the Spring Adjournment.

that a decision in one will in all probability

question involved in a confused condi-

Major General Will Have Reached the Age.

DENVER, April 24.-After having been

entinuously in the service of the United

States for a period of forty-three years,

Major General Alexander McDowell McCook

necessary by the law, the age of 64 years having been reached. General McCook will

leave Denver this week for Dayton, O., where

he will remain until May 10. He will then

go to Washington and New York, reaching

the latter city June 1, to be present at the graduation of his daughter. Later in the

summer the general will sail for Europe with his family, where he will visit several

months. He has made no plans concerning

his future after returning to the United

With the retirement of General McCook,

the last of the "fighting McCooks" goes into

alf a century the army will be without a

time and that four of them attained the rank

KANSAS COUNTY TREASURER SHORT

Mixed His Records.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., April 21.-J. L. Kline

the Wyandotte records, submitted a report

Kansas City that ex-County Treasurer M. W.

Stewart was short \$28,275 when he turned

over his office to his successor, M. G. Mc-

Lean, two years ago. Mr. Stewart and his

ondsmen appear not to be worried over the

report. They declare there is no ground for the claim of a shortage and insist that an examination of the records by competent ac-

countants will show that every dollar taken in during his four years in office was paid out and receipted for. The same accountants

reported several weeks ago that M. G. Me-Lean, who succeeded Stewart as treasurer, was short several thousand dollars, in addition

CUBAN REBELS GAINING FICTORIES.

ome Conflicting Reports from the Scene

of Trouble.

from Cientugos and Santiago, Cuba. It

was learned from one of the passengers that

a very lively state of things existed at the

seat of war. The insurgents had a following

of 10,000 men, 3,000 of whem were well

een worsted. The officials made very ligh

cland off the coast of this (Mendocino)

ounty. Bourne's landing, is now in a state

of eruption. For some time past it has been reported that flames were issuing from the center of the isle. J. E. Meredith, who re-sides in Trinity county, and who has been

traveling along the northern coast for some

weeks, passed the island Thursday. It was

come time during the early evening, and he was attracted by a bright light in the west

The flames were so brilliant that he at firs

imagined they were caused by a burning ship at sea. On his return south the next day,

surgents over the mountains.

NEW YORK, April 21. The Ward line

to \$49,000 he had on deposit in the Citize bank in Armourdale when it failed in 1893.

private life, and for the first time in nearly

of 64 Today.

STATISTICS ARE INACCURATE

Agricultural Department Explains Figures Given Cut on Pork Exports.

Enhanced Value of Cattle Alleged to Be Due to the Unusual Decrease of Animals in the United States.

WASHINGTON, April 21.-Secretary Mor-Washington dispatch to the New York Tribune of Friday that he had said the statistics of pork exported to Germany and his and that concerning exports of pork to countries requiring certificates of inspection the inspectors of the Bureau of Animal Industry have an opportunity to obtain the exact figures, which is not shared by any other department of the government.

Every package of park which goes to Germany or France must be stamped by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, who takes its exact weight, and every shipment of pork to those countries must be accompanied by a certificate issued by an inspector, showing that the meats have been properly inspected and giving the stamp number of every package. The inspector re-ports all the certificates issued with the num-ber of packages, the weight and destination

WHERE CONFUSION OCCURRED. "I do not pretend to know," he added. "how the figures of the Bureau of Statistics are made up, but, as some of the inspected pork is shipped to Germany by way of Holper in this country and the consignee and covering the entire amount of pork referred to in the statistics given out, but it now appears that the exports for March have been to the above transfers, four were larger than for any previous month. The total exports of microscopically inspected pork covered by the certificates issued during the month of March were 7,329,142 pounds, of which 5,527,644 pounds were destined for Germany, as compared with 5,229,386 pounds shipped to that country during February and 4,622,284 during January.
"The New York Tribune will find by refer

ence to a letter written by General W. B. Franklin, commissioner general to the Paris exposition, October 16, 1889, that its editor, Whitelaw Reid, stated 'That the small number of pork raisers in France should not require the whole nation to pay a higher price for so important an article of food as pork, merely for their benefit."

WHY BEEF IS HIGH. In a gard to the beef question, Dr. Salmon has reported to the secretary that there is an undoubted diminution of the class of cattle from which the beef supply is drawn. Taking the figures of the statistical division, which he believes to be approximately correct, and excluding dairy cows, there were in 1892 37,651,239 head of cattle in the United States, 578 to each 1,000 of population. In 1895 there are only 14,364,216 of such cattle, or 493 to each 1,000 of population. This shows a great diminution in the beef cattle of the

cattle in the stock yards is legitimate Under the circumstances the market should naturally be strong and the cattle be readily disposed of at advanced figures, instead of being weak and depressed, as it is constantly reported to be. The price of beef in the enstern cities has gone higher than is justified by the price of live cattle, and the reported break in the market for cattle on account of alleged decreased consumption has come in advance of any lowering on beef. In each case the effect has shown itself in advance of the cause. A letter has just been received at the department from a prominent and perfectly gentleman in central Illinois who states that the boef sold in his town is shipped there sometimes from Omaha and sometimes

The retail price of first quality meat, as good as ever found in any city, is for loir and porterhouse steaks and roasts 15 cents, and for round and rib roast of the best quality 12½ cents. As such meat can be shipped from Chicago to New York for less three-fourths of a cent per pound, it is dimcult for the department to see why the coneastern cities should be now forced to pay double these prices.

