ENGLAND'S NEW CABINET

Most of the Men Who Are to Compose It Are Already Selected.

SOME OF THE PLACES MAY NOT BE FILED

New Ministry Will Be Composed of Repre-

sentatives of Both Sections of the Unionist Party, with Salisbury at Its Head,

LONDON, June 24 .- The marquis of Salisbury conferred this morning with Rt. Hon. Arthur Balfour, the convervative leader in the House of Commons; the duke of Devonshire, the unionist leader in the House of Lords, and with Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, the unionist leader in the House of Commons, at his house in London, and proceeded to Windsor at 1:30 p. m. in reply to the summons of the queen, following the resignation of the Rosebery ministry.

The cabinet crisis continues to absorb the attention of the clubs, etc., and the best informed speculations regarding the cabinet agree in the belief that Lord Salisbury will accept the task of forming a cabinet and a new ministry, to be composed of representatives of both sections of the unionist party, although a dissolution of Parliament cannot long be delayed. It may not be necessary to fill all the places in the ministry as the Times intimates this morning before taking steps for an immediate appeal to the coun-Then, according to program, the marquis of Salisbury would become premier and president of the council of ministers and the duke of Devonshire would become secretary of state for foreign affairs.

AFTER THE PREMIER. Mr. Balfour is said to be slated for the office of first lord of the treasury and Mr. Chamberiain will become secretary of state for war. Rt. Hon. George Goschen, formerry chancellor of the exchequer, is said t be slated for the post of first lord of the ad-

miralty.
Lord Landsdowne, Sir Henry James and Hop. Leonard Courtney, liberal unionists, are also reported to have been elected for cab-

The principal members of the Sallsbury cabinet must be re-elected immediately and the dissolution of Parliament is expected within a fortnight.

The marquis of Londonderry, conservative is expected to be the next vicercy of Ireland. In the House of Commons today there was a most animated scene and outside the

houses of Parliament large crowds of people The speaker, Mr. William Curt Gully, took the chair at 3 o'clock, and soon afterward the secretary of state for war, Mr. H. Campbell Bannerman entered the House amid pro-longed liberal cheers. Mr. Balfour followed and was greeted with vigorous cheers from

his supporters.
At 3:30 the chancellor of the exchequor. Sin William Vo non Harcourt, entered the House and the liberals arose in a body and cheered

him to the echo. The supporters of Mr. Chamberlain made similar demonstration when the unionist leader entered the House of Commons. William Vernon Harcourt said:

is my duty to make the announcement to the House that the division of Friday last was a vote of censure of the secretary of war, than whom never a more able, respected or popular minister held office. The government, of course, associated themselves with their colleague, and feeling that they were unable to pass the votes for supply, the government resigned and their resignation was accepted.
"Under ordinary circumstances it would have been incumbent to move an adjournthe west fish passed before July, and when it has passed it third reading the government will move the adjournment of the House."

The chancellor of the exchaquer the

BALFOUR OFFERS CRITICISM. Mr. Baifour criticised the conduct of the government. He said he thought the constitutional manner of proceeding would have been to advise the queen to dissolve Parlia ment instead of throwing the burden of con tinuing the government on the opposition.
At 3:22 the House went into committee

Most of the members left when the Hous went into committee. Numerous question were asked in regard to the agreement with Russia on the Bering sea question and the complaints received by the government from the Dominion of Canada on the same subject. The parliamentary accretary of the foreign office, Sir Edward Grey, in reply said that satisfactory assurances had been given to Canada on the points raised in behalf of the

The seal fisheries bill then passed to thir Dr. Charles I. D. Tanner, member for the middle division of Cork, anti-Parnellite raised a disturbance by exclaiming that he did not see why the seal fisheries bill should

be given precedence over the Irish land bill. The house then adjourned. It was rumored shortly after the House of Commons adjourned that Sir William Vernon Harcourt will not present himself as a can-didate for re-election and the concluding

words of his thanks to the House of Com-mons were in reality a valedictory. There were great crowds present in the House of Commons when the premier, Lord Rosebery, rose at 3:40 p. m. to announce the

resignation of the cabinet. The prince of Wales, the duke of York and the duke of Cambridge sat on the court benches. The marquis of Salisbury was absent at Windsor, where he had gone in answer

The galleries were crowded with peeresse and a number of members of the House of Commons were present in order to hear the

statement of the retiring premier.

Lord Rosebery, amid deep silence, said:

"I-desire to make a very brief statement, which the house has undoubtedly anticipated.

After the vote of the House of Commons on

After the vote of the House of Commons on Friday, which was practically a vote of censure on the secretary of war on a question of national defense, immediately after there had been laid before the house a great scheme for military organization, the government felt it their duty to place their resignations in the hands of the queen. Their resignations were accepted and the government will hold office until their successors are appointed."

