REFORMS IT HAS B'OUGHT TO PASS

Turned the City Government Over to the Democrats and Let it Go at That-Many Things it Might Have Done.

What has become of the Economic League? That is the question that has been asked more than once during the last few weeks, but no satisfactory answer has as yet apthe abuses that are alleged to exist in congentlemen who were doing the agitating, coupled with the unwillingness of the republican party to pass a few resolutions. The democrats were a little more courageous and passed the resolutions, and carried the day in consequence. The resolutions never did any harm nor any good. None of the men elected considered themselves bound by them, and the only thing that was really accomplished by the league, which was composed mainly of republicans, was to place the city government in the hands of the democrats. It has been rumored of late that the league

had determined to suspend and make an assignment for the benefit of the people, as this is all a mistake. Meetings have been held on the sly at certain offices during the past few days, and from the inside it is given out that when the proper time comes the league will be right on hand to continue its deadly work against the corporations. Right under the nose of the league the city council renewed the contract with the electric light company for five years. No action has been taken to reduce the fare to Omaha, and citizens still have to pay for their water at the rates that have been in vogue ever since the company commenced business. The members of the league still think that there room for their missionary work, and are not disposed to give up the fight. "We must educate the public," said one of them a few days ago, "and when we get them educated we shall have no difficulty in

Just what steps will be taken is as yet oncealed under the hats of the league, but the plan is to be sprung upon the public within the next few days, when the league will take its place in the political ring. In this conection it may not be out of place to state that Cornelius Wesley has an-nounced himself a candidate for alderman-atlarge on the democratic ticket, and Joseph ndal on the republican.

bringing about the reforms at which we are

Remnants! Remnan s! Remnants! The late clearing sale has left us a big lot f remnants and short lengths, in all kinds of goods, which we must close out quickly. These goods will be placed on sale Monday at prices that are bound to sell them. Come and look them over, you may find just what you want.

BARGAINS IN Remnants of silks. Remnants of dress goods. Remnanats of muslins. Remnants of sheetings Remnanats of table linen. Remnants of ginghams. Remnants of laces and embroideries

Odds and ends in hosiery, underwear an gloves at greatly reduced prices. FOWLER, DICK & WALKER, BOSTON STORE. Council Bluffs, Ia.

Wanted, competent cook, at 608 First

Davis sel's drugs, paints and glass cheap. After Tax Shirkers.

The salcon men of Pottawattamie county hurried to the scene. Knowing the condi-are not setting a very good example for the The salcon men of Pottawattamie county millionaires who are soon to be compelled to pay their income tax, for, if County Attorney Saunders is right, they are proving themselves the most inveterate tax shirkers to be found anywhere. The mulct law has not proved a very glittering success so far, but, in justice to the law, it may be said that it is possibly owing to the fact that the attempts to enforce its provisions have not been much more enthusiast c than were those to enforce the prohibitory law.

Of the taxes due on saloon property be ween October 1 and March 1, 1895, it is said that \$10,000 is still unpaid. This is nearly one-half of the entire amount. About \$5,000 is due from saloon keepers outside of Council Bluffs. This class of the saloon element is going to be more troublesome than any other unless the law is strictly enforced. for in many cases the property on which the booze emporium is located is not worth any-thing like the tax for six months, and if the county is left to collect the tax at the end of the term, instead of at the begin-ning, a great loss to the county will result.

But the county attorney has made up his designed by the county attorney has made up his designed. A. McClurg, Paymaster Henry R. Smith, Assistant Engineer J. B. Patton, Cadet Engimind to get after the saloon keepers forked stick. Every one must come and pay or else shut up, and the latter formality will be gone through with very quickly. Save Your Money.

By investing in the stock of the Savings, oan and Building association of Council lines. Incorporated in 1877. Monthly payments of \$1.00 per share, netting the investor about 10 per cent interest. Ten series al-ready paid out, which fully demonstrates the ability of the association to mature its stock in about seventy-five monthly pay-ments. No loans made outside of Council ments. No loans made outside of Country Bluffs, and all applications examined and passed upon by a majority of the board of directors. Good loans wanted. Full information of the office of D. W.

Yes, the Eagle laundry is "that good laundry," and is located at 724 Broadway, if in doubt about this, try it and be convinced. Don't forget name and number. Tel. 157. Gas cocking stoves for rent and for sale at

For coughs and colds get Ballard's hore-hound cough syrup at DeHaven's drug store. Neatest drug ctore-Taylor's, Grand hotel.

Minor Mention

sermon from Dr. Askin. Another session of the Union avenue ap-

praising jury will be held tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock for the purpose of hearing the opinions of the property owners. Dr. Stephen Phelps is suffering severely from a difficulty of the throat. His place in

First Presbyterian church was filled yesterday by Rev. Henry Coker. A marriage license has been issued to Ire

Shellhart and Abbie Butler, aged 40 and 31. They will be remembered as the parties who were arrested several times by neighbors ong ago on the charge of improper conduct. A meeting of the council will be held this evening. The matter of opening Seventh street was postponed until this meeting, but it is said that it will be passed over in silence, as none of the aldermen are anxious to repeat the dose of grief they took some

yesterday afternoon, under the auspices of the Knights of the Maccabees, who escorted the remains from the house to the Latter Day Saints' church, and from there to the cemetery, where services were held according to their ritual. The deceased, it is said, had

just joined the lodge, and had only paid \$1 dues in return for the \$2,000 which his widow

We have over \$300,000 to loan upon im We have over \$300,000 to him the proved lows farms. Farmers desiring loans can save money by dealing direct with us, thereby saving agent's commission. We do thereby saving agent's commission. We do not loan on wild lands, nor in Nebraska. Lougee & Towle, 235 Pearl street.

