WAR SHIPS TAKE A HAND

Fired Shel's Into the Samoan Rebels wi b

Terr be liff ot.

WERE V_RY SLOW TO GIVE UP

After Suing for Peace the Warlike Tribers

men Ketura for Another Dose of the

Drast e Medicine Definite Re-

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20.-The steamer

Mariposa, which arrived this evening from

Sydney, Auckland, Apla and Honolulu,

brings news of further fighting among the

natives of Samea, and final fercible inter-

ference by the British and German war-

ships stationed at Apia. The details are

given in the following special correspondence

APIA, Samoa, Aug. 15 .- The warships of

Great Britain and Germany have at last

taken action with a view to ending the na-

tive disturbances which have heretefore ap-

peared to be interminable. Two skirmishes

had taken place between the warring tribes,

resulting in the killing of eight or ten na-

tives and the wounding of many more, be-

sides the natives had become short of food,

not having planted or looked after their

rops, and they had taken to stealing from oreigners throughout the islands. Their

node of living had produced a great deal of liness, much suffering and many deaths,

so that in the interests of common human-ity the interference of the powers became absolutely necessary. Something had to be done to pur a stop to the so-called warfare, It was with this end in view that the dip-

iomatic and naval officers held several con-ferences. The ultimate result was a resolu-tion to notify the rebels that they must dis-

perse from their fortified stronghold at Latuanuu or suffer a shelling from the guna

of the warships. On Friday, August 10, the British warship Curacoa and the German

warship Buzzard left Apia for Latuanuu,

When they arrived there the rebel chiefs were called on board the gunboats and in-

formed that their stronghold would be bom-barded at 9 o'clock on the following morn-

ing. During Friday night, however, the rebels evacuated the fort. On Saturday morning the fortifications were shelled by

the warships and all but destroyed. The king's warriors had been sent overland to co-

operate with the gunboats in the attack on the rebels.

trees which were growing near. The naval authorities again communicated with the rebel chiefs and ordered them to disperse

and surrender their rifles. Instead of obeying the mandate, however, the rebel band moved off toward Alfusfata, which is less

Malietoa's men. During all of Sunday there was desultory fighting and the naval commanders resolved to again attack the rebels and deal with them summarily.

WARSHIPS DID DEADLY WORK.

When the bombarding gunners had finished

to the Associated press:

sults Not Yet Received.

HOMES AND THE MORTGAGES

Figures Collected by the Census Eureau Given to the Public.

TWENTY EIGHT PER CENT ARE INCUMBERED

Liens on the Owned Homes Aggregate a Little Over One-Third Value-What the Mortgages Were Given For.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 39 .- The census office gave to the public today the principal results of the investigation of farm and home proprietorship in all the states. This is the first investigation of the kind ever conducted in any country. Of the 12,690,152 families in the whole country, almost 48 per cent own their farms and homes and the rest hire. Of the families owning farms and homes almost 28 per cent have incumbrances and over 72 per cent have no incumbrance. The number of resident owners of land in the United States is 6,066,417, to which must be added any land owners who may be living with tenant families. The farm famllies number 4,676,174, of which 66 per cent own their farms and the others hire. Of the owning families over 28 per cent have incumbrances on their farms. In 1880, 25.56 per cent of the farms were hired. In the cities that contain over 100,000 population there are 1,948,634 home families, of which almost 23 per cent own and 77 per cent hire, while of the owning families 38 per cent own, subject to incumbrance. Among the citles having 100,000 population and over, New York has the high-

est percentage of home tenancy, nearly 93.67; Boston is next with 81.57 per cent; Brooklyn third with \$1.44 per cent; Jersey City, \$1.20 per cent and Cincinnati, \$0.82 per c.nt. The percentage for Baltimore is 73.94; Buf-The percentage for Baitimore is 73.34; Buffalo, 60.03; Chicago, 71.27; Cleveland, 60.90; Denver, 70.89; Minneapolis, 68.56; Now Orleans, 78.51; Philadelphia, 77.24; St. Leuis, 79.58; St. Paul, 56.80; San Francisco, 78.46, and Washington, 74.80. The smallest percentage is 56, representing Rochester, N. Y. Bringing the urban population into contrast with the prompter countains a floor, 60, per with the nonurban population, almost 66 per cent of 4,676,174 home families living out-side of cities and towns of 8,000 people own their homes and 34 per cent hire. Of the owning families 72 per cent own without incumbrance. The value of the 1.696.890 incumbered farms and homes is \$5.687.296.009, and the incumbrances aggregate \$2,162.949,-563, or 27.50 per cent of the value. Of the incumbrance on farms and homes over 22 per cent bears interest at rates less than 6 per cent; 34 per cent at the rate of 6 per cent; 33 per cent at rates greater than 6 per cent, and 11 per cent at rates greater than 8 per cent. The average of value of each owned and incumbered farm in the United States is \$3,444, of each incumbered home \$3,250, and the average incumbrance off each of the farms is \$1,224, on each of

the incumbered homes \$1,293;
The 886,957 farms subject to incumbrance are worth \$3,054,923,165, and the incumbrance \$1,085,995,960, or 35.55 per cent of the brancs are valued at \$2,632,374,004, and the incumbrance is \$1,046,953,693, or 39.77 per cent of the value. The cities of \$,000 to 100,900 population have 214,613 incumbered homes, occupied by owners worth \$739.846,. 087, with an incumbrance amounting to \$292, 611,574, which is 39.55 per cent of the value. In the cities of 100,000 population and over the value of the 168,159 incumbered homes occupied by owners is \$934,191,811, and these homes are incumbered for \$393,029,823, or for 42 per cent of their value. In the country and over the value of the 427-161 incumb red homes occupied by owners is \$958,337,006, and the incumbrance is \$361,311,796, or 37.70 per cent of the value. In the cities having at least 100,000 population \$5,555 represents the average value of each home owned incumbered. New York has the highest value, \$19,200; San Francisco second with \$7.993; Brooklyn third with \$7,349; Omaha with \$6.845. The annual interest charge on each owned and incumbered home in the cities is \$134. The highest amount is in New York, \$438, and the lowest amount, \$38. age rate of interest on cwned and incum-bered houses, namely 7.87 per cent, and New Ocleans is second, with 7.8 per cent, and New York has the lowest rate, 4.95 per cent, and Boston stands next with 5.14 per cent. Over 74 per cent of the incumbrance on owned farms was incurred in buying real es-tate and making improvements, and over 83 per cent of the incumbrance was for the purpose of buying and improving real estate, investing in business, etc. Over \$1 per cent of the incumbrance on homes was incurred to secure the purchase money and to make

improvements. CUSTOMS RULING REVISED.