The earl of Cranbrook, conservative, said that the marquis of Salisbury had desired him to say he wished the house to adjourn until tomorrow. Lord Rosebery remarked that there was only one very important bill the seal fisheries, waich would be proceeded with, and he expressed the hope that it would pass at all its stages tomorrow. The seal fi beries bill then passed its first read-

NO NOTICE FROM BAYARD. customary to promptly inform the State de-partment of such an important change, no word has yet been received at the department from Ambassador Bayard, touching the downfall of the Rosebery cabinet in London made in Parliament, and the new ministry has succeeded in power so as to make his nent complete. At the Stale departltheral to a conservative government in Great the United States and Great Britain, for has come to be a well recognized fact that while British politics are subject to more

CONSERVATIVES FAVOR SILVER. LOUISVILLE, June 24.—Hon, James B various standing committees of the Epis-copal church of the United States to the consecration of Rev. Dr. F. Milispaugh as bishop of Kansas. The consecration will not be deferred very long new that this con-sect is given. McCreary, chairman of the house committee foreign affairs, is in this city to attend the democratic state convention, and is running against Senator Blackburn for chairman of the

violent and sudden mutations than are known in the United States, there is seldom a

a member of the international monetary con-ference, which met at Brussela in 1892. HOT FIGHT IN KENTUCKY ference, which met at Brussels in 1892. When seen today by a representative of the Associated press, Mr. McCreary stated that his experience with the English members of that conference gives him assurance that the advent of the Salisbury ministry will be in the interest of bimetallism, as Lord Salisbury,

PROBLEM MIGHT BE SOLVED.

The House of Commons has already adopted

Mr. McCreary regarded Salisbury as better

FRENCHMEN RENEW THEIR GRIEF.

Carnot Impressively Observed.

PARIS, June 24 .- In the presence of enor

mous crowds of people the anniversary of the

leath of President Carnot, who was assas-

emated at Lyons June 24 of last year by

Caesaro Santo, the anarchist, who was after-

wards executed for the crime, was observed

today at the Pantheon with touching cere-

dent Faure, M. Challemel-Lacour, president of the French Senate, and M. Brisson, presi-

ent of the French Chamber of Deputies, fol-

church of La Madelaine at 11 o'clock.

Refused to Allow Cavalotti to Speak,

ROME, June 24 .- The Italian deputies had

noisy sitting today. During the debate on

he Cavalotti-Crispi quarrel, involving charges

by Signor Cavalotti of scandalous connection on the part of Premier Crispi with the Banca

Romana, the president's refusal to allow Signor Cavalotti to speak led to an uproar and the sitting had to be twice suspended.

Ten Soldiers Shot for Murder.

artial was held at Proxymal Cathola

indemued men have already been shot.

LEMBURG, Austria, June 24.-A court

ried twenty-six Hussars for the murder of a

nd ten privates, who were chosen by lot to

to the deed, were sentenced to death and he remainder to imprisonment for life. The

Gadstone Keturns to London

LONDON, June 24 .- The steamer Tanta-

for Castle, upon which, as the guests of Sir

been witnessing the celebration of the open-ing of the Kaiser Wilhelm canal, arrived at

trete Peasants in Revolt,

ATHENS, June 24 .- In an encounter be

ween the peasantry and the Turkish soldiers

in the province of Apocorena, island of Crete an officer, four soldiers and four peasants

Visited the rulser New York.

KIEL, June 24.- Emperor William of Ger

nany remained one hour aboard the United

China Refuses to Sign the Loan.

LONDON. June 24 .- There are rumors

ondon and St. Petersburg that China refuses

Newfoundland Loan Found Ready Takers

LONDON, June 24 .- The Newfoundland

oan, tenders for which were opened today,

MURDERED BY A REJECTED SUITOR

Verrible Double Tragedy in the Tennesse

ATLANTA, Ga., June 24.-Lillie and Lauri

Moore, sisters, daughters of a farmer in the

killed yesterday by their cousin, Seymou

Keener. Four years ago Keener fell in love

with his cousin Lillie. The girl rejected his

advances. For two years he endeavored t

pay her attentions, but finally she made him

her life. Yesterday afternoon the sisters, not

young ladies of 19 and 17, started from their home in the Tennessee valley to visit a neighbor, who lived a few miles away. They drove past Keener's home going and Seymour saw them. Directly afterward he loaded two

pistols, took \$200 which he had in the house

hade his little sisters goodby and started off Half way between his own home and that

of the neighbor whom his cousins were visiting, Keener hid in some bushes by the mountain road. In the course of an hour

the young ladies approached, returning to their nome. Keener rushed out upon them

with both revolvers drawn. Miss Laura

perceiving her sister's danger, rushed be-tween her and Keener. She pleaded for her

sister's life and throwing her arms about Lillie's body declared that she would die before Lillie should be harmed. Keener

tried to tear Laura away, but falling in this placed the muzzle of a pistol to the brave girl's head and shot her dead. Then

he turned his weapon on the older sister. Lillie, and fired seven bullets into her body.

The firing attracted the attention of person

pursuit was quickly made. Keener was overtaken. His cartridges were exhausted, but he fought with a knife and cut James Dicker-

son seriously. Keener says that he shot Laura by accident. He is now in jail at Clayton, in the heart of the mountains of

KAIN RECEIVES HIS APPOINTMENT

ST LOUIS. June 24.-Most Rev. John

Joseph Kain yesterday morning received

from Rome the official document declaring

him archbishop of St. Louis, and translating Archbishop. Peter Richard Kenrick to the see of marcianalpolis in partibus.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 24.-Rov. Dr. Beatty

has already received the consent of the

exist. Ever since he has been threatening

Stufes cruiser New York yesterday.

to sign the Russo-Chinese loan,

has been oversubscribed.

Gravesend today. Mr. and Mrs came to London by special train.

were killed.

Three non-commissioned officers

Mr. and Mrs. Gladston

In the official cortege were Presi-

ould be found for them.

