BUYING OUT OF THE ARMY

Cuban Natives Must Either Enter Spanish Service or Pay Heavily.

PRICE PA'D FOR MARTI'S DEATH

Campos Delaying Action Until the Arrival of More Troops - Twenty-Five Thousand More Coming from Spain

TAMPA Fla., June 16 .- Passengers on the steamer tonight report that the Spanish gov ernment recently raised \$40,000 from Havana volunteers. Those who paid \$400 are excused from duty. Those furnishing a substitute pay \$150. Spain is said to have paid \$18,000 for Marti's assassination.

The Vuelta Abajo district probably will rise in a few days. Martinez de Campos awaits more troops from Spain at Nuevitas,

Antonio Maceo, Miro and other leaders with revenue. 2,000 men are near Gibara in posession of a small town. They had a flerce battle between Gibara and Holquin. A convoy has been captured. Many prisoners were taken the Spanish claim it was but \$40,000.

Guanabecoa, a half hour's ride by rail from Havana, is greatly excited by the appearance of strange ships in the offing. General Arderius, second commander of the Spanish foreign relations. forces, has ordered a concentration of troops to prevent a landing of filibusters who are on board.

Guavitas, near Santiago, was burned by the Insurgents under Major Duran on the 5th. Olivia, the guide that is claimed to have assassinated Marti, is in the hospital at Principe Alfonso, dangerously wounded in the left breast with a rifle ball, said to have been inflicted in battle, but it is thought the Cubans tried to kill him.

GAINESVILLE, Fla., June 16.—The following letter, written by Major F. P. Hann of the Cuban army, has been received by a friend in this city. Major Hann was formerly from Pennsylvania and has been in the Cuban service three months.

"ARENSAS RIVER, Cuba, June 10, 1895.— The most important expedition that has reached Cuba from the United States was landed today at this point. It consists of 100 men, 1,000 rifles, 2,000,000 rounds of ammunition and \$250,000 in gold, under command of Colonel Sernandez. The vessel which conveyed them left Key West June 6 and sailed for Bahia island, where it took on the men and cargo. She was chased twice by Spanish cruisers, but managed to outsteam them, and arrived here at daylight this morning. We are now making arrangements to join Gomez at Tunas, province of Camaguey, where he has his headquarters for the present. We have a march of about forty miles before us, but hope to join him on the 12th. We have positive news that Marti is dead. He was be-trayed into Spanish bands by a treated Cabatrayed into Spanish hands by a trusted Cuban guide," says Hann, "and shot down in cold blood before he could escape."

HAVANA, June 16 -A small band HAVANA, June 16.—A small band of troops at Izabel Catolica went in pursuit of the insurgents and found their cavalry upon the river at Gua. The troops charged and delivered a hot fire, which caused the insur-gents to retire. They tost their arms and horses, besides four of their number dead and x wounded. Of the troops one was killed ad two were wounded. Volunteers have left

gents have surrendered.

MADRID, June 16.—The cabinet council has decided to act with the greatest vigor in Cuba and to dispatch 25,000 troops there addition to the 10,000 already under orders and to purchase within two months twenty

A telegram received tonight from Cube says the Spanish troops have repulsed a rebel attack upon the village of Paredes

CORNELL OARSMEN ARE OFFENDED

Criticisms in the Field Which They Con-

LONDON, June 16 .- The Cornell carsmet at Henley and their friends are very indignant over a criticism of their costume which appears in the Field, and which seems to reflect upon its modesty and propriety. The article begins by saying they appear in sleeveless jerseys cut very low, adding that they will do well to abandon these garments immediately, as they cannot be worn at the regatta under the rules and are considered unsightly in this country. The article then goes on to say that the Cornell style of rowing is quite opposite what is considered correct by English authorities and shows no improvement upon that of previous crews from America. Referring to Wednesday's spin with the Henley Rowing club scratch crew, the Field rays that the Cornell men did not acquit themselves

well and went all to pieces at one time and became very ragged. What the Cornell men object to is that the writer of the article was introduced to them by a representative of the United press and was shown every courtesy. He knew all the circumstances under which the spin with the Henley crew was arranged. As he was rowing with the scratch crew Coach Court-ney purposely, to even things up, put four substitutes in the Cornell boat, and they had no difficulty in getting away from their op-penents. They did not go to pieces. The matter of jerseys also will be explained to the Field man. All have worn regular Hen-ley jerseys throughout their practice period,

except two, who are having theirs refitted. English epinion at Henley increases against the chances of the Cornell men. Their stroke is unfavorably commented upon on all sides. One of the officials of the regatta said to a representative of the Associated press: "As a man who has seen the crews here year after year, I tell you they have not a 100 to 1 chance."

WINNIPEG, Man., June 16 .- In view of Premier Greenway's bad health, it is unlikely that he will make more than a ten minutes' speech on the school question to morrow, but had he been in his usual condi-tion physically the house would have beard

a two hours' speech on the question. The leader of the opposition will, it is expected, move an amendment to the motion of the premier and the debate may take two three days. The attorney general will speak Distinguished Irish Scholar Dead LONDON, June 16 .- Valentine Ball, L.L.D., F.R.S., is dead. Valentine Ball was born in Dublin July 14, 1843. He graduated from the University of Dublin as a master of arts in 1872. In the year 1881, on the completion and opening to the public of the new Mu-

seum of Science and Art in Dublin, he was appointed to the Companionship of the Bath. wrote several works upon the geology of illa and accounts of his exporations in Afghanistan. Gave 'tu key More Time.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 16 .- Upon the appointment of Said Pasha as grand vizier powers have granted the porte's request for further time to consider the Armenian scheme of reforms. It is stated today that Turkey has given a reply, acceding to the principle of European control, but asking that the period of control be limited, and auggesting a three years' limit.

