of new appointments requested by the secretary of the senate is as follows:

One custodian of supplies.
One file clerk.
One copyist.
One bill clerk.

This makes eighty-three employes so far authorized by the senate, which number, of course, includes the elected officers.

MADE IT AN EVEN HUNDRED.

The names of seventeen additional clerks to serve in the enrolling and engrossing room were quietly handed to the secretary of the senate this afternoon. This is a much larger number than has generally been appointed, and brings the number of senate officers and employes up to an even 100. There is some quiet little talk over the necessity of having these appointments confirmed by the senate in open session. The names will not be reported to the senate unless it is considered strictly necessary, neither will the names of the twenty-eight committee clerks. There is some fear expressed, however, that Auditor Moore may refuse to honor the vouchers of any employe not appointed and confirmed in open session. The early appointment of the seventeen enrolling clerks is creating some comment, for the reason that while they are expected to draw pay from the date of their appointment there is nothing for them to do, as the senate has not yet reached the point where it has begun to think of considering a bill in committee of the whole, to say nothing about ordering one engrossed for a third reading.

The senate proceedings were of the briefest and most routine character this morning. An invitation from T. S. Clarkson, inviting the senate to Omaha to attend the reception to be tendered to Senator Thurston, was formally accepted.

By request of the secretary of the senate the following appointments were made and confirmed by the senate: W. M. Erwin of Harlan county, custodian of supplies; I. A. Baker of York county, file clerk; Mrs. Lillie M. Grant of Saline county, copyist; Robert Lynn of Knox county, bill clerk.

A number of bills were introduced and read the first time, after which the senate took a recess until noon. After voting for the United States senator at noon the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

Among the bills introduced and read for the first time today were: By Crane, providing for the erection of an old ladies' home at Omaha; by Steuffer, amending the law of decedents' estates so as to permit administrators to mortgage property to pay off mortgages due and for the payment of which there are no available funds; also fixing salaries of county officers in counties having more than 25,000 inhabitants; by Saunders, providing for the choosing of judges, clerks and challengers of elections; by Smith, to provide for the regulation of master plumbers and the supervision of the business of plumbing and house drainage.

HOUSE READY TO RELIEVE.

**Bill to Enable Counties to Furnish Seed Grain Recommended for Passage.**

On motion of Chairman Conaway of the relief committee the house this morning went into committee of the whole on house roll No. 1, Lamborn's bill. Rouse was called to the chair.

On motion to adopt section 1 of the bill Higgins offered an amendment to include townships and precincts in the power to vote bonds. Prolonged discussions ensued concerning the limitations of the amount which, under the provisions of the bill, could be voted in the various counties. The report of the relief committee recommended that counties be permitted to vote 10 per cent of their valuation as assessed. In direct conflict with this recommendation, it also reported that counties should be limited to $100,000 each in bonds, and this was amended to read $50,000, but eventually both amendments were defeated.

The first two sections of the bill having been passed, Munger raised a point of constitutionality in regard to section 3, which provides a tax on the land as security for grain delivered to farmers for seed. He claimed that it would invalidate the rights of mortgagees, and moved a sweeping amendment that apparently knocked out the very essence of the measure. Howard contended that so long as it was impossible to pass a constitutional relief bill it was necessary to adopt this bill as it stood.

Barry opposed Munger's amendment. McNitt supported it, and said that after relief had been granted the rights of the bondholders would come up for adjudication, and then the constitutionality was bound to be attacked.

In the midst of discussion the committee of the whole rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again. The committee on joint rules reported in favor of the adoption of the joint rules of 1893, with an unimportant amendment.

Then came Howard's firebrand in the shape of a resolution that it was the sense of the house that the government liens on the Pacific roads should be foreclosed. No eloquence was wasted, but a motion to table the resolution was promptly put through, by a vote of 68 to 32, as follows:

Ayes:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Allan, | Cramb, | Miles, |
| Ashby, | Crow, | Munger, |
| Bacon, | Davies, | Orton, |
| Becher, | Griffith, | Perkins, |
| Beck, | Haller, | Pohlman, |
| Bee, | Harkson, | Richards, |
| Benedict, | Harris, | Richardson, |
| Bernard, | Harrison, | Ricketts, |
| Brady, | Harte, | Robinson, |
| Brockman, | Higgins, | Roddy, |
| Brownell, | Hinds, | Rouse, |
| Burke, | Jenkins, | Shickedantz, |
| Burch, | Jenness, | Shook, |
| Burns of Lancaster, | Johnston of Douglas, | Sisson, |
| Burns of Dodge, | Jones, | Spencer, |
| Cain, | Kaup, | Sutton of Douglas, |
| Campbell, | Lamborn, | Sutton of Pawnee, |
| Carlson, | Lanshorst, | Timme, |
| Chace, | Mattison, | Wait, |
| Chapman, | McFadden, | Weber, |
| Cole, | McNitt, | Wilder, |
| Conaway, | Merrick, | Zink of Johnson, |
| Cooley, | Myers, | Mr. Speaker—68. |