Important Change Made in the Interpretation of the Tariff Law. WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- Secretary Car lisle today, in answer to telegrams from

collectors of customs and other points, sent the following telegram to collectors at all "The department has decided to be gov

erned by the supreme court decision in the case of Hartrauft vs. Oliver, 125 United States report, page 525, which entitles to the benefit of the new act all imported goods held in customs custody on August 24, 1894, whether unclaimed on board vessels or in process of transportation."

This ruling of the secretary reverses that ent to the collector last Tuesday, which held that goods must be actually in bond in

The decision of the supreme court to which the secretary referred in his telegram was brought to his attention after the receipt of a 1,200-word telegram from the cilicator at Chicago, in which he took issue with the secretary's ruling. The court in its decisecretary's ruling. The court in its deci-sion in the case of Hartrauft vs. Oliver says: The intent of the legislature is to be followed even if not within the letter of the statutes and I; follows that the construction placed upon the section by the secretary of the treasury in his circular of May 10, 1883, to edilectors of customs, is correct so far as it recognizes as subject to duties under it, goods imported before the act took effect whether actually within the walls of a bonded warehouse on that day or on the deck or on shipboard in port, or undergoing transportation in bond either after approval

of under the immediate transportation act. ORDERS FROM SCHOFFELD.

Order Increasing Regimental Bands from

Sixteen to Twenty Pieces. WASHINGTON, Aug. 30,-Gaueral Scho field issued several army orders today, of which the most pleasing to the army is one which increases regimental bands from sixteen to twenty pieces. Army men say eighteen pieces are not sufficient to make a creditable appearance. Another order carries out the law approved August 6, in relathe subsistence and quartermaster's departments. It was found by the officers of these departments that the regulations directed the issuance of some articles from one depart-ment which properly belonged to the other. Another order adds to the regular a pro-vision directing commanding officers of posts before forwarding charges for trial, to personally investigate them, and by endorse-ment on the charges certify they have made auch personal investigation, and state whother, in their opinion, the charges can be The provisions allowing prison ers five days abstement each month an their terms is modified so the abstement may be forfeited in case of subsequent misconduct. Captain Hugh G. Brown, Twelfth United States infantry, has been ordered to attend | He will make a speech at Atlanta.

the encampment of the Fourth regiment, Missouri National Guards, at St. Joseph, Mo., from September 10 to 15. Lientenant Colonel Henry W. Lawton, inspector general, has been ordered from Los Angeles, Cal., to report at the headquarters of the Department of Colonel Properties. ment of Colorado and relieve Major A. R. Chafee, Ninth cavalry, who is ordered to return to his regiment. Captain George San-derson, Sixth cavalry, has been assigned to duty in the Yellowstone park, relieving Major William A. Jones, corps of engineers, who has been in charge of construction of improvements in the park.

TURNED BACK LIKE COXEY.

Knights of Pythias Brass Band Told to

Keep of the Grass-New Officers. WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- Some of the visiting Knights of Pythias brass bands have found themselves the victims of the same law that Coxey ran contrary to en May 1 last when he attempted to enter the capito; grounds. Nothing like a parade is allowed to enter the capital grounds except on inauguration days or by special permission, and the bands which have daily approached with drums beating and wind instruments blowing have found the way barred by a capitol police-

man and have been turned back.

The supreme council Knights of Pythias elect d officers today to serve until the next biennial conclave. They are: Supreme chancellor, Walter B. Riche of Ohio; supreme vice chancellor, Phillip T. Celgrove of Michigan; supreme prelate, Albert Steinhart of Gregville, Ala; master of exchequer, Thomas G. Sample of Allegheny, Pa.; supreme keeper of records and soal, R. L. C. White of Nashville, Tenn.; supreme master-ut-arms. A. B. Gardiner, New York; supreme inner guard, James Moulton, New Brunswick; supreme outer guard, John W. Thompson, Washington, D. C.; president of the heard of control, John A. Hinsey of

The prize drills were continued today The prize drills were continued today.
The crganizations competing were: Mystic,
No. 12, Girad, Kan.; Williamsport, No. 10,
Williamsport, Pa.; John P. Linton, No. 50,
Latrobe, Pa.; New Albany, No. 5, New
Albany, Ind.; Ortygia, No. 10, Phillipsburg,
N. J.; Austin, No. 14, Amsterdam, N. Y.;
Galaxy, No. 35, Pittsburg, Kan.; Hastings,
No. 19, Hastings, Mich.; Harmony, No. 14,
Torrington, Comp.; Longerille, No. 1, 14,
Torrington, Comp.; Longerille, No No. 19, Hastings, Mich.; Harmony, No. 14, Torrington, Cann.; Louisville, No. 1, Louis-ville, Ky.; Oak, No. 29, Cleveland, O.; Poughkeepsle, No. 14, Paughkeepsle, N. Y.; Yellow Cross, No. 5, Alliance, O.; Altoona, No. 26, Altoona, Pa.; Teledo, No. 35, Teledo, O.; Anson, No. 16, Amsterdam, N. Y.; Ashland, No. 5, New York City, Battalion drills were given by the Pirst Indiana regiment of Indianapolis and the

ndiana regiment of Indianapolis and the First battalion of the Second Ohlo regiment. The Phil Sheridan division of Syracuse, N. J., and the D. D. Burns, hussars of St. Joseph, Mo, gave mounted drills at Fort

