

CHE-FOO HAS BEEN CAPTURED

Dispatch to the London Times Reaffirms the Previous Statement.

TROOPS LANDED NEAR PORT ARTHUR

second Japanese Army Advancing Toward Mookden and the Chinese Are Reported to Be in a State of Panic.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—A dispatch to the Times from Yokohama, repeats the report of the capture of the Che-foo and the landing of Japanese troops at Tarsacada, near Port Arthur.

Under date of October 1, a correspondent at Tien-tsin cables that 5,000 Japanese troops are marching from the Japanese force at Runchen, nine miles north of the boundary. Assaults on foreigners at Peking are increasing in frequency and gravity.

The Times, in its financial article this morning, says a definite denial of any proposal to raise a Japanese loan has been received in this city.

The Standard publishes a letter from Peking stating that Li Hung Chang's nephew, Li Chang Shen, the late, and Yuan Kai-shan, are charged with selling 250,000 piculs of Chinese rice to Japan in the early part of the year.

The Chinese have blockaded the mouth of the river Min, leading up to Foo-chow, and vessels bound for that port must now discharge their cargoes at other ports.

FACTS AND TALK ABOUT THE WAR

Japanese Aggression and Chinese Insurrection—French War Ships Sent Out.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 9.—The advance guard of the Japanese army has crossed the Yalu river and formed a new camp. A battle is believed to be imminent.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—A dispatch from Shanghai says rumors are current there that a rebellion has broken out in the district of Jehol, in the province of Chi-li, the object of the rebellion being to overthrow the Manchu dynasty.

PARIS, Oct. 9.—It is semi-officially stated that the French government has concluded by virtue of an international agreement with Russia, Great Britain, Germany and France have already agreed.

BERLIN, Oct. 9.—The Cologne Gazette's correspondent, at St. Petersburg telegraphs that for the purpose of checking the depredations of the Chinese marauders the Russian government has decreed to send to the frontier five battalions of Siberian troops.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—A Berlin cablegram was received by Acting Secretary Uhl today from United States Consul Jermain at Shanghai, China, stating that the two Japanese students who were arrested here in September on a charge of being spies and who were reported to have been beheaded, are alive and being treated.

BERLIN, Oct. 9.—The Associated press learns on Oct. 9 that the Chinese troops in power are acting in harmony. They do not intend to permit the integrity of Korea to be disturbed and will actively enforce this decision should Japan attempt a permanent occupation of the peninsula.

RELIGIOUS BILL Passes the Diet. BUDAPEST, Oct. 9.—In the Hungarian Diet, a bill was passed dealing with the religion of children of mixed marriages was finally adopted.

DEATH OF A NONCONFORMIST. LONDON, Oct. 9.—The Rev. Dr. Gray, formerly secretary of state for the colonies, died.

GERMAN SOCIAL PARTY. BERLIN, Oct. 9.—An anti-Semite congress was held at Eisenach Sunday, attended by 150 delegates from various associations throughout Germany.

BLEW UP THE BARRACKS. GRANADA, Nicaragua, Oct. 9.—A terrible catastrophe has occurred here. The military barracks have been blown up and a whole quarter of the city has been badly shrouded. The number of dead is estimated at 200. The number of wounded is much greater, but no exact estimate is obtainable.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The steamer Adromach, from South America, brings news that affairs in Colombia are in very much disturbed condition. Since President Dr. Rafael Marez died there are two political factions fighting for supremacy and a revolution is expected to break out.

PLANNING FOR NEW CABLES. PARIS, Oct. 9.—At a cabinet council today the plans for a cable from Brest to New York and for a cable from Havre to New York were examined.

UNITED STATES WAR SHIPS TO VISIT TONKIN. PARIS, Oct. 9.—Lieutenant R. P. Rogers, the naval attaché at the United States embassy here, replying to a question as to the truth of the report that a squadron of United States war vessels is to visit Tonkin, said that if such was the case the visit would probably take place during the winter.

WORLD'S FAIR MEDALS DELAYED.

Numerous Complaints of German Exhibitors are Being Received.