Nays:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Barry, | Horst, | Robertson, |
| Brokaw, | Howard, | Rothleutner, |
| Casper, | Hull, | Scott, |
| Delaney, | Johnston of Nemaha, | Smith, |
| Dempsey, | Judd, | Soderman, |
| Ely, | McBride, | Spackman, |
| Fritz, | McVicker, | Suter, |
| Goar, | Moehrman, | Thomas, |
| Guthrie, | Remington, | Van Housen, |
| Hairgrove, | Rhodes, | Wait, |
| Havlik, | | Zink of Sh'n—32. |

HEARD FROM MR. LUDDEN.

After taking the vote on United States senator the house took a recess till 3 o'clock, at which time it continued its investigation of the destitute condition of the people in the drouth stricken districts of Nebraska and placed L. P. Ludden, secretary of the State Relief commission, on the witness stand. For upwards of an hour Secretary Ludden answered the numerous questions put to him from every part of the house. His answers may be epitomized into the following general statement:

The State Relief commission has insisted that in every county where aid has been needed a county central relief committee be formed. In the more thickly settled counties precinct committees have been formed. Every application for relief must receive the endorsement of the county central relief committee. In nearly every county in the drouth district such county relief committees have been formed. These county relief committees have made their wants known to the state commission and the demands for supplies are filled as rapidly as possible. The commission has up to the present time been able to meet every demand made upon it. The greatest trouble the commission has had to contend with is in the number of offers that are made but never filled. For intsance, the commission has been notified through the Associated press seven or eight times that a trainload of wheat was to be sent. The trainload of wheat dwindled down to a scarload of potatoes, the receipt of which was duly acknowledged.

If the donations keep up as they are coming in at present the commission will be able to supply all with fuel, provisions and clothing. The state will be called upon to furnish the money necessary to procure seed grain. The seed grain will probably be donated in sufficient quantities to meet all requirements if means can be supplied to pay the freight. The working expenses of the commission will probably amount to between $3,000 and $4,000. This does not contemplate the payment of salary to any member of the commission.

At the conclusion of Mr. Ludden's testimony he was tendered the thanks of the house.

Rhodes offered a resolution directing the secretary of state to furnish the relief commission all necessary postage and stationary upon requisition from the chairman of the commission.

COMPLETED THE BILL.

The house then went into committe of the whole on Lamborn's relief bill, house roll No. 1. Munger stated that before the house assembled this afternoon the joint relief committee had held a session at which a large number of members of both the house and senate were present. A general understanding as to the amendments necessary was reached. Munger then withdrew his amendment of the forenoon, and the new amendments decided upon were offered and adopted. The committee rose and reported the bill back to the house, with the recommendation that it pass as amended.

The house then took up the regular order. Petitions asking for irrigation legislation and for the extermination of the Russian thistle were read.

Van Duzen offered a resolution directing the clerk of the house to spread upon the records the speech made by Cooley in explaining his vote on the election of a United States senator. The resolution was laughed at a little, and good naturedly adopted. Earlier in the afternoon a similar resolution ordering the speech made by Ricketts spread on the journal had been adopted.

Allen offered a resolution providing that immediately after the joint convention tomorrow the house adjourn until Thursday at 2 o'clock p. m., in order to give the members an opportunity to attend the reception tendered by the citizens of Omaha to Senator Thurston.

Rouse and one or two others demanded the yeas and nays and insisted upon the roll call, despite the request of Barry. The roll call was finished and the resolution was adopted, Barry, Caspar, Suter, Rhodes and other leading populists and democrats voting yea.

Barry, leader of the populist contingent, took the floor, and in a neat little speech begged that the courtesy asked by the republicans be granted by a unanimous vote. He therefore moved that the roll call just taken be expunged from the records, and that the journal be made to read that the resolution had been adopted unanimously. His remarks were greeted with several rounds of applause, and his motion was carried without dissent.

The house then adjourned.

LINCOLN, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The house finished up its share of the relief legislation this afternoon by adopting in committee of the whole house roll No 1, introduced by Lamborn of Red Willow, authorizing county boards to issue bonds of their respective counties for the purpose of purchasing grain for seed and feed for teams used in cultivating the land upon which the seed is planted. The bill was recommended for passage and the house hopes to finally dispose of it tomorrow.