McCreary thought such an agreement

Question of Finance. Balfour and other are more favorable than Rosebery and his associates were for such a conference. Mr. McGreary said he was more hopeful now than ever before for such international action as would settle the ratio between the metals. He not only regards HARDIN LEADS FOR THE GOVERNORSHIP

Both Gold and Silver Men Claim to Have a Majority of the Delegates to the State Convention Which Will Assemble Tomorrow.

between the metals. He not only regards Lord Salisbury as friendly to an international monetary agreement, but also as a very great statesman, who will be more liberal in his general policy than Rosebery. There were active friends in England of bimetallism, and Lord Salisbury would recognize them. Mr. McCreary referred to Sir William Houldsworth, Balfour, Chapin and others who were friendly to bimetallism and who were close to Salisbury. While England LOUISVILLE, June 24 .- The democratic state convention here tomorrow will be among who wers close to Salisbury. While England had maintained a gold standard since 1816, Mr. McCreary had no doubt that bimetallism the hottest contests in the history of the ommonwealth. Many delegates were here had many friends among the manufacturers, agriculturists and business men in England, and that this sentiment was growing, so that the ministry would be sustained in supporting an international agreement. over Sunday. All are here today for the preliminary skirmish in the district meetings. The polling of all the Louisville papers shows the gold delegates to be in a majority. The silver men dispute their estimate and charge that the Louisville papers claim most of the might be secured without the participation of England, but when an international monetary uninstructed delegates when those delegates onference assembled in Europe it would be very encouraging to have the support of the eading statesmen in the English ministry. are equally divided. The lines are drawn on the endorsement of the administration, with Carlisle's friends leading for the administraa resolution that is regarded as favorable for an international conference. Germany, France and the United States have taken action for such a conference, and if England will co-operate the metallic problem can be tion and Blackburn's friends against its finan-

General Cassius M. Clay is the administraion candidate for governor and General P. W. Hardin is the anti-administration candidate. The silver men will try to force nomiequipped in every way than Rosebery for a more liberal and more enlightened policy, which would extend to Nicaragua, Venezuela nations before the adoption of a platform The gold men are bitterly opposed to this order of business, as they claim that Hardin and other American countries in which the United States is interested. He thought England was paying very little attention to Hawaii, and that the United States was payis stronger than the free silverites. Hardin is a pronounced free silver coinage man, as much so as senator Blackburn, and if nominated wants a free silver plank.

Hawaii, and that the United States was paying entirely too much attention to these little
islands. Mr. McCreary said he was not only
cposed to the annexation of Hawaii, but
also to any subsidy for a cable from San
Francisco to Honolulu. There were fourteen
submarine telegraphic lines in operation, and
all had been built by private capital. If any
more enterprises were needed the capital
could be found for tham. The first test of strength will come tomor row on selection of a temporary chairman who has the appointment of two members a large on all the committees. There are eleven congressional districts. It is estimated that the gold men will have six and the silver men five on the committee on resolutions from the districts, but if the silver men secure the temporary organization the platform makers will stand 7 to 6. This is the fight that is being First Anniversary of the Death of President

POLL ON THE GOVERNORSHIP. The Post, which strongly supports the administration's financial policy, today has a full pell of the delegates, showing 435 for Hardin, 378 for Clay and 65 doubtful. The Post says: "There are 878 delegates, 440 necessary to a choice and the poll indicates that Hardin lacks only five votes. The Hardin men say that they have the five vote This is not by any means certain. General Gordo Williams was defeated sixteen years ago by James B. McCreary when within five

lowed by the cabinet ministers, ambassadors, senators and deputies. The cortege arrive? otes of the nomination.' Governor Buckner publishes a card today saying that he will not accept the nomina-tion for governor and insists that the sound at the tomb 't 10:15 a. m.

M. Faure, in depositing a crown on the tomb, said: "In the name of the republic, on the day on which is renewed the mournmoney democrats must select some other man if they cannot nominate General Clay. General Buckner says he is a candidate for ing of the country, I lay this crown upon the tomb of President Carnot." The religious ceremonies took place in the

senator on a sound money platform and will have nothing else. The all absorbing topic is the resolution on the silver question. The com-mittee on resolutions will consist of one member from each of the eleven congressional districts and two members at larg appointed by the chairman of the convention For this reason there is more contest than

ever for the temporary organization.

Carlisle's private secretary and appointment clerk are here, and they were followed by Ex-Congressman Phil B. Thompson, who is enthusiastic for Senator Blackburn for chairman of the committee on resolutions. Asid from the silver issue, there is a bitter fight between the friends of Secretary Carlisle and enator Blackburn, in which ex-Governor Buckner, McCreary and leaders are with Carlisle, while Govrnor Brown, ex-Governor Proctor Knott and thers are with Blackburn.

There is an almost endless list of candi-lates for minor state offices and they have had their headquarters open several days, as early birds. In the early skirmishing the gold men claimed to have a majority of the lelegates, but the arrival of Senator Black-burn has inspired the silver men so that hey are equally confident.

There are so many uninstructed delegates that it will be impossible to estimate the strength of the gold and silver men before he temporary organization is made, and then it will be seen whether the resolution are to be for free coinage or against it. The temporary organization will also indicate whether either Clay or Hardin controls the convention. The members of the committees will be selected at the delegation meeting Fuesday, 10 a.m., and reported to the convention at 2 p.m. All the delegates are ex ected by this evening, when each one will be seen as to his preferences for members o he committees, as well as for candidates. There is no doubt about the contest being very vigorous. It is already warm.

