

ROUTED THE SPANISH TROOPS

Rebellion Not So Near Ended as the Mother Country Imagines.

CUBAN INSURGENTS CAPTURE A CITY

Regiment of Cadiz Sent to Its Relief Cut to Pieces by Gomez's Valiant Men

TAMPA, Fla., May 10.—Passengers arriving on the plant steamer Mascotte say the condition of things is encouraging to the Cuban insurgents. It is believed that Camaguey has been invaded by Gomez and that he with 3,000 insurgents besieged Guayama on Monday. There were about 2,000 Spaniards in the city, and so the passengers say, after fighting became disastrous for the besieged, the regiment of Cadiz, numbering about 2,500, arrived, attacking the Cubans in the rear. Gomez quickly recovered from the first onslaught and while a small force kept up the conflict with the forces of the city his main body faced the new enemy. Fighting was fierce, but it is asserted that the strategy of Gomez and the valor of the insurgents resulted in their victory. The regiment of Cadiz, it is said, was routed and cut to pieces. The city, the passengers say, was taken and is now in possession of the insurgents. The Cuban loss in killed and wounded is put at 700, while it is asserted the Spanish loss in killed and wounded was 1,000.

Smallpox and yellow fever are said to be very prevalent. Campos is said to be greatly displeased with the situation and the Cuban insurgent leaders are reported to have a crisis in the cabinet, which will require Campos to return. Cubans assert that dissatisfaction exists among the troops over the execution of General Marti, who was brought to Havana for execution, for this reason, it is said, was not executed, but was decorated with medals for his valor.

The Spanish government has desires to build a railway from Puerto Principe to Santa Cruz, to give 2,000 or 3,000 new employments, thus preventing their taking arms with the insurgents. The Spanish government reported enroute for Philadelphia or New York to borrow money to build the road.

MADRID, May 10.—A dispatch received here from Havana says the Spanish rebels against the Cuban rebels have dispersed two bands, one commanded by Matagas and the other by Castillos, capturing their arms and ammunition.

The defeat of the Cuban insurgents under Matagas has been officially confirmed. The rebels set fire to the railway bridge, near Camaguey, and the Spanish troops have arrived in Cuba, and the campaign will now be more actively pushed. The report from Tampa of a Guimayay by the rebels under Gomez is denied by the officials here, who say that no such engagement occurred. Castillos, a Cuban rebel, stated in the Cortes today that Captain General Campos was authorized to establish reforms in Cuba the moment he deemed the time opportune.

REBELS POWERFUL IN ECUADOR.

Prevented Government Troops from Landing Until an American Ship Arrived at the Port. NEW YORK, May 10.—A special from Panama, dated May 9, says: The British brig Chala, which arrived here this morning, carried 150 troops of the government of Ecuador from Mantas, conveyed by the gunboat Cotoaxi, carrying 200 to Puntunas, off Esmeraldas, May 3.

In trying to effect a landing the troops met with continuous firing from the shore, and were forced to retreat with heavy losses. Captain Bayano of the Cotoaxi, realizing the uselessness of his guns at that distance from Puntunas, turned his course to a point near Esmeraldas, and began to shell the town effectively. Then he threatened a regular bombardment, unless the rebels evacuated the town within two hours. At this juncture the Ranger, under cable orders of the United States to protect American interests, made her appearance. It was the orders of the Ranger landed immediately under a flag of truce, and his wife and child and family, and his baggage, including the United States flag and Captain Bayano assumed possession.

The rebels remain encamped in the vicinity. The revolution is making gains in Ecuador. General Albu has been proclaimed its leader. The rebel general, Bowen, holds Bahabayo, which is on the Guayas, and seventy miles from Guayaquil, with an army of 1,200.

CHILI MAKES A GIFT TO BOLIVIA.