The bill provides that in such counties where relief is needed special elections may be held for the purpose of voting bonds not to exceed 2 per cent of the assessed valuation. A majority of the legal voters voting at the election will authorize the bonds, which are to be payable in ten years, optional in five, the interest not to exceed 2 per cent. The proceeds of the bonds is to be applied to the purchase of grain for seed and feed. The grain is to be sold to farmers at the actual price to the county, with 7 per cent added for expenses. The purchaser is required to sign a contract binding himself to pay back the price of his grain in five annual installments, the contract to remain a lien upon the land until paid.

AS TOBIAS SEES IT.

**"Straight Out" Democratic Central Committee in Session at Lincoln.**

LINCOLN, Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—The straight-out democratic central committee met at the Lincoln hotel in this city this afternoon, with an attendance of twenty-eight members present of a total of thirty-three. Present among the shining lights of democracy as it is preached by Tobias Castor and Euclid Martin were: Euclid Martin, J. B. Sheehan and W. J. McHugh of Omaha, N. S. Harwood of Lincoln, Milton Doolittle, Dan Cook of Beatrice, A. S. Campbell of Hastings, Jacob Bigler of Imperial, R. P. Dunphy of Seward, Henry Koehler of Blue Hill, D. H. Rolf, Judge Crawford of West Point, J. F. Crocker of Kearney. In addition to all these there were present Tobias Castor of Lincoln and J. Sterling Morton of Washington, D. C.

The conference lasted for several hours, but proved to be of little moment. The one noticeable feature was the general insistence that the democrats present were the real bourbon party of Nebraska, and that no others were worthy of recognition. It was resolved that the committee should issue a call for a state convention when the proper time comes later in the year. The following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, It has been suggested through the press and by persons not authorized to speak for the democracy of Nebraska, that the democratic party should be considered in the distribution of public patronage by Governor Holcomb; and

Whereas, The democratic party regards the election of the governor as an event to which they did not contribute; therefore, be it

Resolved, That while we recognize in Governor Holcomb a worthy chief executive of all the people, we most respectfully decline to consider ourselves the proper objects of his political favor, when in our humble judgment should be bestowed upon the members of his own party and such republicans as contributed to his election.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to Governor Holcomb as expressive of the sense of the democratic state central committee.

A further resolution was adopted to the effect that the chairman of the committee should call the body together not later than July 1, 1895, for the purpose of calling together a state democratic convention. The committee then adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

GOV. HASTINGS INAUGURATED.

**Pennsylvania Handed Over to Republican Rule Once More.**

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 15.—Daniel Hastings, the humble school teacher of twenty years ago, was today formally installed in the highest office in the second greatest state in the union. With the induction of Governor Hastings into office all the departments of the state government again passed into the control of the republicans, after four years of partial loss of political power.

The inauguration was in many respects the most attractive ever seen at the state capital. The ceremonies commenced promptly at 12 o'clock and were over an hour later. Then followed a magnificent parade. A banquet was given by Governor Pattison to his successor this afternoon. The ceremonies will be continued at 8 o'clock this evening, with a display of fireworks in Market square and the reception at the executive mansion. An hour later the grand military ball at City Grays armory will be opened.

The oath of office was administered to Governor Hastings by Chief Justice Sterrett. In his address Governor Hastings alluded to the signs of returning prosperity in the state and reviewed the industrial situation, commenting upon the general reductions in wages. He advocated state supervision of building and loan associations, which institutions he reccommended as a great boon to the working man. He suggested that a department be established having in charge the inspection of food and dairy products and all other matters relating to the agricultural industry.

The inaugural parade moved from Third and Market streets at the close of the ceremonies at the capitol.

**It Will Be Wolcott on First Ballot.**

DENVER, Jan. 15.—A vote for United States senator to succeed Senator Wolcott was taken in the legislature today. In the house forty-one votes were given for Wolcott, republican, and twenty-three for Congressman Pence, populist. In the senate Wolcott received sixteen votes; Thomas M. Patterson, populist, sixteen, and Charles S. Thomas, democrat, two votes. Both branches will meet in joint session at noon tomorrow and the indications point to the re-election of Wolcott on the first ballot.

**Arizona's Governor Accused of Crookedness.**

PHOENIX, Ariz., Jan. 15.—Attorney General Henry has resigned and made public sensational charges against Governor Hughes. Henry alleges that Hughes, although a democrat, secretly supported Murphy, the republican candidate for congress. He charges Hughes with surrendering principle to secure release from financial embarrasements and calls upon the governor to resign at once.

**Will Await an Investigation.**

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 15.—The house of representatives today by a vote of 57 to 41 adopted the democratic resolution providing for the postponement of the opening and publishing of the vote for governor until an investigation can be made of charges of fraud in the election. The resolution was adopted by the senate a few days ago. The populists voted with the republicans today.

