THE CONTRACT PARTY RATE STATATE WOLFERS IN THE

UNITED STATES ASKED TO MEDIATE

China Fully Convinced She Has Had Enough and Would Like to Have This Country Help Her Let Go.

Mail Gazette from Che Foo says that the Japanese have captured Port Arthur.

meet the overtures in a benevolent spirit.

tain posible eventualities.

France seems disposed to entertain the idea during thirty years after his graduation from

cussed important matters, including great and lieutenant of ordinance, and he was as-No official report of the occupation of Kin

Which was seized by the Japanese authorities on the ground that she was carrying contrabodies of Japanese troops have been landed on the coast to the southward of Seoul. Their object is the subjection of the Tonghaks, who are very troublesome. Killhaku, vice president of the council of the state, who was

THEY ARE COMING TOGETHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10,-Events of the ast few days, in which officials and diplomats of Washington have participated, lead them to believe that peace between China and Japan will be concluded at an early day. China has at last rejuctantly, but very fully, idmitted that she found herself wholly prepared for war. Japan, on the other hand, smilingly accepts this acknowledgment of her progress and awaits a detailed proposition to how much China will concede as a pasts of peace. It remains to be seen whether Japan will demand too much, or China will yield too little, but the inclination of both powers is so strongly toward getting together that it is believed that peace will be effected on the basis of Corea's independence and a cash indemnity for Japan's war expenditures. If, however, Japan urges her demands to the extent of cession of part of China's territory, the present prospect is that China will no humble pride to this extent, but will con-tinue to prosecute the war as best she can, relying on the bitter winter now at hand to ve her a temporary respite and defense. The foregoing briefly summarizes the situaion as viewed by the officials here who have recently had most to do with the subject. At the outset Great Britain sought to have the United States and the great powers of Europe intervene. The facts as to these negotiations at Washington have until now not been made public. Mr. Goschen arrived Sep-tember 21 and remained two days. He saw Secretary Gresham in person and presented Great Britain's proposition that the United States co-operate with other powers toward peace. A reply was duly given that this country would not co-operate on the ground, it is said, that the policy of the United States was to avoid entangling foreign alli-unces on questions in which it had no immediate concern. Since that time no efforts on the part of Great Britain to urge the tiations have been made so far as known. Under these circumstances the present ne-gotiations do not involve foreign intervention, but a mutual arrangement between China and Japan, to which foreign powers will give their moral support. It makes little difference, therefore, what the United States or other powers may do, so long as China and Japan come together, although both powers seem to be anxious to have the co-opera-tion of this country and others in their ne-

To what extent the Chinese minister has directed the negotiations is not exactly known, as the legation officials are very secretive is known, however, that the Chinese min ister had a long conference with Secretary Gresham yesterday morning. This was one of several conferences held within the last ten days. It is said, however, that the main proposition on the part of China came direct from United States Minister Denby at Peking.

From the beginning of hostilities the Chinese have been anxious to have the United States arbitrate the differences between themselves and the Japanese which led to the war, but, of course, there could be no arbitration except upon the request of both parties, and it was lacking. But after the battle of Kiu-Lien-Chang, on October 25 last, when the Chinese suffered their severe defeat at the hands of the Japanese troops defeat at the hands of the Japanese troops who had crossed the Yalu river, and were obliged to return toward Moukden, they be-came thoroughly alarmed and convinced that something must be done to terminate the first article of the treaty pledges the United States in case China is oppressively or un-justly treated by another power to use its good offices to arrange the difficulty. It is similar in scope with the first article in our treaty with Corea, which led Secretary Gresham at the beginning of the trouble to write to Minister Dunn at Toklo regarding the Japanese occupation of Corea, which has excited so much comment. Encouraged by the attitude of the United States at the time, the Chinese government, as indicated by the Associated press cable dispatches from China at the time, appealed to United States Minister Denby at Peking to cause from China at the time, appealed to United States Minister Denby at Peking to cause of the comment of the rank of brigadier general in the fall of Savannah, and that ended in the fall of Savannah, and that ended in the surrender of General Joseph E. Johnston at Durham Station, North Carolina, April 26, States Minister Denby at Peking to cause his government to intervene, and Mr. Denby transmitted the application to Washington. where it was laid before the president, who has had it under consideration for a week or more. As our representations in the case

