THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1895. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

HITCH IN THE SETTLEMENT

Acts of a Bolivian Mob Complicate the Differences with Peru.

ATTACKED THE MINISTERIAL RESIDENCE

Offer of the Peruvians to Arbitrate the Questions at Issue it Was Thought Might End All Liability of Trouble.

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LIMA, Peru, July 19.—(Via Galveston.)—The modification of Bolivian demands upon Peru for a salute of her flag, which was intimated in an exclusive cable dispatch to the Associated press via Galveston yesterday, consists in an agreement to submit this portion of the demand to arbitration. This proposal seemed to indicate a path of speedy and peaceful settlement of the dispute between the two countries. But today's news from Bolivia seems to threaten further complications. The latest information received here from La Paz is that a mob of rioters tore down the arms from the Peruvian legation there and stoned the Peruvian minister. The government is waiting for reliable details of the trouble at La Paz before deciding what further steps to take.

ANYTHING BUT A HOLIDAY EXCURSION

Chinese in Formosa Prove Much Better Fighters Than Those on the Mainland.

LONDON, July 19.—The Times' Hong Kong advices say that the Japanese are abandoning the sea expedition to the southern part of the island of Formosa because the monsoon makes landing impossible. They must march 200 miles on land, despite the floods. The army at Tamsulan is awaiting reinforcements from Japan. Fever and dysentery are rife. The Japanese vanguard at Tung Chang has been repeatedly attacked, its convoys surprised and its outposts harrassed. Out of thirty-two Japanese attacked at Tokoham only four escaped, the rest having been killed or committed suicide, fearing torture.

YOKOHAMA, July 19.—An official dispatch received here from the island of Formosa says that the Chinese are making a stubborn defense of that territory. After the capture of Lung Taupao, on June 14, an attempt was made to effect a junction between two Japanese battalions at the river Takakua, but the attempt failed, and a squadron of Japanese cavalry, which was suddenly attacked by a superior force of Chinese, was cut to pieces, only three troopers escaping. The junction of the battalions was effected on July 18.

BOYS MURDER THEIR MOTHER.

Horrible Example of Youthful Depravity in London.

LONDON, July 19.—When the chief steward of the National line steamer, France, now on his way to New York on board that vessel, reaches the United States, he will receive terrible news. His sons, Robert Coombs, 13 years old, and Nathan Coombs, 11 years old, murdered their mother at Plaistow, an eastern suburb of London, on July 8. The boys stabbed her while she was asleep and kept the body for nine days in the house in which the crime was committed. When the remains of the woman were discovered the two boys were playing cards. The only reason given by the lads for their crime is that Mrs. Coombs whipped the youngest of them.

The murder of Mrs. Coombs has caused great excitement in the neighborhood of Plaistow, and is attracting much attention on account of the horrible details connected with it. The two boys were brought up in court this afternoon and told the whole story of the crime.

AMERICAN SPIES WELCOME.

At Perfect Liberty to Make Maps of Canadian Provinces.

MONTREAL, July 19.—The minister of militia, when shown a dispatch from Washington saying that the United States government had secretly sent spies into Canada to study the topographical situation and means of defense in the event of invasion, said: "I do not believe a word of it. There is no necessity for sending spies over here, where everyone is at liberty to come and make his own surveys." This view hardly comports with that held by the late secretary, Sir John Thompson, who, anticipating such a movement on the part of the United States and the co-operation of Canada with the United States to secure this information, had special legislation passed in parliament in 1892 to met such a contingency.

Condolences to the Widow.

VIENNA, July 19.—The Wiener Allgemein Zeitung publishes a dispatch from Sofia saying that a telegram has been received there from Emperor Francis Joseph, expressing sympathy with Mme. Stambuloff in the loss she has sustained by the death of her husband. Deputations from the provinces are arriving at Sofia to attend the funeral of the ex-premier. Numbers of floral offerings have been received at the Stambuloff residence. The police of Sofia have arrested Georgiff, who was seen running away after the murderous attack on M. Stambuloff Monday night.

Mexican Miners in Revolt.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 19.—The miners employed at Corro de Loro, state of Mexico, to the number of between 150 and 200, yesterday rose in revolt against their employers and taking refuge in a neighboring town fortified themselves and are now defying the authorities. The manager of the mine took flight, being in immediate danger of assassination.

Arrested for the Stambuloff Murder.

SOFIA, July 19.—Three of the associates of Major Panitza, who was executed for conspiracy at the order of Premier Stambuloff, were arrested today, one as the assassin of M. Stambuloff and the others as the accomplices. Two gens d'armes have been dismissed from the force and will be tried for connection with the murder.

Turks Indignant Over the Outrage.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 19.—Although the newspapers here are prohibited from making any reference to the murder of M. Stambouloff, the Bulgarian statesman, the people are wildly indignant, and are not sparing in their censure of the police and government of Bulgaria.

