GERMAN SUGAR BEET RAISING

the District.

IS DEAD FOR THIS SEASON The action of those senators who now ob-trude this new measure before the senate that causes the danger. It is going too far for the senator to suggest that fair debate of such measures means delay and dilatory Tree Silver Struggle in the Senate Ends The Senate Ends The Senate Ends The Senate Ends The senator to suggest that fair debate of such measures means delay and dilatory totics." The senator to suggest that fair debate of such measures means delay and dilatory totics." The senator to suggest that fair debate of such measures means delay and dilatory totics." Free Silver Struggle in the Senate Ends tactics

Colorado-Vilas Defends the Administration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-At 9 o'clock to might the senate adjourned after a determined but fruitless effort on the part of the allver men, led by Mr. Jones of Arkansas, to pass the bill for the unrestricted coinage of sliver. Mr. Jones himself made the motion to adjourn after it had been made evident that a voting quorum of senators could not be held in the senate chamber for an all night struggle.

One of the surprises immediately preceding the adjournment was a resolution submitted by Mr. Wolcott of Colorado, one of the more active silver leaders, declaring that while the welfare of the country required the unlimited coinage of aliver at 16 to 1, yet in view of the near adjournment of congress time for a vote, I will ask the senate to re-

bills, it was inexpedient to enter upon the consideration of the silver bill at the present session of congress. No action was taken on the resolution, but it was regarded as significantly foreshadowing the course of the silver bill when it comes up tomorrow. The silver forces assorted their strength a the outset of the proceedings today, and by a vote of 36 to 27 displaced the morn

iness and look up the silver bill before the regular order had been reached. Mr. Vilas of Wisconsin then took the floor for four hours in a carefully prepared speech defending the administration for the recent bond contract. When Mr. Vilas con-cluded at 5:30 p.m. active steps were taken by the reliver men to force a final vote. It was evident, however, that the opposition was ready to talk against time, and thus carry the debate through the night, if necessary, to cut off a vote. Mr. Platt, repub-lican of Connecticut, then took the floor and made an argument against the bill, being frequently interrupted by points of no quo-rum and roll calls and suggestions for close of debate. Mr. Jones appealed to the oppoportation of gold from Europe, Mr. Vilas took up the present condition of the treasury sition to fix a time for the vote tomorrow, but no agreement could be reached. At 8 and showed how a great crisis had been averted. He same the greater part of the gold in the treasury when the run ceased was in buildon and available for redemption o'clock the senate business was brought to a complete standstill by the failure to secure a quorum on Mr. Aldrich's motion to go into executive session. From that time until adpurposes, and stated that if the run had lasted the mints would have been unable to journment vain efforts were made to secure a voting quorum, although a quorum was present most of the time, many senators re-fusing to vote. This ted ous process con-tinued until 9 o'clock, when Mr. Jones re-luctantly yielded, and the long session closed. produce the coin with sufficient rapidity to meet the demand. "If the drain had not been checked by the announcement of a contract," he said, "we should have been thrown to a silver basis or to the suspension of specie payments," and WILSON OF WASHINGTON.

At the outset it was evident the ranks of the silver men had been augmented by at leas t one vote, as Mr. Wilson, the new meni-ber for Washington had been sworn in and took his seat for the first time as a senator A report from the secretary of the treasury was read in response to the resolution concerning the need of legislation to meet the deficiencies. The secretary stated that an available balance of \$99,875,000, exclusive of over \$55,000,000 gold reserve, is on hand. He expressed the opinion that it would be deshable for the secretary of the treasury to have the authority to issue and sell short time bonds to meet deficiencies. The secre-tary added, however, that no such deficiency now exists or is likely and he was of the opinion that there would be ample revenue for the coming fixed year.

for the coming fiscal year. The yeas and nays were called on Mr Jones' motion to take up the silver bill today and it was carried 36 to 27. Senator George voted in the affirmative and Wilson of Washington, who had just been sworn in, also voted for the silver bill.

