PAR SHE TO THE TOTAL BANK BAYES

#### TO CONSIDER HOLCOMB'S SELECTIONS. Senate Appoints a Special Committeet to

Look After Appointive Nominations. LINCOLN, Jan. 11,-(Special.)-Governor Holcomb's first appointment went to the senate at 11 o'clock and was duly referred to the executive session. For several weeks the probable appointments to be made by the governor have been under discussion by a few, who have imagined that the republican senate might make up its mind to refuse to confirm an appointment made by a populist executive. It is upon this assumption that so many have believed that Governor Holso many have believed that Governor Hol-comb would withhold his appointments until after the adjournment of the legislature. Whether Governor Holcomb has given this phase of the situation any consideration re-mains to be seen, but he shows his disposition to meet the senate in a full spirit of fairness by sending in at least one appoint-

ment early in the session.

The name transmitted to the senate today was that of John W. Wilson of Ogalalla to be commandant of the Soldiers' and Sallers home at Grand Island, to succeed D. A. Scoville, appointed by Governor Crounse tw years ago. Judge Wilson was the people's independent candidate for auditor of public accounts in the last campaign, and was de-feated by Hon. Eugene Moore, the repub-

feated by Hon. Eugene Moore, the republican nominee. He is a one-armed veteran of the last war and his appointment is looked upon as a very creditable one.

The announcement of the appointment to the sensite in executive session was followed by some little discussion, in which Senators Hahn, Sloan, Pope, Wright, Black, Sprecher and Caldwell participated. Senator Sloan particularly called attention to the provision of the statutes giving the superintendent of the Lincoln Hospital for the Insane an official life of six years, unless sconer removed by the governor for maifeasance or other good and sufficient cause. It was generally consciously the governor for maifeasance or other good and sufficient cause. It was generally conceded in the general discussion that this statutory provision could hardly be construed to apply to the commandant of the Soldiers' home.

Several of the senators spoke highly of the ability and availability of the new appointee, but there was a general feeling that the ap-

uld not be confirmed with undue haste. Finally, on motion of Senator Hahn, the appointment was referred to a special committee, with the understanding that any or all subsequent appointments sent in by the governor should be referred to the Lieutenant Governor Moore, as a measure

of precaution, read the rule of the senate requiring all senators not to reveal the secrets of the executive session under penalty of expulsion. He then announced the fol-lowing members of the committee: Hahn of Adams, Akers of Ccctts Bluff, Sloan of Fillmore, Black of Kearney and Saunders of

Senator Stewart, from the populist corner, asked if the ligutenant governor did not intend to give the minority at least one repre sentative on the committee, The lieutenant governor replied that that

was his purpose in appointing Senator Saun-The lieutenant govders on the committee. ernor had believed all along that Saunders was a populist. He therefore asked permission to withdraw Saunders' name and sub-stitute that of Senator Stewart, whose populistic tendencies are too pronounced to admit

Stewart, in the meantime, had sent a motion to the secretary's desk asking for the appointment of a committee, but as it was

to destitute farmers, but the bill upon which the greatest progress had been made, the bill first printed and pushed to its passage, was a bill appropriating \$85,000 to pay members and employes their salaries in advance

In defense of the committee Chairman Conaway said that it was in continuous session, and doing all in its power to expedite matters. He did not believe it wise to do anything hastily, which the house might

Munger supported the views of Chairman Conaway, and said that the introduction and passage of an immature measure might defeat the object sought. Secretary of the State Relief Commission Ludden had told him that they were able to take care of all the destitute for twenty days to come. If this was true he saw no reason for precipitancy in the matter. Chapman has a bill, house roll No. 169,

which is in the nature of another measure to insure expedition. It provides amendments to sections 1,630, 1,641 and 1,666, chapter xv. Consolidated Statutes, 1885, entitled "Elecan elective office carries the courts, sometimes for six months or a the courts, sometimes for six months or a the courts, sometimes for six months or a year, and where no fraud is charged, but simply error of clerks and judges, it often works a hardship on the contestant. Chap-man's bill provides that where only error in court is alleged by a contestant the election board may be immediately convened and vided for by law. The list of employes, and those related to

members of the house, is now posted up in front of the clerk's desk. They now number eighty-six. Five of them are related to mem-bers, as follows: Howard Burns, night watchman, son of Burns of Lancaster; Wil-Ham E. Shook, typewriter, son of John H. Shook of Richardson; John H. Brady, messenger, son of Brady of Buffalo; Ira Cole, typewriter, son of Cole of Hitchcock; Harry tandige, clerk, nephew of Speaker Richards. Jenness has two bills for the protection of mployes and guaranteeing their right to

ong to labor organizations, and to protect them from being blacklisted by bond opanies. The former, house roll No. 183. oduced today. The other, house roll No. 163, has gone to second reading. Mr. Jenness says that gross injustice is being worked against employes under the present law in both cases. Through mistakes of identity and errors of clerks in bond offices men of good repute and probity are often classified among deadbeats and swindlers by bond

Davies has a measure, house roll No. 196 submit a constitutional amendment for investment of the permanent school fund. A precautionary measure by Allan is house roll No. 194, to protect the public against young and incompetent telegraph operators employed by railroads.

