Only a Few Members Attended the Last | KURINO PRESENTS HIS CREDENTIALS. Hours of Congress.

SESSION ENDED WITHOUT EXCITEMENT

Both Houses of Congress Adjourned Promptly at Two O'Clock-The Closing Hours Purely Formal-Party Bickerings Laid Aside.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.-The last day of the second session of the Fifty-third congress was attended by just a score of senators and a large concourse of pe ple, who packed the galleries to their fullest capacity. Most of those who were in the galleries were ladies. There were also many visiting Knights of Pythias.

The diplomatic gallery was the only one not occupied. Even the aisles of the galleries and the doorways swarmed with visitors. On the floor there was an air of relief at the approaching close of the session, visible on the faces and in the demeanor of those who have been at their posts so long. Chaplain McCarthy in a long prayer included not only the customary officers of the government, the president and vice president, and senators, but even the senate pages and the venerable Isaac Bassett in his appeal

grace.
All political differences and party bickerings were laid aside for the time being and those who were burling bitter anathemas at each other were today laughing and joking with each other in the most pleasant manner. After the reading of yesterday's jour-nal Mr. Ransom, democrat of North Caro-lina, offered the customary resolution to notify the president that the two houses were ready to adjourn. The resolution was agreed to and the vice president appointed Mr. Ran-som, democrat of North Carolina, and Mr. Manderson, republican of Nebraska, a committee on the part of the senate. No other business of importance was transacted and a recess was taken until 12:45 o'clock. At that hour the vice president announced that the senate was again in session. A message was received from the house announcing the death of George W. Shaw of Wisconsin.

In the absence of the two Wisconsin sena-tors, Mr. White offered the customary resolutions of regret and the vice president ap-pointed Senators Mitchell of Wisconsin, Cullom of Illinois, Davis, Roch and Kyle to at-

At 12:55 a further recess was taken until to order and the committee appointed to call upon the president announced that he had no further communications to make to congress. Resolutions of thanks were tendered Vice President Stevenson and Senator Harris, president pro tem, and at 2 o'clock the vice president declared the senate adjourned

without day. Old campaigners declared the death scene of the second session of the Fifty-third coness the most placid and uninteresting they

ALL QUIET IN THE HOUSE. The galleries of the house were packed to everflowing with visiting Pythians and their families, drawn hither to witness the closing seenes of the dying session which expired at The attendance on the floor was very light, however, the great majority of the members having already gone to their

The resignation of Representative Oates, recently elected governor of Alabama, to take effect December 3, was laid before the

In accordance with the usual custom Mr. Wilson, democrat of Wast Virginia, offered a resolution, which was adopted without division, for the appointment of a committee of three members of the house to meet a similar committee of the senate to wait upon the president and notify him congress was ready to adjourn and ascertain if he had any further communication to make. The speaker appointed Masrs. Wilson, democrat of West Virginia; Holman, democrat of Indiana, and Hepburn, republican of Iowa.

The speaker also appointed the following committee to investigate the Ford theater Messra, Maddox, democrat of Georgia: Brookshire, democrat of Indiana; Piggott, democrat of Connecticut; Daniels, republican of New York, and Updegraff, re-

KNOCKED OUT BY JOHNSON. The resolution to print comparisons of the new tariff law with the present law and the Wilson bill as it passed the house, was called up by Mr. Richardson, democrat of Tennes ee. The vote resulted: Yeas, 71; nays, 3. Mr. Johnson, democrat of Ohio, renewed his opposition and made the point of no quorum. As it was apparent that a quorum not be mustered appeals from all sides to induce Johnson to withdraw his point of order, but refused. Mr. Johnson's opposition was at the comparisons proposed to be printed had been prepared under the direction of

Senator Gorman, and were misleading.

Mr. Warner, democrat of New York, and Mr. DeArmond, dem crat of Missouri, fered compromise amendments, but t were rejected. Finally Mr. Richardson with-The committee appointed to wait upon the

president reported that the president had no further communication to make to congress. "The president also requested me," Mr. Wilson, "to congratulate the house and senate on the close of their labor, and to wish the individual members a happy and prosper-

At 2 o'clock the speaker, with a bang of his gavel, declared the second session of the Fifty-third congress adjourned. Great cheers greeted the announcement.

Important Unstorn Ruling WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Secretary Car-

lisle has received a number on inquiry from customs officers as to the details to be observed in carrying the new tariff act into effect. The replies were of no special in-terest, with the exception of one, which states on the authority of the decision of the United States supreme court, imported goods destined for any interior point will be considered as having been imported "when they arrive at the custom house at the seaboard or, technically speaking, the arrival at the exterior port, and not the interior port will govern in determined the time of arrival.

Withdrawn from Sugar Factories. WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.-Some days ago trictto separate and identify all sugar made factories from July 1, 1894, to midnight of August 27. This having been done, the commissioner today gave the agents instruc-tions to withdraw all government control supervision of sugar factories. supervision has been maintained heretofore because of the sugar bounty provision of the McKinley act, and now bountles have ceased virtue of the new tariff bill is no longer

necessary. Ruling on the New Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.-In answer to a telegram from the Boston custom authorities, Secretary Carlisle has replied holding that no goods which arrived in port before midnight on August 27 are entitled to entry under the new tariff act. This applies to goods under general order for which no entry has been made, made, and to goods in port entered, and also to goods energed for which permits have not been presented.

