## LIGHT ON THE DEAL

Connection of the Sugar Trust with Tariff Legislation Inquired Into.

TESTIMONY GIVEN BY E. J. EDWARDS

Secretary Carlisle Said to Have Written and Revised the Sugar Schedule.

POLITICAL PULL OF THE CORPORATIONS

"We Are Not Without Influence in the Senate," Said Mr. Havemeyer.

LIBERAL CONTRIBUTIONS IN CASH

John Schriever and Harry W. Walker Testify Regarding a Secret Conference Between Senators and Trust Men at the Ariington Hotel.

WASHINGTON, May 24.- The senate bribery investigating committee today began the inquiry into the story connecting the Sugar trust with tariff legislation, E. J Edwards, the author of the "Holland" letter in the Philadelphia Press, was before the committee for several hours. Owing to the fact that the committee sat behind closed doors, and the additional fact that after emerging from the committee room Mr. Edwards was unwilling to discuss the proceedings, details of the inquiry cannot be had. It is known, however, that Mr. Edwards presented a written memorandum, giving some of the sources of the information contained in his letter and stating that he could not give his authority in other cases, and why he could not. He declined to state his authority for the information contained in his letter to the effect that Secretary Carlisle had appeared before the tariff sub-committee. consisting of Senators Jones, Vest and Mills, before the original senate bill was reported, and had insisted that sugar pe given protection because of the party pledges made wous to election, or for the statement that Mr. Carlisle had himself revised and written the sugar schedule. This schedule as prepared by Mr. Carlisle, is still in existence and might be obtained. The fact could be definitely ascertained by summoning members of the finance committee.

Other statements in his letter, the authority for which Mr. Edwards declined to give, were those that \$500,000 was the amount contributed by the Sugar trust to the demoeratic campaign fund in 1892, agd that a member of the firm of Moore & Schley, who he said in his letters, were Senator Brice's brokers, had been in possession of the latest amendments which had been agreed upon to the tariff bill before the time when Senator Voorhees still insisted on the floor of the

was the man to whom the amendments were handed. He could not recall this man's name, but he suggested that it would be a comparatively easy matter for the committee to establish his identity.
With reference to the contribution of \$500,000 to the campaign fund in the last presidential election, Mr. Edwards said tha it would be a breach of faith to reveal the name of his authority. He also stated that it was his information that that money had not been contributed directly to the national committee, but had been given to other organizations, where it was under-stood the money would be used in ways to result to the benefit of the national can paign. Nor was his intermised had made that the Sugar trust, as such, had made by the contribution; it may have been made by or through individual members of the trust, with the understanding that in the case

cenate that no amendments had been agreed to. It was his information that this firm has had a representative in Washington who

success the trust should be protected ainst damaging legislation. He in-inced. In support of this stanced. In support of this information, a statement made by Governor Waller of Connecticut, before an investigating committee in that state in which h said Governor Wal'er hal stated that w alth men of New York had contributed \$100,000 toward democratic success in Connecticut. Mr. Edwards said it was his information that half of this amount had been raised by E. C. Benedict.

stated in his letter had been carried for the populists by the aid of money thus obtained, said that it was a notorious fact that leading members of the democratic party in Colorado had been in consultation with the wealthy democrats of New York prior to the

HELPED THE ANTI-SNAPPERS Mr. Edwards said his first information as to the interest of the Sugar trust in politics had come to him in the spring of 1892, when it had contributed \$10,000 to the cause of the anti-snappers in New York state, but he had thought very little of this until he had heard of its far larger donations in the the year. His first intimation of Havemeyer's interest in tariff legisla had been received from an interview with that gentleman published in the Brook lyn Eagle as early as the 25th of last January, in which he had said the tariff bill would be looked after when it should reach

the senate. We are not without influence in the senate." Mr. Havemeyer was represented to have said. "We are not impotent there." Mr. Edwards also said Harper's Weekly asserted the Sugar trust was not without friends in the cabinet and in congress, and he said he had obtained his information about the reported meeting of Mr Have-meyer with Senators Brice and Swith at

the Arlington hotel in this city from news per publications.
With reference to the speculation of senators in Sugar trust stock, he sa'd it was a matter of common report in New York that four or five senators had engaged in this ape ulation, but he said owing to the fact that their dealings came under the class known as privileges, puts and calls, there was no rec-ord of them, and the fact of their trans-actions would be difficult of proof. He suggested that Mess's. Havemeyer, John E Bearles, ex-Congressman Lefevre, Cor-Meyer, H. M. Terrel and Mr. Reed be sum light on the operations of the Sugar trust,

The afternoon session was brought to a adden half by the committee demanding that Mr. Edwards give his authority for the ing Secretary Carlisle's association with the committee drafting the augar schedule Whis Mr. Edwards declined to do, and, the committee insisting, he asked to be allowed to consult his attorney, Judge Dittenhoefer, who was in the city. The request was granted, and the committee took another

while Mr. Edwards went in searc of his lawyer. Edwards returned to the committee room after an absence of an hour, accompa-nied by Judge Dittenhoefer. After a brief conference the committee decided to postpone further consideration of the question of exousing Mr. Edwards from divulging the au thority for his statements to 10 o'clock to-morrow to allow Judge Dittenhoefer to con-

sult authorities bearing upon the case. SECRET CONFERENCE OVERHEARD John Schriever, the Washington corre press, was examined in regard to a dis-patch which appeared in his paper on May 19, stating an interview between United States senators and members of the Sugar trust, held in a parlor of the Arlington house, had been overheard by a wire manufacturer who occupied the adjoining room.

