### THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1894.

### THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

#### E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

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GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK Sworn to before me and subscribed in m (Seal.) P. FEIL Notary Public

We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility and engage (that means 'pledge') that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be swift. thorough and unsparing .- National Republican Platform, 1876.

Is all the work of the democratic rump convention to go for nothing after all?

The railroad managers, irrespective of party, are united in their efforts to place a railroad tool in the governor's chair.

Georgia is still democratic, but the recent election there has made the democratic managers literally gasp for breath.

Senator Allison didn't tarry to meet Governor McKinley. Perhaps he came to the conclusion that such close proximity of two presidential booms might not be conducive to the growth of either.

The calamity crusaders profess to be willing to blow in \$50,000 in a futile effort to elect Tom Majors. But it was like drawing teeth to get \$150 out of these patriots to pay the expenses of the McKinley reception.

The Board of Health, we are told, has decided to stop work until more funds are placed at its command. This decision, however, will not occasion any change in the conduct of some of its employes, who have been studiously avoiding work for some time past.

Rebuke railroadism and boodlerism

MR. WILSON'S RETERN. Hon. William L. Wilson of West Virgluia, chairman of the house committee on ways and means, will be back in the United States today if the steamer on which he sailed from England makes the usual time. It is to be hoped that he will return with his health much improved, for he has several weeks of hard campaigning before him that will call for all the physical energy he can command. The democratic constituents of the distinguished tariff reformer have made preparations to give him a welcome home that will comport with his position as a party leader, but they will hardly be able to do anything that will be quite so memorable as the dinner given to Mr. Wilson by the London Chamber of Commerce. The distinin price. guished consideration accorded to the West Virginia representative, but a few years ago hardly known beyond the boundaries of his district, by the leading commercial body of Great Brit in was an event so notable that it must always have a prominent place in the record of

the public career of Mr. Wilson, while the welcome of his admiring constituents will in time be forgotten or become a shadowy reminiscence. It is a most exceptional thing for an American congressman to be thus honored, and indeed we are not quite sure but that Mr. Wilson is the first to receive such attention from the London Chamber of Commerce. A number of members of congress have visited England during the past thirty years, but none of them had done anything, as the West Virginian representative did, to help the industries of Great Britain and consequently had no claim to the consideration of the great organization of British free traders. They would have been ungrateful, indeed, if they had failed to manifest their appreciation of Mr. Wilson's service in their behalf, and that he justified the attention shown him its assurances to his entertainers sufficiently attest.

Mr. Wilson comes back to continue the contest for tearing down the defenses reared by protection against the destructive competition of foreign manufacturers, and especially those of England, with the manufacturers of his own country. This, in effect, is what he promised his British entertainers. It is possible that the voters of the Second West Virginia congressional district may not approve of this purpose. There are some struggling industries in that district that still need to be defended and the loss of which would be a serious matter to a considerable number of people. There are coal mining interests there, also, that would not be benefited by the success of the Wilson policy. There is reason to believe that he may hear from these in a way to convince him that British approbation of his efforts is not a satisfactory recommendation to the confidence and support of an American industrial community. There will be widespread interest in the campaign in Mr. Wilson's district

THE SUGAR MARKET.

from now on.