Reinforcements for Cuba.

MADRID, July 19.—Six additional batteries of artillery will be sent to Cuba during the present month and during the month of September reinforcements to the number of 30,000 troops will be dispatched to that island, under the command of General S. Pola Vija.

Macedonia Seems to Be in Earnest.

KUSTENDJI, Roumania, July 19.—The whole of the Malesh district of Macedonia north of Strumnitza is in the hands of insurgents. The bridges across the river have been demolished.

Sultan of Morocco Ill.

BERLIN, July 19.—The Kolnische Zeitung has information that the sultan of Morocco is seriously ill at Fez.

Five Deaths from the Wreck.

PUEBLO, Colo., July 19.—Five deaths is now the record of the Santa Fe wreck at Monument Wednesday. Brakeman Charles Gardner having died of his injuries at La Junta this afternoon. All others will recover. The fearfully mangled body of Mrs. Cooper was not found until early this morning.

LATEST ENGLISH ELECTION RETURNS

Conservative Gains Still Being Reported Every Day.

LONDON, July 19.—H. Rider Haggard, the author, who is standing in the conservative interest for east Norfolk, has made his election tour in a four-horse drag, and has been roughly treated, mud and stones being thrown in some cases. Near Ladham, one of the party, Miss Hartcup, had her head cut by a flying missile. At Stalham the party was obliged to take refuge in a hotel, which was besieged. The police were dispatched to the rescue. From north Walsham to Norwich and Hartmouth, the situation of the party increased in gravity, and at midnight the mounted police were summoned.

Most of the elections were in the counties, and the votes will be declared tomorrow. The returns, so far as received, show: Conservatives, 274; liberal unionists, 46; total unionists, 320. Liberals, 86; Parnellites, 6; McCarthyites, 44; total opposition, 138. The net unioist gain up to date is fifty-five.

The following additional returns have been received from the contested election districts:

Fifeshire, east division: Rt. Hon. Herbert H. Asquith, liberal, 4,332; J. Gilmour, conservative, 3,616; liberal majority, 716. At the election of 1892 Mr. Asquith, who was secretary of state for home affairs under the Rosebery government, had a majority of 294. Consequently the liberal majority in this district has been increased by 426 votes.

Northumberland, Wansbeck division: C. Fenwick, liberal and sitting member, 4,629; J. J. Harris, unionist, 2,422; liberal majority, 3,207. At the last election the liberal majority was only 2,776, showing a gain of 431 votes.

Durham, Bishop Auckland division: J. M. Paulton, liberal, 5,032; Major Hall, conservative, 3,735; liberal majority, 1,279. The liberal majority at the election of 1892 in this district was 3,077, showing a loss of 1,780 votes.

Lincolnshire, Seaford division: Rt. Hon. Henry Chaplin, conservative, 4,663; Fox, liberal, 2,687; conservative majority, 1,666. Mr. Chaplin, who is the sitting member and the new president of the government board, had a majority of 907 votes at the election of 1892, a gain of 759.

Suffolk, Stow Market division: I. Malcolm, conservative, 5,144; H. Walker, liberal, 3,701; conservative majority, 1,443. This is a gain of another seat for the conservatives, as at the last election the liberal candidate had a majority of 144 votes.

Kent, Favorsham division: F. G. Barnes, conservative, 5,738; S. Barrow, liberal, 4,557; conservative majority, 1,181. The conservative majority at the last election was 204, showing a gain of 977 votes.

Glamorganshire, middle division: Alfred Thomas, liberal, 5,612; C. J. Jackson, conservative, 2,935; liberal majority, 2,677. Mr. Thomas, who is the sitting member, at the last election had a majority of 2,967. Liberal loss, 290 votes.

Tyrone, North division: Hemphill, liberal, 2,948; Wilson, unionist, 2,857; liberal majority, 91. The liberals gain a seat by the election of Mr. Hemphill. The conservative majority in this district last election was 49 votes, showing a loss of 140 votes.

Gloucestshire, Stroud division: C. A. Kripps, Q. C., conservative, 5,175; C. P. Allen, liberal, 4,514; conservative majority, 661. The conservatives gain a seat by this election. The liberal candidate at the last election had a majority of 203 votes.

Edinburgshire, Midlothian division: Sir T. D. Gibson, Carmichael, liberal, 6,090; Major N. Dalrymple, conservative, 5,631; liberal majority, 419. This is the seat in Parliament which Rt. Hon. William E. Gladstone has represented since 1880. At the last election Mr. Gladstone polled 5,845, to 5,155 polled for his opponent, a majority of 690. The election just ended, therefore, shows a loss of 231 votes.

Londonderry: Knox division McCarthyite, 2,033; J. Ross, Q. C., conservative, 1,993; McCarthyite majority, 40. This is a gain of a seat for the McCarthyites, as Mr. Ross at the last election defeated Justin McCarthy by 26 votes.

