CRISIS FAST APPROACHING

Mikado's Men Must Capture Peking Soon or Temporarily Retire.

IAPS CANNOT STAND A CHINESE WINTER

Jack Frost Comes to the Rescue of John Chinaman-Cold Weather Sets in There the Middle of October and is Very Severe.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8 .- The crisis of the China-Japan war is looked for within the next ten days or two weeks by those most interested and best informed on the contest. The legations of the two countries are expecting daily to hear that the decisive battle has been fought. This is based on the fact that the Japanese have been gradually closing in around Peking, and the invading army is compelled by force of circumstances to strike its blow at once or not at all. The intense cold which comes on about the middle of October makes this imperative. The Japanese climate is very mild even in winter and the Japanese troops are wholly unprepared for the rigorous climate about Peking, which is due within two weeks. The Chinese look upon this as one of their defenses and the Japanese fully appreciate that it compels them to concentrate their campaign for this year into the next few weeks, and, if possi ble, days. For that reason they are expected to make heroic efforts to decide the contest at once. They are without heavy clothing camp equipment, etc., for a campaign in the

JAPS MOVING SLOWLY.

Latest Advices as to the Progress of the Oriental War. LONDON, Oct. 8 .- A dispatch to the Times from Tien-Tsin dated Saturday says the Japanese are pursuing the campaign toward

Moukden cautiously and are avoiding any dashing enterprises. Their cruisers are closely watching the Chinese fleet in the Gulf of Pe-Chl-Li. The dispatch adds that fugltives from Ping-Yang describe the Japanese tactics as most scientific, while their weapons are perfect.

On the other hand, the Chinese operations are said to be conducted in an antiquated fashion and there is considerable disagreement among the Chinese generals. The Japanese are gaining the sympathy of the Corean people by paying for their supplies and maintaining strict discipline. The dispatch concludes with the statement that the admiral of the French

fleet has arrived. A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin says the negotiations of the powers with the United States, with a view to the joint protection of their subjects in China, are said to be much advanced by the Anglo-French agreement on the subject and a general en-tente may shortly be expected. The dispatch further says Austria has entrusted the protec-

tion of her subjects in China to Germany,
A Times Berlin dispatch says the negotiations mentioned by the Cologne Gazette looking to the adoption of joint measures by Great Britain, Germany and other powers for the protection of their subjects in China are quite distinct from any eventual interference between the belligerents with a view to limiting the duration or area of hostilities. Ger-many's commercial interests in China and Japan are second only to Great Britain's.

The Japanese government has instructed Field Marshai Yamaga to inform the diplomats at Seoul that he will not allow the Japanese army to plunder Peking in case that city is taken. This assurance will ably induce the diplomats to stay in Peking even should the emperor leave the capitol. They will, at any rate, attempt to negotiate a peace by asking Japan to be moderate in her demands. The emperor's palace in Pe-king is now guarded by Manchu troops only, The Japanese army advancing on Peking is said to have many Coreans in its ranks. The recent statement that American entered the Japanese army has been rectified. It now appears General Ruggles of the American general staff and several American officers were readily per mitted by the Japanese government to follow the campaign, but solely as spectators.

dent of the Tsung Li Vamen and the admiralty to whom has been entrusted the war with Japan, remains in Peking, where he occupied with providing defenses for the capital. Vicercy Li Hung Chang has sent another army of 8,900 well drilled men into Peking. Four thousand rifles were landed at Taku from a Hamburg steamer last week, A dispatch from Chefoo to the Pall Mail Gazette this afternoon says: The British and Russian ministers, Mr. N. R. O'Connor and the Count Cassini, started for Peking yesterday. The object of their visit to the capital is not known. The dispatch adds that all the women and children belonging to foreigners

A dispatch sent from Shanghai says that

Prince Kongs, the emperor's uncle, new presi-

have left Peking for places of safety.

A dispatch from Shanghai today says that Sheng, the Taotai, or district magistrate of Tien Tsin, whose disgrace and flight have already been reported, had bought from Germany 300,000 discarded rifles, for which have already to the south and charged the governhe paid 2 taels each and charged the govern-ment 9 taels. He also bought a large quantity of cartridges, which were found to

Li Hung Chang discovered the fraud and aummoned Sheng to him. which followed Li Hung Chang is said to have slapped Sheng's face. Sheng later made an application for a leave of absence on the plea that he was ill, and the leave was granted. The report of an insurrection at Jehol, the seat of one of the imperial palaces and about 120 miles from Peking, is apparently unconfirmed.

English Press Eulogies.

LONDON, Oct. 8.-The afternoon papers publish sympathetic articles on the death of Oliver Wendell Holmes. The Westminster Gazette says: "His death is one of those literary losses which will be felt as a per-sonal one right across the broad lands and

seas where English is spoken."

The Globe says: "It is no exaggeration to say that the news will be received by the English speaking people throughout the world with a feeling of almost personal bereavement. He was among those few authors who eadear themselves to their readers by winning love before admiration."