After the bill had been taken up Jones of Arkansas tried to get a time fixed for a vote, but senators objected. Mr. Jones gave notice he would ask the senate to sit tonight until

Mr. Harris asked: "Will the senator with a Surprise, With a Surprise, EFFORTS TO FORCE A VOTE FRUITLESS Long Session Ended at 9 O'Clock by a Res-olution introduced by Wolcott of Converdent Views the ball will require to state their views? The friends of the measure do not desire time, so that if we can learn the time desired by the opposition an agreement for the vote may be reached." "That is hardly a real, pertinent, fair and square question," answered Mr. Hale, "How can I tell in advance how long I will de-stre to discuss the bill or what time others

wire to discuss the bill or what time others may require?" "Will the senator answer this question?" said Mr. Jones. "Will any amount of talk for a moment change the result?" of the bill was going to extremes in trying to "sit it out" the first night. Mr. Allison urged that the vote be post-

"Probably not," responded Mr. Hale, "But I think the friends of the bill had poned until tomorrow, in order to permit proper debate. He said he would agree to a vote after fair debate, but no time could be better go on without these suggestions of illatory tactics." "I need no more intimation," said Mr. set tonight with his consent for taking the

At 7:45 Mr. Quay suggested the absence of Mr. Aldrich urged that a bill of this in a quorum and the roll was called. Fifty sen-ators responded, five more than a quorum. Mr. Aldrich moved to go into executive ses portance should not be rushed through with-out debate. There would probably be numer-ous amendments offered requiring explanasion-yeas, 7; nays, 32; six short of a quorum. The senate was thus brought to a standstill,

tion and discussion. It would be recognized that whatever the scnate did the bill could not get the approval of the co-ordinate branches of the government. Mr. Jones said it was not for the senate to consider what the executive branch of the government would do. A majority in the

nate desired to vote. "As there appears to be no disposition." oncluded Mr. Jones, "to agree upon a aken.

galleries had entirely filled during the even-ing, and the spectators were evidently inter-ested in the proceedings going on below. This closed the efforts toward agreement on a time for a vote and inaugurated what appears to be a contest of endurance.

VILAS DEFENDED THE PRESIDENT. Mr. Vilas then addressed the senate. He spoke of the president's several messages words solemn and almost pathetic in the'r with a resolution. It was as follows: carnestness, to deal with the financial con-ditions. But there had been absolute imotency in congress to meet the perils of the country. Mr. Vilas then took up the events

with a resolution. It was as follows: Resolved, That it is the sense of the sen-ate that the welfare and prosperity of the United States requires the enactment of a law for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Resolved, In view of the fact that this congress will expire by law March 4, and that there are important appropriation bills requiring the attention of the senate, it is the sense of the senate that consideration of such a law be not entered upon at this sension of the senate. Mr. Jones asked that the resolution lie leading up to the recent bond contract. He said action was necessary to avert the ca-He proceeded to show that the withdrawals of gold were so great in January "that it

Mr. Jones asked that the resolution li over. Then he added somewhat wearily: "I move that the senate now adjourn." This was came obvious to the treasury officials that systematic run was being made on its the signal for the close of the contest. There was a hurrying of senators to the cloak rooms and a skurrying from the galleries. Then, at 9:02 p. m., the senate adjourned antil tomorrow at 11 o'clock.

BILLS PASSED BY THE HOUSE.

Another Day to Miscellaneous Business with Fruitful Results. WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 .- In the house the senate amendments to the house bill to authorize the Oklahoma Central railroad to construct a railroad through Oklahoma and

Indian territory were agreed to. A resolution was adopted authorizing the he declared that the president had been loubtful whether he would be able to hold secretary of the navy to donate certain cannon to the Oregon State Soldiers' Home. on for another day. Few persons had been aware of the peril, but there were some who Bills were also passed as follows: To prevent the transportation of merchandise appreciated it, and he read the following telegram from Mr. Buchanan, the United in bond through the United States into the free zone of Mexico; to retire Colonel States minister at Argentine, to show that the English bankers understood the situa-

Don Carlos Buell, U. S. A., as a brigadier ceneral; to authorize the Wisconsin and Duluth Bridge company to construct a bridge across the St. Louis river between the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin

The consideration of the naval appropriation bill was then resumed, the pending quesion being the decision of the chair (Mr. O'Neill of Massachusetts) on the point of order raised by Mr. Sayers against the item In the bill authorizing the secretary of the navy to enlist in his discretion 2,000 addiional seamen with which to man the new hips

The chairman announced his decision over-"It is your fault," he said, "that the easury condition was so critical that the ruling the point of order. Mr. Sayers appealed from the decision of delays incident to a popular loan would have he chair.

brought on a suspension of specie payments in three days. The judgment of financial The decision of the chair was sustained. 147 to 37. An amendment was offered by Mr. Springer, lemocrat of Illinois, authorizing the detail authorities would in time approve, if indeed it

Consular Reports Received from the Heart of

row, and Mr. Platt objected. "Then it is evident," said Mr. Jones, "that the opposition does not intend a vote to be taken on the bill." Mr. Platt, resuming his speech, spoke against the coercion being practiced by those INDUSTRY PASSING THROUGH A CRISIS

n charge of the bill. Mr. Jones said he was willing to fix the

Largely Increased Foreign Output Must Be hour for voting at any time tomorrow, the opponents of the bill to fix the time. Mr. Aldrich declared that no consent could Found This Year and in the Face of Greater Competition-Consul be secured tonight for any fixed time. Mr. Platt said that the senator in charge Moth's Report.