DISASTER ON THE MISSISSIPPI

Surpassing in Fatalities Any Single Record of the Treacherous Atlantic.

In the long list of ocean disasters, appalling in the aggregate, there is none equalling in loss of life the wreck of the Sultana. seven miles above Vicksburg, in April, 1865. Mr. Howard Henderson, who, at that time was confederate exchange commissioner, gives in the New York Independent a detailed ac-count of what is regarded the greatest river

calamity of the civil war.

The Sultana was employed in carrying peared. The Economic league was organized paroled union prisoners to the north. A with the avowed intention of healing many of neutral exchange camp had been established east of Vicksburg. On the 24th of April, 1865, 1,611 prisoners were brought from the nection with the city government, and for a time a great deal of agitating was done along that line. In fact, the city election along that line. In fact, the city election crowded to her utmost capacity, for besides to her utmost capacity for besides to her utmost capacity. The heat to do the her utmost capacity for besides to her utmost capacity for besides to her utmost capacity. The heat to do the her utmost capacity for besides to her utmost capacity for besides to her utmost capacity for besides to her utmost capacity. The heat to do the her utmost capacity for besides to her utmost capacity for her utmost capacity fo soldiers.

The men covered the hurricane deck and the "texas," and it was feared their weight would crush the roof of the cabin. The guards of the cabin were filled and the boiler deck was so crowded that the men sat thick on the gunwales, their legs swinging over the sides of the steamer, which sunk so low that when the vessel careened, while running, their when the vessel careened, while running, their feet touched the water. They were so anxious to get away that they feared to complain, lest they should be left behind; they even claimed to be entirely comfortable, but their wretched position excited universal comment and provoked earnest protests. The steamer reached Memphis in safety, and, having could left there. Saven wills show the ing coaled, left there. Seven miles above she exploded her boilers and burned. Hundreds It were. But inquiry develops the fact that were hurled many feet in the air, falling into the water with broken, bruised or scalded bodies, to meet certain and swift death by drowning. The number that lost their lives is approximately 1,110 of the prisoners, and 200 of the crew and passengers, including Captain Mason, the commander of the boat. This number has been repeatedly placed at from 1,800 to 2,000, but it approximates the exact truth to state that about 1,300 persons perished, or about 60 per cent of all on board. The spring freshet was at its flood, and the swamps on the Arkansas side were over-flowed for many miles inland. Many escaped to the submerged trees, and a large proportion of these perished from cold and fright. The catastrophe, occurring on the heels of the assassination of President Lincoln and the surender of Generals Lee and Johnston, the public mind was so occupied that this ca-lamity was obscured by these events. The magnitude of the disaster may be better apprehended by a few comparisons with losses in historic battles. The union loss on the more than the united loss at Pea Ridge, Per-ryville and Pleasant Hill; more than the union soldiers killed at Chancellorsville, Chickamauga and Shiloh.

CAPTURED BY CHINESE OFFICERS. fficers from the American Ship Concord in

Serious Trouble. LONDON, Feb. 3.-A dispatch from Shanghai says'a telegram has been received there from Chainkin stating that a party of officers from the American ship Concord landed at Chainkin for the purpose of shooting game. They by accident shot a Chinaman. The populace became infuriated, and attacked, seized and carried off the whole party. The commander of the Concord sent an armed force of blue jackets and marines to rescue them at all hazards. Further news in regard to the affair is anxiously awaited.

of murder more than once. He was made an associate justice of the supreme court of California in 1855, and became chief justice WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The reported kidnaping of the officers of the United States ship Concord at Chinkiang, China, reached Washington at too late an hour to permit it to be inquired into in naval or diplomatic for contempt by Justice Field, and that was circles. Up to 10 o'clock no news on the subject had been received by any of the old gentleman, whom he would not have had subject had been received by any of the government officials. The news will create the courage to attack in his earlier days. a profound sensation tomorrow, and, unless later repots show that the captured officers are at liberty, other vessels will probably be the way in which they are likely to deal with prisoners, there will be great anxiety until the safety of the party is assured.

A court martial will probably follow, as the policy of the United States government is to require unusual care in such cases. A few years ago a test torpedo from a United States warship was exploded by some Japanese, who found it on the beach. One of them was killed, and, though the Japanese government declared it held the officer of the warship blameless, there was a court martial and the officer was severely repri-

Concord is a twin screw steel gunboat of 1,710 tons displacement. She is commanded by Joseph E. Craig and has a complement of thirteen officers and 180 men. She arrived at Chinkiang last Friday.
Following is the list of officers on the Concord: Commander Joseph E. Craig. Concord: commanding; Lieutenants E. S. Prime, G. A. Merriam, William S. Hogg, W. A. Gill; Ensigns Marbury Johnson, C. M. Faks and L.

manded.

neer J. R. Brady. The other ships now belonging to the Asiatic station are the Baltimore, Charleston, Yorktown, Detroit, Machias, Petrel and Monocacy, Rear Admiral C. C. Carpenter commands the station, with the Baltimore as his flagship.