Mr. Schriever was asked the name of his authority and also the name of the wire manufacturer mentioned. Mr. Schriever said the story had been given him by a congressman, but he de-clined to either give his name or the name of the wire manufacturer, his reasons being that the congresman, while he gave him the story for publication, did not wish to be brought into the scandal or be called upon to testify and made the witness promise not to reveal his name. Mr. Schrie-ver said the wire manufacturer on the morning after the conference met the congress-man and seemed in an excited frame of mind. He slapped the congress-man on the shoulder and remarked now he was certain the Wilson bill would never pass, because the night before he had occupied a room next to that occupied by some sugar men and he had overheard enough of the conversation to lead him to believe the tariff bill was dead. The wire manufacturer also stated several senators were in the room with the sugar men, and he had recognized them by their voices. He likewise volun-teered that at times the discussion became so heated and loud that he was unable to sleep, and was therefore kept awake and obliged to hear all that was said. Mr. Schriever stated to the committee that he had no personal objections whatever to givng the names of the parties. The committee excused Mr. Schriever, after a brief effort to arrive at the source

of his information, until 10 o'clock tomor-row morning, informing him he could take the time in the interim to consult the congressman who had given him the information, and also a lawyer as to his liability in care he should persist in declining to reveal the authority for his publication After Mr. Schriever was excused, Mr. Harry W. Walker, Washington correspondent of the St. Louis Po t-Dispatch, was called and asked to state where he had obtained the information published by him in a dispatch in which he had stated that a prominent member of the cabinet had intimated that the president himself had confessed the democratic party was under obligations to the Sugar trust. Mr. Walker also confirmed Mr. Schriever's story about the occurrences at the Arlington hotel between members of the Sugar trust and certain United States senators, saying he had also received his in-formation from a member of the house. Like Mr. Schriever, he declined to give the name. congressman who had given him the information.

FORCE MUST NOT BE USED.

Senator Kyle Urges the Passage of His Hawaiian Resolution. WASHINGTON, May 24 .- At the epening of the session of the senate today Mr. Kyle urged the passage of his resolution declaring it was not the purpose of the United States to use force to restore Liliuokalani as queen of the Hawalian islands, and that any foreign interference with those islands would be regarded as an act of hostility to the United States.

Mr. Daniel of Virginia objected to action

on the resolution until the resolution on the same subject reported by the foreign affairs committee had first been acted

Mr. Frye of Maine advocated the passage of this or a similar resolution, saying he had information from two responsible persons to the effect the moment the senate acted the queen would resign all pretense to the throne and accept a money compen-sation therefore. This being the condition on the island, in the name of humanity he appealed to the senate to pass this or At this point the hour of 10:30 arrived,

The resolution went over and the tariff bill was taken up.

was taken up.

Mr. Haie of Maine led off with a sarcastic comment on Mr. Gorman's speech of yesterday, saying the senator from Maryland had emerged from his seclusion just at the time when his party stood discredited, its ranks broken, its coherency of action lost, an in-dignant people showing their distrust, the newspapers piling up denunciation after de nunciation, and with a panic imminent on his own side of the chamber. The bill as it now stood, Mr. Hale said, had no responsible parents. It was a political bastard. the result of the intercourse of the had abandoned party principle with the easy virtues of a few protected industries and the habitual prestitution of the trusts. It had its origin in the back room of a New York

The Aldrich amendment to increase the duty on tin plate to 1½ cents per pound was laid on the table, 36 to 26. The Jones tin plate amendment was then adopted, fix-Jones amendment grading the duty on steel ingots, blooms, etc., according to size, value

The surprise of the day was the acceptance by the finance committee of an amend-ment offered by Mr. Allen, the Nebraska populist, to place barbed wire on the fre Several republicans opposed it, but did not carry their opposition to the extent of lemanding a record-making vote upon it.
An intimation from Mr. Hoar that barbed wire was to be the price of Mr. Allen's vote for the tariff bill was indignantly de-

Mr. Powers' amendment to include othe classes of fence wire was defeated. The following rates were adopted: Anchors, 1 1-20 cents per pound; axles

1½ cents; anvils, 1% cents; blacksmiths tools, 1½ cents; boller tubes, 1% cents bolts, 114 cents; cast iron pipe, 6-10 cent cast fron vessels, stove plates, etc., 8-10 cent; mallable castings, 9-10 cent; cast hollow ware, 2 cents; chains, 30 per cent; cut-lery, graded according to the value and averaging about 25 per cent; shotguns and At 6 o'clock the senate adjourned.

Amendment Striking Out Appropria ion for

Civil Service Commission Defeated. WASHINGTON, May 24.-After clearing the table of routine business, at 12:30 o'clock the house went into committee of the whole o consider the legislative appropriation bill, and Mr. Richardson was called to the chair. The republicans were unsuccessful in their as to strike out the \$200,000 appropriation for opec at investigation of alleged frauds. Mr. Alderson of West Virginia tried to have struck out the provision for contingent expenses of the Civil Service commission, but

was voted down.