were independent intermediary in bringing about peace. Both China and Japan were assured that we were free from any of the anapteions of a desire to secure accessions of territory in Asia which hung over the great European powers, and their confidence in our firmness and impartiality was strikingly manifested by the selection of the United States by both nations to care for their sub-jects in the other territory. So the United States is at present placed in a position where she would naturally be looked to by both China and Japan to serve as an arbitrator in case of a difficulty in arranging terms of peace, and it is, therefore, very improbable that we will forfeit this position by yielding now to China's request to Intervene. Arbitrate we may, but we cannot intervene in the manner in which the matter is summarized by officials here. If the Chinese government desires the United States to present the Chidesires the United States to present the Chinesse proposition to Japan, this may be done
by Mr. Denby, but it is felt here that the
only way would be for China to submit her
proposals directly to Japan when it would be
entirely wilhin the bounds of propriety for
the United States to express the gratitude it
would feel as a nation, friendly to both nations, to see neace restored on honorable lines. dons to see pace restored on honorable lines.

Another department official presented the Japanese view of the present negotiations as follows: "Japan recognizes China's craft. and she is not likely to be misled by any sleve she may make."

The Colored Infaut. At birth a negro child is of a reddish nut-prown color, which turns to a staty gray in the first week of the child's existence. The wack color is not fully developed for a

JAPS CAPTURE PORT ARTHUR period varying from one to three years, cording to the nature of the locality and the influences of climate. Darwin says that the Was One of China's Strongholds and Considered Impregnable.

where the course of Australians, immediately after birth, are yellowish brown, and becomes dark at a later age. Those of the Guaranys of Paraguay are whitish, yellow, but they acquire in the course of a few weeks the yellowing the course of t lowish-brown tint of their parents. It is curious to notice that the eyes of a negro child are blue at birth, and his hair of dark chestnut color, being only curled a

> FORTY YEARS OF SERVICE. Remarkable and Honorable Military Career of Major General Howard.

With the exception of General Schofield, General Oliver Otis Howard, who retires o LONDON, Nov. 10 .- A dispatch to the Pall the 8th of November, is the last of the corps cummanders of the war now in active service It is said the powers have urged China to goes, officers will fill the great posts of the negotiate directly for a peace with Japan and army whose names do not awaken memories that they have secured Japan's promises to of distinguished service in the minds of the many who are not familiar with the records A Berlin dispatch says the Berlin admiralty of the rebellion. Howard was one of the has instructed the admiral commanding the great commanders just below the leaders, German squadron on the Chinese station to and when he and Schofield are both on the obey the orders of the British admiral in cer- retired list another link that unites us to the

last war will be broken. A Daily News dispatch from Paris says that | General Howard's life for much of the time of a European conference on the Chinese- the military academy was employed in active service. He was graduated at West HIROSHIMA, Japan, Nov. 10.-The cabinet Point in 1854, and was No. 4 in his class. Ininisters at their meeting yesterday dis- His first commission was that of brevet secsigned to duty at the Watervliet arsenal in New York. He remained at that post for

No official report of the occupation of Kin Ithow has yet been received here, although it is supposed that the town is in possession of the second Japanese army.

The Chinese telegraph line from Port Arthur to Tien-Tsin via Kin Chow has been put by order of the Japanese commander.

The British steamship Gaelic, from San Francisco for Yokohama and Hong Kong, which was selzed by the Japanese authorities on the ground that she was carrying contration. war of the rebellion broke out he resigned band of war, has been searched at Nagasaki. his commission in the regular army—then a CHEMULPO, Corea, Nov. 10.—Further first lieutenancy—to accept the commission of colonel in the Third regiment of Maine volunteers, Maine being his native state. Promotion was rapid in those days for the young officers of the regular army who acdent of the council of the state, who was appointed by Japanese influence, was assas-sinated on October 30. The anti-Japanese day of May, and he was in command of a brigade in Heintzelman's division at the bat-tle of Bull Run on the 21st of July. The personal bravary for which he has been dis-tinguished even above his fellow soldlers was amply displayed on this disastrous field. and so impressed the men of his own command that they presented him with a sword. On the 3d of September, 1861, he became a brigadier general of volunteers. Indeed, it was only for a few days at the very first of

