

MARSHAL RANKIN GOT HIS MEN

Hurrying Toward Cheyennes with a Train Load of Captured Commonwealers.

PINKHAM'S TRAIN WAS TAKEN FROM HIM

Men at Montpelier Drive the Marshal and His Possession - Exciting Times Along the Short Line.

GREEN RIVER, Wyo., May 14.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—After two days of exciting adventure United States Marshal Rankin and posse are tonight being hurried towards Cheyenne, aboard the special train on which they left here yesterday morning.

Marshal Pinkham of Idaho was not successful in his attempt to come to Cokeville, according to the arrangement, for the men who were to accompany him were not there.

A report just received states that the commonwealers have started eastward with the special train captured from Marshal Rankin at Montpelier, and are running wild over the Short Line division to Granger.

HOW THE CAPTURE WAS EFFECTED. GRANGER, Wyo., May 14.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—General Sheffer, the leader of the army which captured a Union Pacific train in Idaho, was placed under arrest at Granger at 12:30 p. m.

COKEVILLE, Wyo., May 14.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The Union Pacific special train captured from Marshal Rankin and posse aboard arrived here at 6 a. m.

General Kelsey's Army Starts on Foot to Join Coxey. Generals Kelsey and Duff assembled their Omaha and Lincoln branches of the Industrial army at noon yesterday.

HELENIA, Mont., May 14.—Judge Knowles in the United States court today disposed of the cases of the 350 Coxeyites who stole a Northern Pacific train April 24 and fled eastward until they were captured by United States troops at Forsyth.

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NO ROOM FOR COMPROMISE

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GATHERING STATISTICS OF WAGES

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PEIXOTO IS ON HIS METTLE

Sequel of the Escape of Da Gama After He Gave Up the Fight at Rio.

DIPLOMATIC RUPTURE WITH PORTUGAL

Brazilian Legation at Lisbon Withdrawn by the President of the Republic and All Relations Between the Two Countries Declared Off.

LISBON, May 14.—The staff of the Brazilian legation in this city has been withdrawn and diplomatic relations between Portugal and Brazil have been broken off.

This rupture of diplomatic relations is the direct result of the action of the Portuguese naval commanders in Rio in affording asylum to the Brazilian rebels.

The Brazilian government preferred a demand for their surrender, holding that as the refugees were taken aboard the Portuguese vessels within territorial waters they could not claim asylum and should be submitted to trial by the Brazilian courts.

The Portuguese commanders refused to surrender the rebels and the next day sailed away to the River Plate.

Some ugly complications with the Uruguayan authorities, growing out of the violation of quarantine regulations, the Portuguese commanders permitted a number of refugees to escape on an Argentine vessel.

The result of which was that they were obliged to give up their prisoners, who at last obtained liberty of Argentine soil.

MEANTIME BRAZIL HAS NOT ABATED HER CLAIMS AND INSISTED THAT PORTUGAL MUST RETURN THE REFUGEES.

Clearly this could not be done, and the result is a rupture between the two countries and Brazil.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Senator Mendonca, Brazilian minister here, has received the following cablegram from his government:

RIO DE JANEIRO, May 14, 1894.—To Brazilian Minister, Washington, D. C. The president of the republic has suspended diplomatic relations with Portugal, giving points of view of the Portuguese legation in Rio and ordered the Brazilian legation in Lisbon to be closed.

MINISTERS OF FOREIGN RELATIONS. Minister Mendonca when seen today avoided a discussion of the future course of his government.

BRITISH CABINET MINISTER'S FATAL CONNECTION WITH A FRAUDULENT CONNECTION. LONDON, May 14.—It is officially announced that Rt. Hon. A. J. Mundella, president of the Board of Trade, has resigned.

THE ADMIRALS MADE BY THE DIRECTORS AT THE EXAMINATION CAUSED SEVERE STRICTURES TO BE MADE UPON THE MEN.

WAR VESSEL SENT TO QUEL DISTURBANCES GROWING OUT OF AN ELECTION. ST. JOHNS, N. F., May 14.—Since the provincial campaign there has been constant firing of the guns.

FLAMES HAD THEIR SWING. PALMYRA, Neb., May 14.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The most destructive fire that has ever occurred in Palmyra broke out in the rear of Thomas Hill's furniture store about 2 o'clock this morning.

RELIGIOUS ROW IN IRELAND. BELFAST, May 14.—There was a serious encounter between nationalists and Orangemen near Portadown, county of Armagh, today.

Has One Chance Left. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 14.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Henry Vanne, a Suislaw school superintendent, sentenced to the penitentiary one year for forgery, was this morning denied a new trial.

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MAKING A SHOW OF KELLY

Farmer on Whose Grounds He Camps Charges an Admission Fee.

OTTUMWA, Mo., May 14.—There was a small riot at Kelly's camp this evening. The mayor of Ottumwa hired and paid for grounds for the army to camp on.

TELLER EXPRESSES SYMPATHY FOR COXEY. PUEBLO, May 14.—Senator Teller, in a letter to a citizen of this city, expresses sympathy for the Coxey army now in Washington and declares the arrest and trial of Coxey, Browne and Jones was a farce.

IT IS DIFFICULT TO KNOW WHAT TO DO WITH THESE PEOPLE, WHO ARE HERE IN DISTRESS WITH THOUSANDS OF OTHERS, THROUGH NO FAULT OF THEIR OWN.

SANDERS WILL ADOPT KELLY'S PLAN. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., May 14.—John Sherman Sanders decided tonight that he will not walk to Washington, but he will adopt the same method as "General" Kelly and will sail down the Missouri to Alton, Ill., thence to the mouth of the Mississippi.

