F OWARA DAILY DUES MONDAY, I EBRUARY 25 1986.

Comrade H. O. Payne of Ainsworth super-Buffalo and Dawson, Comrade L. A. Arnold of Kearney superintendent. No. 10. Hooker, Thomas, Blaine, Loup and Custer, Comrade James Whitehead of Caly superintendent. 11. McPherson, Logan and Lincoln, 1 of Platte, Comrade John Evans of No. II. McPherson, Logan and Lincoln, north of Platte superintendent.
No. 12. Cherry county, Comrade J. Wesley Tucker of Valentine superintendent.
No. 12. Keith, Arthur and Grant, Comrade McSay, post No. 215 of Ogalalla, superintendent.

McSay, post No. 21s of Ogaialia, superintendent.

No. 14. Sheridan, Box Butte, Dawes and Sloux, Comrade Joseph Hill of Rushville superintendent.

No. 15. Deuel, Cheyenne, Kimball, Banner and Scotts Bluft, Comrade G. F. Bianchard of Sidney superintendent.

The superintendents of the subdistricts shall immediately organize their respective districts and appoint such assistants as they may deem necessary to bring about prompt action and expedite relief work.

Superintendents of transportation, Comrades H. E. Palmer of Omaha, T. J. Majors of Peru.

All superintendents of subdivisions will

of Peru.

All superintendents of subdivisions will report to their division superintendent. Reports should be forwarded as fast as received by them from the counties and precincts. Prompt action is required.

By command of C. E. ADAMS, Department Commander, A. M. TRIMBLE.

Assistant Adjutant General.

No sooner were these orders issued than there was something akin to a new rebe in the ranks of the veterans. Assistant Ad-jutant General Trimble was one of the committee appointed by the Hastings encamp-ment, and he declared point blank that he would not be a party to any scheme that was intended to deprive his committee of the exclusive control of the relief funds. When he saw the printed orders with his name attached he was as much surprised as any attached, he was as much surprised as any one, and he sat down and wrote the following interesting epistle:

one, and he sast down and wrote the following interesting epistle:

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 18, 1895.—Department Commander C. E. Adams: Comrade—General orders Nos. 1 and 2, prepared by you, to which my name appears as assistant adjutant general, seems to be in direct conflict with the action of the department encampment at Hastings, inasmuch as you assume the direction of the relief work of the department, which was by the department placed in the hands of the relief committee by the following motion, offered by Past Commander General A. V. Cole and unanimously adopted:

"Department Commander: I move you that a relief committee consisting of Comrade Church Howe as chairman, together with Comrades T. S. Clarkson and A. M. Trimble, be appointed to take charge of relief matters in this department and conduct the same as in their judgment seems best, and report their action at the next department encampment."

You well know that it was the express desire of the encampment that the relief work which has been so successfully carried on under the direction of your predecessor, Commander Church Howe, should not be in any way interfered with, but continued under his direction. Your orders are in direct conflict with the express wish of the department encampment, and a discourtesy to Comrade Church Howe. Then, unless you can take this view of the matter and govern your actions accordingly. I respectfully tender you my resignation as assistant adjutant general and ask its immediate acceptance, as I positively decline to be made a party to any such proceedings. The use of my name as assistant adjutant general, printed in the orders above referred to, namely, I and 2, is without my knowledge or consent, and I give you due notice that it must not be used in this connection. Yours in F. C. and I. A. M. TRIMBLE.

Assistant Adjutant General.

This put an altogether new aspect on the situation. A conference of Grand Army of

This put an altogether new aspect on the situation. A conference of Grand Army of the Republic men was hastily summoned at Lincoln Thursday to give consideration to the matter, and later in the day it was given out that, inasmuch as the relief of the department was very pressing, and in order to permit him to devote all his time to the same, Assistant Adjutant Trimble would be relieved of his office, and D. J. Gage made assistant adjutant general in his place. But this was not all. The next day the original orders, 1 and 2, were withdrawn, and th following orders, 1 and 2, substituted, under the old date:

the old date:

HEADOUARTERS GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC DEPARTMENT OF NEBRASKA. LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 16, 1895.—
General Orders No. 1: Having been elected and installed as commander of the Department of Nebraska, Grand Army of the Republic, and after a careful consideration and full realization of the great responsibility of this important trust, I hereby assume command, and enter on the duties of my office, with headquarters in the state house, in the city of Lincoln,

The following department officers were elected at the elubteenth annual en-

ment, at Hastings, February 11 and 15,

ment, at Hastings, February 11 and 15, 1835.

J. H. Culver, Milford, senior vice commander; J. A. Erhardt, Stanton, junior vice commander; W. H. Banwell, Orleans, medical director; Rev. O. R. Beebe, Minden, department chaplain.

Council of administration: George F. Whitman, Oxford: Rebert La Fountaine, Kearney; R. S. Wilcox, Omaha; P. C. Johnson, Harvard; C. M. Parker, Lincoln.

Comrade A. M. Trimble will be continued assistant adjutant general; until further orders. Comrade Brad P. Cook of Lincoln is hereby appointed acting assistant adjutant general; Comrade I. A. Arnold of Kearney, assistant quartermaster general; Comrade Cash D. Fuller of Imperial, assistant inspector; Comrade M. B. C. True of Tecumseh, judge advocate; Comrade B. R. Ball of Omaha, mustering officer: Comrade J. H. Stickel of Hebron, chief of staff, and they will be obeyed accordingly. Other members of my staff will be named hereafter.

