## TEN LITTLE INDIAN BOYS

Delegation of Gros Ventres and Assinabeins Have a High Old Time.

REDMEN OF MONTANA VISIT WASHINGTON

Taken All Over the City and Shown the Sights in a Way that Delighted Them Reyond Measure-Missed the President.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE. 1407 F Street, N. W.

remedy for diphtheria, which has created such widespread interest in Europe. This is believed to be the first house of its char-WASHINGTON, Nov. 30. acter in the United States to begin experi-The little band of Indians which came ments, and already they have taken active steps to scientifically demonstrate its value, down to the national capital about ten days ago to make a visit left today for the west It is understood this firm has established a bacteriological department, where the experifully persuaded that Washington is a great ments were carried on under the direction place, that they had a good time, and that of competent scientists. A number of young horses have already been inoculated with the their trip was a brilliant success. This company of peaceful warriors hall from Fort toxine, but it is said it will be three or four months before the result of the experiment Belknap Indian agency in Montana. There were ten in all, four from the tribe known can be announced, as the processes are said to be not only very delicate, but tedious. as the Gros Ventres, and four from the strength of the toxine obtained from the Assinaboins, with one interpreter for each culture of diphtheria baccilli and the strength tribe. The trip which they have just taken of the anti-toxine is ascertained by experiwas at the expense of the government, and ments upon mice and guinea pigs. In Germany two houses and in France the governwas given because of the treaty which was ment at the Pasteur institute, under the dimade with them, providing that they should rection of Dr. Roux, have taken in hand the manufacture of anti-toxine on a large scale, sometime be allowed to send a representative band down to the capital city to see the though not by far sufficient to meet the demand even in public institutions alone and for president. Commissioner of Indian Affairs experimental purposes. No other country Browning estimates the cost of the trip at coms to have been taking any definite steps oward the manufacture of anti-toxine, al-

They came, "saw the town," and departed but they did not enjoy the fruition of their greatest hope—that of seeing the chief executive-the Great Father who rules them and exercises authority over them. It was too bad that they were not able to come into the presence of the president, but it could be helped. That official was taken ill a short time after their arrival in the city, and did not return to the white house from his country home at Woodley, where he had mught quiet and retirement, until after the departure of the Indians.

But the disappointment which they suffered

at not being able to see President Cleve-land was allayed by the enjoyment which they had in visiting the city and seeing the signis. Lided, it is something unusual "Last year German farmers and stock for a band of Indians to be allowed to go about the city and visit so many places. It is generally the custom to have the small then predicted this year Germany would be basis come to the city, call upon the president and depart immediately, quietly and almost unnoticed. But in this case it was not so. They were in charge of Major Joseph M. Kells, who is the agent at the Fort Belknap agency, and to his untiring efforts is due to the sale of imported meats, but in my much credit for the successful manner in opinion Germany will never become a large which the trip was conducted. HOKE TREATED 'EM ROYALLY.

There are very few places of interest in and about our city which were not visited and enjoyed by the little band. They spent a day at the capitol building, and saw all there was to be seen there. All the other executive departments were also visited Upon one occasion they were received in state style by Secretary of the Interior Hoke Smith, and on the afternoon of the same day were balqueted in a magnificent manner at the residence of the secretary. On the day before their departure they were at the white house, and owing to the courtesy of one of the executive clerks there, they were shown through the entire building, visiting all the private rooms and the offices of the president, an honor which is not usually conferred upon strangers at the national capi-

They also visited the theaters. On Monday night last they were taken to see Prof. Herrmann, who is always "great" wherever you put him. For two hours they sat and listened and gazed upon the great magician of the following governments have been reand watched him perform his puzzling tricks. They also had the pleasure of seeing Mr. Russia, Italy, Belgium, Mexico, Guatemala, Joseph Jefferson, in his famous "Rip Van and also notices of intents from Germany and

But the greatest treat of all-a climax, as it were, to their enjoyment—was the football of Hawaii, the British commissioner at Hongame which they were able to see, which olulu called at the executive building and was played at our national baseball park, between the eleven from the Carlisle Indian school of Carlisle, Pa., who came down to government. Washington to try their luck with the team bia Athletic club of this city. and it was this contest which the Indians from the west went to see. The weight and strength of our sturdy athletes were too much the Indians, and as a consequence the But that did not red men lost the game. red men lost the game. But that did not mar in the least the enjoyment of their brothers from the west, who, while the players were being tossed and tumbled about indiscriminately by the big boys from the athletic club, stood in the grand stand and danced and jumped in high glee at seeing the others pitched-Indian and white man alike -over the damp and muddy ground. Soon the game was over, the decision was against the Indian boys, but as they marched down to greet their kinsmen, the warriors who had watching the game from the benches, many times uttered their approving cries in that by a recent decree of the supreme courmendation of the plucky tight which had

se are only a few of the many ways in which these "Ten little Injun boys" enjoyed selves during their trip to the city. The bureau is also advised the premium on American gold in Hayti is 20 per cent. This high rate is attributed to the fact an unusually large coffee crop is just now being put on the market and large sums of money are needed to move it. themselves during their trip to the city. Everyone was pleased that they could so ways of amusement. Wherever they went they were treated with the utmost courtesy, by the officials of the executive departments as well as persons on the street. The secretary of the interior and the commissioner of Indian affairs were both pleased with the success of the trip. It is needless to say that other descendants of the aboriginal inhabitants of our land, when they are per-mitted to come on to the national capital, will hereafter receive similar kind treatment