Strip of Territory South of Iquique Presented to the Republic. SANTIAGO, May 10.—A dispatch received here from Valparaiso today states that a treaty of peace and friendship has been concluded between Chili and Bolivia by which the former gives to Bolivia a small strip of territory and a portion of the Pacific midway between Iquique and Pisagua. Chili in return receives commercial advantages.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The conclusion of the Chili-Bolivia treaty is said to be of far-reaching importance, particularly to Bolivia, as it was forced to retreat with heavy losses. After it has been shut inland for ten years. Officials here say that when Chili concluded her war against Peru and Bolivia, she left the latter landlocked and without an outlet to the sea, and without an opportunity for commerce by the Pacific and unable to maintain a navy. In 1884 a treaty of peace was effected between Chili and Bolivia, but the latter did not get back her coast territory. After remaining hemmed in for ten years Bolivia now gains a Pacific port and a strip of territory. This will enable her to restore her coast territory without crossing Chilean soil, and it will permit a re-establishment of her navy.

Nicaraguans Want Protectorate.

Some Even Advocate Annexation to the United States. MANAGUA, Nicaragua, May 10.—(Via Galveston).—Many prominent Nicaraguans, some of them being in high political positions, are favoring the establishment by the United States of a protectorate over Nicaragua, or the incorporation of the country into the great republic. They declare that peace and prosperity would then result, the wonderfully rich natural resources of Nicaragua would be developed and a financial system be organized by which all the country's debts would be canceled.

Russia Was Preparing to Fight.

LONDON, May 10.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg states that up to Sunday it was believed that Japan would refuse to give up orders were given to mobilize 15,000 troops in the Irkutsk and Tomsk districts and a credit of 20,000,000 rubles was opened. It was in view of this attitude of Russia that Japan immediately consented to the demands made by Russia, France and Germany.

London Sports Men Invite Corbett.

LONDON, May 10.—The directors of the National Sporting club will decide on Tuesday next whether the club will put up a purse for a fight between Corbett and Jackson. Matchmaker Fleming has no authority to decide on such an important matter.

Ex-King Milan Still Living.

BERLIN, May 10.—It was rumored yesterday that ex-King Milan of Serbia had either committed suicide or been assassinated, but it subsequently developed that the rumor had been set on foot merely for speculative purposes.

KURINO RIDICULES THE STORY

Says the Japanese Will Never Be a Danger in the Hawaiian Islands.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The attention of Minister Kurino of Japan was called to a dispatch from San Francisco published yesterday intimating that there is liability of trouble from the Japanese in the Hawaiian Islands. The dispatch in question purports to contain information recently received by C. W. Ashford from Hawaii to the effect that the Japanese in the islands are in a feverish excitement, owing to Japan's victory over China; that there is a number of trained leaders among them, and that they threaten to come forward and become a serious factor in the affairs of Hawaii. Kurino characterized these statements as absurd and ridiculous in the extreme. The Japanese in Hawaii, he says, are an orderly and industrious people. Most of them are farmers and none of them have received military training. They have shown no disposition at any time to be turbulent or to do anything more than to preserve the status secured to them by treaty. Mr. Kurino said that any statement which ascribed to them the purpose of forcibly interfering in Hawaiian affairs is manifestly false, since nothing could be plainer than that the Japanese government would not permit and decisively discontinue such unauthorized interference by any of its subjects in the matters of a friendly state.

Mr. Kurino's account for these constantly recurring rumors regarding the probability of misconduct on the part of the Japanese in Hawaii. He could only ascribe them, he said, to a desire on the part of some of the newspapers to create a false impression of Japanese in Hawaii is a constant menace and thus to advance other purposes which the authors of these false stories have in view.

BISHOPS ARE CAUSING TROUBLE.

Relations of Church and State in France Are Becoming Strained. LONDON, May 10.—A dispatch to the Chronicle from Paris says the government will be unable to much longer ignore the rebellion which is gaining ground all over France, and is rebelling against the church and the state. The attitude of the bishops is making a general impression upon the public mind and the country is being divided into two camps. Only one bishop has had the courage to advocate submission to the law and he was expelled from his diocese. The most striking part of the affair is the open secret that his holiness will not, with the exception of the bishop of Angoulême, think it his duty to resist the droit d'acrossment. The Assumption Fathers, who are the proprietors of sixty religious papers and are the most influential of the clergy, have pronounced the socialists are jubilant over the prospect of a war with the church.