Myer, Of the eighty Pythian papers in the United States about thirty-five are represented at the encampment, and today they organized a Pythian Press association by electing the following officers: President, Fred E. Wheaton, Pythian Advocate, Minneapolis; Wheaton, Pythian Advocate, Minneapolis, first vice president, Bert W. Mahon, Pythian Voice, St. Louis; second vice president, W. H.- St. John, Pythian Knight, Rochester; third vice president, W. C. Ronald, Pythian Herald, Scattle, Wash.; recording secretary, W. D. Kennedy, Knight Errant, Chicago corresponding secretary, B. T. Chase, Pythian Herald, Lewiston, Me.; treasurer, A. P. Riddle, Sprig of Myrtle, Minneapolis, Kan.; executive committee, R. F. Eldredge, Pythian Pen, St. Paul, chairman; Will L. Scism, Knight's Jewel, Omaha; James Kehlbeck, Pythian Reporter, New York City; H. Cronaeim, Pythian Lodge Secret, Atlanta, Ga.; J. R. Stevens, K. of P. Magazine,

Chattanooga, Tenn.
According to the complete roster, which has just been prepared at headquarters, the following divisions from Nebraska are in this city attending the encampment: Hedges division, No. 35, Shelton; Union division, division, No. 35, Shelton; Union division, No. 44, Madison. Damon division, No. 1, of Sioux Falls, S. D., is also here.

ALCOHOL USED IN THE ARTS.

terpretation of the New Law.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- A. Authony of E. & H. T. Anthony, manufacturers of photographic chemicals and materials, of New York, and James R. Davies, representing the drug and chemical trade of New York, were at the Treasury department tolay in the interest of a proper interpretaion and execution of section 61 of the new tariffs act exempting from international revenue tax alcohol used in the arts. Mr. Anthony, in an interview with Commissioner Miller, recalled the fact that alcohol and ether are the two principal raw ma-terials in the manufacture of colludon, extensively used for photographic purposes. Consequently paper coated with colodan emulsion, although superior to other kinds. callnot be made as cheaply as other papers by reason of the tax of about 460 per cent now imposed above the cost of manufacture No other article of commerce, it is said, is taxed so heavily, and therefore the claim is made that a gross injustice is being done this branch of trade. Mr. Davies con-terded that this unjust discrimination in tax against manufactures of chemicals had worked infinite harm to that trade, and both missioner that probably the best way to prevent frauds being perpetrate; by small irresponsible druggists, who would take ad-vartage of the law to put upon the mark t vast quantities of so-called medical preparation, which in fact were nothing but adulter-ated low-grade whisky, would be to require all articles in which free alcohol is used to be manufactur d in bonded warehouses under government supervision.

Commissioner Miller explained that the department is now carefully investigating the question as to whether effective regulations can be prepared that will regulate the operation of the law so as to prevent innumerable frauda upon the government. The whole question would likely be settled within the next four days.

RECIPROCITY IN SALT.

Some Countries Still Have to Pay Duty to

Send Sodium Chloride to This Land. WASHINGTON, Aug. 30. - Secretary Carlisle has issued a circular to all collectors of customs calling attention to paragraph 608 of the new tariff act, which admits salt free of duty, but provides that the coverings in which it is imported shall take the same rates of duty as if imported separately; and further, "that if salt is imported from any country, whether inde-pendent or in dependency, which imposes a duty on salt exported from the United States, then there shall be levied, paid and collected upon such salt the rate of duty existing prior to the passage of the new

The secretary furnishes a list of such countries which impose a duty on sait, and therefore sait imported into the United States from these countries will pay the duty of S cents per 100 pounds. The prin-cipal countries imposing a sait daity are Canada, Austra, the Argentine Republic, Bravil France German Movice Power the Brazil France, Germany, Mexico, Russia, the Australian colonics and Spain,

Pestmuster: Ger There. WASHINGTON, Aug. 50.-Presidential postmasters were appointed today as follows: Nebraska-J. W. Dupin, Seward. California -John B. Garibaldi, Merced. Himois-James B. Coe. Clayton; James E. Yerce, Hillsboro. Iowa-T. H. Studebaker, McGregor, Kansas --James M. Kempke, St. Marys; E. E. Caddis, Haldwin, Missouri-William L. Marsh,

Nominees were reappointed in the cases a which neminations falled of confirmation: Nebraska—R. R. McMullin, Ponca. Kansas— John B. Kessler, Ottawa, South Dakota— Alired D. Tinsley, Sieex Falls, Utah— George H. Islaub, Ogden, Washington—John Torroll, Pomeron Tyrrell, Pemerey.

Hoke Smith Has Gone South WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Secretary Smith left Washington today for Georgia.

FOUGHT A DUEL TO THE DEATH

Kentucky Neighbors Meet in the Road and Carve Each Other with Knives.

BLOOD SPILLED OVER BRECKINRIDGE

George Cook Called Women Courtesans Who Went to Hear the Colonel and John King Backed the Life Out of Him with a Knife.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 30 .- A duel to the death with knives occurred in Clark county, near Boonesboro, yesterday, over the actudal feature of the Ashland congressional

contest. John King, a Breckinridge man, living in Fayette county, met on the highway his old friend, George Cook, who lives in Clark county. Cook said that any woman who went to hear Breckinridge speak was no better than a courtesan. King dismounted from his horse, saying his wife and daughters had heard Breckinridge. Cook insisted it was a shame. He also dismounted.

Both drew knives and blood flowed freely until Cook dropped dead.

