special order for this afternoon by the following vote.

Yeas-Akers, Hlack, Bauer, Caldwell, Crawford, Crawford, Nays-

Pope, Rathbun, The senate then, after reading and passing neveral bills, took a recess until 2 o'clock. SMALL CHANCE FOR AMENDMENT.

After recess the contest was renewed. Mc-Keeby offered a bill embodying Governor Holcomb's suggestions, and it was read the first time, according to law. McKesby endeavored to make the bill, together with the message, a special order for tomorrow afternoon. His motion to that effect was vigorously combatted by Sican, who insisted that, under the metion agreed to this morning, the present afternoon should be devoted to the exprestions of courtesy toward the chief executive The vote or McKeeby's motion stood 16 to 10. The lieutenant governor held that, as the motion took a bill out of its regular order, it would require a two-thirds majority to change Sloan insisted on the rule and so the whole matter was dropped.

Under the present situation the bill intro-duced this afternoon by McKeeby will be read the second time tomorrow and referred to the committee on agriculture. When that committee is ready it will report it back to the senate, and it will have to take its place at the foot of the file, where it will have to remain until it is reached in the regular course of business or taken out of its reg-ular place and advanced by a two-thirds vote of the senate.

FULL TEXT OF THE NEW LAW.

Provisions of the Bill Intended to Protect the Churns of Nebruska.

LINCOLN, March 5 .- (Special.)-The full text of the bill introduced by Senator Sloan, passed by both branches of the legislature and signed by the governor today, is:

A bill for an act concerning imitation but-ter and imitation cheese. Defining the same; prohibiting their being colored in semblance of butter and cheese; regulat-ling their manufacture, shipping and sale, and protecting the consumers at the table, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof. it Enacted by the Legislature of the

State of Nebraska: Section 1. That for the purposes of this Section 1. That for the purposes of this act every article, substitute or compound, other than that produced from pure milk, or cream from the same, made in the semblance of butter and designed as a substitute for butter made from pure milk, or cream from the same, is hereby declared to be imitation butter. And that for the purposes of this act every article, substance or compound, other than that produced from pure milk, or cream from the same, made in the semblance of cheese and designed to be used as a substitute for cheese made from pure milk, or cream from the same, is hereby declared to be imitation cheese. Provided, that the use of sait, remet and other harmless coloring matter for coloring the product of pure milk, or cream, shall product of pure milk, or cream, shall be construed to render such product

an imitation.

Sec. 2. No person, firm or corporation, by himself, his agents, servants or employes, shall coat, powder or color with annatto, or any coloring matter whatever, any substance designed as a substitute for butter or cheese, whereby such substitute or product so colored or compounded shall be made to resemble butter or cheese, the product of the dairy. No person, firm or corporation, by himself, his agents, or servants, or employes, shall combine any animal fat, or vegetable oil, or a combination of the two, or with either one, any other substance or substances whatever; or combine with annatto, or compound with the same, or any substance or substances containing annatto. natto, or compound with the same, or any substances containing annatto, or compounds of the same, or any substances or substances containing annatto, or compounds of the same, or any coloring matter whatever, with imitation butter, or imitation cheese, as defined in the first section of this act, for the purpose or with the effect of impariting thereto a yellow color, or any shade of yellow, so that such imitation butter, or semblance of natural butter or cheese, nor sell, nor have in his possession, nor keep for sale, nor offer for sale, any imitation butter, or imitation cheese, made or manufactured, compounded or produced, in violation of this section, whether such imitation butter or imitation cheese shall be made or produced in this state or elsewhere. Every tub, firkin or box containing imitation butter, or imitation cheese, so produced, manufactured, sold, had in possession, kept for sale, or offered for sale, shall constitute, and is hereby declared, a separate and distinct offense on the part of the person, firm or corporation so producing, manufacturing, selling, having in possession, keeping for sale, or offering for sale, said tub, firkin or box, and every person, firm or corporation violating any one of the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than ten (\$10.00) dollars, nor more than twenty (\$20.00) for each offense; and further provided, that this section shall not be construed to prohibit the manufacture and sale, under the regulations hereinafter provided, of substances designed to be used as a substitute for butter or cheese, and not manufactured or colored as herein prohib-

a substitute for butter or cheese, and not manufactured or colored as herein prohib-Sec. 3. Every person, firm or corporation, who lawfully manufacture any substance designed to be used as a substitute for but-ter or cheese, shall mark, by branding

stamping or stenciling, upon the top and side of each tub, firkin or hox, or other package, in which such article be kent, and in which it shall be removed from the place where it is produced, in a clean, legible and durable manner, in the Enclish language, the words, "Imitation butter," or "Imitation cheese," as the case may be, in printed letters, in than Roman type, each of which the party one inch in width.

See, 4. No person, firm or corporation, by himself, his agents servants or employed, shall ship, consign or forward by any common carrier, whether public or private, any substance designed to be used as a substitute for butter or cheese, and no carrier shall knowingly receive the same for the purpose of forwarding or transporting, unless it be manufactured and marked as provided in the preceding sections of this act, and unless it be consigned by the carrier and receipted for by its true name. Provided, that this act shall not apply to any goods in transit between foreign states across the state of Nebraska.