REJECTED THE MAIN PARAGRAPH

Anti-Revolutionary Bill Gets a Stunning Blow in the Reichstag. BERLIN, May 10.—In the Reichstag, Herr Bebel, socialist, attacked the practice of duelling, and the Reichstag rejected the main paragraph of the anti-revolutionary bill, which is the chief section of the matter in dispute. The Reichstag rejected paragraph 3 altogether.

HARCOURT SHOWED HIS TEMPER

Told Scotch Members They Could Desert the Government if They Wished. LONDON, May 10.—There was an exciting scene in the House of Commons today. Sir Donald Macfarlane, liberal member for Argyllshire, after receiving an evasive reply to his question as to whether the Crofters bill would be taken up, threatened that the Scotch members would withdraw their support from the government. This caused the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir William Harcourt, to reply in a towering rage that he would open to his Scotch members to do as they pleased. Mr. Harcourt, Mr. Denham, Macgregor, liberal member for Invernesshire, retorted: "Are we to understand that the government is going to show the white feather to the opposition?" The chancellor of the exchequer made no reply.

Arranging for a Chinese Loan.

LONDON, May 10.—A dispatch to the Times from Paris says: M. Hanotaux, minister of foreign affairs, has invited the leading financiers to meet Saturday to consider the pending Chinese loan, the considerations of which French capital might be attracted. M. Hanotaux is said to be practically engaged to hasten if not to secure the punctual payment of the war interest on the Chinese loan, which is now due. The loan reaches £100,000,000 sterling. The power while discussing so important a financial matter, and the fact that the decision without consulting London, without the sanction of the chancellor of the exchequer made no reply.

Victoria, B. C., May 10.—Considerable anxiety is felt by the members of the Methodist conference now in session here at the nonarrival of the Fort Simpson district delegation, which left the north for Victoria ten days ago. The vessel, the little vessel was seen at Bella Bella by the steamer Basowick, which arrived here yesterday. It was a week ago that the day after the vessel left the coast. Since, fifty miles this side of Bella Bella. Since then nothing has been heard of her, and it is feared that she is wrecked at least. There are ten persons on the vessel.

MEADE VIOLATED THE NAVAL RULES

Criticisms of His Superior Officers May Get Him Into Trouble. WASHINGTON, May 10.—There was considerable talk about the navy department today of a published interview with Admiral Meade criticizing the administration. The criticism of a superior is an offense according to the naval regulations and the secretary of the navy and president, against whom the remarks of Admiral Meade were directed, are his superior officers. It is possible that the president's secretary may pay no attention to the utterance, inasmuch as the court-martial has been ordered on charges preferred by Admiral Meade. The court-martial is now in session at the navy department, and the court is expected to adjourn today.

Women Passed and the Men Failed.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Woman's rights advocates will find pleasure in the remarks of the civil service commission on an extra examination recently held for library cataloguers and library clerks for the department. Of the thirteen applicants for the former, the men failed to pass, while five out of the ten women did so. The secretary Morton wanted men for the positions, he was moved by these results to change his mind, and appointed Miss G. F. Leonard of Albany, N. Y., cataloguer.

Minister to Venezuela in Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Seneca Hazelton, United States minister to Venezuela, has arrived in Washington on leave from his post. It is presumed he will be consulted by Acting Secretary Uhl on the matter of the British boundary dispute with Venezuela before he leaves Washington for his home in Venezuela.

Iron and Steel Men Get More Pay.

WHEELING, W. Va., May 10.—Four thousand men employed in the iron and steel industry in the Riverdale and Wheeling, Belmont & Top Hills, are given an increase in wages, averaging 10 per cent.

MORE TROUBLE FOR INDIANS

Proposal to Cut Off Their Privilege of Having More Than One Wife.

