

MILITIA SHOT A BOY

Was One of a Crowd of Strikers Surrounding the Halsey Street Station.

ANOTHER PERSON SHOT IN THE ARM

Small Disturbances Throughout the City During the Day.

SOLDIERS GIVEN ORDERS TO SHOOT

Instructed to Reply with a Volley When They Are Assaulted.

WINDOWS AND ROOFS ORDERED CLEARED

Linemen Strike, Go Back to Work and Are Ordered Out Again—Held on a K. of K. L. Hall Assigned as a Reason.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 22.—The first fatal encounter of the great strike took place at 11 o'clock tonight, when, in an encounter with a few boys at the Halsey street station of the Brooklyn City Railway company, a volley was fired by the militia. Henry Ahnes of New York City was fatally shot, a musket ball entering his mouth and passing through his head. Another man, whose name is Williams, was wounded in the arms. The shooting had the instant effect of dispersing the mob.

On the ninth day of the tie-up has elapsed without bringing any material change in the situation. It has been a day of alarming rumors, which, fortunately, had slight or no foundation. There were between daybreak and nightfall numerous brushes between the police and militia on one side and the strikers or headstrong law-defying sympathizers on the other. The linemen's strike, which was to have tied up the trolley lines more effectively than had been done by the strike of motormen, conductors and other employees, was called off before it was fairly on, and later in the day the mandate of Master Workman Connelly was promulgated, calling upon the linemen to abandon their situations tomorrow morning.

What influenced the strike manager to call the linemen's strike off this quickly and then to order one again tomorrow cannot be known. The manager, however, in the latter act is palpably but a pretext. The effect of this move, which the strikers have compared to the playing of a high trump card, remains to be seen. The developments of the day have not been reassuring as a whole. In spite of the fact that there are under arms in the city 8,000 state militia and 1,000 police, the strikers' tram traffic is suffering a virtual paralysis, in which all the industries of the city participate to a greater or lesser degree. The situation is rampant, and although conditions are such as may excite the gravest apprehension. Disorderly elements in the city have been largely recruited from New York and other cities, and as usual in such cases arrayed in the most effective and selfish advocacy of whose cause affords a pretext for the perpetration of graver crimes than have yet marked the progress of the pending contest.

THIRD BRIGADE READY

Adjutant General McAlpine, who is here as the military and personal representative of Governor Morton, had a conference late this afternoon with the military and naval Commissioner Wells and Corporation Counsel McDonald. The adjutant general offered to call the Third Brigade of New York, S. G., to effect the restoration of the city. He was assured by the mayor that at present there was no occasion for calling out more troops. General Wells, however, has ordered the Third Brigade ready to come to Brooklyn on a few hours' notice should its presence here be required.

Master Workman Connelly has ordered the linemen out tonight. He says that this action has been necessitated by the action of the militia at the corner of Myrtle and Palmetto streets. A squad entered the hall, seized the linemen, and a company of the Seventh regiment surrounded the hall at the corner of Myrtle and Palmetto streets. A squad entered the hall, seized the linemen, and a company of the Seventh regiment surrounded the hall at the corner of Myrtle and Palmetto streets. A squad entered the hall, seized the linemen, and a company of the Seventh regiment surrounded the hall at the corner of Myrtle and Palmetto streets.

TRUCK DRIVERS ARRESTED

As the first company marched on a truck laden with new men, accompanied by four officers, dashed up, and as it was unladen the driver was taken into custody for causing a fatal accident on Gates avenue near Bushwick avenue. To avoid any possible attack he had driven at a furious pace, and, overtaking a light wagon at the place stated, dashed into it, throwing the occupant out into the street and fracturing his skull. The injured man was taken to Joseph's hospital, and the driver was taken to the Evergreen avenue police station.

The next incident was a startling one. A crowd of men in blue stretched across the street, advanced at a double quick past the tall doors, which were at once closed and locked by the police, and the men were like rats in a trap, secured until all the cars were sent out and brought back to the station in a space of a little over two hours. A "Wagon" car 624, which had been brought up with men as stated, was started down

ENUMERATING THE SPOILS

Japanese Government Publishes a List of Captured War Materials.

FOOD AND CLOTHING OF THE JAP SOLDIERS

Extra Heavy Wearing Apparel Provided for the Present Service—Another Assembling Presumably to Attack Wei-Hai-Wei.