See, 6. No person, servants or employed, shall have in his possession or under his control, any substance designed to be used as a substitute for butter or cheese, urfless the time first, box or other package containing the same be clearly and durably marked, as provided, that this section shall not be so construed as to apply to persons who have the same in their possession for the setual consumption of themselves or family. Every person, firm or corporation, by himself, his agents, servants or employes, having in his possession or control any substance designed to be used as a substitute for butter or cheese, which is not marked as required by the provisions of this act, shall be presumed to have known during the time of such possession or control any substance designed to be used as a substitute for butter or cheese, and no person, firm or corporation, by himself, his agents, servants or employes, shall sell any substance designed to be used to be used for a substitute for butter or cheese, and

signed as a substitute is sold, used or disposed of, which card shall be white, and in size not less than ten by fourteen (19214) inches, upon which shall be printed in plain, black. Roman letters, not less in size than one inch in length and one-half inch in width, the words "Imitation butter used here," or "Imitation cheese used here," as the case may be, and said cards shall not contain any other words than the ones above prescribed. Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) nor over fifty dollars (\$25.00), or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than thirty (30) days.

Sec. 8. Whoever shall violate any of the provisions of sections three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6) and nine (9) of this act shall, for the first offense, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) nor more than fifty dollars (\$25.00) or by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, the forest with subservers offense by a fine

of not less than twenty-nve dollars (25.00), or by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days. And for each subsequent offense by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (35.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (35.00), or by imprisonment in the county jail of not less than thirty days nor more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2. No action can be maintained on account of any sale or other contract made in violation of, or with itent to violate, any of the provisions of this act by or through any person, firm or corporation who was knowingly a party to such wrongful sale or other contract. Whoever shall mutilate, obscure, conceal, efface, cancel or remove any mark provided for by this act, or cause or permit the same to be done, with intent to mislead, deceive or to violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

srovisions of this act shall be guilty of a nisdemeanor.

Sec. 10. Whoever sells, or offers for sale, to any person who asks, sends or inquires for butter, imitation butter, or imitation cheese, or any substance made in imitation of or semblance of pure butter, not made entirely from milk of cows, with or without coloring matter, shall be guilty of fraud and punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$55.00) nor more than lifty dollars (\$55.00) for each offense.

Sec. 11. All acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

SOME OF THE SHORTEST DILLS.

Measures Pending in the Senate Contained

in a Single Paragraph. LINCOLN, March 5 .- (Special.) -- Some very brief measures have been introduced at the present session, some of them so brief as to of especial interest, as will be seen by the following paragraphs, each of which is a

complete bill in itself: Senate file No. 30, by Stewart, provides that "all notices of and by publication reprired to be made by any state, county and ourt officials in the state of Nebraska, which have application, interest or reference to any particular locality, shall hereafter be published in the newspaper published nearest to said locality interested or referred to." Senate file No. 31, by Stewart, pr

provides a legal tender for all debts in the state Nebraska; provided that nothing in this shall be so construed as to interfere with the legal tender power of national cur-

erson shall be sentenced to be hung such unishment shall be inflicted inside of the walls of the state penitentiary and such hangng shall be under the general direction of the warden of said penitentiary."
Senate file No. 47, by Dale: "That school districts with less than \$5,000 of assessed valuation may at the annual meeting in any ear determine by a majority vote of the lectors present the number of mills on the

not exceed 35 mills on the dollar in any one

dollar of the assessed valuation of said dis-

of the term."

Senate file No. 63, by Saunders: "No person shall be eligible to the office of judge of the county court in any county having a population of 5,000 or more unless he be at least 25 years of age and a citizen of the limited States nor unless he shall have re-United States, nor unless he shall have re- nor exonerate him of the charge, sided in the state for at least one year next preceding his election, nor unless he shall aimed at the have been regularly admitted to practice as an attorney at law in the state and remained as an attorney in good standing at the bar

Senate file No. 72, by Sprecher: "All trains carrying passengers shall stop at the railroad station in each county seat a sufficient length of time to permit passengers in the county jail not more than six months. to go upon or alight from such trains in safety.

safety."

Senate file No. 76, by Pope: "Chapter of the laws of 1891, entitled an act to provide for the depository of state and county funds, approved April 8, 1891, be and the same is hereby repealed."

hereby repealed. TO REGISTER FOR PRIMARIES.

senator Smith's Plan to Protect the Orig-

inal Flections in Cities. LINCOLN, March 5 .- (Special.) -- Senator Smith of Douglas county has been extremely fortunate in securing the passage of the neasures he has fathered at the present ession. None of his bills have been mere aportant than the one providing for the registration of voters for primary elections in cities of the metropolitan and first classes. This bill is designed to surround the primary elections with the same safeguards thrown around the regular city and state elections Under the proposed law every elector wish ing to vote at a primary election must either register before a regular appointed board or establish his right to do so by affidavit. The registration books shall show the name of the elector, his place of residence so clearly stated that it may be easily found, the date and place of his birth, date and place of naturalization, term of resi-dence in state, county and ward. If any elector shall fall to register he may be entitled to vote at the primary election if he can prove by two witnesses, residents of the same ward and of well known character and good repute, that he was prevented from registering; 1. for the reason that he was absent from the city on business; 2, that he was sick; 3, that he was detained by sickness in his family; 4, that he was in atjuror; 5, that he is a public official and his duties prevented him from registering, or 6, that he is a physician or surgeon, and was in attendance upon patients at the time of registration.

