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palace. When half way down the street, which was lined with enthusiastic crowds of people. who were loudly cheering, a man rushed out of the crowd and sprang upon the step of the president's landau. Just at this moment M. Carnot was waving his right hand and saluting with his hat in his left hand in response to the ovation that was being given by the crowd. Those close to the carriage naw the man standing on the step with a knife in his hand. By the glare of the elec-

menrce and then turned into Rue de la Re-

publique, still following the facade of the

tric lights they saw the bright blade glowing was attired in a brown suit and wore a

DESCRIPTION OF THE MURDERER. Santo, the assassin, is a beardless young man, 20 or 25 years old. When arrested he

in this state. "We have in Nebraska," said Mr. Harwood, "hundreds of business men who will tolerate no dangerous or doubtful experiments with the financial question. They do not propose to see the state drift away from the national party without an effort to prevent it. They will vote the re-publican ticket rather than endorse the cheap money platform now in process of construction by the populists and free silver democrats," United States Attorney Sawyer is a well known adherent of Secretary Mor-ton, while Albert Watkins and other leading democrats of Lincoln draw their financial theories from the same source.

SENTIMENT IN OMAHA. Here in Omnha the free silver men admit that they are in the minority as far as the leaders of the party are concerned. The prominent democrats of the city are some-

what reluctant in expressing their views on the Nebraska situation at the present time, but all of them express their sentiments on

anal equality of gold and silver-and

ysis of the views entertained by

ership.

silver men in the convention. He believed that if all the democrats who oppose the platform adopted by the recent free silver convention should unlife, a declaration in harmony with the free coinage sentiment would not and could not be adopted. Mr. Montgomery believed that the state ticket would receive the organized support of the party, even should the free sliver men have their way. He believed the administration democrats would remain loval in spite of the not yet been determined. free silver platform, should one be adopted by the democratic state convention. He was not so certain, on the other hand, that the free coinage democrats would remain so lo al. Upon the whole, he believed party loyalty rested more with the administration demo-crats than with the free coimage men, and the defeat of a free c -mage resolution in the next democratio convention might create a diversion in which a freat many free silver

democrats would find themselves in the populist camp. In speaking of Bryan, Mr. Montgomery the money question guite freely. An analregard for that gentleman and outside of the silver question he could support him for al-most any office with a great deal of onthu-Omaha democrats will not furnish much comfort for Bryan and the men who are But on the silver question Bryan siasm. indeavoring to work a change in party leadeemed to have wrought himself up to a ligh pitch of unreasoning enthusiasm. high Judge Woolworth expressed his views upor Bryan's desire for an early state convention, the leading topic in state politics by saying It seemed to Mr. Montgomery, indicated that he had come to a thorough personal under-standing with the leaders of the populist "I am in favor of the restoration of propor whatever will produce that effect. I would party and that he expected, if nominated for issue bonds to any amount, \$500,000,000 if necessary, to buy gold in Europe and compel governor by the democrats, to secure the endorsement of the populists for the same po-sition. A late convention, especially on European monied nations to recognize our determination to maintain gold and silver held after the populist convention, would deon a proportionate equality and all our oblifeat Bryan's aspirations, for the later the convention the stronger would be the sentiment against a free comage platform and a free comage candidate. Mr. Montgomery believed that Douglas county would send a strong anti-silver and anti-Bryan delegation to the democratic state convention. He be lieved that all other local differences would be buried for the time being, at least, and a united stand made in favor of honest oney

tion diamond amendment, the spun slik yarn question, which was passed over when the silk schedule was under consideration, and the reciprocity question, if it be not post-poned and in the senate, sugar and woel, as well as others. If the final vote on the tariff bill is

reached before Saturday the appropriation bills which have been reported will be immediately taken up, but in what order has

IRRIGATION BILL REPORTED.

Proposal for a Comprehensive Survey of Irrigable Lands.