TRAIN STEALERS GOT SIXTY DAYS. HELENIA, Mont., May 14.—Judge Knowles in the United States court today disposed of the cases of the 350 Coxeyites who stole a Northern Pacific train April 24 and fled eastward until they were captured by United States troops at Forsyth.

DEMANDS FOR MORE SOLDIERS. WASHINGTON, May 14.—General Schofield has received a telegram from the United States marshal at Montpelier, Idaho, stating a gang of Coxeyites have seized the property of the Union Pacific at Washington, with the intention of holding it until transportation is furnished them.

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DINK WILSON DIED BY WIRE

Long Career of Crime Finally Finished by a Brief Electric Shock.

OMAHA DESPERADO PAYS THE PENALTY

Electrocuted at Auburn Prison for the Murder of Detective Harvey - He Didn't Need Any Spiritual Aid and Shunned Earthly Refreshments.

AUBURN, N. Y., May 14.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—"Dink" Wilson, the Omaha desperado, which was electrocuted at the state prison at 12:14 p. m. today for the murder of Detective Harvey of Syracuse.

Wilson refused last night from 12:30 to 4 a. m. He slept almost all the breakfast set before him this morning. He handed the warden a statement for publication, which was merely thanks to the warden, who said he had expressed his appreciation of the fact that his family would see that his Auburn lawyers were compensated for their services.

He spent the morning in smoking cigarettes, walking his cell and writing a will, in which he gave away various trinkets.

Wilson finished writing another statement, which he gave lawyer McNaughton with the request that it be withheld from publication for the present.

At 11:30 Warden Stout asked Wilson if he wanted to see a clergyman. "Dink" replied that he did not need spiritual aid.

Wilson was seen by the Bee reporter, said he was ready to die, but he regretted the disgrace of his taking off. He spoke feelingly of his mother and sister. The twenty-seven witnesses arrived at noon, and at the same hour dinner was provided for Wilson, but he only called for an orange and a bottle of beer. That was his last meal on earth.

HE DIED GAME. When the witnesses assembled in the death chamber at 12:35 the chair was tested by State Electrician Davis and worked perfectly. Warden Stout then stepped into the preparation room and soon the death procession came, with Dink seamed, nervy and stolid as ever, and with the old leger on his back.

Wilson's last words were "I am not in any way guilty of murder. He did not in any way commit murder. He is perfectly innocent of the charge against him."

Wilson said this in a clear voice, but with hesitation. When the work of fastening the straps was completed, he added: "And I have made a statement which is in the hands of my attorney. It is true in every sense of the word."

As the prisoner pronounced the last words of the man who had been sentenced to 12:44 o'clock, it was just as expected, that he lasted but one minute. The physicians pronounced Wilson dead. The body will be buried in the prison yard.

DINK'S DYING DECLARATION. Late this afternoon "Dink" Wilson's last statement was given out. It read: "AUBURN, May 14th, 1894.—I desire to make as my dying statement as follows: He did not in any way commit murder. He is perfectly innocent of the charge against him."

This statement created a sensation. "Dink's" trial friends, witnesses, both for the people and defense, positively identified Charles Wilson as the man who committed the crime. Charles' trial will be called at once, and people are now wondering what his defense will be.

Wilson's heart was found in the middle of a boat, which demonstrated how he had been hanged. His heart weighed twelve and three-fourths ounces and his brain fifty-five and one-half ounces. His body was well developed and normal in every respect.

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REPUBLICAN SENATORS FAIL TO AGREE ON PLAN FOR FIGHTING THE TARIFF BILL

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The republican members of the senate were in caucus at Senator Sherman's from 8 o'clock until ten minutes to 12. The caucus partook more of the character of an informal meeting than a business meeting, and while it was called with the purpose of arriving at a conclusion as to the method to be pursued by the republican party in the senate, it closed without eliciting anything in the way of a party declaration.

There was no vote on any proposition whatever, and the proposition consisted of a large number of speeches.

There were about twenty-five of the republican senators present, and every one had something to say in the course of the evening.

There was a great divergence in views. Of course the accounts of the meeting are not correct, but there were probably twenty speeches, most of them of course brief, no two of them exceeding five minutes.

Senator Aldrich, Chandler, Frye, and others contended that the bill could not be passed, and that it was necessary to demonstrate the correctness of this position on the lines of the tariff.

Some of the republicans were now being democratic votes could be counted on as opposed to the bill.

There was much talk as to the general demerits and inconsistencies of the bill, and the silver repeal bill was up last night and to intimate that he had no desire at this time to reap coals of fire on the heads of the elements in the party.

There was an exchange of views on the policy of the republicans in voting for the bill, and it was pointed out that the policy of the republicans was to let the voting go on.

There being practically no fire protection here, the fire rapidly spread north on Main street and destroyed the Henry Barr, a public hall of Mrs. Emily Slade, the bank of C. A. Sweet & Co., Mrs. Louise Stillwell's hardware store, and S. A. Turner's shoe store.

The fire was extinguished by the fire department, and the fire was extinguished by the fire department, and the fire was extinguished by the fire department.

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HOW THE BROTHER WAS ARRESTED

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The officers discovered him through the laundry marks on Dink's clothes. The linen was marked with a Rochester laundry stamp, and a description of the man who gave the name of George L. Harlow to the Syracuse police.

Chief Wright sent photographs and descriptions of the murderer after he got the country, but it remained for Chief Charles Seaver of Buffalo to identify the facts as to the identity of the prisoner.

The New York police began looking for his location.

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