WASHINGTON, Febr 19 .- In a special re-

port to the State department upon the pro duction of German beet sugar, United States Consul Moth at Magdeburg presents some facts which explain in a measure the persistence of the German government in trying

to secure the removal of our discriminating duty upon it. The consul's report shows that even the small duty of one-tenth of 1 cent per pound means a great deal to the Germans, for the prosperity of vast interests

ORSE

ORSE

for although a quorum was present, a quorum could not be obtained for a vote. Then began depends upon a considerable extension of the tedious see-saw of calls for a quorum, and then a roll call on the Aldrich motion, and then again for the motion. Each roll call their sugar market in foreign countries and so narrow is the profit between profit and loss owing to overproduction and foreign comresulted the same. At 8:35, on motion of Mr. Jones, the serpetition that this cannot be achieved under geant-at-arms was directed to request the presence of absent senators. In the mean-time business was entirely suspended. The the slightest handicap in duties or charges. Consul Moth says that the German beet

sugar industry is passing through a serious crisis. There has been a great increase in production, from 24,500,000 hundredweight in At 8.55 business was resumed, a quorum being secured. Mr. Aldrich thereupon with drew his motion for an executive session. 1892-3 to 27,500,000 in 1893-4. This year the crop will reach 36,000,000 hundredweight. It was evident that an understanding had been reached. Mr. Wolcott, one of the most active of the silver men, then came forward In consequence prices have been falling below the cost of production. In 1893-4 raw sugar sold at 12.25 marks per hundredweight and the actual cost of produc-tion found the balances on the wrong side but the present season is designed to witness greater less. As soon as it became known that the beet crop was large good sugar be-gan to decline, the price this month being 8.50 marks per hundredweight. This means a heavy loss for the factories. Beets cannot

be grown for less than 1.1 marks per hun-dredweight, and the factories now offer but 70 to 80 pfennige, all they can afford, so the agriculturists must also suffer unless the government comes to their relief by larger bounties. Germany must find a market abroad this year for 1,000,000 hundredweight more sugar than she exported last year, it the face, too, of greater foreign competition for Austria also has an overplus of 3,500,000 hundredweight for export. The home consumption cannot materially increase ever with lower prices for sugar, as the heavy in ternal revenue will prevent its rise in Ger-many as freely as in the United States and

Great Britain. The big stock of sugar re-maining on hand at the end of this year will also work havoc with next year's prices. The consul gives at length a statement of the various causes which have brought about this state of affairs, such as overproduction, the

working of the bounty system and the turn-ing of farmers from grain to beet sugar raising because the competition has made the former unprofitable. He says in conclusion that relief has been promised by the German government, but its form has not been announced.

PACIFIC ROADS GIVEN A HEARING.

House Committee Listens to the Proposa to Pay the Principal of the Debt. WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 .- Several members of the house Pacific railroad committee gave a hearing today to the representatives of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific rail-

roads concerning 11 the proposition that the government accept the princiof its debt in full payment pal of its claims upon the roads. Messrs. H. Bolssevain | and Victor Morawetz, Charles H. Tweed and Sir Rivers Wilson ap

Charles H. Tweed and Sir Rivers Whison ap-prared for the companies. The conference was entirely informal. Mr. Tweed stated that the Central Pacific people had discussed the plan since the last meeting, of the committee, had considered what their borrowing power was

and had come to the conclusion they could raise the required amount to pay the principal, if they could have the government lien as a security for the parties from whom they borrowed. The question was raised by Chairman Reilly, what would be done under this arrangement with the first mortgage bonds, which fell due at the same time, and if an ex-tension of them would not be necessary? Mr. Tweed said that the company would be obliged to borrow for them, although it had no inter est in their disposition if the claim wa was brought up. Then the status of the sinking fund was discussed, and committee members argued that the government would not apply this to its debt until the first debt was Mr. Tweed held that the sinking fund tled belonged to the government absolutely in any event. In the course of the discussion Mr. Morawetz declared that the Union Pacific must be organized; that its continuance under pres-The committee rose temporarily in order conditions was impossible, but that it to give Mr. McMillin, from the ways and did not ask a new charter from congress, as it could reorganize under state authority. Mr. Reilly said there was a serious question means committee, an opportunity to present the conference report on the bill for ex-tending the time for making income tax reabout its right to do that. Chairman Reilly proposed to the repre-The bill was agreed to and the naval bill sentatives of the companies a new plan for the settlement for their debt, which is prac-At 5:20 the house adjourned until tomor tically a variation of the Reilly bill. He proposed that instead of raising the first mort-