volunteer service that he commanded any body of troops smaller than a brigade. He was stationed in the defenses of Washington, at one time under Casey, and at anunder Sumner, until the spring of Then he went with McClellan on his famous peninsula campaign, engaging in its various operations, busy with the un-loading of stores at Yorktown, and taking an important part in the battle of Fair Oaks, where he was twice wounded and lost his ight arm. He was not long absent from he front as an invalid, and even while onvalescing was busily employed raising ops in Maine. In September he was again the head of a brigade. This time it was California brigade attached to Sedg-

wick's division. As its commander he went through the northern Virginia campaign, and when it came to a disastrous end he vered the retreat of the army to Washing-n. He continued in command of the same brigade in the Maryland campaign of Sep-tember, 1862, and on the battlefield of Antietam succeeded to the command of the Second Division of the Second Corps, General Sedgwick having been disabled by

General Sedgwick having been disabled by wounds.

The city council has on hand at the present time a number of petitions to grade streets which have been held back until after the decision was rendered by the suprems court. They will now be taken up and acted upon in the near future.

In discussing the action of the suprems court yesterday morning Attorney J. H. Van Dusen, who instituted the proceedings under instructions from the South Omaha city of Gettysburg, that General Howard rendered his most conspicuous service during dred his must conspicuous a manufacture of petitions to grade streets which have been held back until after they were all spent, she begged forgiveness and her humband took her back. He took her to his mother, where she decision was rendered by the suprems court. They will now be taken up and acted upon in the near future.

In discussing the action of the supreme court yesterday morning Attorney J. H. Van Dusen, who instituted the proceedings under instructions from the South Omaha city who was the property at 322 North Tenth street, Since that time she have not set along the took her to his mother. North Tenth street, Since the took her to his mother, business and her humband took her back. He took her to his mother that the took her to his mother to his mother at the present time a number of petitions from the South Omaha city who was the property at 322 North Tenth street.

marched with Sherman to the sea. Before the expedition the army had plenty of fight-ing, and General Howard has his share of it. He was in the battles, among others, of Tunnel Hill, Rocky Face Ridge, Buzzard's Roost, Resaca, Kenesaw Mountain and Peach-tree Creek. He was at the slege of Atlanta. He was wounded at Pickett's Mill. In July, war. They could not, however, so humble their pride by appealing directly to Japan, but, casting about for some means of opening peace negotiations, hit upon the treaty with the United States in 1848. The very

made the head of the freedman's bureau, and plane, addling greatly to the enjoyment of for seven years he endeavored to do his duty all present. In the back parlor, which was for seven years he indexvored to do his duty by the unfortunate people who were suddenly of the occupation of Corea had little effect, there was no reason to suppose that a different result would follow an attempt to use our good offices in favor of China.

As already indicated our government was indisposed to co-operate directly with European nations in any effort to coerce either party to the war, and for this very reason we were independent intermediary in bringing. of corruption that came out of the war. The harpies who preyed on the national patrictism and cheated the nation's soldiers were not above swindling the freedman. In doing this they stained the name of General Howard for a time. He has fived that time down, however, and history will count him as a

rictim with his wards.

He took up the duties of the soldier once more in 1872, and from that time to 1881 he was almost constantly engaged in wars against bostile Indians. In 1881 he was

against hostile Indians. In 1881 he was made superintendent of the military academy at West Point. In 1882 he was assigned to the Department of the Platte. In 1886 he became major general, and in 1888 he took command of the Department of the Atlantic. This is a remarkable record, but, admirable as it is, it tells only one side of General Howard's character. He is a man of large human interests. His activities have stretched ont beyond his military life. He is known as a "Christian soldier," for he la possessed of the religious enthusiasms which marked the fighting mea of the religious wars, that nerved the arms and aroused the spirits of the Huguenots, the Paritans, and spirits of the Husuenots, the Paritans, and the Catholics, and that later were manifested by Havelock and Gordon. General Howard democratic simplicity has made him beloved, and his interest in public and social questions other than those relating to the army

friends among the officers and men whom he has commanded. "Triiby," \$1.10, at Chase & Eddy's.