# FEW COMPLAINTS TO MAKE

## Annual Meeting of the State Board of Agriculture at Lincoln.

## NO VOTE TAKEN ON THE FAIR LOCATION

**Subject Will Probably Be Brought Up at This Morning's Meeting — Regrets Expressed that No Crop Bulletin Services is Possible.**

LINCOLN, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The twenty-ninth annual meeting of the State Board of Agriculture convened at the chapel of the State university at 4 p. m. There was a full representation in the hall, although a number were absent on committees. Members of the board from seventy-two counties of the ninety in the state responded to their names. There are 101 members of the board all told.

President R. H. Henry called the meeting together and the call of delegates by counties was made by Secretary Robert W. Furnas. A short address of welcome was made by Chancellor Canfield. He said he was glad to welcome them to the university, not only on account of what they were worth to it, but also what it was worth to them. As illustrative of this he directed attention to the great benefit of the university to agriculture. He cited the works of various scientists connected with the institution, and called attention to their valuable contributions in the line of geology, entomology and chemistry. The speaker held that despite the fact that this was a wonderful age, an age of invention, the electric age, in fact, there were lost arts which we have never been able to recover. The spirit of the age of ancient Greece, with her sublime architecture, was only faintly reflected in the White City of the Columbian exposition. But all the ancient arts were for the public, all the history written was for the public and the people. And the progress and invention of today is for the public, and no man is debarred from the enjoyment thereof. The chancellor held that such organizations as the present one before him could not have existed ages ago. The cohesive power of self-interest today held men together closer than brothers. Before him at the present he saw a newer and a larger life. He was pleased to welcome the members of the board.

FAIR COMMITTEE NAMED.

President Henry called attention to the fact that the importance of location of the state fair demanded a committee on credentials, and on motion he appointed as such committee Messrs. Dinsmore, Brown and Canton. The chair announced further that acceptable credentials would bear the authority of the president of the county society that he represented. It was explained by Secretary Furnas that all presidents of local societies are by law members of the state board, but that it was proper, in case of the absence of such presidents, for the society to elect a delegate to the annual board meeting.

In the order of reports Treasurer McIntyre submitted his annual statement, of which the following is a recapitulation:

Total resources for the year, $27,592.65; warrants paid since 1894, $27,587.78; balance in treasury, $4.87.

The difference between the report of the secretary and treasurer is found in the loan made to the society by Austin Humphrey, namely, $1,123.53. This latter amount is the sum of the 1894 deficiency.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

The secretary of the board, Robert W. Furnas, presented his annual report. The financial portion, which agrees with the recapitulation of the treasurer, shows that the total receipts for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1894—including the balance on hand from the year 1893, $2,978.58—was $27,603.65. Net receipts for the year, excluding balance on hand, $24,594.07. Total expenditures, $28,827.18, leaving a deficiency of $1,123.53. This deficiency had been provided for by a voluntary tender of a loan by Austin Humphrey. All indebtedness had been paid in full to date. The receipts, or assets, for the year 1894 were quite below the receipts of late years. Expenditures had been more than correspondingly less than previously. Of these expenditures $13,923.69 was paid in premiums, and $14,903.49 in other expenses, classified as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Printing supplies, etc. | $ 2,345.95 |
| Lumber and labor on grounds | 832.48 |
| Salaries paid | 2,762.50 |
| Appropriations | 2,100.00 |
| Police, gate keepers, judges, etc. | 2,523.20 |
| Freights, telegraph and express | 579.85 |
| Hotel bills | 531.05 |
| Postage | 209.10 |
| Attractions | 400.00 |
| Livery | 16.50 |
| Forage | 711.87 |
| Miscellaneous | 1,890.80 |
| | $14,903.49 |

DESIRE CROP BULLETINS.

The report deprecates the fact that the board cannot afford to issue monthly bulletins of information relating to crops, climatic conditions, etc. Nebraska is the only state in the union failing in this respect. While the state holds out many advantageous inducements to home seekers and home builders, legislative appropriations for the support of the boards in this line of work are more than 100 per cent less than for any other state. The board has the sum of $2,000. Of this it gives the State Horticultural society $1,000 and $500 to scientists, which enabled it to present an annual report, which other states classed as one of the best published. This being done the sum of $500 was left. Kansas, Iowa and Illinois gave their State Boards of Agriculture annually from $11,000 to $24,000.

The official report of the secretary of the New York board shows an annual appropriation of $228,500. California is still more liberal. She gave agriculture and horticulture alone in ten years $865,865, and to these and all kindred societies within the same time $2,563,323. Secretary Furnal directs attention to these figures in order to enable the Nebraska Board of Agriculture to more nearly approximate the expectations and demands of the public.