Monmouthshire, South division: Hon. F. C. Morgan, conservative, 5,815; C. Cory, liberal, 5,203; conservative majority, 612. Mr. Morgan, who is the sitting member, had a majority of 721 in the last election.

Tipperary, South division: F. Mandeville, liberal, 1,722; Moore, independent, 1,222; liberal majority, 500. Mr. Mandeville, sitting member, had a majority of 1,798 at the last election, a falling off of 1,298 votes.

Essex, Maldon division: Hon. C. H. Strutt, conservative, 4,615; C. Dodd, Q. C., liberal, 4,608; conservative majority, 7. By this the conservatives win a seat here, as Mr. Dodd, the defeated candidate, was a sitting member. At the last election Mr. Dodd polled 158 votes more than his opponents, a loss in the present election of 165 votes.

Yorkshire, West Riding, Holmfirth division: H. J. Wilson, liberal, 5,001; Raine, conservative, 3,459; liberal majority, 1,542. Mr. Wilson, who is the sitting member, had a majority of 3,720 at the election of 1892, showing a loss of 1,628 votes.

Wiltshire, northwest division: Sir J. Dickson Perinder, bart., conservative, 3,848; H. J. Thornton, liberal, 3,390; conservative majority, 504.

Sir J. Dickson-Perinder, who is sitting member, at the election of 1892 had a majority of 229, showing a gain of 279 votes.

Staffordshire, Litchfield division: H. C. Fulford, liberal, 3,902; Major L. Darwin, unionist, 3,858; liberal majority, 44. Major Darwin, who is the sitting member here, had a majority of four votes at the election of 1892, showing a loss of forty-eight votes. This is a seat gained for the liberals.

Northamptonshire, Middle division: J. Pender, conservative, 5,048; Rt. Hon. C. R. Spencer, liberal, 4,082; conservative majority, 282. At the last election Mr. Spencer, who is the sitting member, had a majority of 432. Consequently, the conservatives gained a seat and 714 votes in this district.

Herefordshire, Ross division: M. Bidulph, liberal unionist, 4,573; Withy, liberal, 2,828; liberal unionist majority, 1,745.

Mr. Bidulph, who is the sitting member, had a majority of 437 at the last election; liberal unionist gain, 1,308 votes.

Devonshire, Torquay division: Philpots, conservative, 4,205; F. L. Barrett, liberal, 4,030; conservative majority, 175.

At the last election the conservative candidate had a majority of 394, showing a loss of 219 votes.

Dumfries: Sir R. T. Reid, Q. C., liberal, 3,989; W. Kurray, conservative, 3,976; liberal majority, 13. Sir R. T. Reid, who is the sitting member, at the last election had a majority of 532, showing a loss of 519.

Edinburgh: H. A. Asher, liberal, 1,853; C. T. Gordon, unionist, 1,161; liberal majority, 692. Mr. Asher, who is the sitting member, had a majority of 541 at the last election, showing a gain of 151.

Cardiganshire: V. Davis, liberal, 4,927; J. Harford, conservative, 3,748; liberal majority, 1,179. The liberal candidate at the last election polled 1,971 votes more than his opponent, consequently there was a falling off of 792 votes in the election of yesterday.

The following candidates have been elected without opposition:

Sussex, northwest division: J. H. Johnstone, conservative.

Mayo, east division: John Dillon, anti-Parnellite.

Kilkenny, south division: Samuel Morris, anti-Parnellite.

Cavan, east division: Samuel Young, anti-Parnellite.

Galway, west division: O'Malley, McCarthyite.

South division: David Sheehy, anti-Parnellite.

Antrim, middle division: Hon. Robert O'Neil, conservative.

Longford, south division: Hon. Edward Blake, liberal and Irish nationalist.

Old Settler Found Dead.

STANTON, Neb., July 19.—(Special Telegram.)—Joseph Johnson, an old resident of this city, was found dead in his bed this morning. Mr. Johnson was up to a year ago engaged in the implement business here and was formerly judge of this county.

River Explorers Meet Death.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., July 19.—Dick Hansen and John J. Hall started via the Missouri river for St. Louis. The boat was overturned five miles below Big Falls and the men drowned.

BAPTISTS GET DOWN TO WORK

Tent Too Small to Accommodate the Crowds in Attendance.

RESOLUTIONS FAVOR SUNDAY OBSERVANCE

Also Send Greeting to the People of Texas in Their Efforts to Prevent the Corbett-Fitzsimmons Fight — Congratulated by General Morgan.

BALTIMORE, July 19.—With prayer and song the second day of the fifth international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America was begun. State banners were planted throughout the tent and around these rallied the delegates and visitors from the several states. Each band took possession of the tent for a time and a noisy time it was. "Maryland, My Maryland," "The Star Spangled Banner" and "The Red, White and Blue" were mingled with hymns until Ontario came up with "God Save the Queen." Finally the great choir got an audience, sang "America" and comparative calm prevailed. The states soon broke out again with calls for the convention of 1897 to be held within their own boundaries, Rhode Island, Wisconsin and Texas being particularly conspicuous. It is expected the convention of 1897 will be held in Brooklyn. Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. A. F. Chaffee, D.D., South Bend, Ind.

