FELT RUSSIA'S IRON HAND

Death of the Ex-Premier Means the Death of Bu'garian Independence.

STAMBULOFF ATTACK A POLITICAL AFFAIR

Assault on the Ex-Premier Declared to Be Part of an Attempt to Reduce Bulgaria to a Mere Province of the Czar.

LONDON, July 17 .- A Berlin dispatch to the Daily News reports that the Vossische Zeitung says that the Stambuloff outrage was political. The Bulgarian government is pronounced as accessory to the crime and Prince Ferdinand is also accessory. With the death of Stambuloff the banner of Bulgarian independence sinks to the ground and the land becomes a Russian province.

The National Zeitung says that July 15 was a black day for Bulgaria, for not only Stambuloff, but most probably independent Bulgaria received its deathblow.

The Standard's Carlsbad correspondent says The Stambuloff outrage caused a great sensation here. Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria is staying in the English quarter incognito, surrounded by detectives. He is rerely seen and sits at a corner table in the Posthof cafe out- grand side Carlsbad every morning with a large suite. He is almost invisible for the rest of the day. He now, as at the time of Major Panitza's execution, goes about in fear of his

life.
All the London newspapers have severe articles on the Stambuloff affair, condemning Prince Ferdinand and the Bulgarian govern

M. Stambuloff was slightly improved lasevening. His heart was stronger and his inevening. His heart was stronger and his in-tellect unimpaired. Numerous messages ex-pressing indignation have been received. Al-though the attempt to murder was made on a busy street, no one came to his assistance. All seem to be convinced that the police were in the plot to assassinate the ex-premier, as five members of the police force who were near him when he was attacked made no at to interfere. Then again one of the tempt to interfere. Then again one of the Stambuloff servants chased one of the assas-sins, but the man was stopped by the police. M. Stambuloff's coachman, who fired his re-volver but missed hitting anybody when the ex premier's assailants attacked the carriage is also believed to have been one of those who plotted against the statesman's life, as he made no attempt to whip up his horses when

the attack was made.

The police and detachment of cavalry patroiled Sofia throughout last night, but seem to have found no trace of the assassing except daggers which were found in the streets It developed during the day that M. Stam buloff has long been convinced that he would fall a victim to the vengeance of the friends of Major Panitza, whom he caused to be executed after he had been found guilty of treason in 1890 in conspiring against the life of Prince Ferdinand. Since the refusal of the government to give M. Stambuloff his passport to Carlsbad representatives of the diplo-matic corps here have frequently called the attention of the government to the fact that they had become aware that an attempt on the ex-premier's life was impending. It is strange to add that not a single member of the cabinet has called upon M. Stambuloff

since the latter was wounded.

SOFIA, July 17.—5 p. m.—The condition of ex-Premier Stambouloff has grown worse and symptoms of cerebral affection have development. oped. His right eye is not gouged out like the other, but he has lost the sight of it. The doctors in attendance upon the patient the government organ, Mir. he will be restored to health in a few weeks A reward of 10,000 francs has been offered for the discovery of his assailants.

ST. PETERSBURG July 17.-The Nova Vremya, referring to the attempt to assassinate ex-Premier Stambouloff of Bulgaria, expresses the opinion that the government Prince Ferdinand might have saved the life of M. Stambouloff by bringing him to trial. In friends but the foes of the ex-premier.

The Novosti remarks: The removal of M. Stambuloff was needed by those to whom the present circumstances were most dangerous The Svict sees the hand of God in the coin cidence the he was struck at the time when the Bulgarian deputation was at St. Peters-burg "begging oblivion for the evil wrought by him."

MORE COMING THAN WERE EXPECTED Large Attendance in Prospect for Congress

TORONTO, Out., July 17 .- The Panameri can Congress of Religion and Education opens in this city tomorrow. For the evening session in Music hall Friday, which will be addressed by Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul and Mr. Montague, secretary of state for Canada, more than 7,000 persons have already asked for tickets. As the hall affords accommodation for only 5,000 persons, the com mittee is in a dilemma. The trustees of almost every church in the city have informed the secretary that the buildings will be open for use by the sections into which the con-gress will divide from time to time. The delegates have already begun to arrive, and when the first session is called to order in the horticultural pavilion at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, almost every section of North, Cen-tral and South America will be represented. The subjects to be discussed cover every phase of life on all the great social questions of the day. The program includes the names of men and women whose fame has spread beyond the country where they live.

MAY REOPEN THE EASTERN QUESTION

Turkey Regards the Stambouloff Incident as Serious.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17 .- The attempted assassination of ex-Premier Stambouloff of Sofia, Bulgaria, caused a great sensation, and news from Bulgaria is looked forward to with much anxlety. In fact, it is predicted that the whole eastern question

The Turks are actively constructing earth works at Mustapha Pasha, in Roumelia, and a mountain battery has been dispatched to the Uskub district. Troops have been sent from Salonica to quell a reported insurrec

Republican League Committee Convened. CHICAGO, July 17 .- General E. A. Mc-Alpine of New York, president of the National Republican league, has directed Acting agricultural college work, and the discussion Secretary Humphrey to call a meeting of the national executive committee of the league at the Great Northern hotel, Chicago, Au-

national league in place of Hon. Edward B. Harper.

Third. Designation of a location for National league headquarters, at present located in Chicago. Washington, New York and Chicago are under consideration.

cago are under consideration.

Fourth. To make provision for funds to carry out the plans of the committee as may there was a great benefit.

The resolution introduced at the convention of the method of work in the carry out the plans of the convention.