CANDIDATES FOR CHAIRMAN. Tonight the "sound moncy" delegates an-nounce ex-Congressman W. J. Stone as their candidate for temporary chairman. Judg Beckner is Blackburn's man. At the Win thester convention last week he opposed the indorsement of Cleveland and Carlisle. They will make a test on the vote between Beck-ner and Stone, the latter being popular with some silverites and Hardin men. Meanwhile the conservatives want both Beckner and Stone to promise to appoint one silver man and one gold man as members-at-large f the committee on resolutions, and in fact o divide equally the members-at-large of ill the committees. Senator Blackburn, who has more at stake at this convention than any of the state candidates, and more even than Secretary Carlisle, was disposed to concede to the conservative plan of an equal livision of the members-at-large on each of the committees, but the radical silver men opposed it, and a meeting of the silver men was accordingly called for '1 o'clock onight. The silver men may be in confer-nce all night preparatory to the fight, which begins in the congressional district meeting

Tonight the contest between the adminis ration delegates has been more bitts than ranization with a view to securing the chair nan, two members-at-large of the committee on resolutions and controlling the rules and order of business, so that nominations shall be made before the platform is adopted. As General Hardin claims enough votes to nominate him, the "honest money" delegates

vant the platform adopted first. General Hardin is reported to have said he would insist on a free silver platform, and when seen he declined to deny it. His friends claim that he could not run on a Carlisle or administration platform after the canvass he has made with Blackburn and others on the free coinags bisus. There is a conservative element wanting the convention to affirm the national platform of 1892 and gr no further on the financial question, but the silverites say that would imply an endorse

nent of the administration.

Senator Blackburn favored the reaffirming of the platform of 1892, with an additional affirmation that the pledges of 1892 have not been fulfilled by President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle. The conservatives argue that if General Hardin is nominated, and so controls the convention as to prevent the re-affirming of the national declarations of 1892. that the state ticket and platform would be ome justification in the threatened bolt of

the ultra gold men.

The state committee does not name the temporary chairman of this convention in advance. Mr. Carroll of the state committee advance. Mr. Carroll of the state committee holds the gavel until the convention elects its temporary chairman, and the first thing in order is the selection of temporary offi-cers, on which at this time depends the fate lates and the metallic complexion of the plat-

United States Court Clera Short. NEW ORLEANS, June 24. John Devon-shire, clerk of the United States district court for the western district of Louisiana, was indicted today on a charge of embez-slement of \$12,000 of the court's funds.

AID FOR THE CUBAN REBELS. Heavy Consignment of War Manitions

About Ready to Be Shipped. NEW YORK, June 24.—The Cuban revolu Democratic Party Badly Cut Up Over tho ionists are about to send another big expedition to the island. This one will be under the command of Colonel Callago and will start from a small island in the West Indies which is owned by an Englishman. The latter is in sympathy with the Cuban cause. The landing will be made in Vulta Abajo. All the arms and ammunition have already been sent to the island. With Callazo go fifteen veterans of the last revolution, as well as several West Point graduates. Six Gatling guns, six Hotchkiss one-pounder rapid-fire guns, 1,500 Winchester rifles and 75,000 rounds of ammunition for the rifles and a targe quantity of ammunition for the guns are to be carried by the expedition. The work of landing this big cargo will be arrived in

> steamer in Florida, but one was finally secured from one of the West India islands. Revolutionists in this city are elated over the news that Cienfugos has taken up arms. tions in that vicinity and were giving aid to Campos. The insurgents decided to cripple

them by blowing up their sugar crushing machinery, which is very costly, with dynamite, and this they did. The destruction by means of dynamite of the two small forts in Santiago de Cuba, as well as the railroads in that province, is reported by the insurgents. In Cuban circles the report that Burmedese with his band had surrendered is denied. Dr. Gomez y Castro said: "As a matter of fact, it was he who acted as leader in the uprising of Cienfugos. A band of seven men in Camajuania, near Holguin, surrendered, but not in Camajuani in Las Villas."

CUBAN BATTLES MADE TO ORDER panish Min'ster Calls Attention to the In-

consistencies in Carrent Reports. WASHINGTON, June 24 .- Minister Dupuy e Lome of Spain says that the report of the cilling of Captain Campos, said to be the son of General Campos, is without foundation, as s also the report coming via Tampa that a sanguinary battle was fought on the 12th, in which many were killed.

"I am surprised," said he, "at the system-itical manner in which this propaganda of atical manner in which this propaganda of misinformation is rent out from the centers of Cuban sympathy—Tampa, Key West, Jacksonville, Gainesville and Nassau, Bermuda. Here is a great public question on which the facts, if known, would permit the public to form their judgment. But these centers keep furnishing reports of bloody battles, the killing of generals, although no such battles or essentities occurthough no such battles or casualties occur. The reports show on their face that they have been manufactured. These centers send reports which ignore the geography of Cuba. A leader is given at one point today and the next day he is given as leading a charge at another point several hundred miles away. The Cuban agitators are also in the habit of giving the same regiment from seve al differ-ent points. Tampa will first tell the story of a fictitious battle. The next day Gaineswille furnished another report of the same battle. Then it comes from Jacksonville, and a little later from Nassau, so that the fighting is made to serve for several weeks. This is being done systematically by the persons interested in giving a fictitious importance to the trouble, but it is only fair that the public should understand the moives which impel the series of boax battles.