FROM THE BITE OF A DOG.

Iwo Men Die from Hydrophobia and i

Young Lady Attacked.
MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 3.—The departure of Miss Margaret Otis for the New York Pasteur institute for treatment last night has brought to light the story of the death of two men and the possible sickness of the directors. Good loans wanted. Full information can be obtained at the office of D. W. Otis, secretary, 110 Main street, or any of the following directors: H. W. Hazelton, Frank Grass, John Brown, A. S. Hazelton, H. C. Beebe, A. B. Walker, E. E. Hart, F. C. Lougee, S. S. Leenard.

Just received, a new line of stamped linens and Honitan braids. Art linens by the yard; lessons in embroidery, hemstitching, drawn work and Honitan lace. Order work done. Misses Clark & Wetzel, 337 Broadway.

Yes, the Eagle laundry is "that good laundry," and is located at 724 Broadway.

It is Apply about this try it and be convinced.

GOLD SEEKERS MEET DEATH.

Many Prospectors Freeze to Death in th

Seine River Country.
DULUTH, Feb. 3.—Several reports have been received in Duluth during the winter of prospectors in the Rainy lake and Seine river gold country being frozen to death. A man by the name of McLain was picked up within two miles of Rainy Lake City Mayr. Real Estate agency, 539 Broadway.

The traveling men of the city went to the congregational church last evening to hear a sermion from Dr. Askio. eter was 42 degrees below zero. Today D.

A. Melrose, who owns a great deal of
valuable gold property in the Rainy lake
and Seine river district, received a letter
from James Cummings, stating that of a
party of nine prospectors who were about
100 miles from Rainy Lake City and about
fifty miles from Fort Francis on New
Year's day he was the only survivor. Cummings states it fell to 48 below zero on
New Year's day, and all of the party sank
from exhaustion from the cold.

Drainage Commission Short. KOKOMO, Ind., Fab. 3.—Burgess Ray, commissioner of drainage of Howard coun-y, was removed from office Saturday with ty, was removed from omce Saturday with his accounts in a badly tangled condition. Reports are due on all public ditches, in-volving several thousand dollars, and the officer is also accused of illegal collection of fees. The amount of the shortage, if any, will not be known until the books have been thoroughly examined, though the bondsmen expect to be held for a goodly sum.

Made His Friendship Pay.

TALE OF TWO TRAGEDIES

Euggested by the Bowed Head and Gray Hairs of Mr. Justice Field.

SENSATIONAL CHAPTER FROM REAL LIFE

Judge Terry's Death in the California Eating House Set Over Against the Duel in Which lie Killed Senator Broderick.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, 1407 F Street, N. W. WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.

Every day at noon the chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court of the United States march in single file from the robing room to the supreme court room and take their places upon the elevated platform. One of their number is bowed with the weight of years, and leans heavily upon slow. He is a broad-shouldered man, however, who, at one time, judging from his appearance, must have been a man of powerful
physique. It is Associate Justice Stephen J.
Field of California, now 77 years of age, who
was appointed associate justice by President
Abraham Lincoln, in 1863. He has been a
member of the supreme court of the United slow. He is a broad-shouldered man, how-

fear. His personal courage was such that for a time he was practically the law-giver and ruler of an entire section of the country, all of the people in the vicinity bowing before him as an oracle of law, and a magnificent embodiment of courage. It is said that in that early day he administered justice with drawn revolvers lying upon his desk before him, and no man dared gainsay the decisions he made in any case.

TRAGEDY AT AN EATING HOUSE A few years ago, when Justice Field was in the 72d year of his age, and almost as feeble as he is today, David S. Terry, a man who had known him in his early days slapped his cheek and threatened to heap other indignities upon the old man, when Deputy United States Marshal Nagle, who vas sitting at the dinner table with Justice Field, arose and shot the assailant through the heart. As Judge Terry fell Marshal Nagle shot at him again, but the second shot imbedded itself in the floor. It was on the afternoon of August 14, 1889.

that Justice Field and Deputy United States Marshal David Nagle went into the railroad dining room at Lathrop, Cal., and sat down together to dinner. Judge Terry and his wife, Sarah Althea Hill, entered the room immediately afterward, and when Mrs. Terry noticed Justice Field she left the dining room field has exceeded the deaths by this explosion in only four battles—the Wilderness, Gettysburg, Spottsylvania and Antietam; more perished than on the combined fields of Fredericksburg, Franklin and Five Forks; sumably to get a revolver. It was at this juncture that Judge Terry walked across the room and slapped the face of Associate and Justice Field as he sat at the table, and that action resulted in his immediate death, Justice Field and Marshal Nagle immediately left the dining room and went to their sleep-ing car, where they were locked in and the train departed, while excited crowds gathered at the depot. Marshal Nagle submitted to arrest and was taken to jail at Stockton. He was finally acquitted of crime, because he was merely performing his duty in protect-

ing the associate justice.