TOKIO, Jan. 8.—(Per Steamer Peru, via San Francisco, Jan. 22.)—The only changes in the diplomatic situation since last advice is the announcement that Chang Yang Hwan, China's accredited agent, is actually on his way to Japan, accompanied by a subordinate representative named Shao Yu Lien. The senior messenger is believed to be well chosen, on account of his experience with western nations, which has undoubtedly relieved him of some of the overwhelming conceit in which the majority of home-keeping Chinese are steeped. He has been minister to the United States, Spain and Peru, and may be supposed to fairly understand the responsibilities of his new position. Shao Yu Lien is also better fitted for practical politics than men of his class, having served for a while as charge d'affaires at St. Petersburg. He is now at Shanghai, awaiting his chief, who is reported to have started from Peking a week ago. It is found that these envoys are authorized to negotiate serious progress may be made toward defining the terms of peace by an amount of official reserve on the part of the Japanese authorities can conceal the fact that they expect very little from this meeting.

BUSH WITH STRIKERS

About 3 o'clock this afternoon a mob of about 100 men gathered in the street near Fulton and Buffalo avenue made an attack on a Fulton street car. An effort was made by the conductor and motormen to get from the car. Captain Dwyer with a platoon of patrolmen attempted to disperse the mob, which resisted and threw stones and bricks. The police were aided by men from troop A, under command of Lieutenant Bagley, came to the assistance of the police, and the strikers were dispersed. The police arrested a number of strikers on a trolley car to the Twelfth precinct station house.

CARS ON THE HALVEWAY LINE

Cars on the halve-way line were stopped on account of the cutting of wires at Rock-avenue. A large crowd is congregating there. Captain Gorman and a wagon-load of policemen have gone to the scene of the trouble. A brush between policemen and strikers' sympathizers took place at Green avenue and Broadway. A mob of about 100 men later attacked a Queens County & Suburban car. Mounted police drove the disturbers away, but made no arrests. Obstructions were placed on the Broadway line near Chaucery street, but the police cleared them away. A number of loaves were laid across the track at St. Louis street near Flatbush avenue. Most of the cars were stopped, and a number of men went down there on a hurry call and the policemen arrested a number of strikers. A standstill Henry Schlip, a sympathizer with the strikers, jumped on top of one of the cars and attempted to break the trolley power. A man named Falvey was struck on the head with a brick in this disturbance.

Only two cars are in motion on the Boven street line. Ten being run early in the day. There is a new scheme on foot to further cripple the road. The strikers are attacking the newly captured motormen and conductors, and are holding them in their will. Thirty-nine men, it is reported, are held at the Ridgewood depot. The names of these men and will apply to the courts for writs of habeas corpus and have them released.

THE EXECUTIVE OF THE STRIKERS

The executive of the strikers announces this afternoon that the linemen's strike is off. The reason for the hitch is not known, but Master Workman Connelly told the press that the strike was off.

STRIKE OF THE LINEMEN

In pursuance with an agreement arrived at yesterday afternoon between the linemen that they would refrain to execute any repairs on the line, the Brooklyn City street cars struck work at 7:45 this morning. They were sent with a repair wagon to replace the cars on the line. The strikers are being attacked by the militia. Upon reaching the spot where the wires were down the men refused point blank to have anything to do with repairing the line. The wagon was taken back to the depot by the motorman and conductor. A squad of policemen and some disturbers were sent to the depot to clear away the men were ordered to clear away from the corner of Hamilton avenue and Court street. The men threw an egg at a policeman. The blue thereupon charged the mob and clubbed every one in sight. Twenty of the crowd fled to the neighborhood with badly bruised heads.

EDWARD HAYES AND W. D. BRAY, JR. ROASTERS

at work on a building on Seventh avenue, between Broadway and Flatbush streets, at a passing trolley car. They were arrested. The Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban company was running cars on the Broadway, Sumner and Flatbush lines. Repairing lines, the latter lines having been put in operation this morning. The Brooklyn City has cars moving on the Fulton street line. The cars are being attacked by the militia. The cars are being attacked by the militia.

DILLON FILLS HIS ASSHOLE

Using Consolidated Receipts for the O. R. & N. S. 1-15-1894. PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 22.—John P. Dillon, trustee of the first mortgage on the Oregon Short Line, today filed his answer to the complaint of the Farmers Loan and Trust company, under which Mr. Dillon stands bound for \$1,000,000. The reason publicly given for the filing of the answer is that the Farmers Loan and Trust company is not entitled to the benefit of the consolidated receipts derived from the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, which was sold to the Oregon Railway and Navigation company by the Farmers Loan and Trust company. The answer is a long and elaborate document, and is expected to be filed in the court in a few days.