The resolution introduced at the convention of the carry out the plans of the convention.

BALTIMORE, July 17 .- By train and boat delegates and delegations to the international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America are constantly arriving. They are coming thousands strong and are keeping the reception committees busy at wharf and depot. Each delegate, as he registers, is given a souvenir program, map of Baltimore, advertising fan, bookiet guide to

LATEST FROM ENGLISH ELECTIONS Unionist Gains Still Reported in Many

Liberal Counties. LONDON, July 17 .- The following shows the result of the general elections as reported at 7:45 p. m.: Conservatives and unionists. 240; liberals, 53; McCarthyltes, 28; Parnellites, 6; labor, 1. Net unionist gain, 31.

The greatest excitement prevails in the Southport division of Lancashire today, where Hon. George W. Curzon, the sitting candidate and a conservative, is contesting his seat against Sir Herbert Naylor-Leyland, the liberal candidate. The two candidates, accompanied by their wives, are driving about rallying their forces, and great squads of men and women cyclists, as well as horses and rigs, are to be seen on all sides wearing the favors of the rival politicians. All the bieyclists had their party colors

All the bieyclists had their party colors streaming from their handle bars and the Curzon riders formed an escort for Mr. and Mrs. Curzon, while the Naylor-Leyland wheelmen formed themselves into a body guard for the purpose of cheering on their candidate. The radicals are making the most of Sir Herbert Naylor-Leyland's belated denial that he purchased his barouetcy. While a body of about 170 liberal bicyclers were escorting Sir Herbert and Lady Naylor-Leyland, several drunken conservatives, wheeling a barrow painted with Curzon colors, dashed among them and sent many of the dashed among them and sent many of the riders sprawling right and left. A lively scrimmage followed.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, speaking at Abercairne today, said that he accepted the honor of contesting West Monmouth in the cause of temperance. He added that he was a firm liberal and would stick to the grand old man even if every one else deserted him.

serted him.

There are also lively times today at Leeds, expecially in the west division, where Colonel North, the conservative candidate, is said to have good prospects of defeating the liberal candidate, Rt. Hon. Herbert J. Gladstone, son of Rt. Hon. W. E. Gladstone. Colonel North, with his family and half a Colonel North, with his family and half a dezen secretaries, a number of servants and horses galore, is occupying the principal hotel and is conducting a clever campaign. He points particularly to the humble cottage where he was born.

The following members of the House of Commons have been elected without opposition in addition to those already recorded:

Sussay middle division Sir Henry Fietder.

Sussex, middle division, Sir Henry Fletcher, lart., conservative. Buckinghamshire, Aylesbury division, Ferdi-

and James de Rothschill, unionist.

Lancashire, northeast or Rossendale divi-ion, Joseph N. Madden, liberal. Mayo, west division, Dr. Robert Ambrose

Mayo, west division, Dr. Robert Ambrose, inti-Parnellite.
Wreshire, middle or Deitwich division, Richard B. Martin, unionist.
Derbyshire, west division, Victor C. W. avendish, unionist, Westmeath, north division, James Tuite nti-Parnellite. icestershire, Forest, or Dean division,

Rt. Hon. Charles Dilke, radical.
Antrill, east division, James H. McCallnont, conservative. Tipperary, north division, Patrick J. O'Brien, anti-Parnellite. Kerry, south division, Dennis Klibride, anti-Parnellite.

Queens county. Leix division, Marc Antony deDonald, anti-Parnellite. Lietrim, north division, Patrick McHugh, nti-Parnellite. Wexford county, south division, Peter F

rench, anti-Parnellite. Staffordshire, Burion division, Sydney Evershid, liberal. Wicklow, west division, James O'Connor, nti-Parnellite. Dorset, north division, John K. D. Wing-

ield-Digby, conservative.

Cork, southeast division, Andrew Collins inti-Parnellite; east division, A. J. C. Dolan, nti-Parnellite. Limerick, west division, Michael Austin

inti-Parnellite. Kent, southwest division, Arthur Griffith-Boscawen, unlonist. The following is the latest reports from e contested districts:

cal, 5,057; H. Wainwright, conservative, 4,924; radical majority, 138. At the last election the liberal candidate polled 4,965 and the conservative candidate 3,958 votes, a liberal majority of 1,007. Waterford City, John E. Redmond, Par-

nellite, 1,788; Parrell, anti-Parnellite, 1,227; Parnellite majority, 559. At the last elec-tion Mr. Redmond polled 1,638 votes to 1,289 olled by his opponent; gain, 169. Dublin university, Kenny, liberal, 3,661; R Hon. David R. Plunkett, conservative, 3,205; liberal majority, 456. This is a liberal gain, as at the last election all the candidates were

mervative. Kilkenny, O'Brien, Parnellite, 681; Farrell, inti-Parnellite, 667; Parnell majority, 14. This s ag ain of a seat for the Parnellites, as at he laste lection the anti-Parnellite candidate

olled 744 votes to 604 poled for his opponent police 744 votes to 694 poled for his opponent; anti-Parnellite majority of 140.