The committee on important topics congratulated the union on the rapid and reliable growth.

The election of officers of the union then took place and the following were chosen unanimously:

President, John H. Chapman, Illinois; vice president, P. F. Bothong, New Jersey; J. R. Shenstone, Toronto, Ont.; George B. Taylor, D.D., West Virginia; recording secretary, Rev. H. W. Reed, Illinois.

Dr. Chapman was called on for a speech by a waving of handkerchiefs and he promised to carry the banner of the young people for a fifth year, highly appreciating the great honor conferred.

WHAT THE STATES OFFERED.

Oregon invited the convention to accept its hospitality in 1897, and Ohio followed, saying if the place for holding the convention was to be fixed so far ahead Ohio gave notice she would soon want the convention. North Dakota announced the condemnation of lotteries and the liquor business by the state.

New York presented letters from the private secretary of Governor Morton, Mr. Ashley W. Cole, and from Mayor Schieren of Brooklyn seconding the invitation of the delegation to hold the convention of 1897 in Brooklyn.

Michigan reported 13,000 Baptist young people, and thus the state and provinces continued to the close.

Denver demanded the convention for 1897, and while delegates throughout the tent shouted "Amen," a fantastically dressed person marched through the main aisle bearing a quadrilateral banner inscribed:

"Pike's Peak or Bust in '97." "Go west young men, and take the ladies." "Ho, Denver, '97." "One mile above Brooklyn."

California presented the youngest representative yet appearing in the convention, Mr. George M. Purnell of Sacramento. He was obliged to take the platform in response to the calls of the convention, and there repeated his speech, winding up with a word for Denver in 1897.

There was no session in the tent this afternoon. Instead there were held twelve "workers' conferences" in various churches, the general topic being "The Young People's Society as a Working Force."

Delegates and visitors who did not assist at the workers' conference enjoyed this afternoon in short excursions through the public parks and to points of interest in and about the city.

At the beginning of the evening exercises there could not have been less than 10,000 people within the tent, and it was not long before nearly as many people were on the outskirts. "Holy is the Lord," by the choir, was the inspiration for the praise service, which was conducted by Rev. W. H. Osborn of Tampa, Fla.

The presentation of Christion culture banners for senior work then took place. Dearborn Street Baptist church, Buffalo, won the banner for the Bible Readers' course; the Conquest Missionary course banner went to the First Baptist church of Quincy, Ill.; the banner for the Sacred Literature course was won by the First Baptist church of Amherst, Nova Scotia.

Enlistments for the Christian Culture course of 1895-96 followed the presentation exercises. The report of the committee of resolutions was read by Rev. Dr. Hagar of Montgomery, Ala. The report is as follows:

FOR BETTER SUNDAY OBSERVANCE.

We, the Baptist Young People's union of America, in convention assembled, recognizing the first day of the week as the Lord's day, and as the day set apart by the laws of the land as the day of weekly rest from regular toil, therefore be it

Resolved, That we will by influence and example seek to promote a better observance of the day as the day of rest and worship, and to this end we will use all proper means to secure the enforcement of the Sunday laws; to discourage the publication and circulation of the Sunday newspaper, the running of Sunday excursions and the opening of places of public amusement contrary to the law; and

Resolved, Further, that we extend our hearty sympathy to the noble people of Texas who are now using all their powers to prevent the occurrence of the proposed Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight in the Lone Star state, under the conviction that such a fight would tend to demoralize not only Texas, but the whole of the civilized world.

The report was unanimously adopted. General T. J. Morgan of New York, ex-Indian commissioner, made a short address and congratulated his audience upon the fact that there were 4,000,000 Baptists in the United States, and that they are all engaged in the interest of the "Little Red School House." Rev. M. B. Wharton, D.D., Norfolk, Va., told the story of "Romanism Getting its Clutch Upon the World Through the Temporal Power," as he related the history of Baptist missions and advocated their support and extension. Rev. H. C. Dickson of Brooklyn, N. Y., delivered an address on "Christ for the World."

Benediction and a hymn following the address brought the services to a close.

HOSE CART WAS OVERTURNED.

One Fireman Met His Death and Four Were Seriously Injured.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—While going to a fire today a hose cart attached to engine company No. 18 was overturned at Nineteenth and Vine streets. Five or six of the firemen on the cart were seriously injured. C. Rider's skull was fractured and he was so badly bruised that he died in a few minutes after his admission to a hospital. Peter Collins, William McMahon, William Murphy and Patrick O'Connell all received serious injuries.

Convict Labor at a Discount.