The fact that the imposition of the new import duty upon sugar, both raw and refined, has not materially affected the price of sugar is being pointed out in many quarters as an anomaly in the idustrial situation. It was freely predicted at the time the sugar schedule was under consideration, and it was interests of such magnitude? but naturally to be expected, that the price of sugar on the market would. to feel proud of the reception accorded upon the enactment of the new tariff him in Omaha. The vast throng that law, be increased immediately by at least as much as the increase in duty. greeted him at the Collsenm included people of all political parties. Their In fact, this expectation was one of the presence there was largely a personal main reasons advanced by those who compliment to Mr. McKinley, for they professed to advocate a tax on sugar as had applause for nobody but him. a revenue measure, it being argued Reference to other distinguished repubthat by this means the sum raised lican leaders elicited but faint signs of would be apportioned among the whole recognition and the dramatically timed number of people in the increased entrance of the tattooed candidate at amounts which they must pay for the the head of the republican state ticket sugar which they consume. fell flat so far as exciting enthusiasm Yet the sugar market has remained was concerned, and failed to stimulate substantially unchanged. On August enough noise to even interrupt the 28, when the new tariff law went into speaker for a second. It was a diseffect, the quotation price of centrifugal tinctly McKinley meeting and the sugar was 3% cents per pound. It has moment McKinley stopped talking the not been higher since, and to effect audience would stay to listen to no one sales now a shade of reduction from this would have to be made. The price else. We venture to say that few, if any, American statesmen other than of granulated sugar on August 28 was Governor McKinley could attract a 4.72 cents net cash. It is quoted now at similar crowd for a speech in this city. 4.41 cents net cash. Previously, at the time when the movement in sugar began in consequence of an anticipated Ohio try to prove that the relative prochange in the duty, centrifugal sugars duction of gold and silver has for 400 were selling at 31/3 cents. This was the years prior to 1873 been not quite 15 of price on August 1, when granulated silver to 1 of gold, and since 1873 not sugars were selling at 4.35 cents. Into exceed 16 of silver to 1 of gold, they

been at all justified by the state of the

market While the new law has not yet materially increased the price of sugar it has unquestionably prevented a decrease in price, which would otherwise have been manifest. Dealers would perhaps not have laid in such large stocks were it not for the tariff changes, but the immense increase of supply in sight must necessarily have had a depressing effect. Sugar prices would, in the absence of the duty, perhaps, not be lower by the entire amount of the tax, but if the tax were removed now it would certainly fall several notches, The fall, in that case, would be the accurate measure of the extent to which the sugar duty now prevents a reduction

IRREDEEMABLE PLEDGES.

Union Pacific railroad officials assure members of the council that they mean to do the right thing by Omaha and the roads that will want to use the union depot and terminal facilities, and they also assure these councilmen that the receivers and the court will sanction the compact embodied in the union depot ordinance. These pledges must be taken for what they are worth. They could not be enforced in a court of law and are in no way binding upon the company. They could be repudiated the moment the deeds and releases have passed out of the hands of the mayor, Furthermore, what guaranty have we that the present officers of the Union Pacific who make these verbal pledges will be in position to redeem them six months hence? Mr. Clark may resign his office any day or he may be superseded in case a majority of the Union Pacific stock passes out of the hands of the men who hold a controlling interest today. All these contingencies are within the range of possibility. Would any man entering into a deal with a great corporation in which the transfer of a million dollars worth of real estate is involved take the verbal pledges of the corporation managers as a consideration for passing titles?

Would they not only insist that all conditions to the compact he embodied in black and white in a legally drawn document after it had been ratified by the board of directors or stockholders as the law might require?

Why should the city council of Omaha pursue a different course? Why should not the provision relative to the joint use of transfer and depot facilities at reasonable rates be engrafted in the ordinance and made part of the proposition submitted to the voters? Why should not also the verbal pledge to finish the depot according to original plans be embodied in the ordinance with the further precaution that the conveyance of title shall not pass out of the hands of the mayor until the structure has been inspected by the Board of Public Works and the city engineer, and found to be constructed in conformity with the original plans and specifications?

And this brings up another question: Where are those plans and specifications now and who is to judge what modifications and changes authorized by the Hascall ordinance are proper and permissible?

