

THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE. COUNCIL BLUFFS. OFFICE: NO. 12 PEARL STREET.

Delivered by carrier to any part of the city. H. W. TILTON, Lessee. TELEPHONES—Business office, No. 41; night editor, No. 42.

NEWS FROM COUNCIL BLUFFS. Citizens Anxious to Dispense with Philadelphia Scheme of Street Lighting.

WANT ONE ADAPTED TO HOME CONDITIONS. Circumstances Alter Cases and Should Have Some Effect on the Time of Turning on the Light When Nightfall Comes.

The action of the city council Friday night in deciding to break away to a certain extent from what is known in electric light circles as the "Philadelphia scheme" meets with the hearty approval of city residents, and the wish was expressed on all sides yesterday that the council might go a step farther and draw up an entirely new schedule that would be applicable to Council Bluffs, rather than to Philadelphia, Pa., Philadelphia, Greece, or wherever the schedule was first tried. It has been evident for a long time that the schedule was not the one for Council Bluffs.

It is an unusual thing to have the lights burning for an hour before dusk and an hour after daylight, but on the other hand it is just as common for the streets to be dark as pitch for an hour or two in the evening because the schedule says it is the proper thing. When the moon makes its appearance as a slender thread in the far western heavens the lights are kept turned off until the telescope reveals the fact that the moon has vanished behind the horizon.

It is dark enough for the arc lights to be turned on. Many nights during the year it is next to impossible for the teams to travel the streets during the early evening without great risk of colliding with other teams. It is the universal belief that however well the schedule now in use might suit the needs of the city, it is not adapted to Council Bluffs at all, and the council will be given all its shortcomings if it shall see fit to revolutionize things and give a little to the city.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the contract just entered into between the city and the electric light company, because certain items are referred to in the contract which are to be charged private consumers. While the city gets light for \$84 per month, business men have to pay \$150.

Many citizens are of the opinion that a proper effort had been made by the light committee the company could have been induced to grant some concessions for them as well as for the city, but the contract has been signed by the officials of the company and will become the law of the city as soon as the signature of the mayor shall have been affixed to it.

MAE DONIA; W. J. Davenport, L. O. Williams and A. B. Boham of Council Bluffs; George Van Houten of Lenox; Prof. H. O. Gentry of Council Bluffs; W. L. Snyder and C. L. Budd of Ames; W. H. Lewis of Winterset; E. C. Spencer of Randolph; W. M. Bumberger of Harlan; W. W. Lewis of Council Bluffs; B. J. Ballie of Wm. Branch; O. W. Rich; Elias Wilson and R. D. McGeehan of Atlantic; J. P. Collman and W. O. Mitchell of Corns; John W. G. Jones; C. L. Watson of Des Moines, and others.

Palmer Cox's Breweries. The cute little fellows that the whole town loves are to make a visit to Council Bluffs, and among other things, to discuss themselves in a magazine of flowers with the biggest bugs, beetles and insects that destroy our flowers and gardens. They will come to visit the Christian Home, and it is for the benefit of the organization that they have consented to appear in public, and battle against the destroyer of our flowers. To assist in supervising their visit, they have arranged Mrs. W. L. Snyder and Mrs. C. A. Atkins and the opera house for the evening of December 27.

Second Inning for Mrs. Lease. One of the pleasantest social events of the week was the party in Chambers' hall Wednesday evening for the benefit of the Busy Bee's guild of Grace Episcopal church. By special request, the laughable farce, "Comedians," was given by Mrs. W. L. Snyder and Mrs. C. A. Atkins and the opera house for the evening of December 27.

Christmas at Crookwell's. The arrangement of our toy and novelty departments affords pleasure to all as the rest of the city. In plain figures come and see our toys, games, dolls, books and limitless assortment of everything that children and grown-ups alike desire. Every article on display is new, pretty and up to date. Call and see your beautiful display. We will try to make your Christmas one. J. D. Crookwell, 411 Broadway.

Marriage Licenses. The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday by the county clerk: Name and Address. Age. William James, Council Bluffs, 27. Jennie Bluffs, Council Bluffs, 27. Archibald F. McLean, Council Bluffs, 27. Martha J. Cole, Council Bluffs, 27. Sarah Jones, Pottawattamie county, 22. Richard S. Hooten, Council Bluffs, 23. Cora E. Huffman, Council Bluffs, 23.