Mr. Stone of Kansas offered an amendment striking out the provision for assistant attorneys to defend the government against ar claims, and it was defeated. At 3:50 the committee of the whole com

pleted the consideration of the bill and it was reported to the house. Separate votes were demanded on Mr. Hayes' amendment docking of members' salaries for absence and on the amendment striking out the ap-propriations for the civil service. The Hayes inti-docking amendment was defeated, 104

The amendment of Mr. Enloc of Tennessee, striking out the appropriation for the Civil Service commission, was lost, 80 to 158 republican applause. The legislative The house bill to incorporate the supreme

odge of Knights of Pythias was passed. The house then, at a few minutes past clock, adjourned.

Will Inspect Indian Reservations. WASHINGTON, May 24.- The official in pection of the seven or eight Indian reservations in the two Dakotas will be com nenced in a few days. Indian Inspector Thomas F. Smith of the Interior department has been detailed for the work, and left today for the Sioux agency at Rosebud, S. D. The trip will require several weeks time, during which charges preferred against a number of reservation officials will be in-

Indian Lands for Settlers. WASHINGTON, May 24.-The senate com office on Indian affairs today authorized a favorable report on the bill providing for the opening of the Uintah and Uncompaghre Indian reservations in Utah. The bill

(Continued on Second Page.)

## ROSEBERY'S CRISIS PASSED

Motion to Divide the Budget Bill Into Two Parts Defeated.

THE GOVERNMENT'S VICTORY CHEERED

Important Division in the House of Com mons, on the Result of Which the Government Was Supposed

to Depend.

LONDON, May 24.-Today is the queen's birthday, and it is a critical day for the Rosebery government. There have been times without number that the ministry has been supposed to be in danger since the earl of Rosebery took the helm, but this time the opinion seems to be quite strong among all sections that there is danger ahead. The nine Redmondites have announced their intention to vote against the government on all important divisions for the rest of the session, and there is little doubt but that

they will carry out their threats.

The division today will be on the budget bill. The Irish take especial exception to this measure on account of the provision for the more extensive taxation of Irish whisky Michael Davitt, who is an ardent supporter of the existing government, sees the danger and in a speech before the members of the Irish National Federation said that if the vote went against the bill they might see Lord Salisbury back in office in a short

Speaking at Birmingham last night Lord Rosebery declared that the government was determined to carry the bill for the disestablishment of the Welsh church.

The debate in the Commons on the budget

I, which it was expected might prove downfall of Lord Rosebery's ministry, the downfall of Lord Rosebery's ministry, was opened this afternoon with a gun fired by Sir John Lubbock, liberal unionist, who moved that the budget committee be empowered to divide the budget bill in two parts and to embody the provisions respecting the sinking fund in a different measure. Sir William Harcourt said the object of the motion was to revert to the system by which the House of Lords would be able to overthrow financial measures emanating from the House of Commons. This system had already been condemned by Disraeli already been condemned by Disraeli and Palmertson and by the committee of the House of Commons. (Loud cheers, Another reason for Sir Lub-bock's motion was to waste the of the house by involving it in two bills and two separate statements from the committee and in two third readings. At the present time, also, there were special reasons why the Commons should preserve absolute control over the finances of the coun-

Mr. Goschen and several minor conservatives supported the motion, after which a division was taken, with the result that it was rejected by a vote of 161 to 121.

The announcement of the government's victory was greeted with prolonged liberal

Later two other conservative instructions to the budget committee were ruled out of order and the house went into committee of the whole amid renewed liberal cheering.

DANGEROUS OCEAN RACING.

White Star Liner, Majestic, Nearly Run Into by the Paris. LONDON, May 24.—The mails brought by the White Star liner, Majestic, arrived in London at 10:50 o'clock last night, and those brought by the Paris at 11:29. Both

batches were delivered this morning. lestic that boat just escaped being struck by the Paris on their race over. Both vessels left New York half an hour apart, and kept close together. The Majestic's captain ordered the engines reversed, it is said, just in time to escape being run into by the Paris, which suddenly changed her course and crossed the Majestic's bow. This was

on the third day out. Captain Randall of the Paris made statement to an Associated press reporter at Southampton shortly after the arrival. He said: "Soon after leaving New York the Majestic hove in sight a considerable distance astern. The Paris main-tained her lead until Saturday when, owing to a delay cused by a change of steering the White Star boat succeeded in overhaul-ing the Paris and crossed her track from port to starboard. The captain of the Ma jestic, finding his vessel dropping astern, slowed down his engines and crossed under

QUEEN VICTORIA'S BIRTHDAY.

Observance of the Seventy-Fifth Recurrence of that Auspicious Day. LONDON, May 24.-The birthday of Queen

Victoria, which occurred today (her majesty was born May 24, 1819), was observed throughout England, although the official celebration of the event will not take place until Saturday next, according to custom. At Windsor the church bells were rung flags were displayed and a royal salute was fired in the long walk. In this city the fired in the long walk. In this city the church bells were pealed and flags floated over many of the hotels and prominent houses. From the tower of St. Westminster, the royal stand Margaret.

Margaret. Westminster, the royal stand-ard was displayed.

The Scots Guards marched from Chelsea barracks to the Horse Guards' parade and rehearsed the ceremony of trooping the colors, which will be performed with the household troops in this city on Saturday, when the public offices and the law courts will be closed and the usual official dinners held.