If there is to be no jugglery in this deal why not insert such safeguards is any rational business man would

## POETTFCAL POTPOURRI

Down in Saline county they refer to suporters of the rump ticket as "Tobe's tools,

Tom Majors visited Blair the other day and met with a little warmer reception than be had anticipated. He was chaperoned by he had anticipated. He was chaperoned by Mr. Theo Haller, but a series of mistakes made by the gruide has resulted in a coolness between him and the tattooed man. A tour of the business men of the town was undertaken and among the stores vis-ited was that of Mr. Eassnacht, who, al-though a strong republican, is not support-ing the bend of the ticket this year. "Here's the man you are going to yote for

"Here's the man you are going to vote for for governor," said Mr. Haller, in his faceus manner, by way of introducing Tom to the merchant.

Fasenacht jumped to the conclusion that he was confronted by Judge Holcomb, and after shaking him warmly by the hand he began to open up his batteries on Tattooed Tom. He had only proceeded a few sentences before Majors discoverid the hallicination under which Mr. Fassnacht was laboring

and he proceeded to make himself known. "Well," said Mr. Fassnacht, "I am glad to have the opportunity to say what I think of you to your face. As for your war rec-ord, there is none better; but I can't vote for a man whose record outside of the army is as rotten as yours. You are a good republican, and so am I; but you are in bad com-pany, and until you get loose from the string you have wound about you and explain th charges against you, you are gone up. In fact, you are gone up anyway. But if I were you I would come right out and explain and try to set myself right before the propie, try to set myself right before the prople, and then I'd take defeat with the best grace possible This ended the conversation, for Tattooed

Tom didn't care to explain

After leaving Mr. Fassnacht's store in rather crestfallen condition, Tom's guide steered him up against the first man he met. This proved to be Peter Gilbertson, a staunch populist. "Let me make you acquainted with one

our best farmers." was the way in which Mr. Haller smillingly introduced Mr. Gilbertson to the railroad republican leader. "Glad to meet you," said the urbane homas. "We will need your help in turning

Thomas. down the d-n populists." "Well, you don't get it," shouted Mr Gilbertson. Gilbertson. "If you are going to do any turning down, I'm one of the people that will go under. Do you hear me?" Tom heard.

Mr. Majors' stay in Blair was several hours shorter than he had intended, and his intercourse with Mr. Haller during that period was of a character that did not make the angels smile.

Mr. Wilds, who witnessed these amusing incounters, was as sober as a deacon during the whole seance, and when asked for statement of what happened he would only 'It

was most embarrassing-very much

When next November rolls around And all the votes are took. On Majors' face there will be found A very worried look.

His blokory shirt he'll sadly tear; The vote his goose will cook; And all that Tattooed Tom will wear Will be a worried look.

And when the vote is counted quite There'll be no worried look: For Majors will be out of sight-Submerg-ed in the soup.

Fremont Herald: When the campaign is over and Governor Holcomb inaugurated a certain Euclid Martin will have time for dis-passionate thought. If he is capable of selfexamination his friends should see to that he be not allowed to spend more than an hour or two each day in solitude, for his humiliation will be deeper than the deep blue sea, if once his egotistical exterior ba penetrated.

#### SUNNY SNAP-SHOTS.

Siftings: Paper hangers are about the only men who succeed in business by going to the wall.

Philadelphia Record: He was carrying a care as big as his arm. wis that chap lame?" some one asked. "Yes," said an observer, "above the cycbrows,"

Brooklyn Life: "My task in life," said the paster, complacently, "consists in say-ing young men." "Ah!" replied the maiden, with a soulful tonging "baug a good over over the soulful