Wills Approved by the President. WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.-The president has approved the following bills: An act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Osage river, Missouri; to authorize the Biloxi & Back Bay Bridge company to con-struct and maintain a bridge over the Back Bay, Mississippi; to authorize the construc-

WAS A TAME DEATH SCENE DeWitt Mo., and the act appropriating \$9,000 for collection of internal revenue taxes. (This appropriation being principally on account of the income tax).

New Japanese Minister Formally Received and Ready to Do Busin ss.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.-The new Jap anese minister, Mr. Shinichica Kurino, was presented to the president today. In view of the fact the minister arrived in Washington only yesterday, the presentation was with remarkable celerity, but this is accounted for by the desire of the new minis ter to present his credentials and be fully empowered to deal with the State department before the president leave Washingen. The minister and Mr. Miyyoka, the charge d'affaires of the legation, were brought into the presence of the president by Secretary Gresham and after his introduction the minister said: "Mr. President, I have the honor to state that his missery the ampress of to state that his majesty, the emperor of Japan, has appointed me to be his envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the government of the United States. In graciously honoring me with this mission, his imperial majesty especially commanded me to express to you his wish for your continued health and happiness and for the prosperity

and well being of the great people whose iterests are confided to your wise keeping. "The promotion of the friendly relations which so happily exist between Japan and the United States has always ben a matter of fdeep concern to his imperial majesty and has her offered with the concern to the imperial majesty and he has viewed with pleasure the steady growth of the importance and intimacy of the ntercourse between the two nations. sentiments ofe ordial friendship to the United States on the part of his imper al majesty have also pervaded the minds of his people, so that in assuring you, Mr. President, of my desire to do what I can to draw even closer the bends which unite our countries, while I obey the first and most important behest of my august sovereign, I likewise express a purpose that in the execution I shall have the earnest sympathy of my countrymen.

'The kind co-operation which you and the officers of your government have always given to every effort to promote the cor-diality and the mutual consideration which are such marked characteristics of the relations of our countries emboldens me to confidently believe I can rely upon your aid in carrying out this purpose. "I now have the honor to hand you the

letter recalling my predecessor and my letter The president replied: "Mr. Minister, the

friendship which has endured between the United States and the empire of Japan since the conclusion of their first treaty forty years ago makes it most agreeable to me to receive from your hands the letter whereby your imperial sovereign accredits you to this government as his envoy extracidinary and minister plenipotentiary.
"I welcome the cordial assurances and

wishes you express in his majesty's name and on behalf of your countrymen for a fuller development of the ties of amily that join the two peoples and for their continued, and if it be possible, closer intercourse, and I can assure you of the earnest co-operation of myself and my constitutional associates to-ward these beneficial ends. Succeeding as you do to a long line of illustrious prede-cessors who have won official sympathy and personal esteem among us, I can be peak for you, Mr. Minister, no less a share of friendly ordiality than they received, and I am glad o believe the large knowledge you have gained of this country and its institutions by your previous residence here will increase your opportunities to further the good relations of our two countries and to appreciate at their full worth the warm desires we Americans feel for the advancement of Japan in the ways of prosperity and happiness.

Money to Pay Pensioners. WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.-The secretary of the interior today issued a requisition of the splendid African cavalry), thirty auxiliary secretary of the transvery for \$11 to 100 to secretary of the treasury for \$11,101,000 to be used in the quarterly pension payments. The amount is distributed as follows: Co-lumbus, \$3,800,000; Boston, \$1,900,000; Washington, \$1,800,000; Detroit, \$1,800,000; San Francisco, \$810,000; Augusta, Me., \$800,000. Augusta, Me., \$500,000,

GOVERNOR WAITE ARRESTED.

and Dos Moines, \$100,000.

Accused of Opening a Letter Addressed to the Denver Police Matron. DENVER, Aug. 28,-A warant was issued late this afternoon for the arrest of Davis H. Waite on the serious charge of opening and retaining a letter addressed to Mrs. Likens, formerly matron at police headquarters. The warrant was issued by United States Commissioner Hinsdale, who also issued wararuts for the arrest of President Dennis Mullins of the police board, Hamilton Armstrong, chief of police, and Kate Dwyer, matron at pelice headquarters. The charge is opening the mail, and also for conspiracy under statutes No. 3,892 and 5,440, the penalty for which is a fine of not over \$10,000, or two years impresenment, or both. The complaint was made by Mrs. Likens and was investigated by Postoffice Inspector Mc-Mechan. Mr. McMechan laid the matter before United States District Attorney Johnson and this afternoon a formal complaint was drawn against the four persons mentioned. This was presented to Commissioner Hins-dale and he issued the warrants, which were placed in the hands of Marshall Isreal's assistant, for service. Shortly afterward the warrants were served and all the parties named were arrested and taken before Commissioner Hinsdals. Governor Waite created quite a scene in the commissioner's rooms. He was highly indignant, and when Deputy United States District Attornew, Rhodes stepped towards him with extended hand, the governor met him with a cold stare. Governor Waite pleaded "Not guilty," claim-ing that he had not opened the letter, but that its centents had been read to him. The hearing of the case was set for next Thursday, and when it was suggested that ball be fixed at \$5,060 the prisoner sprang from his chair, paced the floor inf ront of the com-missioner, and exclaimed: "I am the govorner of this state, and these proceedings are had to interfere with me in the administration of my office. I will not give bail. You may send me to jail, but I will not give beil." Finally the commissioner accepted Governor Waite's personal recognizance to appear for trial in the sum of \$100.