TIME FOR STRADDLERS IS PASSED. Secretary Morton Gives His Views on the

WASHINGTON, April 21.-Secretary Morton, in an interview on the silver question, said: "I do not believe that an international conference can establish permanently a commercial ratio between gold and silver, any more than it could establish a permanent commercial ratio between rye and wheat. But if an international ference can fix the price of or silver it can also fix the price of wheat or of any other commodity, and thereby avoid all the possible shrinkages in values

"My own judgment is that we must sooner or later declare that the United States of America recognizes gold as the best and least fluctuating measure of value and medium of exchange which the commerce of civilization

"It is barely possible the financial fallacies of the populists may temporarily se-cure a majority of the voters of the United Should such a catastrophe overtake the country the people must learn by ex-perience what they should have learned by diligent study and reason. The time for straddlers is passed. Those who are for sound currency on a gold basis ought to have the courage to say so and abide by the results of their declaration. It makes no difference to me whether a declaration of truth, either upon the tariff or the money question, temporarily drives votes from us

or allures them to us.
"I have no hesitation in declaring myself utterly opposed to all the free coinage fal-lacies. My judgment is that silver cannot be restored to its former monetary place in the commerce of this world, because silver production has outgrown the demand for giver in the exchanges of civilization. The relation of supply to demand is the sole regulator of value. This axiom applies alike to sait, silver, sugar and soap. All legisla-tion of all the law making bodies on the face of the globe can neither mitigate nor annul operation of the inexorable law, 'the relation of supply and demand is the sole regu-

"The president's critics, however, ask what sound money is. An ordinary man of business may answer that question. 'Sound money' is that sort of currency which has the most universal and least fluctuating purchasing power in the markets of all countries. That money is the soundest for which throughout the commerce of the civilized world, there is the most universal demand. And that universal demand is always based upon the universal and unfluctuating purchasing power of that money."

CAVALRY CHANGES IN THE WEST Arizona and Kansas Troops Will Exchange Places for the summer.

WASHINGTON, April 21.-Secretary Lamont has ordered four troops of the First cavairy, selected by the regiment commander and accompanied by Colonel Arnold and Major and accompanied by Colonel Arnold and Major Viele, now at Fort Grant, Ariz., to exchange places with four troops of the Seventh cavairy, accompanied by Colonel Sumner and rebeis as are applicable to the anarchists.

Major Baldwin, now at Fort Riley, Kan. The FORT to avail itself of the advantages of the cavalry school at Fort Riley. Lieutenant Colonel Carpenter of the Seventh will remain at Fort Riley as cavalry instructor.

PROPERTY WORTH MANY MILLIONS Real Estate Transferred by the War De-

RECENT RISE IN BEEF TOUCHED ON partment to the Interior Department. WASHINGTON, April 21 .- (Special.)-Inpector General Breckinridge has just prepared some valuable data on the various military reservations which have been abandoned and turned over to the Interior department for disposal. According to the statement, under the act of July 5, 1884, providing for the disposal of abandoned military reservations or portions thereof, ninety-six military ton was today shown the charge in the reservations or parts of that number have ert Low, commanding the Chitrai relief exthe Interior department, comprising 1,586,-186.49 acres, or an average of 16,522.78 acres figures of not correspond to the official fig-ures of the Bureau of Statistics and show a much greater aggregate than is given by that bureau. Secretary Morton said that the figures of the Department of Agricultura are just as accurate as the Bureau of Statistics, were relinquished on October 2, 1891. On account of this large tract, the year 1891 nearly equals that of 1884 in the number of acres transferred, amounting to 510,745.47, though there were actually only seven transfers in that year. There was only one other year in which the number of acres relinquished exceeded 100,000, namely, 1889, when eight reservations, comprising 108,200.73 acres, were transferred by the military. All other years witnessed a transfer of less than 100,000 acres, ranging from 920 acres in 1888, all contained one reservation, to 96,572.34 acres in 1890, stained in ten different reservations. In adlition to the year 1888, there were two other years, 1893 and 1894, in which only a single transfer took place. The smallest tracts transferred comprised 1.15 and 1.35 acres, and ocarred in 1886 and 1891 respectively.

Thirty-four reservations are reported as having had some improvements, and fifty-one had none, though the value of the improvements could not in many instances be accer-tained. In fourteen cases it has been given, amounting to \$232,129. The greatest value was attached to those at Little Rock bar-racks, with \$60,081, and the least at Camp Crittenden, Arizona, with \$150, and the value land, Belgium and other countries, it is possi-ble that the discrepancy arises from this pork being credited to those countries instead ments is reported as ranging from \$500 at of the country of ultimate destination. The Department of Agriculture not only has a Lyon, Colorado. The money value of the land complete list of shipments, showing the ship-

> nade previous to the act of July 5, 1884, inder the act of August 18, 1856, and one was nade subsequently under the act of January 1885. These five transfers comprised 9,388.60 acres and swell the total relinquished by the military to 1,595,575.09 acres.