Hammond Company Lets Contract for Rebuilding to a Local Firm.

WORK TO BE COMPLETED IN A FEW WEEKS

Supreme Court's Decision on Class of the City Generally Satisfactory-Pace Set In Society Circles Being Kept Up -Other Magie City News.

The G. H. Hammond company has let the contract to rebuild the recently burns says a writer in Harper's Weekly. When he beef house to a South Omaha contractor, and the job will be completed as rapidly as men can do the work. The contract reads that the work must be done within a few weeks. The building will cost in the neighborhood of \$125,000. The machinery that will be put in will be of the most modern pattern, and it will not be long before smoke will be puffing from the smoke stacks of the Hammond plant again.

All the rumors and talk about the company figuring on leaving this city is mere bosh. The Hammond plant is one of the best managed and most prosperous of any in the Magic City, and the owners are anxious to hurry up the rebuilding. fact that Mr. Holcomb is elected is not bothering the heads of the stockholders, who have found a prosperous field to operate a

packing industry in this locality. The rebuilding of the Hammond plant will dive employment to many South Omaha men, and it is quietly given out that even the larger contracts will go to men who either live in South Omaha or Omaha. The people of this city who have property in-terests here sympathize with the company and propose to lend whatever assistance they can in upbuilding the plant.

Decision that Will Cause Changes. The decision handed down by the supreme ourt Friday determining the class to

which the city of South Omaha belongs meets with general approval. In fact, it was exactly what the authorities had anticipated. The opinion makes South Omaha a city of the first class. The mayor and council have worked under this heading, however, for some time and matters in detail will be changed but little. When the present mayor and council took charge of the city affairs among the first laws made increased the pay of the city attorney, city clerk and city engineer. Under the old system, however, the pay of these officials was smaller, but each was allowed a deputy and other extras, which made the total greater than the ordinance passed by the new council, which cut off all expense except the direct salary. Immediately after the ordinance was passed the Taxpayers league took up the matter and secured an injunction restraining the payment of the increased salaries and claim-ing that this was a city of the second class. City Attorney Farnsworth took the matter to the supreme court and the decision was not rendered until yesterday.

More than \$10,000 have been paid in on the school tax levy, which was made under the declaration that this was a city of the second class. Only a small portion of this levy was paid under protest, so the property overlay was paid this tax are out just that wners who paid this tax are out just that amount of cash.

The decision will increase the number of members of the school board from six to nine and it is not unlikely that next May the charge for liquor licenses will be increased to \$1,000.

The school levy has already been made for this year by the county commissioners, but in the future it will have to be made by the nayor and council.

of Gettysburg, that General Howard rendered his most conspicuous service during the war. After the death of General Reynolds, on the first day, General Howard occupied Cemetery ridge, holding it as the key of the union position. His judgment was vindicated by the events of the 2d and 3d of July, and it was generally recognized that his foresight had contributed much to General Mende's victory. That officer gave General Howard due credit in orders, and congress thanked him by name in a resolution adopted January 28, 1864. In 1870 congress awarded him the medal of honor for General Howard due credit in orders, and congress thanked him by name in a resolution adopted January 28, 1864. In 1870 congress awarded him the medal of honor for "distinguished bravery at the battle of Fair Oaks, Virginia, June 1, 1862, leading the Sixty-first New York volunteer infinity in the charge across the enemy's line, where he was twice accretify wounded in the right arm, necessitating its amputation."

He left the army of the Potomac in the carly autumn of 1863, and, with the Eleventh corps, was transferred to the Army of the Cumberland. He participated in the movement for the relief of Knoxville and was with Grant at Lookout Mountain. Early in the spring of 1864 he was transferred to the command of the Fourth army corps and marched with Sherman to the sea. Before the expedition the army had plenty of fighting, and General Howard has his share of it. He was in the battles, among others, of is one of the first class. Had it done otherwise things would have been thrown in great confusion and the legality of large numbers of bonds hertofore insued brought in question." in question