AMERICAN HORSE ARRESTED FOR BIGAMY

Agent at Pine Ridge of the Opinion the Crusade for Purpose of Making Fees for the United States Marshals. WASHINGTON, May 10.—Special Agent Dickson at Pine Ridge, S. D., has reported to the Indian office that American Horse, the well known Sioux chief, has been arrested on a charge of bigamy and released on bail pending trial. The agent recommends steps be taken to stop the proceeding, which he regards as the first in a series of like arrests. All the other Indian chiefs have had several wives for forty years and more and no one has dreamed of interfering before. The impression prevails in the Indian office that the arrest of American Horse is a part of a general plan, of which the recent Turtle Mountain disturbances were a part, to trump up cases against Indians and secure fees for the United States deputy marshals who make the arrests.

CHINA NOW A PROMISING FIELD

New Treaty with Japan Opens Up the Country to Trade. WASHINGTON, May 10.—Large opportunities for the introduction of American machinery and the investment of American capital are offered by the peace agreement which Japan has effected with China. A provision is made that China shall hereafter be open to the introduction of all forms of modern machinery and that such machinery shall be admitted free of duty. American cotton machinery, especially, is expected from the new opening presented, and all telephones, electric lights, printing presses and many other devices of civilization which have been developed in the west, are expected to be introduced into China. As a result the Chinese are using wood plows and other primitive implements, and such tools will enter China free of duty. It is stated that cotton machinery will be brought at once into extensive use, thus enlarging the demand for the raw cotton of the southern states.

CANNOT SUPPORT FREE SILVER

Senator Brice Addresses a Letter to the Ohio Democracy. LIMA, O., May 10.—There has been issued from this city by Senator Brice a circular letter addressed to a democratic state convention, and in which he expresses his opposition to the democratic state convention of any resolution endorsing free silver. He accuses Chairman A. W. Thurman and Secretary W. A. Taylor of the state executive committee and other free silver men of working to secure delegations for this purpose. In the letter he says: "In my judgment it would not only cause a repetition of the defeats we sustained in the state last year, but would certainly make it difficult, if not impossible, for many who occupy the same position as myself to take an active part in the campaign of this year." The letters are addressed to prominent democrats all over the state and ask for advice as to the situation.

HARRISON MAKES HIS LAST PLEA

Ex-President Will Abandon the Practice of Law. RICHMOND, Ind., May 10.—Ex-President Harrison today made the closing speech for the plaintiffs in the Morrison case. The court room was crowded, many persons of note being present from both Ohio and Indiana. Mr. Harrison was in splendid form, both mentally and physically, and made a magnificent speech. He said that the history as the day on which one of the illustrious statesmen of the country made the crowning and closing effort of his life in his defense of the Morrison case. He said that he had never again spoken before a jury, as this argument is his last. He will soon abandon the practice of law entirely and will never again be seen so actively engaged in any pursuit.

THOUGHT NUTT WAS INTOXICATED

One of His Intended Victims Tells of the Shooting of Coleman. TOPEKA, Kan., May 10.—A special to the Capital from Atchison says: During the trial of James Nutt today Mrs. Jesse Payton, one of his victims, testified that when Nutt appeared at her home on the night of February 25, 1894, he was in a very bad state of mind, and when Leonard Coleman, his other victim, had left the room to put up his horses, had made an insulting suggestion to her, and she, in a fit of anger, had finally offered her money if she would promise to not say anything about the insult. She did not promise and said she would advise the authorities. She said that at the time, after Coleman had put up the horses he came into the room and Nutt, after asking him impertinent questions, suddenly shot Coleman and then shot Mrs. Payton. Nutt looks pale and careworn.

FLED WITH CORRUPTION FUNDS

Mermer Joe Sampson of Sioux Falls Sips with the Nation Money. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 10.—(Special Telegram).—This city has another sensation. Alderman Joe Sampson, acting mayor in the absence of Mayor W. H. Snyder, fled from this city last Monday night, skipped with a corruption fund amounting to \$700. The fund was in the absolute control of the mayor, as it is illegally collected saloon fines and never goes into the city treasury. Sampson expressed his disgust at the fact that he had been elected to the office of mayor, and he is a question among attorneys whether the offense is indictable, as the fund is a peculiar one. Many leading attorneys say the offense is indictable. It is said that Sampson consulted a lawyer about the matter and was told he could not be punished. Sampson's family is in Wroning.