MR. AND MRS. MERCER ARRIVE. Hon. D. H. Mercer and wife arrived in this city tonight and have taken apartments winter at the Buckingham flats on Sixteenth street, just a block north of the white Mr. Mercer is the first of the Ne braska delegation in congress to return to Washington after the recess. Mr. Mercer said he expects to be kept quite busy during the next three months with matters con-nected with the enactment of legislation in the interest of the state and district. He is as full of life and vim and snap as ever and ready for the congressional fray.

The secretary of the interior today rendered

the following decisions on appeals from decisions of the commissioner of the general land office in Nebraska cases: Lucius C. Vroman against William P. Webster, North Platte district, decision affirmed, and Webster's entry held for cancellation; in repaniel W. Core Broken Bow district decisions. Daniel W. Cory, Broken Bow district, de-cision affirmed and entry held for cancella-tion on the ground that the application was not made until after repeal of the timber culture act, March 3, 1891; Cliff H. Abley against Nels Berlin, Alliance district, deagainst Nels Berlin, Alliance district, de-cision affirmed and Barlin's entry held for

IN A GENERAL WAY. Patents have been issued as follows: Ne-barska-Edward Hards and W. A. Woodward, assignors one-third to W. P. Bates, Superior, combined purifier and separator; Whitney B. McDermut, Omaha, tag holder, Iowa—William P. Bingham and D. R. Jones, jr., Dubuque, trunk and display tray; Isaac N. Bowen and T. Troxel, Charlton, thill coupling: George Martin, Rock Rapids, plow; Arthur interchangeable sprocket. South Dakota-Edward R. Jones,

Lawrence, corn cultivator. Until December 12 the postmaster general will receive bids for carrying United States mail from Hope to Culbertson, Neb., twenty miles and back, three times a week, from February 1, 1895, to June 30, 1898.

The Treasury department today authorized he custodian of the public building at Sioux Falls, S. D., to award the contract for supscreen partitions for that building to the F. P. Smith Wire and Iron com-pany of Chicago, at its bid of \$217.14. The secretary of the treasury today awarded the contract for the heating and ventilating apparatus for the building to the Samuel Pope npany of Chicago at its bid of \$5,549.

Postmasters have been appointed as fol-ows: Nebraska-Arisona, Burt county, S. Deaver, vice W. B. Newton, resigned; Bayard, Cheyenne county, Miss Ottie Wisner, vice James O'Halloren, removed. Iowa-Rater, Davis county, Charles Skinner, vice Marion Corson, resigned; Weston, Pottawat-tamic county, L. D. Grove, vice J. H. Shields, South Dako's-Marion, Turner He has two warts on his nose,"

county, E J. Golthelf, vice Mrs. Aches Rhodes, r-moved. Postmasters were commissioned today as oflows: Nebraska-Felix Heath, Charles-on; Emma K. Lea, Riverdale. Iowa-Onah

ists at Detroit, Mich., is making preparations

for the manufacture of anti-toxine, the new

OUTLOOK NOT VERY BRIGHT.

John Mattes Does Not Think Germany Will

Eu. Mach American Ment.

markets in that country for American meats.

He writes under date of November 15 as

many of the German cities and paid attention

other meat products in cans may increase in

such abnormal years, but under normal condi-

tions it may be said the poorer classes can-

not allow themselves the luxury. The more

fortunate are as a rule unreasonably prejudiced against foreign meats.
"The sale of imported fresh meats is, how-

brought about by the local regulations. At

the best, the business always rests upon a

RECOGNITIONS FOR HAWAII.

Most of the Leading Powers Have Officially

Recognized the New Republic.

Still Paying Out Beyond the Income.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30 .- The regular

be issued tomorrow, will show an excess of

Premium on American Gold.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.-The Bureau of

American Republics has efficial information

Treasury's Cash Balance.

ance in the treasury at the close of busines

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.-The cash bal-

today was \$140,887,464; gold reserve, \$102,016,-

Columbia is at Some Unknown Port.

Navy department received today announces

Grover Cables Congratulations.

inridge at St. Peter burg instructions to con-vey to the czar the president's sincere con-

Weather Too Bad for Grover.

Movements of Naval Vessels

WASHINGTON, Nov. 39,-The Baltimore

Marbichead has sailed from Port Royal, Jamaica, for Hampton Roads.

Studying to Please.

something to eat. Settle on one man, and let him attend to my wants."