HAMBURG, June 16 .- The United States rulaer Marblehead is the great attraction in the harbor here and is visited and admired

Farr, a Canadian Pacific rallway engineer, \$100,000. At 2 c'cle who is charged with attempted cremation of to be under control.

his wife and children, in order that he might marry a well known young woman of this city, has been captured near Vancouver, from where he was about to sail for Australia. Farr escaped from jail here while awaiting

W. C. T. U. Leaders Occupy the Pulpits. LONDON, June 16 .- A number of delegates o the third biennial council of the World's Women's Christian Temperance union occupied pulpits in London today. At the city temple (Dr. Parker's) there was a crowded congregation, delegates being present from America, Canada, Newfoundland, France, Germany and Denmark, Besides Lady Som-erset Miss Willard and Belle Kearney, Mother Stewart of Ohio spoke, and Antoinette Sterling sang. In the evening addresses were delivered by women at many places of wor

Closing Up the Chinese Loan.

LONDON, June 16.-A dispatch to the Times from Paris says that the agents of the syndicate have started to St. Petersburg to sign the Chinese loan agreement. The Standard in its financial article says it is assured that the Russo-Chinese loan is destined solely to indemnify Japan for abandoning her claims to the Liao Tong peninsula. Therefore the Chinese must have \$30,000,000 for the general indemnity, which will pledge over two-thirds of her entire customs

Strong Talk of Dissolution. LONDON, June 16 .- The Standard considers that the recent reverse to the government in the Invernesshire election will compel and a large sum of money was captured, the present government to dissolve at the standing the repeated efforts of the engineers Insurgents say it amounted to \$80,000, while first opportunity. The Times says it is a grave question whether the maintenance in distrusted by the country and destined to early extinction, does not constitute a serious danger in the existing state of Great Britain's foreign relations.

No Desire to Abridge totonial Rights. ment give little hope that the agitation is peing forced with a somber desire to meet he facts. The government only insisted upon an inquiry and never suggested that financial assistance must of necessity involve the surrender of colonial rights.

No Written Agreement with France. LONDON, June 16 .- A Berlin dispatch to the Daily Telegraph says that it is announced there from St. Petersburg that prince Lobonoff-Rostovsky, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, expressed his surprise that M. Hanotaux, the French minister of foreign affairs, had referred to the Russo-French alliance, seeing that there was no written agreement in evisions. was no written agreement in existence.

Central American Presidents Confer. MANAGUA, Nicaragua, June 16.—(Via distance of about fourteen miles. This sec-Galveston.)—Vice President Franco Baca has just been installed as president of Nicaragua struction and will simply be a matter of exn the temporary absence of President Zelaya. who has gone to Amapala to confer with the presidents of Honduras, Salvador and probably Guatemala, as to the formation of a league of Central American states.

IWO MILLIONS ALREADY PLEDGED

Irish Raising Money for an Armed Struggle for Independence.

Pictures Brought a Good Price. LONDON, June 16 .- At an auction sale at Christie's on Saturday ninety-one pictures,

China Will Seed More Money. BERLIN, June 16 .- It is believed here that operations are inevitable, wherein the Gernan market will prove indispensable.

Congo Forces Defeat the Dervishe BRUSSELS, June 16.-The Congo State orces have inflicted a severe defeat upon the dervishes, capturing their stronghold at Egara, between the Nile and the upper Fuelie. The Belgian captain, Christians, was killed. The dervishes have fled from the quatorial province.

Russian Grain Crop is Heavy. LONDON, June 16 .- A dispatch to the Chronicle from Odessa says it is stated there on high authority that the Russian cereal crop this year will almost equal in abundance the splendid crop of 1893. The condition of the rye crop is especially good.

Wurtemburg Opposes the Conference. STUTTGART, Wurtemburg, June 16 .- In the lower house of the Diet Dr. Von Riccke, minister of finance, said the govern-ment of Wurtemburg had pronounced in the Bundesrath against the international bimetallic conference.

China Has Not Accepted the Russian Loan LONDON, June 16 .- It is rumored that China has not yet agreed to the Russo-Chiness loan proposition, fearing that the terms of the guarantee will make it difficult to obtain the remainder of the money required for the indemnity.

Traders Murdered by Islanders. SYDNEY, N. S. W., June 16 .- The natives of the Solomon islands have murdered two traders. Head hunting is rampant on the island. The British admiral there has been ordered to repress the excesses.

Extensive Sugar Denters Fall. LONDON, June 16 .- The Times announces tomorrow that the Stuart-Brown company of engaged in the sugar trade, has failed for £35,000.

Leader of Maximilian's Expedition Dead. BRUSSELS, June 16 .- Baron Vandermissen, who led the expedition to Mexico during the reign of Maximilian, died today.

Armenun Relief Fund. LONDON, June 16 .- The Daily News has opened an Armenian relief fund.