Edinburgh, east division, R. Wallace, liberal, 3,499; H. Younger, unionist, 3,050; liberal majority, 449. At the last election the liberal majority was 1,160, showing a loss to the liberals of 711 votes in this division. South division. R. Cox, conservative, 4,802; H. H. Paul, liberal, 4,708; conservative majority, 94. At the election of 1892 in this district the liberal candidate polled 4,692 votes and the unionist candidate 4,261 votes.

a liberal majority of 431 votes. Consquently the conservatives win another seat. The Times this morning gives prominence to a letter signed by Mr. St. Clair McKelway, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, in which Mr. McKelway says he regards the elections in Great Britain as a check to socialistic ten-dency and thereby of great value to every division of the English speaking world. Cork City. William O'Brien, anti-Parnel-Cork City. William O'Brien, anti-Parnel-lite, 5,327; Healy, anti-Parnellite, 5,926; J. C. Blake, Parnellite, 4,966; Roche, Parnellite

This shows a gain in Parnellite votes

Merthyr Tydval, Wales, A. D. Thomas, liberal, 9,259; W. P. Morgan, liberal, 8,554; H. C. Lewis, conservative, 6,525; Upward, labor, 659. The two liberal candidates polled a total of 17,804 votes, and at the 1809 election, the of 17.804 votes, and at the 1892 election the two liberals polled 23.704 votes, showing a falling off of 5.900 liberal votes. On the other hand the conservative candidate at the election of 1892 only polled 2.304 votes, igainst 6,525 in the present election, a gain of 4,221 votes for the conservatives in this eral stronghold. Galway City, J. P. Inkerton, anti-Parnell-ite, 596; Leamy, Parnellite, 465; M. Morris, independent, 395. At the election of 1892

the anti-Parnellite candidate polled 644 votes, showing a falling off of 48 votes, and the Parnellite candidate pelled 593 votes, a falling

DISCUSSION TOOK A WIDE RANGE Interesting Pape s Kend Before the Agri-

cuttural College Cenvention. DENVER, July 17.-The attendance at the econd day's general session of the Association of Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations was much larger than yesterday. The character of the papers read dealt largely with the practical results accomplished by at times assumed a wide range. The feature of the morning was the criticism of the comat the Great Northern hotel, Chicago, August 14, to consider:

First. A general plan for a campaign for organization and education.

Second. The election of a treasurer for the national leaven in place of Hon Edward useful system substituted. This aroused the

Michigan delegates and they answered Prof. Clute's remarks with a vigorous defense of the system of their institution The paper of Prof. A. C. True of the Washington experiment station developed consider-

held a year ago changing the name of the association was laid on the table and will probably not be considered until another year. This afternoon there was no general session. There were well attended meetings of the sections on agriculture and chemistry, mechanteal arts and etymology.

Gold Journeys to Europe.

NEW YORK, July 17 .- The firm of Neasthe city of Baltimore and a convention badge. A lodging place in also assigned each delegate. A lodging place in also assigned each delegate. American line, which sailed for Europe to-day.

At New York—Arrived—Victoria, from Leghorn; Majestic, from Liverpool.

At Liverpool—Arrived—Teutonic, from New York—Arrived—Teutonic, from New York—Arrived—Victoria, from Leghorn; Majestic, from Liverpool.

HOLMES' WIFE IS DISCREET

Declines to Talk Much Concerning the Pitzel Children.

BAYS SHE NEVER KNEW THE FAMILY

Pitzel Had Worked Under Another Name for Her Husband at Fort Worth-Holmes Has Virtually Admitted His Guilt.

FRANKLIN, Ind., July 17 .- Mrs. Georgana Howard, wife of Howard, or Holmes, the insurance swindler, is at the lame of her mother, Mrs. Mary Yoke, in this city. Mrs. Howard has been busy all day getting ready for a trip to Philadelphia tonight in answer to a telegram from District Attorney Graham. Mrs. Howard received the notice at noon today. When asked about her knowledge of the Pitzels she said; "Upon

that subject I have nothing to say." She was told that it was reported she would swear that Howard was not in Toconto at the time the Pitzel children were murdered.

She replied: "I decline to make any statement on that subject." Mrs. Howard's mother here interposed with: "That report is certainly not true." Mrs. Howard said that she was at Indianapolis part of last September and October Howard and the Pitzel children were

Asked if she knew the Pitzel girls and the Pitzel boy had disappeared. Mrs. Howard said: "Why, I never knew there was such a family in existence and how could I know what became of the boy? I never heard of the Pitzel family until my susband was arrested." "Did you ever see the father of the

where he worked on a business block which Mr. Howard was building, but he went under another name. I did not know he had a Howard was asked what she knew

"Yes. I knew him in Fort Worth, Tex.

about Howard having other wives, and re-plied that she knew nothing about it, but had heard it said that he had. Here Mrs. Yoke explained that there is no evidence that Howard ever married any other woman than her daughter and said that her daughter and Howard were married in December and that the marriage certifi-

ate was in her possession. Mrs. Howard also stated that she knew her husband had lived in Fort Worth from February to April, 1894, and after that al-most everywhere. Mrs. Howard gave evilence that she knew just where to sto-talking. She appeared to be uneasy that her mother would say something that ought not to be said. Nothing could be obtained from her that would indicate that she had any knowledge of Howard's crookedness and crimes or that she is any other than a devoted wife.