MANUFACTURERS MEET TO ORGANIZE

CINCINNATI, Jan. 22.—The national convention of manufacturers effected temporary organization today, with Thomas P. Egan as chairman and E. P. Wilson as secretary. Addresses were made by Governor McKinley and Mayor Caldwell, when the convention proceeded to business. The convention is a very important one, and is expected to result in the formation of a permanent organization and the appointment of a national committee. The convention is being held at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, and is attended by a large number of manufacturers from all over the country.

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Attempt to Secure Their Release on Bonds Defeated—Prisoners Appare Nervous—One More Arrest Made—Attorney General Churchill in Albany.

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Harrington, who is the principal attorney for the prisoners, is out of town, but will arrive in time to conduct the examination. Mr. Utley, who will represent the citizens in the prosecution, will arrive from Lincoln tonight. It is expected that Mullihan's case will be tried first. The prisoners had recovered from their nervousness when they appeared in court this morning. Both have lost flesh perceptibly during the past two weeks and are evidently suffering from their confinement.

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Special Deputy McEvoy came in at noon with Fred Harris, the fourth prisoner now under arrest. Harris is a short, thick set man with a full beard and a noticeable habit of not looking any one squarely in the eye. He snored furiously at a corn pipe and concealed his face as much as possible from the officers as they met him at the court house. Soon after his arrival he was taken to the cell where he was held. He was placed in front of the glass and the public was allowed to see him further over his face. He never lifted his face, but the corners of his mouth twitched and he turned away and walked out the morning. He was then taken before Judge McCutchen, where his examination was set for next Tuesday. Photographs were taken this morning of Scott's body in different positions and these will be used at the trial. Snap shots were taken of the prisoners as they sat at dinner. Harris jumped clear out of his seat when the kodak clicked and tremulously inquired: "What are they trying to do to me?" The photographer, Mr. Utley, replied: "Robertson, Lincoln was read with a great deal of comment at O'Neill today. That Robertson should presume to represent the sentiments of the people regarding an individual who is a vigilance organization, and John Hopkins, who, according to Mullihan's confession, is the president of the so-called Protective association, and who is a member of the vigilance organization, and who is a member of that organization."

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The capture of Wei-Hai-Wei is now regarded as a foregone conclusion, but it may, however, again alter the aspect of affairs. Chinese dignitaries move slowly in their country, and it is anticipated that Japan will have occupied the naval station near Chefoo before the suitors for peace are ready to leave their own country. The present intention is that the conference shall be held at Hiroshima, Japan. Mr. Foster will accompany the Chinese envoy in the capacity of legal adviser and does not change the opinion of the Japanese with respect to the sincerity of the Chinese. The rulers of the middle kingdom are capable of deceiving their friends and their enemies, if they think it expedient, and it is no more certain that they will fully trust their captives than it was in their hands. The presence of Mr. Foster cannot be taken as a positive guarantee of earnestness on the Chinese side.

SPOLDS OF THE WAR

An official statement of the valuable spoils thus far taken from the Chinese has been published by the Japanese government. It appears that 607 large guns and 607 small arms, 7,000 worth, 30,000 worth, 3,000,000 rounds; ammunition for small arms, 7,000,000 rounds; three ships of war, the medium and two small, are rated at 1,000,000 yen. Most of the captured arms, armaments, foundries and machinery of every description secured at Port Arthur and elsewhere. What the value of these spoils their possessors cannot be estimated. From a recent report of Japanese Surgeon General Isiguro, the amount and quality of food and clothing of the Japanese army is ascertained. The usual winter clothing consists of the regulation jacket, trousers, cap, shoes and overcoat, with cotton flannel undershirt and cotton flannel socks and breast cloth, and one blanket. The additions for the present service are a thick fur-lined overcoat, a heavy blanket, double-lined neck piece, an extra flannel shirt, extra woolen merino drawers, and an extra blanket, gloves, and a thick blanket. The Japanese soldiers are well equipped, and are well supplied with food and clothing. The Japanese soldiers are well equipped, and are well supplied with food and clothing.