WASHINGTON, June 24.-Representative Sweet has reported from the house committee on irrigation the bill agreed on by The statistical secretary reported a total of 554 church members and probationers, western members for a survey of the arid lands and estimates of the cost of reclama-The surveys proposed are: In tion. Idaho, the land and water in the

river valley and its tribu-

peured into her from both sides and sank out of sight. She went down like a stone, carrying many of the passengers with her. METHODIST MISSION CLOSED. The water choked the cry of the whistle, but not before it had been heard and heeded. Reports of that Church in Wyoming Show an Improvement. CHEYENNE, June 24.-(Special Telegram The Clyde steamer Algonquin, a mile away, heard it and swung around to go to the rescue. The tugs Wallace B. Flint, R. J. Moran to The Bee.)-The seventh annual session cue The tags wance H, Fint, H. J. Moran and Governor also harried toward the spot. The Algonquin ploked up ten men, one of whom, however, died a few moments later. The tags rescued the others who remained affoat. Some few had life belts on, but most of the Methodist mission of Wyoming closed tonight, and the bishop read the appointments for the ensuing year. The treasurer submitted his report, which showed that \$310 had been raised for missions and of them were clinging to bits of wreekage. A life raft supported a dozen and the top of a total of \$723 for all benevolent objects, against \$897 for the same purpose last year.

the pilot house as many more. Captain S. C. Platt of the Algonquin says that while a stiff breeze was blowing there was no sudden squall. There was a big sharp sea on. The Algonquin brought those she had picked up to the city. The living dispersed to their homes and the dead hody

whistle,

in the air as the assassin's arm descended, and then President Carnot was seen to fall back in his seat, his face deathly pale. One of his hands was pressed to his heart where the stoel had entered the body.

CAPTURED THE ASSASSIN.

M. Bivaud, prefect of Lyons, who was seated by M. Carnot, immediately dealt the assassin a blow full in the face and knocked him from the step, thus preventing the man from again stabbing the president, which it was his evident intention to do.

Instantly cries of "Le president est asmassinee! Mort a l'assassin!" were heard on every side and the crowd in the vicinity of the carriage swelled to enormous proportions. every member of it seemingly intent upon killing the assassin. He was grasped by a Gozen hands and his life would have then and there paid the forfelt of his crime had it not been for several sergeants de ville who selzed him and attempted to draw him away

from his captors.

This was found to be impossible, as the infuriated populace was determined to lynch the man. All efforts of the sergeants availed nothing beyond saving the man from instant death. Blows were simed at his face and head over the shoulders of the police, who had by this time received reinforcements, and many of the blows landed fairly. At last the police succeeded in driving the howling mob a foot or so from their prisoner. but to get the captive through the crowd was a physical impossibility.

In the meantime the news of the outrage had spread with lightning-like rapidity, and mounted guards were sent to the aid of the police, who were struggling to preserve the life of the assassin. With drawn sabers in their hands, the guards rode down into the crowd, heedless of whom their horses trampled upon. The crowd gave way before the horses, and at last the center of the mob was reached. Then a cordon was formed around the almost exhausted policemen and their captive, and the march to the police station began.

Even thus surrounded the prisoner was Santo, who speaks French very badly when questioned by Prefect Lepin at the not safe, for men in the crowd made frantic police station in Rue Moliere, said he had endeavors to reach him. The guards repelled these attacks with the flat sides of lived at Cette, department of Perault, for the past six months, and had only come to their swords, while at the same time keep-Lyons today. He gave his age as 22. His ing watchful eyes upon the crowd to preven the prisoner from being shot. Maledicreplies were given coolly, but without any tions were hurled upon the captive, and signs of bravado. He refused, however to answer any of the many questions put to never before has such wild indignation against a human being been seen in this him regarding his motive for stabbing the president, declaring that on this subject he city.

would speak only before a tribunal. When Meantime physicians were hastily summoned to attend the president, who had he was searched by the police a book was found in one of his pockets in which it was immediately been conveyed to the prefecture. A careful examination was made written that he had been born in a village of the wound, and the doctors declared the in the province of Milan, Italy. condition of M. Carnot hopeless. M. Carnot's last speech was delivered a the banquet given in his honor. He dwelt

CAUSED A SENSATION

The news of the assausination caused a pensation at the Grand theater, which was filled to the walls by the elite of Lyons. The theater presented a brilliant scene, the handsome tollettes of the ladies being offset by the gay uniforms of the many military officers present. All were waiting with Impatience the arrival of the president, and all were unable to understand the deluy.