Seed Grain for York County Farmers. M'COOL JUNCTION, Neb., March 5 .-(Special.)-The \$10,000 worth of county varrants assigned by the county commissioners to T. W. Smithe of this place for the purpose of purchasing seed grain and grain for feed to be sold to York county farmers who are unable to provide themselves with grain, will, judging from large numbers of applications received, only supply one-fifth of the amount asked for. No applications will be received after March 10. York county is one of the banner agricultural counties. The 1894 crop exceeded that of a number of counties and equaled nearly that of any county in the state. It will take \$20,000 to \$50,000 to supply farmers of this

vide themselves with grain. In Memory of T. M. Marquett. LINCOLN. March 5 .- (Special Telegram.)-Memortal services in honor of the late Hon. Turner M. Marquette were held today in the supreme court room. Appropriate resolu-tions of respect were adopted and eulogistic speeches made by Judge Cobb, ex-Governor Dawes, ex-Attorney General Hastings, At-torneys A. O. Abbott, Woolworth and others. The service was in accordance with resolu-tions passed several weeks since.

Pones Indian Severely Burned. NIOBRARA, Neb., March 5 .- (Special.)-Sirike Feather, a Ponca Indian, while asleep in his tepee on the Niebrara valley, was burned acarly to death yesterday morning He was alone in the topes and it is supposed that the high wind of Saturday night fanned the fixmes of the fire inside and burned the

SUGAR BOUNTY BILL PASSED No. 67, by Burgs of Dodgo, providing for the payment of five-eighths of 1 cent a pound

House Agrees to the Bonus as it Was Proposed by the Senate.

BARRETT SCOTT BILL ALSO CARRIES

Strict Party Vote on Both Measures -- Pcculiar Features of the Passage of the Latter-Rellef Bill Succeeds Only in Part.

LINCOLN, March 5.—(Special.)—The sugar bounty bill passed the house today by a vote of 69 to 26. As in the committee of the whole, populists and democrats voted solidly against it. The proceedings were delayed for a while by attempts at fillbustering on the part of the minority, but the speaker outplayed them at every point, and their amendnents and demands for the roll call were useless. Howard wanted the permanent school fund to realize 50 per cent of the bounty, and he didn't want any save Amer- \$2,396.89. ican citizens to reap the benefit. Barry wanted countles instead of the state to pay the bounty, but all these wishes were ignored.

The relief bill appropriating \$200,000 for the 38 of the act of incorporation. aid of destitute farmers in the state failed to pass today with the emergency clause. This was the second attempt, and nearly two hours were consumed in trying to engineer it through the house. Strong arguments were made by its friends. They pointed to the fact that committees were now and had been traveling through the eastern states begging alms, and that they were being asked "what are you doing for yourselves?" An attempt was made to reduce the amount to \$100,000. at which point it might have carried, but it was believed by its friends that it would attract especial attention. Some of these are pass at \$200,000. It failed and was put upon its passage without the emergency clause and passed.

"BARRETT SCOTT" BILL PASSED. When senate file No. 259 came up for pas sage today one of the most remarkable oc-currences in the history of Nebraska legislation took place. The bill was introduced in the senate by Watson. It provides that when, in the estimation of the attorney general, a fair or impartial trial cannot b of a prisoner within the county in which he has been indicted, he may be taken therefrom that the gold and silver coins of the United and tried in another district. Hitherto the states of standard weight and speness shall law has granted the privilege of change of venue only to the defense. The bill, when it came over from the senate, was put through its various stages of advancement without t word of endorsement from the majority which finally enacted it into law. No on spoke in its favor, but all of its opponents argued against it. Today it was passed by a vote of 69 to 25, a strict party vote, with the exception of Robertson of Holt county, a populist. He voted for the measure and gave his reason for so doing in writing. He said that the exepenses incurred in the case of the murder of Barrett Coatt had already been over \$110,000 to Ho!t county. His not, read by the

clerk, was:

clerk, was:

Mr. Spenker: I am opposed to the provisions of this bill for the reason that I believe the same to be in direct conflict with the constitution of the state of Nebraska and contrary to the principles of a republican form of government.

But as this bill is especially designed for the benefit of Holt county, as it provides that the state shall pay all costs when change of venue is asked, and taking into consideration the fact that the sums of money stolen from Holt county, added to the amounts expended in returning, prosecuting and convicting the theves, will exceed the sum of \$110.000, and believing it would be to the interest of the taxpayers of Holt county for the state to pay all further costs and thus relieve Holt county, I vote yes.

more than six months after the expiration charging him with being a member of the

In house roll No. 600 Rhodes has a bill imed at the "mashers." It provides that a man who shall fraudulently represent him-self to be unmarried and make a proposal of marriage to any unmarried female of good character, or keep company with her upon such false pretense, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not more than \$200 or imprisoned