Foreigners Advised to Leave Peking. NEW YORK, Oct. S .-- A Snanghai dispatch via London says: United States Minister Denby warned the American residents of Peking that the city is certain to be attacked by the Japanese, and he advised that women and children be sent at once to places of safety. Already many of the wealthier na-

tives are departing, and many others are making preparations to follow their example. They Are Not in a Resigning Mood. BERLIN, Oct. 8 .- Count Eulenberg, president of the Prussian ministerial council, will

be received by Emperer William directly after his majesty returns to Berlin. There is no truth in the rumor that Chancellor von Caprivi or Count Eulenberg will resign. New French Senator. PARIS, Oct. 8 .- M. Pierre Marie Waldrell-

Rouseau, formerly minister of the interior in the Cambetta cabinet and later holding the same position in the Ferry cabinet, has been elected senator for the Department of

Russia Sending War Ships.
CRONSTADT, Oct. 8.—The Russian eruisers Djigit and Viadimir Lonomach have

been ordered to proceed to the far east. TIEN TSIN, Oct. 8 .- The steamer Wenchow reports having spoken seven Japaneze

war ships on Sunday. Some were ten miles south and others were northeast of the promontory. The Japanese were inquiring about the movements of the Chinese southern

DOES NOT WANT THE ISLAND.

France's Supposed Hunger for Madagascar -Estimate of Coming Danger. PARIS, Oct. 8.-The Figure today throws

sold water upon the reported intention of France to annex the island of Madagascar, saying that "the result obtained since 1885 is not brilliant and scarcely sufficient to make us desire to annex the Island. The heavy expenses of the annexation can easily be foreseen, whereas the advantages are very problematical."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8 .- The authorities here do not consider the Madagascar question, which looked so ominous during the last week, as settled, but merely postponed until the latter part of this month. The French official who has been authorized to take summary steps to maintain France's position in Madagascar will not arrive there until October 15. The recent flurry was due to his departure from Paris, but it will be when he arrives at his destination and begins the execution of his vigorous policy that the real contest between France and Great Britain may be expected to arise. Semi-official advices received here are to the effect that the new French official is directed to close the long contention by asserting the rights of France and then backing them up with force. To this end 2,000 French troops will soon follow the official. It is believed, therefore, that while the recent announcement that France had blockaded Madagascar ports was premature, it foreshadows stirring events in Madagascar as soon as the French envoy reaches there.

PARNELL'S MEMORY HONORED.

Procession at Dublin in Commemoration of

His Death Largest on Record. DUBLIN, Oct. 8 .- The procession in com nemoration of the death of Charles Stewart Parnell was the largest on record. In the line were political societies from all parts of the country, every county in Ireland being represented. Timothy Harrington, M. P., who organized the procession, Mr Parnell's brother and sister, John and William Redmond, and many other Parnellite members of the House of Commons, the lord mayor of Dublin, the mayor of Cork and a portion of the corpora-tions of both cities in their robes of office took part in the parade. Over fifty bands were in line. The streets were so packed with spec-tators that it was difficult for the procession At Glasnevin cemetery the paraders de-

At Glassevin cemetery the paraders de-posited hundreds of beautiful wreaths on Parnell's grave. A feature of the day was the thousands of women who wore ivy leaves on their breasts or in their hair.

CZAR SUDDENLY WORSE.

Prayers for His Recovery Ordered-Officials

Hurrying to His Bedside. BRESLAU, Oct. 8,-The Schlossische Zeltung publishes a dispatch from St. Petersburg, which says that a sudden change for the worse has taken place in the condition of the czar.

The dispatch adds that the minister of war has ordered prayers for the preservation of the life of the exar to be offered up in all the garrison and regimental churches.

This order is said to be due to a telegram received direct from Lividia and stating that the czar's illness has taken a disquieting turn. Fainting fits are reported to have supervened and to have rendered an opera-tion immediately necessary.

In conclusion it is stated that the court dignitaries and other high Russian officials have hurriedly started for Lividia.

ANOTHER SCARE IN ENGLAND.

don from His Country Home. LONDON, Oct. 8 .- The prime minister, Lord Rosebery, has returned here from Dalmeny park. Scotland, where he only arrived

on Saturday last. At 12:30 today there was no change in the price of consols as compared with Saturday's closing.

ciated press is informed has no political significance. The premier is said to be simply enrouse to his seat at Epson. BERLIN, Oct. 8.—The bourse today was weak on the news of Lord Rosebery's sud-den return to London from Scotland. Anarchists Becoming Active Again.

MILAN, Oct. 8.-There has been a renewal of anarchistic activity here. An infernal machine has been found upon the windowsill of the police barracks. A lighted fuse was attached to the machine. Happily the fuse was extinguished before an explosion oc-Several arrests have been made as

ROME, Oct. 8.—The police, it is said, have discovered an anarchistic plot extending over the whole of Italy and organized by Albany,

Must Raise the Price of Wheat. LONDON, Oct. 8 .- The Times in a leader discussing the condition of wheat growing in America, as reported by the Agricultural board, says the American farmer must endeavor to raise prices or abandon wheat growing. American rallways and steamers will some day rease to carry his wheat for almost nothing. It is reasonable to regard the present price of wheat as eccentric, tran-sient, phenomenal. The return of prices to their natural level will be assisted by the abundance of gold promised by new discover

LONDON, Oct. 8 .- A dispatch from Johan nesburg to the Pall Mall Gazette says that the report is current there that the inhabof Lourenzo Marquez, Delagon bay, rants of Lourenzo Marquez, Deiagon bay, are in fear of an immediate attack on the part of the Kaffirs. The hostile Mohazul's are now said to be within a mile of the town. All the stores are reported closed and everybody capable of bearing arms has been ordered to take part in the defense. All the barricades have been strengthened.