TOOK KINDLY TO THE CAPTAIN'S PLAN

Cheyenne and Arapahne Indians Getting Married by Wholesale. WICHITA, Kan., June 16 .- Captain Wood-

son of the Fifth cavalry, at present acting Indian agent for the Cheyennes and Arapa hoes at Darlington, Okl., is pursuing duties not strictly in line with the ambition of a West Pointer. Last month he issued an order dwelling strongly on the importance of the Indians adopting the civil marriage rites. Now Captain Woodson has his hands full, for the Indians are coming in from all quarters to be married by him. They are coming in, young and old, and the scenes presented are exceedingly novel. Yesterday he married one couple that had been married nearly sixty years under the Indian rites. Some of the christianized Indians are getting remarried according to the religious rites, and these knot-tying matifull blood Indian Presbyterian preacher. There are about 800 couples to be married

Jacob's Theater Burned. NEW YORK, June 17 .- Jacob's theater on Third avenue was almost completely destroyed by fire from some unknown origin this morning at 12:14. Immediately adjoining the building on the northwest was a
five-story tenement house in the basement
of which is Grundy's saloou. Several familles lived on the upper ficers. All the people in the house were askeep at the time the
fire started and polleemen and citizens broke
into the building and drove them almost by
main force out of the building. So far as

main force out of the building. So far as known nobody was injured. The roughest estimate of the loss of the WINNIPEG, Man., June 16.—William aged and partially destroyed at a loss of arr, a Canadian Pacific railway engineer, \$100,000. At 2 e clock the fire was reported

Government Commission Inspects the Work Already Completed.

BANKS NOT AFFECTED BY RAINFALL

Breakwater at Greytown Has Accomplished the Purpose for Which it Was Built -Ravages of the Teredo the Only Defect.

CHICAGO, June 16 .- A dispatch to the Times-Herald from Washington, referring to the work of the commission appointed to inspect the route and preliminary work on the Nicaragua canal, says the engineers reached Greytown, the eastern terminus of the canal, on May 13, and immediately began an examination of the property and improvements of the canal company at that port. One of the most important of these is a breakwater 1,200 feet long, which extends out into the sea. The construction of this was begun in December, 1889, with the result, as predicted by engineers, of increasing the depth of water in the bay so that the depth on the bar is twelve feet at the present time. Notwithto prevent the ravages of the teredo on the

embankments on each side have stood the effects of the weather well and show no serious effects of the rainfall, which in this LONDON, June 16.—The Times, commenting upon the Newfoundland budget, says that Premier Whiteway's remarks upon the attitude of the imperial governcanal for the transportation of material and men has been inspected and found in good

The crumbling of earth from the cliffs and the washings from surface drainage have not been as disastrous as expected, and it is said this objection, so often urged against the feasibility of the canal, has failen flat. While the canal passes through a very wet region, where the annual precipitation is nearly twenty-five feet, the effects of the movement

visiting Granada, the principal lake city, and Managua, the capital, passed from Nicaragua to the Pacific, along the route of the canal, a

gle for Independence.

CHICAGO, June 16 .- A special to the Record from Indianapolis, Ind., says: The Irish-American club of this city, composed almost all by British artists, realized £87,144 of 300 of the most influential Irishmen in sterling. Gainsborough's portrait of Lady the city, last night approved of the move-Mulgrave aroused a spirited contest and was sold for f11,550. This picture is destined for America. It fetched f1,900 a decade ago. cipation of Ireland and a resort to arms. The club has raised several thousand dollars for the emancipation fund, and one of for Boca Ciega and Pacuarno. It is rumored a schooner has disembarked arms, which have been hidden in the swamps and caves between Matanzas and Sagua La Chica. At Chimese loan to secure the advance made to Chima during the war. The Post says that that nearly \$2,000,000 has already been faised in the United States. It is announced that some time this summer the sympators are inevitable, wherein the Ger. the Russian government only desires by the Chinese loan to secure the advance made to Chinese loan to secure the advance made to that nearly \$2,000,000 has already been the man and name him. You may say, with states, to the heavy falling off in traffic and chine during the war. The Post says that tional convention, probably in Baltimore of Boston. The members of the local league say that the Irish league of New York is at the head of the movement.

The following resolutions were adopted by the league here: Whereas, A convention of Irish-Americans has been proposed for the purpose of organizing a new movement for Irish defense by means outside of parliamentary agitation, and Whereas, We consider that parliamentary selfation is democralizing the Irish people

Whereas, We consider that parliamentary agitation is demoralizing the Irish people and destructive of Ireland's manhood,
Resolved, That we approve of the proposed convention and the inauguration of a new Irish movement on lines outside of parliamenatry agitation and pledge our moral and financial aid to whatever the convention may adopt, and be it further. Resolved, That we hereby request the coperation of all Irishmen who desire the complete emancipation of the metherland from British rule and of all societies and organizations, whether beneficial, social, literary, patriotic, military, temperance, athletic or otherwise.

The committee that signed the resolutions

The committee that signed the resolutions is composed of Dr. Michael A. Young, M. J. Nonix and M. J. Burns.

DEDICATING THE HARLEM CANAL Great Marine Parade Will Be a Feature o the Celebration.