David S. Terry was born in Kentucky, was in the Texan army under the command of Sam Houston, and went to California in 1849. Although a man of a great deal more than ordinary ability and legal acquirements, he-was swayed by his passions to the extent WHY DAVE BRODERICK DIED.

character before the nation in 1860, when he killed United States Senator David C. Broderick in a duel. A friend of Terry, who was present when the celebraetd duel was fought, is temporarily residing in Washington, and gives a very interesting account of that romance of the exciting period preceding the civil war. It seems that Senator Broderick was a

friend of Stephen A. Douglas and an opponent of the extension of slavery. He had always been a demorcat and refused to subscribe to the doctrines of abolition. In fact, he occu-pied a middle ground between the new republican party and the slavery extension wing of the democratic party. He was a man of great influence and power upon the Pacific coast, as well as in the United States senate, and he was cordially hated by the friends of the Buchanan administration. Senator Brod-erick was so strong in the affections of the people of California that Senator Gwin, al-though he hated Broderick, felt obliged, for the sake of saving his own political life, to give Broderick a letter promising not to in-terfere in the disposition of the patronage of the Pacific coast. This document was called "The Scarlet Letter," and it became the subject of many very acute controversial arguments in the press and upon the hustings Experienced politicians, particularly those of the slavery extension type, declared that the man who held that letter was doomed.

The leading and most aggressive exponent of the slavery extension wing of the democratic party in California at that time, was Chief Justice David S. Terry. In a celebrated speech which was delivered before the demoratic state convention ot Sacramento in 1859 Judge Terry called Broderick an arch traitor, who held in his own possession as a part of his personal property, all of the slavery dem-ocrats in California. He said: "These people call themselves Douglas democrats. they are not followers of Stephen A. Douglas They are under the banner of a Douglas, it is true, but it is the black Douglas. His name is Frederick, and not Stephen."

BRODERICK'S COMMENT ON TERRY. When Senator Broderick read that speech as it was reported in the newspapers of the day, he said in the presence of a lawyer named D. W. Perley, a friend of Terry, "I see that Terry has been abusing me. I now take back the remark I once made, that he is the only honest judge on the supreme bench. I was his friend when he needed friends; a fact for which I am now sorry. If the vig-ilance committee had disposed of him as they did of others, they would have done a right-

This was an allusion to the fact that when Terry stabbed a man named Hopkins he was the hands of the vigilance committee, and it required all of his strength of his po friends to save his neck. If Hopkins had died of Broderick to Judge Terry that gentleman immediately wrote a letter to Broderick asking him if he had made such a remark. To To

lows:

FRIDAY EVENING. Sept. 9. 1859.—Hon. D. S. Terry: Yours of this date has been received. The remarks made by me were occasioned by certain offensive allusions of yours, concerning me, made in the convention at Sacramento, and reported in the Union of the 25th of June. Upon the topic alluded to in your note of this date, my language, so far as my recollection serves me, was as follows: "During Judge Terry's incarceration by the vigilance committee I paid \$200 a week and supported a newspaper in his (your) defense. I have also said heretofore that I considered him (Judge Terry) the only honest man on the supreme bench. But I take this all back." You are the proper judge as to whether this language affords ground for offense. I remain, etc.

CALL TO DEATH ACCEPTED.

CALL TO DEATH ACCEPTED. Judge Terry declared to his friends that he considered this language, and the note of Broderick, sufficient ground for the issuance of a challenge to mortal combat, and sent a challenge to Mr. Broderick, announcing that Calboun Benham was his principal second, with S. H. Brooks and Thomas Hayes as his assistants. In those days a duel was regarded as an affair of honor, and all of the seconds selected by Judge Terry were experts in all of the fine points of the so-

had been through many affairs of a roughand-tumble character on the frontier, but
he knew absolutely nothing about the socalled code of honor, and Haskell
was like unto him aguidar as that
was concerned. So that from the outset
Broderick was at a distributing. Judge
Terry, a man born and bred to believe in
the code duello, raised in a section where
that code was prevalent, issued the challenge and selected for his assistants three
men who were like himself in all of their men who were like himself in all of their experience, beliefs and prejudices. So that, as a matter of fact, all of the chances of war of that kind were against Senator Brod-erick from the very moment of the issuance of the challenge and its acceptance. The re-sult was practically a foregone conclusion, Colonel McKibben, the chief second for

member of the supreme court of the United States for thirty-two years; a full generation.