TO DEFEAT PETTIGREW.

of Campaign at Sioux Falls.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Aug. 28 .- (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-The deal which was outlined a day or two ago by which the opponents of Senator Pettigrew hope to down im was consummated today. The populists and democrats held their convention in this city and agreed on a joint ticket as follows: Senators, Melvin Grigsby, an anti-Pettigrew republican, and Colonel Ton, a populist; for the house. Meredith, a prohibitionist, Dona-hue, a democrat. Martin, a democrat and Berdahl and Galloway, populists. The pres-ent democrate sheriff, George Knott, was nominated and the rest of the county ticket composed of populists. The ticket is con-idered very strong and no one is willing to predict the outcome

Mississippi Treasury Still Paying Warrants. JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 28.-All that is known here of the United States government's action relative to the Mississippi special warrant case is what was contained in this evenrant case is what was contained in this evening's dispatches. The Associated press correspondent called on Governor Stone and
Auditor Stone and asked them if they had
anything to say for publication, and both repiled they had not. They did not appear at
all disturbed over the affair, however, and
were apparently little surprised at the turn
the affair has taken. It is also affair they the affair has taken. It is also stated they intend to proceed as hereir-lore, continue to pay out special warrants on claims against the state until the issue of \$200,000 is ex-hausted. About \$40,000 of the warrants are on hand unused. No officer hasyet made his any papers on any of the state officers.

After Thirty-four Years of Freuch Occupation the Tauregs Are Not Sublus 1.

SORTIE PARTY ENTIRELY CUT TO PIECES

Second Serious Reverse at Timbuctoo-Be leaguering Forces Were Overwhelming in Numbers and Few of the

European Solulers Escaped.

PARIS, Aug. 28 .- Most startling news has reached here from Senegal, West Africa. According to a report received at St. Louis, the French garrison at Timbuctoo, after three days desperate fighting with the Tauregs and other hostile tribes which have been infesting that city for a long time past, made a sortie. The beleaguering forces were overwhelming in numbers and fell upon the sortie party, fairly annihilating it. This news created consternation in many

circles, as it is the second serious disaster the French lave met with in the vicinity of Timbuctoo since that important Soudanese town was occupied by them early in the '60's A French column, commanded by Colonel Bannier, arrived at Timbuctoo on January 10 and two days later a detachment of troops with Bannier at its head, accompanied by Commandant Hugeny and the entire staff, started out on a reconnoitering expedition, leaving Captain Phillippe as senior captain in charge of the post at Timbuctoo. This French detachment in some manner never fully explained to the public was surprised asleep in camp at Dougoi, two hours march north of Goundam and three days murch rom Timbuctoo. The Arabs, chiefly Tauregs. ounted and on foot, and armed with lance and knives, entered the French camp by sev eral sides during the darkest hours of early morning and overturned the standing arms in front of the sharpahooters, who, sur-rounded, were unable to seize their rifles to rounded, were unable to seize their rises to defend themselves successfully. The Arabs massacred nearly the entire detachment, consisting of the Fifth and Eleventh companies of Soudanese sharpshooters.

A French officer, Captain Nigotte, though seriously wounded in the head, succeeded in escaping to a platoon of soldiers left some

yards behind the main camp to guard some captured flocks. This platoon was under the command of Lieutenant Sarda. It retreated to Timbuctoo, bringing with it a few wounded men who had escaped the massacre at

The Tauregs pursued the retreating soldiers and practically invested Timbuctoo, which Captain Phillippe made haste to de-fend, pending the arrival of reinforcements. It was stated that at Dougoi the French lost pine officers, two European sergeants, an interpreter and one sergeant, six corporals and sixty-one native sharpshooters.

For the defense of Timbuctoo Captain Phillippe had 300 rifles and six cannon, but this was a very small force with which to this was a very small force with which is held a town of about 10,000 population situated amid hot, moving sands on the verge of a morass and having a wailed enclosurabout three miles in circumference. But a column, commanded by Colonel Joffre, was on its way to reinforce the French at Timburger and having sent mass moral to the bucios, and having sent messingers to the colonel and communicated with the commander of the French flotilia on the Niger river, the captain made the lest disposal possible of his small force, and with the cooperation of the populace, succeeded in hold-ing out until the Joffre column arrived. This column was composed of a company and a hulf of sharpshooters, a squadron of Spahi horses, mults, drivers, etc., of the first col-umn. It followed the land route by San Sandigo, Moninge, Nampala, Lere, Sounde and Goundam and met with serious opposi-tion during its advance. On January 20 a company of sharpshooters marched on Misfounke, supported by eavairy and artil-lery. They were confronted by two kilometres of a swamp which surrounded the vilage, in front of which were 400 warriors drawn up in battle array. The latter, in less than fifteen minutes, killed over 100 of the Africans. The others took flight and the village was captured without any loss on the part of the Joffre columns. Several en-gagements took place, cannon and cavelry being repeatedly called into use, but on Febdam and met the advance guard of the Joffre column, and on February 12 the latter

It is in all probability that part of the force of Captain Phillippe and Colonel Joffre which, according to the advices from Senegal, has been cut to pieces by the Arabs. It is believed that the garrison of Timbuctoo bas,

since the Joffre column arrived there, been again reinforced. The Journal des Debats has received a dispatch similar to the one made public here this morning. This dispatch announces that after three days' fighting a detachment of the garrison of Timbuctoo made a sortie, this detachment was composed of two companies Both reports agree in stating that the de-tachment part in the sorite was cut to pieces. Inquiries made on this subject at the ministry of the colonies show that no confirmation of the report has been received there up to 8 o'clock this evening, and the fficials in charge express the belief there i no truth in the report, claiming if the fight ing had occurred some news of it would cer-tainly have reached the ministry from Kayes, through which place all news must pass. The original dispatch from Senegal was rereived from a private source at St. Louis, Senegal, and it is possible he may have transmitted to this city a rumor gathered from the natives, who are much given to nagnifying such matters very much beyond

their actual importance.
The latest official dispatches from Tim buctoo declared the French force at that place was adequate to cope with the Tauregis, who, it was added, had been cowed by renostilities.