Suddenly a man entered the theater, crying at the top of his voice:

"The president has been assassinated." The most intense excitement followed this abrupt announcement. Women screamed to Paris to officially announce the news to and several fainted. Many men, without waiting to secure their hats, ran out of the building in order to confirm the news. They found all the streets leading to the palace crowded with excited throngs and in a few minutes they were convinced the report of

As he marched under police guard from the Rue de la Republique he held his head down. but his eyes glanced furtively around as though he was seeking an opportunity to escape. To have made such an attempt, how ever, would have been the height of foolhardiness, unless he desired to commit sui cide, for there is not the slightest doubt that had he got away from the protection of the police he would have been torn limb from limb by the crowd, whose every action showed that they were thirsting for his blood.

to his senses and said feebly, but distinctly

'How you are hurting me." The doctor,

however, continued to attend the wound,

The outward flow of blood had stopped.

They knew, though, that the president's con-

dition was extremely grave, as they more

than suspected that an internal hemorrhage

had commenced. After M. Carnot had beet

taken from his carriage and placed upon a

bed in the prefecture nobody but the doc-

tors and the officers of his military house-

hold, who had accompanied him to Lyons

were allowed to enter the room to which he

peaked cap that matched the suit in color

had been carried.

or allve.

wound

an example to the world.

morning.

DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT.

the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies.

(Continued on Third Page.)

gations at par. I am opposed to all schemes which contemplate any different basis of When the police party reached the Palais des Cordiales they were obliged to stop while value from that recognized by the European the landau, in which were General Bureos. nations, on the principle that you cannot make water run up hill. But I would make the prefect, the mayor and the under presisuch bids for their gold as would get it and make them feel sure that we were dedent, escorted by a detachment of mounted make them feel sure that we were de-termined to keep it. I believe that would guards, was driven rapidly past to the prefecture. A second carriage conveying the ofbring them to our side." "Then you do not believe, with Congressficers of the president's military household man Bryan, that the United States is strong followed close behind. An Associated press enough to take a stand alone on the free silver question, without regard to the conreporter entered a third carriage in which were M. Burdeau, ex-minister of finance, and Senator Milaud.

current action of the other great commercial nations of the world?" was asked. "Do you believe." asked Judge Woolworth. On arriving at the prefecture General "that if I should call on the sun to stand still it would stand still? The trouble with Bureos and the prefect and the mayor alighted. President Carnet lay unconscious Bryan and his followers is that they are upon the cushions of the carriage. His eyes troubled by a too lively imagination. They imagine a prosperity built upon a theory that were closed. His waistcoat was unbuttoned and his shirt, on which the bright red cordor has never yet proved a success. They are reverting to the greenback fallacy of 1873, of the Legion of Honor was conspicuously displayed, was covered on the left side, just forgetting that the old idea of fiatism reeived its death blow then." Judge Woolworth could not express an over the heart, by a large bloodstnin, which extended to the hip. It was impossible to opinion as to the probable effect of the retell from his appearance whether he was dead cent conference upon the democratic party in the state. He stated, however, that the

The crowd surged about in the vicinity of democratic party in Nebraska had always been wound upon the money question and that he believed that it would continue so. the carriage, but the mounted guards and the foot police held them in check some distance from the landau in which the pres-