Ladies of Omaha and out of town folkand Gentlemen, too

We have purchased at a very low figure the entire stock of

the Morse Dry Goods Co., and in the

course of time hope to merit a large share of your patronage, expecting to do business at a profit-but just now, loaded with the M. D. G. stock, we shall make no profit, but will on the



other hand try our best to lose money upon it, by making even greater reductions in price than during any of the previous two weeks sales, that we may give such an aggregation of great values that, when we do open our new stock, which will be arriving almost daily now, we shall have proven to you that we give more square yards of value for square prices than you've been used to.

> Glass Tumblers, Morse Dry Goods Co's last price 5c, ours..... 21c Salt Bottles, decorated, M. D. G. Co's last price 10c, ours..... 5c Pin Trays. decoroted, M. D. G. Co's. last price 80c, ours 40c Comp and Brush, decorated, M. D. G. Co.'s last price \$1.50, ours....... \$1.00 Toilet Set-10 pieces, M. D. G. Co.'s last price \$4.00, ours......\$2.40 40 inch Serges, Henriettas, Checks, M. D. G. Co.'s last price 50c, ours..... 19c English Serges, Henriettas, Scotch Plaids, M.D.G.Co.'s last price \$1.50, ours 29c 46 inch Henriettas, M. D. G. Co.'s last price 85c, ours...... 49c 46 inch Silk and Wool Plaids, M. D. G. Co.'s last price \$2.50, ours...... 69c 24 inch Silk Crepe, all colors, M. D. G. Co.'s last price \$1.25, ours...... 58c Colored Moire Silks, M. D. G. Co.'s last price \$1.25, ours.. 75c Colored Gros Grain Silks, M. D. G. Co.'s last price \$1.25, ours...... 75c Black Moire Siiks, M. D. G. Co.'s last price \$1:25. ours...... 80c Colored Surahs and 27 inch China Silks, M. D. G. Co.'s last price 75c, ours. 49c Ladies' fast black Seamless Hose, M. D. G. Co.'s last price 20c, ours 9c Ladies' ribbed top Woolen Hose, M. D. G. Co.'s last price 35c, ours..... 15c Children's Merino Hose, M. D G. Co.'s last price 75c, ours...... 25c Ladies' natural color Undergarments, M. D. G. Co.s last price 75c, ours..... 33c



a vote was reached.

Mr. Vilas then took the floor for a epsech. It is stated that an informal understanding has been reached by which the silver bill will not be allowed to come to a vote in the senate. As Mr. Jones, leading the silver men, appears determined to have a vote, a deadlock seems inevitable.

Mr. Blackburn, democrat of Kentucky, re-ported from the conference committee on the diplomatic and consular bill that an agreement had been reached on all the items except the \$500,000 for beginning the Hawaiian cable. The report was confirmed and a furconference directed on the Hawailan cable item

Mr. Call, democrat of Florida, presented a petition of the World's Arbitration league, signed by fifteen members of the British Parliament, favoring action toward international arbitration

Mr. Call offered a resolution, which went over, that the senate sessions begin at 11 laugh at Mr. Aldrich's expense, in which he o'clock and continue until 5 o'clock, with joined.

aid in the erection of a monument at Balti-more to the Maryland heroes in the revolutionary war. The bill was passed and Mr Jones, democrat of Arkansas, in charge of the silver bill, was at once on his feet with on guick action, and he whose arm is palsied a request that the senate proceed with the or whose foot falters is not worthy of the regular order by the vote of last night. Mr. Hill was opposed to its displacing

morning business. "Then," said Mr. Jones, "I will move to

take it up at once. It was apparent that a vote was imminent. Thereupon Mr. Voorhees, democrat of Indi-ana, rose and presented the credentials of Wilson, the new senator from Washington, and he was sworn in. Mr. Jones yielded further for the resolu-

tion of Mr. Gorman, which was agreed to, for senate sessions beginning at 11 o'clock on and after tomorrow.

