sion at Scribner.

Congregational churches of this district met

in twenty-third annual session yesterday,

This association comprises the churches of

Omaha and immediate vicinity and reaching

north to Blair, west to Fremont, northwest

west to Wahoo, Rev. S. Pearson of West

Point was elected moderator and Rev. H. P.

Hines of Wisner stated clerk. A very in-

members one year ago bid a very to Dr. A. R. Thain, who had endeared hims. I to the

H. Buss, paster of the Fremont Congrega

ident Ellis, D.D., of Gates college, Neligh, Neb., on "Brotherhood."

INCOME TAX HEARING ENDS

Opinion Expected to Be Handed Down on the Twentieth of May.

CHOATE MADE THE FINAL ARGUMENT

Supreme Justices Ask Numerous Questions -Justice Jackson a Particulary Close Listener - Has Borne the Strain Well.

WASHINGTON, May 8 .- The rehearing of the income tax case in the supreme court of the United States was concluded at 2 o'clock today and the nine justices took the question of the act's constitutionality in whole or any part under consideration. On the 20th of this month the court will meet, probably for the last time this term, to render its decisions in pending cases, and it is expected its conclusions on the income tax case will be announced at that time.

Mr. Joseph H. Choate of New York fin-Ished the closing argument, which he began yesterday, speaking until 2 o'clock and recolving the closest attention from the juscondition of his health.

Attorney Shellabarger of the firm of Shellabarger & Wilson, which represented the appellant in the Moore case, asked leave to deliver a brief oral argument in that case be-fore Mr. Choute's plea, asserting that Mr. Moore's attorney had not made any oral presentation of his case before a full bench and thought they were entitled to that privilege. The request, however, was refused. It apparently came as somewhat of a surprise to the court, and a brief consultation was held by the chief justice with his associates, after which he told Mr. Shellabarger that it would be quite impossible for the court to grant the request. He added that the present hearing was being conducted upon a special order and said it could not be interfered with by diverting attention to any other matter. He stated that leave had already been given to file briefs in the Moore case; that these would be considered, but that no oral argument could

Mr. Choate then began the second installment of his argument with a brief reply to some of the suggestions of the attorney gen

Mr. Chante first took up for examination the argument of the attorney general that if the decision in regard to rentals was to stand there should be a limit to the time the exemption should run. The attorney general had pleaded that with such a ruling in force it might be impossible to ever tax the proceeds derived from rents, however they might be invested. Mr. Choate said reply that it was sufficient that the law left no question open. The provision was for taxing rents at the moment of their receipt, and he, for one, should not be so foothardy a to claim that when the rent money should b invested it should not be subjected to the original ruling of the court in this case. Mr. Choate contended that of the wast sum expended in the civil war a very small pro-portion had been derived from the income tax which was in operation at that time. KNEW WELL WHAT THEY WANTED

Taking up the thread of his affirmative ar-gument, Mr. Choate declared the question of taxation had been one of the most prom-inent in the minds of the framers of the constitution. The members of that body were the representatives of men who knew all about the question, for they had studied it here as their ancestors had in England under the Plantagenets, the Stuarts and the Tu-

Mr. Cheate then proceeded on the basis that the court had decides that lands were to be free from direct taxes and that there was to be no difference for tax purposes bethat existed for exempting bonds and real

Justice Harlan asked Mr. Cheate if he meant by a general tax on personal property a tax on all personal property of every

'Not all," Mr. Choate replied, "because I admit the right of exemption."

Justice Harlan-Does a tax law that

reaches only a part of personal property come under that heading?

Mr. Choate-In New York there is a vas body of citizens exempt-inmates of tenemen houses, nearly one-half of the population yet I call that a general assessment not excepting the exemption. It is a tax that can-not be shifted and a tax that cannot be avoided. But the question whether a tax or real estate can be shifted I will leave to political economists, with whom I have n relations and hope never to have a relation Mr. Cheate looked at the attorney general when he spoke of political economists and there was laughter, a rare demonstration in the supreme court.