By reason of the financial conditions confronting the board of managers, as shown in the statement of the treasurer, it was deemed advisable not to hold the usual winter corn exhibit in connection with this meeting. It is hoped by the secretary, however, that this factor in the work will not be abandoned. The annual fair and exposition of 1894, while held under the most adverse circumstances ever before undertaken in the history of Nebraska, was, all conditions considered, without a superior in the record of her exhibitions. The purely agricultural presentation was far superior to any preceding fair.

AS TO CROP RESULTS.

While the 1894 crop results in Nebraska were disastrous without precedent, the secretary assures all that this fact should not disparage, not reflect upon ability to produce maxima in the opposite direction. The state has the same unsurpassed productive soil, the same indomotable manipulators of soil, and they will, as heretofore, continue in unbounded confidence in the agriculture of Nebraska.

In relation to a speed ring factor, the secretary says:

"Pardon me if I suggest that, in considering the question of relocating the state fair, that attention be given the matter of a mile track. This is essential, if it be your intention to retain and maintain the speed ring as an adjunct to your fair. The progressive spirit is abroad among horsemen, as in all things else. My experience in corresponding with and soliciting horse owners is that no longer will good horses patronize a half mile track. The decline in our speed receipts is an incontrovertible evidence in support of the recommendation. In 1891 our speed fees received were $5,142.75; in 1893, $4,251; in 1894, $2,592.50. The demand for a mile track is so near universal that it can no longer be safely ignored."

The full annual report for 1893 has been issued and extensively circulated. The secretary reminds the board that all of its insurance policies now in existence expire July 11, 1895.

On the conclusion of the reading of the secretary's report, Mr. Dunham moved that the report, and its various recommendations be referred to a committee of three. The report of the auditing committee showed that the reports of treasurer and secretary agreed in terms and amounts. The total warrants outstanding amounted to $1,406.76.

M. L. Hayward of Nebraska City, moved a vote of thanks to Austin Humphrey for the loan of $1,123.53 to meet the deficiency.

The committee on credentials reported a number of contests among the members, and were instructed to retire and consummate their work in a thorough manner. The following members, whose terms expire, were dropped from the list of membership: R. W. Furnas, E. E. Baines, J. B. Dinsmore, M. Dunham, R. T. Henry, A. Humphrey, J. C. Warner, E. A. Stuart, F. H. Briggs, W. H. Barger, J. D. Ream, J. Holcomb, E. M. Searle and Urban Bruno. The session then adjourned until 9 tomorrow morning.

No vote was taken today on the location of the state fair for the coming five years. Active work was done at the hotels all day among the members, and it was said that Omaha had made good gains. It will come up tomorrow for settlement.

FOUND A SHORTAGE.

**Officials of the Bank of Alma Fail to Make the Books Balance.**

ALMA, Neb., Jan. 15.J(Special Telegram.)—C. W. Stewart, assistant cashier of the Bank of Alma of this place, has been dismissed from the bank and charged with the fault of the bank being short $1,500 in its accounts. Bank Examiner Cline went through the bank a few days ago and the shortage in the above amount is said to exist. This is the first thorough examination that has been made of the books and accounts of this bank for three or four years and Mr. Stewart says that the cashier told him of a discrepancy of $400 before he went into the bank. Stewart stoutly denies that he is guilty of any wrong, and is prepared to make a vigorous fight in the matter, claiming the cashier is very careless, and that if anything is wrong, it is due to careless or mistakes and not dishonesty. A. C. Shanlenberger is the cashier, and has always borne the best reputation for honesty and stood high in the community. So has Mr. Stewart, who was principal of schools here several years, postmaster four years under Cleveland's first term, and his integrity has never been questioned before. The families connected are among the best in the city. No prosecution or legal steps have been taken.

STATE VOLUNTEER FIREMEN.

**Thirteenth Annual Convention of the Association Convenes at Norfolk.**

NORFOLK, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.—The thirteenth annual convention of the Nebraska State Volunteer Firemen's association began a three days' session in this city this evening. A delegation from David City was the first to arrive, which was soon followed by others from Creighton, O'Neill, Madison, York and Kearney, so that tonight nearly a full representation is present.

Elaborate preparations for the entertainment of the visitors have been made by the Norfolk department, and includes a street parade, headed by the band, a visit to Norfolk's pride—the beet sugar factory—and a complimentary banquet at the close of the session, Thursday evening.

The present officers of the association are: A. Tracy, Grand Island, President; Ira Johnson, Kearney, vice president; J. H. Bennett, McCook, second vice president; M. J. Saunders, Kearney, secretary; D. W. Carr, Beatrice, treasurer.