DESIGNS FOR THE NEW GUNBOATS. Will Be Less Than One Thousand Tons

Displacement. WASHINGTON, April 21.-The Board of Naval Bureau Chiefs has been for the past week considering the designs of the six composite gunboats authorized to be constructed by the last congress. It was the intention to make these new vessels midway in size between the Petrel type and the Machias class. o they were fixed as of 973.6 tons displacenent, one purpose in keeping them just below 1,000 tons being to permit of the assignment to their command of energetic junior officers who might develop their executive faculties years before they could aspire to command larger gunboats and cruisers.

Since this size has been agreed upon, how-ever, there have been shown evidences of a disposition to reopen the subject and build letter was written by an American missionespecially designed for use in the upper given for fear the letter may find its way Chinese rivers, but it is improbable that this back to Armenia, and his life would be en-scheme will prevail, as the necessity for dangered, because he confirms the special especially designed for use in the upper American gunboats in such waters is not American gunboats in such waters is not ap- Armenian letter of the Associated press of parent in times of peace, and they could not last Friday. The missionary says the situpass forts in time of war.

But the feature of the plans which has break is imminent. He says the Armenians developed the widest difference of opinintend to fight for their liberty. Speaking ion is that of sail power, for the deion is that of sail power, for the de-signs prepared by the Construction Bureau information that Lenz was killed last May as a basis for the board's action include a full outfit of sails. The boats have been given a spread of canvas of 11,000 square feet. It would be desirable to give nore, but this could not be done without infringing upon the space otherwise now needed. This amount of canvas practically makes the gunboats full powered salling crafts, and in this they will be much differ ent from any other of the vessels of the new

It is thought that since the general adoplon of the twin screws the probabilities of accident have been so reduced as to justify sails being ignored altogether. Therefore, in the case of these new boats, Chief Con-structor Tichborne has taken the ground that a sail is useless, and that the boats should either abandon sail altogether or be supplied with full sail power enough to enable them to make long cruises and without using coal until an emergency grose that required them to make good speed. The Construction Bureau has adopted the latter views, in con sideration of the peculiar service for which these vessels are destined on foreign stations, where they may be safely placed in stead of larger ships in the interest of economy, and will thus often be in places where coal is difficult to obtain. For service in Samoa, in the Gulf of Mexico and the Carribbean sea and on the expensive Bering sea patrol, where speed is not an object at all times, the chief constructor holds that sail power will make the vessels of great value and that they will be the most economical cruisers of the navy.

Admirat Meade's Crosse Ended.

WASHINGTON, April 21. - Admiral Meade's cruise of evolution in the gulf of Mexico and the Carribean sea is at an en-Mexico and the Carribean sea is at an end and the ships will be headed homeward from Colon, where they are new, in a day or two. These movements are regarded as establishing the fact that our government does not expect any trouble in Nicaragua as a result of the British ultimatum that will jeopardize American interests.

Representative Hitt Very III. WASHINGTON, April 21.—The condition of Representative Hitt of Illinois is practically unchanged tonight. His physicians are in constant attendance and tonight consultation was held by two Washington physicians and a prominent specialist from Baltimore. He is desperately III, but there is still hope of his recovery.

Drowned While | oating on the Po'omac. WASHINGTON, April 21.-Two members of the Anacosta Episcopal church choir, irving Lyttle, aged 19, and Miss Kate Canter, aged 18, were drowned today by the upsetting of their row boat on the Catternace.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The Navy de-partment has been notified that the cruiser San Francisco has arrived at Alexandreda in southern Syria. She was two days over-due and there had been uneasiness in regard

Gresbam's Trip to New York. WASHINGTON, April 21.—Secretary State Gresham left Washington today for New York City. It is said that he goes on personal business and that the trip will be a very brief one.

Reads for the Such unn Ex cution. SING SING, April 21-Warden Sage at noon today sent out the twenty-seven invitations to the witnesses who are to be prestations to the witnesses who are to be present at the execution of Dr. Buchanan. The exact date of the execution has not yet been made public. This morning the warden received official notification from Governor Morton that he had refused to interfere. Buchanan's wife was admitted to the death house and remained with the man two hours. She left this afternoon for New York City, first stating that she would go to Albany tomorrow morning to intereste to Albany tomorrow morning to intercede with the governor in behalf of her husband.

Hard on Cuban Sebels.

CHITRAL RELIEVED

Advance Guard of British Forces Pushed Forward Rapidly.

DISPOSITION OF FORCES NOT KNOWN

Some Question to the Branch of the English Army Which First Reached the Garrison of the Threatened Post.

SIMLA, April 21.-Major General Sir Robbeen transferred by the War department to pedition, telegraphed this morning that Major Doane learned last night that the Chitral fort had been relieved. The news reached Major Doane through a reliable course, and it is expected that the confirmation will be received tomorrow. It is not known whether it was Colonel Kelly's or General Low's advance column that effected the relief. Shereafzul, who at one time was de facto ruler of Chitral and whose capture of the capital led to the British expedition, is said to have absconded.