HOLMES TACITLY CONFESSES. PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—H. H. Holmes alias Herman Mudgetts, has virtually confessed to the murder of the two children whose bodies were found in the cellar of a Toronto house. This much was learned at the office of the district attorney during the two hours' interview Holmes had yesterday with three members of the district at-torney's staff. "I suppose I'll swing for this," is the only remark dropped from Holmes' lips which in any way tends to incriminate him and the district attorney claims this is a practical admission of guilt. Notwithstanding Holmes' remark, his counsel tays he can prove an alibi in his client's case. He says that Holmes was not in he says can be proven by Mrs. Howard, Holmes' third wife, who is a

present living with her mother in Franklin Ind. The authorities place but little credence in the alibi story and are satisfied folmes is the murderer. TORONTO. July 17.—A further search of the premises where the bodies of the two Pitzel children were found will be made in opes of finding the missing boy Howard aged 9, although the detectives are satisfied he was murdered and cremated at Detroit. After the conclusion of the inquest, at which a verdict of murder will undoubtedly be re-turned against Holmes, Detective Geyer will go to Philadelphia with a warrant isseud by he Canadian authorities and a demand for his extradition will be made,

JURORS MAY EAT AND SLEEP Judge Caldwe'l Changes the Rule

Administering Unths. CHEYENNE, July 15 .- (Special.)-Judge Caldwell of the United States circuit court, who presided at the sitting of the federal court in this city last week, made a radical change in the methods of handling juries. At the conclusion of the charge to the jury in the case under trial the clerk was administering the usual cath to the bailiff: "You do selemnly swear that you will to the utmost f your ability keep every person sworn in this jury together, in some private and con-venient place, without meat or drink, except water," when he was suddenly interrupted by Judge Caldwell, who said: "Mr. Clerk, do not administer that oath." And turning to the jury he continued: "Gentlemen, I killed a man once by having that oath carried out. You heard what the balliff was to do with you; keep you without meat or drink, or anything else. I do not follow that practice. The duty that jurors are called upon to perform in the administration of justice is as im ortant as that of the judges. They ought to be treated with that consideration and re spect due to men engaged in discharging im-portant official duties. The way to enable jurors to discharge their duties intelligently is to afford them every facility for deliberating on the issues submitted to them unde conditions of mind and body that will evoke their cool deliberation and best judgment Starving, freezing, deprivation of sleep and denial of all comforts is not the best mode of doing this. The old methods of treating Jurors was cruel, barbarous and inhuman. It was degrading to them and to the administration of justice. There is no reason why jurges should not be treated as respectfully and rationally while determining the issues n a case as the judges. You may go your room, and if you agree upon a verdict and deliberate as long or as short a time as you like, and you may continue to adjourn for your meals and for sleep until you have Sioux Falls Laborers Strike

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 17 .- (Special.) -The carpenters and day laborers, about fifty in number, at work on the big packing house struck yesterday morning for higher wages. Secretary Clark of the packing company went immediately to the scene of the trouble and had the matter adjusted in half an hour, and the men went back to work. The la-borers had their pay raised from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per day and the carpenters now get \$1.80 where they formerly got \$1.65. The work on the mammoth structure is progressing satisfactorily and Manager Aiken in Chicago purchasing the machinery for the this year's output of hogs in this state.

RAWLINS, Wyo., July 17 .- (Special Tele gram.)-Work began yesterday on the West Side Placer company's big ditch from Snake river to the Four Mile placer fields. One hundred teams and nearly 300 men are being

Movements of Ocean Steamers, July 17.

PRESENTED THE SILVER SERVICE

itizens of Cincinnati Show Their Appreciation of the White traiser. BROOKLYN, July 17.-The crew of the United States cruiser Cincinnati were astir early today and the decks of the ship got an extra scrub and polish in honor of the distinguished visitors from Cincinnati, headed by Mayor John A. Caldwell, who were to present an elaborate silver service to the ship from the citizens of the city after which she is named. When the committee, consist-Ing of Mayor Caldwell, Congressman J. H. Bromwell, Police Commissioner George Henshaw, Perry S. Heath, W. W. Peabody, Pr. Julius Fleischman, Dr. C. R. Holmes, Colonel Alexander Gordon of Governor McKinley's staff, Dr. K. M. Johnson and Lieutenant Charles Bromwell, U. S. A., accompanied by Lieutenants Southerland and Osterhaus, arrived on a navy yard tug they were met by Rear Admiral Bunce and Captain Glass, Commodore Sicard, Captain Rogers and all of the officers on duty in the navy yard. The silver service, which consists of eight silver pieces, lined with gold, was exhibited on a skylight on the quarter deck. The committee was escorted to the quarter deck, where Mayor Caldwell presented the silver service and said: ing of Mayor Caldwell, Congressman J. H. ervice and said:

Since the poet sang of Hiawatha and the Dakotahs sent greetings to

Dakotahs sent greetings to

The queen of the west
In her garlands dressed
On the banks of the beautiful river.

Cincinnath has grown and spread until what were then but lofty, vine-clad hills, are now the picturesque sites on which are builded the homes and temples of half her \$30,000 people, and from a svivan queen in her garlands dressed she has become a mighty center of commerce and trade and a patron of art. Her people are home-builders and home-owners. They are happy prosperous, progressive, patriotic and loyal. They found and maintain colleges and churches and memorial halls. They rear proud temples of justice and art, yet they are neither "faddish" nor whimsteal. They are neither "faddish" nor whimsteal. They are neither "faddish" nor whimsteal. They are followers of the arts of peace, yet in times that tried men's soals no other Americans were more loyal and courageous than were the Cincinnatians. Cincinnation of our flag, and today we have as patriotic a citizenship as we had then.