NEBRASKA BIRD SHOW.

**Annual Exhibition of the State Poultry Association at Lincoln.**

LINCOLN, Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—The annual show of the Nebraska State Poultry association opened today in the Brownell block. It is the largest display of fine birds ever made by the association. The coops are all in place, and throughout the day knost of exhibitors stood around and dwelt on the merits of their breeds with enthusiasm. Towards evening the exhibition was visited by a large number of school children, free tickets having been given them by the managers. This year there is a marked improvement, not only in the large number of fowls exhibited, but in the many fancy strains, which will compare favorably with the eastern exhibitions of more pretentious cities.

**To Relieve Buffalo's Destitute.**

KEARNEY, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—At the session of the Board of Supervisors just closed a County Relief Association was organized by appointing two men in each township to act with the supervisor, who would be chairman of the committee. A central committee, with H. W. Trueblood as chairman; W. L. Hand, secretary, and Rice H. Eaton, treasurer, was elected. Reports will be made by the various committeemen to the central committee Saturday. From these reports it can be learned definitely just who and how many are in need of help in Buffalo county. It is not thought now, however, that many farmers will need much if anything more than seed grain for sowing next spring.

The fair given jointly last week by the members of company A, Nebraska National guards and the hook and ladder department at the armory netted each company a little over $100.

Memorial services were held Sunday at the Congregational church in memory of William Bone of Gibbon, who died of heart diocese, in the United Presbyterian church at a union meeting Thursday evening. His remains were then taken to Kenosha, Wis., for interment, accompanied by his widow and two sons.

Secretary W. L. Hand of the Kearney Relief commission, received word yesterday that two cars of coal had been contributed and shipped from Oskaloosa, Ja., to the needy in this city and surrounding country.

**Result of a Protracted Spree.**

SCHUYLER, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—When Charles J. Spirk, the gentleman bound for his home in Dayton, O., who got off the train here Saturday and was thought from his actions to be insane, recovered from the influence of the liquor he had been partaking of during the last week, he was found to be not only rational, but quite an intelligent and interesting gentleman. During the summer he went west to Washington for a Dayton contractor, and, having finished his work there, was on his way home. In his insane condition, he became possessed of the idea that he was about to be arrested for some imaginary offense, and got off the train here and set out to escape, having started out of the city as soon as he got off the train. A brother at Stanton was notified as to the condition of his brother, and arrived Sunday to relieve him. The brothers had not met in sixteen years. Mr. Spirk was released this morning, and the two left the city this afternoon.

**Bank Cashier Charged with Forgery.**

O'NEILL, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Considerable excitement prevailed in this city this afternoon when it was learned that Ben R. Cowdlery, state bank examiner, filed a complaint in the county court charging George H. Bowring, cashier of the defunct Stuart State bank, with forgery.

The complaint alleges that the forgery consisted of the entry by Bowring on the bank's books as bills securable a promissory note for $2,000 purported to be signed by William Krotter & Co., when in fact no such note was ever signed by that firm.

**Juniata Veterans Entertain.**

JUNIATA, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Saturday evening the Grand Army of the Republic and Woman's Relief corps gave a farwell surprise supper at their hall to Mr. and Mrs. O. Stever, who leave in a few days to make their future home in California. Mr. Stever is past president of the corps. They are well liked by every one in this vicinity and especially by the old comrades, who will be very sorry to see them leave. They received some beautiful presents.

**Snow at North Platte.**

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—A light snow has been falling here during the entire day, but the temperature has not fallen, and there is little wind. It is the first snow of the season for North Platte, and has melted as it fell, sufficiently to lay the dust. It will not injure winter grazing, if the weather remains mild, but will be good for winter wheat, which has stood in great need of moisture.

**Too Many Lighting Plants.**

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—The city council was to have met and considered bids for a new electric light plant at its meeting last night, but did not do so on account of being somewhat "scared" about having two plants on its hands. The assignee of the present plant has already sued the city.

**Gage County Pioneer Dead.**

BEATRICE, Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Enos Barkey, one of the oldest and most highly respected citizens of Gage county, died this morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Francis McGirr, ten miles north of this city, death resulting from the effects of a stroke of paralysis received three months ago. The deceased came to Gage county twenty-six years ago and has resided here continuously since that time. He had amassed considerable wealth, owning large tracts of land both in Nebraska and South Dakota. The funeral will occur from the house of the daughter of the deceased at 10 o'clock tomorrow.