HAD A DECISIVE VOTE.

Mr. Jones now presented his motion to take up the silver bill. Great interest was of unwisdom and in no sense was it black. shown while the yea and nay vote was being The motion prevailed by the decisive majority of yeas, 36; nays, 27. The vote stood as follows:

Yeas-		
Allen, Bale, Berry, Blackburn, Hlanchurd, Butler, Call, Call, Cameron, Clark, Dubols, Faulkner, George,	Hunton, Jones (Ark.), Kyle, McLaurin,	Pettigrew, Powor, Pugh, Roach, Stewart, Teller, Vest, Voothees, Walah, White, White, Woicout55.
Nays-	A 201 00000	** Machine
Aldrich, Burrows, Caffory, Camden, Carey, Chandler, Dixon,	Hale, Hawley, Higgins, Hill, Hoar, Lindsay, Lodge,	Manderson, Mitchell (Wis.), Morrill, Palmer, Platt, Proctor, Ransom,
Frye.	McMillan,	Vihas,

McPherson. Washburn-27 On the announcement of the vote Mr. Jones asked that 4 o'clock be fixed as the time

for taking the vote on the bill. Mr. Aldrich, republican of Rhode Island. objected, saying that senators on the republican side hardly desired to see such precipitate action.

'It is perfectly evident," said Mr. Jones. "that senators will not have their views changed by any amount of talk. The friends of the measure are ready to vote and they hope this vote will be taken without unneceasary delay. I, therefore, give notice that I will endeavor to secure a vote before the adjourns tonight." senute

Mr. Hale asked Mr. Jones if he meant that the bill was to deliberately displace the great appropriation bills and keep this silver bill before the senate without regard to conse-quences, with the attendant dangers of defeating some of the appropriation bills and compelling an extra session of congress. Mr. necessary quorum Jones replied that if any appropriation bills were retarded it would be because a vote on the silver bill was not promptly taken. He reasserted that the friends of the bill were ready to vote as speedily as possible.

TRYING TO SHIFT THE BURDEN.

d not already approved, the action of government in bringing a vast supply of gold from abroad."

REFUSED AMERICAN EXCHANGE.

BUENOS AYRES, Feb. 4.-Gresham, Washington: The London and River bank, the largest in South America, under orders from London today refused all classes of American exchange. Are you acquainted with this fact? BUCHANAN.

Commenting on the telegram, he asserted

the condition of affairs which cropped out in far off Argentine would have made itself

nanifest in all the European financial captals. Mr. Vilas then turned his attention to the remedy available to meet this serious

reasury

A sharp colloquy occurred between Mr. Aldrich and Mr. Vilas during the latter's speech. Mr. Aldrich said the recent bonds should have been sold at 10 per cent above what they brought. "If the senator had stood at one end of a

cable as the secretary of the treasury stood," said Mr. Vilas, "and for days solicited all the great money centers of the world for their erms on our bonds he would not make such statement." Mr. Aldrich said that if he had the

sources available in the treasury and yet had to pay 1 per cent premium on bonds he would necessary.

"go out of business." "It is a significant fact," said Mr. Vilas, addressing Mr. Aldrich, "that the ablest men are employed to discharge the great transac-tions of the government." There was a joined. Mr. Vilas proceeded: "So imminent was urns

night sessions beginning at 8 p. m. Mr. Hill, democrat of New York, secured unanimous consent for taking up the bill to was again taken up. ready to descend. Was the secretary to delay row. for a fraction of a cent? There are in the history of nations-in peace as well

REPELLED PERSONAL CHARGES.

nearly four hours

partment.

silver ranks.

opearance.

of the bill

adjournment.

isle today sent a reply to the senate resolu-Mr. Vilas took up personal charges that had been made against the administration. tion inquiring whether "it is necessary of desirable that legislation should be had au One of these was that Mr. Stetson, formerly a law partner of President Cleveland, was a thorizing the issuing of bonds, treasury notes to the bond contract. Mr. Vilas said or other securities to realize moneys for the Mr. Stetson was the legal adviser of the purpose of paying current deficiencies in the Morgan banking house, and as such passed on the contract and signed it as a witness. revenue."