We are ever solicitous that our flag shall float as proudly and as a undisturbed upon the seas as it does in our beautiful city. Cincinnati is not insular. She believes in the mation, in America and all things American. She believes in the Mource doctrine and in an American and all things Americana. She believes in the Mource doctrine and in an American naivy, and would like to see the American colors natled to the flagstaffs of the mightiest ships that sail the seas. She believes in a navy sufficiently strong to command the respect of the world, and at all times to protect and enforce American rights. The citizens of Cincinnati generously applituded their representatives in congress for supporting an appropriation to build this noble cruiser and its sister ships to protect American interests on the seas. It is a great satisfaction to me today to remember that it was my pleasure and privilege as one of those to support the appropriation of which this vessel is built.

We of Cincinnati feel that we are especially honored in The queen of the west In her garlands dressed On the banks of the beautiful river,

Admiral Bunce accepted the present, Cap-tain Glass, who is in command of the cruiser, then received the present through the rear admiral. Cincinnati representatives and visitors, a number of whom were ladies, were enter-

ined by the ship's officers to a dejeuner in

STILLWELL HAD LITTLE TO TELL l'e Young Libel Suit.

HANNIBAL, Mo., July 17,-The excitement in the Hearne-De Young libel suit reached its height this morning, when it was decided to search every person entering Attorney Mahan's office, where the depositions are being taken. There has been fear expressed all along that some of the interested parties would take to shooting. This was especially feared of Dr. Hearne. This somewhat sensational step was not taken, however, as plans were changed at the last moment, it being learned that Dr. Hearne had no weapon upon him. Another anticipated sensation did not materialize when Mrs. Hearne failed to put in an appearance. The reason Judge Hendricks had given for calling Richard H. Stillwell today was that he wanted him to make his reflections upon the chastity of his stepmother face to face with her. At the last moment it was thought safest not to precipitate a scene and Mrs. Hearne did not appear, Richard H. Stillwell took the stand, but there was little of impor-tance in his testimony that had not been gone over before. The witness made this state-ment, however: "One very important matter in connection with this murder I have not stated, because I have not had an oppor-

tunity to. "On one occasion, while Mrs. Hayward was living away from Hannibal and visited here, my father's wife went to call on her, and during the visit, and at the only time when alone in the room, my father's wife said to her that she cautioned her to be very secret about what she knew, saying also that her life was in her hands and that she trusted to her as she did to her God, or words that effect.

Judge Hendricks announced that no testimony would be taken until their return from Chicago. CHARGE THE CASHIER WITH FRAUD

Stockholders of the Buckner, Mo., Ask for a Receiver. KANSAS CITY, July 17 .- As the result of dispute between the directors and stock holders of the Bank of Buckner, Mo., near Independence, application has been made to the circuit court at Independence for a receiver for the bank. The petition brings charges against Cashier Effing and C. W. Seber, one of the directors and stockholders of the bank. The plainting are the before supper time you will adjourn and go to your supper. You can return after supper and deliberate as long or as short a time. they asked permission to examine the books for your meals and for sleep until you have agreed upon a verdict or are discharged by to secure an expert examination of the books with the result that the said discrepancy in stock, amounting to \$5,000, was discovered. Petitioners claim that defendants are wholly unable to take care of the bank's interests, and that if they are permitted to carry on the bank's affairs the plaintiffs' interests will be jeopardized, and therefore pray the court to compel the return of the \$5,000 in stock, and

> of the bank's affairs. Ready to Try the Taylors Ag to. CARROLTON, Mo., July 17.—Both sides announced themselves ready to go to trial in the Taylor-Meeks' murder case today, and a spe cial venire was ordered by the court from which to select the jury. The jury will be selected Monday. The trial proper will probably begin Thursday of next week. The de-fense was today granted permission to take the depositions of four witnesses who are ili

that a receiver be appointed to take charge

Expibits revogue Atlanta ATLANTA, Ga., July 17 .- Sixty days before the opening of the Colton States and International exposition exhibits have begun to ar-rive. Exposition efficials did not expect any exhibits for some time to come. They be-lieve that from now on the exhibits will pour heve that from now on the exhibits will pour in on them and that the buildings will be filled and the exhibits all be placed a week before the exposition opens.

CRASHED THROUGH A BRIDGE

Workmen Who Were Repairing the Structure Buried in the Debris.

THREE KILLED AND TWELVE INJURED

Several of the Injured Are Expected to Die - Bridge Was a Frail Structure

spans of the end when suddenly a trestle gave way and the whole train fell through the opening, piling up in a most frightful mass, grinding the cars into kindling wood and heaping the immense weight on the body of

Mrs. Albert Cooper, who had just brought her husband's luncheon and was sitting under the bridge. The fearful crash was heard in town and the people rushed from their places of business and homes to render such all as was possible. Conductor Glaze jumped and was saved, as did Fireman Frye. J. C. Childers, boss carpenter, saw the peril of Mrs. Cooper and jumped off the bridge to save her and was carried under the ruins with her. The bridge was over a guich known as 'Dirty Woman's Guich," and was fifty feet high and about 300 feet long. It has always been a frail structure and the awful catastrophe of toflay was frequently predicted. The work of clearing the wrock is being pushed rapidly. But for the bodies underneath the debris would be burned. The cars are ground into plinters, which are mixed in with heavy bridge timbers, stone and freight. Business was suspended in town, all of the citizens hurrying to the wreck to render such assist-

ince as was possible.

The list of killed and wounded is as fol-ows. Killed: MRS. ALBERT COOPER, Kansas City, Mo. J. C. CHILDERS, Kansas City, Mo.

UNKNOWN TRAMP. The injured: Mark Wickens, engineer, will die. Charles Gardner, brakeman, will die. J. N. Orby, brakeman, will die, James Neal, hip broken. Henry Allen, broken leg. Charles Rue, leg broken. Wall ce Coper, Lamar, head cut, book hart,

J. W. Cole, bridge contractor, broken arm Charles Stonehouse, foreman bridge gang oth legs broken. H. C. Bookert, head and shoulders cut. Shaw, hip crushed, head cut.

