—A eavy rain fell in this section yesterday. FREMONT, Sept. 23.—(Special.)—There was light frost here last night. Corn was too hearly matured to be injured, and there was so much mofsture in the atmosphere that

n this vicinity Saturday and Sunday, fully we and one-half inches falling. The ground being very dry, from the hot winds of the present financial condition of Chicago is directly traceable to the corrupt system of taxation, and that the deplorable condition of work is due to the liberty-destroying method with the sole power to try charges of impeachment in cases whose an officer has been work is due to the liberty-destroying method impeachment in cases whose an officer has been impeached by the senate and house of representatives. This is an appropriate to the sole power to try charges of imposture penetrated the soil to a depth of eight inches. Fall plowing, which has been greatly retarded by the continued dry weather and condition of the soil, will now be pushed rapidly forward, with every expectation o a most bountiful yield next year.

LINCOLN, Sept. 23.—(Special.)—This vi-clairty was visited last night by a heavy frost Early risers found the roofs and sidewalks glistening with it. It is said little damage was done, save to the tenderer house and awn plants that had not been put under

FULLERTON, Neb., Sept. 23,-(Special.)-About 6 o'clock last evening a severe wind and rain storm struck this city, which lasted but a few moments, but did consider-able damage. Many chimneys were blown to pieces, outhouses turned over, good-sized shade trees twisted off, while many windows were broken. The wind had blown a heavy gale from the south for forty-eight hours, but suddenly changed to the northwest and increased into a cyclone. A deluging rain fell for thirty minutes. The rain was much needed as the hot wind the previous fortyeight hours was doing great damage to the BELGRADE, Neb., Sept. 23.-(Special.)-A

terrible wind and rain storm passed over here yesterday. Rain fell in torrents and continued all last night. A large barn belonging to A. Knight was completely demolished and the roof was blown off of Joe Palmer barn. Several windmills about the countr were blown down, and haystacks scattered Lightning struck the barn of L. A. Hayfor here, doing slight damage. About three inche of rain fell. Corn is all out of the way o of rain left. Corn is all out of the way of the frost, but the crop will not exceed two-fifths of a crop, being cut short by the dry weather through July. The ground is in fine condition for fall plowing and fall seeding. A large crop of rye will be sown, which will make good late pasture. A large number of cattle will be fed in this vicinity this winter me man having about 3,000 to feed. Ther FALLS CITY, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special.)-heavy rain fell all day yesterday and the weather changed from warm to colder. 11 o'clock the thermometer fell from 90 During last night a heavy frost fell, doing

considerable damage to fruit and late corn in the bottom lands. Many house plants which were not covered were burned to the ground by the frost. This is the first fros BEATRICE, Sept. 23 .- (Special.)-The wel come cold wave of yesterday morning in this part of the state was followed by quite

heavy frost this morning. SPRINGVIEW, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram.)—An inch of snow fell at this place Saturday and a heavy frost last night.

WILCOX, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special Tele gram.)-Six-tenths of an inch of rain fell yes terday, followed last night by a heavy frost. ELMWOOD, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special Tele-gram.)—This county was blessed by a splendid rain, commencing Saturday afternoon and lasting throughout the night, one and seventy one-hundredths inches falling. This places the ground in excellent condition for fall plow ing, and the sowing of winter grain is not in full swing. The corn crop in this count is now out of the way of frost and promise

good half crop

gram.)—There was a heavy frost here last night, the first of the season, but it did no material damage, corn being so nearly matured that frost will not affect it. RANDOLPH, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Saturday night's storm proved

the heaviest here for months, and yesterday was raw and cold, clearing up last night and frosting heavily, freezing thin ice on low land. Garden truck was killed and probably some soft corn, but most of it was thoroughly ripened by the hot, dry weather of the last two weeks.

Storm Damage in Iowa. SIOUX CITY, Sept. 23 .- (Special Telegram

Reports from Lakeport, a remote township in this county, have just reached the city a heavy wind and rain storm there Friday night. Several buildings were blown down and one dwelling, that of Thomas Hatch was rolled over and over with Hatch, his housekeeper and two children inside. None of them were seriously hurt. Many barns were blown down and windmills, shade and outbuildings badly damaged. people were hurt, but none seriously

MALVERN, Is., Sept. 23.—(Special.)—The first frost of the season was visible this morning, the sidewalks being coated. No in-jury was done to anything excepting tender vegetation. Southwest Iowa and Mills county pecially, will have the largest corn crop the history of the state.

CHEROKEE, Ia., Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram.)—The heavy rains and cold wave were followed by a heavy frost last night. Very little damage was done except to late gardens; as corn, potatoes, etc., are out of the way. The weather is clear and warmer this

FORT DODGE, Ia., Sept. 23,-(Special Telegram.)—The first heavy frost of the stason appeared last night. The corn crop is safe. Drouth in South Dakota Broken.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Sept. 23 .- (Special. -The long continued drouth which has prevailed in eastern South Dakota for the past six weeks has been broken in earnest. The warm weather and the terrific hot winds have made fall plowing practically impossi-ble and have dried the pastures up until feed has become scarce. Saturday early a light rain began falling, and at 9 o'clock a heavy rain started, lasting all night. The total precipitation was probably about three lackes, the largest of any one time this season. While the corn crop is not as large as was at first thought, what there is, and there is a fairly good crop, is

City and County.