The secretary says he does not conside The senator said it was lamentable that such such authority necessary. His communicaslanders should be brought into dealing with tion is as follows: "The cash balance in the great names. Mr. Vilas also repelled the statement of Mr. Lodge that the bond contreasury at the close of business on the 18th inst., exclusive of \$55,101,704 gold reserve, tract was the "blackest page" in our financial history. At most it was but a matter was \$99,875,284. "It is my opinion that the secretary of the Mr. Squire pointed out that in 1878 a reso-lution had ben adopted in congress reciting that the coin obligations of the government would be redeemed in either silver or gold treasury ought to be permanently invested with the authority to issue and sell short time bonds or other obligations of the govern

at the option of the government. This, Mr. Squire, who showed that it would be no ment for the purpose of raising money to meet such deficiencies in the ordinary rev-enues as may occur from time to time, but I do not think that there is any necessity at breach of honor or faith to pay obligations in silver. Mr. V las closed at 5:15 p. m. the present time for the exercise of such au-thority if it existed. It is not probable that such deficiencies will occur during the rewith a brilliant peroration for sustaining nahonor and credit. He had spoken Platt said the pending silver bill was the most indefensible bill of the kind ever presented here. It sought to double the value of silver by delivering it to the Treasury de-

mainder of the current fiscal year as will ex-ceed the available balance on nand, and it is stimated that during the next fiscal year receipts will exceed the expenditures." This letter is accepted in the senate as At 6 o'clock Mr. Platt was still aving a direct bearing upon the amendment o the sundry civil bill proposed by the senate speaking, and there was no indication of an adjournment or a break in the silver or anticommittee on appropriations providing for an ranks. The galleries were nearly The floor of the senate was strewn assue of certificates of indebtedness. Many senators who have given their as with papers, and presented a most disorderly ent to the amendment have stated from the Senators lounged about, although

beginning that they would agree to the prop-osition only upon the direct request of the secretary for such action. This has been especially true of the silver senators. cumber had gone home, leaving word as to now they could be hastily summonel. The burden of keeping their full force pres fell on the silver men, as the opposition would Senator Teller has been one of the most have broken a quorum or secured an adconservative silver men on this proposition, but he is understood to have woted against it ournment if the silver majority was allowed to fail off. The opposition was about to di-vide its forces, retaining only those few neces-

in committee because there had been sary to carry forward the opposition of con-tinuous debite. declara i n irom the Treasury Separiment this the certificates were needed. It is understood that the amendment was but forward with the idea that it was liable to be ruled out on a point of order in the senate, and Shortly after 6 o'clock Mr. Aldrich moved to adjourn, but did not press it to a vote, pending the absence of Mr. Jones, in charge hat if it passed that body it would fail in the house

At 6:29 Mr. Aldrich pressed his motion for A Judge and Two Nebraska Postmasters. Mr. Jones called for the yeas and nays with apparent confidence of having the votes WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 .-- The president has nominated Erskine M. Ross of California to defeat the adjournment. There was a hurrying of senators from committee rooms and the restaurants. The motion was deto by United States circuit judge for the

Ninth judicial circuit court, provided for by the act approved February 18 feated-yeas, 15; nays, 32; two more than the 1895 The president also sent the following nom-"In view of that vote," said Mr. Frye, "I nations to the senate:

will ask the schutor if he intends keeping us here all night?" Postmasters-Mary F. Holland, Friend, Neb.; James R. Holcomb. Gothenburg, Neb. JONES WAS PERSISTENT. Senator Collom Has the Grip.

Mr. Jones responded that he expected to se-cure a vote tonight. He asked that 10 o'clock WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-Senator Cullom

"The senator is trying to shift the bur-den," responded Mr. Hale. "It is by no means of minor consequence that senators on this side of the chamber insist that the great appropriation bills be passed. It is

debt and extending the government gage CONDITION OF THE TREASURY. debt the companies should pay the principa of the government debt into the treasury Caritisle Declares Bonds Are Not Needed to Meet the Deficiency.

that the interest on the government debt should be extended and the first mortgage WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-Secretary Car lebt be extended under the terms of the Reilly bill, to be paid in installments through period of fifty years, with interest at 3 per cent. The advantage over the pending

principal of the government debt instead of the holders of the first mortgage bonds being given a settlement, and the government debt, principal and interest, being extended.

The payment of the principal, Mr. Reilly says, would give help to the treasury, while the extension of the first mortgage bonds would merely be extending a good invest-ment by a release of the first mortgage bonds. This change could be made without financial complication, because the amount of the first mortgage and government mortgage (the principals) are the same-some \$33,000,000. The apparent ability and willingness of the companies to raise the princi-pal of the government debt suggested the

feasibility of the change. By this plan about \$20,000,000 in round umbers would be paid into the treasury, the balance of the principal being covered by the sinking fund, which amounts to about \$14,000,000. Mr. Relly said he could not take the responsibility of recommending the take plan for the satisfaction of the government claim by paying the principal and re-mitting the interest, since it involves the relinguishment of an immense sum due for interest which could be collected under the Reilly bill or the new proposition which is based on that bill. The representatives of the Union and Central Pacific took the sug gestion under confideration and will give their views on it in a few days.