SANTO VERY COOL

JUDGE WARELEY'S VIEW. Judge Wakeley had not given the situation ident was lying. Many were the expresn Nebraska sufficient consideration to venure an opinion as to the effect of the silver conference upon the democratic party in sions of pity for the president and anger at his assassin. General Bureas, the prefec Nebraska. "I am not keeping awake nights thinking over the situation," remarked Judge and mayor, assisted by a number of at tendants, lifted M. Carnot from the carriage Wakeley. I take no part in state politics. However, I look upon the recent sliver con-ference as the first step in a scheme to capand carried him as tenderly as possible to a room on the first floor of the prefecture ture the democratic state convention. The project may fail, and if it does, the so-called and laid him on a bed. Dr. Gailleton, who is mayor of Lyons, then examined the silver democrats have yet to say, either collectively or as individuals, whether or not they propose to leave their party and form an alliance with the populists. They have made no threats of party desertion so far, although there may be an implied

threat in the conference itself. On the other hand, the honest money democrats cannot be expected to announce their final position until after the result of the present contest is determined. The whole question depends upon the developments of the near future. I see no danger of fumion between the democrats and the populists on this question, al-though so many of the democrats who endorse Brynn's radical views on the money question seem so near the borders of the populist camp.

Judge Ogden wanted it emphatically un-derstood that he had dropped entirely out derstood that he had dropped entirely out of Nebraska politics and was giving his en-tire time to his law practice. He was so busily engaged during the past week that he had not been able to inform himself as to the position taken by the free silver men at their recent conference. Neither had he taken the time to read Mr. Bryan's speech. "Generally speaking," said Mr. Ogden, "I believe that the United States must use both gold and eilver. I think that there is upon the success of the exhibition and said the same heart beats in all French breasts when it is known the honor, security of both gold and ellver. I think that there is but little doubt that the banking interests rights of the country are at stake. This same union of all Frenchmen formed a guarof the world have formed a combination against the use of silver as money in the antee of the march toward progress and justice, to which it belonged to France to give ornmercial transactions between nations commercial transactions between nations. This apparent discrimination has resulted in more or less contraction, and as a result we of the middle class are feeling the stringency of the times that should not under proper circumstances exist. The time LYONS, June 25 .- 12:45 a. m .- President Carnot died at 12:45 o'clock this (Monday) must come when the world will turn to sli-ver. Silver is the money of the people, but until all the commercial nations of the Immediately after the death of M. Carnot Prime Miniater Dupuy started on his return until all the commercial matters of the world agree upon the basis upon which this allver shall circulate it will be a dangerous proposition for the United States to assume that she can take a position alone. I under-After M. Carnot had been taken to the stand that Mr. Bryan would have this counprefecture it became generally known his try adopt free and unlimited coimage of all-ver, independent of the action of other naarransin was an Italian, and the feeling of tions. 1 do not believe this can be done.

SOME INTERESTING HISTORY

Mr. Montgomery's views are of peculiar interest at the present fime for the reason that for three years past he has waged a controversy with Bryan on the silver question, while supporting him for office in each of his campaigns. Three years ago, when young Mr. Bryan received his first congressional nomination, he owed his success to the Douglas county delegation. After he had been promised the support of more than half of the delegation Bryan went before the committee on resolutions and de-manded the insertion of a free silver plank in the platform. Mr. Montgomery and one or two others from Donglas county heard of Bryan's efforts, and very promptly and emphatically informed him that unless he dropped his free sliver business he could not have the vote of Douglas county. Bryan was not dying in the ditch with his favorite theories any more then than he has with his favorite friends since, and so he very promptly bartered his free silver resolution for a nomination for congress. The politi-cal landslide of 1899 carried him to Washington, where he began to drink eagerly at the free silver fountain. The next personal encounter between Montgomery and Bryan over a silver resolution occurred at the Grand Island convention in 1851, when Judge Broady was nominated for justice of the supreme court. At this convention Bryan again went before the committee on resolutions and presented his free silver plank. After one of his celebrated persuasive arguments the committee reluctantly agreed to present the resolution as a part of the platform. Mr. Montgomery im-mediately prepared a resolution of his own and informed Bryan that he intended to make a fight for its adoption on the floor of the convention. Bryan begged and pleaded for Meatgomery's allence. He claimed that his free silver resolution did not mean anything: that it was comprehen-sive enough to take in all democrats, no matter what they believed; that he needed the resolution for his own campaign in the following year. Mr. Montgomery refused following year. Mr. Montgomery refused to give up and both went to the convention. Bryan read his resolution, and as he fin-