CZAR'S HEALTH IS BAD.

General Anxiety Felt Throughout the Empire on Account of It.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 28.-The health of the czar is causing general anxiety in There is no longer any doubt that his majesty is threatened with grave kidney troubles. It has been apparent for some time to those who have been with the ezar in public that he is a sick man. He has grown thin, his complexion is pale and of bad color, and he has the air of a man who is greatly fatigued. This was commonly remarked upon among the spectators at the recent launching of the armored cruiser Admiral Senivane. Prof. Zaccharin was summoned to St. Petersburg to see the czar. After a thorough examination of the patient the professor declared the dangerous malady did not exist, but that his majesty was suffering from pronounced albuminuria. Th future movements of the imperial family will be regulated by the progress of the emperor's

Peasants Attack a Count's Castle.

MEMEL, Prussia, Aug. 28.-A, serious riot has taken place near the Russian viliage of Crottnign. Count Tyszkiewicz, the largest land owner of the district, whose chatcau adjoins the village, distrained some of the peasant tenants of their cattle. This so enraged the peasants that a body of 160 armed men with shotguns, rifles and seythe armed men with shotguns, rifes and scythe blades marched upon the country residence and made a flerce attack upon the building, which was stoutly defended by the count's servants. The latter after a sharp battle repulsed the peasants, wounding several of them. Only one of the count's servants was hurt. No lives were lost on either side.

Floods with the speed of a Train. LONDON, Aug. 28 .- A dispatch to the Times from Simia, India, gives further par- for honest tariff reform.

ticulars of the flood in the Gonah valley caused by the bursting of the dam which held back the waters of Ghone lake. The dispatch says that the waters rushed through the valley at the rate of 22 miles an hour, carrying animals, buildings and trees along its course. In some of the gorges, it is added, the water was 160 feet high. Two suspension bridges were carried away by the flood.

Attempted to Shoot the Judges. ESSEN, Prussia, Aug. 28 .- A dramatic scene was witnessed in the local court, where s min:r named Lodz had been tried and convicted of insulting an imperial officer at a recent meeting of socialists. The court sentenced the prisoner to a fortnight's im-prisonment. The moment sentence was passed Lodz dr.w a revolver and fired two shots at the judges, who fied from the bench in alarm, but unhurt. The desperate man then aimed the pistol at his own head and fired without effect. Some of the court officials by this time had regained their presence of mind and Lods was disarmed.

Li Yula's New Appointment. SHANGHAI, Aug. 28.-Li Yula, the mill tary governor of the province of Shingking, has been appointed high commissioner and governor general of the northern district to the Corean frontier. He has been vested with the supreme military command of the Chinese forces in Corea. He will proceed to that country without delay. The Chinese northern fleet has arrived at

Wei-Hai-Wei safe from Port Arthur.

Captain Von Hennesin, who was formerly attached to Li Hung Chang's staff, has been appointed to assist Admiral Ting in the command of the Pei-Yang fleet.

Trouble Feared in the Congo Country. BRUSSELS, Aug. 28.-Advices received from St. Paul de Loanda, West Africa, say that a detachment of the French troops accompanied by field guns was landed on August 9 at Loango, destin d for the Angherigon. At the same time the authori-ties of the Congo Free State were pushing forward troops, guns and stores with the dispute which has since been settled by ireaty at Paris on August 15. In the mean-time a collision between the French troops and the Congo troops is feared.

Charges Americans with Peaching. LONDON, Aug. 28.-The St. James Gazette this afternoon gives prominence to a letter written by an English-Canadian, charging serious peaching upon the part of American schooners in Hudson bay, and principally in the Mackenzie river. The writer says Brother Jonathan is a very smart prac-titioner. While inviting the powers to adhere to the Bering sea award he is poaching on his

Was a Rad Reverse for the Dutch. AMSTERDAM, Aug. 28-The defeat of the Dutch troops sent to punish the rajah of the sland of Lambok, not far from Java, seems to have been more serious than at first supposed. It is now asserted that 164 Dutch soldiers, and fourteen officers, including Gen-eral Vanham, were killed by the natives, and many wounded. The Dutch residents at Lombok succeeded in escaping.

Will Not Be Used in the War. GLASGOW, Aug. 28.-The steamship Islam, which on August 20 was seized by the customs authorities here, acting under instructions from the British government, it being believed that she was fitted out as a war ship for Japan, has been released. The Japanese minister, on behalf of his government, has guaranteed that the Islam will not be used for war purposes.

Comte de l'aris Dying. Comte de Paris Lying.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Inquiries made by the Associated press correspondent at Stowe house, the residence of the comte de Paris. show that the condition of the head of the royal house of Orleans is very critical. The comte de Paris experiences great difficulty in taking food and he is suffering much pain. All the members of his family are present at

The convention then proceeded to an informal ballot for a candidate for congress. It resulted as follows:

Magney, 11; Deaver, 9; Blok, 6; Brigham, 6; Penbody, 5; Jeffic at, 2; Nedrey, 2. The convention then took an ther informal ballot, resulting as follows: Brigham, 18; Magney, 13; Deaver, 7; Beck, 6; Nedrey, 2; Peabody, 3; Jeffic at, 1; Smith, 1; Thomas, 1.