Lourenzo Marquez Re dy for Attack

Spain and Her Fractions Colony. LONDON, Oct. 8 .- A Standard dispatch from Madrid says the government has arranged with the Bank of Spain for an advance of 10,000,000 posos in Spanish silver dollars to replace Mexican dollars which will be withdrawn from circulation in Porto Rico. A new governor general will be sent to Porto Rico to replace Lieutenant General Daben. These measures are intended to pacify the

discontented colonists. Tin Plate Men Want Their Men Back. LONDON, Oct. 8 .- The Exchange Telegraph company says that in order to get back the British tin plate makers who went to America the Welsh manufacturers in addition to guaranteeing the work promise to pay their fares home.

Much Ado About Nothing. BERLIN, Oct. 8 .- The arrest of noncommissioned officers of the gunnery school, which caused such a great sensation, proved to have been a rather trivial affair. Only two

men appear to have been guilty of insubor-

Predicted Carnot's Murder. LONDON, Oct. 8 .- A dispatch from Paris to the Times says Charles Vernal, an anarchist, has been arrested at Lodive, Department of Herault. He predicted the murder

Spanish Minister to Venezaela MADRID, Oct. 8. Senor Ori, secretary of the Spanish legation in London, has been ap-pointed Spanish minister to Venezuela.

of President Carnot a month before it oc

Sir W. Barcourt in Venice. VENICE, Oct. 8 .- Sir William Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer of

QUIT THE UNION OR BE FIRED

Notice Has Been Served on the Men by the Reading Road.

APPEAL TO THE COURT FOR PROTECTION

United States Court Asked to Pass on the Rights of the Company Over the Men -Brotherhood of Trainmen Affected

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 8.—The case of the Reading railroad employes who are members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, against the receivers of the company, which was brought before the United States circuit court on Friday, was continued today before Judge Dallas, and after a brief argument, was postponed until Friday of this

Associated with William P. Montague, counsel for the employes, who presented the case last week, are W. A. Day of Washington. Martin McAipin of Kansas City and Francis Rawle of this city.

Counsel for the employes presented a petition signed by Stephen E. Wilkinson of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen of Illinois, Thomas McDermott and George H. Rupple as employes of the Reading Railroad company. The petition sets forth that there are 130 members of the organization, a majority of whom have been members seven years. On the 15th of August of this year the members were notified by Superintendent Swelgard that they would have to renounce their allegiance to the Brotherhood of Trainmen before October 8 or be discharged from the employ of the company. Later, on September 3, they were further notified that they must surrender the charter of the organization or every member would be dismissed. Superintendent Sweigard stated that he was simply carrying out the wishes of his

superiors.

Counsel for the Reading company, in answer to the petition, stated that on October 1, 1894, George H. Rupple made application for a position, and in answer to the customary questions, denied being a member of any labor organization, which was willful falsehood. Counsel for the employes then dropped Rupple's case. In answer to McDermott, counsel for the company stated they would retain him in the employ of the Reading company. Counsel for the employes then asked Judge Dallas to allow the case to reasked Judge Dallas to allow the case to re-main in statu quo and instruct the receivers not to dismiss any employes until the case was brought up on Friday. But this Judge Dallaa refused to do. An intervening petition signed by Levi Hicks, another employe, was then read, and counsel for the Reading company asked that they be given until Friday. day to answer, which was granted by the judge, though bitterly opposed by counsel for the employes. In Wikinson's case Judge Dallas decided that he being a resident of Illinois, had no standing in the court, and the petition of the three men was thus dis-posed of. The petition to be heard Friday is that of Hicks.

In addressing the court in behalf of the employes, Attorney Rawie stated that it was a criminal offense in New York, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, California and other states to discharge men who were members of labor organizations without just cause. He also referred to Judge Caldwell's opinion in the Union Pacific labor troubles, and Judge Har-lan's recent decision in the Northern Pacific strike in favor of the right of workingmen

PRINTERS IN SESSION.

Forty-Second Convention of the Typographical Union at Louisville

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 8 .- The forty-second convention of the International Typographical union opened this morning at Odd Fellows ball. Mr. W. B. Prescott of Indianapolis president of the International Typographical mion, called the convention to order. Dr T. G. Eaton opened the convention with prayer. Mayor Taylor delivered an address of welcome to the visitors. Colonel R. M Kelly, editor of the Commercial, welcomed the "typos" on behalf of the press, and Mr Boies, president of the local typographical union, responded on behalf of the union.

President Prescott, in his annual report stated that the membership of the organization had increased during the past year by over 1,000, exclusive of 1,000 German speak-ing printers, who affiliated in accordance with the agreement approved by the plebis-cite. Nearly every principal city in the country is represented by the new charter issued. Financially the union is in excellent shape, the general fund continuing to accumulate. Despite the prevailing conditions, the eccepts have more than equaled expendi-ures. Reference is made to the failure of he Indianapolis bank, in which the funds of the union were deposited, and it is figured that after the final dividend has been declared the union will sustain a net loss of about \$12,000. With the idea of reducing this amount suit has been instituted against the directors as individuals. The report deals with the pressmen's imbroglio, with the condition of the Printers home at Colorado Springs and with the introduction of shorter hours. The report refers to the defeat last year of the proposition of making nine hours a day's work, and continues: "It is evident that the causes which go to make shorter hours such a necessity at this time also serve to impart hope to the opposition and should warn us that adequate preparation is more necessary than ever. In a business where the profits are not usually inordinate and in which the cost of the material and rent are such result for the profits. such potent factors in the cost of production, it is futile to suppose that employers will make a change so long as there is a seeming opportunity for successful resistance. There-fore it will be a duty to formulate some plan for submission to the membership which con-tains as a pre-requisite to the adoption of a shorter work day a means for accumulating a large fund for the purpose of prosecuting the fight. The most cursory observer of recent events in the labor world must be convinced that to overlook this most essentia feature will be a prelude to a worse state than the existing one. Though the industrial outlook is not an encouraging one just now, yet this is the proper time to make preparaand prepare for the fray."

