

FOR AND AGAINST JOE SMITH

Revs. Savidge and Williams Debate About the Book of Mormon.

FORMER FIGHTING FOR JESUS CHRIST

Latter Claims that Western as well as Eastern Hemisphere Has Had a Revelation from God—Book of Mormon Supplements the Bible.

Rev. C. W. Savidge of the People's church and Rev. T. W. Williams of the Church of Latter Day Saints of Council Bluffs met in discussion at the People's church last night on the question, "Resolved, that the book of Mormon is of Divine origin and worthy of the confidence of all people."

The affirmative was espoused by Mr. Williams and the negative by Mr. Savidge. Both speakers were enthusiastically in earnest, and while neither missed a word in the fight for his belief from start to finish, he was introduced by the moderator and opened the argument in favor of the proposition. He presented the book of Mormon, and read excerpts from it, showing that it was in line with the Bible and supporting that book. He showed the similarity in the two texts, in the ten commandments and other respects, and urged that the book was the word of God.

Mr. Williams argued that the book of Mormon was not a Bible and was not claimed as such. He said that it was considered as supporting the Bible by the Latter Day Saints, but no one claimed that it took the place of the Bible. He said that the book of Mormon was a book of revelations, and that its teachings were against polygamy, and that its moral teachings were in accord with the teachings of the Bible. He said that the results of Mormonism should stand.

Mr. Savidge, in responding to the opening argument of Mr. Williams, said that he had never before in his life heard of a discussion, that he had been too busy teaching the gospel of Jesus and His love to take time to discuss the matter, but he was glad to accept his belief. He was getting so warm in his work, however, that he felt like fighting when he found a man who had the hands of the Lord, and he was being taught by the Bible. He did not think that harm would come of the discussion, but hoped that good would result. One fault with the Christians of the day was that they did not have any backbone. He wanted the Bible and the courage of the old warriors of Christianity who were willing to fight all comers when the cause of Christ was the issue.

PREACHERS DYING OF GAPS. He wanted fewer men-preachers and more Holy Ghost preachers. He wanted a race of fighting preachers and fighting Christians. He had heard it said that fighting chickens never come out of the wood, and too many preachers today dying with the gaps. He wanted more fight in them. Taking up Mr. Williams' argument, Mr. Savidge said in substance:

Here's a book that comes to us with divine claims. If that's so, it ought to have something to substantiate its claims. I want to ask any man to believe anything without evidence. I believe that if God wants me to live on the principles of His word he does not want it without evidence, and I have all persuasive. Now, on what ground does this book claim to be of divine origin? Mohammed's Bible. It is also claimed, came from God. Followers of Mohammed went out, and the 180,000,000 go down on their knees when the call for prayer goes out on the air. But what evidence have they that the book is from God?

"It is believed by the Church of Latter Day Saints that the book of Mormon is the Bible. It is the book of authority in the church, and the only book that is recognized. The question before us implies that the book of Mormon is of God. Mr. Williams says the book of Mormon sustains the Bible. I want the book of Mormon to sustain the Bible, and I want the Bible to sustain the book of Mormon. Mr. Williams' prayer test leaves nothing for the slinger, no test for him."

Mr. Williams says he is willing that the fruits of Mormonism stand. I am sorry he said that. It is an awful harvest, a harvest of death. I want to say that whether it is the old Mormon church or the church of the Latter Day Saints, I consider it the foulest ulcer on the white breast of the nation.

"No one says 'Amen,'" said the speaker. "I thank the audience," said Mr. Williams.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE BIBLE. Time was called and Mr. Savidge gave way to Mr. Williams. Mr. Williams' argument was that the book of Mormon was a revelation from God, and that it was a supplement to the Bible. He said that the book of Mormon was a book of revelations, and that its teachings were in accord with the teachings of the Bible. He said that the results of Mormonism should stand.

Mr. Williams challenged his opponents to show one teaching of the reorganized church that was calculated to harm any human being, and he would fight him anything that was morally wrong.

Mr. Williams then went to the Bible for proof that the word of God had been given to the people of the western world as well as to the people in the eastern hemisphere. He claimed that Christ had appeared to the people of America as he had to the people of the eastern world. He said that the prophets promised that all of the people on the face of the earth should be given the word of God.

JOE SMITH A BAD MAN. Mr. Savidge then closed in a thirty minute speech. In answer to Mr. Williams' statement that the saints did not claim that the book of Mormon was of divine origin he asserted that the book was based on the proposition that the book was of divine origin. In answer to the query as to what had become of the ten tribes he said that they were the Anglo-Saxon people on two continents.

Mr. Savidge said he could not accept the book of Mormon because it was not backed by the two mighty arguments of the Bible—the Bible—prophecy and miracle. He had not studied the Mormon book, nor did he have to eat of a tainted loaf of mutter to find what was bad—the mutter was counter to his fulfillment.