Justice Harlan asked if the counsel would call a tax on the income of bonds a direct tax that would have to be apportioned, and upon receiving an affirma-tive answer asked if the same were true of a tax on banking

CAN TAX A BUSINESS.

Mr. Choate answered: "That is a business and this court has over and over again decided that congress can tax a business."

In discussing the principle of stare decisis, which he defined as the rule of standing by a former decision, whether right or wrong, he said he was constrained to believe two of the justices had only consented to the former decision in deference to that

principle. "Your honors are sworn to obey the constitution as the primal law. Every act of con-gress stands in the light of it or must fall. Must not every decision of this court that is found to be in conflict with the constitution by the light of the latest evidence and the most complete information also stand or

Then Mr. Choate continued: "Regarding the statement that former income taxes will have to be paid back if the court reverses the Springer rule, I submit that with such consequences as that your honors have nothing to do. That is not an argument addressed a question of law or justice. A moral argument, the attorney general calls it. I call It an immoral one. The idea of the attorney general standing up here for the nation and asking that because the government has collected such money illegally in the past it must go on collecting money illegally."

Mr. Choate next considered the exemptions made in the income tax law, and in luing so made especial reference to the mutual insurance companies, in going to show the mag-nitude of the operations of those companies. He could, he said, mention one such companwhose accumulated property amounted to \$204,000,000. An exemption such as this was

PROTECTING A MONEYED MONSTER. "Do you know," be exclaimed, "what this concern is that is given the vast advantage implied in this exemption? It goes under the reputable name of a moneyed corporation. It is a moneyed monster. It lives upon money. It swallows money; it digests money; it breeds money. It lays golden eggs by the bucketful every day, and then weaves golden

blow simed at corporations, in hitting which the framers of the law well knew they were striking at the main source of income of thousands of widows and orphans, whose inomes, individually small, were derived from orporate investments.

With this Mr. Choate closed that part of

his discourse directed to the question of lack of uniformity and took up the last question under consideration, viz: Whether the entire law was rendered invalid by the decision declaring parts of it to be so. "Does it follow," he asked, "that because the law has been left mutilated it should remain buried?" and he answered it did. "The instrument has been left too long uninterred. In its present condition it shocks the sensi-bilities." He said the rule was when ports of a law upon which other parts or the whole of it were dependent were declared invalid, the dependent parts must also share the same fate, and contended that by the former de-claion of the court the income tax law had been robbed of its body and substance. Mr. Choate stopped abruptly at 2 o'clock, and the court announced an immediate adjournment until 12 o'clock Monday, May 20.

LIVING UP TO THE CONTRACT.

Morgan-Belmont Syndicate Doing as Promised the Government,

hird month under the bond contract with the Morgan-Belmont syndicate of New York, and up to this time all of the terms of the contract have been complied with to the satisfaction of the treasury officials. On tices and a crowd of spectators. It has been February 8 last, the date of the contract, generally remarked that interest in the hear- the gold reserve in the treasury amounted ing had been much less intense that at the to \$42,783,060. It has since been increased first argument. Justice Jackson was one of to \$92,591,579, the amount reported today, the most attentive of the nine men on the making the net gain for the three months bench throughout, the hearing and seems to \$49,808,519. Yesterday the syndicate depos-have horne the strain well, considering the ited in the New York subtreasury about \$910.ited in the New York subtreasury about \$910,-000, which completes its obligations to date. but does not so far as can be learned leave but does not so far as can be learned leave any surplus to their credit. The \$32,000,000 in domestic gold permitted to be deposited under the contract has long since been turned in, but whether all of the \$15,500,000 of foreign gold required to date by the terms of the contract has actually been imported cannot be learned here. It is believed, though, that it has not been imported. It is assumed that the syndicate will be deemed to have complied with its contract if it is found at the close of the deal October 1 next to have at the close of the deal October 1 next to have on deposit the \$32,000.000 in forcign gold, in-dependent of the fact that they may have used domestic gold from time to time and not have made the adjustment requiring half of the gold to be domestic and half foreign