NEW YORK, June 16 .- Tomorrow, with the booming of cannon, bursting of rockets and the cheering of thousands, the Harlem ship canal, which is to unite the water of the Hudson with those of Long Island sound, will be formally opened to traffic. At the celebration Governor Morton and staff, Governor Werts of New Jersey and staff and the mayors of New York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, Yonkers, Mount Vernon and other cities will take part, and with the mammoth marine parade the opening up of the new waterway will be fittingly observed. It was thought up to the last moment that President Cleveland would also assist at the ceremonies, but word has been received from him that it would be impossible for him to be present. of the canal and the Cincinnati at the west-ern, or Hudson end. At the beginning and at the ending of the ceremonies the two warships will boom forth salutes. As the day twenty men began hurrying some first salute is fired two barrels of fresh water 000 feet of logs for the E. H. Stafford one from Lake Champlain and the other from Lake Superior-will be emptied into the salt water of the canal to typify the

union of the great lake system.

The route of the marine parade will be along the canal under the bridges that span the Harlem, and as it passes under the Madison avenue bridge it will meet the land parade, which will by that time be crossing on its way to Oak Point. During the after o definite program has been arranged for As soon as it is sufficiently dark there will be a display of fireworks between the Casanova Mansion and Oak Point.

SHOT DOWN IN THE PUBLIC HIGHWAY Kentucky Man Kills ffis Wife and Her Supposed Paramour.

LOUISVILLE, June 16 .- Arthur Gourdin, a shoemaker living at Rowlington, a suburb of Pawce Valley, eighteen miles from this city nees are menopolized by Paul Good-Bear, a and probably fatally wounded Thomas Murphy on the Louisville & Nashville railroad, shot and then stabbed his wife to death at 6 o'clock tonight. Gourdin suspected Murphy of being intimate with his wife and has evidently been waiting for an opportunity to present itself so he could get even. This pportunity came this evening, when Murphy was passing by Geurdin's house on horse-back. Gourdin was sitting on his porch and when Murphy came by Gourdin drew a re-volver and commenced firing, wounding volver and commenced firing, wounding Murphy in several places and killing his horre. Mrs. Gourdin rushed out of the hours and her husband told her to go away, but she refused to do so, and he then hit her several times with the butt of his revolver, driving her back into the house, where he seized a knife lying on the table and stabbed her eleven times, killing her instantly. The dead woman leaves four children ranging in age from 1 to 13 years. Gourdin was arrested and placed in jail at La Grange. Murphy's condition is very critical and he will probably die before morning.

BRYAN WILLING TO MEET CARLISLE Denies That He is Now or Ever Was Populist.

ST. LOUIS. June 16 .- Ex-Congressman W. J. Bryan of Nebraska, who passed through this afternoon on his way to Booneville, Mo., had this to say of Carliste's refusal to de bate with him:

"I am to discuss the silver question at the Lexington Chautauqua on July 5, but I knew nothing of the proposed debate until I saw nothing of the proposed debate until I saw Secretary Carlisle's interview in this morn-ing's paper. I would be willing to debate with him at the Chaufauqua, but not with any idea of acquiring dignity, but I do not think an American who has so little faith in his country as to employ a Rothschild-Morgan syndicate to protect the treasury of the United States has any dignity to lend to

"But a debate might afford Mr. Carlisle an apportunity to explain some things concerning which he has been atudiously silent. As to the charge that I am a populist, I would say that I am now a democrat and always have been a democrat. I am not now a populist and never was a populist. I said in Nebraska in 1893 that I would not follow the democratic party to the gold standard if it ever adopted a gold standard platform. I repeated this at Jackson, Miss., in reply to a question, but I have always said that I did not, and I now say that I do not, believe cratic party will ever declare for a

"The struggle in the democratic party is to determine whether the goldbugs can use the organization as a vehicle for the advancement of plutocracy or whether the party will stand upon democratic principles. The sliver democrats expect to control the next national convention, and I have no doubt that Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisie will either bolt or vote the republican ticket."

Colonel Scruggs Has an Interview with the

President. NEW YORK, June 16 .- A special to the World from Atlanta, Ga., says: Ex-Minister W. L. Scruggs, who represented the United States government first at Colombia and then at Venezuela, and who is now the regularly accredited legal representative of Venezuela in this country, had a long talk urged the president to make a vigorous declaration on the line of the Monroe doctrine. Colonel Scruggs is understood to have suggested also that there was a probability of the people calling upon Mr. Cleveland for a third term. "But I'm not seeking that," said the pres-

"Oh! yes, Mr. President, I know that, was the substance of Colonel Scrugg's reply "But you know you were not a candidate before, and the people called upon you, and they will probably do the same thing

"But I am not seeking it," was all the president had to say.

Elkins Has Not Committed Himself. WHEELING, W. Va., June 16 .- The Inteligencer will in the morning print the following written by its editor, C. B. Hart: "While Senator Elkins was in Morgantown I asked him what he had to say about the sundry reports lining him up in next year's presidential race. I found that he has been much annoyed by the persistent effort to make it appear that he is engaging in a Harrison boom. It is positively untrue, said he, 'that I have declared for General Harrison, or that I am trying to bring about his nomination. I do not know that he is a man above all others to nominate. The convention is a year off and many things may happen within a year. All this talk about men is premature. When the time comes the republican party will find since 1890. This decrease is due, the report him what he had to say about the sundry re-

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 16 .- The democrats of Kentucky had their precinct meet ng vesterday and chose delegates to the com ing county convention. Many delegates were uninstructed. The sound money men have hown great strength. The delegates chosen in this (Jefferson) county are nearly all fo Clay for governor and for sound Many sound money delegates are for Hardin for governor. Both Clay and Hardin expressed themselves as satisfied with the out look. The conventions will have to do their work, however, before any reliable opinion can be formed as to what the state conven