Charles Halleck, back hurt. CRUSHED BY FALLING WALLS, two Firemen Killed and Eighteen Others

Injured. CINCINNATI, July 17.-This afternoon an darm was turned in for a big fire in the live-story hay and feed warehouse of J. H. Hormeson & Co. at Water and Walnut streets. It spread so as to threaten the entire square bounded by Walnut, Water, Vine and Front streets, and another alarm soon called out the whole fire department. The After the speechmaking was finished the flames at times came very near reaching buildings across the streets. Besides the loss of property, two firemen are dead and eighfrom a match or cigar stump thrown carelessly near the hay. The warehouse went up like an explosion. Then the fire spread to large warehouse stood fireproof. The adjoin ng commission and tobacco company ware houses, however, went up like piles of kind ling, causing such a conflagration as to threaten the north end of the suspension bridge. George O'Brown had 86,000 bags of peanuts in his warehouse. They burned like shavings, and with the building went the large tobacco warehouse of L. Seaman & Co which was full of leaf tobacco. When the walls of these warehouses fell the fire spread in all directions, damaging H. E. Meyer Sons & Co., Western Dressed Pork company, Henry Hell & Sons. Those burned entirely

L. Seamans & Co., leaf tobacco. Loss, \$85 00; insurance, \$70,000. George O. Brown, commission. Loss, stock, \$25,000; building, \$3,000; insurance, \$21,000.
L. Manning & Co., commission, 8,000 bags.

peanuts, \$26,000, in Brown's building. Hermische & Co., feed and hay. J. A. J. Smith, stables, Nelson Morris & Co.'s stables, Klien & Quirk. Simons & Norris, commission. Lengley, Garlick & Co., river supplies. J. D. Peacock, naval supplies. two and wounding *ixteen fireman. son, the bookkeeper, and Busch, the aero-naut, were injured internally. Simpson

jumped from a second story window. The dead are: CAPTAIN MICHAEL W. HEALY, fire company No. 29. THOMAS W. WISERY, pipeman, com

The injured are Lieutenant F. B. Newman, company No dangerously,
 The following are painfully hurt, but ar

William Griewe, pipeman, No. 10. Captain Peter Purceill, hook company No. 7 Martin McNally, reel driver No. 1 Pipeman Ben Tiper, company No. 4. William Thompson, hook No. 1. Bart Fanning, hook No. 1. Jim Hanks, company No. 4 Walter Hanlon, company No. 10 John Mullin, driver of tool wagon Tony Anthony, company No. Dennis Doherty, company No. 10. J. Patterton, company No. 8. Lieutenant Sam Boyd, company No. 14. Theodore Simpson, bookkeeper, hip frac

Louis Busch, aeronaut, skull fractured. J. Bradford. John Inris,

FIVE MEN TERRIBLY SCALDED. Deplorable Accident on Board the Torpedo Foat Ericcson

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 17 .- Five sailors, members of the engineer gang on the torpedo boat Ericcson, were terribly scalded by the bursting of a hot water pipe in the engine room today while the boat was out on a run, preliminary to her speed trial, which is soon to take place. The men were all brought to this city in the lighthouse tender Cactus. Their names and residences are as follows:

Austin Williams, New York Joseph Hamilton, New York, David Cody, Jersey City, William Merwin, Dubuque, Jacob Strinsky, Dubuque,

Details of the accident are very meager, as the Ericcson is still out on the sound and the injured men are unable to talk much. From one of them, however, a brief state-ment was obtained. He said that the boat was going at the rate of about twenty-eight knots an hour and was being pushed to attain the speed of twenty-nine knots. Suddenly one of the big hot water pipes burst with the pressure and covered them all with the scalding water. The men were only a thin shirt above their waist and their bedies from the way. bodies from the waist up were practically parboiled. The lighthouse tender Cactus was haited as she was going by and the men were placed aboard and brought to the sailors' hospital. None of them were able to

WILL PROTECT WYOMING SETTLERS PENDERITES GOING TO WAR

Asjutant General Stibzer Visits the Scene of the Indian Trouble. CHEYENNE, July 17 .- (Special Telegram.) -Adjutant General Stitzer of the Wyoming

state militia started this evening for the scene of the Indian troubles in the Jackson Hole district. He will represent Governor Richards and if the situation warrants will call out several companies of state troops to protect the settlers.

WASHINGTON, July 17.-The first official report of the trouble between Bannock Indians and settlers in northwestern Wyoming reached the Interior department today. In dispatch to the secretary of the interior. Governor Richards says: "I have received advices by mail and telegraph reporting the situation as serious. The Indians are Bundangerous bridge on the Santa Fe, a quarter of a mile south of town. At 10:55 this morn-arrested for illegal and wanton killing of ments of W. E. Peebles and G. S. Harris can game. Can you fake immediate action for be relied upon. These two men came down the protection of our settlers?" from Pender last night, and acting as the

The dispatch from Governor Richards has been forwarded to the secretary of war for

his action. Under date of June 17, 1895, Governo Richards wrote to the secretary of the in-terior in regard to the killing of game by the Shoshone and Bannock Indians. He asked hat they be strictly confined to their reser-It is unofficially stated at the Invations. dian office that the real trouble in Wyoming is that the Indians are better hunters than the is that the Indians are better hinters than the whites in the region and that the jealeusy of the settlers from the Winne-them is the main cause of trouble. The report of the alleged uprising of the Bannock Indians was received at the War department today, but no action will be taken further than to notify the department commander to the control of the settlers of the lands which they have leased from the Flournoy Land company. have troops at Fort Washakle in readiness to protect the people and property in case they are wanted.