DES MOINES, July 19.—(Special Telegram.)—The state executive council is just now engaged in solving the convict labor problem at the penitentiary at Fort Madison. The contractor who employs the state prisoners in the manufacture of furniture has asked for a deduction in the force of employes and price per day which is paid them. The prison labor furniture cannot be sold in any city of much size in the country because a boycott has been instituted against the product of prison labor by labor unions. It can only be done by going into rural districts and selling it by job lots. This is very arduous and nonpaying work for the state. Another thing which is detrimental is that the contractor of prison labor at Fort Madison has to pay more for his raw material than the manufacturer who employs union labor. If the executive council does not reduce either the number of employes at the prison or the wages the contractor will not employ them longer.

Gold Reserve Gains a Little.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—There was a net gain of about $83,000 in the gold reserve today.

PAPER MANUFACTURERS COMBINING

Three-Fourths of the Print Paper Mills Already in the Deal.

CHICAGO, July 19.—The Tribune tomorrow will say: Some of the largest paper manufacturers in the country, representing about three-quarters of the total output of the rolls used in the newspaper business, have been at work several weeks trying to perfect the details of a combine of the several companies in one big corporation. It was practically admitted today by interested parties that the plan would be carried out. The deal involves at least $30,000,000 and possibly several millions more. By the plan proposed the mills are to be purchased outright by the new concern. The average price will be about $20,000 for each ton of daily production. Plants equipped with modern machinery will get the best rating, while the smaller ones using ready made raw material will be appraised lower. According to the promoters of the plan, the prices of paper will not be advanced. They say the only object in the consolidation is to save money in putting their production through the market. With a central office and branches in all the large cities the total output can be marketed at an estimated saving of $5 a ton. M. Russel, president of the Montague Paper company of Massachusetts, is the prime mover in the plan. The total daily output of the country is said to be about 20,000 tons and of this amount nearly one-half is represented by the concerns already supporting the "centralization" plan. The movement has been worked up almost exclusively in New York and New England, and members of the western manufacturers have not yet been approached on the subject. It is said the Manufacturers Paper company is ready to enter the combine. This is the largest corporation in the country, being the authorized sales agent of the Hudson River Pulp and Paper company, the Turner Falls Paper company, and Laurentide Pulp company, limited.

TEXAS LABOR MEN WILL UNITE

State Conference Called to Discuss Separate Political Action.

DALLAS, Tex., July 19.—The State Federation of Labor, the Federated Trades of Texas, and the State Farmers' alliance have amalgamated to all intents and purposes, and a joint call has been issued for a meeting of the three organizations at Lampasas Springs Tuesday, August 20. The call is signed by James Scott, president of the State Federation of Labor, George N. Beach, State Federated Trades, and W. A. Carper, R. A. High and John Dwyer of the state alliance. The call closes as follows:

"Recent findings by the court and recent action by the authorities have put the very existence of labor organizations in great jeopardy, and if these decisions and actions are allowed to pass unchallenged the right to organize is logically denied. It is no exaggeration to say that never in the history of this nation have so many and so grave issues confronted organized labor as now, and never was united, intelligent action so imperative."

All labor and farm organizations are urged to send delegates. It is believed that separate political action will be one of the results.

CAPTURED AMERICAN FISHERMEN

Canadian Officials Claim They Were in Dominion Waters.

ST. PAUL, July 19.—A Duluth special to the Pioneer Press says: A report comes from Crane lake of an encounter between American fishermen of that place and Canadian officials. The trouble arose over the Canadians taking up and confiscating nets set in Namekon lake, on the ground that they were placed in Canadian waters. Eight men belonging to the Arion Fish company started out in search of their nets, when suddenly three boats filled with Canadian officials darted out from behind an island and pursued them. The little steamer May Carter, on her way to Crane lake, came along and Captain Hayes put on all steam to rescue the fishermen. In the excitement the Carter struck one of the Canadian boats, smashing it in pieces and spilling four officials into the lake. Three of the fishermen also fell overboard, but no one was drowned. The Carter picked up all the fishermen except H. E. Fencke, Emil Ames and William Sim, who were captured by the Canadians and taken to Fort Francis.

NATIONAL JEWELERS ADJOURN.

Lincoln Man Elected One of the Vice Presidents.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—After choosing Atlantic City, N. J., for the place of holding the next year's convention, the time being the third week in July, the National Retail Jewelers association elected the following officers and adjourned: President, Herman Mauch of St. Louis; first vice president, O. O. Stillman, Philadelphia; second vice president, Richard O'Neil, Lincoln, Neb.; secretary, W. F. Kemper, St. Louis; treasurer, Ed G. Lohmayer, Newport, Ky.

The grievance committee made a report favoring the dropping of New York state from the national organization. The New York organization has for some time been having a little fight among its members and is largely in debt. The matter was referred to the incoming officers, and they were instructed to try to get a reorganization of the New York jewelers.