R. Ball of Omaha, mustering officer; Comrade J. H. Stickel of Hebron, chief of staff, and they will be obeyed accordingly. Other members of my staff will be named hereafter.

Comrades, there is a great responsibility resting upon each of us in this time of distress. Comrades Church Howe, T. S. Clarkson and A. M. Trimble were appointed a committee on relief by the department encampment, and have kindly consented to assist in the work of the hour, and as soon as due consideration can be given a plan for organizing the relief work of the department is appointed a committee of one to seek out the needy comrades in this department is appointed a committee of one to seek out the needy comrades in his vicinity and report to his post commander. All contributions for relief should be forwarded to the department beadquar to other above relief committee at Lincola, Neb., where an accurate accounting and a speedy distribution can be made of the same. By order of Department Commander.

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF NEBRASKA, GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC. LINCOLN, Neb.—General Orders No. 2: Comrades—If we meet the urgent calls for relief which are coming from all directions, we must be up and doing. Thousands of those with whom we touched elbows in time of war have left their eastern homes and cast their lot with us. The Great Commander, in His wisdom, has withheld the rain, and terrible destitution has followed, and unless speedily relieved, many noble and patriotic comrades, their wives and little once will suffer. It is the duty of every post commander in this department to a noce ascertain the needs of the members of his post, and report their wants to the relief committee appointed by this department to take charge of and supply their needs as again respectfully called to the fact that the department encampment, at its last meeting. Constituted a relief committee was wisely chosen, and great results can be expected from their efforts.

The attention of all post commander is hagen who have been blessed in the past are willin

of post No. 63. P. A. Lyons of post No. 2 R. C. Hazlett of post No. 25, John Hoover of Blue Hill and M. J. Merrick of post No. 190. And they will be respected and obeyed accordingly. By order of C. E. ADAMS, Department Commander. JAMES D. GAGE, Assistant Adjutant General.

It is interesting to compare the two sets f orders and to note the changes. The two orders and to note the changes. The two orders, No. 1, are both dated February 16. The first is attested by Assistant Adjutant General Trimble, while the second is not attested at all. The first order conveyed the impression that the members of the relief committee were only then appointed by the new department commander. The second states distinctly that they were appointed by the Hastings encampment. Contr-formerly requested to be sent to the ment headquarters" are now to go to the "department headquarters of the above relief

Order No. 2 is changed beyond all recog The whole grand scheme of relief by The major generals are relegated to the ranks. All communications upon the subject of relief are invited to be addressed to the Department Relief committee G. A. R., Linions after they have been authorized by the relief committee. By some sort of an anachronism, the committee on transportation is reappointed, although what it is to transport is a mystery to all. Finally the order appoints James D. Gage assistant ad-jutant general, and is attested by James D. Gage as assistant adjutant general. General Gage therefore appears in the attitude of appointing himself.

Grand Army men here are professing great he held, and it is almost certain that con-wonderment at the girations of the new department commander. They do not know Saturday until Monday next, on which day what the next turn of the wheel will bring. They will not even be surprised to see a third series of General Orders Nos. 1 and 2 before the month has ended, although there year, and twenty-five of those have elapsed.

PASTOR TO SEEK PUBLIC RELIEF. Rev. James Lyle of North Loup Has Gone

on a Soliciting Tour. NORTH LOUP, Neb., Feb. 24 .- (Special.)-Rev. James Lyle, resident pastor of the colicit seed grain and feed, in the interest of

the membership of his charges.

A number of fine specimens of the Russian thistle were found in this vicinity last fall and some of our farmers are looking toward. next summer's work with feelings akin to consternation on account of the terrible reputation of the new invader. Others, however ugh at the idea of giving way before it, and claim that it is no more difficult to subdue and keep in subjection than many other varieties of the "tumble weed" family, and moreover, rightly aver that if the invasion of the thistle be the means of insuring a more carelisguise.

ne state are, so far as we have been able it is o learn, not at all affected and are still probably ble to supply all the the state are, so far as we have been able it able to supply all the water that a good windmill and pump will lift while running
twenty-four hours a day, if necessary. Many
of the advantages and blessings of Nebraska
is objection. It is possible that Senator But-

While attempting to ride a frolicsome horse the face, sustaining the loss of some teeth of either will be successful. Senator Faulk-and other injuries, but is now thought to be ner is a so hopeful of securing brief consideraout of danger.

CHARGED WITH FORGE & A NOTE. J. D. Jonnings, an Insurance Agent, Under

Arrait at Line ita. LINCOLN, Feb. 24 .- (Special Telegram.)-J. D. Jennings, 36 years old, is under arrest at police hearquarters charged with forgery. He was brought in from Sterling a session next Sunday during the day, at 6 o'clock this evening by Sheriff Dorwart These, it is believed, will be held to dispose of at 6 o'clock this evening by Sheriff Dorwart of Saline county. Jennings is accused of forging the name of one Reed, who is connected with the creameries at Friend and at several other places, to a note for \$40. He vas arrested by Sheriff Dorwart at Sterling Jennings claims to have been an agent for the New York Life Insurance company for over two years, in which time he has done asiderable business at Omaha, and says that Reed was one of the active leaders in pushing through the anti-oleomargarine bill in the legislature. Sheriff Dorwart expects to leave with his prisoner for Sterling at 4 o'clock omerrow morning.

State Banking Board Expenses. LINCOLN, Feb. 24 .- (Special.)-The folowing is a comparison of the cost of maintaining the national banking system under he comptroller of the currency and that maintaining the state banking system in Nebraska.