Royal Yacht Ash re-

PORTSMOUTH, Aug. 28.-The queen's yacht, Elfin, with the Princess Louise, the marchioness of Lorne and suite on board, after having crossed the Solent from Cowles today, ran ashore on a sandbank at the mouth of the harbor. The Elfin's party was landed in yacht beats.

Early of Albemarle Dead. LONDON, Aug. 28.-William Kouts Keppel, seventh earl of Albemarie, is dead, aged 63, The late earl was at one time civil secretary and superintendent general of Indian affairs for Canada and held other offices at various times.

Girls Sold as Slaves in Cairo CAIRO, Aug. 28 .- Some slave girls recently imported from Waday have arrived here. Six of the number were sold at Cairo A judicial investigation into the sale is proceeding.

FORECLOSED ON THE SHORT LINE. Fourteen Million Involved in Litigation

Yesterday at Cheyenne. CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 28. - (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-A suit in equity for the foreclosure of a mortgage on the Oregon Short Line was instituted in the United States court for the district of Wyoming today. The action was brought in the name of Judge John F, Dillon, trustee, and the defendants are the Oregon Short Line & Utab Northern, Union Pacific, American Lean and Trust company and the receivers of the Union Pacific. The amount of the mortgage s \$14,931,000, which was given the petitioner as trustee to secure the payment of bonds. The attorneys for Dillon, who were in court this morning, are Wilson S. Pierce of New fork and Potter and Burke of Chevenne, John M. Thurston of Omaha appeared for the receivers, while W. R. Kelley of Omaha and Judge Lacy of Cheyenne app ared for the company. The whole matter was ami-cably disposed of in a very short time. Judge Riner appointed for the Short Line the same sceivers who are managaing the business of the Union Pacific. Supplementary proceed-ings will be brought in Idaho and Utah in order to secure like orders from the court there.

Wyom ng National Guard Officers. EVANSTON, Wyo., Aug. 28.-(Special to The Bee.)-F. M. Foote, colonel of the First regiment, Wyoming National Guard, has made the following appointments: Benjamin A. Ausherman, adjutant, with rank of lieutenant, vice Arthur W. Butler, resigned; Dr. Park Holland of Buffalo, surgeon, with rank of major, vice Dr. M. C. Barkwell, resigned; Dr. H. J. Maynard of Cheyenne, assistant surgeon, with rank of captain, vice Dr. Park Holland, term expired; Dr. A. B. Hamilton, Laramie, second assistant surgeon, with rank of first lieutenant, vice W. P. Gilligham; Rev. D. H. Oviatt of Laramie, chaplain, with rank of captain, vice R. D. Lawrence, commission expired.

DALLAS, Aug. 28.-The republican state convention met here at noon and was called to order by Chairman Moore of the state executive committee. About 1,000 delegates are present, divided about equally between whites and blacks, Judge W. A. Makernson of Georgetown will undoubtedly be nominated for governor by acclamation. The real fight in the convention will be over the chair-manship of the state committee, N. W. Cuney, the migro leader of Galveston, and N. B. Moore of Fort Worth, the present chairman, being the contestants.

Cedar Rapids' Mayor for Congress CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Aug. 28.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)-At the Fifth district democratic congressional convention, held here today, Mayor William P. Daniels was nominated 'y acclamation. Resultions were adopted commending the administration of President Cleveland, and especially his stand

TRIUMPH OF ANT:-FUSION ELEMENT

Result Reached on the Thirteenth Ballot-Reaffirmed Old Platforms-The New Congressional Central Committee-Sketch of the Candidate.

The populists of the Second congressional district yesterday afternoon nominated for congress D. Clem Deaver, a young man well known in total labor circles and for the past year chairman of the populist state central committee. No platform was adopted, but the principles enunciated in the Omaha platform and the recent state convention were reaffirmed.

Deaver was nominated distinctively by the anti-fusion sentiment in the convention. His leading opponent, Dr. Peabody, was understood to favor fusion between the populists and the democrats. He parried the charge very cleverly, but failed to secure the nomination by two votes.

The convention was called to order at Knights of Labor hall in the afternoon at 2 o'clock, Chairman O'Connell of the congressional central committee wishing the gavel until the temperary organization was perfected. Daniel Burr of the Seventh ward in Omaha

was made temporary chairman and asked the convention to proceed to business without any unnecessary talk. S. E. Kemp of Washington county was selected for the position of temporary secretary. On motion of Nownes of Sarpy county the credentials from the several counties were passed into the secretary and accepted without the formality of a credentials committee. The temporary organization was then made permanent. The following delegates were appointed to draft resolutions for submission to the convention: A. H. Paff of Washington, Isaac

McCann and Charles Nownes of Sarpy and J. W. Taylor and F. King of Douglas.

T. C. Kelsey made a brief speech in which he gave fusion and Bryan a side slap that provoked no little applause. He said that under direction of Senator Gorman the democrats were halceling a plot to elect democrats. crats were hatching a plot to elect democratic senators in Nebraska, Wyoming and Montana. If the populosts thought the democrats good enough to vote for let the popullat party go out of business. But if they wanted to live they must refuse to support any candidate for Unit d States senator who de-clined to stand on the Omaha platform and who would not pledge himself to keep out of a democratic caucus. A mere free silver democrat was not br ad enough. The populists wanted something bett.r. The speaker warned the populists to steer clear of men with silver tongues and a gift of oratory. Fusion killed the greenback party, and fusion, he said, would kill the populists. The committee on res lutions reported as

"There being no resolutions offered, we your committee on resolutions, recommend the adoption of the Omaha platform of July 4, 1892, and also that of the state platform adopted at Grand Island on August 24, and that the candidate nominated here today for congress be pledged to the support thereof."
The convention then proceeded to an in-

STOPPED TO HEAR TALK.