ROUTINE WORK OF THE SESSION. The reading of the journal this morning was constantly interrupted by motions to suspend the rules and dispense with the same, but strenuous objection from Barry kept the clerk in line, and he completed it. which the speaker volunteered the observation that he hoped the house had en-joyed the reading, after which he made the following additional appointments of house employes: Pages, Alfred Bixby, Robert Pol-lock I Chastarton W. Goodin, Market employes: Pages, Alfred Bixby, Robert Pol-lock, J. Chesington, W. Goodin; night watch, William F. Niles; stenographer, Josie Mc-Dermott; messenger, C. P. Lewis; clerk for committee on engrossed and enrolled bills. C. C. Boslaw; clerk for committee on finance, ways and means, T. N. Cecil; enrolling and engrossing clerk, J. D. Boyle; enrolling and engrossing clerk, Kate Henderson; bill clerk, D. Burgardner; assistant beatments. Ed. D. Bumgardner; assistant postmaster. Ed Metcalf; janitors, J. P. Mehammett, Ed An-sen; engineer, Charles P. Stromberg.

Legislation on house employes continues to increase in volume. It is a never failing wellspring of debate. The following, by Smith, is the latest to be carried:

with a list of the employes of the house and the number of old soldiers employed. Resolved, That the preference be given to the old soldiers in the future employes of

Lamborn's resolution, one of a half dozen of the same tener, to give preference to relief bills, was carried, and the introduction of bills on first reading was declared the order of business, following which a recess was taken until 2 p. m.
Burns of Lancaster opened the afternoon

session with a resolution, which was carried, that the passageway leading to the flagstaff be placed in a safe condition, as it was now Brady sent up a resolution making relief

measures a special order for tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, which, after a promise from Conaway that bills should be printed, The speaker next read the appointments of A. G. Keim, clerk to committee on railroads,

and W. B. McArthur, clerk to judiciary com-Suter introduced a resolution providing that bills relating to feed, yardage and sale of five stock be referred to committee on live stock and grazing. Sutton of Douglas objected and the resolution went over.

House roll No. 71, appropriating \$55,000 to pay members and employes, was put on passage and carried by a vote of 86 to 2, Cooley of Cass and Delaney of Butler voting against it.

Following the introduction of new bills the house adjourned.

books and for district ownership same," and to provide penalties for violating the same.

House roll No. 174, by Hairgrove, to provide for the appropriation of fines, penalties and license money in cities and villages having a part or all of two or more school districts within their corporate limits.

House roll No. 175, by Hairgrove, relating to certain contracts for the conditional sale, is easy or hire of railroad and street railway and rolling stock and providing for recording thereof.

g thereof. House roll No. 176, by Becher, to amena-ctions 3,151, 3,152 and 3,153, Cobbey's Con-lidated Statutes of 1893, and to repeal said obliated Statutes of 1893, and to repeat said riginal section.

House roll No. 177, by Becher, to render entain county officers ineligible to office or more than four years in succession. House roll No. 178, by Judd, to amend sec-ion 4,276 of chapter xivii of Cobbey's Con-solidated Statutes of Nebraska of 1893, en-itted "Public Finance," and to repeal said

House roll No. 179, by Richardson, to provide for the erection of an additional building at the Norfolk Hospital for the Insane at Norfolk, Neb., and appropriate the necessional above for House roll No. 189, by Merrick, to amend section 5.844, Consolidated Statutes of 1893, and to repeal said section.

House roll No. 181, by Beck, to provide for the removal of county, precinct and township officers.

ship officers.

House roll No. 182, by Harris, to amend section 2, subdivision 7, chapter lxxix, Complet Statutes of Nebraska of 1893, entitled "Schools," and to repeal said section as the same how exists. some now exists,
House roll No. 183, by Jenness, to protect

this act, House roll No. 187, by Munger, to define the duties of certain of the faculty of the university.

House roll No. 188, by Sutton of Douglas, to amend sections 3,756 and 3,757 in chapter xliv of the Consolidated Statutes of Nebraska, 1823, and to repeal said sections as now existing.

braska, 1893, and to repeal said sections as now existing.

House roll No. 189, by Harte, providing that no person shall render or manufacture out of any animal fat any article in imitation or semblance of natural butter or cheese.

House roll No. 190, by Allen, to amend section 2 of chapter lxxvii of the Compiled Statutes of Nebraska, entitled "Revenue," and to repeal said section 2 as heretofore existing.

Isting.

House roll No. 191, by Ricketts, to amend section 2,025 of chapter xxiii, Consolidated Statutes of Nebraska of 1881, entitled "Interest," and to repeal said original section and provide a penalty for violation of said

they were able to take care of all the titute for twenty days to come. If this is true he saw no reason for precipitancy the matter. This view of the case was nosed by several and Miles' resolution was ried.