The first business was the reception of the

ion. Now is the time to buckle on our armor report of the law committee. The union, by a vote of seventy-five to twenty-five, refused to extend the terms of the officers from one year to two years, as recommended by the president. It also refused to change the annual meeting to biennial meetings, as recommended by the president and committee n laws. When the question of changing the law making the death benefit \$60 instead of \$50, as at present, came up, a long disucssion ensued. The union finally voting against the

12:30 the convention adjourned until Tuesday morning out of respect to the mam-ory of George W. Childs and Anthony J

This afternoon at 2:30 there was a street rais afternoon at 2:30 there was a street parade, in which the oldest member of the union, in the person of Mr. James R. Watson of this city, took part. Mr. Watson is 82 years of age. The parade will be followed by an entertainment provided for the visitors at Music hall. Tomorrow the work of the convention proper will begin, but the election of officers will not come up before Thursday. officers will not come up before Thursday.

Strike on the New York Tribune. NEW YORK, Oct. 8.- The compositors employed by the Tribune, all of whom are members of Typographical union No. 6, went out on a strike tonight. For the last two years this composing room has been operated under the laws of the International Typographical union. The Tribuse stereotyping and press room departments, however, are under the laws of the Knights of Labor. Today it appears, "Big 6" passed a resolution per-

emptority demanding they dismiss

Knights of Labor men and employ International Typographical union men in these two departments. This request was refused.

Opening Wyoming Iron Mills. CHEYENNE, Oct. 8.—(Special Telegram.)

A representative of the Denver and Pueblo smelters has made a proposition to smelters has made a proposition to the owners of three of the iron mines at Hartville, seventy-five miles north of Cheyenne. They propose taking out 100 tons of ore a day, paying the owners of the mines 10 cents a ton royalty on the output. The ore will be used for fluxing purposes in the reduction of gold and silver ores. If the proposition is accepted about seventy-five men will be given employment and a spur fourteen miles long will probably be built from Badger on the Cheyenne & Northern to the mines.

DEATH WAS UNEXPECTED.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes Died While Chatting with His Son.
BOSTON, Oct. 8.—The residence of the late Dr. Oliver Wendell Halmes is closed to all visitors today. From a nephew of Dr. Holmes today the Associated press learned that the poet was sitting in his study in his easy chair, chatting with his son, Judge Holmes, when death came upon him with-Holmes, when death came upon him without a moment's notice. He died at 1:30 p.
m. No one but Judge Holmes, his wife and
his servants were in the house. Dr. Holmes
had passed a perfect summer, as far as
health was concerned, and only returned
a short time ago from his summer home
in Beverly to his Heacon street residence.
He had been suffering for a week from a
bad cold, and his death was entirely unexpected, even by the nearest members of his
family. Messages of sympathy from all
over the country have been received today
and many callers have left cards at the
house, The funeral will be Wednesday noon
at King's chapel, and the services will be house. The funeral will be Wednesday noon at King's chapel, and the services will be conducted by Dr. Edward Everett Hale, a lifelong friend of Dr. Holmes. Interment will be, in the Jackson iot at Mount Auburn. The pallbearers will be members of the family.

Funeral of Governor Curtin-BELLEFONTE, Pa., Oct. 8.-The arrange ments for the funeral of ex-Governor Curtin have been made and are as follows: Public have been made and are as follows: Public meeting of citizens and Bar association at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, body to lie in state in the court house from 12 to 1:30 o'clock, funeral service at 2 o'clock. The honorary pail bearers will be Governor Pattison, Hon. John Dean, Hon. John Scott, ex-Senator Wallace, General Beaver, General Hastings, General Taylor of Philadelphia, Colonel A. K. McClure, Colonel W. B. Mann of Philadelphia, J. N. Furst, John Collins and E. C. Humes. The active pall bearers will be four members of the Pennsylvania Reserve association, four of the Soldiers' Orphans' organization and four members of the Grand Army.

CAPTAIN VASE COURT MARTIAL. Story of the Explosion of the Calsson at

Evanston. i LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Oct. 8.—Captain Wallace F. Randell, Third artiflery, was the first witness called. He told in detail of the explosion on the lake front; at Chicago and of the condemning of the shrapnel and the order issued for discontinuing its use. He told of being near at the second explosion in Captain Vase's battery at Evanston and of

Captain Vase's battery at Evanston and of the terrible noise it made. He thought some men had been blown up, but on investigation he found that it was wadding and pieces of the gun. He told of inding the condemned ammunition in Captain Vase's battery after the explosion and of the risk run in having it about. Colonel Hyde of General Miles staff was the next and last witness of the day. He told of the two explosions and of the order against having the condemned shrapnel around, corroborating the story of Captain Randali. He also told of the investigation that followed and of Captain Vase saying that he had forgotten about the order when he made an explanation of the affair. His testimony closed the presecution. Captain Vase will testify in his own behalf tomorrow.

Captain P. H. Ray Acquitted. LANDERS, Wyo., Oct. 8 .- (Special Telegram.)-The preliminary examination of Captain P. H. Ray, acting United States Indian agent, was continued today at 10 a. m. The arguments of the case were set for 7 o'clock and concluded at 9, when Justice Farlow dismissed the complaints. The court room was crowded and the people demand a grand jury investigation.