ROUTINE OF THE DAY. Governor Holcomb this morning returned he anti-oleomargarine bill, senate file No. message recommending important amendnents to be incorporated in another bill. Unanimous consent was secured by the committee on finance, ways and means to report house roll No. 531, by Griffith, ap-propriating \$25,000 for the payment of in-cidental expenses of the legislature, for

passage. The house committee on rules reported a rule which provides for a change in ner of demanding a call of the rol, and one for changing the method of call of the house. Under the new rule a demand for the ayes nays must be seconded by two members, and five members must demand a call of the

house to secure it. House rolls Nos. 534 and 530 had beer made a special order for today, and 534 was put upon its passage, receiving 92 votes to none against. The bill authorizes county of the several counties in the state to use the surplus general funds, road funds and county bridge funds in purchasing seed and feel and to distribute the same the destitute. House roll No. 530 passed by vote of 88 to 2, Delaney and Guthrie oppose ing. This bill authorizes county commis sioners to use the surplus precinct bond funds for purchasing seed and feed.

By resolution of the house, senate file No. 259 was called up and put upon its passage. This is known in the house as "the Barrett Scott change of venue bill," providing that the attorney general can take any prisoner out of one county for trial in another. By almost a strict party vote the bill was almost a strict party vote the bill was passed by a vote of 69 to 25. Following is the vote in detail:

Becher, Beck, Lice, Benedict, Bernard, Brockman, Brownell, Burch,	Griffith, Hairgrove, Haller, Harrison, Harrison, Harte, Hinds,	Orton, Perkins, Pehiman, Richardson, Ricketts, Robertson, Robinson,
Hurke, Hurns (Dodge), Hurns (Dodge), Hurns (Lancaster), Cambell, Carlson, Chace, Chanman, Cole, Cocaway, Cooley, Cramb.	Jenkins, Jenness, Johnston (Douglas), Jones, Judd, Kaup, Lamborn, Lamphort, Matthson, Rouse, McFadden, McNitt,	Schieckedantz, Sisson, Spencer, Sutton (Douglas) Sutton (Pawnee) Timme, Thomas, Wait, Woher, Wilder, Zink (Johnsen), Mr. Speaker—69.
Nays— Barry, Brokaw, Casper, Delaney, Dempsey, Fritz, Goar, Guthrie, Haylick,	Higgins, Horst, Howard, Hull, Johnston (Nemaha), McVicker, Remington, Phodes,	Bothicutner, Smith, Suter, Soderman, Van Housen, Spackman, Wart, Zink (Sherman)—25.

Absent and not voting: Brady, McBri Moehrman, Scott and Shook-5 BILLS THAT WERE PASSED. The following bills were passed:

Senate file No. 9, authorizing the appointment of supreme court commissioners. House roll No. 383, by Munger, granting Lincoln real estate to the German Lutheran ongregation.

House roll No. 60, by Jenkins, prohibiting

the manufacture and sale of cigarettes in the state of Nebraska. House roll No. 116, by Lamborn, relating to the service of summons upon corporations.

The house then took a recess until 2 p. m. On the call for bills on third reading after recess the following were passed:

House roll No. 117, by Lamborn, relating to the payment of warrants and the form of warrant registers.

The committee's substitute for house roll

McKesson brought the discussion to a to the work against the bill. He closed by saying that Lancaster county was proud of the fact that in her entire history she had never been called upon to execute a criminal.

Watson took exception to the last remark by claiming that the notorious Quin Bohanan 2 o'clock.

to the manufacturers of sorghum or other sugar, and three-eighths of I cent additional to encourage the rection of new sugar plants, and also to compel the payment of at least \$5 a ten to take, producer for beets. Howard attempted to amend by making 50 per cent of the bounty payable to the permanent school fund but was defeated. Barry wanted to re-Kesson. Sloan said that, as he remembered history

the bounty payable to the permanent school fund, but was defeated. Barry wanted to recommit the bill for the purpose of amendment to the effect that counties, instead of the state, shall pay the bounty, but a majority of the house failed to agree with him. Howard moved an amendment that no bounty should be paid other than to American citizens, and upon this he demanded a roll call. This was seconded twice by Van Housen, but the speaker ignored the latter entirely, and, putting the question, declared the amendment lost. The bill was then put upon

House roll No. 110, by Conaway, providing for books of registration for cities of the first and second class, having over 7,000 in-

habitants. House roll No. 265, by Robinson, appropriating the matriculation fees of the Nebraska State Normal school, constituting a library fund for the use and support of the library of said school. The sum appropriated is

House roll No. 264, by Harrison, to pro vide for the incorporation of cities of the first class having less than 25,000 and more than 8,000 inhabitants and amending section

RELIEF BILL WAS PASSED. The house then went into committee of the live with her mother. Brown, who resided whole to consider house roll No. 525, the relief bill introduced by Conaway at the request of the relief committee, and which was last night recommitteed for the special purof \$200,000. The an endment did not prevail, and on motion of McNitt the committee of the whole arose and recommended the passage of the bill carrying an appropriation of

The report of the committee was not concurred in. Lamborn moved that the amoun of the appropriation be made \$100,000. This motion was lost by 53 to 38. The bill was then put upon its passage, carrying with it \$200,000 appropriation. The bill failed to pass with the emergency clause by a vote of 55 yeas to 40 nays, a two-thirds vote being required. It was then put upon its passage without the emergency clause, and passed by 54 to 40.