Thapman has a bill, house roll No. 169, ich is in the nature of another measure to are expedition. It provides amendments sections 1,639, 1,641 and 1,666, chapter xx, nsolidated Statutes, 1885, entitled "Electuses of Statutes, 1885, entitled "Balliffs," House roll No. 194, by Allan, to protect the public against young and incompetent telegraph operators employed on railroades, House roll No. 185, by Davies, a joint resolution to submit to the electors of the state of Nebraska for the wants of the public against young and incompetent telegraph operators employed on railroades, House roll No. 186, by Davies, a joint resolu

House roll No. 128, by Smith, making it the duty of owners of land to destroy certain noxious weeds.

Edmiston Appointed Oil Inspector.

LINCOLN, Jan, 11 .- (Special Telegram.)-Governor Holcomb today appointed J. H. Edmiston, recent chairman of the independent state central committee, chief oil in-spector, vice L. F. Hilton of Blair, removed. The appointment is to take effect February 1.

What star shines so bright as the lustre about Dr. Price's Baking Powder. fame is fairly won.

# BESSEMER ORE MEN COMBINE.

Will Market All Their Product Through One Firm and Put Up Prices.

DULUTH, Jan. 11 .- The details of what is to be one of the biggest combinations in raw materials in the United States are now under consideration. The probabilities are that within a few weeks the combination will be effected so there shall be no company, with an expected output this year of 1,000,000 tons; the Norrie, which will put out this year nearly 1,000,000 tons, and the Colby, which has been put into such shape that it can come well up toward the capacity of the Norris. These three companies will mine fully three-quarters of the Bessemer output of the country. The expectation is that the sale of the cres of these companies that the sale of the ores of these companies will be made chiefly by one firm of Cieveland brokers and the idea is to put the price for next season's delivery at about \$3.50 per ton instead of \$2.50 to \$2.90, the prevailing prices of the past season. There is said to be no question that these producers have a grip on the Bessemer market and while the Rockefeller interests in the Mesaba and the Pewabic Lake Superior Lake and the Pewabic, Lake Superior, Angeline and Cleveland mines of the ranges would undoubtedly like to deal, they are not liable to be invited.

Dockers on Strike at Buenos Ayres. BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 11.-The seamen and dock laborers who are out on strike are Resolved. That the chief clerk be required growing turbulent. Acts of violence have furnish the members of the legislature been reported.

## WOULD NOT RELEASE HAWAII

TANTANY TE TRUE.

Dole's Little Deal with England May Be Quietly Knocked Out.

CABLE MUST NOT HAVE FOREIGN CONTROL

Republicans of the House Insist that the Islands Be Held to the Treaty and that the United States Should Lay the Wires.

house on foreign affairs, said today that he fully agreed with the president that the Hawaiian islands should have the benefits of telegraphic communication with the world at large, but was strongly opposed to putting their cable facilities under control of any amendment to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill providing for a survey of a feasible route for a cable between Hawaii

to use the cable for commercial purposes, but it is doubtful whether we would be permitted to send messages in cipher and no treaty arrangements would be practicable by which this government would have the privilege of communication for naval purposes in time of war or other troubles.

"Great Britain maintains a cable between Bermuda and Nova Scotia, which does not begin to pay for its maintenance," he said, by

way of illustration. "Bermuda is a great strategical point, with a powerful fortress.

Americans can order onlone by that cable,

but Secretary Herbert could not request one of our ships to put dynamite on a British

vessel and blow her up in the event that such a proceeding was deemed advisable." This was of course said to illustrate his point. Had there been cable communication with the United States the complications in Hawaii of the past two years would have been greatly simplified and partly averted, Hitt says. He declares it to be a doubtful form of economy to expend \$25,000,000 annually for the maintenance of a navy and neglect a comparatively small expenditure for the control of vessels, by which they could be effectively handled and kept under working orders by the home govern

#### SENATOR VEST'S FINANCIAL BILL

Provides for Several Schemes Talked of in

than \$50 shall not exceed one-fourth of the government revenues.

cretion, may redeem in either gold or silver ecin.

Section 4 makes it unlawful for any tional bank to issue bank notes, and all acts authorizing all such issues are repealed. It is made the duty of the secretary, within welve months, to sell the United States bonds deposited in the treasury by national banks to secure circulation in the case of national banks retiring their circulation or going out of business, and after redeeming coin notes hereby authorized, the outstand ing notes or currency as provided by the national bank act, the surplus is to be also paid in the coin notes to the banks owning the bonds in the amounts respectively due

Section 5 requires the secretary of the treasury to have coined as fast as possible the silver bullion held in the treasury purchased under the Sherman act of 189 cluding the gain or seigniorage, and this coin is to be used in the payment of public expenditures and for the redemption of the coin notes authorized by this act.

Section 6 provides that when the revenue of the government are not sufficient to meet its current expenses, the secretary of the treasury shall issue a sufficient amount of coin notes to cover this deficiency, and all laws authorizing the future issue of interest bearing bonds of the United States are recealed event. are repealed except as otherwise provided. The section also provides that if the gold in the treasury at the time the act shall take effect, does not amount to \$100,000,000, exclusive of that held to redeem gold certificates, the secretary is authorized to sell United States bonds at not less than par, gold bearing, not to exceed 3 per cent interest, redeemable after five years, but no greater amount of such bonds are to be sold than may be necessary to progue for the section also provides that if the than may be necessary to procure for the treasury the full amount of \$100,000,000 in

Section 7 provides that silver bullion brought to any mint of the United States for coinage shall be received and coined into standard dollars of 4121/2 grains; but no de-posit of silver bullion of less value than \$100 shall be received, nor shall any bullion be received that is so base as to be unsuited for the operations of the mint. The director of the mint is to retain as seigniorage and to cover into the treasury the difference between the New York price and the coined price of the builton, and this is to be paid out by the secretary of the treasury in the current expenditures of the government.