Hooker After Senator George's Shoes. JACKSON, Miss., June 16 .- Hon. C. E. Hooker of this city, who for many years ably represented the Seventh district in con-eress, has authorized the announcement that he is a candidate for United States senator

to succeed Senator George, Popul sts Heading Off the Democrats JACKSON, Miss., June 16 .- The populists have called a state convention to meet in this city on July 31, in advance of the demo ratic state convention, which meets August 7 TROUBLE AMONG THE LUMBERMEN

Old Booming Company Determined to Pre-

serve Its Business. DETROIT, Mich., June 16 .- A special to the Free Press from Muskegon, Mich., says The first clash between independent log owners and the recently organized Muskegon Booming company occurred today. The latter company has hitherto done all the business of sorting and delivering of logs which came down the river, but the log owners this season organized the independent concern, claiming the old company's charges were too high. The river enters Muskegon lake through two channels and the new company recently proceeded to The federal government will be represented by a number of warships. The Atlanta will be stationed at the eastern end owners from dredging the channel on the ground that it is an artificial chadredged through his company's lands. day twenty men began hurrying some 200. pany through this channel. Torrent's fore man was instructed to obstruct the channe with a beom stick, but the workmen rode the foreman across the channel on the b stick. Torrent at one time made as if he was going to hit one of the workmen with a pike pole, but cooler counsel prevailed. Both sides had attorneys on the ground. At last accounts the Stafferd men were running logs through.

ments are expected. LEAGUE DELEGATES ARE ARRIVING tion Assured.

CLEVELAND, O. June 16 .- Delegates to the convention of the National Republican league are beginning to arrive in the city and by tomorrow it is expected there will be quite an influx of strangers. Among those who arrived today was R. G. Evans, republican national committeeman from Minnesota and delegate-at-large to the convention from that state. Mr. Evans says he thinks the convention will be the largest and most en-thusiastic that has yet been held, and he scouts the idea that there will be a fight over free silver coinage. He has just returned from the east. Being asked what he thought the republican presidential question, he said Minnesota had a candidate in the person o. Senator Cushman K. Davis, and while he was not a leader in the race. Minneapolis republicans hope matters would so shape themselves as to make his nomination possi

In reply to the question whom he considered In reply to the question whom he considered the strongest candidate in the race at present, he said: "McKinley is by all odds the strongest candidate. He has been in the race longest. His character and record are such that he will stand the test, no matter how long he has to remain in the contest before the convention is held." He said Reed, Harrison and Allison were all strong and able men and each was positive of a considerable men and each was positive of a consider

STATISTICS OF RAILWAYS of law in Chicago, where he has previously MUST PAY THE FULL PENALTY

Interstate Commerce Commission Files Its Seventh Annual Report.

INCREASE IN MILEAGE HAS BEEN SMALL

Additions to Equipment Have Been Less Than for Many Years-Progress in Fitting Cars with Automatic Couplers and Brakes,

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- The seventh statistical report of the Interstate Commerce commission for the year ending June 30, 1894, has just been submitted. In the introduction special attention is called to the peculiar conditions affecting the operation of railways during the year. First the report covers the last four months of the Columbian exposition, during which time there was an increase in the passenger traffic. Second, it covers a period of widespread and unprecedented business depression. Third, on June 30, 1894, 192 roads, operating upward of 42,000 mlles of line and representing about one-fourth of the total railway capitalization, were in the hands of receivers. The effect of these conditions is apparent in nearly all of the figures presented

The total railway mileage in the United States on June 30, 1894, was 178,708, an increase during the year of 2,247 miles. The increase during the previous year was 4,897. CLEVELAND NOT AFTER THIRD TERM | The percentage of increase during 1894 was less than for the preceding year, for which reports have been made to the commission and it is not probable the year ending June 30, 1895, will show much improvement. The number of roads abandoned was sixteen. The total mileage of all tracks was 233,533 miles. The total number of railway corporations on June 30, 1894, was 1,944, an increase during the year of twenty-two. The number of roads not in operation was seventy-seven. recently with President Cleveland on the movement of consolidation during the year boundary controversy. It is said he strongly on the basis of mileage involved has been greater than in the four previous years, fourteen roads, representing 1,374 miles, have been merged, twenty-two roads representing 2.352 miles, have been reorganized and fourteen roads, representing 1,590 miles, have been consolidated.

CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS. A classification of railways on the basis of the operated mileage shows that forty-four roads, each with a mileage of over 1.000 miles, operate 56.30 per cent of the total mileage in the country, and ninety roads operate 72.90 per cent of the entire inileage. On June 30, 1894, the total number of On June 30, 1894, the total number of locomotives was 35,492, an increase during the year of 704. The total number of cars reported was 1,278,078. The increase in the number of cars during the year was 4,132, as against an increase of 18,864 during the previous year. This falling off in the ratio of increase is due to the fact the railways have during the year destroyed a large number of old, wornout cars. During the year 1,579 locomotives and 50,386 cars were fitted with train brakes and 1,197 locomotives and 34,186 cars were fitted with automatic couplers. Seventy-four and eighty-one one-hundredths

pensation of the various classes of rallway mployes for 1892, 1893 and 1894. RAILWAY CAPITAL REPORTED.