ished he turned to Montgomery, who sat on the platform immediately behind him, and begged him not to precipitate a fight. He assured Montgomery that the resolution he had just read to the convention was perfectly harmless and that it meant absolutely nothing whatever on the silver question Mr. Montgomery finally, much against his judgment, kept his own resolution in his pocket, and Bryan was permitted to stump the state on a platform which meant "abs lutely nothing," according to his own state

The third time these two gentlemen came together on the silver question was at the convention at Lincoln last fall, in which the administration democrats overwhelmincly rejected Bryan's pet theory and admin istred to the young man a rebuke for his assumption of control over the party that he has not yet fully recovered from. While at the hotel in Lincoln, Monigomery made the statement that Bryan had remarked that he proposed to commit the democratic party of Nebraska to free silver or split the party in two in this state. Bryan's friends indigmantly denied that the young man had been guilty of so rash an amertion and challenged Montgomery to repeat his remark face to

(Continued on Second Page.)

Snake river valley and its tribu-taries; Montana, the Yellowstone river with its tributaries and sources and all the lands in the valley of the river; Colorado, the lands subject to irrightion from the South Flatte and its tributaries; Nevada, the valley of the Humboldt river, its sources and tributaries; Oregon, the Co-lumbia river valley east of the Cascade mountains and the valleys of the tribu-taries; Washington, a system of reservoirs along the east base of the Cascade moun-tains and investigation of the subter-azear water supply in the lands requiring irriga-tion east of the mountains and where the sinking of artesian wells can be profitably undertaken; Wyoming, to determine the irrigable lands and an outline of the best system in the valley of the North Platte and tributaries; North Dakota, the artesian basins between Grafton, Devil's take and Wahpeton on the south and the feasibility of irrigating by artesian wells, and the upper Missouri and its tributaries by sur-face ditches; South Dakota, to construct dams for distribution in the Black Hills country; Oklahoma, land and water of the North and South Cansdian rivers and tri-butaries; New Mexico, Rio Grande and Pecos river, and tributaries; Utah, Deu-chane and Freen rivers and tributaries. Maps are to be propared showing the ditches, canals or reservoirs and estimates showing to what extent the water supply is sufficient and the area possible of re-clamation and the waste land. The bill appropriate S25,000, and sives right of way on United States lands for ditches and res-ervoirs. The report is considered one of the taries; Montana, the Yellowstone river pended in building and improving church property. Fursuant to the recommendation of the committee on education a committee con-sisting of Superintendent N. A. Chamber-lain, J. R. Wood, J. H. Gillispie, Judge J. W. Lacey and J. H. Symonds was ap-pointed to look to the selection of a proper site and receive donations for the establish-ment of a Methodist college in Wyoming. Superintendent Chamberlain reported that \$5,778 of missionary money had been dis-tributed throughout the state during the year.

year. It was decided to hold the next session of the mission at Sheridan. The usual resolu-tions of thanks to Bishop Merrill and the diffeens of Cheyenne for entertainment were adopted adopted. Wyoming's Thriving Eik Ranch. RAWLINS, Wyo., June 24 .- (Special to

The Bee.)-Barrett Littlefield is the proprietor of a thriving elk ranch on Savery creek near Dixon, in the southern part of Carbon county. Mr. Littlefield has about Greek heat black, Mr. Littlefield has about fifty head of elk in a large enclosure. The enclosure in which the elk are kept is to 50-acre tract of land surrounded with a barb wire fence. The entire herd has be-come thoroughly domesticated. To Secure a Burgiar's Pardor

ROCK SPRINGS, Wyo., June 24 - (Special to The Bee.)-A petition is being circulated to The Rec.) - A petition is terms to find in Rock Springs for the pardon of John Shaughnessy, convicted of burghary in April 1832, in Sweetwater county, and sen-tenced to a term of six years. It has been signed by a number of the prominent men of the county.