Saturday the prime minister will give a full-dress banquet at his house in Berkeley square in honor of the queen's birthday, at which the prince of Wales is to be one of the guests. At the foreign office, on the night of the 25th, there will be a reception, at which the prince and princess of Wales and all the members of the royal family then in London will be present.

OPERATION ON GLADSTONE'S EYE.

Cataract Successfully Treated and the Patient in Good Spirits LONDON, May 24 .- Mr. Gladstone's right eye was successfully operated upon today. Doctors Nettleship and Habershorn both at-

tended the distinguished patient in Lord Rendell's house early in the day, and some time afterwards they issued a builetin stat-ing that the eye had been operated upon for cataract and that the operation was very Mr. Gladstone's health was well main ained after the operation and the doctor

state that the result confirms the diagnosi-

of Dr. Grainger of Chester. The ex-premie said to be in as good spirits as can possibly be expected. afternoon Mr. Gladstone is resting quietly in a darkened room. He does no show any feverish symptoms. The was short and no anzesthetic was used Mr. Gladstone bore the pain with much fortitude. All the members of his family

were present during the operation. Death's Daily Harvest. PARIS, May 24.-The widow of the late Ernest Renan, the distinguished philolegist and member of the institute of France, is dead. Mms. Renan was a daughter of Henry Scheffer, the painter. LONDON, May 24.—Prof. George Ro-mains, F. R. S., L.L. D., died suddenly PERU, India, May 24.—Hon, Charles G. Cox, joint representative of Miami and Cass counties, died today of apoplexy. He was 67 years old.

What the Russian Piotters Had in Vew. ST. PETERSBURG, May 24.-The recent revelation of the existence of a widespread revolutionary conspiracy includes the discovery of a plot to undermine a church and also a manzion which had been selected for the residence of the crar during the next maneuvers in the Smolenski district. Orel railway. Several railway engineers have been arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the plot. One of the arrested men committed sucide, another is a distant relative of Pobledsnostreff, the procurator of the synod.

AMERICAN OFFICERS HONORED. Banquet Extended to the Officers of the

Cruiser Chicago. LONDON, May 24 .- The banquet entended to Admiral Erbin, Captain Mahan and the officers of the United States cruiser Chicago by officers of the English navy and army and distinguished citizens of Great Britain was

held tonight in St. James' hall. Lord George Hamilton offered a toast to the queen and President Cleveland, paying a glowing tribute to both, but especially to the latter. Ambassador Bayard rose to reply and was received with prolonged cheering. Responses were also made by Admiral Erbin, Captain Mahan and Admiral Commerci, and the proceedings closed with the band playing the "Star Spangled Banner.

Proved Its Efficacy. LONDON, May 24.-The duke of Cambridge and a large number of military and naval experts were present at a special test of the bulletproof coat invented by Herr Dow, the Mannhelm tailor, who, wearing the coat, was fired at at diff rent ranges and the coat was not pierced. A committee composed of military officers guaranteed the tests were genuine.

Samoan Rebels Deffant. SYDNEY, N. S. W., May 24.-Advices from Samoa say that the rebels hold a strong position previously occupied by Tamasa, and declare they are prepared to try conclusions with the German war ship Falke.

Dynamiter Dafy for Parliament. LIMERICK, May 24 .- At a Parnellite con vention, at which the mayor and 200 delegates were present it was unanimously de-cided to nominate the convict Daly for Parliament at the general election.

Dupuy Wouldn't Do It.

PARIS, May 24 .- M. Dupuy has declined o accept the task of organizing a ministry, and M. Peytral, ex-minister of finance in the radical Flouquet cabinet, has been summoned to the Elysee.

Great Explosion. BERLIN, May 24 .- There was a great explosion in the military balloon department in Temple field at 3:45 o'clock this morning. CONTEMPT CASE COLLAPSES.

Judge Bush Backs Down Through Fear of

the Supreme Court. BEATRICE, May 24 .- (Special Telegram to The Bee.)-In district court this afternoon Judge J. E. Bush notified Attorneys Lehave, Murphy, Sabin and Killen that the contempt proceedings against them would be expunged from the record. The gentlemen named were arrested on a breach warrant Monday evening, the warrant having been issued in consequence of their failure to be in the court room at the time of the calling of the docket. The judge did not assess any but gave the gentlemen notice that they would stand committed to the county jail until the costs were paid. Ascertaining this afternoon that the attorneys were going to permit themselves to be locked up and had arranged with the chief justice of the supreme court to grant them a suspension of judgment until the matter could be heard in the supreme court, the populist judge de-cided to take the easiest course out of the

BYOMING IMPROVEMENTS.

Three Corporations File Articles with the Secretary of that State. CHEYENNE, Wyo. May 24.—(Special to filed articles of incorporation with the sec retary of state yesterday. The Regent Mir stock of \$1,000,000. The principal place of business will be Cheyenne, with branches at Denver and Aspen, Colo. The incorporat-ors are E. D. White, H. C. Brooks and C. F. Wilson. ing company is organized, with a capital

ors are E. D. White, H. C. Block, M. F. Wilson.
H. G. Hay, T. W. Gray, R. E. Gray, M. R. Johnston and J. D. Freeborn are the incorporators of the Wheatland Mercantile company, with a capital stock of \$10,000. The company will conduct a general merchandise store at Wheatland, Laramic county, the headquarters of the Colorado colony of farmers who located on the Wyoming Development company's lands a few months ago.

months ago.