DISMISSED THE LARZEN CHARGE

Beaudry, Taylor's Brother-in-Law, Discharged but Not Dismissed. PIERRE, S. D., May 10.—The charge of larceny against H. M. Beaudry, brother-in-law of Taylor, the defaulting state treasurer, was dismissed on motion of the state and Beaudry was immediately re-arrested on the charge of conspiracy.

Movements of German Steamers.

At San Francisco—Arrived—Mariposa, from Honolulu and Sydney. At New York—Arrived—Trave, from New York, via Southampton. At London—Arrived—America, from New York. At Hamburg—Arrived—Prussia, from New York. At New York—Arrived—Salem, from Bremen; Lucania, from Liverpool. At New York—Arrived—Campania, from Liverpool; Augusta Victoria, from Hamburg. At Liverpool—Arrived—Adriatic, from New York. Queenstown—Arrived—Adriatic, from New York for Liverpool. At Havre—Sailed—Scandia, from Hamburg for New York.

PENNED IN BY THE FLAMES

Prompt Work of the Chicago Firemen Saves a Score of Lives.

ONE MAN KILLED AND ELEVEN INJURED

Several of the Injured Will Probably Die—Flames Cut Off All Egress from the Burning Building Except by the Firemen's Ladders. CHICAGO, May 11.—A fire in which one man is known to have lost his life and ten others were injured, four of them probably to a fatal manner, occurred in a rooming house at Sherman street at 1:15 this morning. The building is a three-story brick concern, standing directly across Sherman street from the north end of the Board of Trade building. The fire was started by an explosion in Happ's saloon on the ground floor, and inside of a minute the whole lower front portion of the building was a mass of flames. The inmates never had the slightest chance to escape, for the only door from which entrance was had to the hotel was in front and close to the saloon door. The flames blocked that means of escape at once. A man named Michael and his wife occupied the upper portion of the second floor, and they were at the windows calling for help in a frantic manner when the first firemen arrived. Unfortunately this was not a truck, and thinking his chance of life would be gone if he lingered another minute Michael jumped from the third story to the pavement below. His left arm was broken and he sustained internal injuries.

The injured man, Michael, hit the sidewalk and before the firemen had lifted him another form sprang from the second story and came down on the pavement with a crash. It was a man, and he was alive but unconscious when he fell. Mrs. Michael, who was with her, jumped to her window and was carried down by the firemen, as was her little girl, who remained with her. She was badly cut about the face by broken glass.

The first was quickly extinguished and the firemen plunged into the house in search of more victims. One dead man was found in a room on the second floor. In another room was found another daughter of Michael and in the other rooms and in the hallways five men were found. One of them was said to be lying when placed in the ambulance.

OMAHA GUARDS ARRIVE AT MEMPHIS

Most of the Companies Will Be on the Parade Grounds in the Evening. The Indiana drill will open at Camp Schott, with a dress parade of the military companies and bands in attendance, the presentation of sponsors and other social functions of the occasion. Today's arrivals were the Gatling gun detachment of the Omaha Guards, Captain H. B. Mulford; companies S, D and K of the Third Cavalry, from Jefferson Barracks, Captain J. W. Thibault; the Iowa State band, and the Iowa State Rifles. The other visiting companies, including the Tharston Rifles of Omaha, the National Fencibles of Washington, the McCarthy Light Guards and the Fletcher Rifles of Little Rock, and the Rifles of Galveston and two companies of United States regulars from Atlanta, will arrive during the night or early morning. The regulars from Atlanta will be under the command of Colonel W. H. Kellogg, who, upon his arrival, will assume command of the United States troops in the city. Following the parade and other ceremonies attending the arrival of the troops, a grand military band concert will be given in the evening.