# DISCUSSING THE PROSPECTS.

House Banking and Currency Committee Meets Today. WASHINGTON. Jan. 11 .- At today's meeting of the National Dairy union short addresses were made by Representatives Hatch petition and so that a reasonably good price of Missouri and Grout of Vermont, Assistant shall be obtained for three-quarters of the Secretary of Agriculture Dabney and others. Bessemer iron ore mined in this country. It was declared that manufactured imita-There will be but three companies in the deal. These are the Minnesota Iron comfered with the European markets for the genuine article, because it came into compe-tition with it and because many European dealers, 'having been repeatedly imposed upon, had declined to handle either the genuine or the spurious article, as all American butter had been thrown under suspicion. This, it was asserted, equally true of filled cheese, which helped to destroy European markets even for the best full cream cheese. A resolution was adopted petitioning congress to place "filled cheese" under the internal revenue laws, to tax it 2 cents per pound and to require that dealers in filled cheese be licensed the same as the dealers in oleonargarine.

> Other Presidential Nominations WASHINGTON, Jan. II.-The president today sent to the senate the following nom-

Postmasters—Horac: Bullock, Georgetown, Colo.; David O. Stone, Hawarden, Ia.; Thomas F. Banaher, Forest City, Ia.; Alex-ander Charles, Cedar Rapids, Ia.; Ella Kempe, Montevideo, Mian. War—First Lieutenant Enoch H. Crowder,

Eighth cavalry, to be major and judge advocate; Lieutenant Colonel William Winthrop, deputy judge advocate general, to be colonel and assistant judge advocate general; Major Edward Hunter, judge advocate to be deputy, judge advocate general, with rank of lieutenant colonel.

President Cleveland has decided to send in the nomination of Capital W. A. Tibballs of Rock Island as steamboat inspector for the Fifth districts which includes the upper Mississippi riven The nomination of Capitaln Tibballs was strongly urged by Hon, Ben Cable.

PREPARING ANTI-TOXINE. Consular Report on the Methods Employed

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The United States consul at Frankfort has submitted to the Department of State a most interesting WASHINGTON, Jan. 11 .- The recommend- report on anti-toxine, the new curative for ation by President Cleveland that the United and preventive of diphtheria. He explained States give its consent to the construction of that he is impelled to do this because the a cable to Hawaii by Great Britain does subject is about to engage the attention of not find favor among the republicans of the congress, because of the large number of house. Representative Hitt of Illinois, who inquiries for detailed information concerning is recognized as the republican leader in the anti-toxine and because at Frankfort is the accurate sketch of its discovery and devolopments. The factory at Frankfort to which he re-

because their tissues were affected by the various foods they consumed, and recourse was had to horses. The establishment no utilizes the blood of seventy-five horses and has a trained corps of more than fifty men employed in this one work, producing at present about 1,000 doses per day, and by the end of this month it will supply the demand. It is absolutely requisite that the horses be young, vigorous and physically perhoused, exercised, fed and cared for, The anti-toxine improves with age, least during the first two months, and the German physcians no longer use it fresh, when it is apt to cause a skin eruption. An

early application, however, is of the utmost importance. In seventy-two cases of chilearly application, seventy-two cases of chil-dren treated within two days of the first ap-pearance of diphtheria but two cases were fatal, and the death rate in such cases is placed at 4 per cent. In Germany, where the fatal cases used to average 60 per cent and not less than 50,000 lives were annually sacrificed to the diphtheria scourge, the mor ality has been reduced to less than one fourth, and it will be still further reduced when the country physicians use it freely serious epidemic of diphtheria at Triests has been practically mastered by anti-toxine.

#### INDICATIONS AGAINST TARIFF.

Interesting Meeting of the Ways and Means Committee of the House. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.-The ways and

means committee of the house met today for the first time in many weeks. It was expected that the meeting might bring important developments in view of the government's need of increased revenue. No positive conclusions were reached, however, beyond the reference of several questions to subcommittees and a favorable report on the bill exempting from duties exhibits at Baltimore exposition in 1897.

The action of the committee, though, was oked upon as something significant ndicating that no thriff legislation would be pushed at this session. Mr. Wilson stated informally during the meeting that the revenues of the government had shown a promising increase since the woolen schedale went into effect on January 1, last. Mr. Reed suggested that this increase was probably of a temporary character, natural to a change when first put into effect. Mr. nomination than \$500 nor smaller than \$10 Whiting urged, that it would be continuous shall be issued, and the denominations larger and would develop, a healthy increase in

A resolution of Mr. Pence of Colorado asking the secretary of the treasury to inform congress as to the advisability of in-creasing the beer lax was voted down without division and an unfavorable report will be made in accordance with a sugges-tion made by Mr. Tarsney that the requested information was fully covered by the annual reports of the secretary of the ernal revenues.