In Magic City Society Circles

In social circles the past week has been quite a busy one. South Omaha is filled with talented and entertaining ladies and

motion to the rains of brighter general in the regular army. The rank was conferred upon the regular army. The rank was conferred upon at the door by upon him December 21, 1864. He took part in the operations and actions that followed the fall of Savannah, and that ended in the surrender of General Joseph E. Johnston at Durham Station, North Carolina, April 26, at Durham Station, North Carolina, April 26, when peace came General Haward was made the head of the freedman's bureau, and more thoughtlessly, hastily, and "into the brown." If, with our improved guns, we can secure commensurately improved fire control all will be well; but I do not think that the present fashion of isolating single guns and of shutting off guns' crews from Charles Moore of Papilion presided at the plane, adding greatly to the enjoyment of the eye of a commissioned officer conduces.

\*\*ANTI-CHRIST\*\*, Who must appear at the time of Our Lord's guns and of shutting off guns' crews from the eye of a commissioned officer conduces. fancily decorated in Japanese style and lighted with guy lanterns, refreshments were served by Miss Florence Smith and Miss Jesse Carpenter in Japanese costumes. The following guests were present: Meadames Householder, F. A. Crassey, R. C. Young, George Freuch, Joseph Sipe, J. B. Watkins, Geoch, W. E. Pickett, William Schrei, R. J. Montgomery, Schindel, J. W. Smith, R. L. Wheeler, Sturrock, D. L. Holmes, L. C. Gibson, A. L. Brainard, J. M. Tanner, B. F. Carpenter, Charles Ginder, C. H. Watts, H. E. Hogel, Irving P. Johnson, Honey, A. L. Lott, W. G. Sloau, R. Gilchrist, R. Maxwell, H. Meyers, J. C. Carley, J. H. Van Dusen, W. R. Sage, A. R. Kelley, Hade, C. M. Markey, A. L. Carpeney, W. B. Chesk, Ed. Mun. Jesse Carpenter in Japanese contumes. H. Meyers, J. C. Carley, J. H. Van Dusen, W. R. Sage, A. R. Kelley, Hade, C. M. Hunt, A. J. Caughey, W. B. Cheek, Ed Mun-shaw, C. G. Jaycox, L. J. Carpenter, Hyatt, Mayberry, Hall, Ewing, Moore; Misres Blanche Glasgow, Francs, Wood, Hattie Wood, Whiteley, Sage, Havens, Taylor, Ross, Hunt, Wyman, Erion and Davis.

On Wednesday night Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Gibson celebrated the sixth unniversary of their marriage by giving a dinner. Sever courses were served in elaborate form and the house was tastily decorated with chrysanthemums and roses. The evening was spent at cards.

On Friday evening a small company of friends gave Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Holmes a surprise party which was very much en-

A large number of South Omaha ladies who took an active part in the orphans' fair in Omaha and who contributed so largely to the success of the fair were given a reception at the orphanage on Thursday afternoon A luncheon was served for them and the visit to this worthy institution was muchas brought him nearer to the people than soldiers usually get. He has written and lectured. Among his books are Donald's School Days: Chief Joseph, or the Nez Perces in Peace and War; and General Taylor, He is an A. M. of Bowdoin college, and an LL.D. No one in the service has more attached. The Ellio Scala league gave a very sherically among the officers and me, where he residul party at Baurer's hall on Thursday.

essful party at Baurer's hall on Thursday

Any person having a society event which they desire to have published in the Sunday

A German Entertainment. Xandle Bauer, manager, of Bauer's concert hall, is always bringing out some interesting attraction for the Germans of South Omaha. He has built up the reputation of the hall to a first class standard, and on Sun-

traction he has yet introduced. In addition to his home talent company he announces the World's fair quartet. "Trocadero." These musicians were engaged in a Granany to play with the German Royal Infantry hand at the German village during the World's fair, and they have also traveled in Russ a. France, Austria, Switzerland and other foreign countries. After the entertainment these noted musicians will furnish music for a half

musicians will furnish music for a ball. Dashed Off a Few Lines.

Ed Erath, the genial manager of Otto Maurer's, is daily subjected to all sorts of attacks, but when he received a porm from his friend E. C. Thompson, one of the head which ran as follows, he men at Swift's w was ready to fight:

was ready to fight:

Tom Majors, Tom Majors, we thought you had got there,
But find your claims were based on unsubstantial air.