AMERICAN MEDICAL SOCIETY ORGANIZED FOR ANOTHER YEAR.

BALTIMORE, May 10.—The American Medical association today elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Dr. R. Beverly Cole of California; first vice president, Dr. J. C. Hildreth of Maryland; second vice president, Dr. J. G. Leonard of Alabama; third vice president, Dr. Augustus B. Clark, Massachusetts; fourth vice president, T. D. Satterwhite, Kentucky; treasurer, Dr. Henry P. Newman, Illinois; secretary, Dr. J. H. Haddock, St. Louis; I. N. Montgomery, Chicago; A. E. Rockey, Portland, Ore.; I. N. Quimby, Jersey City, and H. H. Bledsoe, Baltimore. The next year's convention will be held at Atlanta.

PHYSICIANS ELECT OFFICERS.

Dr. H. D. Holton of Virginia made an address on state medical regulation, in which he advocated the establishment of a national health department, to be presided over by an additional cabinet officer, and said the American Medical association would never rest satisfied until such a department was established and provision made for a permanent medical quarantine.

Dr. Wholey of Philadelphia said there was no use to establish quarantines or to do anything else to prevent the spread of disease as long as the dirty paper money was in circulation.

A resolution was adopted memorializing congress to pass bills pending acting assistant secretary who served in the war on the same plane as a first lieutenant in the regular army.

The new president, Dr. Beverly Cole of San Francisco, made a fine address, and made a felicitous speech, after which the association adjourned sine die.

INTERNATIONAL M. M. C. A. CONGRESS

Springfield, Mass., May 10.—The delegates to the international convention of the Young Men's Christian association joined in a short praise service at the opening of the session. The address of the morning was delivered by President J. M. Coulter of Lake Umbagog, N. H. The International Permanent Fund and its Relation to the National Work. The convention turned next to a series of resolutions were adopted in regard to the work. Steps have already been taken to secure the cooperation of the Young Men's Christian association for Massachusetts and Rhode Island toward an enterprise to build a new railroad from Boston and in cities and towns.

President Mendenhall pledged for the next two years, and immediately pledged for the next year, to give \$100,000 to the cause. He began to pour in, amounting to \$129. Afterward individual pledges were called for, and the total amount for the next convention will be held at Mobile, Ala.

Duestrow Verdict in a Few Hours.

ST. LOUIS, May 10.—When the Duestrow insanity case was resumed today the millionaire defendant was so much affected by the arguments of counsel that he asked a verdict in his favor. His wish was complied with.

All the testimony is in and this morning Attorney Booth began argument for the defense.

State Attorney Zachris, Assistant State Attorney Gallenkamp and Lee Metwiler followed Booth. Mr. Zachris closed for the defense. Three hours and a half were allowed each side in which to make arguments, and a verdict is expected tonight.

Wash. Plant Destroyed by Fire.

KARON, May 10.—The factory of an explosion in the chemical department at the Imperial Varnish company's plant today. The flames spread so rapidly that the entire northern part of the plant was in flames before the arrival of the fire department. An immense fire wall separated the main building from the chemical department, and despite this the fire ate its way into the main building, and in an hour from the time the fire started the whole plant was in ruins. The entire loss will be \$60,000, on which there is \$25,000 insurance.

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Weather Forecast for Nebraska: Generally Fair; Warmer; Variable Winds.

SPANISH TROOPS SUSTAIN A DEFEAT.

American Horse Had Too Many Wives. Fatal Fire in a Chicago Hotel. Progress of the Cuban Revolution. More Colorado Miners Hit by a Move. Governor Morrill Not Yet Arrested. St. Joe Defeats Quincy. Hawthorne Race Track Ruled. Editor's Comment. Hill's Case Goes to the Jury. Cresco Burned by Incendiarists. Progress of the Philippine Murder Trial. Council Bluffs Local Matters. "Case of Laker, Absconded." Tragedy on a Philadelphia Street. Will Did Receive the Money. Kings of Money Used in Brazil. Coliseum Case in Court. Floats for the State Fair Show. Condition of the Kearney Case. Commercial and Financial News. Flyer to Jerusalem. Fatal Treason in a Chicago Hotel. Free Silver Fails—II.