A dispatch to the Times from the British camp near Barwa says it is reported the ameer of Afghanistan has granted asylum to Umra Khan, the invader of Chitral, and has given him two villages near Asmar.

VON KOTZE IS RAPIDLY RECOVERING.

Deciares His Intention of Challenging Others as Soon as He is Able.

BERLIN, April 21 .- Count von Kotze, the court chamberlain who on Saturday last fought a duel with Baron von Reischach, another court chamberlain, and was wounded by a pistol shot in the hip, as a result of his determination to punish those whom he considers to have been instrumental in casting upon him the suspicion of writing the series of anonymous communications last year, which caused so much trouble in high circles, is rapidly recovering from his wound. He is receiving numerous marks of sympathy from the emperor and from the court, as well as from all the members of the diplomatic corps. Emperor William sent him a hand-

bullet has not yet been extracted.

Immediately on his recovery Count von Kotze declares he will send challenges to two other detractors. Baron von Schroeder, fight, but Prince von Fursrenberg and Prince Henry of Reyss are mentioned as likely to be challenged if the court of honor which will be formed to consider the affair will permit it, though the opinion prevails that the court will decide that, as blood has been shed, the matter must be considered settled. Prince Hohenlohe, the chancellor, has been appealed to to stop any further ducling, but he has declined to interfere, declaring it to be a matter for military authority.

LENZ WAS KILLED BY THE KURDS.

American Wheelman Mardered During One of the Armenian Massacres.

PITTSBURG, April 21.—Relatives of Frank Lenz, the Pittsburg cyclist, who was making a trip around the world on his wheel for the Outing Magazine, are now convinced be was murdered by the Kurds in Armenia at the beginning of the massacres there. T. P. Langhans, cousin of the wheelmen, has just ion of the court has been prepared or when received a letter confirming this belief. The it will be handed down. It is not considered ation is serious and the danger of an out-break is imminent. He says the Armenians at Koordali on the Alishgard plain, near the famous pass of Deli-ba-Raka. The mission-ary talked with a man who says Lenz ar-rived at Kharakalessen on what the native was a two-wheeled cart. Two days later the man saw the dead body of the wheelman at Zeedikan. From the description given there is little doubt it was the missionary has sent for hree men who also saw the body and exects to be able to tell just how Lenz met

JAPAN RATIFIES THE PEACE TREATY. Formally Acknowledged at Hiroshims

Saturday by the Emperor. YOKOHAMA, April 21,-A dispatch from Hiroshima, the temporary headquarters of Japan, states that his majesty ratified the treaty of peace on Saturday.

treaty of peace on Saturday.

LONDON, April 21.—The Standard contends that Great Britain does not need to take the initiative in interfering with China and Japan. If the other powers, it adds, want to modify the treaty of peace, let them act. Great Britain's policy is one of quiet, vigilant self-protection.

A Paris dispatch to the Times says that the Journal des Debats comments upon Great Britain's apparent isolation in her pro-Japanism. The paper appeals for the European consent to present a modification of the peace treaty before it is too late.

A dispatch to the Times from Kobe says on April 13 and 11 lifty-eight transports left Ujini for Tallen-Wan, with 36,699 Japanese troops, It is believed that these troops are destined to make a descent upon Taku and Shan-Hai-Wan directly the armistice shall expire.

tice shall expire.
YOROHAMA, April 21.—The government has issued a statement denying that it has concluded an offensive and detensive alliance with China and declaring that the commercial advantages secured by Japan under the terms of the treaty will also be enjoyed by the other powers under the most favored nation treaty.

Russia Will Protect Her Interests.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 21,-The stron rotests of the Russian press against the Japanese annexing the Liao-Tung penin sula are fully endorsed by the Russian gov sula are fully endorsed by the Russian government. Much irritation is expressed at the reported change of Great Britain in favor of Japan, as being calculated to paralyze for a time a common agreement between the powers, which is essential to the exercise of pressure upon Japan. Russia, according to semi-official utterances, does not approve of the treaty, and, acting in agreement with the powers, will protect her interests, even if England holds aloof.

Walter a Prisoner in France MARSEILLES, April 21.-John L. Waller ormerly American consul at Tamatave who was brought to this port on the who was brought to this port on the steamer Diemmah, after having been tried by a French court martial and sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment on the charge of having been a spy in the interest of the Hovas, was taken from the steamer by the police and lodged in jail, after having been registered as a prisoner.

A dispatch to the Times from Paris says that it is probable ex-Consul Waller will be confined in Corsica.

Must Settle with France.

PARIS, April 21.-The Temps, referring to a statement that an agreement had been to a statement that an agreement had been arranged between Great Britain and Newfoundland on the French shore question, insists that this matter must be settled to France's approval before Newfoundland enters the Dominion of Canada.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., April 21.—The delegates who went to Ottawa to treat for the entrance of Newfoundland into the Dominion arrived home today.

Williams and De Lome Sail for America. HAVANA, April 21 .- Consul Williams, the ecent representative of the United States government at Havana, M. Dupuy de Lome. the new Spanish minister to the United States, and Dr. Burgess sailed today for America on the Yucatan.

Tellow t ever at Santos.

BUENOS AYRES, April 21.—Yellow fever of the severest form is reported at Sentos.