Fifty years ago Stephen J. Field was one of the greatest lawyers on the Pacific coast, and was regarded as a man absolutely devoid of the program of the program of the program of the program of the pacific coast, and was regarded as a man absolutely devoid of the program of but he said that this could not be done with On the morning of September 13, at La-guna de la Merced, a beautiful lake twelve miles from San Francisco, the final meeting occurred. Senator Broderick slept that night at the Lake House near by, and was early upon the ground, seemingly strong and ready for the fray. Judge Terry came upon the ground with his seconds, soon after, and there were upward of eighty spectators, who had driven over the rough roads in a who had driven over the rough roads in a very cold morning to reach the place. Up the ravine on the shore of the beautiful lake, the seconds examined and loaded the weapons and made preparations for the duel. By the toss of a half dollar, Terry won the choice of weapons, the distance was paced off and the principals took their places. Senoff and the principals took their places. Sen-ator Broderick took the locse change from his pocket and gave it to Colonel McKibben, while Judge Terry handed his loose coins to Benham, who scattered them upon the grassy sward. Both Terry and Broderick were examined then by the seconds of their opponents to ascertain whether the

opponents to ascertain whether they wore any coat of mail beneath their outer gar-ONE TRIGGER TOO FINELY SET. Mr. Colton then asked if they were ready and having received an affirmative reply gave the word to fire. Both men quickly raised their weapons, but Broderick's pistol was discharged before it was half raised and the bullet struck the ground two-thirds of the distance between himself and Terry. It was a line shot and would have un-doubtedly struck Terry but for the premature discharge of the weapon. Within half a second thereafter a sharp report rung out from Terry's pistol and Broderick reeled. He trembled, tried to stand, his knees gave way, he struggled to an erect position, and then gradually dropped upon the ground with his face toward the sky, which was lurid with the rays of the rising sun.

Both pistols were set with a delicate hair trigger, but Bernard Lagoarde, a French expert, afterward declared that Broderick's pistol had been so lightly set upon the trig-ger that even the breath of a man would have discharged it; while Terry's was a better weapon. While Broderick was lying upon the ground Terry's surgeon assisted the senathe ground Terry's surgeon assisted the sena-tor's surgeon, but nothing could be done for the dying man. The bullet had entered the right breast, broke two ribs, passed through th left lung, over the heart and lodged in the left arm pit. It was a ghastly-looking would, and, of course, a mortal one. Davis, the owner of the ranch upon which the duel occurred, tried to start a riot, but he was quieted after a great effort and the party slowly left the field. Broderick was taken on a mattress to the residence of a friend living nearby, where he lingered in

Judge David S. Terry became a prominent character before the nation in 1860, when he killed United States Senator David C. Broderick in a duel. A friend of Terry, who was leaved the control of the morning of September 16. He spoke but little because every effort was agony. "They have killed me because I was op-

posed to slavery and a corrupt administra-

CARD FROM THE SECONDS. The newspapers of the day were filled with all sorts of accounts of and comments upon the affair. The prevailing opinion was that there was an unfairness in the selection and choice of weapons. Finally, the seconds of Boderick published a card saying:

At that time and for many years after-ward, Judge Terry was the hero of the slavery extension wing of the democratic party, but after the civil war he gradually lost a great deal of his prestige. Public sentiment had so changed during the forty years between the death of Senator Broderick, and the assault committed upon Associate Justice Field that when Judge Terry fell in his tracks before the bullet of Deputy Marshal Nagle regret for his sudden and tragic death was by no means universal.

FINE FURS COME HIGH.

Annual London Sale of Standard Skins Shows Heavy Advances.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The Press today says: Private cablegrams from London announce that at the annual fur sale held there during the past week there has been an enormous advance in standard skins. Mink advanced 2) per cent; skunk, 15 per cent; Hudson Bay sable, 50 per cent; Rus- Workmen of Iowa to enjoin the loyal grand sian sable, 25 per cent; white fox, 130 per sian sable, 25 per cent; white fox, 130 per cent; Japanese fox, 17 per cent; Siberian squirrel, 15 per cent; Thibet lamb, 15 per cent, and Chinchilla, 15 per cent.

The London market controls the world and the advance is greater than at any previous stage. The cause is said to be the practical extinction of the more valuable animals. The largest and practically sole owners of the fur that has advanced are: B. Goding & Bloom of Leipsic and London, J. Ullman of Leipsic, C. C. Shayne of New York and London and H. Leibes of San Francisco, TO PROTECT AMERICAN COPYRIGHTS.

Executive Council of the League Disap-

proves of the Proposed Amendments. NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The executive council of the American Authors' Copyright league has adopted a resolution expressing Terry would undoubtedly have been hanged.

When Lawyer Perley repeated the remarks its disapproval of the proposed amendments to the copyright law contained in the bill introduced by Representative Covert, which, it is alleged, would "practically destroy the efficiency of the entire copyright system." The council pledges its hearity concurrence in any amendment "which will be a protection regular to result of the council pledges. tion against excessive damages, while prop-erly safeguarding the interests of copyright providers." proprietors.

C. P. Hantington III. WEST CHESTER, N., Y., Feb. 3.-Numerous inquiries have been made today respecting the health of Collis P. Huntington, the railroad magnate and millionair who resides in this village. Although Huntington is not in robust health, he was able ington is not in robust health, he was able to go to his office yesterday. He is suffering from a cold and general indisposition resulting from this, but his ailment is not of a nature to be considered serious.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Reports have been circulated throughout the country to the effect that C. P. Huntington was seriously iil in this city. Inquiry at his residence this morning elicited the statement from one of his servants that Mr. Huntington was not even indisposed; that he was at the office Saturday, as usual, and transacted considerable business.