Mr. Savidge's second reason for rejecting the book of Mormon was that the book was not good people. They were not holy men. He used statements of historians and others showing that Smith's character was bad. He was a sensual profligate and untrustworthy in business.

He also rejected the book because it adds to the Bible. He said that the Bible was a complete and perfect revelation, and that the book of Mormon was a supplement to the Bible. He said that the results of Mormonism should stand.

Signature Gave Him Away. James Riley was arrested in a lodging house last Monday night with two other men on the charge of being a suspicious character. The trial of the three men came off yesterday in police court and they were discharged. When Riley was signing the receipt for the articles that were on his person at the time the three men were arrested, he was present and recognized his signature as that of the person who had passed a number of checks in this city during the past five years. Riley is a printer, who says his home is in Illinois, and has the appearance of being a laboring man. He has come to the city every year for the past five

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Andrew M. Back, a brother of Councilman Back of the First ward, committed suicide yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock by shooting himself through the head. The deed was done in his home at Fifth and Bancroft streets. No motive can be ascribed for his relatives, but they think that he was demented when he killed himself. Back had been sick for several years, and had been in the hospital for a long time. He had been under the impression that he would never get well, and on this account had been very despondent, especially during the past two months. He leaves a wife, but no children.

Early yesterday afternoon Mrs. Back went down to do some shopping. She tried to enter the house she found the door locked. She went around to the side of the house and looked into the window of the bed room. She saw her husband lying on the floor in a pool of blood. She immediately telephoned to Coroner Maul, who, on his arrival, forced in the door.

Back was lying on the floor with his head pillow on his forehead. Through the middle of his forehead was a bullet hole. An examination of the wound showed that he had fired a cheap 32-caliber revolver. He was lying with his head near the wall, which was stained with blood, as was also the floor. An examination of the room showed that he had first tried to kill himself by cutting the arteries of the wrists, as both were lacerated, and had then turned to a straitjacket. A dull knife was found lying on a table near by, but there were no spots of blood on the blade. An examination of the room, however, failed to discover any other instrument.

The theory is that he first attempted to put an end to his life by opening the arteries of the wrists. Failing in this, he turned to the dullness of the instrument used, he sat down on the floor and placed the folded coat behind him in such a position that he could back up on it. Then he fired the fatal shot.

As stated, Back leaves a wife. He also has two children, a son and a daughter, both of whom are aged mothers. The latter is over 70 years of age and is prostrated by grief. An inquest will probably be held over the body, but it is believed that the case had not been definitely fixed last night.

ANNOUNCEMENTS. When one considers the vast outlay requisite to a proper production of such an entertainment as "Aladdin, Jr.," the new spectacular extravaganza which comes to the Grand Opera House, it is not surprising that the general run of managers are deterred from entering the field which David Henderson has made so thoroughly his own. The success of his production must be a revelation to the general public, and a resolution by Wheeler authorized the chairman of the special committee appointed to investigate the matter of water pressure to employ a stenographer and to require the presence of all persons and papers needed for the information of the committee.

A communication from Chairman Winspear of the Board of Public Works, directed to the attention of the council to the necessity of re-planning the sidewalks on the Sixteenth street viaduct and repairing the guard rails. It was referred to the committee on viaducts and railroads.

The city clerk was directed to notify the Union Pacific and the Burlington railroads and the street railway company of the report on the viaduct had been completed and that they would be expected to pay their proportions of the cost at once.

A petition from property owners along the Sixteenth street viaduct from Twenty-fourth to Twenty-fifth street was placed on file. It was asserted by members that the request came from one or two capitalists who owned most of the property affected, which they were anxious to get rid of.

A communication from John R. Webster stated that the descriptions in the tax list of some of the property owned by the city smelter was very defective. Some tracts owned by several parties were assessed in bulk at a given price per acre, and considerable confusion and delay had resulted. He adopted directing the city engineer to confer with the county surveyor and prepare an accurate description of the property mentioned.

PAY OF ELECTION POLICE. The committee on police recommended that the seventy-eight men who were employed as special policemen at the election be paid for the first and second nights, \$10.00 per hour for each additional hour. Adopted. The committee also recommended that before another election the council should take care to designate the amount that should be paid in the future for similar services.

The following ordinances were passed on third reading: Prohibiting disfigurements of sidewalks, buildings and fences by painting or other advertisements; ordering paving of Twenty-sixth street from Woolworth avenue to Hickory street with Trinidad sheet asphaltum; opening Thirty-fifth street from Poppleton to Woolworth avenue and appointing appraisers; opening Walnut street from Thirty-third to Thirty-sixth street and appointing appraisers; levying special tax on the property on the north side of Nineteenth street from Castellar to Bancroft street; special tax for sewer construction in district No. 201; special tax on opening South and Leavenworth streets from Twenty-fourth to Twenty-fifth street; Review park; special tax on opening Thirty-third street from Leavenworth street to Poppleton avenue; special tax for grading Thirty-fourth street from Half Howard to Leavenworth street.