MINERS WERE ALL RESCUED ALIVE

Were Somewhat Exhausted from Lack of Food and Water.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., July 19.—Hundreds of people surrounded the shaft of the Pewabic mine last night at 1 o'clock, when the rescuing party penetrated the fallen rock and reached the chamber where nine men had been imprisoned since 6 o'clock Wednesday evening. The men were all alive and unhurt, but they looked the worse for their experience, as they had had no drinking water and nothing to eat at all. They had drifted into the fallen rock from their side twenty feet. Superintendent Brown had nourishment ready for them, and after partaking of it they were all driven to their respective homes and the work progressed rapidly. The pipe that supplied air to that part of the mine was not broken and the room in which the men were imprisoned was supplied with oxygen.

MINERS STRIKE SPREADING.

Workmen Compelled to Quit Work by the Strikers.

MILWAUKEE, July 19.—A special to the Wisconsin from Negaunee, Wis., says: The Negaunee and Ishpeming strikers visited the Cascade range, five miles south of Negaunee, last night and compelled all the men employed there to quit work. About 300 men are working on the range. Many of these came to town this morning and joined the strikers. Work at all mines in Marquette county, except Champion and Republic, is now suspended. The Negaunee strikers are holding demonstrations again today. Over 1,000 marched to the park, headed by two brass bands, at 10 o'clock. Fully 5,000 strikers met at the park, but no material change in the situation has thus far developed.

Sioux City Mashers Caught.

SIOUX CITY, July 19.—(Special Telegram.)—William Hoist and John Perry, two youthful mashers, were neatly caught by the police at their own game last evening. For some time there have been complaints of men molesting young girls in the street at night. Last evening the police matron disguised herself and started out to investigate. She had proceeded but a short distance when she was accosted by Hoist and Perry. A conversation followed, and at the woman's request the party started down the street together. Not until almost there did the young men notice that they were being led toward the police station. Both made a break for liberty, but at the same time a man who had been quietly following rushed in and cut off retreat. They spent the night at the police station, but were released this morning with a severe reprimand from the police judge.

YOUNG BUCKS READY FOR WAR

Shoshones Enroute to Join the Bannocks at Jackson's Hole.

KILLING CATTLE AND STEALING HORSES

Two Indians Killed While Making an Effort to Escape from Their Captors —Settlers Demanding Protection from Roving Bands.

LANDER, Wyo., July 19.—(Special Telegram.)—Speed Stagnor, a squawman of considerable note who lives on the reservation, arrived here today and reports a conversation that he had with Chief Wasakie of the Shoshones. The chief complained that nearly half of his young men had left the reservation, and he feared they had gone to Jackson's Hole to join the Bannocks. Signal fires were seen last night burning on the Wind river range, and again tonight. Their meaning to the whites is very obscure.

The Shoshones, who are in sympathy with the Bannocks, have raised the complaint that their rations are short, and that if they did not hunt they would go hungry. Fort Washakie is not in shape to render any assistance to the whites at this time, not having any cavalry. There is only one cavalry regiment in this department, and this is garrisoned at Forts Niobrara and Robinson.

The people of this section complain of neglect on the part of the government, as they say the fort here is only a mockery and could not defend itself against even a small band of Indians.

Mr. Leisburg, who has just come in from the Shoshone agency, says Captain Wilson, acting Indian agent, has just completed a roundup and finds that he is short 200 young bucks. It was reported at the agency that the Indian police will be sent to Jackson's Hole to bring back the young warriors who are supposed to be in that country.

REINFORCEMENTS APPROACHING.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 19.—(Special Telegram.)—Indians at the head of Green river are enroute to enforce those at Jackson's Hole. The settlers in the vicinity of Green River are very much alarmed, as signal fires are burning in the neighborhood. The Indians are committing minor depredations and threatening the lives of the settlers.

Red Johnson, living on the New Fork river, rode into Green River last evening and reported that the Bannocks were killing cattle and running off horses in the New Fork country.

Ranchmen living on New Fork river and on the Muddy and Silver creeks have banded together at Cora postoffice and will make a determined resistance in the protection of their homes and property.

An Indian scout just arrived at Market Lake, Idaho, from Jackson's Hole, reports that the whites had disarmed and had under subjection a number of Indians, whom they were driving to court. In passing through some timbered country the Indians made a break for liberty. Their captors opened fire, killing two bucks and a young boy. In attempting their escape a squaw dropped her pappoose from her back and it died from exposure.

The federal troops at Fort Russell have not been ordered to move, but it is expected that they may be sent to the front at any moment. Governor Richards had a long conference with Colonel Van Horne today in regard to the situation. Both realized that prompt measures must be taken to drive the Indians back to their reservations. Adjutant General Stiltzer reached Market Lake, Idaho, today and started for Marysville, immediately. He telegraphed that a scout reported fifty Indians in the Carribou mountains.