Then his eye roamed around at the as-sembled attendants, and, without any partic-

waiter to him and said:

ular reason, he said:

nose look out for me.

head waiter.

He had been particularly fortunate in his

gratulations upon his recent marriage,

\*peculative foundation.'

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30 .- Secretary Mor-

Secretary Lamont Urges the Adoption of May, Gholson, Selection. Dr. W. C. Whitman has been appointed a the Battalion Formation. member of the board of examining surgeons at Pender, Neb.

PREPARING THE DIPRTHERIA CURE. PROGRESS IN ARTILLERY CONSTRUCTION

Detroit Pharmacists Have Made Arrange ments to Manufacture It. Much Bas Been Done by Heavy Appropri WASHINGTON, Nov. 30 .- The officials of ations Needed to Perfect the Coast Dethe marine hospital service were today notifense System-New Caliber Small fled that a large firm of manufacturing chem-

> WASHINGTON, NOV. 20 .- The annual report of the secretary of war was given out on a better footing now than ever before in today. Much of the matter treated of has time of peace.
>
> The issue of field guns and ordnance sup-

Arms for the Troops.

NEEDS OF THE MODERN ARMY

ending June 30, 1894, were \$56,039,009.34, and the appropriation for the current year is investment. Changes in the laws to permit \$52,424,112.78. The estimate for the coming arming the militia with improved weapons year is \$52,318,629,55.

The reports of the officers in command of The reports of the officers in command of the several geographical departments corrob-orable consideration of congress. orate the opinion expressed in my last annual report that Indian warfare is virtually at an crease of about 5,000 since last year, the end in the United States, and that beyond occasional calls for police duty in the neighborhood of Indian reservations the army will henceforth be relieved to a greater degree the cavalry arm, maintained by twenty-six each year of the labor of armed surveillance states, of 5,069. over the tribes of the west.

The total authorized strength of the army is: Officers, 2,136; enlisted men, 25,772. The total strength of the unlisted force was 25.516 and the effective force, after deducting cavalry, will proceed to Annapolis for duty though several governments have set aside funds for the purchase of the substance, to be used in public institutions. the sick, absent on furlough, detailed to other

service, etc., 20,114. BATTALION FORMATION.

I earnestly recommend that congress enact the legislation necessary to establish in the army the battalion formation now adopted ant st by the armies of every other civilized nation. leave: As necessary to effect that change I recommend the removal of the limit of 25,000 men william M. Wallace, Second cavalry, months; First Lieutenant Alexander I months; First Lieutenant Alexander II months; First Lieutenant Alexand ton is in receipt of a communication from John Mattes, Jr., special agent of the Rived by the act of June 18, 1874, and a return to the limit fixed by the act of July 15, 1870. Legislative approval of these two propositions will restore to the effective force about 4,000 enlisted men, bringing the actual strength of the army up to the nominal strength now fixed by law. By these changes

Months; First Lieutenant Alexander D Fourth cavalry, three months' extended.

Second Lieutenant William M. Crofton, F infantry, will report for temporary duty for Sheridan. Department of Agriculture in Germany, referring to the possibilities of extending the the army will be increased in efficiency 20 per cent, in numbers about 1634 per cent, and n cost of maintenance only about 6 per cent. In brief, it is proposed that two companies on correct scientific principles. Its yield of be added to each of the twenty-five infantry carbonic acid gas is greater than that of any short on beef cattle, resulting in a rapid advance in price, which would give foreign meat regiments, so that each shall consist of three battalions of four companies, and that two exporters an opportunity to establish them-selves in the German market. I have visited foot batteries be added to each of the five artillery regiments. No increase in the cavalry is proposed.

The organization of the line of the army consumer of imported meats. It is true the consumption of American salted bacon and has undergone no material change since the close of the civil war. During the period of thirty years every large foreign army has been completely reorganized. Changes and improvements in arms, ammunition and of the world the necessity of a broad departure from the old systems. ever, conducted with many difficulties and possibly with great loss to the exporters. Four companies are as large a body as it

the batle line no greater than would now be paid. received in his current mail information that since the establishment of the republic in

Peru. On November 15, the day after President Dole's return from a visit to the island of Hawaii, the British commissioner as an old of Hawaii, the British commissioner as the executive building and ment, already has the battalion organization, and our own army is being instructed as gave him a half interest for his trouble. Victoria announcing their recognition of the thoroughly as our defective system will pertain the conduction of the property at his own valuation. Some say monthly Treasury department statement, to

be issued tomorrow, will show an excess of expenditures over receipts for the month of November of \$8,159,367, which makes the defliciency for the five months of the present fiscal year \$22,510,226. The receipts from customs during November were \$10,286,692; from internal revenue, \$7,774,674; from miscellaneous sources, \$1,376,607, making the total receipts for the month \$19,411,403, and for the last five months \$138,598,817. The disbursements for the month amount to \$27,567,770, of which \$12,087,896 is on account of pensions, making the disbursements for the five months \$158,908,043. money, it appears that for pay, rations.