This, however, makes the law inoperative until July 1, 1895, if the legislature should adjourn in March. The house then adjourned.

COUNTY MAY CONSTRUCT THE CANAL senate Gives Its Official Assent to the Prop osition to Issue Bonds.

LINCOLN, March 5 .- (Special.)-The senate ransacted a great deal of actual work today. Before recess several bills were read the third time and passed, among them being the following:

Senate file No. 182, by Akers, providing and prescribing regulations for the appropriation distribution and use of water for the purpose: of irrigation, etc. This is the second irrigation measure passed by the senate at the present session, the one being the comple ment of the other, and both being asked by the friends of irrigation.

The Omaha canal bill was read the third time and passed. The bill is especially designed for the purpose of enabling Douglas county to issue bonds for the construction of he proposed power canal.

In the afternoon the senate, after disposing of the oleomargarine bill, went into committee of the whole to consider bills on general file, and in so doing incidentally slaughtered a few measures which have been carefully nurtured since the beginning of the session. One of Crane's bills was the first to fall. It was senate file No. 5, and was a measure de signed to increase the salary of the county judge of Douglas county from \$2,500 per annum to \$3,000.

SPECIAL PLEA FOR BAXTER. In asking for the passage of the bill Crane aid that the judiciary committee had almost manimously favored the bill. When the said that the judiciary committee had almost unanimously favored the bill. When the present law was passed, he said, fixing the salaries of county officers, Douglas county was thinly populated and there was but little for the county judge to do. It was shown to the committee that at the present time the county judge of Douglas county was required to issue papers on from three to five estates every day in the year. He not only looks after the probate business, but is required by law to hold a law term in each month of the year. Three-quarters of his time is taken up with criminal cases, and the balance of the time he is continually employed in probate work. He also gives free legal advice to widows and others not able to employ counsel. Crane urged all the arguments at his command in support of his bill, but he was followed by Hitchcock of Johnson county in a speech so pointed and vigorous

that the bill was thrown clear over the senatorial ropes. Hitchcock said that he had yet to hear any one in Douglas county who favored the bill except the county judge. He pointed to the fact that the county judge of Douglas county made no account whatever of the fees he collected for issuing marriage licenses or for performing marriage ceremonies. The present county judge admitted that in 1894 these fees amounted to between \$700 and \$800, and the senator said he had learned on good authority that the present county judge of Douglas county at a state these fees amounted to more nearly \$1,500 per year. Now this judge, continued Hitch-cock, not only wants a salary of \$3,000 per annum, but he wants the marriage license fees and the interest on the funds under his control. He wants practically \$5,000 per num-double the salary paid to the judges

of the supreme court.

The committee of the whole, by a large vote, indefinitely postponed the bill. DISCUSSING LEGAL HANGING.

A lengthy discussion ensued over the bill introduced by Smith providing that all ex-executions of criminals condemned to death shall take place within the walls of the state penitentiary. Despite the gruesome nature of the bill, at times the discussion drew away from the proposed law and took a few turns hardly contemplated by the author of the bill. Wright vigorously opposed the bill. He objected to the city of Lincoln being con-

verted into a shaughter house for the con-venience of the entire state. Smith, the author of the bill, spoke briefly, but earnestly, in its favor. He said that there were many excellent reasons why legal executions should take place in the pen-itentiary. Execution in the several counties of the state had always had a bad effect upon the populace, in proof of which he alluded to the execution of Ed Neal in Omaha, which was followed the same night by the lynching of a negro. He felt certain that the lynching of the negro would not have occurred had not the people been excited by the legal execution a few hours previously. He said that had a min like C. W. Mosher been in the Douglas county jall that night he would

"Oh, well, if this is a bill to provide for the hanging of Mosher," said Wright, "that is another matter."

McKesson opposed the bill because of its

undoubtedly have been hanged by the mob.

with a lack of sincerity.

Sloan favored the bill because it was a measure introduced by the junior senator from Douglas; and it was the first thing that Douglas county had ever offered to the city of Lincoln.

Watson objected to the use of the words

"junior senator" as applied to Senator Smith. He thought the term should go to the bachelor member from Douglas, Crane. Sloane explained that he had used the words 'funior senator' by request. He certainly lid not mean to infer that Crane was not to be classed among the eligible members.

Crans gross to a question of privilege. He
desired to know whether Sloane meant to
infer that he was eligible for banging, or

something else. Sloan protested that he had used the word only in its matrimonial sense. JUST A LITTLE PERSONAL.

was a Lancaster county murderer, but that county had sent him to Otoe county to be "But you didn't hang him!" shouted Mc

"Well, it wasn't Lancaster's fault," re-"No, it was more likely the fault of the Nebraska City lawyer who prosecuted him," said McKesson, and the senate laughed at

there had been several vile murders in Lan-caster county within the past few years. He suggested that the county had probably failed to hang the murderers because the lawyers had hung the jurors. Stewart proposed to strike out everything

after the enacting clause, and substitute a bill abolishing capital punishment. His amendment was rejected. The bill was then commended for passage.
The committee rose at 5:39, and the senate

ROBINSON'S CAUSE FOR ACTION.

a Suit for Damages.