N. K. GRIGGS ON HOWGATE'S LAND. Denies that He Personally Dealt with or Alded the Defaulter.
DEADWOOD, S. D., Oct. \$.—(Special Telegram.)—The attention of Hon. N. K. Griggs

one of the attorneys of the Burlington Rail company, new in charge of the Black Hitls division, was called today to the artile published in The Omnha Bee connecting his name with Captain Howsate and the alleged investment of funds in Florida lands. Mr. Griggs said that he did not understand the papers mentioned to intimate that he personally had anything to do with Captain Howgate or the lands in question, but that he knew that some other Beatrice attorney had harbored the captain and acted as his trustee in the alleged Florida investments. He said, however, that as some might think that he was the party implicated with Howgate, he thought it but just to himself and his friends that he should say that he never in his life saw Howgate, nor was he ever nt his house in Beatrice or elsewhere, never had any communication or business relations with Howgate, directly or indirectly; never had or controlled a dollar of the Howgate funds; never bought or controlled, either directly or indirectly, for Howgate or any other person any Florida land, and has not been in Florida for over twenty years. his name with Captain Howgate and the person any Florida land, and has n Florida for over twenty years.

SUIT TO PROTECT STOCK.

Application Made for a Beceivership of a

Lumber Company. ST. PAUL, Oct. 8 .- Suit has been brought a the United States district court for the appointment of a receiver for the Minnesota and Ontario Lumber company, of which Dennis Ryan is president and R. B. Calusha cretary. The allegations in the complaint, which is subscribed to by Stephen Douglass Ryan of Dubuque, are sensational in character and the suit is brought to protect an investment of \$140,000 alleged to have been made by the complainant in the stock of he company.

The complainant avers that Dennis Ryan has sold timber belonging to the corporation valued at \$100,000, of which, it is alieged, there has been no accounting. Dennis Ryan says that the defense has a strong

FIREMAN BURLED IN A WRECK.

matter.

that will put a different light on the

Passengers' Miraculous Essape - Bridge Sawn by Traingreekers.
MILWAUKEE, Oct. S.-A special to the Wisconsin from Temahawk, Wis., trainwreckers sawed the supporting timbers of the Soo railway bridge at Tomahawk junction and the westbound train was wrecked. The engine plunged into Tomahawk river. The body of the fireman is buried under the engine. The engineer had his two legs broken. No passengers were intered.

Pullman Company Denies the Charges. CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—A plea was filed today n the circuit court before Judge Gibbons in behalf of the Pullman Palace Car company in defense of the qua wattanto proceedings begun by Attorney Germani Maloney. It decises the charges that the company is exceedings its rights in doing business not provided for by its charter? The time allowed for filing the plea expired today.

Mr. Maloney said he would probably make a demurrer to the plea if given time to look it over, and as the Pullman counsel agreed to that and furnished a copy, both sides consented to appear before Judge Gibbons and to make their arguments. The court therefore adjourned to await the readiness of the lawyers.

The plea filed by the Pullman company is a lengthy document. It decises that the company is not holding the land or stocks of any other corporations in violation of its charter and is not transacting any business beyond its corporate rights. schalf of the Pullman Palace Car company

Tramp Gave Them Away, SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Oct. 8.-Yesterday a farmer reported that a tramp had informed him an effort would be made to held up the him an effort would be made to held up the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis train near Turner. A force of twenty officers was sent out on a train from here, but no effort was made to hold it up. Today another force of officers went to Turner, where two strange men, heavily armed, were found sit-ting near a camp fire. The claimed to be hunters, but are thought to be crooks. They are now held under arrest in this city.

WELCOMED WILSON

Great Demonstration on His Return to Charlestown, West Virginia.

TALKED OF ENLARGING AMERICAN MARKETS

This Can Only Be Accomplished, Mr. Wilson Thinks, by Removing Tariff Duties -Foreign Trade the Safety Valve of Our Industries.

CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., Oct. 8.-Hon, W. L. Wilson's homecoming today was made the occasion of a demonstration by his democratic fellow citizens of the Twenty-second congressional district which rather taxed the capacity of this historic old town, the county seat of Jefferson county. Not only did the democratic voters from the rural districts and towns and villages of the eastern panhandle respond to the call of the local committee on arrangements, but the more remote counties of the congressional district were fully represented, and not a few old Virginians and citizens of Maryland and even of Pennsylvania journeyed by rail to this outof-the-way nook to assist in the welcome to the great exponent of the democratic tariff policy and to listen to the address he was to make. The arrangements for the events of the day were set on foot about the time Mr. Wilson sailed on his return voyage, and he therefore had no idea of what was going on until his arrival at New York Saturday He was there apprised of the arrangements and as a result delayed his arrival at his home until today in order to meet the plans of the local committee, Mr. Wilson's party arrived at Harper's Ferry on the main line of the Baltimore & Ohio on board the Chicago express at I o'clock this afternoon. Accompanying Mr. Wilson were Hon. John T. McGraw, chairman of the democratic congressional committee of the district; Hon. Robert W. Hunt of Virginia, Hon. D. T. Barton of Winchester, Va., and Hon. Fred J. Nelson of Frederick City, Md. Hon. B. F. Myers of Harrisburg, Pa., joined the party at Harper's Ferry.