A comparison is also made of the amount of the work performed and the office force maintained in each system.

The same care and supervision are exerised in both:

Sumber in operation October 31. 3.756 otal number of employes in comp-clerk Total expense of maintaining de-\$261,052.02

1.700.00 Average number of building and 100

Total institutions under control of State Banking Board. Total number of employes in de-partment of banking. Number engaged in clerical work. Number of institutions to one

The data of the above was secured from the 894 report of the comptroller of the currency and the figures relating to the state banks from the State Banking Board of Nebraska. Lieutenant Townley, clerk of the banking board, in his estimates for office expenses for the coming biennium, asks for one clerk to assist him, owing to the increasing work in

Fremont Veteran Legion Elects Officers. FREMONT, Feb. 24.-(Special.)-The Union eteran League of this city elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: Oliver Smith, president; D. M. Allen, rice president; Frank Healey, secretary; -Hadley, treasurer; J. W. Harris, marshal; Comrades Graham, Lee, Huff, Murray and French, members of the advisory board.

Lake School's Celebration. At the Washington birthday exercises at the Lake school there were several features which were not provided for in the announcement contained in the regular pro Rev. S. Wright Butler, pastor of the St. Mary's Avenue Congregational church, addressed the pupils of the seventh and ighth grades. The children listened to his remarks with rapt attention, interrupting him quite frequently with their applause. Miss DeCon sang "The Star Spangled Banner" with much feeling, and, being encored, responded by singing "Robin Adair," the selection being well suited to her clear songraps voice.

Desiow them upon the unfortunate.

All commissions to solicit for aid must have the recommendations of the department relief committee, and signed by the department commander. In accordance with the following general order from the national encampment:

"X. Comrades are again warned against impostors. There are those who surreptitiously obtain the badge or some insignil on the Old Camp Ground" with fine of the order and use them improperly to impose upon posts and individual comrades. An earnest offort should be made to detect these impostors, and in every case possible deprive them of the badge which is used for improper purposes. It is suggested to department encampments that they instruct posts to pay no attention to solicitations for help from any source unless such application is endorsed by the department commander."

I bereby applied James D. Gage, assistant adjuitant general, John Evans, acting as sistant quartermaster general, and H. E. Palmer, T. J. Maiors and L. D. Richard of post No. 25, M. E. Barry of post No. 27, Arch G. Tyler of post No. 28, N. B. Burton of post No. 3, P. H. Barry of post No. 27, Arch G. Tyler of post No. 28, N. R. Akers of post No. 22, M. E. Getter of post No. 13, S. K. Spalding of post No. 22, M. V. Klag of nost No. 24, M. V. Klag of nost No. 25, M. V. R. Akers of post No. 26, W. Wolsey.

Gus Lochner of Post No. 7, G. W. Wolsey.

TURNING TOWARD THE WIRE

Much Uncompleted Work.

APPROPRIATIONS FAIRLY WELL ADVANCED

Two in Danger of a Veto-Senate Will De vote All Its Time to Appropriations, Though Efforts Will Be Made to Call Up Other Measures.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24 .- (Special.)-Tonorrow the house enters upon the last week | Cri of its session, and the usual rush which chardivisions and subdivisions is apsolutely blotted acterizes the closing hours of every session of congress will begin. Under the rules the last and members recognized may call up bills coln. The only part the department officers are to play in the relief work is to countersign the credentials of solicitors of contribucommittee of the whole, and 114 on the regular calendar. In addition to these there are over 500 bills on the private calendar. Of course only a very insignificant percentage of these bills can be passed, but the press for precedence will be terrific, and many exciting scenes are almost sure to occur. It is quite probable that several night sessions will

The regular appropriation bills are unusually well advanced, so far as the house is concerned, only one (the deficiency) being unare only twenty-eight days in February this acted upon, and it will go to the senate tomorrow. The two which are considered dangerous, that is liable to fail or be vetoed, are the sundry civil and the diplomatic and con-To the former the senate committee on finances has reported amendments for 3 per cent coin bonds, with a provision requiring the secretary of the treasury to advertise for bids in case of another bond issue. To the diplomatic and consular the senate has Methodist Episcopal church, who also min- added amendments for the Hawaiian cable. isters to the Davis Creek charge, will, it is If these provisions prevail, despite the pro-understood, soon go east, perhaps to Iowa, to Cheek the house, it is thought that President

Cleveland may veto them.

The committee on Pacific railroads is pressing for an opportunity to secure a vote on the funding bill as amended, and the committee on public buildings is equally insistent upon s demand for a chance to settle the ques-ion of a printing office site, which has been banging fire for several years. It is probable that the committee on rules will give both time during the coming week, in case opportunity offers. As a whole, the week promises to be both interesting and exciting. APPROPRIATIONS IN THE SOUTH.