TEMPERATURE TAKES A TUMBLE

Excessive Heat Followed by Cold and in Some Places by Rain. DUBUQUE, Ia., May 10.—The temperature fell 28 degrees in three hours today. A cold north wind is now blowing.

WINONA, Minn., May 10.—Ninety-nine degrees was registered by the thermometer yesterday. Today it is 42 degrees colder.

BURLINGTON, Ia., May 10.—The mercury fell from 90 this morning to 30 this evening. The drop was accompanied by heavy wind and rain.

TOPEKA, May 10.—A cold wave struck Topeka today, which caused the temperature to drop forty degrees. The wind is blowing a gale and in southwestern Kansas sand storms are so violent that people are compelled to seek shelter in their homes. A blinding snow storm raged for two hours at Hays City, Goodland and other points in northwestern Kansas.

SEDA, Mo., May 10.—Central Missouri was visited by a heavy rain this afternoon. It was accompanied by a strong wind, and in different parts of Pettys county did great damage to fruit trees in their homes. A blinding snow storm raged for two hours at Hays City, Goodland and other points in northwestern Kansas.

CHIPEWA FALLS, Wis., May 10.—A most remarkable storm of hail and rain has occurred in this vicinity in the last twenty-four hours. Thursday the thermometer stood 96 in the shade. In the evening it began to grow colder, followed by a cold rain and hail. Today the thermometer has stood at freezing and tonight there is a cold north-west wind and rain. The danger to the gardens and fruit buds is great.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 10.—The heaviest rain for two years fell here last night and today. The temperature dropped from 92 degrees in the shade yesterday to 59 degrees today, and is still falling rapidly. Springs are well advanced and farmers greatly fear a hard freeze.

SAND AND DUST STORM IN OKLAHOMA

People Compelled to Leave All Outdoor Work in the Afternoon. KANSAS CITY, May 10.—One of the worst sand and dust storms in years prevailed in Oklahoma and at one or two points in Kansas today. At Pittsburg, Kan., comparatively little outdoor work could be done. A dust storm blew nearly the entire afternoon, caking everything in its path. The ground is baked and all crops suffering for want of rain. Here, as at most points throughout Kansas, yesterday's heated spell was followed by a drop in temperature of nearly 20 degrees.

At Guthrie, Okl., a terrific wind storm from the north struck the town this afternoon and the temperature fell rapidly. The dust storm was so bad that it was necessary to sand and for a time the people sought their cyclone cellars in fear of a twister. Ten miles northeast of Guthrie the storm did partake of a cyclone and much damage was done. It was a very bad storm, but it did not hurt anybody.

At Kingfisher, Okl., a sand storm of great violence raged from 6 o'clock in the afternoon to 10 o'clock in the evening. The afternoon had been intensely hot. Shortly after 1 o'clock a norther came up with remarkable suddenness, driving things before it and blowing up a sand storm. The sand storm kept up with unabated fury, the temperature during that time falling 37 degrees. The sand carried before the storm did much damage to crops and buildings. It was a very bad storm, but it did not hurt anybody.

The town of Hennessey was also struck, but the extent of the damage suffered there, if any, is not known.

Worcester, Mass., May 10.—Phillip W. Moen, president of the Washburn & Moen company of this city, was seen this afternoon as he was shown the dispatch from San Francisco regarding the purchase of the plant of the California Wire Rope works by his company. He said: "The dispatch from San Francisco relative to this matter is combined on the truth. There has been no combination of Washburn & Moen with the California company, however, and will be none. We have purchased for a fraction of the price mentioned in the dispatch machinery of the California Wire Rope works, with the good will. We have also secured the control of the patents covering the manufacture of wire rope by the Washburn & Moen company. We have leased for a term of years the buildings of the California company used for the manufacture of wire rope. For some little time, and have in process of construction 1,000 or more large cables. The plant will be operated in conjunction with our plant here."