Wyoming A. O. H. Meet.

Miner Killed by Failing Stone.

ROCK SPRINGS, Wyo., June 24.-(Special

The Bee.)-John Nicholson, a Finn miner

employed in the Sweetwater Coal com-pany's mine at Hopkinsville, was killed by falling rock yesterday.

RAILROAD EXTENSION IN UTAH.

portant Branch.

are alarmed. Mr. Mattson, 3217 Seward street, notified

ROCK SPRINGS, Wyo., June N.-(Special to The Bee.)-The fourth annual state conto the Rec. The fourth and a function of the con-vention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians was held in Rock Springs today. Delegates representing the lodges in the various towns along the line of the Union Pacific railroad in Wyoming were in attendance.

Wedded a Nebraska Girl. RAWLINS, Wyo., June 24.-(Special to The Bee.)-Henry B. Fetz, editor of the Rawlins Republican, and Miss Pauline States, were married at the home of the bride's parents, North Platte, Neb., yesterday. Committed Murder and Suicide.

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JEALOUS OF EACH OTHER.

Chinese and Japanese Each Think the Other should Withdraw from Kores.

WASHINGTON, June 24 .- A telegram reeived at the Japanese legation indicates that the situation in Korea is serious. When the disturbances originally occurred the Chinese sent a large body of troops to put Chinese sent a large body of troops to put down the revolt. The Japanese government was apprehensive for the safety of the large number of Japanese in Korea and also sent a body of troops to that country. The Chinese government has urgenity re-quested the withdrawal of the Japanese troops on the ground that the troubles which brought them to Korea are at an end. The Japanese government is not satisfied that this is the fact, and besides does not recognize the right of the Chinese government to make this demand. It holds that it should apply to the Chinese as well as to the Japanese troops, and should come from the Korean government.

Armor Plates Were Not in It.

WASHINGTON, June M .- There was a test of projectiles for the thirteen-inch many rifles at Indian Head yesterday, rep-resenting two lots made by the Wheeler the Union National of Denver.

an increase of 105 since last year's report. There are sixteen churches in the state, valued at \$85,500, and six parsenages, valued or \$1150, About \$5,000 has been paid during at \$11,500. About \$9,000 has been paid during the year on church debts and \$6,8% ex-pended in building and improving church which has not been identified, was sent to

the morgue. All were people bearing Ger-man names. Some of the tugs, not wishing to come to the city, transferred the men they had saved to other turs. The Sayres brought up thirty-four survivors and landed them on the east side. The Governor is supposed to have landed others in Brooklyn. TWO-THIRDS ACCOUNTED FOR.

Altogether fifty-four out of the seventyfive have been accounted for, three of them being dead. The officers of the Flint have, for some unknown reason, denied having rescued any of the men or knowing about the matter. John A. Magle, who was rescued by the

Algonquin's hoat says he was rescued by the Algonquin's hoat says he was caught under the awning of the tog when it sunk. He managed to crawl out and seize a table, which kept him afloat. Finding his chum, Frank Gaizer, in the water, he let him have the table, which would not support two, and started to swim. Soon after he was picked up, but Gaizer has not been seen since. The Algonquin arrived at her dock at pier 29, foot of Roosevelt street, about 3 o'clock.