The senate program for the remainder of ful and painstaking system of tillage, it will the session is to follow the sundry civil bill prove, after all the scare, only a blessing in the consideration of which will begin to morrow, with the legislative, executive and Notwithstanding the excessive lack of rain- judicial bill, and then to take up the naval all last summer, the wells in this portion of bill and lastly the general deficiency. While understood that there
y be spasmodic attempts are not yet appreciated by her oldest set- ler will renew his efforts in behalf of the pooling bill, and that Senator George also again attempt to restore the bankruptcy on Tuesday evening little Lee, 7-year-old son bill to its position as the unfinished Lusiness, of L. E. Ballard of this city, was kicked in but it is not in the least probable the efforts tion of the territorial admission bills, but here is no longer a possibility of pasaing the

> An order has already been made for a night session Tuesday for the consideration of bills o which there are no objections. The proba bilities include night sessions every right after Tuesday, continuing virtually through the nights of Saturday and Sunday and also the appropriation bills, there being many provisions in those remaining to be considered which will lead to prolonged debate. There is also a probability of debate over the next diplomatic bill, involving the appropriation for the Hawaiian cable. There is not much in the legislative bill to lead to debate, but the other three bills all contain provisions which, if they are not withdrawn, are sure to cause sharp debate.
>
> It is intimated that the certificate amend-

ment to the sundry civil bill may be with-drawn. If it is this will simply simplify the situation, but there will be material for many speeches and resolutions for prolonging the sessions. Senators do not consider the outook discouraging and they predict that bills will be passed by the time fixed by the constitution for adjournment on the 4th of March.

Following is the status of the appropriaion bills: Approved by the president, mili tary, academy and army; in conference pensions, fortifications, diplomatic and conular. District of Columbia, postoffice, agri cultural; passed the senate and ready onference. the Indian bill; reported to the senate, sundry civil, legislative, executive and judicial; not considered by the senate committee on appropriations. Navy and general deficiency. Of the bills in conference the diplomatic and consular and fortifications bills have been partially agreed upon.

JURY ACQUITTED HOWGATE.

Seven More Indictments Remain Tried.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.-Captain Henry W. Howgate, formerly disbursing clerk of the signal service, who has been on trial here since January 28 on two indictments charging him with embezzlement and forgery, was today acquitted of the charges. The case was given to the jury at noon on Thursday last, and it was not until noon today that a verdict was reached. On the first ballot it is said the vote stood seven to five for ecquittal. The jury reported on yesterday their inability to agree, but Judge Comas insisted that they should remain and

try again. The Howgate trial has been upusual in many ways. Fourteen years ago important frauds affecting large sums of money were discovered in the signal service accounts and Howgate was charged with having committed them. He was arrested, but by a ruse es-caped from his guards and for thirteen years remained in New York City. Although a re-ward of \$5,000 was offered for his capture, he was not arrested until last fall. At the beginning of the trial there was a bot legal battle in regard to the validity of the indictments on which it was proposed to try How-gate. They were finally sustained and the case tried on its merits. The jury found that the case was not barred by the statute of limitations, but held that Howgate was not guilty of the particular offenses charged. After the verdict was reached, Howgate was sent back to await trial on the seven indict-

ments still remaining against him. It is no known which of these will first be tried. Patents for Western Inventors WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.-(Special.)-Par

ats have been issued as follows: Nebraska-Edgar P. Davis, Omaha, as-signor of three-fourths to A. Hoagland and others, water and sand elevators; Patrick Hansen, Hansen and M. G. Bunnell, as-signors to F. C. Austin, Chicago, wheeled dumping scraper; Carl F. Kaul, Madison, kiln; Orlan T. Wood, assignor to P. V. Mc-Cully and A. Wood, Plattsmoth, danger sig-nal.

Iowa-Edward P. Fox. Garner, self-loading earth scraper; also grading and ditching apparatus; Charles H. Green, Swaledale, machine for sharpening disks; Claus Hohnsbehn, Waverly, centrifugal cream separator; Alien Johnston, Ottumwa, polishing machine; also machine for grinding and polishing knife or fork handles; also cuttery bolster grinding machine; Ortus E. Moats, Des Moines, assignor to F. C. Austin, Chicago, machine for making and repairing roads; Samuel Norris, Bedford, chopping knife; Mark A. Reploge, Cedar Falls, discharge gate for turbin water wheels; Tan Tresi, Oxford, elevator; Francis M. Wilson, Sigourney, stump puller. lowa-Edward P. Fox. Garner, self-load-Signurney, stump puller, South Dakota-Franz Esectland and J. M. Freese, Sloux Falls, coffin Christian J. Skeen, Viborg, corn harvesier.

Was a Human Tarret in Fact. CHICAGO, Feb. 24.-William Haverly was shot and fatally injured tonight at Engel's pavilion by "Prof." Aleck Rieckhoff, alpayrinon by "Fot. Aleck theckhoff, al-leged "champion rifle shot of the world." The men were performing the human target act. Haverly, who was acting as Rieckhoff's assistant, has a steel plate over his heart. Rieckhoff fired twenty shots at the steel plate. "ringing the bell" nineteen times. At twentieth shot Haverly sank to the

floor, cryingfi'My God, I'm shot!" One of the bullets had entered his stomach below the plate. At the Alexian Bros, hospital it was said that he could not live. Rieckhoft was arrested.

Congress Enters Upon Its Last Week with ADJOURNED 19 HONOR OF DOUGLASS North Carolina Legislature Walted, However, Until the Regular Hour.

RALEIGH, N., C., Feb. 24.-There is wide misunderstanding over a so-called Doug- Fell from His Horse and Dragged Haif a lass adjournment by the general assembly of North Carolina, and in connection with it there have been statements which do not present the matter accurately. The actual facts are as follows: On the day after the death of Frederick Douglass a colored representative named Crews offered a resolution providing that the house adjourn at 12 noon as a mark of respect to Mr. Douglass. Mr. Crumpter, a populist, at once offered an amendment to make the hour of adjournment 2 o'clock, which was the regular hour of adjournment, Speaker Walser ruled the amendment and resolution both out of order, saying six days of every session are suspension days that the house would not adjourn until the business was disposed of. He then suggested that a motion might be made that when the house did adjourn it could be as a mark of of respect. A standing vote on a motion to this effect was taken and carried. The senate branch of the legislature took no notice whatever of the death of Douglass.