LILLY LEAVES LOSERS. Fast young man flees from town tonight on his heels. E. K. Lilly, one of Omaha's would-be society young men, who for a time was employed by W. A. L. Gibson & Co. as a traveling man, quietly folded his tent Monday afternoon and left the city, leaving many creditors to mourn his sudden departure. Lilly was a fine-looking fellow and made friends easily. Most of the time he floated out of small amounts of money, which he borrowed for a few days only.

For some time past Lilly stopped with a private family on South Nineteenth street, and by various smooth devices managed to keep the family in the money, which was to be repaid the last of December.

Monday afternoon while the family was at lunch Lilly gathered together his goods and chattels and departed. But this was not the worst of the deal. The sportive young man purchased a bicycle on the installment plan. He conceived the idea of raffling it off and would attract fifty tickets at \$1 per ticket. Before leaving home Lilly pawned the wheel at the Douglas street skating rink. The person who held the mortgage on the bicycle republished it yesterday, and now the pawnbroker is after Mr. Lilly. It is reported that the big brother of the young man living on North Eighteenth street near Charles is after Lilly with a shotgun and club. This fact may explain why the young man left town in such a hurry.

Police Pickings. The police are looking for Frank J. Clark, who is wanted for stealing \$39 worth of clothing from Frank Cole.

Three street vendors, running candy stands at Fifteenth and Douglas streets, were brought into police court yesterday by the license inspector and upon the showing made were each fined \$5 and costs.

Police Officer Tyrell has reported to the chief that Dave Mahoney's saloon, 1023 North Sixteenth street, was open after midnight last night. He said that he observed that Tyrell demanded admittance he was refused. The chief has directed Captain Mostyn to arrest Mahoney.

Anteater Chief Seavey received a letter of thanks and a check for \$15 from George Heimbrod, the treasurer of the Omaha Sausage and Slederkranz society, with the request that he be given to the police officers who assisted in managing the crowd at the recent concert given by the society. Chief Seavey will turn the

CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Committee Appointed to Further Consider the Union Depot Matter.

ELECTRIC LIGHT CONTRACT AWARDED

Goes to the Citizens Electric Light and Power Company as the Lowest Bidder—No Money for the Bemis Park Extension.

Had it not been for Mr. Churchill Parker, who assists in representing the Ninth ward in the city council, the regular meeting last night would have been a monotonous affair. As it was, Mr. Parker distinguished himself by bringing in a couple of resolutions which helped to make the evening enjoyable from the standpoint of the lobby. One was a resolution that a special committee of five members, of which the president of the council should be one, be appointed to confer with the officials of the Union Pacific and Burlington railroads and the Union Depot company to see if anything could be done in the direction of a union depot. This was declared adopted without a vote, no member objecting.

Nothing for Park Extension. Mr. Parker also offered a resolution that the city engineer be directed to prepare and submit an ordinance providing for condemning such property as might be necessary to extend Bemis park so as to include the entire territory between the second and third streets, and naming Nicholas streets. This resolution Wheeler considered in vigorous language. He asserted that the city had already paid \$100,000 for the park, and that it was worth as much as any other park in the city. Every department of the city was forced to economize. There was not enough money to pay even the cost of the Union Pacific and Burlington railroads. Under such conditions, he said, it was crazy to consider the proposition of the gentleman from the Ninth. He moved that further consideration of the resolution be postponed until the next meeting. This was adopted, Parker alone voting in the negative.

There was a spirited discussion over the committee report recommending that two election booths be loaned to the park commission for use by skaters at Hancock park during the winter. Wheeler and Bruner did not believe in adding to the loaning of money at all. Hascall wanted to give the committee the booths outright and the suggestion finally prevailed.

AWARDED NOT TO WILEY. The committee on gas and electric lights recommended that the contract for lighting the city for three years, from January 1, 1935, be awarded to the Citizens Electric Light and Power company at \$100.00 per light per annum. The report was adopted and the city attorney was directed to prepare the contract. The bid of the Thomson-Houston company was \$100.00 per light per annum.

A resolution by Wheeler authorized the chairman of the special committee appointed to investigate the matter of water pressure to employ a stenographer and to require the presence of all persons and papers needed for the information of the committee.

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"The lack of interest on the part of silver producing states is the most discouraging feature about the work," said Mr. Johnson. "It is possible that we can arrange at St. Louis for a meeting of silver men in Denver to discuss the situation, but it depends on the silver men themselves. Unless silver men and large business men of Colorado and other mountain states come to the front at once I see little hope for the cause of free coinage for years to come."

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