SPANISH SOLDIERS MASSACRED. uban Insurgents Overpower a Detachment

of Regular Troops, BOSTON, June 24.-The steamer Breidabeeck, which has just arrived from Sama, Spanish soldiers at Sama. Several of the Spaniards were killed and quartered and nailed to trees near the beach and others

were taken prisoners. Since the massacre a large Spanish army, with headquarters at Gibrara, some fiftee: niles distant, is engaged in fighting the rebels in the vicinity of Barclay, about ten miles nland from Sama. A regiment of soldiers s stationed at Sama at present and every

vessel that enters the harbor is now placed under the care of the Spanish soldiers. Four of these soldiers occupied the deci of the Breidabeleck during her stay in that port and watched every visitor who cam port and watched every visitor was called aboard the ship. The cargo also was watched while it was being shipped and care was taken that nobody came away on the vessel who did not belong on her. She was thorughly searched on her arrival and every essel that enters the harbor from this out will be treated in the same way. None of the crew were allowed to go on shore during the stay at Sama except the captain.

MIGHT HAVE MET A SPANISH GUNBOAT

a Damaged Condition. NEW YORK, June 24 .- A special to the Vorld from Kingston, Jamaica, June 24, says that the crew of the steamer Bridgeton, which left Philadelphia May 24, has deserted The men have all gone home. The officers deny that the Bridgeton had any connection with a filibustering expedition to Cuba. The ienial was called out by the publication here of a story that she and the ocean-going tug. George W. Childs, took men and arms to Cuba. The Bridgeton followed the Childs into this port. The Childs, which reported that the expedition had been landed without a hitch, afterward cleared for San Domingo. The Bridgeton remained here for repairs. he was in a sinking condition when she ar rived, and badly battered, looking as if she might have encountered a Spanish gunboat captain refused to be interviewed

NEBRASKA ELOPERS ARRESTED. John Marcott and Mrs. Nellie Debrey of Brady Island Involved.

CHEYENNE, June 24.—(Special gram.)-John Marcott, a druggist, and Mrs. Nellie Dubrey, an eloping couple from Brady Island, Neb., were arrested here Saturday at the instance of Mrs. Mercott, charged with adultery. Both prisoners were released or ball pending their hearing, set for this morn-When the case was called this morning Marcott failed to appear, having left town esterday. Mrs. Dubrey has a husband at Casper, Wyo.

Railroad Company Incorporated. CHEYENNE, June 24.- (Special Tele gram.)-The Wyoming & Missouri Railroad ompany filed articles of incorporation today with the secretary of state. The object of he corporation is to construct and operate a allroad from Aladdin, Crook county, to the hence through South Dukota to a point on the Missouri river, to be hereafter de-termined. The incorporators are George M. Nix. J. Clement Uhler and John M. Greene,

CHEYENNE, June 24 .- (Special Tele gram.)-The Cheyenne Daily Leader, the oldtablished in 1867, was absorbed today by the Cheyenne Sun, the combined publication being called the Cheyenne Leader. The Leader was until last fall the democratic organ of the state. The proprietor of the Sun. E. A. Slack, assumes the liabilities of tion list. The new paper will be continued as an evening publication

PITTSBURG, June 24.—Anton Metzgar, a reputed anarchist of Alleghany, committed suicide by placing a bomb in his car and touching it off. The whole side of his head was blown off. He was 81 years old,

WARRANTS FOR THE POLICE

Sheriff Mullin and Porse Start for the Agency to Make Arrests.

SUTS FOR DAMAGES WILL BE FILED

Inspector McLaughtin in Conference with One Hundred and Fifty Settlers for the Purpose of Settling the Existing Troubles.

PENDER, Neb., June 24 .- (Special Tele-Pender late this evening. Warrants for the big cargo will be great.

Pender late this evening. Warrants for the Gomez has sent to the coast all the men he Indian police who were instrumental in evictcan spare to protect the expedition. Three unsuccessful attempts were made to secure a reservation have been sworn out, and an armed posse of men, with Sheriff John H. Mullin, will leave for the agency early in the morning to arrest the leaders of the gang, Cienfugos is a Spanish stronghold. There are five Spaniards there to one Cuban. The French. Suit for damages will be brought. Spaniards are the owners of all large planta-No serious trouble is anticipated unless the Indian police resist Mullin's posse.

EMERSON, Neb., June 24 .- (Special Telegram.)-United States Indian Inspector Major the Indians, and not through any middle men. As it is now, it is claimed, Captain Beck leases the lands to his friends, and the Indian receives. The meeting this evening is a secret one. No newspaper representatives or disinterested parties are allowed to be present.