LANDER PEOPLE GETTING UNEASY

head of Green River for reinforcements. There is a considerable body of Indians

There is a considerable body of Indians holding a sun dance at that point.

The Indians, it is understood, have threatened to destroy the property of the settlers and to teach them a lesson for daring to interfere with their favorite pastime of hunting. Judge Jay 1. Torrey, speaker of the house of representatives, has arrived from Embar and has sent the governor a message as and has sent the governor a message as "His Excellency, William A. Richards, Governor, Cheyenne, Wyo.: Please author-ize me to organize a force and go immedi-

ately to the relief of our fellow citizens in Jackson's Hole. Can be there with force in forty-eight hours. "JAY L. TORREY."

Several Outsiders Lend the Only Exc tement in the Horr-Harvey Debate. CHICAGO, July 17 .- The Harvey-Horr duel oday developed into a general engagement, representatives of Philadelphia, Kansas City, Cleveland and elsewhere pitched into the scrimmage after the two principals had hacked each other up to the limit. The outsiders who ventured into the fight included H. L. Bliss, O. B. Gunn and E. B. Sarr. The hostilities of the day began by Mr. Horr remarking in a pointed manner that Mr. Harvey "read an essay here yesterday upon the condition of the world during the Fifteenth century and particularly up to the discovery of America in 1492. He read the statement without its having been called out at all by me, as I had not attacked that art of his book. Haborate effort to show the condition of hings in the world from 1400 to 1530 that have taken a little rains to find out, if I could, whether there is any truth in the representaons that he makes and I find that history leaves him in a bad condition in that regard as it does in regard to the bulk of the state-

nents in "Coin's Financial School. Continuing, Mr. Horr endeavored to show that the lot of the millions in Europe was rising before 1492, and that of the feudal aristocracy, with its tyranny was crumbling to a fall. He said: "Mr. Harvey and his free silver friends identify prosperity and the progress of man with the lot of the feudal nobility of Europe and not with that of the toilers. Later I shall show that in his treatment of the present, as of the past, Mr. Harvey stands as the exponent of the rich and not of the tollers, whose welfare should and not of the tollers, whose welfare should be considered by the legislation of the state." In reply Mr. Harvey said that in his re-marks yesterday, to which Mr. Horr was now objecting, he volunteered to explain the pre-face of the "school" without waiting for it to chjecting, he volunte without waiting for it to face of the "school" without waiting for it to be attacked. Mr. Harvey insisted that the allegations of fact which he made in his book, and yesterday, had been taken from the official report of the United States monetary commission of 1876. He showed this, not to enter into an argument on the political center into an argument on the political war department will keep its hands off."

Concerning the time for the warlike demonstration to begin, Mr. Peebles said: "The stration to begin, Mr. Peebles said that he thought not." that those who had accused him of forgery were wrong. He said, furthermore, that

Mr. Horr then went back to yesterday's discussion of what constitutes the unit of value. Therefore, Mr. Harvey took up the demonetization of silver, the act of 1873. The time until the close of the debate was taken up in the discussion of this legislation. Questions were then in order. H. L. Bliss questioned Mr. Harvey as to figures in his ok relative to the coinage of silver previous to 1873. Mr. Harvey admitted that he dis erroneously state the amount at \$37,000,000 less than the amount of silver actually coined before 1873. However, it had been in the interest of his argument to state the amount

at all therefore it would stand.

O. B. Gunn of Kansas City caused Mr.
Harvey to explain at length the amount and denomination of the silver coinage previous to 1873. Questions by a score of others were asked and answered, but the discussion was of a rambling nature. The debate wil be resumed at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Miners Imprisoned by a Cave In IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., July 17 .- Poor timbering caused a cavein on the first level by of the Pewabac mine this afternoon. Nine men are imprisoned under forty feet of broken rock, ore and timber. The fall of rock came just as the men were quitting work, and it is feared that some of the missing men were caught and crushed to death. A big rescue crowd is at work, but it will be ten hours before the men can be reached. It is known that some of the entombed men are alive, as communication with them has been estab-lished by hammering on the pipe which supplies the level with air. The mine officials are confident that the men will be found uninjured. Five of the men are Italians, Cornishmen and two Scandinavians. Stephen Bowden, Fred Webb and John Johnson are

ROCHESTER, N. Y. July 17 .- The parochial school connected with the Church of the Holy Cross at Charlotte burned at 2 o'clock this morning. Warrants have been isand his sister Nora, both of whom are in the employ of Father John Fitzgerald. There much feeling among the church members who are divided into two factions, have been several incendiary fires recently in the village and each faction accuses the other with being implicated.

Fined for Riding on the Sidewalk. YANKTON, S. D., July 17 .- (Special Telegram.)-Henry C. Boyer, the cousin of Mme Yznaga, who is here for a divorce, was very much astonished yesterday when a Yankto policeman arrested him for riding a bicycle sailors' hospital. None of them were able to on a sidewalk and hustled him into policese and it is thought that at least four of court, where the presiding justice imposed

Citizens of Thurston's Pair Capital Intend Invading the Winnebago Reserve.