Queer Conduct of a York Man Fellowed by

damage suit of Robinson against Brown is being tried in the district court of this county today. The action is a suit for \$10,000 damages for alienating the affections of a wife. The facts of the case seem to be about as follows: Robinson and wife reside near the village of Gresham, this county. Robinson having descrited her and family, which consisted of two small children, they had no visible means of support, and went to to come and keep house for him, he being an unmarried man, and having several employes staying at his home. Mrs. Robinson went to his home, taking with her her chil-dren. Things ran along smoothly for a time, when Mrs. Robinson commenced a divorce suit against her husband. He having returned, the suit was dismissed and they went to living together again. He again de serted her, and she was again taken up by Brown. Robinson having once more re-turned, he raised a great deal of trouble which preyed on the mind of Mrs. Robinson to such an extent that she became insane and was taken to the insane asylum at Lin Robinson then commenced the above Mrs. Robinson has since been result. turned, and is apparently well. She is a mere girl, and it is no wonder that all this trouble affected her mind. The affair has caused a great deal of comment, especially

the village of Gresham, where both parties in the controversy formerly resided. Philip Kauffman, an old soldier, died at his esidence in this city yesterday. He was buried this afternoon under the auspices he Grand Army of the Republic, Robert An-

derson post No. 32.
Mr. John Evans, who has been appointed eashler of the Nebraska National bank, arrived last night accompanied by his wife Mr. Christian Colling will serve as assistant A hard times social will be given by York

lodge No. 36, Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons, on Friday evening. Mush will be served, and served in the liberal quantities of 16 to 1. The ladies of the Eastern Star will help in the reception. There seemed to be an epidemic for marriage licenses yesterday. Those granted were as follows: Mr. Clinton D. Davis of

Joe to Miss Minnie C. Whistler of York;

Arthur B. Nates of Aurora to Miss Laura Whistler, York; Arthur P. Allen and Miss Mae Houser, both of York county. Will Solleit Seed Grain. NORTH LOUP, Neb., March 5 .- (Special.)-Rev. James Lyle of the Methodist Episcopal church of this city left yesterday to solicit seed grain and feed for the townships of Independent, Davis Creek and North Loup, intending to visit portions of Illinois, In-

gentleman is well known and has a large acquaintance, on account of having served pastorates in those regions. He is duly accredited by the officers of the local relief boards. Haydn Strong left today for the vicinity of Albert Lea, Minn., for the purpose of solicit-

Among the pleasant social events of the Married People's club, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Babcock, on Saturday evening last. This club is supposed to be exlusive in that none but recently married young people may offer themselves for in-litiation, but so popular have its monthly meetings become that a number of unmarried young ladies and gentlemen have found their way into the mystic assemblage upon their solemn averment that they will perpetrate matrimony upon the first available oppor-

Charged with Being Accessory to Bigamy BEATRICE, March 5 .- (Special Telegram.)-The trial of Fred Hohleman, charged with being accessory to the crime of bigamy, was begun in district court this morning. was begun in district control of a fury the question was raised by the defense as to the legality of trying a person for being accessory to a crime before the principal to the same had been tried. The examination of witnesses was taken up late this afternoon, although the court virtually sustained the position by the defense. Much interest is manifested the case, the defendant being a well-to-do farmer, residing in the northern part of the county, and the principle to the same being

an Omaha woman named Elliott, Beatrice Girl to Wed. BEATRICE, March 5 .- (Special Telegram.)-Tomorrow evening will occur the marriage of Loyal Burtis Howey of Lincoln and Miss Mary Green of this city. Mr Howey is national bank examiner for the Howey is national bank examiner for the state, and Miss Green is the daughter of Major A. L. Green, a leading citizen and real estate dealer of Beatrice. After the cermony, which will be attended by a few in-

timate friends, a reception will follow, for which a large number of invitations have been issued. Mr. Howey will hereafter make Beatrice his home. Trial of Farmers at Minden MINDEN, Neb., March. 5 .- (Special.)-The trial of the gang of farmers charged with breaking into a car on the B. & M. track at Axtell February 22 and robbing the same, was had in the county court today. The court decided to hold the defendants to the district court and fixed the bail at \$500 each. A terrible storm passed over this part of the countri country Sunday, lasting all day and into night. The wind blow a great gale, and

snow fell thick and fast at times, so that I almost assumed the proportions of a blizzard Ord Police Officers' Action. ORD, Neb., March 5 .- Special.) -- Saturday night police officers raided a discrierly house and arrested two women and three men. The men were fined. One of the men arrested was a school teacher. The women took the first train out of town.
The Valley County Implement company

filed articles of incoropration with the county clerk today. The incoroprators are: F. E. Hewitt, J. N. Warwick, F. G. Hather, F. C. Perguson and Rollin W. Bond. The authorized capital is \$10,000.

Burned a Farmer's Hoose. DECATUR, Neb., March 5 .- (Special.) -- A short time ago a house which had been pernicious effects upon the convicts at the recently bought by Richard Louis, a well-topentientiary. doubt of incendiary origin. There is a man who saw the deed done and saw the man who did it, but refuses to disclose his name.

> Snow in Boyd County. BUTTE, Neb., March 5 .- (Special.) - A high wind began blowing Sunday night and toward morning snow began falling, resulting in an old fashioned blizzard, which continued throughout the day.