Recentler to Mrs. U. S. Grant. ST. AUGUSTINE, Fig., Feb. 3.-A reception was given Mrs. U. S. Grant at the Ponce de Leon hotel last night, which was experts in all of the fine points of the so-called code.

Senator Broderick accepted the challenge of Judge Terry and selected as his princi-pal second Joseph C. McKibben, a gentle-

man who had been a member of congress, but who had actually no experience in affairs of this kind. The assistants of Colonel McKibben were David D. Colton and Leonidas Haskell. Colton had been sheriff of Siskyou, and had been through many affairs of a roughized a Powerful Lobby.

DR. E. C. SPINNEY AS A "PROMOTER"

He Realens as General Manager of the lowa Deposit and Loan Association After Making Public a Number of Business Secrets.

fore the public. It started with the annou or ment on Friday evening of the retirement from the Iowa Deposit and Loan association of Dr. E. C. Spinney, who has been its general manager since its organization in 1891. Dr. Spinney was formerly a Baptist minister. The company has shareholders throughout this and adjoining states. He had associated with him as directors John Wyman, W. M. McCain and J. G. Gardner, all well knwn capitalists of this city. They put no money into the concern, but were allowed blocks of states for the roots of their managers. The ground for 200 yards around the furnace is covered with black, coke and other debris. fore the public. It started wi h the annou coblocks of stock for the use of their names and moral influence, the stock being eventually paid for out of the profits of the com-pany, which were consolidated into an ex-pense account over which Dr. Spinney had almost unumited control, and the residue of which, after expenses were paid, to become the personal property of Spinney in payment for his services. During the last legislature bills were introduced for legislation to con-trol and rgulate the building and lean associations, and Dr. Spinney, with others in-terested, organized a powerful lobby, spent noney lavishly and succeeded in preventing the proposed enactments. The books of Dr. Spinney's company show that he expended some \$4,300 as his share, and he does not hesitate to say that members of the legislature and certain newspapers got most of The examination made by the committee appointed by the state executive council shows that the company is in good condition and that the shareholders will lose nothing. Dr. Spinney states that all his actions in connection with the company have been un-der a contract drawn up and entered into between himself and the above named directors; that he had all the time lived up to this contract, and that they had done so also and received the benefits therein stipulated. Every director ever connected with the company has known of this contract. In regard to legislation, Spinney said that the only items specifically appearing on the books show it was paid in connection with amounts paid by other associations doing business here, and was a fund simply to promote legislation beneficial to such companies. Any other statements made by this committee on this matter were purely inferential and speculative. INSURANCE RATES.

The adjustment of fire insurance rates in the state is now well under way. The governing committee, representing all the fire insurance companies doing business in Iowa, has been in session here for several days, and has appointed another meeting in Chicago for February 13, when the expert, David Beveridge, will submit a plan for adoption by the committee. The managers say they want to get some basis of making rates established for the whole state, so that each risk will the depositors will be paid in full. cording to its merits. So some standard of perfect risk will be fixed and every defect in every risk charged for at a fixed rate all over the state. This will do away with com-plaints of injustice and discrimination, now so generally made. The rating will not be completed before spring, as each town will be gone over. The cost of inspection of risks will be very much reduced by the proposed plan, as two of the three inspection bureaus

Arranging for the Educators.

DENVER, Feb. 3.—Homer Beavans and C. O. Scudder of Chicago and Prof. W. O. Krohn of Champaign, Ill., have been in Denver arranging for the accommodation of the Illinois delegates to the convention of the National Educational association. Prof. Krohn said that there would be at least into the house, a terrible scene met her view, Tool's two children, aged 2 and 4 years, reing that their recommodation, aged 2 and 4 years, reing that their recommodation are delegates would be being the proposed and prof. W. O. Scudder of Chicago and Prof. W. O. Krohn of Champaign, Ill., have been in Denver arranging for the accommodation of the National Educational association. Prof. Krohn said that there would be at least tween in the proposed and the professional ing that their papa and mamma be made to get up from the floor. Mrs. Stoner saw Tool and his wife lying in pools of blood, and, growing faint, hurried away with the chil-dren to give the alarm. Neighbors hastened to the ill-fated home and found Mrs. Tool lying dead at the north side of the little sitting room, her forehead crushed so deeply that the brain was oozing forth. In the middle of the room lay the husband, "The Herald this morning contains the most serious misstatement we have yet seen. Mr. Broderick had not the choice of weapons, nor were his friends aware, until the publication of the Herald, that one weapon was easier upon the trigger than the other. Had we believed there was any unfairness, there could have been no meeting.

JOSEPH MKIBBEN.

At that time and for many years ofter.

At that time and for many years ofter. from a gaping wound at his throat inflicted by a razor. A heavy ax that had evidently they united. Much to the surprise one. Tool began to rally and is today prac-

tically a well man. The coroner's jury held Tool responsible for the murder of his wife, and, as soon as his health would permit, he was taken to the county jail, where he has since remained. At the December term of court he was indicted for murder in the first degree, and his case

J. K. Cumberland, the Shelby county mur derer, will be hanged at the penitentiary at Fort Madison Friday. The execution will be under the management of Sheriff Clark of Shelby county, and will cost \$750 for mileage for twelve witnesses, medical attendance, etc.