Now, please retire up Salt creek and put yourself in soak,
For all your backers on you bet and now they are dead broke.

No Fear from Smallpox.

It was reported on the streets last evening that two new cases of smallpox had developed. After a diligent search by a Bee reporter the rumor could not be verified. Rasmussen was removed yesterday from the Fourth ward to a house on the Elkhorn railroad, west, in an isolated spot. There is now no fear that the disease will spread in South Omaha. Many persons are being vacfinated as a precaution

Fined for Trespass. Antone Lucas, the man arrested on the harge of arson, which was afterwards reduced to tresspass, was taken before Judge Christmann and fined \$1 and costs. Lucas was at first suspected of starting the fire in the boxing building at the Hammond plant, but he easily proved an alibi. Lucas merely went to the plant early in the evening with a basket of bread for the workmen.

Marie City Gossin. Miss Coe Hunt is visiting friends in Lin-

J. H. Rudersdorf is smiling over the ar-rival of a new son at his home. Sidney White of the State university at Lincoln is the guest of W. Reed Dunroy.

Rev. R. L. Wheeler's topic this morn ing will be "Christianity's Attitude Toward the Weak and Weary," and in the evening. "Have You Received the Holy Ghost?" A false alarm of fire was sent in from

Swift's at 11 o'clock Friday night. It caused uite a commotion for a short time. Several hundred people rushed toward the plant but were soon turned back when the report was announced that the crossing of wires had caused all the excitement. Methodist Episcopal church, Twenty-third

and N streets: Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; preaching, 11 a. m.; class meeting, 12 m., led by C. W Smith. Funeral of R. H. Funeral of R. H. Griffith, 2 p. m. Epworth league meeting, 6:30 p. m. led by Nora M. Snider. Chautauqua vesper service, followed by an address on "Current Literature." 7:30 p. m. Quarterly conference, Mönday, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. The ladies of the church will serve oysters on Thursday from 5 to 9 p. m.

WIFE AND MONEY GONE.

Jack Vanplew Having Hard Luck in His Domestic Relations.

Jack Vanplew is in trouble again over his wife. Less than a years ago, she sold all the furniture in the hause and left her hus band. She took the proceeds with her, and The city council has on hand at the after they were all speak, she begged for-

quently Than Discreetly.

Modern gans on shipboard, with their great rapidity of fire and wonderful facilities for loading, according to the Nineteenth Century, bid fair to become almost as dangerous to their possessor and his friends as the traditional pistol in the hands of a small The guns are too fatally easy commanded the troops engaged in the battle of Ezra Church. For his guilantry in this action he was rewarded with a brevet major generalship in the regular army on March 13 1865. he act of firing will deprive him of ability to utilize another occasion for

effective shot The result is that in action, real or make

AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA Bee will confer a favor by teaving it at the fore, more attention might be advantaged by the state of the state geously directed.

> Short Police Stories. Henry Rotheln, who was wanted by the postal authorities for using the mails for lottery purposes, has been arrested by De

tective Hudson. The offense was committed the half to a first class standard, and on Sunday evening he announcie, the strongest at traction he has yet introduced. In addition to his home talent company he announces the World's fair quartet, "Trocadero." These musicians were engaged in a Granany to play

Thomas Wheeler, who was arrested several days ago for stealing two stoves from a North Twenty-fourth street hardware dealer.

waived examination in police court and was bound over to the district court in the sum

The Best Plaster. Dampen a piece of flannel with Chamber-sin's pain balm, and bind it ever the seat f pain. It is better than any plaster, When the lungs are sore such an application on the chest and another on the back, be-tween the shoulder blades, will often prevent pneumonia. There is nothing so good for a lame back or a pain in the side. A zore throat can nearly always be cured in one night by applying a flannel bandage dampened with pair balo ened with pain balm.

FASHION NOTES.