King has escaped. Elder W. J. McGarvy, an eminent instructor on theological subjects in the bible college of Kentucky university, and a leader in the Christian church of the south, has again taken up the cuuger against Colonel Breckinridge, using Evangelist Barnes' sermon Sunday night as his text. Elder Mc-Garvy is out in a letter today denouncing Barnes as a religious mountebank, who has wandered from one church to another during his remarkably checkered career, in and out of the pulpit. He holds up Barnes as a man who has at various times pretended to have received sanctification, the power to heal by annointment, and the power to absolve the sins of those confessing to him. After these humbugs were played out, Evangelist Barnes pretended that the Lord watched over him, even to the extent of keeping his organ in tune while it was being I ited over mountain roads from one meeting to an-other, and as an evidence of his faith he threw away his spectacles and trusted to the Lord to see without them. Mr. Mc-Garvy adds: "This experiment did not Garvy adds: "This experiment did not last long. He proclaimed that he then had faith enough to heal the sick, and that he would soon have enough to raise the dead. After some years of a very noted career in Kentucky he went to India, and while there he had a revelation from the Lord to the effect that the English people are the twelve lost tribes of Israel and that Queen Victoria is the head of the true church. He immediately obtained mem-bership in the Episcopal church, but that church, like the Presbyterian, refused to endorse his heresies by putting him into the ministry.

Elder McGarvy follows Mr. Barnes in his strange career after returning from India. For years he exercised remarkable influence in Kentucky, but his glory his departed and he can no longer obtain and hold the vast audiences that once assembled to hear him. Several years ago he left here to make his home on a small island off the coast of Florida. The caustic letter concludes with a discussion of biblical parallels moon which Evangelist Barnes and others trange career after returning from India upon which Evangelist Barnes and others have attempted to excuse Colonel Brecken-ridge's shortcomings. The closing paragraph is as follows:

"Let it be known orce and forever that there is nothing in God's holy book to extenuate the awful crimes proven against Breckinridge and nothing to furnish an ex-cuse to good people for seeking to re-elect

WEIR LEADS THE POPS.

Lincoln's Mayor Nominated for Congress in the First District.

TECUMSEH, Neb., Aug. 30.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)-The First district populist congressional convention, held in this city today, was well attended and worked harmoniously. C. N. Mayberry of Pawnee county was made chairman and Mart Howe of Lancaster and William Moran of Otoe secretaries. Nominations for congressman were: A. H. Weir of Lancaster, C. N. Mayberry of Pawnee, and George A. Abbott of Richardson. Welr was nominated on the first ballot, which stood: Weir, 52½; Mayberry, 2214; Abbott, 8. Weir made a good acceptance speech.

number of speeches were made, and Bard Huckins of Lincoln sang several catchy songs. The platform reaffirmed the princi-ples of the national convention at Omaha and state convention at Grand Island; demands free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1; denounces the repeal of the Sherman law; demands that the government encourage irrigation and the reclama-tion of arid lands of the west, and provide for the payment of labor involved by the issue of paper money; favors liberal pensions and municipal ownership of street cars. water works, etc.; national laws compelling arbitration to settle differences between capital and labor, state relief for drouth suf-ferers of the west, economical administration of the state government, reiterates the denand for a maximum freight rate bill or the enforcement of the one now on the statute books, favors an income tax, de-mands the enforcement of the law regarding the investment of the permanent school fund, favors the building of the Gulf & Interstate railroad, declares for equal rights regardless of sex, endorsed Allen, Mc-Keighan and Kem, and highly complimented

DEMS AND POPS FUSE

Judge Barcroft Will Be Their Copgressional Candidate in the Seventh Iowa District. DES MOINES, Aug. 30 .- (Special Telegran to The Bee.)-Democrats of the Seventh congressional district today in convention en dorard the nomination of Judge J. R. Barcroft, populist candidate. The vote was almost unanimous, 75 to 3 blanks, though there was considerable protest from some sources. The committee on resolutions reported the following, which were adopted:
Resolved, That we reaffirm the platform adopted at the democratic state convention, August 1, 1884, and that we are opposed to any legislation that will have a tendency to discriminate between the precious metals as money on the established ratio of 16 to 1.
Resolved, That after a protective class of legislation of thirty years we half with joy the passage of the tariff act as a step in the right direction and as a breach made in the protective system through which American froemen will continue to march.

Resolved, That, in the language of Grover Cleveland, "Tariff reform will not be settled until it is honestly and fairly settled in the interest and to the benefit of a patient and long-suffering people."

Captain Hull, republican, will be reelected by an increased majority.

Cole of Culibertson Named. sources. The committee on resolutions re-

Cole of Culbertson Named. TRENTON, Neb., Aug. 30,-(Special Teleam to The Bee.)-The republican rapresentative convention, which adjourned at Wauneta some ten days ago, after taking 300 ballots, convened at Culbertson yester-day and on the 411th ballot nominated J. W. Cole of Culbertson. Cole is a prominent altorney of this county and a stalwart republican.

NIOBRARA, Neb., Aug. 30 .- (Special to The Bie.)-At the democratic convention for the Twentieth representative district, held here last evening, J. C. Hoffman of Boyd

county was nominated. Georgia Republicans.

a ticket. The proposition to endorse the populist nominees was defeated. Resolupopulist nominees was deteated. Resolu-tions were put in notice, however, that they must not enter democratic primaries or caucuses. After the adoption of this, which is nothing out of the usual order, the conven-tion adjourned.

Texas Republican Ticket. DALLAS, Tex., Aug. 30.—The republican state convention has sominated the following ticket: W. K. Makeson, governor; R. B. Rentfrow, Beutenant governor; A. H. Colwell, superintendent of education; J. M. Hurley, attorney general, and C. A. Tomlinson,

MANY PROTESTS FILED.