W. E. PEEBLES OUTLINES THE CAMPAIGN

Under Command of the Sheriff the Army Will Surround and Capture All the Indian Police and Arrest Captain Beck.

Repeating rifles are going to be at a prenium in Omaha today, and they are going from Pender last night, and acting as the spokesman, Mr. Peebles told a tale that dripped with blood.

"We are in Omaha for the purpose of buying 100 Winchester rifles and 10,000 carridges," said Mr. Peebles, as a starter.

Asked what he intended to do with all of hese munitions of war, Mr. Peebles added: Last Tuesday Judge Norris of Ponca issued an injunction restraining Indian Agent Beck Land company,
"We are not warlike people in Thurston

county, but we propose to see that the law is obeyed," continued Mr. Peebles. "After the njunction was issued and notice served upon Want to Arm a Force to March to Jackson's Hole.

LANDER, Wyo., July 17.—(Special Telegram.)—There is much uneasiness felt in this city tonight over the condition of affairs in Jackson's Hole. The Indians, it is reported, have sent across the range to the head of Green River for reinforcements.

them. "The business men of Pender have tired of this lawlessness upon the part of Mr. Beck and his Indian police, and now they propose to see that justice is meted out and that the orders of the courts of Nebraska are enforced, even if it requires the shedding of blood.

SIGNED A ROUND ROBIN. "Today the people of Pender were wrought up to the highest degree, and after all of the tros and cons of the matter had been discussed, a paper was prepared and circulated among the business men and best citizens of the town. When we left, between fifty and sixty signatures had been secured, each man pledging blooming to the distribution. pledging himself to the following: 'We, the undersigned citizens and residents of Thurson county agree to support the sheriff of the said Thurston county in executing the orders of the state courts.'

DEBATE TURNS INTO A FREE-FOR-ALL "Each subscriber, continued Mr. Peebles, has agreed to supply himself with a Win-chester rifle and 100 cartridges, all to beplaced at the disposal of the sheriff of Thurs-

n county. 'As soon as enough subscribers had at-"As soon as enough subscribers had attached their names to the agreement to convince the people that they were in for business, Mr. Harris and myself were appointed a committee to come to Omaha and buy the rifles and the cartridges. We will visit the stores that deal in such goods, make our purchases and ship them to Pender, where they will be received by the sheriff, who will make the distribution. Having made our purchases, we shall return to our homes and await results. suits.

"Of course there will be more than 100armed men. At this time there are 150 men. in and about Pender who can arm themselves at a moment's notice with either rifles, hotguns or revolvers, thus giving us a fo of 250 who will see that the order of Judge Norris is carried into effect. "Beck's forces are not as great as some-copic have supposed, having only about

sixty police. Of course they are armed and might show fight, yet they would not be-able to cope with us, as the sheriff's posse-would outnumber them 4 to 1." WILL GOBBLE 'EM UP. Asked what would happen if the Indian alice showed fight, Mr. Peebles said: "Some ne will be hurt. The sheriff proposes to

arrest every Indian who attempts to violate the court's order. When an Indian is ar-rested he will be put in charge of a guard and held until a squad has been gathered to-gether, after which the red men will be marched down to Pendir and locked in Jail. After we have cleared the reservation of these policemen we will march to the agency, where we will beard the lion in his den. We will invite Mr. Beck to come down off the perch and if he does not come, we will place him under arrest, charging him with violating the order of the court."

were wrong. He said, furthermore, that time is not far distant. The people are ripe Mr. Horr should not get him at any point of the debate to divert his mind from the regular argument and local arrangement of the debate.

Mr. Horr then went back to vesterday's

BURNED THREE BUILDINGS

Fire Causes Considerable Less Near the Courtland Beach Pavilion Along about 1:30 this morning fire was discovered between two buildings at the corner of Thirteenth street and Avenue R. Courtland Beach addition, just outside the main entrance to Courtland beach. These buildings were unoccupied and were doomed at the time the fire was discovered. On the opposite side of Thirteenth street was the building occupied by Anton Beneker as a saloon and dwelling and the flames soon communicated to this, being borne by the strong wind from the east. Beneker and his family were sleeping at the time and barely escaped with their lives, being awakened by Watchman O. Johnson of Courtland

ontents, together with the money he had on hand to pay his monthly mulct license to the Council Bluffs authorities today. One of the empty buildings was owned by Antonio Rich and was value t at \$200, and the other belonged to a man named Morrili and was worth \$600. Both were insured for the full value. Beneker carried no insurance. The fire was unquestionably of incendiary rigin. Some three weeks ago an attempt was made to burn these same buildings,

Midnight Blaze at Lincoln. LINCOLN, July 17 .- (Special Telegram.)-At 11:45 fire broke out in the Mendenhall block, a large three-story brick across the alley from the Call office. The fire originated in the part occupied by the Wilson Paper company. Prompt action by the department prevented the flames from getting much headway, but, as it was, the paper stock was, damaged \$500 worth. Fully insured.

Preparing to Exterminate Horse Thieves PERRY, Okl., July 17.-Pottawatamie ounty is overrun with horse thieves and wenty law and order leagues, consisting of nearly 1,000 good citizens of the county, have been formed to assist the officers in exter-minating the thieves and thugs. Potta-wattamic county is surrounded by the In-dian Territory and the robbers have good hid-

ng places for their booty.

OELWEIN, Ia., July 17 .- The business porion of Alta Vesta, Is., a small town on the Chicago & Great Western railway, was de-stroyed by fire today. The loss aggregates fire today. The loss aggregates. \$40,000, with insurance of about \$25,000