The breasury officials say that they have no information as to whether the syndicate is buying gold in the west or not, but they are unable to see how the syndicate could meet ts contract obligations without buying gold whenever and wherever it could. Not the least important feature of its contract with the government is its agreement to protect the treatury, so far as it is able, from gold withdrawals for export, and at this gold withdrawals for export, and at this time and with sterling exchange at its present high rate this is no light obligation and it is more than probable that the syndicate has been compelled to make heavy purchases of gold in the west, possibly at a slight premium, in order to cover its forign bills. That large purchases are making is evidenced by the fact that one or more of the larger reflueries which heretofore have sold arge refineries which heretofore have sold their product at the Denver assay office ceased making their deliveries there some weeks ago, and the assumption is that it is being sold in New York at figures slightly being sold in New York at igures signify in advance of the price paid at the Denver mint. Thus far the officials are entirely satisfied, they say, with the manner in which the syndicate is carrying out its contract, both as to its deposits and its control of the market so as to protect the treasury gold

PRESIDENT ON THE CRIME OF LIBEL Refuses a Pardon to William Chase and

Endorses the Petition. WASHINGTON, May 8.-The president tolay denied the petition for pardon of William Chase, who was recently convicted of publishing a libel against C. H. J. Taylor, recorder of deeds of the District of Columbia. Both Chase and Taylor are colored, and the conviction and sentence of Chase to ninety days' imprisonment in the United States jail was was to be no difference for tax purposes between the body of the land and its proceeds. He then entered upon the discussion of the undecided questions, contending there were the same reasons for exempting all incomes the petition the following: "It is conceded nat this convict maliciously punished an atrageous libel in a newspaper which he outrolled and used in this instance at least s a dirty weapon to satisfy his personal age and revenge. This crime is a most etestable one. It has become so common and so seldom punished that I cannot recon-ile executive elemency in the case mentioned the duty I owe to decent journalism, the eace of society and the protection of those enstantly subjected to libelous attacks." The president has also denied the petition for the pardon of William D. Fuller, alia E. S. Medbury, convicted of counterfeiting.

Spain Has Made No Complaint. WASHINGTON, May 8 .- The Spanish minster has made no protests or other repre-centations to the authorities here concerning the detention of the Spanish cruiser Infanta Isabella in Florida waters. It is Infanta Isabella in Florida waters. It is understood that Senor de Lome will avoid these minor sources of irritation as far as possible, trusting to the United States authorities to use every means available to afford suitable protection to Spain. In this respect the conduct of affairs by the new legation promises to be different from the one preceding it, which viewed with suspicion the activities of the United States in affording Spain suitable protection.

Representative Hitt Stowly Gaining. WASHINGTON, May 8.-Representative Hitt's condition is more encouraging. He is a little better this morning and appears to be gaining slowly.

Rear Admiral Almy, retired, was very low

ast night, but it was reported that he was holding his own this morning. General Pleasanton and Representative Cogswell are eported better.

Secretary Gresnam Improving. WASHINGTON, May 8. - Secretary Gresham continues to improve sligarly. He akes food in sufficient quantities and secures insiderable rest.

WESTERN PENSIONS.