Presented the Polyglot Petition.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-Senator Frye, at the request of his fellow citizen, Mrs. L. Stevens of Maine, to whom arrange-M. N. Stevens of Maine, to whom arrange-ments for the occasion were committed, in-troduced to President Cleveland this after-noon a committee of kalles of the Women's Christian Temperance union designated to present to him the immense polygist tem-perance polision. The meeting took place in the library of the executive mansion. The committee, headed by Miss Willard and Lady Henry Somerset, consisted of the general officers of the National 'Women's Christian Temperance union, Mrs. Hoffman, Mrs. Barker and Mrs. K. L. Slevenson, The ladles, after the interview with the president, met Mrs. Cleveland for a few moments in the red parlor.

Gold Deposited in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 .- Up to and inluding February 18 the amount of gold oin reported to the treasury as having been received at New York and Phila-delphia on account of the recent gold pur-chase was 12,14150, with San Francisco, Chicago and Boston, where deposits are known to have been made, not yet re-ported ported

National Prohibition Proposed

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-Representative Blair of New Hampshire today introduced a resolution in the house proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States prohibiting the liquor traffic

in the United States. The resolution is introduced by "request of the general offi-cers of the World's and the National Women's Christian Temperance union," and as the legal expression of the polygiot petition just presented to the president.

ENDED FOR THIS SESSION.

Silver Men Concede that the Wolcott Resolution Ends It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 .- The silver fight n the senate is finished, and no vote will be had on the Jones bill. The one day devoted to that bill showed conclusively that no amount of pressure would bring about a vote.

which this plan presents is that the and if the silver bill was kept before the sentreasury will receive the amount of the ate that it would result in defeating the appropriation bills and force an extra session. The silver men feel that they have shown their

strength, and believe that they have gained substantial victory in securing the promise of a vote upon the resolution presented by Mr Wolcott declaring the sense of the senate. Although the agreement was not entered into in the senate all the senators present who were opposing the resolution agreed privately that a vote should be had on the resolution tomorrow. It will probably be debated somewhat, and senators will briefly express their views. It is possible to prevent a vote if hose who are not parties to the private agreement should decide to appose it, as there was no unanimous consent asked or given in the senate. The republicans who agreed that there should be a vote included Senators Platt, Chandler, Quay, as well as the silver leaders on the republican side, while Senatora Cockreil, Blackburn and Jones of the democratic senators agreed to the proposition. The opponents of the Jones bill present said they were willing there should be a vote on the declaratory resolution presented by Sena-tor Wolcott, and it is believed that this pri-vate agreement will be agreed to in the sen-This ends the silver fight for this ses ite. sion, and the appropriation bills, will monopolize the remainder of the session, with per-

haps some time devoted to the bankruptcy bill and the pooling bill. CLEVELAND PUT IN A VETO.

Disapproves of a Bill to Remove the Charge

of Desertion from a Soldier. WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-The president today sent to the house his veto of the bill to remove the charge of desertion against Jacob E. Eckert, who was a private in the Fifty-first Ohio volunteers, and was convicted and sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment by a court martial for desertion. The president says: 'It means to me that the provisions of this bill amounts to a judgment of a regularly constituted court and legislative pardon of the offense of which authority is to be excreised by congress it should be done in such a manner as not to restore a man properly convicted and sentenced as a deserter without even the alle gations of injustice to the rights of pay.

lowance and pension belonging to those who faithfully and bonorably engaged in the military service of their country." One Moro Federal Judge.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 .- The president has approved the act providing an additional circuit judge in the Ninth Pacific alope judicial district.

Agreed Upon the Pension Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19. The house and Available cash balance, \$157,543,619, gold re-

met and practically agreed upon their re-ports. Three amendments were added to the bill in the senate and these will probably be accepted by the house conferees with some verbal changes, but none affecting their intent. One amendment is to repeal the law providing that no pension shall be paid nonresidents who are not citizens of the United States, except for actual disabili-ties incurred in the service. The second re-quires the examining surgeons to state the rating which they think applicants entitled to; the third fixes 35 p.r month as the lowest rate of pensions to be paid.