The deaths number six daily.

Imagined they were caused by a burning ship at sea. On his return south the next day, been enlarged and new dipping works put been enlarged and new dipping works put in. Forty shearers are now regularly emthe island, and then saw that it emanated from a peak on the island.

WORK OF THE SUPREME COURT. THINK DURRANT IS CUILTY Important Decisions to Be Rendered Before

WASHINGTON, April 21 .- It is generally California Authorities Slowly Weaving a believed the United States supreme court will, before the adjournment of the present Net of Circumstantial Evidence. term, render a decision in the case involv-

ing the validity of foreign judgments in

of a rehearing in the income tax cases, this is probably the most important matter be-Bloody Shoe Belonging to Rev. J. George fore the court, and the fact that notwithstanding the cases were argued during the terms of 1893-94 and still are undecided, it Gibson Found in the Church Where the Crimes Were Committed would appear to indicate the members of the court have encountered difficulties in dealing by the Police.

with them. There are two of these cases, but the points involved are so much alike SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.-The police be equal a decision in the other.

The first of the cases is that of Samuel J. are still busy in picking up the threads and weaving their net of circumstantial evidence Ritchle versus James M. McMullin, and it is an appeal from a decision of the United in the Emanuel Baptist church murder cases, so as to leave no weak mesh through which States circuit court for the northern dis- so as to leave no weak mesh through which triet of Ohlo, affirming the judgment of a the accused can escape, for they believe Canadian court in McMullin's behalf against Ritchie. The second is that of Henry Hilton and others versus Gustav B. Guyot, from the United States circuit court for the southern district of New York, affirming a dedision against Hilton and Libbey, successors as the evidence in that case is said to be and men be to A. T. Stewart & Co., for the sum of much stronger against the prisoner than in danger. the case of the killing of Miss Williams.

In the latter case Guyot appears as the official liquidator of the affairs of the firm of Charles Fortin & Co., gleve manufacturers of Paris. It appears that in 1885 Stewart & promise to perform a criminal operation on entered into an agreement with Portin & her to save her from disgrace, and that to sell in this country all the gloves the when she shricked in agony he caught her by the throat to stifle her cries and choked her to death, Dr. Barret, the city autopsy French firm could manufacture and to divide the profits equally. In 1879 there was a dis-agreement and the French firm sued the physician, stated the rumor was without foundation. He says he took especial care agreement and the French firm sued the New York house in the tribunal of Paris and obtained a judgment. The case was appealed to the Paris court of appeals, but the judgment was affirmed. In the meantime in the matter of the autopsy, and he is satis-fied that no criminal operation was per-formed. He also states that both young Jungment was animals.

Stewart & Co. had closed the house which they had hitherto maintained in Paris and sold their property there. The Paris firm knife wounds in Marian Williams' body were not the cause of her death. then entered suit in the federal circuit court of New York and asked for the execution of

IMPLICATING THE PREACHER. Among the gruesome exhibits in the case is one that was quietly taken to police headthe decree of the French courts, maintaining the sufficiency of the judgments of the foreign courts. The circuit judge gave a judg-ment for the full amount. Hilton & Libbey, quarters and locked up, and not until a late hour last night did the police acknowlas the successors of Stewart & Co., then brought the case to the supreme court of the United States, where it was twice argued edge they had it. This exhibit is a shoe and on its sole are dark spots that were made when the wearer stepped into a pool for Guyot by Messrs. William G. Choate and of blood that came from the body of Miss William D. Shipman and by Messrs. James C. Carter and Elihu Root for Hilton & J. George Gibson, paster of the church, and Sunday, just after the finding of the body of purchasing seed grain to be distributed Enormous interests are involved in the de-

some floral present in the shape of an Easter egg, which was placed by his bedside. The bullet has not yet been extracted.

Immediately on his recovery Count von citizens, the validity of which depends upon the complete the suspicious interests are involved in the description of Miss Lamont.

This statement has created a sensation and gives those who have been hinting that citizens, the validity of which depends upon the control of the suspicious control of the suspicious citizens. Kotze declares he will send challenges to the decision in these cases. The lawyers opportunity to emphasize their suspicions, two other detractors. Baron von Schroeder, his direct successor in office, he disdains to fight, but Prince von Fursrenberg and Prince fight, but Prince von Fursrenberg and Prince Henry of Reyss are mentioned as likely to effect of the judgments of the courts ren-dered in one nation by the courts of an-have worn them in his bloddy undertaking.

ther. Many decisions have been rendered n England, but they appear to have left DEFAULTER AYMAR ARRAIGNED. Ex-Clerk of the Shoe and Leather National Messrs. Carter and Root haid down the Bank Given a Hearing.