Veterans of the Rebellion Remembered by

the General Government.
WASHINGTON, May 8.—(Special.)—Penions granted, issue of April 24, 1895; Nebraska: Original—James B. Carr Omaha, Douglas, Reissue-Josiah A. Math-

ers, Minden, Kearney. Iowa: Original-Frank Placek, Marshallown, Marshall; Albert G. Hildreth, Charles City, Floyd; William N. Brunson, Goose ake, Clinton; Marcus D. Wright, Goose Ake, Clinton; Marcus D. Wright, Denison, Tawford, Additional—Henry A. Alexander, Scokuk, Lee, Increase—George Plumleigh, Danbury, Woodbury; John Payton, Cen-crville, Appanoose; Thomas W. Jones, Rip-ey, Greene; William Doty, Maquoketa, Jackson.

ctson.

outh Dakota: Original—Joseph Henry
per, Watertown, Codington; Joel D. Wifns, allns Joel Draper, Bryant, Hamlin,
olorado: Original—Affred Rollings, Neiland, Boulder.

riland. Boulder.
Issue of April 25:
Nebraska: Original—Adelbert J. Wilson,
Litchfield. Sherman; John H. Irion. Du
Bois, Pawnee: Thomas F. Howard, Lindsay,
Platte; Jesse D. Berry, Pawnee City, Pawnee. Additional—William G. Hugh's, Harrard, Clay. Renewal and increass—Francis
M. Rogers, Cozad, Dawson. Reissue—Isaac
I. West, David City, Butler; Eli S. Ricker,
Lancaster; Samuel B. Palmer, Rulo, Richurdsen; Alonzo Cunningham, Imperial Chase;
John M. Osborn, Pawnee City, Pawnee; Lynan F. Thornton, Orleans, Harlan, Orignal widows, etc.—Rachel M. Kaufman,
York, York.
Iowa: Original—James Knight, Oskalposa,
Mahasaka; William H. H. Barrett, Poone bucketful every day, and then weaves golden coils about them to warm and vivify them. It has as many arms as there are states in the union, and which it is constantly putting out in all directions for the purpose of raking in with. Nor are its operations confined to the bounds of this country alone. It extends to England and to the European countries and is always raking in money."

"Having obtained so much money," he said, "the company reinvested it by forming trust companies, organizing banks, building and reorganizing railroads and floating government loans. Not only this, but it controlled congress and directed legislation, as had been confessed by the attorney general."

Reforring to the exemptions of incomes of less than \$4,000 he said that the provision of the law would exclude the vast majority of the incomes of the country and a majority of the professional men. It was an arbitrary

Burt County Authorities Slowly Clearing Up the Murder Mystery.

SOME NEW PHASES OF THE CASE

Fatal Shot May Have Been Fired from the Interior of the Shanty and in that Event Came from the Victim's Alleged Friends.

TEKAMAH, Neb., May 8 .- (Special.)-Who killed Robert Phillips and in what jurisdiction is the disputed land? are the questions now vexing the court and jury. The state has introduced evidence to prove that James Blann fired the fatal shot; that he was accompanied on his mission by Robert Light, and that they were inveigled nto the deed by a consideration or otherwise, and that a gathering of men were in WASHINGTON, May 8 .- Today closed the secret counsel at David Deaver's on the afternoon before the murder.

Testimony on behalf of the state alleger that Robert Light and James Blann were seen to Isave the barn of David Deaver and walk to the shanty where the killing occurred on "No Man's land" and were seen o return to the barn of David Deaver. The state furthermore introduced ante-mortem estimony of Phillips that James Blann shot

The trial of the case assumed a new phase today, when C. L. Crow, surveyor of Har-rison county, Iowa, took the witness stand. He had just returned from a third survey of the disputed lands and gave as his opinion that it was within the jurisdiction of lowa, and was not in Burt county, Nebraska. He testified that the place of the killing, where the shanty stood, was near the middle of the abandoned bed of the Missouri river; that he had previously made two surveys of the same land, one in 1894 and one in 1895; that he had visited the place of the killing and made an inspection of the shanty prior had found where three bullets had been cut from the interior of the shanty; that the bullets had entered the walls from within and that they could not possibly have gained and that they could not possibly have gained an entrance through an opening from the outside so as to find such lodgment. This is sensational evidence, coming from the state's witness, and gives rise to the suspicion that the entranched squatters might have had trouble and Robert Philling care. ended friends. Whether there is reasonable foundation for such suspicion or not there has been a great amount of side talk about gambling at the shanty on the night of the