BERLIN, Oct. 9.—The correspondent of the Associated press is informed that much annoyance is felt in government circles here from the unreasonable delay of the Washington bureau in transmitting to this country the awards made to German exhibitors at the Chicago World's fair.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The attention of the treasury officials was today called to the reports from Berlin, stating that German exhibitors at the Chicago World's fair were much annoyed at the delay in issuing the medals and diplomas.

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ONE HONEST MAN IN GOVERNMENT

New York Alderman Discovered Who Refused to Accept a Bribe.

Witnesses Have Very Poor Memories. Steamship Agent Testifies to Paying Money to the Police, but Cannot Remember Who They Were—Books and Papers Sent to France.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The Lexow police investigating committee resumed work today. Among the crowd that gathered early in the court room were several police captains whose faces had not been seen there before.

A host of fresh witnesses was also on hand, including a man who had wanted to be a policeman and was studied in the attempt, an iron moulder who says he was robbed by a policeman, and an amateur detective who will have to say about scandal in the Essex Market police court.

Warden Ledwith of the police court prison told the committee about certain abuses in those institutions which he was investigating.

Agent Forget of the French steamship line testified that his company paid the police for extra services. The policeman on the pier was paid \$10 a week and \$500 went to other police officials.

One of the company's books, which was produced, showed that in November, 1891, \$100 had been paid for "special surveillance on the pier." Mr. Forget could not remember to whom the money was paid.

Mr. Forget testified that he had been removed from the pier because he refused to work with the captain the money he received from the company. Degan was present in court and Mr. Forget identified him.

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REGENCY FOR RUSSIA SUGGESTED.

Hope to Save the Czar's Life by Relieving Him of His Crown.

BERLIN, Oct. 9.—In view of the reports that the czar is being attacked by the disease, the correspondent of the Associated press in this city has had another interview with Prof. Leyden, the distinguished specialist, who was recently in attendance upon the emperor of Russia at Spala.

The professor in substance said: "The czar has a powerful constitution and still weighs 200 pounds, though he has lost much flesh since January, and he should be able to make a good fight against the disease."

Prof. Leyden was asked if he thought the czar would recover, replied: "With favorable climatic influences, as at Corfu, or the island of Madeira if the weather at Corfu is not found to be favorable, and without unforeseen complications, he may recover. The illness of the czar is not a simple one, but a complicated one, and his principal trouble is a granulated catarrh of the kidneys in which the kidneys become hard and change tissue, besides being subject to atrophy. This is accompanied by hypertrophy of the heart, resulting from the enlargement of muscular tissue. This latter leads to breathing difficulty and is often very painful, the spasms being complicated by fits of unconsciousness. The patient is unable to walk, and is very droopy whatever. Diabetes in the preliminary stage has declared itself, but it is merely symptomatic and an accompaniment of the main disease, and is not a danger, this malady frequently results in partial or entire paralysis. Thus far, however, there does not appear to be any immediate danger of death."

Prof. Leyden was then questioned in regard to the manner in which the czar's cure should be attempted. He said: "The most important thing is to get the czar out of mental worry, and on this point the czar has been found to be exceedingly difficult to convince. The patient should also have plenty of sleep and food and his digestive condition should be regular. This with open air exercise and good climatic conditions is all that is necessary to effect a cure."

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EXPLOSION OF MINE DUST

Miners Were Changing Shifts or the Fatalities Would Have Been Greater.

ONE KILLED AND THREE FATALLY INJURED. Ten More Seriously Hurt—Many Were Thrown Down and Severely Scalded—Men Were in the Gangways When the Explosion Occurred.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 9.—A special to the Post-Intelligencer from Newcastle, Wash., says: A dust explosion occurred in breast 35 of the fifth level east of the Oregon Improvement company's mine at 3 o'clock, with the result that one miner was killed and ten are seriously hurt, two probably fatally.

The seriously injured are: George Dobson, Thomas Pitts, Max King, David Powell, Moses Harold, colored; W. H. Hughes, colored; Jack Paulson and Albert Jennings. Others were burned, and some who were knocked down by the force of the explosion are more or less injured.

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SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 9.—One workman is dead, four others are enclosed in the mine with all avenues of escape cut off, and the most disastrous mine fire ever known in the west has broken out in the Newcastle mine. The fire started in the alleyway of No. 1 shaft about 10 o'clock last night.

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