CAME ON A SPECIAL TRAIN. At noon a special train filled with Mr. Wilson's enthusiastic constituents, neighbors and friends, and accompanied by two brass bands, left Charleston for Harper's Ferry An immense crowd had assembled at that point and there was much cheering as Mr. Wilson and party were transferred to the Valley railroad for the ten-mile ride to Charleston. Arriving there about 2:30. Mr. Wilson was escorted by a long column of voters to the court house, where the addresses were to be delivered. The arrangements covered an afternoon mass meeting to be ad-dressed by Mr. Wilson, ex-Congressman Myers and others, followed by a night meeting at which three or four speeches should be made. Colonel R. P. Chew called the meet-ing to order, and on behalf of the democrats of Charleston, of Jefferson county, of West Virginia, and of the country, welcomed Mr.

Wilson home.

Mr. Wilson began his address with a touch ing reference to the great popular demonstra-tion which had greeted him upon his return and thanked his fellow citizens and his friends and neighbors for the unanimity with which they had taken part in his welcome. Referring to political matters, Mr. Wilson said he should not be able to take up in any ordinary and satisfactory manner the discussion of the public issues of the day, because they had been rushed from shipboard to train and from train to the platform, with scarcely any chance for thought

"We have reached," said he, "that stage in the development of our country when we are compelled to have larger markets for our surplus products and such markets, through foreign trade, are the only safety valve for the health and the prosperity of American laborer in the field and in the

He referred to the struggle for federal taxation as a wonderful and inspiring popular resolution and pledged the democracy as the WANT MORE MARKETS.

"On one side," sald he, "lie good govern-ment, honest, economical government, free industry, large and expanding markets for the products of American labor, and a general dawning of an era of individual pros-perity. On the other side lie corrupt government, fettered and imprisoned industry limitation by law on the markets in which we are to sell and limitations by law for the amount which we can profitably produce Those are the two questions at issue before the American people and, as I have said be fore, the American people, giving a some-what local application to what I am going to say today, the question for the people of Dickerson is more markets for wheat and for the mechanics is more markets for man-ufactured goods. If there is one thing to which I gave more attention than another during my brief absence from this country, it was to the condition of the wheat market of the old world. When I inquired why it was that wheat has gone down to a price much lower than it has ever sold for beforin the history of at least modern England and America, the answer was there is a universal glut and a production beyond a profit able demand, that not only is the United States increasing her surplus export of wheat and Russ a increasing her principal export of wheat, but Argentina is coming forward and is now third in quantity exported to European mar-kets. I cannot but recall the fact, and I will state it again, and before the public people of this country, that the American tax upon the wools of Argentine made them give up their sheep flocks and go into com-petition with you in the production of wheat say it is for you today a question of mar kets-a question of consumers the world over for the products you produce. I believe so far as the great cereals are concerned, we produce enough to feed a population twice as large as our own. I believe, so far as staple manufactures are concerned. produce enough to supply a population as large as our own. The question is where are we to get these markets? We have been holding for thirty years tariff walls to

with us in a home market already glutted. We have now begun to tear down our tariff walls to let us out with our products to com pete with the rest of the world in all the markets of the world. TALKED OF THE BANQUET. While I was in London about two weeks ago I was honored, very unexpectedly to myself, with an invitation by the Chamber of Commerce to be their guest at a public dinner. I was surprised to receive such in dinner. I was surprised to receive such a vitation, because I was seeking rest, and I knew then as well as I know today that what I would say on that occasion would be perverted and falsified before the American perverted and faisified before the American people, and I did not think I need be afraid to talk to the people of London as I talked to the people of West Virginia. So I talked to them just what I say to you today, that in the past we had been building up our tariffs to keep them out of the American markets, and now we are tearing them down to let us out in theirs and all the other markets of the world. And said to them that not only in the great product of agriculture, not only in our wheat corn, cotton, beef and other meat products, but in the products of our manufacturers, they might henceforth find us competing with them in all the markets they sought. Thirty years ago we began to shut ourselves in from all the markets of the world; thirty years ago we called the American merchant in from off the seas and surrendered the oceans to England and other nations to traverse them with their ships. "Last Friday morning in a fierce gale I was off the banks of Newfoundland in one of those great ocean ships which seemed almost to be able to defy the fury of the storm and yet was tossed about like a cork upon the waters, and

and I felt the men who would venture out

keep other people from coming in to compete

in such weather in their little fishing boats were the men who could yet restore the American merchant marine upon the seas and carry our flag in safety to all the ports of the world."
Mr. Wilson continued his tariff arguments

WILL TRY IT AGAIN.

for fully an hour.

John E. Russell Nominated for Governor by Massachusetts Democrats.

BOSTON, Oct. 8.-The democratic state convention met in this city today. Ex-Governor William E. Russell, who was chosen permanent president of the convention, addressed the delegates at some length upon the issues of the campaign.

The platform was adopted as reported. After pledging allegiance to the time-honored principles of Jeffersonian democracy the convention affirms its loyalty to the president and other party leaders who have so courageousty battled for the people the errors and against iniquities of the republican administration. The platform congratulated congress upon

the repeal of the federal election law, the Sherman silver law, the McKinley law and the abolition of bounties. The Wilson tariff bill is endorsed as an bonest effort to carry out the democratic policy. The resolutions also favored placing all raw material on the free list and the A. P. A. denounced.