MUCH ANIMUS IN THE CASE. Fred Lass, the land jumper, one of the tate's most enthusiastic witnesses, has an old grudge against Blann and carries a let ter which was handed to his father by mounted horseman one night, whom he de clares was Blann. The letter was shown Th Bee reporter. It contained a warning that unless the senior Lass abstained from selling his grape wine (an intexteating beverage) to the young men of the neighborhood he would be properly dealt with. It likewise alleged the writer had knowledge to the effect that the senior Lass had escaped from

Germany to avoid punishment.
The fatal bullet has been introduced in vidence and is a large Remington repeater cartridge bullet. Twenty witnesses have PLANS FOR PLATTSMOUTH SCHOOLS een examined and the state is weaving a network of circumstantial evidence around James Blann and Robert Light. It has laked out that the defense will attempt to prove that the secret council at Deaver's on the afternoon before the shooting was a meeting of law-abiding citizens for the purpose of devising ways and means of capturing thieves and stop the stealing of hogs and chattels that is almost nightly going on. It was known that such an organization existed, and that some of the defendants were members. That the meeting on the day of the shooting was a law and order meeting

ey will try to prove, The trial is dragging slowly along, to the lisgust of the 150 witnesses who are shull out from the court room that they may hear none of the testimony of each other. The ourt room is packed with spectators, largely ladies, eager to hear every word of the testi-

The five defendants are an average looking set of farmers, and have always stood high in this community. This is the first cloud to ever mar their characters to the know-ledge of any one here, but it must be admitted that the state has entwined a thread of shade this afternoon and old settlers pro-circumstantial evidence around James Blann nounced it the warmest day in early May and Robert Light. Should the defendants bereleased now upon the grounds of no juris-diction, can they be rearraigned in Iowa upon the same charge is a question that has arisen, and Judge Gillis is sanguine that

The trial of this case will prove an expensive one for Burt county, owing to the action of Attorney General Churchill, who had 100 witnesses subpoensed to appear on the first day of the trial. But few have as yet been used, and there is no probability of reaching the end this week.

SALT CREEK'S QUEER ACTIONS During the Cloudburst Its Waters Flowed Up Stream.

ASHLAND, Neb., May 8 .- (Special)-Hon. T. J. Wilbern, a representative farmer living southwest of this city, came to town today and related to a Bee representative a most remarkable account of the actions of Salt creek last Sunday evening after the cloudburst and hall storm that occurred that after-

Wilbern lives on Salt creek, about three miles from the mouth of what is known as Robinson creek, which drains the section of country flooded by the storm. The rain on Salt creek above there seems to have been very light, and that stream was almost nor mal. However, about 5:39 Sunday evening Wilbern says he was down in his pasture and was nearly to the creek, when to his astonishment he discovered Salt creek to be flowing "up hill," and he was so surprised could not believe his own eyes, because the rain had been so light that he could see no cause for the stream enlarging at all, and a great deal less from down atream. He said he stood and watched it for about thirty minutes, when to his greater surpris-he saw a log, which had been used for a footbridge down the stream two miles, come floating up stream. The creek continued to rise for over three hours, in which time it reached the height of eight feet above its normal state.

It was not until today that the gentleman was able to fathom the mystery, when it was explained to him. He said the creek went down in less than one-half the time it took to rise

Peculiar Accident to a Child. DEWITT, Neb., May 8 .- (Special Telegram. -The little daughter of Henry Brolhorst, living three miles east of this city, was probably fatally burned this morning. Brotherst was burning straw in the barnyard and had a wagon loaded with corn stalks standing near with a team hitched to the wagon. The little girl climbed upon the wagon and just at that time the wind whipped the flames into the load, setting it on fire. This frightened the team, which was not fied, and it ran about a half mile with the load of burning stocks and with the little girl in the midst of the flames. A neighbor succeeded in stopping the team and extricating the sufferer. The skin is all burned from the backs of the hands and the face and throat are nearly as badly burned. The feet and limbs were uninjured.