# OTHER LANDS THAN OURS.

Whatever effect the mortal illness of the ezar may have upon the future of Russia. and the peace of Europe, after the fatal termination which cannot be long delayed, the immediate influence of his condition will be pacific in the highest degree. There can be no fanning into the flame of war of any of the smoldering firebrands in eastern Europe as long as Russia resolutely forbida hostilities, and there is no doubt that while the malady of the emperor progresses to its apparently inevitable ond his ministers will do everything in their power to preserve peace. In no other great country of Europe does the person of the sovereign weigh so heavily as it does in Russia in the scale of policy, domestic and foreign. The czar the head of the church and the "Little Father" of his people. His illness is a national peril, and his death is always a pro-found shock to the masses. It would be almost impossible to drive Russia into momentous a venture as a great war while her ruler is fighting for his life against leadly disease. If the inclinations of the heir to the throne are as strongly German as European advices assert, then it may be further predicted that the position and in-fluence of Russia are to become more favorable, in the near future, to the maintenanc of peace than the attitude of that country ever has been in recent years. Should the ezarowitz make it clear, on his elevation to the throne, that henceforth France will have nothing to hope from Russia, there will be no chances of an aggressive movement on the part of the French republic toward the Triple Alliance, and Germany will be safe from attack as long as she pursuen followed, ful course which has lately been followed. on attack as long as she pursues the The outlook for the peace of Europe has never been better than it is now, and it is difficult to see wherein any country of im-portance could hope to gain materially by precipitating a conflict so prodigious that the most warlike sovereign might well shrink from causing the explosion for which the world has long been waiting.

The grand duke Nicholas, who is the heir apparent of the czar of all the Russias, is good deal of an unknown quantity. He is young, under 30, has never taken any prominent position at the court of his father, and has been debarred from politics and the army

by official etiquet and inclination. He is said to be something of a student, and to have lived a tolerably cleanly life for a Russian prince, but not to impress observers as a man of a high order of intelligence or much force. Politically his leanings are said to be toward Germany and Austria rather than France, and toward England because of the alliance with the royal house of that country he is about to make by marriage. Princess Alix of Hesse, daughter of Princass Alice of England and granddaughter of the queen, is to be the future empress of Russia, and she was to have been received into the Greek church this week as a pre liminary to the marriage. The illness of the czar has caused the suspension of all welding preparations, it is said. The doubt seems to be general whether the czarowitz has force of character enough to reign su cessfully over the great empire which his father rules, and this doubt is not the least of the causes of the widespread anxiety which the approaching death of the czar is causing throughout Europe.

There are a good many interesting facts in the newly issued general report of the British Board of Trade upon the ratiroad accidents in the United Kingdom during 1893. It appears that the total number of accidents to trains was forty-six, the lowest on record, and only about one-fourth of the number that used to occur twenty years ago, when the statistics were first collected. Within that time the number of passenger trains has more than doubled. There were seventeen passengers killed in 1893, or one in 51,000,000 journeys, and 484 were injured, or one 804.000 journeys. These figures also estab ish new low records. The four principal ac cidents were due to trains leaving the rails. About one-half the accidents were caused by the negligence or mistakes of railroad officers or servants, and seven were due to defective arrangement of signals. Only two were the result of a failure of brakes. It is satis-factory to note that the number of colli-

Students in political economy will sions from whatever cause is declining stead-ily. Taking all cases and classes of acciith zest the special and exclusive article

man government steamer Berlin sailed through the new waterway smid the boom of artillery and a profuse display bf bunting. The canal, which is sixty-one miles long. 200 feet wide at the surface and eighty-flye feet wide at the boltom, and has a depth of twonty-eight feet, will prove of infinite value to the commerce of the cities of Lubeck, Stattin and Danizic. These cities, which have been only provincial maritime ports, situated on an inland sea, will by means of this canal enjoy all the commercial privilegeo of real sesports. The great dangers to navi-gation by the old routes into the Baltio through the Shager Rack of the Kattegat, the Scylla and Charybdis of the North, will or avoided, while the new sluiceway through the neck of the peninsula of Jutland will shorten the journey 250 miles.



Governor McKinley has spoken to thousands of people in this section upon the ef-fects of tariff tinkering by the democratic party. Hon. Robert P. Porter will, in an article in The Sunday Bee, tell the people of the blighting effect of free trade upon the mechanics and laboring people of Great Britain. The United Kingdom is compelled to care for nearly a million and a half of pauperized subjects, whose sustenance is now the vital problem confronting English statesmen. The Right Honorabie Joseph Chamberlain is advocating a system of old age pensions to spare honest, industrious, but idle, citizens the humiliation of the

workhouse.