The bill of Mr. Honey of Mississippi for ncreasing the beer tax was referred to the subcommfttee on internal revenue. Mr. Wilson's bill to take off the one-tenth ifferential on sugar was also referred to subcommittee.

Mr. Whiting requested the correction of the error in the tariff law as to hemp carpets. Mr. Reed objected with a sarcastic statement that the law was all The proposed correction was referred to The bill exempting from duties foreign exhibits at the exposition at Baitimore in

## ELECTRICITY IN CARRIAGES.

1897 was agreed to.

Europeans Use it to Illuminate Their Private

Conveyances. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.-As common as is the use of electric light in the United States, Americans have as yet neglected to avail themselves of one application which has been extensively employed in Europe, and especially in France, namely, its use for the illumination of carriages, street cars and other public conveyances. An interesting report on this subject has been submitted the Department of State by United States Consul Chancellor at Havre. He shows that within the last five years electrically lighted private carriages have been exten-sively used by the affluent classes in Europe. prince of Wales was the first to adopt the idea in London, and the German emperor has had the court carriages lit by electricity. not only to outside lanterns, but also the interior being illuminated by means of a series of accumulators carried under the boot, and all over the harness are placed what the Germans call glulampe, colored lights, which glow like fire flies and conquer the thickest The accumulator for a carriage carried in a box only eight inches long by seven high and four wide. It furnishes a good 71/2 candle power for from one to tw months. It costs from 50 cents to \$1 to re-new the charges, less than the cost of smoky unreliable and ill-smelling oil lamps. The consul says that in a few years all public onveyances will be thus lighted, as a 50-cent plant is sufficient for each. He gives de tailed descriptions of the various appur He gives detenances necessary.

## DAIRYMEN IN CONVENTION.

Discuss the Effects of Bogus Butter on the

Genuine Article.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Chairman Springer has called a meeting of the democratic members of the committee on banking and currency for tomorrow to consider the currency legislation. Mr. Springer says no special line of action will be suggested to the meeting, as it will be for an exchange of views, rather than to agree on a course. The substitute currency bill is in the hands of Mr. Carlisle, receiving such changes as may overcome objections. Outside of the membership of the committeee, little or no attention is given to the currency question, as members consider it closed for this session. The feeling is almost unanimous among the democrats that an extra session will be certain to be called. Mr. Springer has taken occasion to suggest to Representative Dingley and several other republicans that if they attempt to handle the currency question in the next congress they will meet the same embarrassments the Carliste bill has experienced, in that there will be fifteen silver senators, according to Mr. Springer's views, who will be able to block legislation in a rewho will be able to block legislation in a republican congress.

The evening session was given up to the election of officers and the adoption of resolutions. The meet important of these calls on congress to establish a dairy bureau. Chicago was selected as the place for the next annual meeting, which will be held January 21, 1896.

Ex-Covernor Hoard of Wisconsin was chosen president for the next year. Sid W. Wilson of Illinois was re-elected secretary and C. S. Martin of New York, treasurer.

Receipts Still Too Small. WASHINGTON, Jan. II.-A treasury tatement issued today shows that the expenditures so far this month exceed the receipts by \$6,211.743, which makes the deficiency for the fiscal year to date \$33,778.204. The total receipts since June 30 are \$130,272,760, and the disbursements \$204,031,963.

# MERCURY FLIRTS WITH ZERO

Severe Cold Wave Sweeps Down from the Northwest Country.

PROMISE OF BETTER WEATHER TOMORROW

Fitful Freaks of the Weather Clerk Recalls the Blizzard of Seven Years Ago, Which Passed Over this Section, Leaving Death in Its Wake.

Fur overcoats and hot drinks will be dications count for anything. A cold wave of more than usual proportions is now sweeping down the Missouri valley, bringing prospects of booms for the coal dealers and increased suffering for the poor and destitute, who are ill prepared for the visitation. The first effects of the change were apparent early this morning, and the thermometer at the government station registered a fall of eighteen degrees between 7 o'clock and noon. the latter hour it was 3 degrees below zero The thermometer at 9 o'clock tonight regis nd still tending downward.

During the latter part of the day busi-ness reached a standstill and all last evening the streets were deserted, people remain-ing at their homes. The wind blew cutting ing at their homes. The wind blew cutting blasts, and although there was no snow upon blasts, and although there was no snow upon the ground, the air was filled with small particles of frost, which almost penetrated the skin as they were hurled through the air. At no time was the mercury idle, though it seemed to have a tendency to go n but one direction, and that was down into he tube. Following this course, at 7 o'clock last night it had reached a point 11 degree below zero, but it did not halt there. Keep-ing right on, at midnight it reached 15 de-grees below, where it tarried in a breathing spell of a few hours.
Observer Welsh of the United States

weather bureau said last night, when he made his last observation, that in his opinion the back of the cold wave was broken. He remarked that there would be a change this afternoon, and that beginning tonight the severe spell of cold weather would be followed by a warmer wave.