Defeated the Saloon E ement. SHELBY, Neb., May 8 .- (Special.) - The village board held a lively meeting last night. The town hall was crowded with in terested spectators. The meeting had been called to hear the arguments relative to emonstrance which was presented the night before forbidding the granting of two a licenses. The remonstrance was sustained on the ground that notices of fling the potitions had not been published according to law. The board adjourned until May 23, when the license question will again be

Death of an Aged York Citizen. YORK, Neb., May 8 .- (Special.) -- John Hyland, an old resident of York, died in this city yesterday at the home of his daughter,

Mrs. D. Wellman. He was \$4 years of age.
The funeral of A. P. Johnson, who died at
his home in North Terk Monday, took place
yesterday. The sergices were held in the

Several Tons of It Breathed Out in a Life The funeral of Miry E. Monroe, who died Time.

at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. D. White, yesterday, occurred today. The services were held at the residence of J. D. White, Rev. B. F. Fellman officiating. We breathe oxygin in, and coal out. Ex-CONGREGATIONAL MINISTERS MEET Association of the Omaha District in Sesform of diamond? A diamond is pure can SCRIBNER, Neb., May 8 .- (Special.)-The

The price of diamonds concerns very few people, but the condition of the lungs is a son of changing weathers. Unless the lungs bon, A cold attacking them directly weak-

Any depression, though it seems to effect only one organ, must be overcome by bracing the whole body. For this purpose the doctors preserbe stimulants.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is highly prized by the medical profession, because it rouses the latent energy of the body, creates a keen appetite and is invigorating and herve soothing. If the use of it were followed by an injurious riaction, the doctors would not commend it. The fact it, that Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey stimulates the organs to do their work properly so that all ground gained is held.

Hence, it is a standard medicine; a household remedy of proven value. It is especially useful in the spring to fight those obstimate colds that so often develop into pneumonia and bronchits.

H. Buss, paster of the Fremont Congregational church.

The Omaha churches are well represented.

Mrs. Stigers of the St. Mary's Avenue
church of Omaha represented the
Nebra-ka union of the Woman's
Home Missionary society. Mrs. Bowlus of
Scribner read a highly entertaining paper
on "Ministers" Wives." Rev. Mr. Hines of
Wisner talked on the "Asiatic War." The
master address of the meeting was by President Ellis, D.D., of Gates college, Neligh, Deformity Braces. I Trusses, Supporters,

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY MEETS In Regular Session at Lincoln-Ninetsen Caudidates Exemined. LINCOLN, May 8 .- (Special Telegram.) --

The Nebraska State Board of Pharmacy met today in regular session at the Lindell hotel o its burning, soon after the murder, and for the examination of applicants for registration. Nineteen candidates presented themselves, of which eight were successful in reaching the standard average. They are as

have had trouble and Robert Phillips came Leahy, Jackson, and Lawrence Welsh, Hoi-to his death through the hands of his pre-stein. The next meeting of the board will be held at Hotel Delione, Omaha, on June 4, in connection with the State Pharmaceutical association, which holds its annual meet ing in Omaha on June 4, 5 and 6. An examination will be given for the benefit of any

applicants who may be in attendance.
The State Board of Equalization, comprising Governor Holcomb, State Auditor Moore and State Treasurer Bartley, held a meeting today. There appeared before the board rep-resentatives of the B. & M., Union Pacific, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, and the Pull man Car company, for the purpose of secur ing reductions in their assessments, and to secure certain changes in the various valua-tions. The board took these matters under dvisement and will report on the same on

he 15th inst.
Adjutant General Barry and Major Fechet will ispect company A, Second regiment Ne-oraska National Guard, at Kearney, on Thursday, May 8.