Frank G. Carpenter tells of the mighty city of Peking, now the objective point of Japanese forces. He depicts the everyday life of the people and the queer scenes that meet the eye of the foreigner. Peking boasts of great markets, banks and stock exchanges and does an enormous traffic, yet it is the vilest city in the world.

One of the features of the woman's page will be a New York fashion letter illus trative of new fashions in sleeves for both dresses and wraps. Those who would keep posted on the latest fads must read this letter. There is also a description of rare and beautiful finger rings owned by well known women. A chapter on floriculture will prove of unusual interest, telling about bulbs that should be planted early in October. Added to all this is a budget of fashion tips, giving a multiplicity of new ideas.

Captain Jack Crawford, the poet scout, who began his literary career on The Bee is now in Europe, where the press received him most kindly. The Sunday Ree will tell what the Britons and Parisians say about him and his work. The captain is an interesting character and his genius is attracting the attention it deserves.

The sporting page of The Sunday Bee will be full of the latest sporting news and gossip of the week.

A special article on the romances of European sovereigns and their heirs forms a charming chapter and will prove a most interesting feature of The Sunday Bee. Of all the romantic happenings among royalties, none has been more romantic than the love story of the duke and duchess of York. Our correspondent tells also of the reluct-ance of Princess Alix of Hesse to wed the czarowitz, although he is the most brilliant royal "catch" in the world.

Feminine readers will be delighted with pecial article upon rare old laces, with illustrated descriptions of some of the splen did collections owned by prominent and wealthy New York women. A lace dress worth \$10,000 is mentioned, together with \$200 lace handkerchiefs and another dress costing \$5,000.

Don't pay money for water!

a solid, conce itrated extract, free from fat and gelatine or any foreign sub-stance and dissolve it themselves.

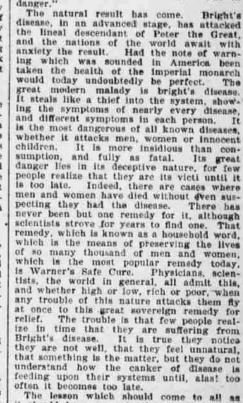
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THE CZAR'S CONDITION How the Peace of Europe is Being Undermined. THE SERIOUS RESULTS What People Are Saying About It and How It Was Foretold in America Two Years Ago.

LORDON, Oct. 2.-Prof. Leyden of Berlin, the celebrated specialist, who was sent for by the exar, has desmosticated his aliment as Bright's disease of the kineys in an ad-vanced stage.-Press Cable.

This announcement, simple as it may casu, has thrown the nations of Europe into a state of excitement. If the czar dies France will probably suffer. Germany be helped and the nations of Europe unsettled.

Two years ago this not of warning was sounded in America. It became known at that time that the czar was suffering from headaches, depressed feelings, acute pains in various parts of the body, uncertain ap-petite, sleeplessness and other irregularities. A retinue of court physicians failed to understand what these unmistakable symptoms meant, but in America, where discovery and science have accomplished so much, it was instantly seer that the czar was suffering from Bright's disease of the kidneys, which is certain to end in serious disease of the Ridneys, which unless taken in time. Acting upon this knowledge the papers of America spoke freely of the fact that "the czar was in danges"



it should have come to the czar two years ago is this-watch yourself carefully. Noir condition. Observe your symp-If your kidneys, liver, bladder or lice your condition. oms urinary organs are disordered, irregular or uncertain, if you feel a lack of life, a dim-ness of vision, a letting down of the vital forces; if indeed you observe in any degree that you are not up to the measure of health which you formerly had it is the sure sign which you formerly had it is the sure sign of Bright's disease. If you have these feel-ings do not delay for an instant, but put yourself into perfect condition without delay. This you can do if you only will. This the This you can do if you only will. This the czar could have done two years ago. There is danger in delay, but there is safety in There promptness and care

BUY

Extract of Beef,

IICHING HUMUKS

1

this year by turning down the tattooed candidate, republicanism will rise again triumphant in 1896 and there will be no necessity of again importing outside speakers to keep Nebraska's representation in congress in the republican column.