The Republican Publishing company o Casper was the third institution to file articles of incorporation. George B. McCalmont, W. H. Deneck and W. F. Dunn are the incorporators and the capital stock is placed at \$10,000.

Bold Robbers at Sloux Falls.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 24.—(Special to The Bee.)—George Hall, who on Tuesday called Charles Cummerford out of th latter's restaurant while a pal robbed th

latter's restaurant while a pal robbed the till, has been bound over to the granc jury. He could not furnish the \$30 bail and is in jail. He claims to have friends in Iowa who will help him out. They will be communicated with.

Another robbery of a bold type occurred here yesterday. While W. J. Snell was in the rear room of his second hand store fixing a stove, some one entered the front room and stole two gold watches and two gold rings, the total value of which was about \$50. The town is overrun with tramps, thieves and thurs. Church as a Memorial to an Indian Woman

FORT PIERRE, S. D., May 24.-(Special The Bee.)-A large party of Congregational ministers and delegates have just come in from the Cheyenne river, where they dedicated the Elizabeth Winyau Memorial church. This church was built as a memorial to an Indian woman. She was converted by the missionaries in Minnesota and rendered great assistance in the escape of the families during the maxister of '62. In 1876 she came to the Missouri river to teach under Rev. T. 12. Riggs. She labored among the Stoux four-teen years and died on her field. Along with the dedication, the ordination of her son and brother took place. The attendance at the services was large. tional ministers and delegates have just

Surprised the City Authorities. CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., May 24.—(Special to The Bee.)-The authorities of Kimball, this county, were somewhat surprised the other day to receive notice that \$3,000 of the city bonds were due. The bonds are owned at Battle Creek, Mich., and the official records of Kimboll show, so fa as can be ascertained, that the bonds are as can be ascertained, that the bonds are not due for five years yet, consequently no provision had been provided for their redemption. During the early days of Kimbali's incorporation the records were badly kept in the inniter of recording the issuance of bonds, hence the present situa-tion. The matter, however, will cause no particular embarrassment to the authorities of the town.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 24.—(Special Felegram to The Bee.)—The jury in the Telegram to The Ber. —The jury in the second trial of Dr. Fisher for the murder of Minnie Olson by abortion on March 12 has disagreed after being out for twenty hours. The jury stood eight for conviction and four for acquittni on the first ballot, and six and six on the last ballot. There is a possibility that the state attorney will now bring in a nolle prosequi indictment. Fisher has been in jail since the 10th of last June. dictment. Fisher 1 10th of last June.

Murder in the Second Degree. RAWLINS, Wyo., May 24.—(Special Telegram to The Bec.)—The jury in the case of the State against Thomas Morrison, charged with killing Albert Peterson at Carbon, has returned a verdict of murder in the second degree.

TRANQUILITY IN HONOLULU.

The Queen Will Give Up the Contest if the Kelly Resolutions Pass. DENVER, May 24.-W. F. Peacock, wholesale merchant of Honolulu, is in the city. He says that there is not the slightest city. He says that there is not the significate chance of any trouble in the new republic. Mr. Dole will be re-elected president, he declares, and if the Kelly resolution passes the legislature the queen and her party will give up the fight.

Mr. Peacock fays 25 per cent of the commercial business of the Paulife islands is transacted with the United States. The imports amounted to \$5,000,000 annually. MOB ATTACKS THE SHERIFF

Raid on the Carbon Coal Shaft at LaSalle Results in Battle.

AUTHORITIES POWERLESS AT PRESENT

Governor Altgeld Appealed to and Troops Ordered to Repair to the Scene of the Disturbance This Morning -Other Riots.

LA SALLE, III., May 24 .- A mob of 1,000 coal strikers raided the shaft of the La Saile County Carbon Coal company here this evening, and in a conflict with the sheriff and his deputies five strikers, Sheriff Taylor and Deputy Sheriffs Hoolihan and Dwyer were painfully wounded.

The mob closed in on the officers and hand-to-hand fight ensued. Three men were arrested, but they were released on the men threatening to tear down the jail and burn the city hall.

The situation is alarming and the governor

has been telegraphed to for aid.

SPRINGFIELD, III., May 24,-Governor Altgeld has been in communication an evening with county and municipal officers at Centralia, La Salle and other points where strikers were rioting during the day, and shortly after midnight decided that the troops must be called out.

Sheriff Taylor of La Salle county wired at 11 o'clock that the situation was very serious and that his force of deputies was unable to cope with the rioters, and that a mob surrounded the hotel in which he was

lying wounded. Sheriff Helm of Centralia sent a report similar in character. Orders are now being telegraphed for five companies of the Fourth infantry to report at Centralia and four companies of the Seventh to report at La Salle in the morning. Adjutant General Orendorff was to go to La Salle and Assistant Adjutant General Boyle to Cen-

TROUBLE AT CENTRALIA. CENTRALIA, III., May 24.-About 500 striking miners from Duquoin and St. Johns mines arrived in this city today on an Illinois Central freight train and proceeded to the Big Four mine operated by Potenger & Davis in the northern limits of the city. They demolished considerable of the machinery and filled the shaft with about fifteen feet of debris, dump carts and other loose material about the mine. Every pane of glass and sash in the building was smashed. The total damage to the property is esti-mated at \$2,000. The Big Four mines have for the past three days been running with about thirty men, and yesterday they re-fused to come out at the request of the local committee. The Duquoin strikers boarded a freight train in this city and forced the engineer, Charles Stewart, to haul them here. Shariff Helms was notified at Salem that the men were coming and a special engine was sent to convey him here, but he did not arrive in time to prevent the de-

struction of the property.