Hon. John B. Russell was nominated for governor, Charles E. Stratton of Boston for lieutenant governor, Charles de Courcey of

Lawrence for secretary of state, James G. Grinnel of Greenfield for treasurer, A. L. Whitney of Boston for auditor, and H. F. Huribut of Lynn for attorney general.
In his speech of acceptance Mr. Russell was not disposed to take a sanguine view of the party outlook. Massachusetts, he said, is a republican state. "I believe," he continued, it matters very little who is governor under our absurd system of commissions and councii, but this is not an off year and we must from this moment do the best we can to keep our party in line and uphold our administration. As we are accustomed to defeat in Massachusetts our party has grown up under It as the oak strengthens in the storm. Whatever happens to us we shall meet no such overturn in state and nation as our opponents encountered four years ago, in the first election held in Harrison's administra-We will make losses-it will be contrary to the history of parties if we do not-but we will make no such losses as they made in 1890 and on no such grounds. We will lose because the times are against u they lost in what they say was the flush

"Free wool, free lumber, free salt," said Mr. Russell, "are great reforms. The honest attempt in the income tax to shift part of the burden now borne by agriculture to th shoulders of wealth is an act our opponents do not dare to criticise."

prosperity. They were utterly defeated and discredited for what they had done as a

Mr. Russell's speech closed: "Victory may not be success; they who make it possibly may have fallen at the outposts. Bunker Hill was a defeat, but the monument which shall mark it while the ranged arch of the wide republic stands records that it made Saratoga and Yorktown possible.
"We long ago learned to bear defeat and

our opponents know that it cannot crush us. Let us, then, acquit ourselves like men as in the past times, feeling that in doing our duty we shall honor our cause and make fu-ture victory possible."

M'KINLEY AT DULUTIL.

Effect of the New Tariff on the Lumber Industry of Minnesota. DULUTH, Oct. 8 .- Governor McKinley was

scorted from St. Paul to Duluth by Colonel Bixby, chairman, and Mr. Harry Richardson, secretary of the republican state convention. and Major Ray T. Lewis of Duluth. On arrival he was taken to breakfast, and after vards addressed the pupils of the schools. A reception was held at the hotel from 11 o'clock to lunch, and at 1:30 the governor was escorted to the place of speaking by a number of Grand Army of the Republic vet erans. Mayor Lewis presided at the meeting and before presenting Governor McKinley in troduced Mr. Charles A. Towne, republican candidate for congress, who spoke briefly. The rising of McKinley to speak was the signal for a storm of applause, which continued several minutes. McKinley recited the effects of the new tariff law on Minnesota lumbermen as compared with those under the law of 1890. While the latter was in effect common laborers in lumber camps were paid from \$26 to \$40 a month; now the glad to do the same work for from \$12 Horse teamsters and cant-book men got from \$40 to \$45 a month, while now the most paid is \$26 a month. That is the re-sult of free trade in lumber under which

Canadian competition is invited.
From here Governor McKinley went to West Superior, where he addressed another large audience. During the course of his address he made reply to Mr. Wilson's charge that he had garbled Mr. Wilson's London

HAD A BIG CROWD.

Judge Holcomb Raids & Republican Stronghold with Considerable Success. TABLE ROCK, Neb., Oct. 8 .- (Special.)-

This republican stronghold was greatly surprised Saturday about 2 o'clock when a delegation of about sixty wagons all filled with people rolled into town. It had been announced That Judge Holcomb would discuss the issues of the day at the opera house in the afternoon, but no one supposed there would be such an outpouring of people to hear him, as came in and filled the house. Weir, candidate for congress, deliv-ored a short address, and then Judge Holcomb talked for an hour and a half. It was his first appearance before a Pawnee county audience and he created a very favorable

BRECKINRIDGE FOR SENATOR. Latest Ambition Attributed to the Ken-

tucky Colonel. CINCINNATI, Oct. 8 .- The Times-Star's Lexington, Ky., special says the friends of Breckinridghe are bringing him out for sen-

ator. Secretary Carlisle, Senator Blackburn, Governor Brown, General Buckner and Henry Watterson are among the other names men-tioned. The friends of Owens are insisting on Senator Blackburn taking the stump im-mediately in the Ashland district for Owens. Bourke Cockran Will Retire from Congress. NEW YORK, Oct. 8.-The World will tomorfow say Congressman Bourke Cockran will not be a candidate for renomination.

He today announced his determination to Mayor Gilroy, and said: "My private affairs have been sadly neglected for the past year and I feel it incumbent on me to decline a nomination. Until election day, however, I shall have no other occupation than that of laboring with all the energy at my command for the election of David B. Hill and the preservation of the democratic party in this state." There has been no candidate decided upon to succeed Mr. Cockran.

Tammany's Alleged Big Bribe, NEW YORK, Oct. 8 .- John F. Goff re-

fused today to either deny or affirm the rumor that he had been approached by Tammany and offered \$30,000 to drop his connection with the fight against it. Mr. Goff promised that tomorrow's evidence before the Lexow committee would be of a sensational character, but he would not state who his

Hall and Howard Counties' Senator. GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Oct. 8 .- (Special Telegram.)-Attorney George H. Caldwell of this city was nominated by the republicans of Hall and Howard counties as candidate for senator today.

Ben Butterworth in Iowa CRESTON, Ia., Oct. 8 .- (Special Telegram.) -Ben Butterworth of Ohio addressed a big republican meeting here this afternoon,

"RUMPS" ARE AGAIN DOWNED

Secretary of State Allen Makes Final Reply to Martin's Protests.