Tattooed Tom's effort to get a word or two at the crowd which had been drawn out to hear a speech from Governor McKinley proved abortive. The hickory-shirted statesman was willing and attempted to make the first advances, but the audience would have none of it.

We shall probably have to wait for the formal notification of Senator Hill of his nomination as democratic candidate for governor in New York before being told how reluctantly he has let himself be persuaded to sacrifice his personal comfort for his party's good. And then the senator will hang his hat up on the hook.

Ex-President Harrison has made arrangements for a two-days tour through southern Indiana, beginning October 12, during which time he expects to deliver eighteen speeches in support of republican principles. Later in the month he will make a similar tour of northern Indiana. General Harrison is not going to get out of touch with the people.

Five members of the Board of Education are to be elected this year. Already several good men have announced their willingness to serve, as well as others who are not so good. We have always favored a nonpartisan school board on the ground that honesty and ability are the first regulaites. No others should be nominated, because no others can be elected.

Ingenious lawyers have already set about the task of reconciling the opinions of Judge Jenkins and of Justice Harlan on the question of strikes, Pretty soon they will be trying to make us believe that the Jenkins order was really affirmed and that the modification made by the circuit court of appeals was really in the direction of strengthening it on the lines laid down by Judge Jenkins.

The Chicago Herald very kindly informs the public that its opinion of Senator Hill has undergone no change since the Saratoga nomination. The same, however, cannot be said with regard to its policy. Before Senator Hill became the democratic candidate for governor of New York the Herald could not give space enough to the expression of its opinion and he was almost daily reviled in its columns as a renegade and traitor and read summarily out of the democratic party. Since the Saratoga convention it has been most discreetly silent on the subject of Hill. It may still have the same opinions, but it is carefully withholding them for use after Hill's defeat in November, when they will doubtless be again brought to light in evidence of the astute foresight of that cuckoo organ.

stead, therefore, of there being a rise in the price of sugar as a direct result of the new tariff law, the price is almost back where it was on August 1, when the passage of the bill was still a matter of grave doubt.

there is no other outlet than the United

States, and therefore the most of it will

have to find its way to the American

market at prices low enough to induce

the people to buy. It will, furthermore,

be to the interest of foreign producers

to keep prices down for a while, at any

insufficient production. Now, their The explanation is not so very difficlaim that there has been no overprocult. Under modern market methods duction of silver in comparison with many of the prospective price changes gold carries with it the logical concluare discounted in advance, and the varision that there has been no underpro ations instead of being sharp and few duction of gold in comparison with sil are more usually small and many. The ver. In branching out in this direction stock of sugar in this country has been the Ohio silverites have gone beyond so largely increased during the period their depth. of the old duties in the hope of a rise in price with the advent of the new duties that in order to sell at all sugar has to be offered at the old figure. Nearly

Indianapolis Journal Senator Hill has received some thou-sands of telegrams congratulating him on his nomination for governor of New York, but the one from President Cleveland has not yet reached him. every dealer who was able to do so stocked up in advance, and the supply is still good for a considerable time to come. Another factor that is contribut-Chicago Record. The next time Congressman Wilson sits down to a meal with the British Hon he should judiciously forefend hostile criti-cism and at the same time evince his glowing patriotism by chucking the lion's head into the soun ing to the same result is that the trade is just entering a new year for sugar, which promises an extraordinary product. The beet sugar crop, it is estimated, will exceed that of last year by head into the soup. 1,200,000 tons. For this huge excess

Indicting a Party. Chicago Mail.