Law Division of the Customs Service Has

Plenty of Work in Sight. NEW YORK, Aug. 30 .- The applications for withdrawals yesterday at the custom house in this city because of the new tariff bill numbered about 500. The riceipts at the end of the day were something like \$600. 000. Everything worked smoothly. The day before the McKinley bill became a law \$2. 500,000 were taken in. Many protests have been filed by the brokers with the law d vision because of the workings of the new law. When the McKinley bill was passed five months' time was allowed the brokers in which to arrange matters for their customers. In this instance they were given scarcely forty-eight hours notice and are expected to

forty-eight hours notice and are expected to accomplish as much in that time as they did under the McKinley bill.

Deputy Collector Phelps said he feared section 5 of the new law was going to cause a deal of trouble. "You see, it provides that all articles brought into this country," said he, "must be marked or branded in legible profiles words in a manner so as to indicate English words in a manner so as to indicate the country of their origin and the quantity of their contents. If not properly marked the contents must be re-examined and re-appraised. This means that all quart bottles of wine will have to be re-appraised, for a quart bottle of wine never contains more than a fifth of a gallon. Then, again, if a house be consigned 500 dozen needles and there should be one needle, more or less, ac-cording to section 5 we will have to go over the case of needles to get the thing straight The result will be the greatest confusion and business will be brought to a standstill." Thus far, however, everything has gone

Big Customs House Receipts.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30 .- Receipts at the custom house for the first day under the new tariff foot up larger than for the whole of the preceding year. This is the result of the change in the tariff law. Three hundred custom house brokers received licenses, every one of the 300 had customers wanted their goods early in the day. The consequence was that the brokers were rushed to get the go ds entered. In order to accomplish that, a humber of brokers made it worth the while of the clerks in the custom houses to remain after hours and en-ter their goods. None of the brokers effices closed before midnight. The custom house were opened half an hour earlier than Seven hundred withdrawals were entered, but all this could not be handled, and not over one-quarter of them were passed. The receipts amounted to \$212,534.

CAUGHT DRUNK TWICE. Captain Goodwin to Be Court-Marrialed-His Offences.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Aug. 30 .- A general court-martial will convene at Van-W. H. Goodwin, company G. Fifteenth regiment, infantry, U. S. A., on several accusa-tions of drunkenness while on duty. There are several counts in the charge, among others that while on duty at Spokane during the late strike on July 22, 23 and 24 Captain Goodwin was guilty of drunkeness. The captain had been with company G at Huntington, Ore., guarding a number of Coxey-ites who were sentenced to imprisonment It was made a part of its duty t escort the westbound overland Northern Pa-c fic passenger train from that city to Ta-coma. Goodwin was in command when ordered to the depot to await the arrival of the train, but when the cars came in the captin, it is said, was nowhere to be found. The soldiers were, however, placed aboard the cars, and then the train patiently awaited the arrival of the command-ing officer. When he finally came he was said to have been intoxicated. After the return of the command to Vancouver Cap return of the command to Vancouver Cap-tain Goodwin is alleged to have repeated this offense. At the close of dress parade one evening and when the officers had as-sembled in front of Colonel Anderson for the purpose of making their reports it is alleged Captain Goodwin presented himself in a state of intexication. The colonel himself is reported as being horrified by a per-sonal discovery of the captan's condition. Captain Goodwin is well known throughout the northwest. His social connections are very high. He was appointed to a lieutenancy in the army from civil life in Ohio in 1876 by the president, was made first lieutenant in 1889 and captain last March. He was for two years at Seattle on recruit-ing duty, and with his family moved in the highest society circles. He has not had the reputation of being a drinking man, and his friends are much loath to believe the charges against him.

RICH PLACER MINES.

Snake River, Wyoming, the Scene of Much Excitement. RAWLINS, Wyo., Aug. 30 .- (Special to The Bee.)-There is considerable excitement over the recent discoveries in the Four Mile placer district on Snake river in the southern part of Carbon county. A great deal of development work has been done there this season, and all who visit the district are surprised at the showing made. Several Colorado and California parties have recently located claims there. Mr. Gillispie, a wealthy mining man of Aspen, is having a ditch twenty-five miles long surveyed, to tap the headwaters of Slater's fork. The Gold Valley company another Aspen, concern will ley company, another Aspen concern, will construct a ditch tapping Snake river near

CHEYENNE, Aug. 30. - (Special to The Sec.)-Lieutenant Perry of the Seventeenth nfantry, U. S. A., stalloned at Fort D. A. Russell, and Miss Gertrude Morgan were married at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of the bride's mother. Eightrenth street and Capitol avenue. Rev. Dr. Rafter of St. Mark's Episcopal church officiated Miss Morgan is the daughter of the late Hon E. S. N. Morgan, ex-secretary of Wyoming territory. The bride and groom left on the 3:30 o'clack p. m. train for Chicago.

Receiver Gleason's Showing. CHEYENNE, Aug. 30. - (Special to The Bee.) - Receiver Gleanon of the Warren Live Stock company has filed in the district cour an inventory of the property, which, exclusive of \$4,004 acres of ranch land, is valued at \$114,660. The receiver has not yet de termined upon a valuation for the lands

Funeral of Congressman Shaw. ST. PAUL, Aug. 30 .- A Eu Claire, Wis. special to the Dispatch says: The remains of Congressman Shaw tay in state at the family mansion all day attended by a guard of honor of twelve Knights of Pythias in full uniform, and many hundreds of citi-zens filled the rooms and took a look at the features. The official delegation from Washington strived today. The funeral services at the house began at 2 o'clock, Rev. 1b., Dudley of the First Congregational church officiating. There were over 500 knigths in the funeral procession, besides many other organizations. The interment was at Lake View. All business was suspended during the funeral.

Smooth Hog Thieves. FAIRBURY, Neb., Aug. 30 .- (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-Bud Snow and Martin ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 30.—When permanent organization was finally effected in the republican state convention, a fight immediately sprang up on the nomination of a state ticket. It was decaded not to put out.