STARTED A LITTLE WAR ONCE

Suicide of One of Denver's Ex-Police Commissioners.

DENVER, July 19.—David J. Martin, ex-member of the fire and police board, committed suicide today by shooting himself in the head. Mr. Martin was about 66 years old and was formerly in the real estate business. He was one of the commissioners whom Governor Waite attempted to remove, and who insisted upon holding their offices until a decision had been obtained in the courts sustaining the governor's action, thereby precipitating the famous city hall warfare last year. Financial reverses and ill health are supposed to have been the cause of his suicide.

D. J. Martin was born in Virginia in 1829. In early life he was engaged in mercantile pursuits in Missouri and Nebraska. He came to Colorado in 1871. He was a delegate to the national democratic convention that nominated Tilden and was city treasurer of Colorado Springs for two terms. He was a widower and had three sons, one of whom, J. R. Martin, lives in Chicago, and a daughter. Augustin H. Martin says his father had no financial troubles, but was despondent. He left letters to his children, in which he said his usefulness was gone and he wished to die. One thing which affected him greatly was his loss of prestige in the democratic party on account of his association with the populists.

SAYLES DECLINES TO BE INTERVIEWED

Neither Has He Ever Talked Concerning His Conversation with Harrison.

ROME, N. Y., July 19.—Hon. Joseph I. Sayles has returned home from Old Forge. To a representative of the Associated press he said today: "I went to Old Forge on professional business. Incidentally at the request of the Rome lodge of American Mechanics I asked General Harrison to deliver an address on the occasion of the outing of the Mechanics. The general declined. He went to the woods for rest and he is trying to get it, with what I call very poor results. The minute he comes out of his hotel with his hunting suit on reporters flock about him and ask for interviews. As far as I saw he made no statements to them in regard to the presidency.

"As to the talk I had with General Harrison, I consider that my own and his business exclusively. I will not affirm nor deny the stories printed with which my name has been connected.

"As to the statements of Major Poole, he will naturally look after them. I will make no statement whatever.

"The statement made by a reporter that I gave him the story published Wednesday is false. I have made no remarks, except that I would not talk on this subject."

BUILDINGS WRECKED BY THE WIND

Two Children Killed by the Falling of a Chimney.

ST. CLAIRE, Mich., July 19.—A terrific storm of wind struck here this afternoon with hurricane velocity. Several yachts are said to have been overturned in the river and two children were crushed under a falling chimney. They were the children of William Lee.

The Hotel Cadillac was unroofed and the tower of the court house was wrecked and the roof lifted off. Trees and chimneys have everywhere been blown down and telephone and telegraph wires prostrated.

Heavy damage to property is reported at Courtwright, Ont., including the wrecking of two churches.

Torpedo Test Proved Successful.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 19.—The torpedo boat Cushing went to Coddington cove this morning and made a shot with a new 18-inch "baby" Howell torpedo. It developed a speed of twenty-nine and one-half knots, and experts are of the opinion that it will prove a formidable rival of the Whitehead torpedo. Officers of the Australian school ship Donau attended the test by invitation of Commander Wallace.

Cardinal Gibbons at Cologne.

COLOGNE, July 19.—Cardinal Gibbons and Mgr. Foley have arrived here.

BOYCOTT COULD DO NO SERIOUS HARM

Treasury Officials Not Worried Over the Latest Move of the Knights.

CHICAGO, July 19.—A special to the Daily News from Washington says: Officers of the treasury, from Secretary Carlisle down to his subordinates who have charge of banks and the currency, were today discussing the threatened boycott by the Knights of Labor against national bank notes.

It was about the only subject talked of. But after a careful consideration of the question in all its phases, Secretary Carlisle expressed the opinion to one of his advisers that no serious results would follow such a boycott. His conclusion was based upon the figures in regard to the circulation of national bank notes. The amount of these outstanding June 1, 1895, was only $206,579,490, and of this amount about $20,000,000 is held by banks. National bank notes have never been made legal tender by statute, so that it is true that it would be impossible to force any person to accept them, as far as they are individually concerned. These notes are available for the United States in the payment of obligations, except for interest on the public debt and the redemption of national currency. They are also receivable by the government under section 5,182 as taxes, excises, for public lands and for all obligations due the government, except duties on imports. Section 5,196 provides that national banks are compelled to accept these notes as legal tender.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—At the Treasury department it was said that the plan of Sovereign, the Knights of Labor leader, for boycotting national bank notes, if carried out, would prove more harmful than beneficial to the laboring interests of the country, as it would contract the currency to the extent of $211,000,000 without injuring the national banks. "It would not hurt the banks at all," said Mr. O. P. Tucker, deputy comptroller of the currency. "If people should refuse to receive their notes the banks would simply present them to the United States treasury for redemption and receive legal tender notes, which they would continue to use in their business. There are only $211,000,000 of national bank notes in circulation, while there are $950,000,000 of other kinds of money outstanding."