The grand jury at Washington has in-dicted Havemeyer and the other Sugar trust monopolists. The American people long ago indicted them for collusion with the democratic party to raise the price of sugar to the consumer.

prove altogether too much for their

cause. Their chief argument for the im-

mediate restoration of the free coinage

of both gold and silver at the old ratio

is that gold has appreciated because of

Delayed in Transmission.

Kick the Author Out.

St. Paul Globe. The kick against the change of the name rate, in order to discourage any new The kick against the change of the name of Appomattox postoffice to that of Sur-render seems to be about unanimous. If the name had to be changed because there was another Appomattox near by at the railway station, why couldn't the latter have been changed, or some name with not so unpleasant a reminder have been chosen. Lee-Grant, or Grantlee, for in-stance? The fact that the suggested name came from the local postmaster, and he one bearing the militant name of Romer, removes from the department any odium for the change, but the name of Appo-mattox is consecrated, as Lincoln and of Gettysburg, by what was done there. sugar enterprises in this country. One authority says that they are already offering shipments of granulated sugar for the first six months of next year, 1895, at an equivalent of 4.17 cents per pound landed in New York, against the present New York price of 4.41 cents. It is readily seen that any raise which retailers of sugar may have forced upon their customers has not

"save a good one for me, won" insist on in any contract that involves

Chicago Tribune: "O, papa, see those lovely opais! I don't believe opais are unlucky. Do you?" "It will be very unlucky for you if you take a fancy to a high-priced one, Ethelinda. You won't get it." Governor McKinley has every reason

Indianapolis Journal: "How old is Thompson do you think?" "Somewhere past 30, I should say. At any rate, he is old enough to wear a plug hat without looking as if he was ready to fight any one who spoke about it."

Harper's Bazar: "Why do you call old nan Johnson a pirate?" "He kicked me off the place the other "That doesn't make a pirate of him." "Doesn't, eh? Well, what is a pirate but freebooter, then?"

Atlanta Constitution: Collector-I'm tired bringing you this bill. The last time I got wet and caught the rheumatism. Editor-What a coincidence! Just taken the agency for Jones' liniment. Sure cure! Let me sell you a bottle.

Detroit Free Press: The tramp entered the office and laid his card on the desk. The man there picked it up and read: "Turppike Walker, B. T." "Um," he said, "you have a degree?" "Yes, sir." "What is it?" "The degree of B. T." "I see, but what does B. T. stand for?" "Born Tired."

A FREQUENT PHENOMENON.

Washington Star. He thought 'twas 'inspiration," "Twould electrify the nation, And give the world a thing to think about. But it proved to be a spasm Of condensed enthusiasm When the free silver advocates of That spluttered for a while and fizzled out

Bank on the Bust. St. Louis Republic

They say in New York that Gaynor is the coming man, another Cleveland and an oak-spined patriot. It's no use putting any more New Yorkers in training. The plat-form is a western man or bust.

WHEN THE WOMEN FOTE. Chicago Post.

A circular came in the course of the mail-A circular dainty and white, Twas printed in script and well gotten up, And worded in fashion polite; In envelope square, and with monogram,

Some function it seemed to denote; But when it was read it proved but to be A brief invitation to vote.

She pondered it over and knitted he

She never had had one before-Then studied the date for a minute or two, And thought of engagements a score. And could she find time? she asked of herself-She'd a luncheon, she knew, for that day, And an afternoon tea that she ought to

attend; The outlook was pleasant and gay. The new invitation" was novel, of course, And that had is charm of its own. But the joys of a tea she had tasted be-fore

But the joys of the polls were unknown, fore, While those of the polls were unknown. She wearly signed, and she ploked up her pen, | 1 i i As one whom a problem besets, And the campaign committee received the next day.

next day did did. Her daintily written regrets.

ily. dents into account, the report shows that only one passenger is killed in 8,237,000 journeys, and only one in 715,000 is injured. This is the highest and worst estimate, for in train accidents the immunity is vastly greater.

mony. The irreconcilable ultramontanes have

rallied around Count Ferdinand Zichy and re-

fuse to lay down their arms. It is keenly

felt at Bodapest that anything like a repe-tition of the unedifying debate to which the civil matriage bill gave rise would by no

means tend to enhance the prestige of Hun-gary abroad or substantiate its reputation as one of the enlightened states of the continent.