The striking miners held a meeting and left the city on foot for Odin, eight miles north of here, to shut down the mine there. The sheriff swore in about fifty deputies who were equipped with Winchesters from the armory here, and left for Odin on a special train. The miners were well armed pistols and plenty of amunition

SANDOVAL, Ill., May 24.—The ion of striking miners, about 200 strong arrived here from Centralia today shortly after Sheriff Helm and 100 armed deputies came in on a special train. No violence has been threatened by the strikers and they have declared their intention to keep the peace. The miners here are not work-ing. The strikers tried to persuade the Sandoval miners to go with them to Odin and urge the Odin miners not to work. leader of the strikers offered to take men with the sheriff and his deputies, but they will be sent back to Centralia. The miners voted to go to Odin. A force of deputies was sworn in here.

MOBBED AT CRIPPLE CREEK.

Iwo Nonunion Men Assunited and Severely Beaten-One Missing. CRIPPLE CREEK May 24 -There is a very ugly feeling among the union miners over the report that the owners will attempt to reopen the gold mines within a few days with nonunion miners, protected by armed deputy sheriffs. The mood of the strikers was indicated today when John Thomas and Thomas H. Jones, two miners from the Victor mine, arrived in Altman on their way to Cripple Creek. They were suspected of being nonunion men, and not an income tax. withstanding their protests that they were not, they were set upon by the strikers knocked down and several shots fired a Thomas and Jones took refuge boarding house, which was immediately ntered by a dozen union men, who too them out and gave them a fearful beating At last Thomas escaped and made his way nto town. When he arrived here he wa exhausted. He had five bad scalp wound

and a depression of the skull. Jones is still missing and it is feared he is lying in some secluded place dead or seriously in-DENVER, May 24.-The Colorado Fue and Iron company will attempt to prevent the army of six hundred strikers who are narching south from Florence from inter fering with the miners working at Walsen burg and other places in the Trinidad dis The company has secured an injunc tion against the invading miners, and the sheriff will meet them with mounted depu-tles at the Fuerano county line and forbid their entrance into that county thought that he has a sufficient number to prevent the miners crossing the

line if they show fight. MISSOURI MINERS MARCHING.

Leavenworth Seriously Disturbed Over Threats of Riot Tonight. KANSAS CITY, May 24.-The Missouri niners enroute to Leavenworth to bring out the miners at that place passed through this city, paying their fares on the cable ine to Kansas City, Kan. They camped eight miles out of that city, where they were met by a delegation of Leavenworth citizens who warned them not to enter the city. There will be trouble if the miners persist in going through to Leavenworth. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., May 24.—Capta Ryan, the leader of the band of Missour miners who intend to invade this city evening, arrived here at noon to hold a conference with Mayor Dodsworth, thinking the citizens' committee did not mean what it said last night when the strikers' camp was visited near Kansas City, Kan. The mayor reiterated the warning there given and said the agitators must not enter the city. Ryan has concluded to have his men go into camp south of the city and then enter by ones and twos tonight.

Excitement is general throughout the city, and if the bells sound the alarm 5,000 men will respond. The sheriff is swearing men will respond. The sheriff is swearing in 500 deputies and getting everything in readiness. A large number of extra police have been appointed and await orders at headquarters.

Wealthy Farmer's Daughter Married Ryan states his men will not offer to resist force and consequently thinks there will be no bloodshed. Fully 760 of the 800 miners at work in three mines are dread-ing the approach of the mob. In case they should be beset by the agitators there certainly will be serious consequences f the Weir mines held a mass meeting nd concluded to continue work. LEAVENWORTH, May 24.—At a confer-

ence with the mayor and citizens, Captain Ryan said he was willing to leave the Leavenworth miners alone. He and the sheriff are now driving south to meet the strikers and efforts will be made to turn the

entire crowd back.

CHEROKEE, Kan., May 24.—At a mass meeting of miners at Daisy hill M. L. Walters advised the men to go out to work, as they had already gained a point in the increase of wages. A vote resulted in favor of quitting, but those going out claim that Crawford county miners and Missourlans outvoted them and, as a result, all the shafts are running with the exception of one or two where repairs are being made.

CONVENTION OF COAL OPERATORS.

Call for a Conference to Devise Means of Settling Existing Difficulties.

COLUMBUS, O., May 24.-The Ohio coal perators met here today at 2 p. m. in Lynion hall. The talk is that 60 cents will be offered. This is construed to mean that a compremise at 65 cents might be acceptable. DANVILLE, III., May 24.-President Crawford gave out the following circular today: To the Coal Operators of Southern and Central Illinois: Gentlemen-You are hereby Central Illinois: Gentlemen—You are hereby notified that a convention of the coal operators of the central and southern call fields of Illinois will be held in the supervisors' room in the court house in Springfield, Ill. beginning at 2 o'clock p. m., Monday, May 28, 1894. President McBride of the United Mine Work. Workers of America will be present at this convention, intending to enter into consulta-tion with the operators of the central and southern coal fields of our state, for the purpose of devising ways and means whereby the existing difficulties between the miners and operators may be amicably adjusted and operators may be amicably adjusted, to the end that the hosts of idle industries may be set in moflon by an equitable ad-justment of existing difficulties. You are cordially invited and earnestly requested to

be present at this meeting. J. A. CRAWFORD,
State President Illinois and Member National Executive Board.