DELICIOUS SWEET CHOCOLATE

Costly Souvenir Packages to Be Presented to Each Lady Attending the Matinee Lecture on Thursday.

The lecture on Thursday afternoon

Boyd's New theater is purposely given in the afternoon to avoid a growd. Nothing will be sold and there is no "zeherie" attached to the work. These lectures are oxclusively for housekeepers, to whom reserved seats and souvenirs are free. All will be under the personal direction of Mr. Elishs B. Wor-rell of Boston, the best known and highest salaried exponent of food subjects now before the public. Doors open 1:30; commence

JURYMEN EASILY SECURED

But One Lacking to Complete the Panel to

Try Davis.

ALLEGED TRAIN WRECKER NOT SCARED Does Not Appear to Be Very Much Both ered Over the Desperate Situation

in Which He Finds Himself. LINCOLN, March 5 .- (Special Telegram.)-

But one juryman is lacking to complete the panel which will try George Washington Davis for murder in the first degree. The state has only one pre-emptory challenge left and will probably exhaust its resources in that line tomorrow.

YORK, Neb., March 5 .- (Special.)-The The prisoner took his seat in the cour room this morning bright and early. He sits motionless as a rock behind his counsel, with his soft hat balanced on his knee, Except for his occasional nervous fingering of the tile, he might be considered a spectator of the scene, instead of a man accused of having caused the less of eleven lives by train wrecking.

This morning counsel for the state and defense got into a wordy war over talesman near their place, employed Mrs. Robinson H. J. Byam, well known expressman of this city. It appeared that he was examined as a juror last evening, at which time there are a dispute over his age. Byam said he would be 60 years old next October. The state sought to show that he was in reality 68. Mrs. Byam was called in order to fix this point, She thought her husband was years of age, but finally confessed that she could not say whether he was 68 or 58. Th ourt excused the talesman and ended ergument. Tomorrow the trial will probably be under full headway.

The Lincoln Typographical union has

stalled the following officers to serve for the ensuing year: President, E. L. English; vice president, Mrs. Hummel; financial secretary S. L. Hoon; recording secretary, Art Cunningham; treasurer, John B. Leister; cergeant-at-arms, H. A. Lohff; executive committee, W. A. Johnson, Thomas Conley and C. L. Day; application committee, Messrs. Griffith, Cook and Kellum.

Events at Emerson. EMERSON, Neb., March 5.- (Special.)-Emerson is to have a creamery. H. E. Jewett, recently one of the proprietors in roller mills here, submittee proposition that if \$500 bonu-raised he would invest \$2,000 more and build the creamery. A mass moeting was called and the money raised by abscription. Fred Swartz sold his stock of genera

eft today for Wood River, Neb., where he expects to engage in business. The marriage of Benjamin Bonderson an Miss Hilda Peterson took place today. Mr Bonderson is one of the wealthiest and mos popular young men in Dakota county, and Miss Peterson is an accomplished young

perchandise to J. K. Lenex of Allen and

ladv. Emerson camp No. 2480, Modern Woodme of America, will give a banquet and literary entertainment in Musonic hall Tuesday evening. It is to be an elaborate affair, abou invitations having been issued. Messrs, Barowsky & Scheuneaman hav old their saloon and business property to O. E. Danielson of Silver City, Ia. proprietor will take possession May 1.

Fillmore County Will Buy Seed Grain. GENEVA, Neb., March 5.- (Special Tele gram.)—The board of supervisors of Fillmore county met in called session today to consider the question of appropriating funds to assis destitute farmers in the purchase of feed and seed grain. After a prolonged discussion \$3,350 was voted from the general and road funds to be apportioned to the various town ships according to their need in amounts

ranging from \$115 to \$225. Crops were much lighter last year in the north half of the county than in the sout half. The applicant for aid must certify t his need and his word be vouched for by tw honorable citizens of his township. On the delivery of the seed he must give a promis sory note bearing 10 per cent interest, an within five days after the crop shows itsel above ground he must give a chattel more gage on the growing grain. Failing to take the last step the township board is instructed to collect by legal process. The mortgage will be payable November 1, 1895. Concern g the sufficiency of the amount appr priste

opinion differs. Nebraska City Primaries Saturday. NEBRASKA CITY, March 5 .- (Special.)-The democratic city primaries will be held next Saturday and the convention on the following Monday. One councilman from each ward is to be placed in nomination, together with three members of the board of Education. The election occurs in April. The case of John Schmidt, who murdered his father-in-law, Anton Kramer, in this city a few months ago, will come up next month Schmidt still expresses great satisfaction a his work. His defense will probably be in sanity, although there is nothing at presen either in his conversation or actions to indi cate that he is mentally deranged. The case

excites great interest. Waterloo Elect on Officials.

WATERLOO, Neb., March 5 .- (Special.) The town board met last night and the following officers were appointed to serve at the village election: Charles Wheeler, N. Bainbridge, Fred Wheeler, A. H. Campbell

W. H. McCurdy.

Those on the inside claim that the coming election will be one of the most bitter fights ever witnessed in this section between the prohibitionists and whisky men. They are very evenly matched, and it takes but a straw to change the tide either way. Valley is having an epidemic of scarlet ever, and the town board has quarantined

everal families.