BRAVE STAND OF MEXICANS

Taken Unaware: by a Band of Hostiles and Given a Hard Batt e

CAUGHT IN AMBUSCADE BY Y. O.J.S.

Nine Federals Dropped at the First Fire, but the Tro ps Were Railled and Fought for an Hour and a Haif.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Aug. 30.-Details of another ambuscade of Yaqui Indians on Mexican troops have been received. On July 28 forty-five men of the Fourteenth battalion left a place called the Pilares for Cruz de Piedra, and from there started on July 30 for Rio Yaqui, near the outpost of Los Guasimas. They were ambuscaded in a thickly wooded part of the road by a party of about 100 indians, who had divided themselves on each side of the road. At the first fire, delivered at pistol range, nine federals dropped. Captain Gomez, in command, rallied his men on the defensive a little outside of the ambuscade. When the Indians attacked the troops furiously resisted, but were repulsed more than once. The fight lasted more than an hour and a half, the federals remaining in possession of the field. While some of the Indians were fighting, the remainder stole the baggage, animals, money and as much of the ammunition of the troops as they could carry off. It was noted that two Indian women and six or eight Indian boys were among the combatants. Of the federals twelve men were killed, six wounded. The wife of a sergeant was killed and a little child of 8 and a boy of 9 were wounded slightly. Four Indians were killed and twenty-seven slightly wounded and taken prisoners. Captain martialed at Torin. Captain Gomez will be court

ZELAYA IS NONE TOO SECURE.

Another Revolt Looked For on the Bluefields Reservation.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30 .- A special to the World from Colon says: A strange steamer has been seen off Bocos del Toro and several prominent Nicaraguan refugees have simultaneously disappeared, giving rise to a report that another move against Zelaya will begin at Mosquito. Nicaraguans and Indians here who had been reduced to beggary are now well supplied with funds and are purchasing arms and ammunition in large quantities. The popular belief is that the revolt on the coast is only temporarily ended, for the etracities committed have stirred the people to demand vengeance and prominent exiled Nicaraguans are expected to return to take part in a new and general movement to over-

throw Zelaya and his friends.

There is no doubt the action of the United States government in refusing protection to any of its citizens at Bluefields who took part in the recent insurrection has emboldened Nicaragians who are manufacturing evidence by perjury against Americans. Able counsel has been secured for the British and American prisoners, who will claim the action against them is illegal. It is learned that since the government of Nicaragua issued the edlet for the banishment of the Blue-fields prisoners United States arinister Haker. acting under instructions from the State de-partment, entered a vigorous protest against the manner of arrest and the subsequen-carrying off of American citizens from Bluefields to Nicaragua. Minister Baker also demanded the immediate trial of the prisoners, stipulating that they should have ample for stealing a train. After this duty was means of defense. The Nicaraguan govern-discharged company G was orderd to Spo-ment was also informed that if all of these conditions were not complied with the United States would demand the immediate release of the prisoners.

A special from Bluefields says the Nicaraguans have stopped the flight of refugees from the Mosquito reservation and clear-ances are refused to foreign craft engaged

in the coast trade with the Indians.

FLAG INCIDENT IN QUEEEC. French Exhibitors Want Tricolor to Wave

Over Exhibition Buildings. MONTREAL, Aug. 30 .- A section of the French Canadian press is Indignant at what it considers an outrage on the part of the authorities who have charge of the Provincial exhibit at Quebec. The difficulty lies in the fact that the French flag is not given official recognition. The Patrie says: "We ask all the exhibitors to exact that the irr-color flag be made to float ever the exhibition buildings and to withdraw rather than abide by the dictates of a pedantic castor who is ashamed of being French. Let there be no exhibition rather than allow France to be insulted; therefore if there is then a flascothe people of Quebec will know whom to

DUTCH BOMBARDING MATARAM.

Capital of Lombok is Now in the Hands of AMSTERDAM, Aug. 30.-A dispatch

received here from Batavia says that Mataram, the capital of the island of Lombok, where the Dutch troops have recently met with serious reverses at the hands of the Halinez, is in the possession of the rebels. The dispatch adds that Mataram is being bembarded by the Dutch fleet.

Satolli Will Return to Rome.

LONDON, Aug. 30 .- A dispatch received here from Rome says the report that Mgr. Satolli will return to Rome at the end o the year is confirmed. According to this disfrom the United States the Vatican will publish the result of his mission, which will show, as already frequently stated, that the pope is entirely satisfied with the work of Mgr. Satolli and that his holiness consideres that the church questions of the United States are almost settled.

Liege Suffered Hadly. BRUSSELLS, Aug. 30 .- Reports received here from the various towns of Belgium which suffered from the storm of Monday last show that the damage done was most serious. At Liege, many of the houses are still flooded. The square of St. Lambert is a foot deep in water, and during the worst period of the storm the water rushed down the sloping streets, carrying paving stones with it, and destroying many of the store

Chief Clarence Want's Mexico's Aid. CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 30 .- It is reported here today that Chief Clarence of the Musquite reservation, who is now in Kingston, Jamalea, will shortly proceed to Mexico for protection for himself and his allies. The plans of the chief are kept very quiet, but it is thought he will make an effort to have Mexico annex his country and thus enl at the Cenetral American troubles.

LONDON, Aug. 30. - Twenty Roman Catholic clargymen, just ordained for missionary work at St. Paul Dubuque, Omaha Chicago, Kansas City and Buluth, started for the United States yesterday on board the White Star line steamship Germanic.

ANTWERP, Aug. 30 .- The international peace congress is in session here. The first day was occupied in speech making.