NO FEARS OF TROUBLE AT PENDER Indian Bureau Officials of the Opinion the

Settlers Will Give Up. WASHINGTON, June 24.-The renewed victions of settlers on land leased from the Flournoy Land and Improvement company on Nebraska are not expected to result in any have been received here announcing the renewal of the attempt to dispossess the whites, out the War department has forwarded rifles and ammunition for the use of the several scores of Indian police employed in the work. These should have reached there several days ago and the work of dispossessing the whites is expected to begin at once. It is expected hat within a week the evictions will be completed and steps taken by the agent to secure to the Indians their full rights as to he profits of the lands. Commissioner Brownng said today there was little fear of in-erruption or resistance, as the lessees now ealize that the authorities are determined

benefit the producer, leaves the sugar growers of Cuba in a most helpless condition. They now frankly admit that hey will not be able to secure loans with which to make the coming crop, which means that not ex-ceeding one-half the usual acreage of new cane has been planted, and a corresponding neglect in the cleaning of the present crop. n truth, the condition of the planters of this sland is distressing, and the end is not yet for when it is recalled that fully one-third of the inhabitants depend upon the plantations for employment and a living, and that the owners thereof cannot obtain money

HAMPERED BY LA K OF FUNDS.

nough to engage the labor, actual suffering

Treasury Department Has No Money Prevent (uban Fil bustering. WASHINGTON, June 24 .- A question has risen in the Treasury department as to the payment of expanses incurred by the treasury agents in looking after fillbusterers on the South Atlantic and Gulf coasts. An expense account amounting to \$17 was received at the department, but when it reached the warrant division it was discovered that there was no appropriation from which the expense of employes in preventing the violation of the neutrality laws could be paid. It was apparent that it could not be charged to the ac-count for the collection of revenues and so the matter was referred to the State depart-

ment in the hope that it could be paid from its secret service fund. Gold Reserve Exceeds \$100,000,000 WASHINGTON, June 24.-Although the books of the Treasury department do not show it, the gold reserve is practically above the \$100,000,000 mark today, for the first time since last December, when it was forced to that point as a result of an issue of gold bonds. According to the treasurer's state-ment today the gold balance is \$99.817,395, but this statement does not include a con-signment of \$1.95,000 in her gold branch to New York by the Campania on Saturday for August Belment & Co., on account of the government bond syndicate. The gold was taken to the New York assay office for examination and in a day or two will be deposited in the United States whitescent posited in the United States sub-treasury in payment of bonds. The treasury books will show this increase in a day or two, and at least before the 1st of July.

Rateigh Will ruise Along the Coast. WASHINGTON, June 24.-Word was reeived today from the captain of the United States steamer Raleigh, which is in Florida waters to prevent Cuban filibustering expeditions, announcing that the vessel would sail for a cruise westward. Although the dispatch was indefinite, it is supposed the in-tention is to visit West Florida points, and also to cruise along the gulf coast as far west as Galveston, Tex., from which point fill-bustering reports have come.

Great Importations of Oranges WASHINGTON, June 24.—Consul Warner at Palermo informs the State department that during the year 1894 the exportation of ranges and lemons from Palermo to the United States was eight times as much as the exportation during the same time of the same article to all other foreign countries.

WASHINGTON, June 24 .- Miss Abigail Dedge continues to grow stronger and will leave the city within a day or two.

Lake ! teamer Ran Aground. GENEVA, O., June 24.-The steamer Iroquois of Cleveland, Captain Jones, ran o'clock this morning. The captain mistook bula harbor light. Tugs from Ashtabula re-leased the Iroquois about 10:30, after sixty tons of ore had been jettisonized.

Murdered by His I runken bo WATERTOWN, N. Y., June 24 .- George L. Fell, a painter of Potsdam, was murdered today by his son Ernest. Young Fell re turned home in a drunken condition and struck his father and then ran upstairs. He followed and in a scuffle selzed a pair of shears and struck the fatal blow. Death

STRANGE DISEASE AMONG SEAMEN RESTS WITH THE COUNCIL

Naval Surgeons Puzzled Over an Imported Illness in the Navy. NEW YORK, June 24 .- The surgeons at

by a peculiar malady prevalent among the sailors who arrived on the Chicago during her last cruise. There are at the present time, according to the statement of Surgeon HIS RESIGNATION MUST BE FORCED in Chief D. T. Edwards Bogart, about twenty of the Chicago's crew laid up in the naval hospital and half a dozen or more are at the Norfolk hospital, where they were taken from the Amphitrite, to which many of the crew were transferred when the vessel went out of commission. Although some of the men in Brooklyn have been under treatment for six or seven weeks their condition has been but little changed. The same high The same high first contracted, are still experienced by the victims and little progress seems to have been made in successfully contending with

Dr. Begart said the disease from which the sailors are suffering is well known in the countries bordering on the Mediterranean sea, and that there is no mystery about it. He admitted, however, that they had not as yet made a satisfactory diagnosis of the discase and the patients did not seem to improve percentile. prove percentibly

The sailors take a different view of the case. They say the doctors are puzzled, and that they have no name for the malady nor any satisfactory treatment. The certificates McLaughlin is holding a conference with the settlers on the Winnebago reservation. About 150 settlers are present. The inspector is holding a sort of a court and is allowing them to state their grievances. The case of some named it typhoid fever, but settlers desire to lease the lands direct from the treatment in these cases was not that the Indians, and not through any middle which is used in typhoid fever cases. One of the most dangerous features of the "Chicago fever," as it is termed at the navy hospital, is an excessively high temperature. when a settler wants the land he is required to pay two or three times as much rent as the Indian receives. The meeting this evenreached 100. The sunstroke treatment is used in lowering the temperature. reached 100.