The total amount of reported railway The total amount of reported railway capital of June 39, 1894, was \$10,796,473.813, or \$62,951 per mile of line. This is an increase in the amount of outstanding capital during the year of \$29,238,403. The amount of capital stock was \$4,824,075,659, of which \$4,103,584,166 was common stock and \$730,491,493 was preferred stock. The funded debt was \$5,356,583,019. The amount of current liabilities was \$605,815,135. The amount of railway accurities held by the railways as an investsecurities held by the railways as an investment was \$1,544,058,670, a decrease during the year of \$18,963,563. The amount of stock paying no dividend was \$3,066,150,094, or 63.43 per cent of the total amount. The total amount of dividends was \$95,575,976, or an average rate on the dividend paying stock of 5.41 per cent. The amount of bonds paying no interest was \$650.573.789. The amount of miscellaneous obligations paying no interest was \$53,426,264, and the amount of income bonds paying no interest was \$210,757,554.

The number of passengers carried was 619,688,189, an increase over the previous year of 26,127,587, and was occasioned by the World's fair travel. There was a large decrease in freight traffic, the number of tons carried being 636,186,553, as against 745,119,482 in 1893, a decrease of 106,932,929 tons. The gross earnings of the railways for the year were \$1,073,361,797, a decrease, as compared with the previous year, of \$147,390,077. Pas-senger revenue decreased \$16,142,258, and the revenue from freight traffic decreased \$129,-562,948. The amount of operating expenses was \$731,414,322, a decrease of \$96,506,977. The largest per cent of decrease was in the operating expenses assigned to maintenance of way and structures and to maintenance of equipment, which show respectively a decrease of 15.12 and 17.72 per cent. The net earnings were \$341.957,475, a decrease of \$50,-883,190 as compared with the previous year. The income derived from sources outside of operations was \$142.816,805. The amount of fixed charges and other deductions from inome was \$429,008,310, leaving a net income f \$55.755.970 available for dividends, a of \$55,755,970 available for dividends, a decrease as compared with the previous year of nearly 50 per cent. The amount of dividends paid was \$95,575,976, a decrease of only \$5.353,909 from the amount paid the previous year. The fact that nearly the amount of dividends was paid, notwithstand-ing the great decrease in income available for them, and that the payment of the amount stated entailed a deficit for the year of \$45, 912.044 is noted. The revenue derived from the carrying of passengers was \$285,349,558 and the revenue derived from freight traffic was \$699,490,913. EMPLOYES KILLED AND INJURED.

During the year 1.823 railway employes were killed and 23,422 were injured, as compared with 2.727 killed and 31,729 injured in 1893. This marked decrease in casualty is partly due, the report says, to the decrease in the number of men employed and the decrease in the volume of business handled. The in-creased use of automatic appliances on railway equipment also may have rendered railway employment less dangerous. The number of passengers killed was 324, an increase of twenty-five, and the number of injured was 3,034, a decrease of 195. To show the rath of casualty it may be stated that one employe was killed out of every 428 in the service and one injured out of every thirty-three employed.

In concluding the report, the statistician renews the recommendations made vious reports in regard to the desirability requiring annual reports from express com panies, corporations, and persons owning rolling stock used in interstate commerce. orporations, companies and persons owning depot property, stock yards and elevators used by interstate carriers and from carriers on waterways that compete with railways for traffic. Reference is also made to the question of requiring the railways to report freight earnings by commodities. On account of the present depressed financial condition of railways it has been decided to let this matter rest another year, although there is no question as to the desirability of such

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- Kennesaw M Landis, private secretary to the late Secre tary Gresham, having resigned his position has returned to Chicago. The employes of the department took leave of Mr. Landis almost in a body and wished him success in the future. Mr. Land's had the opportunity to remain in Washington in the government bill passed provides for the temperature, but preferred to resume the practice ing of a large number of convicts.

TREASURY RECEIPTS DISAPPOINTING Neither Payments of Sugar Duties Nor Tax on 'pirits Meet Expectations.

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- The treasury receipts from customs and internal revenue so far during the month of June show no improvement over last month, while the disbursements are practically the same. The receipts from sugar importations are surprisingly low, and the expected large increase from whisky withdrawals has not materialized. For the first half of the present month the receipts from customs amount to \$6,224,705, and from Internal rev enue \$5,197,085, making the total receipts from customs for the eleven and one-half months of the fiscal year \$146,843,687, and from internal revenue sources \$136,954,163. During the last five months the receipts from customs have been as follows: January, \$17,361,916; February, \$13,334,691; March, 14,929,729; April, \$12,453,086; May \$12,474,558; June estimated at \$13,000,000 During the same months the returns from internal revenue sources have been as follows: January, \$9,034,964; February, \$8.860, 460; March, \$9,854,987; April, \$10,648,880; May, \$10,754,053; June estimated at \$11,000. 000, making the total receipts for the year from customs \$153,618.862, and from internal revenue \$142,757.077. The present deficit of \$48,400,950, however, is likely to be reduced by cutting off of expenditures about \$5,000,

300 for the fiscal year.

Notwithstanding this showing for the year's operations, there is no expectation from any source of an extra session of con gress or another bond issue before the reg-ular session in December. Today the gold reserve amounts to about \$99,590,000, with an available cash balance of nearly \$184,000,000, which is regarded as ample to meet all ordi-nary demands. The spirit of confidence and security which pervades the Treasury department at this time is largely due to the provision in the last bond contract obligating the syndicate to protect the gold in the treasury from withdrawals for ex-port. The ability of the syndicate to carry out this provision has been amply illustrated furing the past several months, rate of exchange has been at times far below the export rate. This agreement can-not be discharged till October 1 next. At the present time the syndicate owes the government about \$7,500,000 on its contract. and while the entire issue of bonds has been taken to London delivery will be made only as money is deposited.