Cattlemen and Farmers at War.

GUTHRIE, Okl., May 10.—In Guthrie city, in the extreme western part of the territory, the free range cattlemen and herd law farmers are at open warfare. The cattlemen are fighting for a free range election a few days ago. The farmers allege that the election was carried off by a vote-buying party. The house and barns of J. B. Nicholas, one of the cattlemen, was fired and totally destroyed, and a prominent county official, who sided with the cattlemen has been given twenty-four hours to leave the county.

Comm'rs Commissioners Retreating.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The Interstate Commerce commission has completed its western tour and the members are on their way back to the city, to be in attendance at the seventh annual convention of railway commissioners, which will begin here on Tuesday next. It will probably be some time before any decisions are handed down in the case heard.

Tornado Strikes a Wisconsin Town.

MIDFORD, Wis., May 10.—A tornado laid this night, damaged property here to the amount of \$15,000. The east side Lutheran church steeple was blown down, Maurer's bakery building, Lunke Bros' cigar store, Shapley's dry goods store, Lotz Winchler's and the fair grounds buildings were wrecked. No fatalities occurred.

BADE FAREWELL TO BROOKE

Brilliant Reception Tendered Him and His Wife at the Omaha Club.

PRESENTED A BEAUTIFUL PUNCH BOWL

Ex-Senator Manderson, in the Name of the People of Omaha, Expressed Their Sorrow at the Parting to Which the General Repelled. One of those rare occasions which blend the regrets of separation with grateful realization of friendships which still endure was the farewell reception which was tendered to General and Mrs. John R. Brooke by their Omaha friends at the Omaha club last evening. The news of General Brooke's removal to St. Paul had come so suddenly to permit of the usual formalities of the way of invitations, and the company that gathered in the spacious quarters of the club was a spontaneous testimonial to the esteem in which the guests of the evening were held by those with whom they had been associated during their seven years' sojourn in the city.

But the informality of the occasion proved one of the chief factors in its success. More than 200 of the leading people of Omaha came to this reception, and their happiness for the departing and their tribute was the more to be esteemed in that it came unbidden. The simple announcement that the reception would be tendered was sufficient to fill the parlors, and as General and Mrs. Brooke bade farewell to the friends that crowded around them, the affair swelled into an ovation that commensurately indicated the place which they had won in the hearts of those who came to bid them adieu.

With the exception of the huge mound of roses which banked the punch bowl, there was no attempt at studied decoration. It was a simple affair, and the guests were to be commended for their good taste. The club rooms had only such adornments as were borrowed from fair faces and dainty evening toilets. The roses were arranged and reflected directly in the ball, and its strains mingled pleasantly with the subdued murmur of the groups who chatted in the parlors.

The general and Mrs. Brooke were occupied in listening to the regrets of the guests for the unexpected parting, and the mutual good wishes which were tendered to them. The general said that he would be glad to see the city again, and that he would be glad to see the city again, and that he would be glad to see the city again.

MANDERSON SPOKE FOR OMAHA. Soon after 9 o'clock the guests gathered in the reception room, where General and Mrs. Brooke were to be commended for their good taste. The hum of voices subsided as Senator Manderson ascended to the first landing of the stairway, and the guests parted so as to leave General and Mrs. Brooke in the center of the room. The senator then formally gave notice to the sentiment of the evening in the following words:

Gentlemen and Gentlemen: Thirty-four years ago there began a series of events that, continuing for nearly five years, were of the greatest importance to the most important that ever occurred in human history. It was a time when the world was in a state of confusion, and the people were in a state of confusion. It was a time when the world was in a state of confusion, and the people were in a state of confusion.

It was a time when the world was in a state of confusion, and the people were in a state of confusion. It was a time when the world was in a state of confusion, and the people were in a state of confusion. It was a time when the world was in a state of confusion, and the people were in a state of confusion.

It was a time when the world was in a state