Dry pipe kindling for sale. Cheaper than ever. H. A. Cox, 37 Main street. Telephone 48.

Washerwomen Use Domestic Soap. Coming Theatrical Attractions. Ezra Kendall will appear at Dohany's opera house Monday evening in "The Substitute." Next Wednesday evening there will be another farce-comedy presented, "A Summer Breeze." "In Old Kentucky" will come to Dohany's Monday evening, December 17.

Eagle laundry, 724 Broadway, for good work. Tel. 157.

Domestic soap outlasts cheap soap.

TRIPLE MURDER BY TRAMPS. For a Few Dollars Four Men Butcher Companions in a Box Car.

POSTRIP. On the Baltimore and Ohio two persons were killed and another fatally wounded. The fight occurred at midnight last night. The murder was not discovered until the train reached this city. The dying tramp, whose name is Harris, made a statement of the murder, charging it to two men who came aboard the train at Auburn. He says the murderers alighted from the train before it reached Postoria and escaped.

Harris said his home was at Auburn, Ind., and that he was a chimney sweep by occupation. He saw the bodies of the three men as Reesh and Brown. He further stated that the men who did the shooting were driven out of Garrett, Ind., yesterday and that they boarded the train at Auburn. There was no provocation for the shooting. Twelve dollars was stolen from Harris and considerable amounts from his companions.

At Deshler the murderers leaped from the train, but it was not until the train arrived in this city that the tragedy was discovered. The shooting was done by Brakeman Beeber, while looking for tramps who had been on the train. When he found two were dead and one had his head pillowed upon the breast of one of his companions and was unconscious. When the train reached this city the dead men were taken to the undertaker, while the wounded one was conveyed to a hospital. He was given medical aid and was summoned, and everything possible done for him. Under surgical treatment he revived and made the following statement:

My name is Henry Harris and my two companions are named Henry Reesh and Arthur E. Brown. We all live at Auburn, Ind., and last night boarded the train to Auburn, Ind., to look for work. When we got to Deshler, about twenty-five miles west of here, four men boarded our car and made a demand for our money. We had a fight and they commenced shooting. I was shot in the head, and the man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

Reesh was hit to have four bullets in his head, and one of the men who shot him was named Brown. He was hit five times in the body and once in the head. Harris had two bullets in his head and one in the left breast. The car in which the shooting was done broke at a slaughter house and about twenty-five empty shells were found on the floor, ranging from 32 to 44 caliber. There is no clue to the murderers, except the names of Reesh and Brown. The man who shot me was named Reesh. He got \$12 in money from me.

IOWA BOODLERS SHOCKED. Woodbury County Grand Jury Indicts Many Sioux City Citizens.

ANNOUNCEMENT CREATES A SENSATION. Thousands of Dollars Represented by Warrants Issued by County Supervisors Claimed to Have Been Stolen and Will Be Repudiated.

SIoux CITY, Dec. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—The grand jury has been in session for five weeks, investigating and bringing in indictments against various ex-county officials and members of the board of supervisors for thefts from the county, and tonight completed its report and was discharged. The cases were instituted by the citizens and taxpayers' committee of Woodbury county, an organization in which there are most of the best business and professional men of the city. The report of the jury was a surprise to every one, and has produced a sensation here that eclipses that caused by the assassination of Rev. Mr. Haddock by a band of saloon keepers, several years ago.

In all the jury returned fifty-two indictments. In three or four of these are against ex-county officials and members and ex-members of the board of supervisors. W. A. Kifer, ex-county treasurer, was indicted for embezzlement. It is claimed that he retained money belonging to the county aggregating \$60,000 in all.

J. J. Jordan, ex-county auditor, is indicted on a half dozen charges of obtaining money from the county by false pretenses, by putting in fictitious and stuffed bills and for conspiracy.

In the same connection Ed Roberts, ex-deputy recorder, who served under Jordan and who fled the country, was indicted on several charges of conspiracy and obtaining money by false pretenses.

T. F. Bevington, ex-county attorney, was indicted on eight charges of embezzlement and obtaining money by false pretenses.

Supervisors Hunting and Strange were indicted on five charges, each for obtaining money by false pretenses.