Three winters ago the Monte Cristo of the increased number of enlisted delothing of the increase of \$1,200,000 in Idaho appeared in Washington, and it was announced that, having found a fortune, he announced that, having found a fortune, he proposition outlined contemplates an in-crease in the number of line officers, involving an increase for salaries of about should be met and more than overcome by

> Seven regiments have been supplied with the new 30-caliber magazine rifle, and it is expected that the infantry will be pletely equipped with this weapon by the

of the state of Panama the ordinance of July 12, 1894, imposing an ad valorem duty of 10 per cent on goods entered at the ports of Colon and Panama has been declared un-Ist of May.

The major general commanding the army renews his recommendation that the supply of these modern arms be increased, so that not only all the regular troops and organized militia may be fully armed with them, but that there may be an adequate reserve for any additional force that may be called into service. To perfect the new weapon, tests of smokeless powder, cartridge cases, and today was \$140.887.464; gold reserve. \$102.016.178, showing an increase since last Wednesday of \$33.863.207. The gold receipts do not
include receipts at Chicago, San Francisco
or Boston by the acceptance of the bid for
bonds, nor tiday's figures of receipts from
New York on the 28th. It is expected that
tomorrow's report will materially increase
these figures and by Monday or Tuesday
next the whole amount of the bids will
likely have been deposited. bullets of various materials and types will be kept up during the year. The cavalry has been equipped with the new 38-caliber revolver, and, upon recommendation of the major general commanding the army, the 45caliber revolver has ben retained for the present for light batteries. Aluminum has cess. been employed successfully in the making of spurs, waist-belt plates and smaller articles, and it is hoped eventually to obtain the desired quality of the metal for other

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30 .- A cable to the articles of equipment. the arrival of the United States cruiser Columbia at Calmenza. No such port is known here and inquiry is being made, but it is supposed to be near Santiago, Cuba. Her movements are of importance in consequence of recent sensational and warlike dispatches stating that the Columbia was hurrying to Bluefields. FIELD AND SIEGE GUNS. During the year twenty-three 3.2-inch and twenty-two 3.6-inch field guns have been finished; twenty-five 3.2-inch field and ten 5-inch siege guns and ten 7-inch howitzer: are nearly finished. Carriages for these guns are in process of fabrication. Funds are available for the manufacture of about forty more 3.2-inch guns, but further ex-WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.-The president periments with smokeless powder will be made before this work is undertaken. Proas cabled to United States Minister Breckvision has been made in all for 190 3.2-inch field guns, twenty 5-inch siege guns, sixteer 3.6-inch field mortars, twenty 7-inch stegs howitzers, and it is proposed in time to manufacture a supply of modern field and WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Owing to the unfavorable weather today it was thought siege guns and mortars adequate for the

best for the president to remain at Wood-ley and not venture out. The cabinet meet-ing for today was abandoned. The establishment of type disappearing gun carriages for 8-inch and 10-inch guns. carriages for 8-inch and 10-inch guns, for coast defease, invented by officers of the ordnance corps, and believed to be unequaled for rapidity and simplicity of action by any car-riage elsewhere in use, is a notable achieve-ment of the year. This problem solved, the armament of our harbors may now be prosehas arrived at Nagasaki, Japan, and the Would you be strong and healthy? Use no baking powder but Dr. Price's.

cuted as rapidly as means are available The wisdom of promptly giving utility and practical value to the large investments which we have already made in preparation for coast defense by appropriating money business, says the Philadelphia Press, and process of making, and to place them in posifelt in the mood for tipping the waiters at tion, is manifest. felt in the mood for tipping the waiters at tion, is manifest. The approved projects his hotel rather liberally. As a result, every are for fourteen ports. Appropriations of time he entered the dining room half a dozen \$1,000,000 for emplacements and platforms willing waiters rushed for him like foot ball and mounting guns and mortars, \$250,000 for players in a big match. This came to be sites for fortifications, and \$100,000 for case-annoying after a while, so he called the head ments, torpedoes, galleries and submarine mines, are desired for the prosecution of

"Now, see here, I don't want all the waiters engineer work on these fortifications, in the place bothering me every time I get The plans contemplate the making of The plans contemplate the making of forty-

So it was settled, and for some time the designated waiter was on hand. One day, however, the man with money found another attendant at his table. He motioned to the with a wart on his nose?" he demanded. mortars. The confract "Yes, sah; but this one will be better, ash. expenditure of \$3,430,130.

mortars and mounts will thus be \$50,277,248, including \$3,430,130 under the Bethlehem contract. Operated at its full capacity the army gun factory at Watervliet can turn out in

CONCERNING THE MILITIA. Army officers on duty with the national guard of the states, of whom twenty-seven were regularly assigned to state headquarters, concur in reporting sheady improvement in the training and efficiency of the militia. The fact that state camps of instruction, in which forty additional army officers partici-pated, were held by thirty-three states is proof that state military establishments are

already been printed when the report of the commanders of the various departments were made.