A large number of the magnates are them-selves desirous of avoiding a recurrence of

ing made to counteract Count Ferdinand Zichy's plan of campaign."

According to a report just issued by the

Bank of England the liquidation of the great

banking house of Baring, which came to grief

three years ago, may now be regarded as

completed. The liabilities of the firm at the

time of its collapse amounted, as it may be

syndicate has been formed in London fo

the purpose of taking over the remaining South American stocks not as yet realized

upon by the Bank of England at a price that will more than cover the outstanding debt.

Inasmuch as these stocks are still rising in value, the syndicate expects to reap a hand

ome surplus. The Old Lady of Threadneedle

street deserves every credit for the skillful manner in which she has brought this huge

iquidation to a successful issue, her timely

widespread ruin. Had there been any hurry

and courageous intervention having averted

in selling the assets of the defunct banking

house, instead of making a waiting race, i

gigantic undertaking through in this manner

Another great waterway will soon be thrown

pen to commerce. The practical completion

of the Baltic and North sea canal was cele-

brated on Saturday last, nearly a year in ad-

vance of the time for its opening. The Ger

to carry this

would have been impossible

without a serious hitch

membered, to some \$120,000,000. remembered, to some \$120,000,000. By a fudicious disposal of the assets, the indebtedness has been reduced to \$10,000,000, and a

such proceedings, and already efforts are b

means an evil omen. The political strife over the civil marriage bill in Hungary is not quite ended yet, for the bill in relation to the religion of children issuing from mixed marriages has yet to be

passed in the Chamber of Magnates and must be adopted before the civil marriage bill A letter from Antwerp describes sights and scenes of Brussels and of the Antwerp itself can become a law, as all these ecclesiastical measures are to be presented together for the royal sanction. The irreconcilable altramontanes have rallied under the leadership of Count Ferdinand Zicny, and propos to make as much trouble as they can. Com menting upon this state of affairs, the cor mands of a critical reading public. respondent of the London Times in Vienna says: "The present primate of Hungary is a high-minded patriot enjoying universal teem both in his own country and in this part of the monarchy. He made a hard fight against the civil marriage bill, but, seeing that a prolongation of the struggle in connection with the measure now about to be submitted to the Chamber of Magnates would serve to keep up a dangerous agitation for no conceivable purpose, he has now pronounced himself in favor of religious har-

A solid Extract of Beef is more Econ-on , it than a liquid, because concen-tra, i and housekeepers will find it much cheaper to by ex-Senator Henry E. Dawes on the constant cry for reform, in which is seen a commendable strife for improvement that augurs well for the American people. The senator thinks that the agitation is by no Liebig COMPANY'S

Under the caption "Mysteriously Disappeared," that well known author, W. L. Alden, has collated # series of intensely interesting incidents of people who dropped out of sight of all who knew them.

exposition which is worthy the perusal of readers of The Sunday Bee In all departments of local and telegraphic news The Sunday Bee will meet the de-

0 Torturing, disfiguring eczemas, and every species of itching, burp ing, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp diseases, with dry thin, and failing bair, reflered by a single application, and apeadify and economically cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, when the best physiciana fail. best physicians fai

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is not out of place right now. First: the cloth is all carefully selected, and none but evenly woven fabrics are used. Sometimes real good cloth gets out of shape when it's made up in a garment; thats because of an un-O evenness in the weave-the

operative has probably neglected his machine and a thin spot occurs which a little wear reveals. This and a hundred little things are what are necessary to avoid to insure perfect clothing. No one but the manufacturers can be sure of perfection. We are the manufactures and guarantee perfection in fabric fit and finish.

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