WROTE TO HIS OLD MASTER. Unpublished Letter of Frederick Douglass to

Hugh Auld. BALTIMORE, Feb. 24.—Police Captain Auld has several letters written by the late Frederick Douglass to Mr. Hugh Auld, Captain Auld's father. When a boy Douglass lived in the family of Hugh Auld. A letter written to Captain Auld's father, October 15, 1857, and dated Rochester, N. Y., is as follows:

written to Captain Auld's father, October 15, 1857, and dated Rochester, N. Y., is as follows:

"My heart tells me you are too noble to treat with indifference the request I am about to make. It is twenty years since I ran away from you, or rather not from you, but from slavery, and since then I have often felt a strong desire to hold a little correspondence with you and to learn something of the position and prospects of your dear children. They were dear to me, and are still so; indeed, I feel nothing but kindness for you all. I love you, but hate slavery. Now, my dear sir, will you favor me by dropping me a line, telling me in what year I came to live with you on Alicanna street—the year the frigate was built by Mr. Beacham. The information is not for publication, and shall not be published. We are all hastening where all distinctions are ended. Kindness to the humblest will not be unrewarded. Perhaps you heard that I have seen Miss Amanda, that was, Mrs. Sears, that is, that treated me kindly. Such is the fact. Gladly would I see you and Mrs. Auld or Miss Sophia, as I used to call her. I could have lived with you during life in freedom, though I ran away from you so unceremoniously. I did not know how soon I might be sold. But I hate to talk about that. A line from you will find me." hate to talk about that. A line from you will find me."

Placed Rim First Among velf-Mad. Men. NEW YORK, Feb. 24.-Rev. Dr. Lewis Albert H. Banks delivered a discourse in Hanson Place Methodist church tonight on "Frederick Douglas, the Elequent, the Most Picturesque Historical Figure in Modern Times." He said in part: "If I were asked what person in the present century had fought against the greatest odds and won the struggle of life at most points, I should answer Frederick Douglass. There is a great deal of talk of self-made men in our time, and we have an abundance of eloquence concerning Abraham Lincoln's rise from the place of the rail splitter to the presidency; of General Grant's career from the tangery to the position of the first American citizen, and Garileld from the towpath to the white house, but none of these men had to make life's race with such a handicap or facing such odds as Frederick Douglass. A career like that of Frederick Douglass is at once an honor and an inspiration to humanity. In such a man the kinship of all races is demonstrated." Hanson Place Methodist church tonight on

Adopt Mourn ng for Fred Douglass. WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The Union league of the District of Columbia, posed of representative colored men of the capital, has adopted appropriate resolutions deploring the death of Frederick Douglass. The resolutions recommend that "all those who appreciate his eminent and invaluable services to his comptry, his race and to the who appreciate his eminent and invaluable services to his country, his race and to the cause of humanity should adopt some emblem of mouraing for thirty days, and especially should this be done by that class of Americans whom he did so much to make free." The members of the league will wear a token of mourning for a period of thirty days.

Services in Memory of Douglass. BOSTON, Feb. 24.-A service in memory of Frederick Douglass was held tonight in the Bullfinch street church. Addresses wer made by William Lloyd Garrison, son of the late noted abolitionist, Rev. R. E. El-liott, pastor of the church, Butler Wilson and Henry B. Blackwell. Baltimore Colored Men Will Attend Funeral.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 24.-The colored people of Baltimore will send a representative to Washington to attend the funeral of Frederick Douglass. A movement has been started to erect in this city a monument to Douglass.

FIRE IN A COAL MINE.

Two Miners Killed and a Number of Others Seriously Injured.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 24.—A fire oc. curred in Rock slope of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company mines at Pratt City this morning, that resulted in the death of John Patton and Louis Stevens, two miners, and more or less serious injury of eighteen others. Twenty miners, all convicts, were in the slope, near the air shaft, at 2:30 this morning, when they detected the smell of smoke. Shortly afterward an immense volume of it came wheeling toward them from the engine room, which was between the air shaft and the cage leading out of the mine. The engine usually contains no fire, but is used to pump compressed air into the mines, hence the origin of the fire, which started in the engine room, is a mystery. Driven by the smoke, the twenty men hurried to the air shaft and there huddled together to keep from suffocating. Meanwhile the smoke became thicker, as the fire, issuing from the engine rooms, seized seven trams vens, two miners, and more or less serious keep from suffocating. Meanwhile the smoke became thicker, as the fire, issuing from the engine rooms, seized seven trams and a lot of waste and oil, and burned furiously. Breathing became difficult.

Twenty-three mules in the stable in the mines also felt the smoke and tried to escape, and tore about, kicking one another to death and making hideous with their cries. John Patton and Louis Stevens finally left the crowd at the air shaft and tried to get to the cage shaft. They never reached it, but were afterward found dead near the engine room. One of the men had his head beaten almost into a pulp, indicating that he had tried to kill himself rather than suffocate to death. Smoke seen issuing from the shaft brought help via the cage, and in three hours the fire was out and the eighteen miners at the air shaft were brought up in a more or less serious condition from suffocation. The mules, worth \$3.000, were suffocated or killed by one another's kicks. The rescued convicts will recover.