Late last night Mr. Welsh received his re-

Yesterday afternoon the wind at this point

attained a velocity of twenty-six miles per hour. RECOLLECTION OF 1888.

The coming of the freezing blasts marks the anniversary of the great bilzzard which occurred just seven years ago today. Then the wires were burdened with tales of death and suffering, of awful danger and heroic sacrifice. Little children, worn out with the struggling against the driving storm, laid down on the prairie and were shrouded by the mantling snow. Many of the teachers sacrificed themselves in heroic efforts to save their charges and earned the eternal gratitude of the people by their devotion.

Some of these instances are recalled by the anniversary of the day. One of the sufferers was Lena Weebecke, a young girl of Seward county, who tried to lead her lit-tle brother from school through the storm. They lost their way and found themselve freezing on the open prairie. Growing drowsy with the cold they lay down in the snow, and the girl bravely held her brother under her so that her body might shield him from the cold. He was saved, but his heroic sister was teribly frozen and only recovered after one of her legs had been amputated. The Bee raised a purse of nearly \$3,000 fo her and she was sent to college. Last summer her guardian purchased for her one of the est farms in Seward county with the balance of the fund, and she still lives there with

Everybody remembers the story of Miss Everybody remembers the story of Miss Myra Freeman, now Mrs. E. B. Peinney of Lexington, Neb., who at that time taught the Myra Valley school in the central part of the state. She was sufficiently familiar with blizzards to realize the difficulty of the task of guiding her children safely home across the prairie and tied them firmly together with a rope. After a terrible experience they reached shelter and owe their salvation to the presence of mind of the young girl who was their only protector.

Miss Loie Royce of Pierce county was an-ither young school mistress who suffered in a noble effort to save her pupils. She lost both legs in the struggle and was afterwards sent to college with a fund raised for that Miss Ella Shattuck of Seward county

terribly frozen in the journey from her school to her boarding place. The Bee raised over \$3,000 for her, but she died from her injuries on the day the money reached her. Among the fatalities were the deaths of two children who lived near North Bend. the deaths in Dodge county. They were frozen to death and their graves are marked by handsome monuments which were provided by funds raised by The Bee and the North Bend Flail. In this city one man, a cigar maker, per-ished at Twenty-sixth and Leavenworth streets. He was on his way to his hom in the western part of the city. That was before the days of electric cars and monster snow plows. The old horse cars had suc-cumbed to the blizzard and this man thought that he could reach his home by going on foot. At the above mentioned corner his strength failed and in an exhausted condition he fell into a snow drift, where he was found on the following day.

A sleighing party of Omaha people went

to Council Bluffs early in the morning and the blizzard caught them on their return. Anxious friends bemoaned their fate for eral hours, but during the night all of the parties returned in safety.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair and Warmer in Northwestern Nebraska WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.-The forecast for Saturday is:
For Nebraska—Fair; warmer in the north-western portion; variable winds.
For Missouri—Fair; colder; northerly For Iowa and Kansas-Fair; colder northerly winds.
For South Dakota—Fair, except in the extreme southeast portion; winds becoming

Local Record. 

Reports from Other Stations at 8 P. M. STATIONS.

WEATHER. .06 Cloudy.
.T Cloudy.
.00 Clear.
.04 Cloudy.
.00 Clear.
.00 Part cloudy.
.02 Cloudy.
.03 Clear.
.00 Clear.
.00 Clear.
.00 Clear.
.00 Clear.
.00 Cloudy.
.00 Clear.
.00 Clear. Omaba North Platte... Valentine bicago L Louis. alt Lake City

• Helow zero.
"T" indicates trace of precipitation L. A. WELSH, Observer. SEVERE IN IOWA.

Fall of Nearly Fifty Degrees in Twenty-Four Hours at Cedar Rapids. CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Jan. 11.-(Special Telegram.)-The worst blizzard of the season struck here this morning and it has been growing colder since, the thermometers registering 10 below, with prospects of 20

below by morning. A high northwest wind is blowing, but little snow is falling. There has been a change of nearly 50 degrees in the has been a change of nearly 50 degrees in the last twenty-four hours. Advices from points on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern road show the blizzard is general. At Estherville it is cloudy and 22 below, Ellsworth it is 16, Sloux Falls 14 below, and at Watertown 18 below. In the southern part of the state it is from 5 to 8 below.

COLD SNAP IS GENERAL.

demand for the next few days if weather in-

GALESBURG, III., Jan. 11 .- A cold wave of great severity is prevailing here. The temperature has already gone down to 15 degrees below zero and is sinking rapidly with heavy gale from the northwest. There is fully covered by insurance. DAVENPORT, Ia., Jan. 11 .- A terrific bliz-

zard struck Davenport today, the tempera-ture falling 30 degrees in a few hours. DES MOINES, Jan. 11.—The blizzard which has been raging over Iowa has not abated. tered 15 degrees below zero, and it is thought it will reach 20 degrees before morning. The stock was all out of doors, feeding in stalk fields. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11.—A cold wave struck this section this afternoon and at midnight

the thermometer registered about zero, a fall of thirty-four degrees since noon. According to reports from the weather bureau, the mercury will fall still lower before Saturday morning. A strong west wind is blowing.