proposition in their argument on the Hilton case that the question of the conclusiveness NEW YORK, April 21 .- Samuel E. Aymar, of a foreign judgment depends upon the cir-cumstances under which it was rendered. and where it was not so conclusive as to preclude inquiry into the original merits of the controversy, when the state is under the controversy, when the state is under quarters until Monday afternoon, when he will again be arraigned in court. Aymar quiry to give him at least one full and fair was accompanied to court by Lawyer Frank away. Angell, who was also counsel for Samuel C. Seeley, a brother-in-law of Aymar, who also robbed the same bank of a large sum of money. Aymar was visibly excited when he was arraigned. None of the bank officials were in court, but Secretary Thomson of the company which was on the prisoner's bond. pon its original merits.
This opportunity, they claim, was denied them in this case. It is understood a decision has been reached by the court in the case, but it is not known whether the opincompany which was on the prisoner's bond while he was a clerk in the bank, was presprobable, however, that the court will again llow the matter to go over through a recess. ent, but took no part in the proceedings M'COOK RETIRES FROM THE ARMY Angell said the bank officials had broken faith with him. He said that on last Mon-

day Aymar came to him and told him he had robbed the bank of \$20,000. Aymar, said the lawyer, was going to United States Commissioner Shields and give himself up. "I advised him not to do so, but that I would go to the bank officials and tell them about it. I saw President John M. Crane retires from the army tomorrow, a step made and told him what Aymar had told mealso saw Vice President Hiltner. They sured me they would not cause the arrest of Aymar immediately, but would look into the matter, and would notify me before the arrest was made. Instead of doing this President Crane immediately secured a warrant and had Aymar arrested without in-forming me. I suppose they thought Aymar yould run away, and that the bond would

When asked if he thought there had been ny collusion between Aymar and his rother-in-law, Angell said: "I am positive Seeley did not know one thing about the thefts of Aymar, and when he hears about he will be as surprised as anybody."

McCook on its active rolls, It is a mos-ORDER OF ELKS FOR HARMONY, noteworty fact that General Daniel McCook, father of General McCook, who will be re-Officers of the Grand Lodge Make a Statetired tomorrow, and nine sons were all in the field fighting for their country at one ment of the Case.

CLEVELAND, O., April 21 .- The officers of the grand lodge of the Order of Elks said today: "Indications are that the friction which has existed in the Order of Elks during the past year will be amicably settled, all differences adjusted and the order be stronger than ever."

and R. H. Tyler, who have been examining In accordance with the resolutions adopted at the meeting held in Chicago on March o the Board of County Commissioners in 18, at which both factions were represented, more than 200 of the 300 lodges of the order have indersed the action taken and decided to send grand lodge members to the meeting to be held in Buffalo May 20. Grand Exalted call for the special meeting, stating that the sentiment in the organization is to meet as brothers, allow no questions of personal in-terest to intervene, and the prediction that the order will be stronger in the future than It has been in the past is made. There is assurance from leading members that the Buffalo meeting will result in complete harmony

n the ranks. Hon. A. M. Foran, a prominent member of the order, who was the attorney for the Atlantic City faction in the recent litigation here, said tonight there was no truth in the report of the probable settlement of the difficulties. He declares the action of the of the grand lodge be sent to the Buffalo NEW YORK, April 21.—The Ward line meeting was illegal, and that it will be re-teamer Micaragua arrived this morning considered at the next meeting. Foran says the contest between the two factions will be waged to the end, and he is confiden the side he represents will win.

GOLD MINING IN NORTH CAROLINA. Finding of an Enormous Nugget Causes

armed. Many encounters have already taken lace, in which the government troops have Much Excitement. RALEIGH, N. C., April 21.-Gold miners of these engagements, the passengers said and claimed a victory wherever they had the from the west are arriving at Piedmont section of North Carolina and there is an outslightest encounter with the insurgents. The Spanish troops lately arrived from Spain break of mining fever. The discovery of a were said to be in a wretched state, having suffered greatly from yellow fever and from nugget weighing eight pounds and five ounces n Stanley county has increased interest in fatigue in pursuing small bodies of the inmining. Four hundred miners from the west are expected within sixty days. Western men purchased the McAmetty mine yesterday, Inventor Edison has bought a mine near Charlotte, at which he expects to develop a new WITNESSED A VOLCANIC ERUPTION. process for the treatment of North Carolina UKIAH, Cal., April 21.-A small unnamed

CHEYENNE, April 21.-(Special.)-State Fish Commissioner Schniter estimates that gate about 800,000 trout this season. The last legislature entablished branch hatch eries at Sundance and Sheridan, in the northern part of the state. The commis-sioner states that they will add 300,000 mor-to the output.

More Than a Million Trout.

to the output. Sheep Shearing at Rawlins. RAWLINS, Wyo., April 21 .- (Special.)-

PRAYED FOR RAIN AND GOT IT MORMON WITH MANY WIVES Sudden Storm in Texas Results Disastrously for Moody's Congregation.

FORT WORTH, Tex., April 21 .- All of Texas has needed rain so much that the great evangelist, Dwight L. Moody, called upon his audience of 8,000 Christians to pray fervently that the flood gates might be opened courts of this country. Barring the question | NEW FEATURE OF THE CELEBRATED CASE This was at 3 p. m. today. Tonight, when the tabernacle was crowded by 10,000 peo ple, Mr. Moody announced word had come from several points that rain had fallen. A few minutes later the storm burst on Fort Worth and torrents of rain fell. Then Mr. Moody gave thanks to God and called upon the congregation to join in singing "Corons tion" and "All Hail the Power of Jesus Name.