SANTA FE CUTS THE CHICAGO RATE. Ciaims Its Competitors Have Violated the New Agreement.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 24.-The Santa Fe has given notice to the Interstate Com-merce commission that, beginning today, the second-class rate from Los Angeles and other southern California points to Chicago will be cut \$2.50, making the rate \$50. This move was brought about by the action of other lines leading to the east in cutting rates to Chicago, and other eastern points, notwithstanding the new Western Trunk Line agreement entered into a short time ago. The action of the Santa Fe brings the matter to a head and is a declaration of open war. open war.

Cut in Freight Rates to Alaska. SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 24.—The Pacific Coast Steamship company has reduced reight rates between this port and Alaska freight rates between this port and Alaska from \$11 to \$1, a ton on general merchandise, subject to a further reduction to parties having freight contracts with the company. Reductions have also been made on live stock, lumber and fresh meats. The cause of the cut is the advent of the new line, the Alaska Steamship company, whose steamer, the Willapa, will leave this city for Juneau on March 3, connecting at Port Townsend with the steamship Farallaone from San Francisco. The Pacific Coast company says it is determined to drive competitors off the route.

Senor Zorilla Dangerously 10. LONDON, Feb. 25.-A dispatch to the Inronicle from Paris says Senor Manuel Ruiz Zorilla, the noted Spanish republican Ruiz Zorilla, the noted Spanish republican, who recently started from Paris on his return to Spain, after many years of exile, has had a stroke of paralysis. Senor Zorilla was taken critically ill when he reached Cervera on the Spanish frontier, but heretofore the exact nature of the trouble was not known.

New York, as it is expected to do, Attorney Mayer received notice that the stockholders' resignalization committee of New York and Hutton of Cincinnati will come to Chicago, arriving probably Wednesday. They will meet the receivers, and before their departure it is expected the reorganization will be well under way. President Greenhut will be in Chicago tomorrow.

JIM KEMP BADLY INJURED.

Mile by the Stirrup. BUFFALO, Wyo., Feb. 24.—(Special.)—A letter was received here this morning saying that Jim Kemp, a well known and popular young horse grower, whose ranch is near Big Horn, while on the road from Sheridan to Beckton, the residence of George T. Beck, was thrown from his horse and dragged about half a mile by his foot being caught in the stirrup. When taken up he was found unconscious. Dr. Newell of Sheridan was sent for, but was unable to leave a critical case, and Dr. Preston was called in. He found that the injuries sustained were very serious. The jaw is broken in two places, one eye dragged out, and it is feared that the skull is fractured. Up to the latest intelligence Mr. Kemp had not recovered consciousness. The unfortunate gentleman is a brother of Mr. Frank Kemp of the firm of Ward & Kemp of Omaha, and is a partner with him in the borse raising business of Kemp Bros. of Big Horn, Wyo. to Beckton, the residence of George T. Beck,

Wyoming's soldiers' doma-CHEYENNE, Feb. 24.-(Special.)-The board of managers of the Wyoming State Soldiers' and Sailors' home, which was established by the legislature which just adjourned, held a meeting the other day, and decided to utilize the handsome three-story brick building in Cheyenne, which was built by the state for the Asylum for Deaf, Dumb and Blind, as a temporary home. The necessary furniture and supplies will be purchased at once. The managers estimate that there are now twenty-five destitute soldiers in the state who will be eligible for admission to the home as soon as they can be taken care of. Soldiers' and Sailors' home, which was es-

Shocked the Local Patriots. CHEYENNE, Feb. 24.-(Special.)-L. R. Reedy of Kentucky arrived in Cheyenne esterday morning to accept a position in yesterday morning to accept a position in the office of the surveyor general of Wyoming. The appointment was made by the commissioner of the general land office at Washington without c nsulting Surveyor General Thompson, and it was considerable of a surprise to that official when Mr. Reedy presented his credentials. Local democrats are free to express the opinion that there are plenty of men in Wyoming to fill all the federal positions in this state, without making importations from the south.

Ditches for Carbon County. RAWLINS, Wyo., Feb. 24 .- (Special.)-H. B. Gillispie of Aspen. Colo., who has large the southern part of Carbon county, has been in Rawlins several days making arrangements for the construction of two large ditches next summer. One of these ditches will be taken from Slater creek and the other from Elk Head. Mr. Gillispie stated that from 500 to 700 men would be employed. It is estimated that the ditches will cost \$159,000.

KIDNAPED STUDENTS RETURNED.

Last of Them Delivered at His Lodgings Late Yesterday Morning. CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Feb. 24.-J. E. Reinhard, Frank Twyman, Walter P. Bunn and young Shamel, the university freshmen who were kidnaped and spirited away yesterday by a number of the Greek letter fraternity men, have all either been rescued or voluntarily brought back to their friends. The kidnaping has caused more excitement and talk than anything that has occurred here for years. All day Saturday and last night the college friends of Reinhard and his comthe college friends of Reinhard and his companions scoured the surrounding country in search of them. All were finally rounded up, Reinhard the last in, being landed by his captors at his lodgings at 2 o'clock this morning, somewhat exhausted from the nervous strain and anxiety, but uninjured. The manner in which he and his companions were seized, blindfolded, tied hand and foot, thrown into a carriage, driven five miles out in the country and held captive in an empty old farm house nearly fifteen hours makes a highly interesting story. The freshmen social last night, which the kidnaping was intended to have broken up, was, however, a success.

EX-TREASURER WOODRUFF GUILTY Trials of the Cases Have Cost the State

owever, a success.