Will women rule in the next century! They rule now where Dr. Price's Baking Powder is used.

#### IOWA HOMESTEAD'S TROUBLE. Pierce-Wallace Publishing Company

Iowa Appenis to the Courts. DES MOINES, Jan. 11.-(Special Telegram.) Temporary injunction was this afternoon granted against James M. Pierce of Late last night Mr. Welsh received his report from northwestern states, which showed the fololwing: Sioux City, 10; Valentine, 4; Huron, 14; St. Paul, 10; Morehead, 16, and Bismarck 18 degrees below. At Rapid City it was 6; North Platte, 12; Cheyenne, 42, and Baker City 43 degrees above zero. The wind was reported as having a velocity of frem eight to fifty miles per hour throughout the northwest.

Yesterday at the Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, and also restraining said Pierce from making any sale, transfer, dispersive from the pierce of the Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, proprietors of the Iowa Homestead, Wisconsin Farmer and Kansas City Live Stock Indicator, restraining him from paying any funds or money belonging to said Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, proprietors of the Iowa Homestead, Wisconsin Farmer and Kansas City Live Stock Indicator, restraining him from paying any funds or money belonging to said Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, and fleator, restraining him from paying any funds or money belonging to said Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, and fleator, restraining him from paying any funds or money belonging to said Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, and fleator, restraining him from paying any funds or money belonging to said Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, and fleator, restraining him from paying any funds or money belonging to said Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, and fleator, restraining him from paying any funds or money belonging to said Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, and fleator fleator for money belonging to said Pierce for money belonging to said Pierce fleator fleator fleator fleator flea dicator, restraining him from paying any funds or money belonging to said Pierce-Wallace Publishing company, except upon proper orders or vouchers drawn by Henry Wallace, treasurer of said company, and also restraining said Pierce from making any sale, transfer, disposition or piedge of any of the assets of said company, including any corporate stock held by the company or in which it was interested in other corporations, and restraining Pierce from entering into any contract whatever affecting the property rights of the company, except as ordered by the directors thereof.

The application was made by Henry Wallace and the hearing is set for tomorrow. This will probably lead to a complete settlement of the troubles of the company by the courts.

> DES MOINES, Jan. 11.—(Special Telegram.)—The State Agricultural society today decided to cut off all passes to the fair, except badges to newspaper men, whom they decided did epough work for the fair to entitle them to that much recognition. No complimentary tickets of any kind will be printed, and it will be a sheer waste of time for any one to apply for any. No entry fee will be charged exhibitors, but persons making entries must buy an exhibitors' ticket good for five admissions, for which \$2 will be charged. The board asks the people of Des Moines to raise \$10,000 to help pay off the indebtedness of the fair and make this year's exposition a success. decided to cut off all passes to the fair, ex-

Receiver for the Fidelity Company. NEW YORK, Jan. 11.-Default having been made in the payment of certain obli-gations of the Fidelity Loan and Trust companions of the Fidelity Loan and Trust com-pany of Sloux City, Ia., falling due Jan-uary 1, Otto T. Bannard, president of the Continental Trust company, Thomas T. Barr, president of the Nassau bank, Brook-lyn, and Benjamin Graham of Cuyler, Mor-gan & Co., have been appointed by the creditors and stockholders of the company to act as a committee to protect their rights.

Railroad Commissioners Meet. DES MOINES, Jan. 11.-(Special Tele gram.)-Railway Commissioners Luke and Dey arrived in the city today and the board will proceed to consider its decision respecting the request of the railway companies for an increase in rates No intimation was given out as to what the decision will be, and it cannot be learned whether the decision will be made before Colonel Dey retires from the board on Monday next, though it has all along been expected that such would be the case.

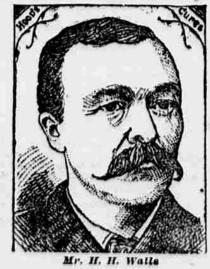
Fire Loss at State Center. CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Jan. 11.-(Specia Telegram.)-News reached here of structive fire which broke out at State Cen ter this afternoon, destroying twelve building in the business part of the town before it was gotten under control. The loss is \$30,000; partially insured.

## WESTERN PENSIONS

Veterans of the Late War Remembered by the General Government. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11 .- (Special.) -- Pen ons granted, issue of December 27, were: Iowa: Original-Abram W. Covalt, Coun il Bluffs, Pottawattamie; Edwin P. Curtis Thurman, Fremont. Increase—James R. Haviland, Ringgold; John Montgomery,

South English, Keckuk.
South Dakota: Original widows, etc.—
Minors of William O. White, Bee Heights,
Hand. tand. Colorado: Original—William Hoag, Aspen Pitkin, Reissue—Edgar T. Booher, Howard Montana: Reissue—Abernethy Grover, de eased, Miles City, Center.

Found Dead in His Claim Shanty. CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Jan. 11.-(Special Pelegram.)-Carl Hetland, a settler, peen found dead in his claim shanty thirtyfive miles west of here. He was last seen alive Christmas evening. The cause of death is unknown. Hetland is supposed to have come here from northern Nebraska.