Before proceeding further the delegates stopped to listen to five-minute speeches from ne several candidates. Brigham promised, if nominated, to b dicted, and agreed to undo the wirk of the esent congressman from this district Magney said he had never been a candidate

for office and was not; but if no promised to make it as warm for Mercer as possible Deaver left himself entirely with the con-

vention, and promised to support the nomi-nee. He had nothing to say against the re-publican nominee, but he was against his Dr. Peabody was with the populists on the Omaha platform from the word go, whether he was nominated or not,

Beck admitted that he had been seeking the nomination because he had a theory of relief for the people of the United States, and he felt that he could better advocate his theory in congress. But he wished to with-draw from the contest. N drey wasn't ashamed of the fact that he wasn't a candidate. He was a populist, but said if the convention numinated a scab from

either of the old parties he would cut loose and fight the ticket, The first formal ballot was then taken with this result: Deaver, 15; Magney, 13; Peabody, 11; Brigham, 5; Nedrey, 4.
The second formal ballot resulted as follows: Deaver, 17; Magney, 12; Peabody, 11; Brigham, 4; Nedrey, 4. Third ballot: Deaver, 14; Magney, 13; Pes-body, 13; Brigham, 4; Nedrey, 4.

Fourth ballot: Peabody, 18; Magney, 13; Deaver, 9; Brigham, 4; Nedrey, 4. Fifth ballot: Peabody, 29; Deaver, 12; Magney, 12; Nedrey, 4. Sixth ballot: Deaver, 19; Peabody, 17; Magney, 12. Seventh ballet: Deaver, 26; Peabody, 17; Eighth ballot: Deaver, 19; Peabody, 14; Magney, 11; Nedrey, 4. Ninth ballit: Deaver, 18; Peabody, 15;

Magney, 11; Nedrey, 4. Tenth ballot: Deaver, 18; Penbody, 16; Magney, 10; Nedrey, 4. Eleventh ballot: Deaver, 17; Peabody, 17; Magney, 10, Nedrey, 4. After the eleventh ballot Sam Nedrey withdrew and said that if Peabody would get up and say he was a populist and opposed

Peabody got up in a hurry and excitedly exclaimed that he had been a populist since 1892. He was in favor of fusion. He made a pathetic appeal to the delegates of Omaha, claiming that his own city had gone back on him.

to fusion he hoped Peabody would be nom-

Peabody's speech seemed to decide the ustter. The convention was not in favor f fusion, and although the next ballot seemed to favor Peabody's numination, on the thirteenth ballot D. Clem Deaver was nominated, Sarpy county swinging seven votes from Magney. The thirteenth ballot votes from Magney. The thirteently gave Deaver 25 votes and Peabody 23 The successful competitor was called to the platform and he made a rousing spee ... which invoked hearty applause from the

Mr. Deaver was authorized to name the

congressional central committee, and named Charles Nownes of Sarpy; C. Sprague of Washington; M. R. Huntington, H. G. Bell and J. B. Doyle of Douglas. Mr. Deaver was 20 years old yesterday, He was born in Perry county, Ohlo, His parents in 1867 moved to Carroll county, Missouri. In 1883 Mr. Deaver went to fef-ferson county, Nebraska, where he farmed until 1887, when he come to Omaha and took a course in a business college, graduating with the highest percentage. He then became bookkkeeper for Drs. Lee and Rebert, a position which he still holds. He joined the Knights of Labor in 1889, and has been prominently identified with labor interests ever since. He was chairman of the Centra Labor union law committee almost three years. He is also a member of the Amer-ican Federation of Labor, and was recently elected president of the Nebraska Federation of Labor. He has a wife and two bright children, and belongs to Omaha camp No. 120, Modern Woodmen of America.

Rally in the Sixth. A rally of the Sixth ward republicans of A raily of the Sixth ward republicans of democratic nomination for congress from the the west end was held last evening at Twenty-third district.

Grant street and Military avenue. F. W. Collins of Lincoln was the chief speaker, CLAIM IT WAS FIXED.

Free Silver Democrats Want a Finger in

the Congressional Pie. There is a loud and a long wait going up from the rank and file of the democratic party in Douglas county over the action of the county central committee in selecting delegates to the congressional convention. The administration democrats are not doing any kicking, but the free silver men are red-headed. They do not hesitate to say that the action of the committee was a cut and dried affair, wholly in the interest of the administration faction of the party.

The free silver democrats have pelled the elegation of ninety-two men selected for the convention, and of these they find that thirty-seven are for free silver, while all of the others are in with the gold bugs. They insist that just enough free silver men were put upon the delegations to carry the idea fairness, though there was no at making an equal division. Monday a secret caucus of the free silver democrats was held at Twenty-sec.ud and Cuming streets, where it was agreed that in the con gressional convention the administration men should be allowed to manipulate the machine in any manner in which they might see fit. It was also decided that if the gold men took matters in their own hands, the free silverites would cut to se and support a republican, or a populist, whichever they

At this meeting there was any amount of fusion with the populists and supporting D. Clem Deaver in the event that the popu-lists nominated him for their congressional standard bearer.

MEIKLEJOHN BY ACCLAMATION.