The charge was also indicted for bribing the grand jury. This indictment was obtained in which about \$30,000 was involved, and several members of the jury were also indicted, but their names are not obtainable at this time.

Indictments were returned extend over a period of four years, and that during that time the county officers named and the members of the grand jury named in this indictment conspired together so successfully that the county has been robbed of nearly \$200,000. The county has already been enjoined from paying any of the warrants in question, and it is believed that the grand jury will return, as nearly all the questionable warrants were not paid for want of funds, the extravagance of the board having already embarrassed the county money by the amount of \$200,000.

The board endeavored to bond the warrants and place them in the hands of third parties, where, under the Iowa law, they could not have been repudiated.

EXTENSIVE LITIGATION SETTLED. Affairs of an Iowa Improvement Company Finally Wound Up.

DES MOINES, Dec. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—In the district court today Judge Spurrier decided the case which has been on trial for several weeks in the suit of L. M. Mann against the Highland Park and Oak and Highland Park Improvement company. The improvement company in 1887 gave a mortgage as security for an \$80,000 loan to the Highland Park and Oak Improvement company.

The original suit was to foreclose this mortgage. It was later amended to include the bonds on which default had been made in payment of interest. The court held that when the mortgage is foreclosed the bonds are sold and the proceeds should be distributed to the holders of the bonds.

The court held that the bonds should be sold and the proceeds should be distributed to the holders of the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds. The court also held that the improvement company was liable for the interest on the bonds.

Charge Against Them Changed to Uttering Forged Paper.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—David L. Kellam, the broker who was arrested last night together with Lawyer H. L. Haigh, on charges of obtaining notes from him under a forged paper, made a statement to Inspector McLaughlin today concerning persons who held some of the notes involved. The Wayne County Savings bank of Hornellsville, Pa., holds two notes for \$1,500, one being for \$1,000 and the other for \$500.

The notes were deposited with the institution for discount. Kellam and Haigh were arraigned before Justice J. H. T. Jones in the Tombs police court yesterday. They were charged with the same offense as they were charged with in the indictment. The notes were issued on July 25, 1914, and were not altered as to make the date April 20, 21 and 22 respectively. When the defendants were arraigned in court complaint of grand jury was preferred, but fearing this accusation would not hold, the prosecution made a charge of uttering forged notes. The Robert Hayes who negotiated with Kellam and Haigh for the notes, worth of \$33,000 worth of the notes, was none other than Joseph A. L. Britton of the Society for the Prevention of Crime and the Enforcement of Law. After a brief preliminary examination the defendants were each held in \$25,000 bail and the further hearing was set down for next Monday. The prisoners were unable to furnish bail and were locked up.

RAISING WEST BOUND RATES. Increase Amounts From 50 to 75 Per Cent on Freight.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—The freight representatives of the transcontinental lines today decided upon a substantial advance in the rates from all eastward points to the Pacific coast. The increase in some instances will range as high as 50 and 75 per cent. The details of the classification are not yet complete and will not be made public for several days.

The approximate gross earnings of the Chicago and North Western for the month of November are \$28,191, a decrease of \$75,544 from the corresponding month of last year. The Chicago and North Western and the Colorado Midland roads show an increase over the month of November of \$1,253, an increase of \$1,253 from the corresponding month of the latter year.

The Chicago and North Western roads have at last a chance of coming to an agreement with the Canadian Pacific on the question of differentials, but it is believed that the agreement will be little or no delay in the formation of the general association, which is the result of the agreement between Chicago and the Pacific coast. The present plan is to allow the differential to be the same as soon as it finds that the purpose of the differential is to be maintained to keep them. There is very small chance of getting the Canadian Pacific to go in without its own differential, but the western roads are much more interested in the formation of the association than is the Canadian Pacific. It is thought that this plan will meet the exigencies of the case. It will be considered at the meeting of all the lines which meet at Chicago on December 10.

Defaulted on Interest to the School Fund. AUSTIN, Tex., Dec. 8.—Attorney General Culbertson this morning instituted suit against the Houston & Texas Central to recover \$111,835, balance due the state school fund on the bonds of the Houston & Texas Central.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas. The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston & Texas Central is a corporation organized under the laws of Texas.

The school fund is a fund of the state of Texas, and the Houston