PREPARING FOR BATTLE. Concentration of Deputies and Strikers at

the Victor Mine. DENVER, May 24.-About 125 deputies left this city early tonight for Cripple Creek and about 100 more will leave before morning to assist the miners in that locality in resuming operations. The strikers expect to give them battle at the Victor mine about six miles from Cripple Creek, where the turbulent element has thrown up breastworks. About sixty deputy sheriffs, mounted, and each armed with a Winchester rifle and a brace of revolvers, have left Cripple Creek for the Victor mine, ostensibly to protect railroad property, but undoubtedly to par-ticipate in the fight. The strikers will be confronted by about 800 deputy sheriffs, all heavily armed.

Marching on Van Meter. DES MOINES, May 24.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)-About two hundred miners went to Van Meter, eighteen miles west, this morning, to compel the twenty-five men working there to join the strike. No trouble was anticipated.

NOMINATIONS MADE.

California Populists Nams Candidates for State Offices and Congress. SACRAMENTO, Cal., May 24 .- The populist state convention today finished its nominstions, making the complete list as follows: Governor, J. V. Webster; lieutenant governor, A. J. Gregg: secretary of state M. McGlynn; comptroller, John S. Dore treasurer, F. W. Barton; attorney general, Louis Luckel; superintendent of public instruction, T. A. Richardson; surveyor general, F. A. Basset; state printer, Elgin C. members of congress. R. First district; Burgett Greggsby. Second district: W. A. Vant, Third district Fifth district: W. C. Bowman, Sixth dis trict; J. I. Gilbert, Seventh district; clerk of supreme court, L. M. Lansborough; jus-

M. Buck and E. M. Gibson; short term, Albert Dagget. Indiana Populists' State Ticket.

of the supreme court, long term, S

INDIANAPOLIS, May 24.-The populists are holding a large mass meeting tonight supplemental to the proceedings of the state convention today. Paul Vandevoort of Omaha spoke tonight with others. The day's proceedings consisted of making a platform and nominating a state ticket. platform deplores the present status of affairs in general, denounces bitterly both the republican and democratic parties as recommends the free coinage of the ratio of 16 to 1 and advises an increas of the currency to \$50 per capita; de-nounces national banks and non-interest earing government bonds and recommends the election of senators and postmasters by a direct vote of the people and favors

The following ticket was nominated: Secretary of state, Dr. C. A. Robinson Fountaintown; auditor of state, Edgar Perkins of Indianapolis; treasurer, A. F Keeport of Logansport; attorney genera Silas M. Holcomb of Tipton; clerk of the supreme court, J. Harvey Montgomery of Lawrence county; superintendent of public nstruction. A. J. Allen of Vigo county apolis; state geologist, Edward Kindle of judges-Bloomington. Supreme court First district, no nomination: Fe trict, D. W. Chambers of Newcastle.

In the Second Kansas District. OLATHE, Kan., May 24.-The Second dis trict republican convention resumed balloting oday, and after adding 264 ballots to the 627 which had been taken up to last night, the convention took a recess until evening. The andidates stand: Burton, 45; Funston, 46 candidates stand: Burton, 45; Funston, 40; Howard, 16; Smart, 12; Parker, 11.

Just before adjournment a conference committee was appointed to find a solution of the long deadlock, and when the convention reassembled in the evening the following report was made and adopted:

We, your committee of conference, having under consideration the problem confronting the convention, would respectfully recommend that the convention do now adjourn to meet Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, July 16, 1854, at Lawrence, Kan.

Balloting in Kansas Sixth District. PHILLIPSBURG, Kan., May 24.-Th Sixth district republican convention met here oday and took thirty ballots, the last being Simpson, 28; White, 25; Eilis, 26; Tolton, 24

Juryman Charged with Misconduct. CROWN POINT, Ind., May 24.-Sensa ional developments took place in the Dom inick O'Malley case today. The prosecu inick O'Mailey case today. The prosecu-tion charged that Juryman Thomas J. Stearns had been guilty of misconduct. He was seen drinking and conversing in a fa-loon last night, according to seven citt-zens who were summoned by the court. There is a probability that the jury will now be discharged, and if this is done the case will go to the midsummer term.

Movement of Seagoing Vessels, May 24. At Baltimore-Arrived-Lord Londonderry Queenstown-Arrived-Bohemia &com

Kinsales-Passed-C. Evic from New Prawl Point-Passed-Lepanto from New York. Beachy Head-Passed-Workendam from New York.

PRINCETON, Ill., May 24.—(Special Telerram to The Bee.)-Miss Araminta Miller laughter of David S. Miller, the wealthiest man in Bureau county, was united in mar-riage here today with William C. Anderson, a young business man of Vail, la. The services were held at the residence of the bride's parents in Leepertown township, and were largely attended. Mr. Miller gave his daughter \$60,000 in cash, and several farms as a wedding present.