AID FOR GERMAN SUGAR GROWERS Export Bounty Formerly Paid is to "Pe Continued.

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- Consul Muth, at of Germany. He says the German government has come to the relief of the beet sugar industry by submitting to the Reichstag a preliminary law which provides that until July 1, 1899, the rate of export bounty now in force shall continue. Under the sugar law of 1891, the rates would have been reduced after August 1, 1895, and after August 1, 1897, the export bounty was to have been discontinued. Germany, he says. now pays a lower export bounty than any other competing country, and a reduction would have been suicidal. The country is now in a deplorable state, and nothing will save it from serious loss unless growth and unnatural extensions are checked. The preliminary law continuing the present bounty will enable the government to thoroughly consider the sugar question. A new law will then be submitted which will answer the various demands of local interests throughout the empire.

MEDICO-PSYCHOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

arge Number of New Members Elected a the Denver Meeting. DENVER, June 16.-The American Medico-Psychological association elected the following officers: President, Richard Dewey, Illinois; vice president, T. O. Powell, Georgia; secretary and treasurer, Henry M. Hurd, Maryland; auditor, W. A. Morton. Rhode Island; councillors, Walter Channing. Massachusetts; George H. Roeh, Maryland;

C. K. Woodson, Missouri; Henry P. Stearns, Connecticut. The following were elected members: Act lve-Dr. Nolan Stewart, Jackson, Miss.; W. D. Rowe, Spencer, W. Va.; Merritt B. Campbell, California; William F. Drewery, Petersburg. Va.; Walter E. Fernald, Mass : Arthur W. Hurd, Buffalo, N. Y. Owen Copp, Taunton, Mass.; William A. Stone, Kalamazoo, Mich.; J. M. Ratliff, Dayton, O.; John W. Givens, Blackfoot, Idaho Robert Heath Dodge, St. Denis, Md.; A. H. Harrington, Bridgewater, Mass. Associate-Percy Bryant, Buffalo, N. Y.; Gustave Arthur Chilgren, St. Peter, Minn.; Edwin Augustus Down, Hartford, Conn.; Charles M. Holmes, Northampton, Mass.; Charles F Applegate, Clarinda, Ia.; Frank T. Stevens Mount Pleasant, Ia.; Frederick O. Jackman Mount Pleasant, Ia.; Milton D. Norris, tonsville, Md.; J. Percy Wade, Catonsville Md.; Jacob W. Wells, Independence, John C. Doolittle, Independence, Ia.; John

W. Warden, Nevada, Mo. George H. Rohe of Baltimore read a paper on "Pelvic Diseases and Insanity" and Dr. Adolph Meyer of Kankakee. Ill., one regarding "Paralysis and Paresis."

INFORMERS ARE LANDED IN JAIL

Keepers of Houses of Ill Repute. TOLEDO, June 16 .- M. C. McInerny, a prominent young attorney, and C. P. Hays, an alleged detective, are behind the bars here charged with blackmail. These two men have been working up cases under the Winn law against keepers of houses of disrepute have already filed some twenty these cases in the common s court. The law in quesin such places, and where a conviction is obtained in a civil action the offenders subjected to a judgment of \$350, half which goes to the informers. McInerny and Hays seem to have gone into the prosecution of these cases as a business venture, but some of the women keepers of these foure now charge the pair with working up case: against them and then offering to settle fo a sum of money in cash, and one of the women has a receipt for money which she

the bottom of it has excited considerable interest. READY FOR THE SHORT LINE.

claims was paid for the settlement of such

have been pushed under the law in this

state, and the predicament of the men

W. H. Bancroft Files His Rond as Joint

Receiver with Egan. SALT LAKE, June 16 .- (Special Tele gram.)-W. H. Bancroft filed in the third district court yesterday his bond under his appointment as joint receiver of the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern Railway company. The bend is for \$20,000 and it was approved by Judge Merritt. It was a proforms proceeding, as it is thought there is little probability that Mr. Bancroft will ever be authorized to act under it. Three hundred and ten shares of Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern stock were sold in this city yesterday on an order from Kountze Bros.

of New York at \$6.75. Tenne see | onvicts Leased.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 16 .- At 15 o'clock last night the twenty days for whie' members of the legislature can draw pay during an extra session expired, but to Governor Turney time to examine the three mportant measures passed just before ad-ournment both houses will not adjourn until 12 o'clock tomorrow. The penitentiary bill passed provides for the temporary leas-

Defaulter Taylor Will Receive Little Mercy from the State.

GOVERNOR SHELDON GIVES HIS VIEWS

Every Dollar Stolen Will Be Recovered and in Return the Absconder Will Be Prosecuted to the Full

Extent.

DEADWOOD, June 16 .- (Special Telegram.) -State Treasurer Phillips received advice today to the effect that the defaulting exstate treasurer, W. W. Taylor, would be surrendered to the authorities at Pierre on Tues-

The Bee correspondent, in an interview with Governor Sheldon, who is now in Deadvood, and Treasurer Phillips, was informed by both gentlemen that the stories so freely ublished in eastern papers within the last few days to the effect that a compromise had been effected with the defaulter and his bondsmen, which practically allows Taylor to go free and to retain the greater part of his stealings, is absolutely without foundation.