FRATERNAL ORDERS AROUSED.

Decision of an Iowa Judge Which Threatens

Numerous Insurance Organizations. DUBUQUE, Ia., Feb. 3 .- In the case of the grand lodge of the Ancient Order of United lodge from using the name, maintaining subordinate lodges, ordering insurance or other business in Iowa, Judge Husted, thirty days ago, sustained plaintiff's demurrer to defend-ant's answer and gave defendant thirty days

in which to elect whether to appeal or to amend its pleadings. The defendant has filed an amended answer which simply adds emand phasis to the contention in the original agree answer that the defendant is essentially a fraternal benevolent organization and that its insurance feature is secondary. Defendart's counsel announced that if a demurrer to the amended answer be sustained, defendant will appeal to the state supreme court and if beaten there to the federal supreme court, also that a meeting of the supreme officers and counsellors of many other fraternal societies and of several old line insurance companies was held in Chicago two weeks ago, at which it was decided to assist the loyalists in this fight and that the societies have in Iowa 200,000 members whose policies of insurance will be viciated should Judge Husted's action

be sustained. Among the societies mentioned as interested in the overthrow of this decision, are the Re-Men, Independent Order of Foresters, Modern Woodmen, Knights of Pythias and V. A. S Fraternity, all of which in Iowa are chartered by supreme lodges in other states. How-ever, Judge Husted's decision expressely states that fraternal societies are not subject to the nsurance laws of Iowa and cites the Knights of Pythias as an example of a fraternal ociety. It is also the fact that all old life usurance companies doing business in this tate have conformed to the insurance laws

Burlington Agents Transferred.

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., Feb. 3.-(Special Telegram.)-H. B. Segur, agent of the Burlington railroad in this city, leaves Wednesdany for Beatrice, to which station he has been transferred, Agent Loomis of that place being transferred to Denver. Mr. Segur's transfer is regretted by all our people. He has been agent here for the past four years and during that time he and his estimable people. His family will remain in this city until April 1, when they will remove to their future home, Beatrice.

Mahood's Seed Taking Root. SIOUX CITY, Feb. 3 .- (Special Telegram.)-As a result of the social purity recently com-

menced here a short time ago by Rev. J. W. Mahood, an organization is being formed to look after the enforcement of the laws for the suppression of vice in the city. An executive committee of 100 will have direct charge of the work, but the membership of the main committee will be unlimited. Nearly every minister in the city and many prominent business men have signified their will here will be discussed.

looking toward the furthering of the work. GAS IN A COKE FURNACE EXPLODES.

willingness to join. The matter will be dis-cussed at the meeting of the Ministerial as-sociation tomorrow and formal action taken

Steubenville the Scene of a Frightful

Disaster. STEUBENVILLE, O., Feb. 3.—Two explo sions occurred today at Riverside furnace in this city, injuring a large number of DES MOINES, Feb. 3 .- (Special.)-The latworkmen, several of them fatally. The exest sensation in this city promises to be as plesions were caused by slack in the furnace great as any that have so recently been besettling and the accumulated gas between

DESPERATE MEN INCUSTODY.

Will and John Shelley Captured in th Territory After a Desperate Battle. CHECOTAH, I. T., Feb. 3.—Sheriff Lake of Pawnee county, Oklahoma, and posse, consisting of Deputy Sheriff F. M. Canton and Dr. Bland of Pawnee, Deputy Marshal Dean Hogan of Muscogee, Deputy Marshal John McCane and Robert McClane of Che-John McCane and Robert McClane of Checotah, made an important capture today of Will and John Shelley, alias Pierce, ten miles east of here. The Shelley brothers, who were held for grand larceny, broke jail at Shawnee September 5 last. They were apprehended in a house owned by Sterling Hood, who knew nothing of their reputation as eriminals, and when ordered to surrender opened fire, wounding Deputy McClane and Dr. Bland slightly. The officers returned the fire, shooting Will Shelley through the legs. Coal oil was procured and the house was fired. After seventy-five shots were fired all hope of escape from the flames and officials was gone, and the desperate men surrendered and were brought to Checotah.

PRESIDENTIAL PREFERENCES. inclinati Paper Secures Expressions of

Cleveland's Possible Successor. CINCINNATI, Feb. 2.—The Commercial Gazette prints the presidential preferences of republican editors from every state and erritory.

Vermont has a kindly feeling for Senator Redfield Proctor; Senator Chandler's New Hampshire paper has a leaning toward Senator Frye of Maine; Utah wants silver and Senator Don Cameron. There is here and there a touch of "favorite son," but the great majority line up for some one of the big four-McKinley, Harrison, Reed and Allison—in the order named.

Sure the Depositors Will Re Paid in Full.