## FIRED TOO QUICKLY

Pennsylvania Miners Shot Down by Armed Deputies at Stickle Hollow.

FACE TO FACE WITH FIFTY WINCHESTERS

They Were Talking to Workmen When the Deputies Rushed Among Them.

HARD FIRING FOLLOWED ON BOTH SIDES

Four of the Strikers Killed Outright and Others Badly Wounded.

THEIR OWN GUNS HAD NO FATAL EFFECTS

So Far as Known the Strikers Had Committed No Act that Warranted the Deputies in Using Their Firearms So Fatally.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., May 24.-The long threatened attack by striking miners on the pit of the Washington Coal and Coke company, at Stickle Hollow, in the Fourth pool district on the Monongahela river, was made this morning, involving another of the grimtragedies that characterize the irrepressible conflict. The fight was one of the flercest in the history of mining troubles in western Pennsylvania, and in the section where it occurred, as well as throughout the whole coke region, the situation is one of intense

excitement and dread uncertainty. Tonight four strikers are lying dead and dcuble that number are badly wounded, some of them mortally. Thomas Keenan of Woods run is the only American killed in the encounter with the deputies. The other dead men are Slavs.

The wounded men who fell under the first volley from the deputies were taken off the field by the retreating strikers, and even now the actual number of wounded is not definitely known, their friends having the strongest motives for concealing them.

It is perhaps too soon to attempt to apportion the responsibility for the killing. In the mass of confused and contradictory statements there is testimony to show that the strikers, while threatening an attack, had committed no overt act of lawlessness; that the deputies fired on them absolutely without provocation that would warrant the use of deadly weapons, and that some of the killings were particularly cruel and unjustifiable. There is also very abundant testimony to show that the deputies simply defended themselves and their charge from the rushing assault of an armed and blood-

thirsty mob. The strikers furnished all the dean men, not a deputy being fatally hurt, and only three of them were wounded. The fight occurred at daybreak in the public roadway leading to the Stickle Hollow plants. The deputies had specific orders, and it is admitted the company had conveyed to them directions to shoot to kill.

Shortly before midnight last night 2,000 strikers assembled at the Stickle Hollow plants, coming from Lucyville, Fayette City, Freeport. Allegport and many other points on the Monongahela river. Some of them were armed, but the majority were not. They went into camp near the plant, where they remained until 3 o'clock, when they adjourned to the public road leading to the works, and over which the workmen would have to pais to the pit. Here they worked interrupt the and attempt to get them to return home. They stopped the first delegation of miners and, according to the early reports, after a little persuasion induced them to join the The men turned back and about the time they were starting back home with their dinner buckets the deputies, who were on guard and witnesses to the affair, were ordered to shoot. They fired three volleys nto the mob at a range of only about fifty

yards. HOT FIRING AT CLOSE RANGE. This version is now entirely contradicted. It is stated that when the workmen came to the strikers in the public roads they were asked to go home and were about to omply with the command when the deputies rushed into the midst of the men, got session of the workmen and marched them to the pit. In this part of the performance a deputy sheriff fired a shot which opened up the battle. Volley after volley was fired by each side at close range. The strikers stood their ground, while their comrades were falling one by one, but, their ammuni-tion giving out and it requiring too much time to load the shotguns, they were forced to give up the fight and flee to escape the It is said the strikers were advancing on the

A large number of strikers were arrested by the deputies today who had guns in their possession and who were equipped with ammunition. They are now held prisoners and will be brought to jail together here. The company officials say that the strikers served notice on them that they expected to assault the works, and, acting on this information, the deputies confidered this in-terference with the workmen as the biginning of the assault and for that reason fired

Last night was one of mortal terror to the citizens of the Stickle mines. The strikers kept up the threatening demonstrations and even threatened to visit the houses of workmen and give them their choice to quit work or meet death in the presence of their families. Camp fires were built and scouting parties were sent to keep a close watch on the plants. The force of deputies was doubled, all the available men in the community being sworn in. In addition, a man drove here at 1:30 o'clock this morning for the sheriff to go down and take charge of the men and also to take with him more The sheriff did not heed the call and did not go. Deputy Sheriff Richards had charge of the men and Sheriff Wilhelm considered him capable of holding the fort.

The latest news from the scene of the The latest news from the rouble says that the strikers have all gone that the situation is peaceful today. and that the situation is peaceful today, The workmen have not gone to work, but

are willing to do so as soon as the excite OTHER FIGHTS AVERTED.

A battle was narrowly averted at Fair Chance last night. Sheriff Wilhelm sent five men to that place to do duty as deputies at the works of the Fair Chance Fur-nace company. It is the custom of the strikers to assemble at the station when a train arrives to see if any new men arrive and to take charge of them as soon as they get off the train. When the deputies get off the train, having no guns, the si thought were workmen and surrounded and took them to camp. They held them prisoners there until the other deputies charged on the camp and put all the strikers to flight. The town was greatly ex-cited, and the strikers threatened an at-tack on the deputies, and all the citizens took sides with the company. Superintendent Kimbali of the Hill Farm

nines is here getting out an injunction restraining the strikers from camping on Sixty miners were arrested tonight and placed in fall in this city. Serious trouble is expected tomorrow, as the minera are

greatly excited.