Republicans of the Third Congressional

District Not Divided as to Candidates. NORFOLK, Neb., Aug. 28 .- (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-The republican congressional convention for the Third district was called to order in this city at 8 o'clock p. m. by C. C. McNish, chairman, After music by the hand and singing by the Norfolk Glee club the congressional central committee reported that it had selected Hon, N. D. Jackson of Neligh as temporary chairman and Harry Swanson of Thurston county as temporary secretary. They were accepted by the convention and made permanent. There was no contest from any county, but a full representation from all, and great interests

vas manifested. On motion of Brad Slaughter the convention unanimously renominated Han. George D. Meiklejohn by acclamation, A telegram from Mr. Meiklejohn was read announcing his inability to be present on account of important duties at Washington. H. C. Russell, candidate for commissioner of public lands and buildings, and W. M. Robertson addressed the convention. The latter sidiculed the position of John S. Robinson before the populist and democratic conventions and denounced E. Rosewater for de-clining to support Tom Majors. C. C. Mc-Nish of Cuming county and Bert Mapes of Madison county were re-elected chairman and ecretary of the congressional central com-

BRYAN MEN ON THEIR METTLE.

They Carry the Hebron Caucus After a Lively Round.

HEBRON, Neb., Aug. 28 .- (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-The democratic caucus met here this evening and selected a solid Bryan delegation to the county convention which meets here tomorrow. The caucus was one of the liveliest affairs which has ever occurred in this county. The adminis-tration wing of the party, realizing that they were in a hopeless minority, proceeded to challenge the votes of the Bryan men until finally they became so enraged that T. Marshall insulted Hon, George H. McKee, calling him a drunken bum. McKee re-sented the insult with a chair. After a hard fought battle of two hours O. H. Scott

and T. C. Marshall gave up the fight. Dawes Democrats Divided CHADRO, N Neb., Aug. 28 .- (Special to The Bee.)-For the past four years the demo-

crats of Dawes county, although few in number, have had enough splits, fights and kniffings to furnish the county with a contimual source of enjoyment. The meeting of the county central committee at this place yesterday was no exception to the rule. After Chairman Sayrs called the meeting to order the scrap commenced. Cyrus Fair-field, representing the Crites faction, ob-jected to the admission of several proxies ield by J. C. Dahlman. He was ably sup-orted by Tom Thornton, who, after making bjections to everything, was called down by Pahiman on the ground that he was not a committeeman or even held a proxy. Finally all proxies were admitted. Then Charles Morrisey was placed in nomination for permanent secretary, and the members from the west end of the county began to howl, but it did not go, and Mr. Morrisey was elected. After fixing the date of the county convention as September 13 at Chadron, Hon. James W. Owens informed the committee that he was a candidate for state senator and would be pleased to have their support. General J. I. Leas warmly sup-ported Owens, and the meeting adjourned, hardly any two delegates wanting to speak

Pender Republicans Meet. PENDER, Neb., Aug. 28 .- (Special to The Bee.)-A mass meeting of the republicans was held at the school house last evening for the purpose of making the necessary preparations to entertain the crowd expected here September 6, when Hon. John M. Thurston will address the people of the Logan A committee of five republicans was appointed to look after the affair. rangements are being made with the different railroads to run excursions. Hon. George D.

Meiklejohn will be present. A republican club was last night organ-ized, with H. S. Swenson of the Repub-lic president; J. M. Curry, vice president; W. L. Whiteomb, secretary, and W. B. War-rington, treasurer. A committee was apointed to enroll members, and another meeting will be held Saturday.

Shelton Republicans Caucus SHELTON, Neb., Aug. 28 .- (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-A republican caucus was held this evening and elected the following delegates to the county convention to be held at Kearney Saturday: A. H. Morris, G. W. Bar-rett, C. C. Foster, F. D. Reed, S. E. Smith, J. W. White, L. L. Weaver, F. A. McCreary and A. C. Balley. Delegates go uninstructed.

Corbett Prepares for the Race YORK, Neb., Aug. 28 .- (Special Telegram to The Bce.)-At a meeting of the school board last night Prof. H. R. Corbett ten

dered his resignation as superintendent of

the schools, as per the agreement in case of his nomination for state superintendent.

The following township ticket was nom-

nated: A. H. Morris, clerk; G. W. Barrett, treasurer; W. H. Barnes, assessor; A. N. Muphy, justice, to fill vacancy; Lester W. Ballile, road supervisor; C. C. Foster, vil-

lage road supervisor.

Prof. B. G. Moulton, who was principal of the schools last year under Prof. Corbett, was elected superictendent for the coming FLANKLIN, Pa., Aug. 28.-Hon. Joseph Sibley wired the democratic chairman of Crawford and Eric counties today declining

the renomination. This action is taken on

account of ill health and by the advice of

his physicians. He says that the diclination Farmer Nominated for Congress PITTSBURG, Aug. 28.-James Sample, a farmer living at Avalon, today received the

REDUCTION WAS NOT FAIR

Vice President of the Pullman Company Makes an Important Admission.

WAGES SCALED TO THE BASIS OF PROFIT

In Making Contracts the Company Reduce? Its Receipts \$52,000 and the Wages of Employes \$60,000 Back

Rent Due from Strikers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28 .- At the investigation of the Pullman strike today Chauncey Kelsey of the Chicago & Alton road took the witness chair and testified as to the losses sustained by that road during the strike. He declared that the total loss was \$286,360.