The expense of the service for the year exceed the department's resources available by law. More I beral provisions by law for and the improvement of its equipment, to promote closer relations between federal

The strength of the militia shows an inborhood of Indian reservations the army will has an enrollment of 5,922 officers and men:

> News for the Army. WASHINGTON, N.v. 39 .- (Special Telegram.)-Captain Walter L. Finley, Ninth with Maryland National guard. First Lieutenant James R. Green, Twenty-fifth infantry, is detailed as professor of mili-

tary science and tactics at Lawrence university, Appleton, Wis. First Lieutenant Henry R. Stiles, assistant surgeon, granted two months' extended leave; Second Lieutenant William G. Haan, Fifth cavalry, twenty days' extended; Major Dean,

Second Lieutenant William M. Crofton, First afantry, will report for temporary duty at Prof. R. Ogden Doremus of Bellevue Medical College, New York City, reports: "I find Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder composed of pure materials and cor on correct scientific principles. Its yield of

other powder. IDAHO'S MONTE CRISTO.

The Eccentric Owner of the Most Profitable Mines in the State.

Over in the mountains are the great mines son mine, says the Boise City correspondent of the Chicago Record. It formerly belonged epulpments have forced upon the leading to Louis and Christian Wahl of Chicago, from strategists and tacticians of the great armies whom it was obtained by J. R. De Lamar, "the Monte Cristo of Idaho." Lamar is a Dutchman from Holland, with red hair. He is of small stature, with shrewd, twinkling is now possible for one officer to lead and is of small stature, with shrewd, twinkling control in action. Formerly, and down to a eyes, large features, and an energete, pushrecent date, the colonel could see and direct the movements of all the men of his regi- with equal fluency regardless of his company, ment who marched and fought in double rank and telegraphs a full account of all his doings with touch of elbows. Under such conditions a regiment of 1,000 men occupied a front on

He was a sailor in ble waith, and gradu-WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The Hawalian number. A few years ago small-arms fire ated as mate of a brig-that sailed between charge d'affaires, Mr. Frank P. Hastings, has was ineffective at distances greater than 600 Rotterdam and Java. or 800 yards, while now it will be deadly at 2,000 yards, while now it will be deadly at 2,000 yards, or even greater distances. In modern warfare the men will act in small groups or singly, and the advance will be made in successive lines in open order. Perfect organization and perfect control by the commander of each unit will be absolutely essential to efficiency and success in the interest the work yards. Next he turned up in the mines at Silver City! Colo., and had commander of each unit will be absolutely some good prospects in which he succeeded 

was seeking a wife. He had sumptuous apartments at the Shoreham, sported a coach and four-in-hand, and left a trail of This increase of expenditures gold wherever he traveled. Russell Harrimet and more than overcome by son introduced him into society, and his reductions in the expenditures for the staff. coming out party was a dinner given in SMALL ARMS AND EQUIPMENTS. honor of Mrs. Hardson at the Arlington hotel, which was described in the greatest detail by all the newspapers. There was never but one banquet in Washington that surpassed it. That was given by Andrew Carnegie to the members of the international American conference, and cost \$85 a plate Mr. Lamar had several members of the cabinet and some prominent social leaders as his guests who had never heard of him until they received the invitations, and the affair was the sole topic of gossip for many a day. One of the novel features was a gauzy net suspended from the four corners of the ceiling and so arranged that when the host touched an electric button at the close of the dinner it separated in the center and covered

the table with several wagon loads of flow-But even with this princely debut and the rumors of his enormous wealth Mr. Lamar's social career in Washington was not a suc-cess. He rented the Tyler mansion for the next season, but never occupied it, and finally, shaking the dust of Washington from his shoes, went to New York and married a his shoes, went to New York and married a beautiful girl by the name of Sands. She was only 17, and her mother was a widow who lived on Lexington avenue.

After his marriage he bought a handsome house in the swellest part of Madison avenue, and a yacht and now spends most of his time in New York. Once or twice a year he returns to Owyhee county to look at the his money comes from, but the people ou here keep posted concerning his movements through the newspapers. The mine is the most profitable in the state, and its riches are said to be inexhaustible

HUNDRED DRINKS PER YEAR.