BRANCH OF CITIZENS' LEAGUE FORMED

Members of All Parties Uniting in the Movement-Mass Meeting at Idlewild Hall-Officers of the Club.

is all safe, except a few very late pieces, a call for a meeting for the purpose of or-and that is most ready to gather. The yield promises to be from thirty to fifty bushels It was an unusual meeting. There was an It was an unusual meeting. There was an absence of the regular attendants at ward meetings, those present being wage earners and home owners of the Sixth ward, who have a greater interest in the selection of competent men to fill the city and county offices than in the success of any political

The meeting was called to order by Lee Helsley and Hon. John I. Redick was selected as chairman. Mr. Redick, in taking the chair, said he had come to the hall simply as a spectator, and did not know nuch about the object of the meeting further than that it was for the purpose of getting better men into office, for putting men in positions of trust who would take care of the people's money when paid in the form of taxes. He was in favor of any movement having such objects in view and would lend his support to any efforts in that direction.

Mr. W. H. DeFrance was called upon as the first speaker of the evening. He said that he was appearing in a new role as a speaker at a political meeting. He had been a resident of Nebraska for ten years and had taken no part in politics until during the present campaign. He saw the need of reform in the administration of city, county and judicial affairs, and every citizen could see the need of such reform. There was need that the citizens as men and not as partisans take an active interest in the management of local affairs and redeem the governments from the ring that now controlled them. This was the object of the Citizens' league, which appealed to the intelligence and the interests of all good citizens. Mr. W. H. DeFrance was called upon as

'The A. P. A. is an issue," said Mr. De-"The A. P. A. is an issue," said Mr. De-France, "and there is no use to try to evade the question. It is an issue and must be met. The order has control of the affairs of the city, county and judicial district. The city council is in the hands of that secret political society. The county commissionrs are all members of the order or affiliate with it. The order dominates the Board of Education and permeates with its influence. are all members of the order or affiliate with it. The order dominates the Board of Education and permeates, with its influence, the judiciary. The cardinal principles of the order are that no Catholic shall be nominated for any office, and that no Catholic shall be employed by any member of the order in any position which can be filled by a Protestant. Follow those principles and see where they will lead you. Take the case of a judge of the district court who belongs to the order. He has sworn in taking his office to support the constitution of the United States and that of the state of Nebraska, and both explicity state that no religious test shall be required of any man to hold office of trust in the nation or in the state. He has sworn be required of any man to hold office of trust in the nation or in the state. He has sworn in the A. P. A. to keep Catholic citizens from office and from employment. Now which oath will be observe? In which re-spect will be perjure himself? It is simply astounding that a man can take a position on the bench, or in any other office of trust, and pretend to administer the affairs of his office honestly and justic with ice honestly and justly with ty fi cting oaths hanging over his head. He must be a perjurer either to the public or to the to which he belongs. Which which has it been in this county?

TASK FOR HONEST MEN. "It is the purpose and object of the Citi-ens' league to redeem this community from that kind of misrule. We cannot do it in the republican party, for that party is controlled by the A. P. A. We cannot do it in the ranks of the democratic party, for that party is not numerically strong enough to control the elections, and for the same rea-son we cannot work the needed reform brough the populist party. The only n which the reform can be brought about is for the honest men of all parties to unite, lay aside their partisanship, select good, competent men for office and elect them, burying the ward heelers so deep that they will nover be heard from again. It is known throughout the country that Omaha is writhing in the coils of this secret political orsuscitation of the putrid carcass of the know-nothing party that was buried by the votes of an indignant people fifty years ago. Let us as citizens unite this fall and drive these political rats out of the city hall, the school bouses and the court house and redeem Omaha, Douglas county and this judicial district from the domination of the clique and ring that has given us four years of cor-

ruption and misrule." Mr. DeFrance was warmly applauded, his hearers being in evident sympathy with him in his denunciation of the clique that conducted the business of the city and county chind closed doors.

Mr. E. Rosewater was then called upon by Judge Redick and was enthusiastically greeted. "As I look around this hall," said Mr. Rosewater, "and see the pictures that adorn the walls on all sides I am reminded forcibly that this is a republican form of government, a government by the people and responsible to the people. I see the pictures of Washington and Lincoln and Meade and Grant and Sheridan and Sherman and other-famous Americans. Meade and Sheridan fought as bravely for the salvation of this union as did Grant. General Meade won the victory at Gettysburg and Sheridan fought in every battle from Winchester to Rich-mond. Yet both of these men were Catho-lics. Meade was of Catholic parents and Sheridan was an out and out Catholic. In that army it was not asked what a man's creed was. So in the administration of our public affairs we should not ask what a man's religion is, but is he competent, is he honest, will he be accountable to the public who elect him or to some secret political society to which he may belong?

BETTER MEMBERS BEING FOOLED. "I do not propose to denounce any man who nounce him because of his public acts and public conduct in office. There are a great many honest men in the order, men who joined the organization with the hope of bettering their condition and with the hope of accomplishing better things for the city and county. For these man I have no word of denuncation. They are deluded, and I want to tell them that they are being fooled. They cannot be honest and keep the kind of company they are in. The members of the A. P. A. denounce the pope for selling absolutions from sin, yet when a man joins that order he is immediately washed free from all stains and is declared pure, no matter what his record may have been. He may have been guilty of all man-ner of crimes and offenses, but when he is received into the order he is declared perfect and a protectorate is thrown about him that will save him from his past. This is not true in other societies. I have been a Mason for thirty years in good standing, and I know that we do no. do things that way in that body. We throw the mantle of charity over our members, but let them transgrass the law, commit felonies and they are exposed by the members of the order. In the early days

Judge Redick here will remember it—

man named Delos was a bookke per in
Kountze Bros. bank. He became a d-faulter and was arrested. He was tried in the district court and by some judicial jugglery was acquitted, but the Masons took him up, tried him, convicted him of being a defaulter, expelled him and published him to the world as

Judge Redick-I defended Delos, Mr. Rosewater. (Laughter.) Mr. Rosewater-I had forgotten that. Then you know better than any one else that he was a thief and merited the punishment he