New Corps of Teachers Elected for the Ensuing Year.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., May 8 - (Special.) The Plattsmouth school board met last right and chose a corps of teachers for the ext year's service. Superintendent McCleland, who has been in charge of the schools for the past five years, was unanimously re lected. Prof. Halsey, the principal, did not apply and his assistant, Miss Winena Evans, was promoted to the principalship. The end of the year will flud the district ou

of debt and with a balance in the treasury.

A case of smallpox is reported as exist ing in the Backus family in the Iowa botoma opposite this city the person afflicted and she contracted the dread disease by lately making a dress out of a bolt of cloth which was in the house a year ago, when the family was stricken with the same ailment. The Pacific Junetion health authorities have quarantined the

The thermometer registered 92 in the during the past twenty-five years. The heavy rains of last week, coupled with he recent warm spell, is having a splendid effect on fruit and grain and farmers are feeling good. Cass county has never had a etter crop prospect than at present and business is showing a steady improvement.

Diphtheria at Juniata. JUNIATA, Neb., May 8 .- (Special.) - A se ere case of diphtheria developed in town yesterday, the victim being the eldest son of Editor Rickets. The school board closed the schools immediately until the danger by passed, and the town board issued orders to have the town thoroughly cleaned and disinfected. The doctor in attendance is using he new anti-toxine freely.

Nelson Will Have a Salcon. NELSON, Neb., May 8 .- The village board of Nelson granted a saloon license last night to J. C. Cox of Nelson. Sheriff Baidwin yes-terday brought back John Bail from Johnson county, Nebraska, charged with disposing of mortgaged property. Ball was formerly a business man and resident of Nelson.

Death of Burt Stowell. AURORA, Neb., May 8 .- (Special.) -- Burt Stowell, aged 20 years, son of Swan Stowell, a prominent farmer, died yesterday.



ONE ENJOYS Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispeis colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its. many excellent qualities commend it Samples mailed. to all and have made it the most

popular remedy known. Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL LE, KY. WEW YORK, U.Y. LOUISVILLE, KY.

COAL FROM THE LUNGS.

periments show that eight ounces troy of solid carbon are given off by a pair of human lungs every 24 hours. That would be 65% tons in a life of 75 years. What would that amount of carbon be worth in the

to Wisner, south to Springfield and southteresting program had been previously pre-pared by the commutee on arrangements. It was with sad hearts that the association entire association, and now they have to suffer the loss of Dr. Duryea, who was not only paster of the First church, but of the only pastor of the First church, out of the entire association. He never missed a meeting of the association, and always gave his best to the interest of the work. The annual sermon was preached by Rev. William

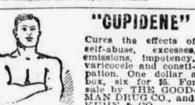


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BABY'S SKIN AND SUALP Cleansed, purified, and beautified by Curreuna
Soar, greatest of skin purifiers and
beautifiers, as well as purist and
awecetest of tellet and nursery soaps,
Only cure for pimples and blackheads, because the only preventive
of infamination and clugging of the
pures, the cause of most complextonal disfigurations. Fold everywhers.



reif-abuse, excesses, emissions, impotency, varicocele and consti-pation. One dollar a box, six for \$5. For sale by THE GOOD-MAN DRUG CO., and KUHN & CO.

FOR A LIMITED TIME TO Docket Case

FREE IN EXCHANGE FOR 10 TEN-CENT PAPER TAGS TAKEN FROM

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If there is any place on earth where you can be suited in a suit of clothes, it is surely at Nicoll the Tailor's.

We have over 3,000 entirely new, beautiful and low tariff 1895 fabrics, and our prices are within the reach of all, Suits to order, \$15 to \$50.

Overcoats about the same (depends on linings.