The Average Amount of Whisky Consumed by the American People Americans are accounted a fairly sober

people in the hurlyburly of nations, but the figures of the internal revenue commissioner for the last year are enough to make a temperance crank stagger, without a drop of whisky or beer, says the Atlanta Constitu-We distilled last year 87,346,884 galtlon. lons of liquor, not including 1,430,353 gallons of brandy, making in all 88,777,187 gallons of alcoholic spirits. Expert bartenders estimate sixty-three drinks to the gallon. Therefore there were 5,604,862,891 drinks produced in this country. A conservative esti-mate of how much was; imbibed across counters is about 37,000,000 gallons of whisky, brandy and other distilled spirits, or in other words we drank 6,090,000,000 glasses of whisky, for which we paid over the bar \$609,-000,000, or \$5,000,000 more than all the annual appropriations of congress This represents a consumption of 100 glasses of whisky each year for every man, woman and child between the rock-bound Pacific and the storm-tossed Atlantic, or, counting only the male adults, 500 glasses per week each. Of beer the figures are equally astounding. ar reason, he said:
"There, let that fellow with a wart on his se look out for me."
The estimated cost of the 16-inch gun is \$140.000, and the average cost at the army gun factory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun \$31,000, of the 8-inch gun the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of the 12-inch gun is \$48,750, of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun satisfactory of \$617,258,400, or about 10 cents for each inhabitant. In the neighborhood of the 10-inch gun ead waiter.

"Didn't I tell you to let me have the waiter former appropriations, and \$9.801.120 for mortars. The contract work calls for an basis of last year's product, with the inverse, sah; but this one will be better, sah. for an expenditure of \$3.430.130.

The total expenditure for protected swing.

CANNOT COMPETE IN SUGAR

set to be built; the Betweener contract requires the delivery of the first of its 100 guns by July 7, 1903, and carffages can be produced at Watertown on by contract as rapidly as the guns, so that the ordnance for our coasts can be snished; within twelve California and Germany Too Much for the party and threatened to denounce the fellow

the town, and almost everybody in the place turned out to see the fun. The seconds ar-ranged the two men in position, by the side

President of the Western Trust Shows Why Havemeyer's Monopoly Was Forced to Throw Fifty Thousand Men Out of Employment.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30 .- In reference to the Associated press interview with H. O. Havemeyer, president of the Sugar Refining company, Adolph Spreckels, director and president of the California sugar refinery, struck him in the short ribs and he lay on the grass and doubled up with pain and view, and I understand the exact condition of groan sugar refining in the eastern states. Have Mr. Bowman looked very sober. The des-meyer and his people control the sugar trades perado was taken home and put to bed, and of all the country cast of the Missouri river, and the California refinery controls pretty much all west of the river. I think Havemeyer is right when he says that closing his region. refineries will throw 50,000 people out of work. The reason they are to close is this: They cannot compete with foreign sugars. The administration has effectually shut out the sugar refining business in this country. German granulated sugar is laid down in New York at \$3.56 the 100 pounds, and raw or crude sugar costs, laid down there; \$3.50 the same size. In an article upon the subject the 100 pounds. That leaves a margin of in the Mineral Collector, we are told that 6-100 of 1 cent per pound on which to pay "when a thin slice of stone is looked at under refining expenses and make profits. The a lens by transmitted light the fragments are thing is simply absurd. In the east they pay seen to be locked together like the parts of refinery hands \$1.70 per day. In Germany the wages are but \$1.13. The trade cannot stand the difference. The German sugar is beet sugar refined abroad. This market is now bringing a great deal of Chinese sugar that is refined by two English firms in Hong Kong. They use raw sugar from Batavia socket joints of jagged shape behind. and the Phillippine islands. Those refineries employ coolie labor at 19 cents per day. There is only one remedy, and that is protection.

MAY INCREASE THE PRICE.

Sugar Trust May Not Close Down Entirely After All.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30 .- Henry O. Have meyer, president of the Sugar trust, qualifies his previous statement that the refineries of the company in Brooklyn, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia would not be operated again for an indefinite period. He said that about one-half the men would be permitted to return to work Monday. He said: "So much of the organization as was indispensa-able will return to work on Monday. That means a partial resumption of melting, bu an increased cost per pound of sugar. is a matter of conjecture with the company of Idaho, and in particular the famous Wil- whether it is cheaper to shut up entirely or to work the reduced amount at an increased It will take three weeks to determine that question.

THINK IT IS A BLUFF.

Trade Disposed to Think the Sugar Trust is Playing Congress for Sympathy. NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The Evening Pos says: "The statement of H. O. Havemeyer, president of the American Sugar Refinery company, that the refineries of the company must be shut down for a while, owing t depression in the trade, due to legislation was discussed today by business and labo The modified appoundement made by Mr. Havemeyer today that only half the by Mr. Havemeyer today that only han the force woulr be laid off was regarded as an indication of a less fixed purpose than was indicated in the declaration of the company's intention on Wednesday night. At the refineries in Brooklyn hundreds of w.rk.

A perfect jewel for the enterprising housekeeper is Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

POTATOES HIS WEAPONS.

a Kentucky Dominie Brought the Code Into Ridicule.

One way of combating an evil practice is to make it ridiculous. It was by this means that dueling was stopped in a certain district in Kentucky some forty years ago. At that time a traveling preacher named Bowman, a strong, muscular man, was conducting a series of religious meetings in Kentucky. At one of them a well known des-perate character created a disturbance, and being publicly rebuked by Bowman, sent

him a challenge to fight.