#### Like a Miracle Pains in Side and Breast Despaired of Help, but Hood's Sarsaparilla Cured.

C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: "I am glad to state my son's experience with Hood's Sarsaparilla, as it was the means of saving his life. Last fall he was taken ill with pains in his breast and side. He had the best medical attendance possible, and was treated by the doctors for some time, but did not realize any relief. He could not lay down day or night, and

Hood's Sarsa Cures
our hopes were fast falling. My aged mother
advised a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla. He com-

menced taking the medicine, and to our Creat Astonishment, one bottle cured him of his pains and restored him to perfect health. This case has been looke. upon by many in this vicinity as nothing short of a miracle." H. H. Walle, Oswego, Kansas. Hood's Pills cure liver lils, constipation,

biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

THREE FIRES LAST NIGHT.

One Down Town Proves Serious and the Other Two Slight. Three fire alarms were turned in last night

between 10:45 and 12 o'clock. The first was at Sixteenth and Douglas streets. The Bushman block caught fire in the basement under the room occupied by Mike Minardo as a fruit store. The firemen soon had the Extreme Low Temperature Throughout the Western Country.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 11.—Since noon today the thermometer has fallen 36 degrees, and at midnight it registered 7 below zero. A further fall of 8 degrees Saturday morning is predicted. The cold snap, which is the several people sleeping in the second story were so badly frightened that they did not stop to dress, but grabbed up their clothea and took them to a neighboring store, where they completed their total control of the store is a total loss, the verest of the season, is general throughout this section and is booked to centinue until the second story were so badly frightened that they did not stop to dress, but grabbed up their clothea and took them to a neighboring store, where they completed their total control of the story were so badly frightened that they did not stop to dress, but grabbed up their clothea and took them to a neighboring store, where they completed their total control of the second story were so badly frightened that they did not stop to dress, but grabbed up their clothea and took them to a neighboring store, where they completed their total control of the second story were so badly frightened that they did not stop to dress, but grabbed up their clothea and took them to a neighboring store, where they completed their total control of the second story were so badly frightened that they did not stop to dress, but grabbed up their clothea and took them to a neighboring store, where they completed their total control of the story that they did not stop to dress, but grabbed up their clothea and took them to a neighboring store, where they completed their total control of the story to dress. fire under control, most of the damage being Leslie, who occupies the store room on the corner as a drug store, sustained the hoaviest loss, being estimated by him to be \$10,000 on the stock. Many of the bottles were broken and the contents were total During the progress of this fire another

alarm was turned in from Sixteenth and laard, where a two-story frame was partially destroyed. The first floor was occupied as a flour and feed store. The loss on the building and stock will reach about \$500. In going to this fire the chief's wagon broke down and the driver and the chief were thrown out. Driver Risby was somestorm came so suddenly that these is much what brussed, but the chief escaped without suffering, and especially in the country, where any damage. any damage.
The third alarm was turned in at 12

The third alarm was turney. The fire o'clock from Thirteenth and Harney. The fire South Thirteenth originated at 320 South street in a second-hand street in a store, but by furniture store, but by good work it was kept from spreading. The furniture stock, owned by J. Lewis, was damaged to the extent of \$150, and the shoe stock next door, owned by J. Stover, was damaged \$50. The loss on the building was about \$50. The firemen had a great many difficulties to overcome at all three of the fires. The bose burst and froze up and the intense cold froze their clothes solid whenever water struck them, and made it very difficult for them to move around. Hose cart No. 3 was ditched on North Sixteenth street on the

account of two broken tires. Two Hastings Fires. HASTINGS, Jan. 11 .- (Special Telegram.) Nelson Briley's house and its contents were ourned this morning. A small insurance was

on the same. The kitchen of the Standard restaurant was gutted by fire this morning. It was partly covered by insurance.



Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, M.Y.



# SOLD by Kuhn & Co., Cor. 15th and Douglass Sis. and J. A. Fuller & Co., Cor. 14th and Douglass Sts., OMAHA, NEB BAILEY THE DENTIST Dentistry IN OMAHA.

Full Set of Teeth, \$5; Warranted to Fit Teeth extracted and put in same day. Gold and Platean Alloy Fillings, 1; Silver Fillings, 31; Pure Gold, 32; Gold Crowns, 36 to 48-22k Bridge Teeth, 36 per tooth. Finest work always, 3d Floor Paxton Bik., 16th and Farnam. LADY ATTENDANT.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S 2 Nights More Mat. Today. SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, Jan. 12, 13.

OME YOURSELF, AND BRING THE CHILDREN TO SEE THE COUNTRY 75 ACTIVE

30 TRAINED CIRCUS MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.

Matines Prices-Pirst floor 50e and 75e balcony 25c and 50c. Night Prices First floor, 75c and \$1.00; balcony 50c and 75c; gallery 25c.

EMPIRE PRESE W. J. BURGESS, - - - Manager LAST TWO PERFORMANCES, .

MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30, TONIGHT AT 8:15. The Great American Melo-Drama, SHIP OF STATE

EMPIRE POPULAR W. J. BURGESS, Manuger, LAST TIME IN OMAHA.

mmencing Sunday Matinee. JOHN L. SULLIVAN A TRUE AMERICAN.