Then William McFadden of the Lake Shere & Michigan Southern testified that the loss on cars alone to that road was \$5,154. The Chicago & Eastern Illinois reported

\$2,621,600 and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy reported \$150,000 in destruction to property with other losses that had not been

Charles E. Webb, chief clerk of the bank at Pullman, testified that Jennie Curtis, who had claimed she was compelled to pay back rent, had paid the rent voluntarity.

Vice President Wickes then took the stand.

Vice President Wickes then took the stand, Questioned by Chairman Wright he said that the cost to the company of building the cars under contract at the time of the strike was about \$1,400,000. The labor would cost about \$240,000. The contracts were taken on a basis of a reduction of 20 per cent, and thus under the old prices the labor would cost about \$340,000.

Mr. Wickes then admitted that on this

about \$340,000.

Mr. Wickes then admitted that on this basis the company had reduced its receipts \$52,300, and the employes wages \$60,000. This, the vice president said, looked hardly fair, but he thought it much better than to throw the men entirely out of employment. In answer to the chairman, Mr. Wickes said that the cut in pay had been made to fit the depression in business and the low selling price of cars, and not to stop any encroachment on the profits that were paid to the stockholders. The surplus of \$25,000,000 undivided profits, consisted partly of idle cars whose value was constantly deteriorating. The cost of the cars was counted in the surplus, so that there was to some extent a

fiction in the figures of the surplus.

He said that the World's fair in his opinion did not do his company particular good. The company spent \$4,500,000 in building new cars for fair traffic and the traffic was not nearly so large as was ex-pected. He thought that the fair work had something to do with the cause of the strike. When the rush was ever the prices got down to bed rock and the men were dissatisfied. He did not think that a voluntary division

of the profits in prosperous times would be better than the present system. It would not be fair to the stockholders to so divide the profits. Mr. Wickes said the amount of back rent Mr. Wickes said the amount of back rent due the company from strikers was \$100,000. No eviction had been made and there had been no orders for eviction. Very little effort had been made to collect the rent.

He said the company had contracts with the roads its cars run over (about three-quarters of all the mileage in the country). On the territory covered by the contracts the Pullman company had a monopoly. Mr. Wickes denied that Pullman employes were compelled to rent the company's dwel-lings. He said he did not believe that the principle of arbitration could be applied to a man in the operation of his business. A matter of opinion was available to arbitration.

but not the matter of a man running his own The witness was questioned as to the sal-

aries paid the company's officers, but declined to answer. General Nelson A Miley took inn when the commission met after lunch. He denied that after his return from Washington he had a conference with the g neral managers. On July 2, when the conference was said to have been taken, he was in Washing-ton, and he arrived her July 4. Asked if it were true that he had declared he had broker the backbine of the strike, the general said this was not quite exact. What he said was

that he had broken the backbone of the opposition to the federal troops. The commissioners want d to know if the troops forced railr ad men to work at the point of bayonets. General Miles said that while hits might have happened in some instances he had not been aware of it, and had issued no orders to that effect. He said he

knew nothing about the strike. General Superintendent Sullivan of the IIlines Central was the last called to the witness stand today. He declared that many of the striking railroad men had committed acts of violence, and backed up his as rtion with tangible evidence. This was the main point in his evidence. The balance of his testimony was similar to that given by preceding

yitnesses. Omey Gets after Pullman WASHINGTON, Aug. 28 .- Attorney General Olney will serve an amended bill in the quo warranto proceedings on officials of the Pullman Palace Car company. He has decided on a new line of attack. He proposes t ocontest the right of the Pullman company to engage in the saloon business on its palace cars. "I am determined to have a decision cars. "I am determined to have a defining the powers of that corporation." he defining the powers to be incorporated in said. "The first thing to be incorporated in my amended bill will be an information con-

cerning these saloons on wheels which the Pullman company operates." Aid Asked for Pullman Men CHICAGO, Aug. 28 .- An appeal signed by L. Meyers, president of the strikers' committee, has been issued to the charitably inclined public asking for contributions toward a fund to be used in the transporta-tion of Pullman's ex-employes to points where they will be able to obtain employment.

New Hampshire Cotton Mills R-sume. DOVER, N. H., Aug. 28.-The Cocheco otion mills, the second largest corporation in the state, has reopened its mills after nearly a month's shut down.

SALT PRODUCERS MEET.

Claim the Free Salt (lause Will Drive Them

KANSAS CITY, Aug., 23 .- A quartet of salt producers holding heavy interests in Texas, Kansas and Missouri held a conference here today to discuss the effect of the free salt clause of the new tariff bill upon that industry. F. R. Blount of Dallas, Tex., who has large salt interests in that state and who has just returned from England after an investigation of the industry there made the statement that English salt miners were now paid 75 cents a day, and that in order for Americans to compete with them our workingmen would be compelled to submit to a 100 per cent reduction of wages. No action was taken, but in an interview the gentlemen said later that it practically meant they must go out of the business. The conference was participated in by J. F. Ewing of St. Louis, W. S. Moore and Mayor Vincent of Hutchinson, Kan., who like Mr. Blount are all extensive salt

Another Robbery Traced Home to Griswold CHICAGO Aug. 28 .- Train Robbers Griswold and Lake, who killed Special Officer Owen of the St. Paul road, were positively identified today as the two men who boarded a Lake Shore freight train at the lidiana state line at 16:40 o'click on the evening of August 13, cut the caboose from the train and at the point of their revolvers robbed Conductor Nichlass and Brakeman Potter of

their gold watches and a small sum of money. Mahdi Will Attack Kassala

CAIRO, Aug. 28 .- The report that the Mahdi is collecting his forces with the object of making an attack upon Kassala, re-cently captured by the Italians, is con-firmed.