Taylor will be compelled to make restoraion in full and no action on his part or the part of his bondsmen to this end will mitigate the degree of his crime or tessen his punishment. The governor and Treasurer Phillips are both authority for the statement that the state will not lose a cent; that prop-erty of sufficient value to more than cover Taylor's defalcation has been turned over to rayior's deriacation has been turned over to the state by Taylor and his bondsmen, and that notwithstanding this the case against him will be pushed with as much severity as though it had been undertaken against a less prominent criminal.

TAYLOR STILL UNDER COVER.

Secreted in Chicago Yesterday and Left at

Night for South Dakota. CHICAGO, June 16 .- W. W. Taylor, extate treasurer of South Dakota, was at the Palmer house today. H. A. Taylor of South Bend was in the city. He said that his brother did not desire to be interviewed. Taylor left on the 6:10 Northwestern train

or Pierre. It was a little over four months ago that Taylor passed through Chicago on his way to the tropics, where he has successfully evaded a cohort of detectives who never quit his Madgeburg, has sent to the State depart-ment a report on the preliminary sugar law his travels and troubles and expressed himself to friends as very glad that he was re-turning home to settle up the matter at the

Cost of liberty.

Later it was learned that Taylor did take quarters at the Palmer house, but under an assumed name, to avoid annoyance. The exstate treasurer denied interviews to all outsiders and would not give the slightest in-formation about his travels. During the day he was in consultation with Attorney General Crawford and his attorney, D. K. Tenny, about the details of the terms upon which he about the details of the terms upon which he has returned. It is said that Taylor will turn over all the money he has on hand, amounting to \$45,000, and his property, and that the remainder of the defalcation, amounting to about \$375,000, will be paid by his bondsmen. The committee of adjustment will comprise Governor Sheldon, Attorney General Crawford and Land Commissions. General Crawford and Land Commissione Lockhart. By the understanding Taylor will then plead guilty and take a two-year sentence, with the assurance of a pardon before the expiration of his term in order to save his citizenship.

IRISH MILITARY UNION CONVENTION All Similiar Organizations Invited to Joi

Them in an Encampment. NEW YORK, June 16,-A special convention of the Irish-American Military union was held in this city today. About 600 delegates were present from various sections of the country. The meeting was called for the purpose of adopting measures for the affiliation of all Irish-American military organizations with the union, in view of possible xigencies in connection with the question of Ireland's independence, and also to consider the advisability of having an encampment next year for the assembling of the Irish-American troops from the various states. The mander-in-Chie! Kely, after which the cre-dentials of the delegates were examined. Many national staff officers were present.

The following were appointed a committee in resolutions: Colonel Henry Boylan, Major Coronor McLaugulin, Major George Mc-Quaid, Colonel J. B. Murphy and Captain T. The following resolutions were presented and adopted:

and adopted:

Whereas, The time has arrived when Irishmen must unite and prepare for a grand armed struggle for the independence of their country.

Resolved, That we, the delegates of the Irish-American military union, in convention a sembled, hereby invite all Irish-American military organizations in the United States to affiliate with this union to the end that, having one purpose in view, we may be in a position to take concerted action at all times, and may establish such a brotherhood of affection as will, in its strength, be capable of effective work toward securing Ireland's independence. That we furthermore invite such organizations to appear with us in camp at Bridgeport, Conn., in the summer of 18%, when there will be opportunity for military evolutions on a grand scaie.

It was also agreed that French, Polish and

It was also agreed that French, Polish and Hungarian military bodies in sympathy with the Irish movement be permitted to co

The following resolutions were adopted with loud applause; Adopted with loud applause:

Resolved, That we, the delegates of the Irish-American Military union, in convention assembled, do hereby tender the gallant patriots of Cuba our heartiest wishes for the triumph of their cause; that, in our opinion, they deserve the sympathy and support of all liberty-loving people; that we call upon congress to take steps immediately upon its convening to extend to the Cuban insurgents recognition as beliggerents.

The convention which was held behind

The convention, which was held behind

ors, then adjourned, after five hours'

deliberation. FRIGHTENED BY A MAMMOTH METEOR Jarred Buildings Sufficiently to Break

Crockery and Glassware. TACOMA, Wash., June 16 .- A Port Townend, Wash., special to the Ledger says: Last night at 8 o'clock Chimacum, a small farming center four miles from here, experienced a terrific explosion and far, the result of the falling of a 5,000-pound meteor, which burst with a loud noise at the height of 100 yards, and after causing a small-sized cyclone of several minutes' duration, buried fixelf deep in the muddy water of a neighboring lagoon. The meteor struck the bottom with force enough to break crockery in farm houses three miles away, creating terror among residents, who believed the end of the world had come. Ten hours after the occurrence the waters of the lagoon were atili bubbling and seething and were found to be not enough to readily cook eggs. Systematic dragging of the lagoon failed to bring up any traces of the celestial messenger, which is believed to be buried

Not Worried Over His Arrest NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 16 .- Mortimer Bartlett, a drummer from Philadelphia, is under arrest in this city, charged with embesziement. He was arrested upon the re-ceipt of a telegram from R. J. Linden, thief of police of Philadelphia. What the amount is is not known. He will not talk, will not tell who he travels for and refuses to do or say snything until he hears from his father in Philadelphia. He is well dressed, intelli-

gent and does not seem worried over the