Muffs are smaller than those worn last inter and are faced inside with fur. Violets are decidedly anachronisms, be ey are fashionably used on both day and vening headwear.

stroke of twelve are in order for the debutantes of the coming winter. The very latest sealskin sleeve is a modern edition of the hishop variety, without the gathers at the wrist, where a parrow cuff

"Cinderella" dances that terminate on the

Steel is very much to the fore again, but except in the case of buttons it is usually ntermingled with either jet or gold and fre quently both.

The large collar imparts a distinct style to the waist, and looks very dressy when edged with guipure or Venetian point lace headed by a narrow line of pearl gimp. Chenille, with strands of satin threaded through it, forms a pretty braid of which hats and bonnets are made, and silk beaver eats are in evidence as the season ap proaches.

Pointed revers are seen on all of the fur oats and high rolling collars, which are a work of art in graceful curve and outline, making a most becoming frame for the face, in capes and coats alike.

Tight-fitting jackets are not very much worn. When they are used they will be of relvet, very voluminous of sleeve and very avish of trimming, long jet fringes being principally worn.

Haircloth bustles are advised by somdrassmakers to give the fashionable set out to the dress in the back. And a flexible whalebone called the "circlet" is used in the bottom of skirts to accentuate the width. Evening silks in the style of thirty years ago are the height of modern fashion. A plain color, yellow, rose or blue, is evere in the weaving with a delicate patern whic sembles honeycomb, and over this are caine flowers.

The gayety of scarlet or crimson learness of green and the solidity of dark lue, perhaps caressed into life by a touch of vivid orange, make them commendable to the neutral-tinted days of winter.

Hats are enormous, and a shape called the Jam pot" crown, which rises from a breac orim, has reappeared. This is encircled by a band of thine stones or cut steel in a key attern, and satin rosettes, roses and violet

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S THEATRE 3 NIGHTS And Saturday NOV. 15

**NEIL EURGESS'** COMEDY COMPANY.

No Dead Heats! No Muddy Tracks! See Cold Molasses win the race! sual prices. Sale of seats opens Wednesday

15TH ST. THEATRE POPULAR PRICES. Telephone 1531. PRICES.
of Nov. 11, commencing Sanday Matinee.

Albini's Ly don Enpi e Estertainer,

of Cards ALBINI The Incomparible EVERY ARTIST A STAR. -Week of Nov. 18: 'On the Suwan

Douglas St. Variety Theatre Show 8 to 12 Every Night.

MULDOON'S PICNIC 25 All Star Variety Artists 25 ADMISSION IOC.

Sunday Night, Nov. 11, at 8 P. M.

A LECTURE,

# annummen.

Gentlemen!

A Profitable Inducement

to You,

Reduced Prices

For First-Class Tailoring.

N order to keep our many tailors busy during the monthwe're going to ask you to share profits with us. - In fact, we'll give you the "long end" of them.

It's our way of building up trade.

It's our way of making new friends.

Thousands of intelligent buyers-have yet to hear of our moderate prices for first-class tailoring.

It's folly to think-that in order to be well dressedyou must pay from \$40 to \$50 for a suit-or \$10 to \$12 for

# Times have changed!

You've a right to expect more for your money-

We concede this - and regulate our prices accord-

Trousers—to-order

\$5-\$6-\$7-\$3

Suits-to-order

\$20-\$25-\$28

Overcoats-to-order

\$18-\$20-\$25

The prices have no meaning-until you see the goods alongside.

We can't afford to offer our large and increasing trade -a mean style-poor quality-or imperfect work-besidesif you're not satisfied you get your money back-Can you ask for more?

Shoddy has no place in Nicoll's Stores.

-Samples Upon

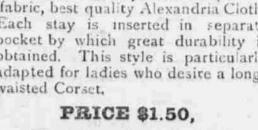
NICOLL Request-TAILOR.

South 207 15th St.

# Mrs. J. Benson,

# ARISTON,

We wish to call attention to this new style of Corset, made after latest Paris improved shape. It is made of single fabric, best quality Alexandria Cloth.



Takes the place of the heavy

Loomer's Steam Moulded, Steel Filled Corset.

Each stay is inserted in separate pocket by which great durability is obtained. This style is particularly adapted for ladies who desire a longwaisted Corset.

steel fill goods and if it does not give satisfaction bring it back and get your money, whether it is worn much or little-Price \$1.50.