Trousers to order, \$4 to \$14. We have had fifty years' experience in clothes making, and it is our constant aim to turn this experience to an increased trade rather than an increased profit. Hence our low prices for well-made garments.

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Every lady purchasing a dress pattern in our store tomerrow will be given free a May number of The Delineator, the best fashion journal published. In addition we have made extra low prices for the day, so that there is every inducement for you to buy tomorrow.

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Choice laundered waists at . . 500 Extra large sleeve waists at.75c Trilby waists, two detatehable collars, only......\$1.00

\$2.50 Duck Suits go at \$1.68 \$3.75 Duck Suits go at ... 2.25

Worth \$1.50

Blue Serge Suits,

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1 case of 34-inch brown, green, blue

tan, gray Novelty Dress Goods, worth

We Give Free of Charge a Waist with Every Worsted Suit.

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Dress Goods-

Black **Dress Goods**

46-inch extra fine Crepon, sold at \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50, choice at

81.50 52-inch English Serge, regularly sold at \$1.00, go at

40-inch English Serge, always sold at 37140

38-inch Henriettas, the usual 40c quality, for

25c

46 inch extra fine Henriettas, worth

58c

1216C 40-inch Habit Cloth, in all colors and all wool, regular 40c quality, for

200 54-inch Habit Cloth, that always sells

40c 54-inch gray, brown and green Mix

tures, regular 75e quality, for 39c

One table of all wool Scotch Chevlots that are cheap at 65c, for

40-inch Henriettas and Serges, in all colors, regular price 35c. for 19c

A MAY DELINEATOR FREE TOMORROW WITH EVERY DRESS PATTERN.

Silks-

85c, for

New Natural Pongees—37 inches wide and a May Delineator free with every dress pattern.

New Checked Taffetas—in pretty col-orings and extra quality—May De-lineator with every dress pattern.

New Black Figured China Silks—22 inches wide, beautiful goods—a May Delineator with every dress pat-tern. 50c

A MAY DELINEATOR FREE TOMORROW WITH EVERY DRESS PATTERN. Big Bargalas In Chenille, Covers. Good slze Cover, 50c, worth \$1.25. Large size Cover, 95c, worth \$2.00. Extra large size Cover, \$1.75, worth

Large Spread, 57c. Extra size Spread, 67c. Big Spread, \$1.00. Elegant Silk Mixed Aprons, 29c. These goods come in all the leading shades and our cheap at 50c; our price

tomorrow, 29c. Towels. Turkish Towels, 3c. Turkish Towels, 64c. Turkish Towels, 1245c Big Turkish Towels, 15c. Big Turkish Towels, 25c. Huck Towels, 10c, 121/2c, 15c, 171/2c, Big Damask Towels, knotted fringe,

Big Bargains-

Corean Silk, in the newest and most striking effects—and a May Delineator with every dress pattern...... 390

White Apron Goods, 7c, 9c, 121/2c, Percales for shirt waists, 5c. Bed Spreads are Cheaper than Ever. Figured Serpentine Crepes, 10c. Crinkle Crepons, 81/9c. Duck Suitings, 10c. Best Pongees, 10c. Dress Ginghams, 81/3c. Best Apron Ginghams, 5c. Batiste in light and dark colorings, 60 Best 121/2c Sateens, 81/3c. Best Prints, 5c. Fine Challis, 5c. Outing Flannels, 5c. Bleached Muslin, 5c. Toweling, 3c.

Pure Linen Toweling, 5c. Muslin Underwear and Corsets-



tot of Gowns, good mustin, neatly ruffle trimmed, worth double...... 410 One lot of Gowns, elaborately trim-med with lace, insertion and em-broidery, regular price \$1.25, at....

Ombrelle Skirts, in cambrie, lace and embroidery trimmed, 11.35 and...... 980 Elegant Corset Long Walst, made of good lean, with satin stripes, extra

good jean, with satin atripea, extra front steel and extra stay nround waist, slik florsed and excellent shape