At Southampton-Arrived-Augusta Vic-toria, from New York. At Avonmouth-Arrived-Mexico, from Montreal. At Philadelphia-Arrived-Corean, from Glasrow John Morley Visiting Carnegle, LONDON, Aug. 30.—Mr. Morley, secretary for Ireland, is visiting Andrew Carnegie at Cluny castle. Glasgow At San Francisco-Arrived-Mariposa, from Sydney and Honolulu. At Bremerhaven-Arrived-Havel, from New York.

Planned by an Old Prince. AMSTERDAM, Aug. 30 .- It appears that

to chastise the rajah of Lambok was planned by one of the old princes, who had been incited to do so by the native chiefs.

India's Cotton Crop Satisfactory. LONDON, Aug. 30.-A dispatch to the Times from Calcuita says that the cotton reports are satisfactory, especially in the Punjaub and the northwest and central

ALL PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

Hearing of the Case Against Governor Waite and the Police Heads in Denver. DENVER, Aug. 30.-The hearing of the case against Governor Walte, President Mullins of the Fire and Police board, Hamfiten Armstrong, chief of police, and Katle Dwyer, police matron, charging them with conspiracy in detaining a letter intended for ex-Police Matron Sadie M. Likens, was begun before United States Commissioner Himsdale today. The defendants, except

Himsdate today. The defendants, except Governor Waite, were arraigned and they pleaded not guilty, as the governor had previously done.

Mrs. Likens was placed on the stand and swore that the advertisement in the News of July 2, seeking a position as cook or housekeeping, was inserted by a Mrs. Harnet, who had asked permission to have the answers sent in care of Mrs. Likens at the city hall. This statement was verified by Mrs. Harnet, Other evidence to substantiate this fact was introduced.

city built. This statement was verified by Mrs. Harnet. Other evidence to substantiate this fact was introduced.

Ex-Matron Likens testified that the reason given her by the police board for her dismissal was "economy." No opportunity was ever given her to explain the letter from Jesse Parr. She considered Parr's letter in answer to the advertisement of Mrs. Ellen Harnet for a situation as cook or house-keeper private and not official business. District Attorney Johnson asked Mrs. Likens to what party she belonged. Assistant Attorney General Sales, who appeared for the defendants, objected. Mr. Johnson thereupon declared: "I expect to show that all the defendants are members of the populist party; that the witness is a member of the republican party, and that every effort wah made to get her out of office. I expect to show that although this letter was addressed on the envelop to Mrs. Likens, it was detained from her, was carried to the president of the board, and it was amenuaced by him that it was the evidence upon which he could remove this witness." esse Parr, who wrote the letter, testified

Jesse Farr, who wrote the letter, testified that he did not intend the letter for any of the defendants, but for Mrs. Likens.

Mrs. Flora Frincke, formerly housekeeper for Matron Dwyer, testified that Miss Dwyer ence, in her presence, told Governor Walte's private secretary she would have Mrs. Liken's place if it took her a year to get it. Mrs. Frincke testified that Miss Dwyer discharged her before she refused to take a letter from Mrs. Liken's desk.

Friends of Mrs. Likens testified Miss Dwyer guve them to understand Mrs. Likens was removed because she was engaged in an immoral business.

Folice Commissioner Barnes said President Mullins produced the Parr letter before the board and declared it proved her an improper person for the office of matron, Mr. Barnes replied that the letter contained nothing derogatory to Mrs. Likens. She was never notified to appear in regard to the matteer.

Mr. Johnson put in evidence Fresident

When the bombarding gunners had finished their work King Malletoa's warriers were signated to advance and occupy the deserted position. Before the rebal warriers evacuated Lamanuu they set fire to all the huts in the vicinity, as well as to their fort, the destruction of which the bombarders finished, and destroyed all the bread fruit trees which were review near. The available of the control was never notified to appear in regard to the matteer.

Mr. Johnson put in evidence President Mullin's letter to the Rocky 'Mountain News, in which he announced: "Should the very ardent defenders of Mrs. Likens desire further information as to the reasons why Mrs. Likens was chosen as the one to be sacrificed to reduce expenses in the department, they can obtain such information by calling upon the Fire and Police board, who are reluctant to submit these matters to the public press."

Mr. Mullins denied having written that portion of the letter queted, but neknowledged having attached his signature to it. A few more witnesses were examined, but gave unimportant testimony, after which the hearing was continued until tomorrow morning, when Governor Waite will take the stand. Governor Waite's appearance and conduct throughout the day was that of a man at peace with the world. than fifteen miles from Apia, and it was declared to again advance upon them. On Sunday morning the rebels and the king's warriors, who numbered fully 600, came together at Lufling. The rebels made the attack and killed and wounded several of Malietals and professional of Sunday there.

HIS WIFE WAS FALUABLE.