Fatal Fire in Pennsylvania. PITTSBURG, Feb. 3.-An early morning fire at McKeesport, Pa., destroyed the Hotel Columbia, Warren's wholesale com-Hotel Columbia, Warren's wholesale com-mission house and a three-story brick dwelling. The first started in the kitchen of the hotel and spread so rapidly that the guests were compelled to leave in their night clothes. One man, whose name is not known the register having been destroyed, is missing, and is believed to have been burned to death. Total loss estimated at \$75,000.

pasters collided with an electric car today.

tobert Wilman and Ernest Fisher, boys, ad their skulls fractured and will probably ile. Francis Fisher was painfully injured. CURES THE SERPENT'S

STING. HEALS

RUNNING SORES.

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

CURES AND PREVENTS Colds. Coughs, Sore Throats, Influenza, Bronchit's, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, RH:UMATISM, NEURALGIA,

FROSTBITES, CHILBLAINS, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, ASTHMA, DIFFICULT BREATHING CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need anyone SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Radway's Ready Relief is a sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprain, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It was the first and is the only PAIN REGEDY.

and is the only PAIN RE #EDY.

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflamation, and cures congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Howels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

A half to a teaspoonful to half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasma, Sour Stomach. Heartburn, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pairs.

There is not a remedial agent in all the world that will cure fever adn sque and all other Malarious, Hillous and other fevers aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY, RELIEF.

Stockholders' Meeting. Notice is hereby given that the regular innual meeting of the stockholders of the louth Platte Land company will be held at the office of said company, in Lincoln, Neb., at 11 o'clock a. m., on the first Wednesday in March, 1895, being the 6th day of the month.

By order of the Board of Directors, R. O. PHILLIPS, Secretary, Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 4, 1895. F4m30t

KEPT THE POLICE VERY BUSY

Brooklyn Strikers Stone Non-Union Men ou All Sides.

TRACKS ENCUMBERED WITH DEBRIS

No Riots of a Serious Nature Occurred, but Small Crowds in Var.ous Parts of the City Annoyed the Workmen.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 3 .- The police spent . ousy day in their efforts to preserve order and prevent the crowds that gathered in the various tough districts from maltreating the nonunion men in charge of the trolley cars. In several instances the motormen were severely beaten before police assistance arrived. No rlots, however, of a serious naure occurred during the day.

At Third avenue and Fortieth street the ine was encumbered this morning with a great pile of boards, boxes, and other material of a heavy nature. Every car that passed that way was held up by the ots rucijon, and while the conductor and motorman were engaged in removing the debris they were pelted unmercifully with bricks, mud and snow balls, Many of the men's assailants were merely, strike sympathizers and street loafers, but they were just as enthusiastic as though their lives depended on the outcome of the strike.

A great many arrests were made today of strike sympathizers who persisted in throw-ing stones and waylaying all the nonunion men in sight. Some of those arrested were small boys.
Mayor Schieren, when seen at his residence

tonight, said he had received no-notification that the railway companies were going to arm their employes and that when he notified it will be time for him to take

"I don't think there will be any trouble at the meeting of strikers and their sympa-thizers at the city hall tomorrow," said he, "for the men and other citizens have a right to go there and I presume they will behave themselves in an orderly and quiet manner."

The mayor denied the rumor that he had been in consultation with General McAleer, as to the advisability of calling out the troops again. "The companies seem to have enough men to run the cars," said he, "and yesterday, was the quietest day since the strike began. There will be no necessity of calling out the militia as matters will grow quieter day by, day. There are two men in the city who are doing too much talking and they are President Norton and Master Workman Connoly."

Master Workman Connoly issued a manifesto to the citizens of Brooklyn this evening on behalf of the striking motormen and con-ductors. He calls upon the citizens, now that President Norton has, as Connoly says, pro-posed to arm his men in deflance to the police department, to refuse to patronize the

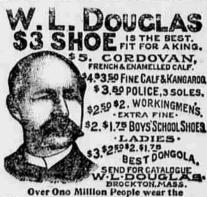
EXTENDING THE GULF LINE.

old Feeder of the Union Pacific Being Put in Good Shape.
DENVER, Feb. 3.—General Superintendent

Dunaway of the Gulf road has sent instruc-tions to Chief Engineer Bissel at Trinidad to resume construction at once on the Gulf extension between Trinidad and Pueblo. This action was taken on information re-ceived from Receiver Trumbull, who is in New York, and indicates the failure of the negotiations for a resumption of trackage agreement between the Gulf and the Rio Grande. The contractors have been notified to begin work tomorrow and the gap in the line will be speedily closed up.

Will Develop a New Region. DENVER, Feb. 3.-The Rio Grande & Pagosa Springs Railway company has been

in-law of Auditor Jordan, was arrested to-day for setting fire to a grist mill last July, at Decker station. She waived examination and was held for trial. The affair has cre-ated a most profound sensation and opens one of the bitterest family quarrels ever known here.



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Kelley, Stiger & Co., Farnam and 15th St. r. s. Cressey, 2509 N St., South Omaha.

GEO. P. SANFORD, A. W. RIEKMAN, Cashier,

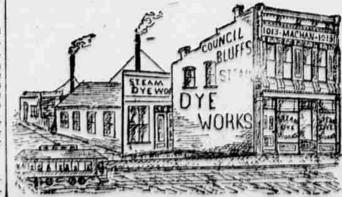
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