Fifty Thousand Dollars. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 24.-After de liberating two and a half hours the jury in the Woodruff case at Perryville, late last night, returned a verdict of guilty and fixing the punishment at one year's imprisonment. This is the fourth trial of the famous case, and it has cost the state nearly \$50,000. Woodruff was tried in 1891 on the charge of embezzlement, the jury failing to reach a verdict. He was next tried in 1892 on the same charge, and the trial again resulted in a hung jury, standing ten to two for conviction. In 1893 he was tried on the charge of misappropriating state funds, and was acquitted. The present specific charge was false pretenses in obtaining the signatures of the state debt commission to an order to sell certain scrip to one Johnson L. Jones. Woodruff's bordsmen have paid into the state treasury \$169,000 on account of his defalcation. nearly \$50,000. Woodruff was tried in 1891

CRASHED INTO A STREET CAR.

tunaway Horses Drag the Car Onto the Track Ahead of a Train. CHICAGO, Feb. 24.-Ten persons had narrow escape from death at the Sixty-third street crossing of the Northern Pacific racks. A street car belonging to the Chicago Lawn Street Railway company was struck and demolished at the crossing by a Calumet terminal freight train, which was running at a rate of ten miles an hour. running at a rate of ten miles an hour. Three persons were severely injured, while every one in the car received minor bruises or cuts from broken glass. Those most severely injured are: Henry Burtscher, Charles Kelly, Alfred Coad, driver of the car. The latter's injuries may prove fatal. The accident was caused by the street car horses becoming frightened and dragging the car across the tracks in front of the locomotive.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

A large freight steamer is reported ashore off Brigantine beach, N. J. The Cranston block at Rutland, Vt., burned yesterday, entailing a loss of \$50,000. Joseph D. Hall of North Beach, Md., was rozen to death while crossing the bay on the

General O. W. Stari, a prominent business man of Rutland, Vt., dropped dead yester-

John Otto Merske has been arrested at Baltimore for the brutal murder of Louis Gil man. About 300 switchmen met in Chicago and took steps to reorganize the Switchmen's Mutual Aid association.

Militia companies from all over the south are gathering at New Orleans to participate in the Mardi Gras festivities. John Breck, a full blood Indian attorney i the territory, has been convicted of using the mails for furthering fraudulent claims.

have resigned on account of the failure of the legislature to make an appropriation for the guards. The Congregationalists of Washington last night celebrated the twenty-sixth anniversar; of the formation of the Congregational Tem

All the officers in the Tennessee militia

perance society. Men breaking ice in the harbor at Cincin nati found the dead body of Max Bermer, former merchant of that city. It is suppose he was murdered.

The selectmen of Thomaston, Conn., have offered \$2,000 reward for the arrest and con viction of the burglars who robbed the Sav ings bank at that place. Rev. William Meade Jones, once a notes

American abolitionist, died yesterday in Lon-don, where he had been preaching in the Whitechapel district for many years. A committee, which has been investigating their condition, has reported that the Hocking valley miners must have outside aid or they will starve. The mines were only run eighty-six days the past year.

Caroline Gerty has brought suit to recover property which she deeded to the Standard Oil company to pay an alleged shortage of her husband to the company. She now claims her husband was not short in his accounts. George McC. Whitney, a traveling man, and Miss Grace Grant of Indianapolis were married at Providence. They had never met or heard of each other until the day of the wodding, when they were introduced at the home of a mutual friend.

A man who refused to give his name at-tempted to commit suicide at Baltimore early Reor-anization of the Whisky Trust.

CHICAGO. Feb. 24.—Plans for the reorganization of the Whisky trust, it is said.

have been changed. Instead of going to New York.

tury Ago.

WENTY-FOUR LOCALITY

Home of the "Benevolent Corner," the Railroad Ticket Offices, Variety Theaters, Gambling Resorts and Hotels-Some Recollections of Those Old Times.

Corner." It is hard to tell just why it became so known. It certainly was not because of the frequent visits of the solicitor for alms, for the beggar was unknown in those early days of Omaha. All had money, and plenty of it, and they let go of it easily. A dollar was not as big as a cart wheel in those days. The probable reason was because the promoters of charitable enterprises, whether it was a church or fraternal society fair or dance, or a raffle, never had to ask twice in that neighborhood to sell a ticket. It was the scene of hustling business all day long, and

All the railroad ticket offices were located the block between Ninth and Tenth streets, on Farnam, with Harry Deuel presiding in the east end of the block, "The Ensign" in the west end, and the others scattered between. The Union Pacific headquarters build-ing was then where it is today. A. S. Paddock, later United States senator, kept the Wyoming hotel, just across the street from the headquarters, and was cheerfully paid Tivoli garden, which was as good as a mint to Siebelist, the proprietor. The Cozzens hotel, built by George Francis Train in sixty days and run by Mr. Rumsey, was the leading hotel in town.

On Farnam street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, were the Bella Union and other variety theaters, Kelly's Music hall (where the B. & M. headquarters now stand). and at Eleventh and Farnam was Canada people who thought they saw the chance to plunder him, but who were themselves robbed. In his train were Johnny Bull, Sherm Thur-ston, George Mehaffey, and the gamblers and short card men, who prospered where money

was flowing so freely.