**Druggist and Saloonist Wanted.**

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—The Plattsmouth city counsel has suddenly become imbued with the notion of rendering the saloon business in this city as unprofitable as possible At last night's session of the council police were ordered to stop all caerd playing and gaming in the saloons. The matetr was strenuously opposed member of the opposition retaliated by moving that the drug stores be closely watched, and every druggist found selling liquors without a prescription be arrested and prosecuted. Both motions will be carried into effect by the police, and they promise to prove unusually obnoxious to saloon men and druggists as well as their patrons.

**Clothing Stock Damaged.**

GRAND ISLAND, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—A water pipe burst on the second floor of the W. H. Michael building last evening, and the water ran down through the floor and into Herman Bros.' clothing store in great quantities, before it could be shut off. The damage to clothing will not be very great, as the accident was discovered soon after it occurred.

Grand Island is being made the distributing point for such provisions, etc., coming from Oregon as are needed for the poverty stricken in the western section of the state. Six carloads of provisions and clothing arrived from La Grande, Ore., consigned to the Nebraska State Relief commission.

**"When the Spirits" Locate Scott.**

VALLEY, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Further than making the allegation that the body of Barrett Scott was now lying at the bottom of the Niobrara river dismembered and in a gunny sack, the Valley spirits are uncommunicative on that subject. Excitement is still at fever heat here over the Scott matter and The Bee is being watched closely for developments.

**Kearney National Bank to Reopen.**

KEARNEY, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.) —The Kearney National bank, which was compelled to suspend under a run several weeks ago, will open its doors again tomorrow morning, and President Downing says that the affairs of the bank have been put in good shape and the prospect is hopeful.

**Veteran's Family Found Destitute.**

M'COOL JUNCTION, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—William Richter, an old soldier, while doing chores, came near freezing to death. His wife, with assistance of neighbors, got him to the house. They had at the time scarcely any fuel. A wagon load of coal was at once sent them.

**Wilcox County Fair Association Sold Out.**

MINDEN, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—An order of sale has just been issued by virtue of a decree against the property of the Wilcox District Fair association, property located at Wilcox, Neb. The amount of the judgment is $3,347.

**Demise of Hugh Gordon.**

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Hugh Gordon, an old resident of this city and county, died at his home in Pawnee City last night. The deceased was about 45 years old, and leaves a wife and four children.

**Pawnee City's Patronage.**

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Miss Lottie Liming of this city has been appointed an enrolling clerk in the lower house of the legislature and left this evening to accept the position.

**Wymore Woman Declared Insane.**

BEATRICE, Jan. 15.—(Special Telegram.) —Mrs. Adda Baker of Wymore was sent to the asylum for the insane at Lincoln today. This is the second time she has been a patient of that institution.

**Sioux Anxious for Their Money.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Agent Kellar, Chief Two Stars and John Brown of the Sisseton and Wahpeton agencies in South Dakota, accompanied by Representative Pickler, had a conference with the commissioner of Indian affairs today. The delegation urged that $190,800 of the $1,090,000 now placed to their credit in the treasury be distributed among the Indians on the reservation to prevent suffering and starvation among them, resulting from a failure of crops and other depressed conditions. It is probable their request will be complied with.

*PRESS AS A PURIFIER.*

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 15.—To the Editor of The Bee: Many thanks for the article in The Bee, exposing the corruption in the city council. Would it not also be well to turn the searchlight on the school board? We have to look to the press for all this good work—the reporters are the watch-dogs of civilization—and the editors, a terror to evil doers. Two ways these hypocritical fellows manage to get themselves elected to office every time; one is under the disguise of protecting the public schools and the other is protecting the Catholic church. How long are an outraged people going to be hoodwinked by these fellows? A few honest men can put a stop to this work if they go about it right. Charles O'Connor and a few others brought about the purification of the notorious Tweed ring of New oYrk in 1870. Dr. Parkhurst and John W. Goff have broke up the famous Tammany party. It would be well if some O'Connors, Parkhursts or Goffs would rise up in South Omaha. J. H. B.

**State Percentage on Public Land Sales.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The house public lands committee has decided to report favorably a bill granting to California 5 per cent of the proceeds of the sale of public lands.

**Olney Dines the President.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Attorney General Olney gave a dinner last night in honor of President Cleveland. Fourteen members of the cabinet and supreme court were present.

The elements that conspire to make a great city are found at this place. They are, vast water power, electric power, extensive coal mines, abundant raw material, railway facilities, and strong financial backing. We have all these and more. A monthly pay roll of over $200,000 already; larger industries coming next spring. There is good money to be hade in realty by getting in on time. Investigate this matter. Ernest Crutcher, real estate, Great Falls, Montana.

Hayden Bros'. ad. is on page 5.

Quaker OATS

A pure Cereal Food, easily cooked; digestible and delicious. Cheap, too. It's for you.

Sold only in 2 lb. Packages.