The preacher's first thought was to treat the matter with silent contempt. Then he reflected that dueling was all too common in that region, and he decided to accept the challenge.
As the challenged party Bowman had the

choice of weapons. He selected a half bushel of Irish potatoes and stipulated that his op-

## **COVERED HEAD & NECK**

Eczema of Worst Type. School and Society Abandoned. Felt Death Would be Relief. Cuticura Soon Put An End to all Sufferings.

Ever since I was three years old I have been troubled with Eczema of the worst type. It at times completely covered my head and neck. I have tried all sorts of medicines, and have been dectored by many very eminent physicians, but with no favorable result. Sometimes my head was one mass of thick seab that would run and bleed, and in summer would be so much worse; my ears looked as though they would fall off. I could not go to school or mingle with society, as the disease smelt so bad. I felt at times that death would be a relief, suffering and itching until I hardly knew what to do. I got your CUTEURA REMEDIES the 26th of January last, and used them according to directions, and can now CUTIOURA RESIDIES the 26th of January last, and nsed them according to directions, and can now say that they soon put an end to all my suffering. Words can never tell my thanks to you and your valuable medicine, and is hall always recommend them to whoever I see suffering from the terrible disease. I had spent money and tried the best of doctors with but little relief.

MISS HANNAH WARREN,
1437 George Street, La Crosse, Wis.

WAS IN CONSTANT AGONY I have suffered from a severe attack of what is called Prurigo. The disease produced an intense burning and itching sensation that kept me in constant agony all the while, so that I got but little rest day or night. CUTICURA cured me entirely in a few weeks. I cheerfully recommend it for like troubles.

CHAS. L. WAFFLE,
Ottawa Station, Mich.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS CUTICURA REMEDIES cleanse the system by external and internal medication of every erup-tion, impurity and disease, and constitute the most effective treatment of modern times.

Sold throughout the world. Price, Cutteurs, 50c.; Soap, 25c.; RESOLVENT, \$1. POTTER DRUG AND CREM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston. "How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free. PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and olly skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

ACHING SIDES AND BACK, Hip, kidney, and uterine pains and weaknesses relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Flaster, the first and only pain killing plaster. ponent must stand fifteen paces distant and that only one potato at a time should be taken from the measure. The desperado was furious, but Bowman

as a coward if he made further objections Seeing no way out of the scrape the des-

there he stayed for more than a week.

when he appeared again he was greeted

Flexible Stone.

SYRUPOFFIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when

Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant

and refreshing to the taste, and acts

gently yet promptly on the Kidneys,

Liver and Bowels, cleanses the sys-

tem effectually, dispeis colds, head-

aches and fevers and cures habitual

constipation. Syrup of Figs is the

only remedy of its kind ever pro-

duced, pleasing to the taste and ac-

ceptable to the stomach, prompt in

its action and truly beneficial in its

effects, prepared only from the most

healthy and agrecable substances, its

many excellent qualities commend it

to all and have made it the most

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading drug-

gists. Any reliable druggist who

may not have it on hand will pro-

cure it promptly for any one who

wishes to try it. Do not accept any

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

popular remedy known.

substitute.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

The contest took place on the outskirts of

perado at last consented.

with good-sized potatoes.

It Receives the Official Endorsement of Eminent Experts and a Jury of

Representative Citizens.

of each being the half bushel measure filled The suit brought by Ohio's food commis-Bowman threw the first one. It struck his opponent in a central spot and fell in pieces.

A shout of delight went up from the crowd, which flurried the desperado, and his potato sioner against a Cincinnati druggist for selling Paskels, on the grounds that it was nothing but glucose, resulted in a great vicflew wide of the mark. Bowman watched his tory for Paskola and a verdict against the chance, and every time his opponent stooped for a potato another hit him in the side, leav-

ing a wet spot on his clothes and then scat-tering on all sides. The fellow was hit in During the course of the trial Prof. Shaller of the University of Cincinnati testified that Paskela was not glucose, and even if it was, would be harmless. He also bore witness to its activity as a digestive agent.

roaning "enough."
The bystanders went wild with delight, but Prof. William Dickmore of the Miami college testified to the same facts. So did Prof. Schmidt, the chemist of the board of health; Prof. William Hoffman and others.

so many jokes that life was almost a burden A practical test was made in court, showing That was the end of dueling in that the digestive action of Paskola on eggs and meats of various kinds, whereas glucose under precisely the same conditions produced no

It may be safely said that no specimen effect whatever. This test but confirmed the experts' statein a geological collection is more curious than the bar of flexible sandstone, which ments and proved Paskola to be of great value in indigestion and wasting diseases. can be bent with less pressure than that required to bend a piece of wet leather of This verdict disposes of the malicious attack that has been made against Paskola by in-terested rivals, and suits have now been brought against the proprietors of a well known emulsion of cod liver oil for having given wide circulation to a false formula and a sectional puzzle toy, fixed, but only loosely. The simplest way of explaining how this ther misrepresentations regarding it.