Text of the Amendment as Finally Agreed Upon by Congress.

the full text of the joint resolution concerning the income tax law as finally agreed to today by both houses of congress:

ing the income tax law as finally agreed to today by both houses of congress: That the time fixed by existing law for the rendering of income returns, to-wit, on or before the first Monday of March in every year (section 3.73, Revised Statutes, as amended by section 31 of that act), is hereby extended, with reference only to returns of income for the year 1894, so that it shall be lawful to make such returns for that year on or before April 15, 1895. Resolved, That in computing incomes under said act the amounts necessarily paid for insurance premiums and for or-dinary repairs shall be deducted. Theolved, That in computing incomes un-der said act the amounts necessarily paid for insurance premiums and for or-dinary repairs shall be deducted. Theolved, That in computing incomes un-der said act the amounts received as divi-dends upon the stock of any corporation, company or association shall not be in-cluded in case such dividends are also liable to the tax of 2 per cent on the pat profits of said corporation, company or as-sociation, although such tax may not have actually been paid by such dividends, and returns or reports of the names abd sai-aries of employees shall not be required from employers unless called for by the collector in order to verify the returns of employes.

*WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-(Special Tele-gram)-Leave of absence granted First Lieutenant Lorenzo P. Davison, Eleventh Lieutenant Lorenzo P. Davison, Eleventh infantry, is extended three months. The following transfers in the Eighth infantry are ordered: Second Lieutenant William R. Dashiell, from company C to company K; Second Lieutenant John K. Miller, from company IS to company C. By direction of the secretary of war the extension of leave of absence granted First Lieutenant Henry C. Fisher, assist-ant surgeon, in special orders No. 21, Janu-ary 29, 1885, from this office, is further extended one month.

Bills Signed by the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-The president has approved the following acts: Granting to the California Valley, Globe & Northern company right of way through San Carlos reservation, Arizana; to readjust the sal-arias and allowances of the postmasters and clerks at Guthrie, Oklalionna City and El Reno, Okl

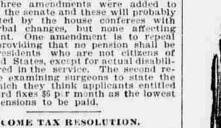
Fourth Class Postmusters Commissioned. WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.-(Special Tele gram.)-Postmasters have been commi-

sioned as follows: Nebraska: William Gill, Grand Rapids. Iowa: Peter J. Mein-hart, Brown: Mease Gilles. New Haven. South Dakota: Alva B. Wiser, Danforth.

Cash in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 .- Today's state-

ment of the condition of the treasury shows:



WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 .- The following is

Yale's

Removes wrinkles and all traces of age. It feeds through the pores and builds up the

fatty membranes and wasted tissues, nourishes the shriveled and shrunken skin, tones and invorates the nerves and muscles, enriches the impoverished blood vessels, and supplies youth and elacticity to the acion of the skin; It's perfect.

Beware of substitutes and counterfeits, Yale's Original Skin food, price \$1.50 and \$3. At all drug stores.

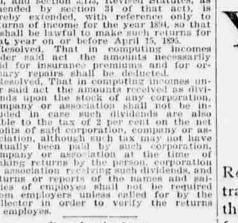
MME. M. VALE, Health and Complexian Specialist, Yale Temple of Beauty, 146 State street, Chicago.

Notice to Stockholders.

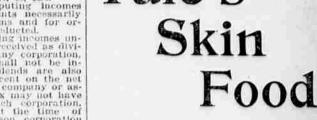
The arrival meeting of stockholders. The Bee Publishing company will be held at their office, corner 17th and Farnam streets, in the city of Omaha, on Monday, March 4th, 1855, at 4 o clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors and such other business as may be pre-sented for consideration. By order of the president, president

GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK, Secretary, F18m&c10

INCOME TAX RESOLUTION.



News for the Army.



S. MORSE P. MORSE GOODS G

Swiss ribbed white Underwear, M. D. G. Co.'s last price \$1.25, ours. 75c

Dr. Jacger's Underwear half price-half the plain marked regular price.

of any retired officer of the navy or the corps upon his own request, without naring additional compensation, as a teacher in any college or school and was agreed to. The committee of the whole rose informally

and the senate amendments to the agricul ural bill were disagreed to and the bill sent o conference. Mr. Sayers' amendment to strike out the

provision authorizing the enlistment of 2,000 additional seamen was lost, 20 to 51. He moved to substitute for it a provision authorizing the secretary of the navy to assign as many officers and soldlers of the marine corps to active duty on the secondary batteries of the war ships as he might deem