AMUSEMENTS

EMPIRE POPULAR PRICES.
Telephone 1531.
W. J. BURGESS, — — — Manager
LAST TWO TIMES IN OMAHA.
MATINEE TODAY, 2:30. TONIGHT, 8:15.
JOHN L. SULLIVAN,
In his latest and greatest success.
A TRUE AMERICAN.
A DERBY WINNER.
Coming January 20-23.

Sarah I. Griffin.

Only a Scar Remains

Scrofula Cured—Blood Purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"It is with pleasure that I send a testimonial concerning what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for my daughter. It is a wonderful medicine and I cannot recommend it too highly. Sarah, who is fourteen years old, has been

Afflicted With Scrofula

ever since she was one year old. For five years she has had a running sore on one side of her face. We tried every remedy recommended, but nothing did her any good until we commenced using Hood's Sarsaparilla. My married daughter advised me to use Hood's Sarsaparilla because

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

it had cured her of dyspepsia. She had been troubled with that complaint since childhood, and since her cure she has never been without a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house. We commenced giving it to Sarah about one year ago, and it has conquered the running sore,

Only a Scar Remaining

as a trace of the dreadful disease. Previous to taking the medicine her eyesight was affected but now she can see perfectly. In connection with Hood's Sarsaparilla we have used Hood's Vegetable Pills, and find them the best." Mrs. Maria Griffin, Xenia, Illinois.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.

On the female face, on the upper lip, chin, cheeks, forehead, between the eyebrows, on the hands, arms and breast; also hair on men's cheeks above the beard line, destroyed forever. No pain or injury by the

ELECTRIC NEEDLE.

This is one of the most unsightly blemishes that any refined woman can be afflicted with. Is sure to attract attention and to excite comment.

Depilatories, acids, plasters, wax blocks, soapstone, the tweezers, scissors and razor all make these hairs grow harsher, darker, coarser and more numerous. The only method in the world by which the hair can be destroyed is by the

ELECTRIC NEEDLE.

We have had years experience in this work and guarntee a cure in every case, no matter how bad it may be. Moles, warts, wens, scar veins, red nose, raised scars and all morbid growths destroyed by this method and by skilled, electro surgery. A skilled expert always present. Hours, 9 to 7; Sundays, 10 to 1. The

CURAPATHIC INSTITUTE.

1703 Dodge Street - - - - Omaha.

TORTURING ECZEMA

Editor Iowa Plain Dealer Cured of Insufferable Itching and Pain by the Cuticura Remedies.

No Less Than Five Physicians Consulted. Their Combined Wisdom Followed Without Benefit.

I am sixty-six years old. In August, 1893, was troubled with the peculiar skin disease to which people of my age are subject, known among medical men as eczema. Its first appearance was near the ankles. It rapidly extended over the lower extremities until my legs were nearly one raw sore; from legs the trouble extended across the hips, shoulders and the entire length of the arms, the legs and arms greatly swollen with an itching, burning pain, without cessation. Although the best medical advice attainable was employed, no less than five physicians of the place being consulted and the prescriptions being the result of their combined wisdom, the disease, though apparently checked, would recur in a few days as bad as ever; during its progress my weight fell away about twenty-five pounds. As an experiment I began the use of Cuticura, following the simple and plain instructions given with the Remedies, and in four weeks found myself well, with skin soft and natural in color, the itching and pain entirely relieved.

W. R. MEAD,
Editor Iowa Plain Dealer, Cresco, Ia.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS

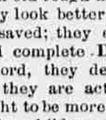
Cuticura Remedies speedily cure every humor and disease of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, whether itching, burning, scaly, pimply, and blotchy, whether simple, scrofulous, hereditary, or contagious, when physicians fail.

I was operated on two years ago for an abscess, which left a running sore, which five doctors said could only be helped by another operation. I almost gave up in despair. $3.50 worth of the Cuticura Remedies cured me, and I am now well and strong. Mrs. ANNIE KULEN,
2101 Lawrence St., Denver, Col.

Sold throughout the world. Price, Cuticura, 50c.; Soap, 25c.; Resolvent, $1. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

"How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free.

PIMPLES, blackheads, chapped and oily skin cured by Cuticura Medicated Soap.



FREE FROM RHEUMATISM.
In one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatic, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest and muscular pains and weaknesses.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S Wednesday & Thursday Jan. 16-17

MR. J. K. EMMET
"OUR FRITZ."
in his latest success,
Fritz in a Madhouse
Which Ran 3 Months at the 14th Street Theatre New York.
NEW SONGS, EXCELLENT COMPANY,
NEW DANCES, SPLENDID PRODUCTION.
Sale opens Tuesday morning at usual prices.

BOYD'S 2 NIGHTS