In the Creighton building on the corner o Eleventh and Farnam was located the Shoaf Bros.' billiard ball, at that time one of the largest and finest in the United States, and in the same block a few doors west was the gambling rooms of Dan Allen, as honest a man as ever handled a card, and whose wor was known to be just as good as his bond. It was in his and other gambling rooms that Canada Bill lost at fare the thousands of lars he won at monte, and which caused him years later to die in a Pennsylvania poor house. He threw away his immense monte winnings with a princely hand at the far table for luck appeared to run constantly against him, or he didn't know how to play faro a little bit, and there were plenty of advocates of either theory among the multitude of his followers, who thrived on his open-handed generosity. On the southeast corner of Eleventh and

Farnam Max Meyer and his brother had com-menced the foundation of the large business that came to them in later years as Omaha increased in population, and reached out its commercial arms over the country to the In a commercial way these two blocks,

the busy hive of many money-making men, not only by day, but also by night, of twentyfive years ago, have of late years been som what deserted by storekeepers for more eligi-ble locations a few blocks to the west and north. Real estate values and revenues have decreased until it would seem as if they had reached a minimum.

The one great hope for the future of property in that district appears to be the building of a grand union depot at Ninth and Farnam streets, entirely commensurate with the future needs of the greater Omaha that is bound to be as the years pass by. It is the only proper location, offering all the necessary ground required, and conveniently sit-uated as regards the present business center of the city. Now that Mr. S. H. H. Clark has stated that he is favorable to the propo-sition, it is thought that the lower Farnam street union depot may become a reality in the near future, when new business life, more healthful and enduring than that of which this is reminiscent, will be along that thoroughfare. I.

Fears for the Safety of a Mexican Warship. NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 24.-Anxiety is felt here in regard to the Mexican man-of-war Libertad, which sailed from Vera Cruz about February 10 for New Orleans. She was due at this port on February 15, but nothing has been heard of her since leaving port. She carried a crew of fifty men. Heavy northers have been prevailing lately on the gulf, and it is believed that she has been either wrecked or foundered.

PAWN TICKET 210. Louise Beaudet Company is Not Stranded. CHICAGO, Feb. 24.—The rumor circulated regarding the stranding in this city of the

OLD LOWER FARNAM STREET

Louise Beaudet Opera Bouffe company is absolutely untrue, arising, no doubt, from the fact that Miss Beaudet was unable to appear at the matinee on Washington's birthday. The physician who has been almost constantly in attendance upon the lady since Thursday advised her that a rest was absolutely necessary.

SEIZED WITH SUDDEN MADNESS.

Prominent Citizen of Terre Bante Woke Up His Wife and Attempted to Kill Her TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Feb. 24.-At daylight this morning Altamott G. Walker, a well known business man, awakened his sleeping wife and fired at her. The imbedded itself in the pillow, Mrs. Walker started to flee from the room, but was grabbed around the neck by her husband, The glory that shone over lower Farnam street a quarter of a century ago has long since departed, as westward the star of business took its way. Twenty-five years ago a great business center was at Tenth and Farnam streets, known as the "Benevolent Corner." It is hard to tell just why it beutlining his troubles.

> Movements o' ticean Steamers, Feb. 24. At New York-Arrived-La Champagne, from Havre.

IN EARLY SPRING

Every one should pay attention to the cor dition of his health. Nearly every person needs a good spring medicine. The imcrowds of seekers for pleasure thronged the purities which have accumulated in the close-by blocks all the night long. It was a blood during the cold months must be extwenty-four hour district from a money pelled or when the mild days come and the effect of the bracing air is lost, the body to liable to be overcome by disease.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

will purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, as much for a week's board as is now more grudgingly paid for an entire month in some create an appetite, and enable the body of the best boarding houses in this city. caslly and safely to meet the coming changes Across the street from the hotel was the in temperature. It possesses precisely those elements of support and assistance which the body at this season craves. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the "ideal spring medicine" and

The Great Blood Purifier. "yM blood was in bad condition and I had sores all over my body. Whenever I would injure my hands the flesh would fester and Bill's saloon, where the king of the monte men made his headquarters when he was not out on the road getting the money of sores began to disappear. I continued with the medicine and soon was perfectly cured, and I know it will cure others." G. D.

Arnold's Bromo-Gelery. Splendid curative agent for Nervous or Sich Head one, Brain Exhaustion, Sleeplesmens, special or general Neuralgia; also for Alex-matism, Gout, Kidney Disorders, Acid Dys-pepsia, Amemia, Antidote for Alexhelso and other excesses. Price, 10, 25 and 60 cmc. THE ARNOLD CHEMICAL CO.

For sale by all druggists, Omaha. AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S A NIGHTS Wed. Matines

-TONIGHT-THE WORLD FAMED -- Hanlon Brothers

UMICULATUL

Night Prices—First floor, 50c, 75c and \$1.00; alcony 50c and 75c. Matinee Prices—First floor, 50c and 75c; balco-ly, 25c and 50c.

BOYD'S THREE NIGHTS.

Commencing Thursday, February 28,

A Carnival of Magic, Mirth and Mystery

The Napoleon of Necromancers HERRMANN THE GREAT,

In a New Marvelous Entertainment.
"The Artist's Dream," "Noah's Ark," "Columbian Transformation," "Asiatic Trunk And Assisted by

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MATINEE WEDNESDAY.

March 3-9, Barnes' & Marvin's Players.

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, curcs constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and lowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea-the Mother's Friend.

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*Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children." Da. G. C. Osgoot,

Lowell, blass. "Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real

interest of their children, and use Castoria in stead of the various quack postrums which are destroying their loved ones, by foreing optum. morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their Ibroats, thereby sending them to premature graves." Da. J. F. KINCHELOE.

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recorumend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Angres, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and aithough we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular roducts, yet we are free to confess then the merits of Castoria has won we to look with

favor upon it." UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPERSARY, Conway, Ark. | ALLEN C. SEITH, Pres.,

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