Chicken Thieves Plead Guilty. AURORA, Neb., March 5 .- (Special.)-James Gillitly and Ed Williams, sons of old settlers here, were arrested a few days ago for stealing chickens, and yesterday pleaded guilty to the charge before Judge Stark, and were promptly fined \$25 and costs each and ade to pay \$14 for the chickens they had

Mortgage summary for February: Ninetythree farm mortgages filed, \$68,871.39; eighty satisfied, \$49,339.80; seven city mortgages filed, \$3,507.73; six satisfied, \$4,010; 104 chattles filed, \$13,692.54; fifty-five satisfied, \$7,632.28.

Mrs. Louis Larson Fatally Hurt.

Dunbar Speigl Affair. DUNBAR. Neb., March 5 .- (Special.)-Last evening a very pleasant social was given at the home of R. W. W. Jones, a leading merchant of this place, in honor of John Baker, now of Hubbell, but formerly of this place. At the regular annual meeting of the

Dunbar Elevator company. outh of town, has struck an 18-inch vein

Swindled His Benefactor. NEBRASKA CITY, March 5 .- (Special.)ford a few days ago and told a long story of misfortune. The colonel's sympathy was aroused and he advanced Wood a zum of money, the latter leaving a package as accurity, promising to call for it the next day. The colonel investigated the contents of the package today, and now he would like to have a short interview with "Mr. Wood."

A telegram received here today announces

the sudden death of Mrs. N. G. Owen at Rockville, Ind., yesterday. Mrs. Owen was one of the oldest settlers of this city, She emoved to Indiana a few years ago.

Mrs. Mary Stroud today filed her petition for divorce from George Strond, alleging

Teenment Local Gossip. TECUMSEH, Neb., March 5 .- (Special.) --Hon. A. J. Wright has moved his family to Lincoln. John Forbes and J. A. Braden are moving with their families to the same

Dr. F. L. Lewis and son of Green Bay, Wis., are visiting relatives here. Mrs. Mattle E. Cowan is home from a prolonged visit in West Virginia. Charles Fairall is home from his studies

at Des Moines.

A. E. Frascher has built a shack over the uins of his saloon building, recently detherein until the term of his license expires.

A great deal of spring plowing and corn stalk cutting has already been done in this

Two Deaths at Sutton.

SUTTON, Neb., March 5 .- (Special.)-Freddie, the only son of ex-Mayor Woodruff, died Sunday morning after a short illness of diphtheria.

Richard Cundall, aged 75, died Saturday

of heart disease. He was one of the pioneers.
The funerals of both occurred today.
SHELBY, Neb., March 4.—(Special.)—Mrs.
Lebs died early this morning. She was poor and received aid from the county. She leaves everal small children. Will Vote on Water Works Bonds,

SPRINGFIELD, Neb., March 5 .- (Special Telegram.)-This village has just been authorized by the county commissioners to hold an election for the purpose of voting \$5,000 bonds to build a system of water works in the village for fire protection and domestic use. The election is to be held April 2. York's Police Chief Resigns.

YORK, Neb., March 5 .- (Special Telegram.) -Dave Drocker, chief of police of this city. oday resigned. The trouble arose over the mayor's order, which he refused to obey, It is rumored that James Elginfritz will : ceed him.



Friends Surprised at the Wonderful Improvement.

C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: "Dear Sirs: - I take pleasure in writing the good I have received from taking Hood's Sarsaarilla. Every spring and summer for six years r more, my health has been so poor from heart couble and general debility that at times (ille

was a burden. I would become so Emaclated and Weak and Pale that my friends thought I would not live long. I could do scarcely any work at all and had to lie down every few minutes. I began getting worse in January, losing my flesh and feeling so tired. I thought I would try Hood's Sarsapa-

rilla and I am happy to say I am in better health Hood's Sarsa Cures than I have been for a number of years. My

friends remark to me: 'Why how well you look. I tell them it is Hood's Sarsaparilla that has done the work. I would have all suffering humanity give this medicine a trial and be convinced. This statement is True to the Let-

ter." Mrs. JENNIE DECKER, Watseka, Ill. + Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation,



Yale's LaFreckla.

Death to Freckles.

Mme. M. Yale was recently asked the question "which of her discoveries she considered the most wonderful." Her reply was as follows: La Freckla, because it unmasked my own face from a filthy mass of freckles and gave me the beautiful rose leaf complexion Telegram.)-A serious if not fatal runaway which you see and which has occurred here this evening about 6 o'clock. been admired by the people of manageable and ran into a tree, smashing the burgy into kindling wood and throwing the lady over the dash board, where she struck on her shoulder and when picked up freckled face individual dis-Stout's residence, where everything possible gusted with my own appearing as easily as can be expected. The doctors ance. Today I am the envy my skin.

La Freckla will remove any case of freckles in existence and leave the skin as transparent as crystal. One or two atteckholders of the Dunbar Alliance Elevator applications removes tan and sunburn. It takes from three William Dunbar, a farmer living two inites to nine days to destroy every trace of freckles. It is the only remedy known to the world man giving the name of A. Wood, claim- that do this. Now is the time ing Omaha as his home, visited E. C. Bick- to use La Freckia, as it