PRESENT PLANS OF THE CROWD OBSCURE

May Bring the Matter to the Attention of

the Supreme Court or Have Recourse to a Petition to Reach the Ticket. LINCOLN, Oct. S .- (Special.)-There was

again a gathering together of the representative democrats in the office of the secretary of state today to listen to the arguments on the protest of Euclid Martin against the acceptance of the democratic ticket and the rejection of the ticket of the "rumps." The hearing was set for 2 p, m., and at that hour John H. Ames, representing Euclid Martin; A. J. Sawyer, J. B. O'Shea, Judge Brady and a number of others had congregated. Supplementary arguments were understood to have been placed on file and some fun was anticipated. Secretary Allen did not make his appearance until after 3 o'clock, when he premised the reading of his opinion by making a statement of the matters in controversy and the history of the protest. So far, he explained, that protest was the only one on file, but that he was ready to hear

further arguments.
Mr. Ames responded with the reading of a supplemental protest, in which he urged the objections to the action of the secretary of state as follows:

That if the certificate as filed by Mr. Smyth was to be accepted the real democrats would be disfranchised and the former yould have their names on the ticket twice. Then followed an interpretation of the al-leged dectrines of the old line democrats and the points in which the populists disagree

Following up his argument, he claimed that the election law did not contemplate the duplication of names on the ticket, and branched out into a rather hot roast of the populists, and read from decisions of the courts of various other states alleged par-allel cases, and asked of the secretary a reversal of his former decision. The cases cited were from 88 Michigan, page 164, and 18 Colorado, page 6. A. J. Sawyer followed with the reading of

several other decisions on the same line, but his reading continued until the greater portion of his audience had gone half to sleep, and the secretary, who in this case was "Your Excellency," was no exception to the Judge Strode, for the Bryan ticket, replied, claiming that the cases cited were not parallel ones, and W. H. Thompson of

Grand Island supported him in a brief ar-The decision of Secretary of State Allen was a knockout for the Martin men. At nounced that he had prepared no written opinion. He did not think it necessary. He stated, however, that when the time came for the ballots to be printed he would in-struct that Mr. Holcomb's name be placed on the populist and democratic ticket as well.

This is in accordance with a decision in a similar case of two years ago, which was

held by three judges of the district court and afterwards affirmed by the supreme court. It is hinted on the streets tonight that the Sturdevant men will bring the matter before the supreme court without delay, as this is now the only resource, with the excep-tion of petitioning.

REPUBLICAN RALLY AT SIDNEY. Churston and Other Orators Entertain

Large Crowd. SIDNEY, Neb., Oct. 8 .- (Special Telegram.) -Matt Daugherty entertained a large audience this afternoon in an hour and a half discussion of all the important issues of the campaign. The tariff, irrigation, labor and silver questions were ably handled. He roasted Congressman Kem in good style. He predicted a republican majority in the next ongress and fullest confidence in his own

Colonel Akers, senatorial candidate, delivered an excellent exhortation upon state

hour address, dwelling upon the reception and banquet given to Wilson in England recently when at the same time Governor McKinley was addressing his own countrymen on American soil in support of American industries.

A grand torchlight procession took place, with nearly 400 in line, and fireworks displayed on the whole route. Most a business houses were illuminated.

Judge and Mrs. Thurston were serenaded by the cornet and brass bands and then all repaired to the skating rink, which was handsomely decorated for the occasion. Flaga and bunting, intermingled with natural flowers, gave the interior of the hall a lovely ap-pearance. As Judge Thurston entered the building and ascended the speaker's platform a great shout of welcome went up from hun-dreds of throats. Women wavel their handkerchiefs and men howled and those who were unable to gain admission took up the cry and re-echoed it through the streets. After a song by the Sidney Glee club, Judge Pease, chairman of the republican county central committee, introduced the orator. It was fully five minutes before he was able to proceed. His dissertation upon the tariff was one of the clearest expositions which has ever been uttered here. He spoke of the ever been uttered here. He spoke of the business men organizing in Omaha to defeat Judge Holcomb and the entire populist ticket. He urged his hearers to support the republican ticket. He spoke two hours.

Matt Daugherty again followed with a

HENSLEY REPLACES THOMAS.

Democratic Congressional Committee of Third District Secures a Candidate. FREMONT, Oct. 8 .- (Special Telegram.)-The democratic congressional committee of the Third district met here this afternoon to take action upon the resignation from the ticket of George H. Thomas of Schuyler. All but three of the eighteen counties in the district were represented. There was no consideration of any scheme to endorse Devine, the populist nominee, and the commit-tee placed W. N. Hensley of Columbus in nomination.

Crowding Kem at Valentine, VALENTINE, Neb., Oct. 8 .- (Special Telegram.)-Congressman Kem spoke here this afternoon to a well filled house, principally of well known populists of the county. A list of questions touching his record propounded by the republicans had been printed in cir-cular form, to which he made evasive reply, but not very satisfactory to a large number of his audience. This evening D. B. Carey, who is campaign-

NORTH BEND, Neb., Oct. 8 .- (Special Telegram.)-Hon. George D. Meiklejonn addressed about 600 people at the opera house here tonight. The address was well received, and he made many friends by his straightforward arguments. Enthusiastic Over Holcon

Meiklejohn's North Bend Friends.

ing with him, has the boards.

TECUMSEH, Neb., Oct. 8 .- (Special Telegram.)-Populists of Johnson county were addressed today in this city by Judge S. A. Holcomb and Hon. A. H. Weir. Attendance Holcomb and Hon. A. H. Weir. Attendance at the meeting was fair, and much enthusiasm was manifested. Allen's Greeting at McCook,

M'COOK, Nab., Oct. 8 .- (Special Telegram.) -Two hundred and fifty people turned out to hear Senator W. V. Affen explain the hearties of populism.