> There was a panic. Scores upon scores of His attitude and coolness stopped the panic

> taken out and carried to their homes or to

Will J. Parley, left leg crushed, back in-and it is claimed that he has been living with his plurals by turns since her demise ired; seriously hurt.

Mrs. Mary Murphy, cut on head and left and also before.

Miss Scarson, cut on face and right arm. Miss Lulu Haley, cut on face. J. W. Manchester, cut on shoulder and left

Mrs. Morgan Logan, wife of city treasurer, cut on shoulder.
Some forty others were slightly hurt.

CAN THE STATE BUY SEED GRAIN? Validity of the South Dakota Relief Law Heing Tested in Court.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 21.-(Special.) -A very important question is to be decided within a few days by the supreme court of this state. The last legislature passed a THREE UTAH RANCHMEN MURDERED. J. George Gibson, paster of the church, and law authorizing the county commissioners of it was found in his study in the edifice last any county to issue bonds for the purpose among the needy farmers. Nearly every county in the state has taken advantage of rounding the disappearance of three young this law to help out farmers who were men who lived in the vicinity of Utah short on seed grain. In this (Min- lake, near Lehi, U. T., is gradually being the issuance of warrants by the county for about two months ago on a suit brought by the payment of this grain on the ground Oliver Slade. that the law under which the commissioners National bank, was arraigned in the Tombs police court before Justice Voorhis yesterday

Murder in Alabams. MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 21.-A special to the Courier-Journal says: A gentleman in the vicinity of the murders. Some arrests who arrived at 9 o'clock tonight from Green. are expected tomorrow. ville, Ala., forty miles south of here, reports that five negroes were lynched there last night, just before his train left Greenville. Tonight the sheriff of the county came into town and reported that in passing Buckalow plantation, three miles from town, he had found the five negroes, three men and two vomen, hanging by their necks to trees, their bodies cold. They evidently had been dead some hours.

Last night news reached Greenville of the brutal murder near Butler in that county of Watts Murphy, a popular young white man, by the negroes. Murphy was a prominent young farmer, being a nephew of the late Governor Watts of this city. After murder-ing him the murderers placed his body in a bush heap and burned the heap. The debris was examined and the teeth, liver and heart of the victim were found, the balance of the

body having been consumed.

Three negroes were arrested and one of them confessed the crime, implicating two other negro men and two negro women. The officers secured and were closely guarding the prisoners when last heard of last night. The report tonight does not give the details of how the mob secured the murderers, except that they were taken by force. A telegram from Greenville confirms the

story. DESTROYED A HERD OF SHEEP. Colorado Cattlemen Accused of Some High Handed Work.

DENVER, April 21 .- A special to the Re publican from Red Cliff, Colo., says: Sheriff Crumley returned today from the Herwick ranch on Catamount creek, rixteen miles from Ruler William Frieday of Brocklyn issued the Wolcott, where J. L. Herwick's herd of 200 sheep were killed Thursday night.

The vandals went into the pen on foot, beginning by cutting the throats, but this being too slow, they seen began using a hammer. This was the only herd of sheep in the county and was the cause of a meeting of the cattle-men of Grand, Eagle and Routt counties at Mirror, when it was resolved that no sheep should be allowed on the cattle range. Her-wick stated that he would dispose of his sheep as quickly as possible if given time to get them into condition to market. This was granted and citizens all over the county are very indignant. Herwick had announced his intention of leaving the grazing business and working his placer property on the Grand river near his home. More trouble is confidently expected.

MAY CHANGE MANY FREIGHT RATES. Interstate Commerce Commission to Hold

an Important Session in Denver. DENVER, April 21.-Four members of he Interstate Commerce commission arrived in the city today and will begin an Important ession here tomorrow. Simultaneously came a host of railroad men from all parts of the region west of the great lakes. The principal cases to be heard are those filed by the Colorado Iron company, manufacturers of iron nails, etc., and George J. Kindel of Denver, mattressmaker. It is alleged in the emplaints that the same freight rate is charged on freight shipped from New York to San Francisco. It is also charged that the railroads charge as much for transport-ing Colorado made goods to the Pacific coast as for similar goods consigned from the east. Vice President Stubbs of the Southern Pacific, who will attend the hearing, claims that a decision favorable to the complainants would mean a complete overturning of every through rate to California points and would affect every transcontinental line.

Five Loyal Militia Companies.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 21 .- (Special.) Notwithstanding the failure of the last egislature to appropriate any money for the maintenance of the state militia, the following companies have voted to keep up their organization and stand the expense of so doing: Company B, Sioux Falls; company H, Watertown; company F. Aberdeen; company D, Eik Point; company M, Rapid City.

Millionaire John Beck of Salt Lake Charged

with Polygamy. WILL BE ARRESTED WITH THE WOMEN

Not a Church Official but Prominent in the Faith-Said to Be Living Openly In Defiance of the

Law.