She had on board the survivors of the Nich-ol and the body of one of the victims. Captain Platte of the Algonquin, when interviewed concerning the accident, said: "The tug was about sinking when first sighted by the Algonquin. There was a heavy sea on and a good deal of wind from the northeast. My attention was first called to the tug by the blowing of its whistle. She was then rolling from side to side and sufdeply turned over and went down almost instantly. The passengers appeared to be

demoralized and ran about the deck wildly, and, as the boat swayed to one side, they rushed to the other. The tug appeared top

heavy, as though she was overloaded. "I ordered a life boat immediately and sent it in charge of Chief Officer Rich to the scene of the disaster, but before it arrived the tug had sunk out of sight. Officer

Rich succeeded in rescuing nine of the sur-vivors and also took on board the life boat the body of a man which he found in a boat belonging to the tug. The dead man was all tangled up with fish lines and the boat was full of water, though right side up. Soon the tugs Flint, Moran, Governor, Sayres

and Evants arrived at the scene and they also succeeded in picking up many of the CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 24 .- Henry Reed, an Arapahoe Indian interpreter, shot survivors as well as some of the dead and killed himself last night at Shoshone agency, after killing his child. The cause for the murder and suicide is unknown.

A few hours after sinking the tug was pretty well broken up and the wreckage be-gan to come ashore. Before dark the entire beach was strewn with it. Forty-three lunch baskets were washed up. No bodies have come ashore.

CATBOAT CAPSIZED.

Sudden Squall Costs Four Lives Near Brooklyn Yacht Club House

BROOKLYN, June 24.-A catboat was capsized by a sudden squall this morning off Capitalists Pool Interests to Build an Im-SALT LAKE. June 24 .- Captain de la the Atlantic Yacht club house at the foot of Mar, a large mine owner in the Ferguson Fifty-sixth street, Brooklyn. A pleasure district, near Pioche, Nev., is in the city party, consisting of six people, two men, two women, a boy and a 2-year-old girl were thrown into the water. The men and the women and the boy sank before assistance could be rendered them. The little girl was saved. As yet their names are not known and nothing was found about the boat to

this afternoon Caleb E. Healey and Misses Katle and Maggie Ortwine were drowned. Two others escaped.

misgivings as to whete Wolf is. They may be was at the office at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon and left ostensibly to do some collecting. He has not returned, and they Tory Island - Passed - Assyrian, for Montreal.

CHICAGO, June 24.-The United Irish societies of Chicago in convention today expressed their condemnation of the move-ment to raise funds for the Irish parlia-mentary party. Resolutions were adopted appealing to the friends of Ireland in the country to withhold contributions until the "factions ccase alonsing each other and "fuctions cease abusing each unite in attacking the enemy."

and says that a number of capitalists have formed a pool to build a railroad from Milford, Utah, to Pioche, and that when completed the ore from that district will completed the ore from that district will be shipped to the Salt Lake valley for treatment. The Union Pacific road had nearly 100 miles of grading done to the southwest during the last year of George Francis Adams' management of the road, and it is supposed that the projectors of the proposed line will take advantage of the work already done. identify them. Reported as Missing

Friends of Frank Wolf of the firm of Wolf Bros., 708 South Sixteenth street, have some

New York.

At Dover-Passed-Otranto, for Baltimore, At New York-Arrived-Hindoo, from Hull; Hungary, from Hamburg; La Bour-gogne, from Havre; Mobile, from London, At Havre-Arrived-La Bretegne, from New York New York. At Southampton-Arrived-Aller, from

Drowned in Lake St. Clair.

DETROIT. June 24.-By the capsizing of a launch during a squall on Lake St. Claire

Movements of Seagoing Vessels June 26.

Will Contribute No More to Ireland.

Mr. Mathen, and Seward street, hothed the police yearchay that his lo-year-old daughter, Lillie, left home suddenly Friday. Mr. Glavin, North Seventeenth street, reports that his daughter has strayed away. She is only 5 years of age. Denver Banks Consolidate DENVER, June N-The City National bank and the American National have consolidated and in the future will do husiness under the name of the latter institution. The Union National and the State Na-tional have also consolidated, and temorrow