> SHOT BY A BRUTAL SHERIFF Revised Version of a Cowardly Affair in an

Oklahoma County. WASHINGTON, June 24 .- Additional re ports received at the Indian bureau on the trouble growing out of the shooting of Cosah Red Lodge at Arapahoe, Okl., implicates Little Man, son-in-law of Soft Belly, of the the Omaha and Winnebago reservations in Cheyenne and Arapahoes as the party who recently outraged an octogenarian woman further disturbances. No official dispatches there, which was the primary cause of the trouble. There were six witnesses ready to testify for the prosecution, and the only one who corresponds with the description given is Little Man. He was at Arapahoe when the crime was committed and evidence, it is asserted, points strongly to his guilt. The condition of Cosah Red Lodge, who was shot by the sheriff while under suspicion, is im-

proving. A report from School Superintendent Zeger, who was sent to Arapahoe, says: The In-dians are quiet, considering the inhuman and uncalled for treatment from the sheriff. They believe Red Lodge is innocent and Little Man guilty. There is a strong resemblance petween the two.

between the two.

Red Lodge's version of the shooting is resistance.

NUGAR PLANTERS IN HARD LINES

Unban Planters Many of Them Unable to Raise Another Crop.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Consul Baker, at Saguala Grande, Cuba, under date of June 12, reports to the State department upon the sugar crop. He says:

The sugar of 1894-5 having been marketed, leaves no doubt of a material decrease from the yield of previous years. This, together the yield of previous years. This, together ran away slowly the sheriff began shooting, with the very low price realized by the planters, for the advance came too late to whom Red Lodge thought was going to shoot shot at him several times. The Indian ran toward him, but the crowd came up, struck him with a knife and fists, kicked. strong against the sheriff, who is charged with laying himself open to prosecution by

overstepping his authority.
Captain McKay, commanding the troops at
Arapahoe, reports that on notice of the shooting every available man was brought there and a probable rupture of friendly relations thereby avoided. Indian officials here do not anticipate further trouble.

CROPS RUINED BY HAIL AND WIND Portions of Missouri, Lilinois and Kentacky

Visited. ST. LOUIS, June 24 .- Specials to the Republic from various points bring reports of heavy rains and atmospheric perturbations. At La Plata, Mo., a heavy rain, hail and wind storm deluged the place, the hail stones breaking through the roofs of the houses Macon, Mo., was visited by a storm also Fairbury and Bloomington, Ill., received good washings. Owensboro, Ky., was visited by a damaging cyclone. A mare and colt were beaten down and drowned or suffocated by the wind and rain. The cyclone raged toward the southeast, destroying trees, crops, wires and many other things in its path, which was nearly a mile wide. One dozen telegraph poles were snapped off and all communication east of here is shut off. In some instances trees two feet through were blown across the rallroad track. The crops are rulned.

TRUST DISTILLERIES TO BE SOLD

zation Committee's Offer. CHICAGO, June 24.-The eighteen plants of the Whisky trust will be sold as desired by the reorganization committee. This aftersoon Judge Showalter announced to the atorneys in the litigation that he had arrived at such ar opinion, and to the attorneys he ade satisfactory to all parties concorned. The court said that the property must be ledged to the debts of the concern and sub-ect to a return to the receiver if such a entingency arose. Under the rules of the ourt the property will be advertised for sale or thirty days and at the end of that time old by the receiver, starting the bid at the sum offered by the committee, \$9,800,000.

Mysterious Fires at the Presidio. terious fire on the Presidio reservation tolay destroyed the post canteen and severely

day destroyed the post canteen and severely burned the barkeeper, Ernest Raiph, a discharged soldier. Ralph was asleep in his bunk and was not missed until the flames had gained much headway. His re-covery is doubtful. The destruction of the building will entail a loss of \$2,000. Colonel Graham ascribes the fire to an incendiary, probably the same man who burned the gunshed last week, destroying property val-ued at \$30,000. KANSAS CITY, June 24.-The law passed it the last session of the legislature closing barber shops on Sunday was so generally obeyed that it has encouraged the police commissioners to enforce the Sunday closing law regarding saloons and today an order was issued that the license of any dramshop keeper who keeps his place open on Sunday shall be revoked.

Fatal Effects of Eating Diseased Meat. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 24 -- Near Arensille, Morgan county, the family of Gustav Kunng contracted anthrax from eating the flesh of a discussed cow. The mother and four children are dead. The father and the remaining child are convalencent.

Large Reward for a Murderer. Street Railway company tonight offered a reward of \$5,000 for the capture and convic-tion of the murderers of J. C. Birch, the night cash receiver of the road, who was killed by robbers early Sunday morning.

Uryan Campaigning in Oktahoma. SOUTH ENID, Okl., June 24 .- Hon, W. J. Bryan of Nebraska spoke in this city this afternoon. He will speak tomorrow at Oklahoma City.

the naval hospital in Brooklyn are puzzled Treasurer Bolln's Bondsmen Decide to Stand by Him in His Trouble.

Unless the Council Demands that He Retire Bolla Will Hang On-Borrowers Are Making , estitution of the Public Funds.

The city council will be obliged to tackle temperature and rheumatic pains in the the question of what shall be done with re-joints, which characterized the disease when gard to the conduct of the city treasurer's the question of what shall be done with reoffice during the remainder of Mr. Bolln's term. That was decided at a meeting of Mr. Bolln's bondsmen, which was held in committee room A in the city hall yesterday

council. Comptroller Olsen is expected to make a report to the city council tonight, stating what has been the result of the investigation into the condition of the city treasury, begun last Tuesday. Mr. Olsen is said to be inclined to let the affair down as easily as possible, and rumor has it that he will refer to Mr. Belin's troubles in no more severe terms than as "irregularities,"

The irregularities on which he is to report consist, however, in a shortage in the treasurer's cash balance that aggregated over \$30,000 on the day the bondsmen instituted their fruitful inquiry. When the cash drawer was opened on Tuesday of last week it was found to contain only about \$1,800. The eash book, however, showed that there should have been about \$23,000. In other words, here was a difference between the footings n the cash book and the money on hand of ome \$21,000. In place of this \$21,000 there was, as has been stated, a thick bunch of papers, memorandum slips, checks and as-signments of warrants. Of these \$14,000 dated back before January, 1894, and into the first term of Mr. Bolln as city treasurer.