The song had surged forth from 10,000 voices when a crackling noise was heard and the roof sank and the rafters gave way, and the heavy timbers and boards covered with tar millionaire, will be arrested either tonight and gravel came down on a portion of the con- or early tomorrow morning on a complaint charging him with unlawful cohabitation with three alleged plural wives. The comsomen fainted, some men lost their heads and piled pell mell over those nearest them. It moody grasped the situation, and, moy- United States commissioner and warrants Mr. Moody grasped the situation and form, lifted both issued, but no arrests have been made for bands, moving his arms slowly to and from the reason that Beck is in Eureka, looking nd men began to go to work to rescue those after his immense mining interests, and is net expected home until tonight or tomorrow A drenching rain was falling, but they morning. The women, however, will in all worked hard and the wounded were soon probability be arrested tenight. They are Louis and Bertha Goss, sisters, and Matilda The casualties: J. V. Ingraham, cut on Goss, a cousin. Bertha is the youngest of The casualties: J. V. Ingraham, cut on head and chest, arm hurt, internal injuries; the two and has a child about 3 months old. Back's real wife died about four months ago, will J. Parley, left leg crushed, back in-

> and also before.
>
> Being a leading Mormon, although not a church official, and a very wealthy man, Beek's arrest will cause a profound sensation, as he is the first prominent Mormon that has been officially charged with polyg-amy in this city for several years, it having been the policy of the present administration to let polygamism severely alone. As to whether or not Beck's arrest is the keynote of a vigorous campaign to be waged against prominent violators of the Edmunds-Tucker law it is impossible to say, but it is not likely, as under present conditions such a campaign would in all probability defeat statehood and aggravate the present unsettled state of affairs in the territory,

Mystery Surrounding a Remarkable Case Sudden'y Cleared Up.

SALT LAKE, April 21.—The mystery sur-

The three men were missed some time proceeded is unconstitutional. The section ago, and on Monday last the body of Hayes of the constitution alleged to have been vio- was found near the lake shore. Death had lated reads: "Neither the state, nor any been caused by two gunshot wounds. Late county, township or municipality, shall lean yesterday afternoon the bodies of Johnson or give its credit or make donations to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation except for the necessary support of the bodies presented a sickening sight. murders probably occurred in February. The murdered men were all cousins and were

has been the scene of many tragedies be-

The coroner's jury examined the bodies today and will continue the investigation at Lehi tomorrow. The excitement runs high, and especially among the ranchmen

LARGE DENVER FIRM ASSIGNS. lardware Manufacturing Company Takes

Steps to Protect Its Creditors DENVER, April 21 .- The Denver Hardware Manufacturing company has made an assignment to Alex C. Foster, for the benefit of creditors. Frank N. Briggs, first vice president and manager of the company, stated today that the company was entirely solvent and that the assignment was made so that neither the company nor those who held its paper would suffer. The inventory taken in February showed the assets to be \$123,000, but the schedule to be filed tomor-row shows that the liabilities are about \$20,-000 in accounts and a trust deed for \$50,000 dated the 1st of last November.

Richard Reidy, an agent of Arnold, Con-stable & Co. of New York, wholesale dry goods dealers, has taken possession of the stock of the Flanders Dry Goods company in this city under a chattel mortgage for \$40,000. It is understood that the liabilities of the firm amount to about \$80,000, and that Arnold, Constable & Co. are the largest reditors. T. H. Flanders, president of the company, said that the mortgage was one of the results of the hard times, but he thought the present embarrassment would

be only temporary. CARSON MINT EMPLOYE ARRESTED. harged with Stealing Large Quantities of

Gold at Various Times SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—Henry Piper has been arrested by N. R. Harris, the United States secret service agent, on a tharge of stealing gold and silver from the Carson mint. The warrant says it was taken from E. A. Seabriskie, the melter and reiner, and places the value of the amount at \$100. It is claimed, however, that he is held responsible for the loss of several thou-

and dollars worth of bullion. Piper was formerly employed in the smelt-ing and refining department of the mint. He took his lunch in a tin bucket. Stories told at the time of his discharge, nearly two years ago, are to the effect that he carried large quantities of granulated gold out with him in his bucket when he went home. His discharge came through an accusation to this effect by one of the watchmen emloyed in the mint. Piper has been living n Berkeley.

The work of shipping bullion from the Carson mint is now in progress. The second onsignment has now arrived here.

IMMENSE RESERVOIR PURCHASED.

Columbia Colonization Company Ready for Irrigation on an Extended Plan. SAN BERNARDING, Cal., April 21.-The Victor Reservoir company has sold its property to the Columbia Colonization company of Chicago. C. H. Heward of Farm, Field and Fireside, and his brother, General O. O. Howard, came here recently with a civil engineer and carefully examined the Victor reservoir site and made s favorable report, which resuited in the sale. It is proposed the reservoir will contain, when full, 127,721,404,000 standard gallons of water, sufficient to irrigate 220,000 acres of land, supplying an inch of

This reservoir site lies near Victor, Cal., on the north side of the mountains. The new company proposes to begin construction of a dam that will impound a lake of water nine miles long and five miles wide, and will be fed by the Mojave river.

Wyoming's Share of Land Sales.

CHEYENNE, April 21 .- (Special.)-Governor Richards has received a draft for \$1,773.95 from the commissioner of the general land office, the same being the amount due the state for the 5 per cent of the net proceeds of the sale of public lands in Wyoming during the year ending June 30, 139. The total amount of sales was \$32,-46.40