GREEK MINISTRY RESIGNS

King Resented the Remarks of the Premier and a Crisis is Precipitated. ATHENS, Jan. 22.—The entire Greek ministry has resigned. A panic of the bourse followed the announcement. It is believed that a colorless cabinet will be formed, and that the resignation of the Tripartite ministry was the outcome of an audience which the premier had with the king, and in which the king had expressed his disapproval of the premier's remarks on the subject of the crown prince in the demonstration on Sunday last. The king is said to have resented the remarks of the premier.

BOURGEOIS WILL TRY AGAIN

Will Make an Effort to Form a Ministry with the Aid of the Left. PARIS, Jan. 22.—After an interview with M. Ocarre and Cavalagnac President Faure again summoned M. Bourgeois, and it is believed the latter will renew the attempt to form a cabinet, and that in so doing he will choose other financial advisers, giving credit for the formation of a cabinet. The income tax, which is the pet measure of M. Peytral, cannot be introduced in the budget for 1895.

WAS ARRESTED FOR MAKING A PROTEST

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 22.—Mr. Cobb, the British postmaster here, was arrested by the Turkish authorities for making a protest against the seizure of an Armenian postbag destined for Smyrna and against a brutal outrage committed on an Armenian postman employed in a British post office. Cobb was arrested for the interference of the British ambassador.

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MEXICO FOR WAR

Southern Republics Cannot Get Along Without a Fight.

PRESIDENT DIAZ SENDS AN ULTIMATUM

Tells Guatemala She Must Back Down or Suffer the Consequences.

HIS SUPPORTERS MAKE DEMONSTRATION

Parade the Streets with Bands Shouting "On to Guatemala!"

EXCITEMENT IN THE MEXICAN CAPITAL

Army of Twelve Thousand Men Ready to March When the World is Given Them—President's Choice for Commander.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 22.—After a very stormy cabinet meeting last night President Diaz notified Guatemala through his minister that he would not concede one iota and that Guatemala would have to give in to Mexico's demand or suffer the consequences. Other Central American representatives here at the meeting made the statement to President Diaz that they understood Mexico was trying to grasp Central American territory. President Diaz denied the assertion and stated that Mexico would have her rights and that the boundary lines should be as Mexico claimed and that Mexico had all the territory that she needed. It looks as though the Central American republics were behind Guatemala.

All the government students are marching in the streets with bands shouting "Viva Mexico! Viva Diaz!" and "On to Guatemala!" They are now in front of the palace from 12,000 to 15,000 strong, clamoring for war and pledging their support to President Diaz. They are mainly composed of the students of the law, mining and mercantile schools. Mexico has been preparing for war for some time, and has about 12,000 troops on the border. All the officers that have not been on active duty have been notified to report for marching orders.

President Diaz made a speech to the parading students and others, numbering 15,000 or 20,000, in front of the palace this afternoon, stating that he would not recede from Mexico's just rights. The answer to Mexico's ultimatum is to be received here on the 24th, but President Diaz has notified Guatemala that he will not recede from the original demands. Both countries are preparing for war. DIAZ MAY LEAD IN PERSON. General Reyes. CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 22.—An interesting story in circulation regarding the probable outbreak of war between Guatemala and Mexico is to the effect that General Porfirio Diaz, president of the Mexican republic, will take command of the forces on the frontier in person. The report is widely spread in official gossip and is not without the range of possibility. In the higher circles it is held that General Diaz will not leave his house as he has been doing in pending difficulties, at least not until his presence is imperatively demanded at the front. The general opinion among those close to the executive is that he will place the command finally in the hands of one of three men to push the Guatemalan invasion. These three are General Bernardo Reyes, governor of the state of Leon and general of a division of the Mexican army; General Jose Ylican, governor of the state of Sonora and general of a brigade. Of these three it is generally known that the choice of the president is General Reyes. Reyes is already well and favorably known by his valor and fine executive abilities, and next to the president is the most popular man in Mexico among Americans. He is friendly and encouraging attitude as governor of Nuevo Leon he has planted many large American industries in the city of Monterrey, and today as a result of this he has a large American population than the City of Mexico. Should anything prevent General Reyes taking command at the front, or should accident befall him, it is probable that one of the other of the remaining generals would assume direction of the campaign.

Should the conflict lead to a general Central American fight or develop into unforeseen complications it is entirely within the range of possibility that General Diaz would vacate his chair, and that the probability of adding to his glory as the greatest military man of the present generation. In Spanish America, should the president vacate his chair, the next in line legally authorized to assume provisional control of national affairs would be the president of the senate, or in case of the recess of congress, as a result of the present war, chairman of the permanent congressional commission, who is