The animus of this attack will be better understood when it is stated that Pask is in being largely used in the place of cod liver

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S LAST TWO TIMES

TODAY. GOOD

MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30. lenry Guy Carleton's Comedy 'A GILDED FOOL." Prices-First floor, \$1.00; bal-cony, 50c and 75c. Evening Performance at 8. T. W. Robertson's Immortal "DAVID CARRICK,"

TONIGHT.

"LEND M / FIVE SHILLINGS." Pric s - First floor, \$1.00 and \$1.50; balcony, 50c, 75c and \$1.

BOYD'S 4 NI HT3 BE HNNING Sunday, Dec. 2.

DONNELLY & GIRARD

LOOK OUT FOR THE GREAT CYCLONE, AND RAIN STORM OF REAL WATER.

15TH ST. THEATRE POPULAR Telephone 1531. LAST TWO PERFORMANCES, MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30, TONIGHT, 8:15

A SUMMER BLIZZARD. The Barnum of Them All." Interpreted by ar-tists of unusual merit, headed by MISS NEL-LIE ROSERUD.

ISTH ST. THEATRE PRICES. Telephone 1531.

4 Nights, commencing Sunday Matinee, Dec. 2d,
The Wittlest, Brightest, Cleverest of 'em all,

A BUNCH OF KEYS,

OR THE HOTEL Ada Bothner as Teddy; C. W. Bowser as Snagge and a clever company of comedians. Matine Wednesday. Coming, Dec. 6-8—Ezra Kendall.

A Thanksgiving Story.

NEW YORK, N.Y.

E was at a boarding school to spend his first Thanksgiving away from home, and this is what the lonesome little fellow wrote home a few days before Do you blame him?

"When the Turkey's in the oven, And the 'Tater's in the pot; When the Cranberry's a boiling, And the Pudding's smoking hot; When the nuts are cracked and ready, And the raisins heap the plate, And you feel so awful hungry That you'd rather die than wait, THEN you'll remember me. P. S .- PA, can't I come home?"

THANKSCIVING WEEK is always a busy one with us, particularly in our Crockery and Stove Departments.

Our Crockery department is of spe-cial pride to us. Everything conceiv-able in China, Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Lamps and Clocks.

Our Special Thanksgiving Offerings, Thanksgiving Cider Pitchers

In clear, fire polished, crystal glass, hold nearly three quarts. Regular price 50c. This Week 29c Thanksgivin - Tumblers

For tomorrow or as long as they last, a first class crystal table tumb-ler, one dozen only to a customer. Worth 50c per dozen. This Week 20 Each Thanksgiving Carving

Knives and Forks. With genuine stag handles, Meridan Cutlery goods. Worth \$3. This Week \$1.85 Pair Thanksgiving Salts and Pappers

In blue, rose or white opalescent tints, with fleur-de-lis embossed dec-orations. Worth 15c. This Week only 60 Each SPECIAL PRICES on a beautiful line of celery trays in French and Vienna China and embossed glass. Your friends will call Thanksgiving eve. Greet them in a pleasanti ighted hall. We have the finest line of hall lamps in the city. They are very swell

Special for Thie Week Rose and Ruby Globe Pendant Hall Lamps, Worth \$5.00. Only \$2.49 Each Our further Thanksgiving offerings

Pillar Ex ension Tables Solid oak, 42 inches wide; heavy substantial goods; quality and work-manship guaranteed. Worth \$12

This Week \$5.98

50 dozen hard wood antique finish DINING CHAIRS, with brace arms, hand made cane seats, double stretch ers all around, embessed backs. Reg-ular price, \$1.25.

Thanksgiving Price 74c Each 50 dozen massive solid oak, hand polished DINING CHAIRS, with wide quarter sawed oak panels, handsome-ly carved and to match the table men tloned above. Regular price \$2.50. Thanksgiving Price \$1,48 Each

SIDEBOARDS One of the many bargains in side-boards is described as follows: Con-structed of the best selected cak. It measures 44 inches in length by 20 inches in width; with bevel mirror measuring 24 inches by 14 inches. It has a commodious shelf overhead, supported by tasteful brackets appro-priately carved, two drawers with roomy cupboard below, the case work is all paneled; the trimmings are solid cast brass; it is mounted of \$20, but our

Thanksgiving Price is \$11.45 From our Stove Department

THAT BIRD must be cooked, and cooked right. To enable you to do it we make a remarkable offer of just 35 highest grade eastern made Ranges, at half price. We thoroughly guarantee every one, although much below the lowest wholesale price.

WEARE Complete house furnishers and nothing else. Our store is teeming with such bargains in household goods as we never saw. It would well pay you to look us over, whether intending to purchase or not, particularly at this Thanksgiving time, when all that careful preparation means in the way of assortment, prices and services is at your disposal. This is the time of the year to help the good wife out. Use us.

TERM3-CASH OR PART DOWN AND BALANCE WEEKLY



Formerly People's Mammoth Installment House

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.