RATHER HARD ON THE RANCHMEN

American Cattlemen Must Move Out of Mexico Within Fifteen Days.

EL PASO, July 19.—The customs collector at Palmos, Mexico, opposite Deming, N. M., has issued an order to the effect that citizens of the United States who have cattle in the Palomas district for exportation must take such cattle out of that country within fifteen days, and failure to do so will result in the confiscation of the cattle by the Mexican government. This places a number of stockment in this city, St. Louis and Kansas City between two fires. They bought cattle in Mexico last winter, expecting to graze them in Texas during the summer, but the United States quarantined against all Mexican cattle except those for immediate slaughter. So the buyers cannot bring their cattle over to this country, and if they remain in Mexico they are to be confiscated.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The reported action of the Mexican customs collector at Palomas in ordering all cattle owned by citizens of the United States to be taken out of that district under penalty of confiscation is not given credence in official circles here. Agricultural department officials express the opinion that cattlemen, anxious to secure admission of their stock into this country through the temporary suspension of the quarantine regulations, originated the story. They are confident the order, if issued at all, was without the sanction of the Mexican government, and that no attempt will be made to confiscate the stock, as this would lead to important developments and doubtless would involve a serious controversy between the two governments. No reason for the arbitrary action of the collector is known and officials do not anticipate any trouble.

PLENTY OF HOGS FOR PACKERS

Sioux Falls Plant Expects to Employ a Large Force.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 19.—(Special.)—Since the packing house project has been revived and over seventy men given work, making a pay roll of about $1,000 per week, there has been a careful estimate made of the probable supply of hogs. Moody county, immediately north of this county, last year alone shipped 444 carloads of hogs, or about 26,000 in number. This was considered a good hog county, but a review of the 1895 assessors' reports show that Moody isn't in it with other counties near here. Bon Homme last year shipped over 100,000 hogs. Moody county could with her supply of hogs furnish the Sioux Falls' packing house with eighty-five hogs daily. The assessors' tables show that Moody county had only one-quarter as many hogs as this (Minnehaha) county; one-fifth as many as Lincoln; one-fifth as many as Union; one-sixth as many as Clay; one-seventh as many as Hutchinson; one-seventh as many as Turner; one-half as many as McCook; one-quarter less than Lake and Miner counties. These counties are all tributary to this city and can supply 3,300 hogs for every day in the year. The creation of the home market will stimulate the farmers to pay more attention to hog raising, and within a few years the packing house can be run at its full capacity of 5,000 per day. The packing house, according to General Manager Aiken, will begin operations about the middle of November. By January 1 it is thought that 100 men will be given lucrative employment.

Minister Makes a Denial.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 19.—(Special.)—Rev. W. H. Jordan, a member of the State Board of Regents, which is having such a disagreeable time at present, because of a deadlock on matter relative to the discharge of President McLouth, and whether Dr. Finnerrud or Mr. Collier is entitled to a seat on the board, is out with a published statement on the case. He upholds President McLouth, denounces in nice tehms the coarse of Governor Sheldon in the matter and closes with the following denial of any unseemly language: "In conclusion, let me say a word about the 'wrangling,' the 'calling names,' the 'cat-hawling,' etc., that we read about as taking place on the board of regents. As a member of the board, let me take this opportunity to deny it in toto. The board is divided in policy, but we have always differed as gentlemen who have a right to differ. No names were called, no bad language used or hard accusations bandied."

Homestake Wins a Victory.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 19.—(Special Telegram.)—In United States court a motion in the case of the United States government against Homestake Mining company was granted for a change of venue from here to Deadwood. The case involves $750,000 worth of timber. The motion was bitterly contested, the plaintiff claiming it could not get an unprejudiced trial in the Black Hills, and the defense arguing that it cost them $300 to get their 300 witnesses here. The case will be tried in September.

Breaking Down the Exchange Rate.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The secretary of the treasury today received a telegram from Mr. Jordan, assistant United States treasurer at New York, stating that W. H. Crossman & Bros. had withdrawn $1,000,000 in gold presumably for export, from the subtreasury in exchange for United States notes. Secretary Carlisle declined to discuss the matter, but some officials who have been watching the exchange market express the opinion that the shipment is the beginning of a movement in opposition to the Morgan-Belmont syndicate, who, it is alleged, are holding up the rates of exchange, which it is desired to break down.

Movements of Ocean Steamers, July 19.

At New York—Arrived—Fuerst Bismarck, from Hamburg; Phoenicia, from Hamburg; Sicilia, from Stettin; Italy, from Hamburg; Campania, from Liverpool.

At Liverpool—Arrived—Cevic, from New York; Lucania, from New York.

At Hamburg—Arrived—Dania, from New York.

At Queenstown—Arrived—Lucania, from New York.

REINSTATED THE SETTLERS

Constables from Pender Arrest Indian Police