BOOKS AND FACTS AT VARIANCE. But that was not all. The books showed hat there should have been \$19,000 in the Midland bank to the credit of the public school fund, when, in fact, the deposit in that bank was \$9,900 less. Mr. Bolln, it will be remembered, asserted at one time that he had another certificate of deposit in the Midland, which made up for the deficit, but this certificate was apparently a figment of the

certificate was apparently a figment of the imagination. The money is still missing. Nor was that all. Besides the due bills in the cash drawsr, amounting to \$21,000, and the Midland bank discrepancy of \$9,000, there were uncollectable checks of a number of city contractors, which aggregated \$3,400. The strange part about these checks is that there is no trace of them whatever on the books in the treasurer's office. They were found among the treasurer's papers, but no found among the treasurer's papers, but no record had been kept of them and the checking of the books would have left every one in the dark as to their existence.

If these unrecorded checks are to be added to the other misappropriations the total will be some \$34,400. If they are duplicated by some of the memorandum slips the total will be \$31,000. The actual loss to the bondsmen will be considerably less than this sum. They ound among the treasurer's papers,

will be considerably less than this sum. They have been converting as many of the checks and assignments of warrants into cash as possible. They have induced Mr. Bolin to deed over to Mr. Paxton, in trust for them, all of his property excepting his home. In this way they hope to reduce the amount which

ACTION OF THE BONDSMEN A couple of days ago Mr. Bolln stated that he was willing to resign his office if he was advised to do so by his bondsmen. This resulted in the bondsmen being called together willing that Mr. Belin should resign and re-deve them of all future responsibility, but Mr. Paxton and others arged that they n the matter and it would not be proper for them to give any advice whatever. The mayor and council had the exclusive right to say whether or not Mr. Bollu should continue in office, and the only recourse the tondsmen had was to ask to be relived from

their obligation in case the council did not lecture the office vacant and they were un-willing to remain on the bond. This view prevailed and the meeting ad-ourned without taking any action. W. A. Paxton, C. J. Kurbach and W. G. Wattles, as the committee previously appointed to investigate Mr. Bolin's affairs, reported that in heir opinion the shortage would prove to be much less than had been expected. The greater part of the funds that had been taken from the reasury for various city officials and private treasury for various city afficials and private individuals had been returned by the beneficiaries, and others had promised to make good their loans between July 1 and 15. When this was done the remaining shortage would be comparatively slight. The report was accepted and the further adjudication the matter was left to the same com-

BOLLN IS UNDECIDED. mittee held a conference with Mr. Bolln, at which the latter was acqueinted with the result of their deliberations. After they had left Mr. Bolin stated that he understood that the action taken by his bondsmen indicated that they were willing to stand by him. Ho said that the effect of their decision was to leave the responsibility with the council. He was ready to resign if they had demanded it, but now that they had indicated their readiness to stay by him it was another

When asked directly whether or not he in when asked directly whether or not he in-tended to resign anyway. Mr. Bolin said that he did not know. He could not answer until after he had consulted with his at-torney, but would make up his mind some time today. If he decided to resign his resignation would probably be in the hands of the council before night.

A rumor that floated around the city hall

furing the afternoon made things lively for a few minutes. Some one declared that Comptroller Olsen had said that every councliman except Howell was included in the list of those who had profited by Mr. Bolin's in-ability to refuse financial favors. Lemly and Burkley were within hearing and they immediately denned their warpaint and started for the comptroller's domain. Mr. Olsen denied that he had made such a state-ment as was attributed to him and the storm passed without breaking.

COUNCILMEN IN A PINCH. The future fate of Mr. Bolla will be in-formally discussed at a special meeting of the council, which has been called by Mayor Bemis for 10:30 o'clock this forencon. At that time the situation will be gone over and the time the situation will be given on some the members will endeavor to agree on some line of action to be carried out at the even-ing session. It is well known that several members of the council are somewhat on the fence with regard to their course in the fence with regard to their course in the matter. They had hoped that Mr. Bolla would relieve them of their predicament by resigning, but in the absence of a resignation they will have to go on record themselves. It is known that a resolution which selves. It is known that a resolution which provides that the office of city treasurer shall be declared vacant is now reposing in the inside pocket of one member of the council, and it will be unloaded at tenight's meeting, and it will be unloaded at tenight's meeting, and twill be unloaded at tenight's meeting. Several members have declared that they would vote for it if they had to stand alone. The friends of Mr. Bolin will probably ask to have the resolution referred to a committee and such a proposition may be acquiesced in. and such a proposition may be acquiesced in.

DENVER, June M.-A special to the News rom Secorce, N. M., says: The howling of a dog this afternoon attracted attention to an arroyo north of the Catholic cemetery in this city, where the half buried body of J. C. Aliscop, a printer who disappeared February 14, was found. The head is missing and there are evidences of his having been murdered. A coroner's jury will investigate tomotrow.