Early on Monday morning, August 13, the Steele Mackay's Son Sues His Canadain Curacoa and Buzzard changed their posi-Fr'end for the Value of Her Affections. NEW YORK, Aug. 30.-Arthur Loring killing and wounding a large number. Simultaneously the king's warriors attacked them on the shore. In the fight the king brought an action in the superior court to lost six killed and several wounded. At this writing it is impossible to obtain a re-liable estimate of the rebal less but it is peopler \$50,000 damages from his former friend. Paul Latzke, for the alleged ahenation of the affections of his wife, Flora Louise Mackaye. Latzke was arrested today apon an order issued by Judge McAdam of the superior court, at the instance of Charles Batte. Bail was fixed at \$2,000, which was furnished. This is the second wife of Mackaye, who is under 30 years of age. His first wife was Maud Miller, the cally daughter of Joaquin Miller, "The Poet of the Sierras," where he is still leading the life of a hermit. Maud used to stay at the house of Steele Mackaye while she was in this city. One day young Mackaye and she ran off and were married. She had inst come from the convent of the Sacre dHonrt at Montreal, where she was educated. She got the impression that young Mackaye, who was a Protestant, had been baptized. When she learned to the contrary, she wrote to Mgr. Preston, asking if the marriage was valid. He said it was not. This letter caused much comment at the time. The young woman left Mackaye a short time after the marriage, on learning this fact. The marriage occurred February 4, 1855. On January 6, 1856, she married Loudon McCormae, an actor and theatrical manager of Chie. Wilhout a divorce from Mackaye. Mackaye subsequently get a divorce from her in this city last spring, Mackaye married Flora Louise Culler of Brooklyn in 1889. He had known Latzke a year before. The two men lived with their families in the same house in this city, and on Staten Island were considered the best of friends. While Mrs. Mackaye was at Shirley, Mass., last June she wrote letters, telling her husband she no longer loved him. He became suspicious, and going to Shirley last June he upbraided her, and declares she made a full confession of her relations with Lutzke. Mackaye says Latzke spirited his wife away about six weeks ago. He does not know where she is. Mackaye has also sued his wife for an absolute divorce. riend, Paul Latzke, for the alleged alienation of the affections of his wife, Flora known to have been heavy. The guns of the warships did de diy execution. Of Monday evening the rebels sued for peace. Their chiefs were ordered to come on board the Curacoa on the following day. They obeyed the order and made promises of com-plete submission to Malietoa's rule, agreeing to pay their taxes, return to their homes and to deliver up 100 rifles.

Immediately after this meeting the Curacoa steamed away toward Apia, believing that the trouble was over. The Curacoa's commander was eager to catch the mail steamer Mariposa that he might report the result of his operation to the British govern-ment. The Buzzard remained at the scene of action to receive the rifles from the rebeis and to see that they carried out their prom-Great was the surprise of the com mander of the Curacoa when, at midnight last night, the Buzzerd signalled that Chief Tamahese, leader of the Aana rebels, had joined the Atua party with over 400 Aana men and that these combined forces had attacked the king's warriers. Throughout the night the roar of the Buzzard's guns could be heard. This morning the Curacoa got under way again and left for the scene of the trouble. Captain Gibson left, de-

TRON TRAD REVIEW.

Near Future.

Discharged by the Coroner's Jury, CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Dr. R. V. McIntyre

formerly of Topeka, Kan., who was held by

a coroner's jury to answer a charge of

causing the death of a Mrs. Raymond, was discharged today on a writ of habeas corpus by Judge Sears. The testimony showed

by Judge Sears. The testimony showed nothing incriminating or anything evidencing

Movements of Sea Going Vessels August 30.

malpractice.

terrible, as his gunners will fire to kill. It is now certain that unless vigorous action is taken the position of the foreigners here will be critical.
At the hour of the sailing of the Mariposa it is reported the rebels have made a complete surrender, but the rumor lacks

termined to demand a complete surrender

of the rebels, and unless the rebels are sub-missive the slaughter will undoubtedly be

CAUSED REJUICING IN HAWAIL.

Welcoming News of the Recognition of the Republic by Cleveland. HONOLULU, Aug. 23 .- The Mariposa ar-

No Higher Bass of Value Expected in the rived here this evening from Auckland and brought the news of Cleveland's recognition CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 30.—The Iron Trade Review says: The feeling among authorities in the iron trade is that no of the republic in a dispatch dated Washington, August 9. The news was received higher basis of values is to be seen in the immediate future. No matter what the with rejoicing by the annexationists and higher basis of values is to be seen in the immediate future. No matter what the exact relation between foreign selling prices with the new tariff added and those at home, the impression is widespread that consumers will set lower prices new, and there is no willingness to pay an advance. If a permanently higher basis should be established here and there, the belief is that it will not come until all the possibilities of the new duty in reference to the preducts in question have been fully demonstrated. The price of beasemer pig in the Pittsburg and Wheeling districts for spot delivery is still firm at \$12. Buyers and sellers are apart in their ideas as to long contracts, and the same situation obtains as to billets. Western foundries are coming up faster from the extreme depression of the past half year than those in the cast, but in all parts of the country the reports from this industry are more encouraging. Eastern from mills are all lawyon small oredrs. In structural steel there is a good prospect. Other business in the same line will develop early in the fall. Wrought from pipe works have taken some good orders, but prices are not well maintained. Sheet mills are not well maintained association necessary, and wase reductions in proportion to the tariff cuts will be insisted upon by manufacturers of block plates and tin plate. with a shade of doubt by the royalists, who claim to think the dispatch a false. The Arowa from Vanesuver is due tomorrow, and if it is found that the dispatch is authentic the government intends to cele

brate in the evening.

The English cruiser Champion left port yesterday, after taking a formal leave of the government. Today, however, she came back again, much to the surprise of every for good.

No attempts at a revolution have been made since the departure of the Philadelphia, although there are many rumors that the royalists contemplate a coup d'état in

the near future.

IN DAKOTA'S DIFORCE MILL.

Daisy Edna Winslow Will Appeal from the Decision Favorable to Her Husband. YANKTON, S. D., Aug. 30-(Special Telegram to The Bec.)-Daisy Edpa Winslow, the divorced wife of Herbert Mail Winslew. the playwright, has changed her mind, and will appeal the case by which her husband secured a separation to the supreme court and ask to have the decision overreded. Her step-father came to her rescue with funds, and encourages her to fight her care to the

Dr. Abraham Korn, once health inspector Dr. Abraham Korn, once health inspector of Brooklyn, has applied for a divorce from his wife, Julia Korn, on the ground of desertion. The case is pending in the First judicial circuit of South Dakota, but there is another case in which the same parties are interested now before the tribunal in New York state. While Korn was compicting his residence in South Daluta pre-paratory to bringing his action, Mrs. Kern was suing him for a decree without leav-ing home. Now the case hinges on the question of which court has priority of jurisdiction. Korn wants a decree bul enough to plead with his wife to come to South Dakota and make answer to his summons, but she will not do so. Each wants to keep the two children.