

HOGAN IS CAPTURED

United States Troops Ordered Out to Stop His Railroad Career.

GARRISON AT FORT KEOGH UNDER ARMS

Boldiers Succeed in Bringing the Bold General to a Stand.

UNITED STATES MARSHALS OVERPOWERED

Reports of a Fatal Conflict at Billings Were a Canard.

WILL REACH FORT KEOGH THIS MORNING

Authorities at Washington Maintain There Is No Question of Their Right to Order Out Federal Troops to Protect the Road.

ST. PAUL, April 25.—Dispatches received here early this morning state that Hogan's army was captured at Forsythe, Mont., at 11:30 o'clock Wednesday night. No blood was shed, the men submitting to arrest very quietly. The successful termination of the affair was due to a very clever maneuver on the part of Colonel Page, who, learning that the industrial train was delayed by lack of water, secured a special train and took them by surprise.

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ments of the state officials and today Colonel Bryan who is commanding the Federal force in the Dakotas, in the absence of E. P. Coxey, was instructed by telegram to use the United States troops to protect the road and the property of the Northern Pacific road and the property. This action follows close upon Attorney General Olney's telegram of instruction to United States Marshal Bede at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, April 25.—The seizure of a train by General Hogan's army at Butte yesterday and the threatening aspect of the attitude of the several other Communist armies at Spokane, Seattle and other places have put the railroad company on its guard. It is expected that the company will order to the United States marshals an order to arrest the several Coxeyites and to protect the company's property from the industrialists. In addition to Judge Caldwell's order to the United States marshals an order was issued by United States Marshal Bedford of the United States court directing Deputy Marshal Vinson to swear in a sufficient force of deputies to guard the trains of the Northern Pacific road from seizure by the Communistes. This action was taken because of a report that a concerted plan was being made to seize trains at Spokane, Seattle and Tacoma.

BUTTE CONTINGENT OVERTAKEN. Today's news from Hogan's army is very sensational. The men, who number between 400 and 500, left Livingston at 7:30 a. m. and reached Columbus, fifty miles this side of Livingston, and spent the night in camp near Fort Keogh, near Miles City, with a large force of deputies, starting on the runaways yesterday and when the Coxeyites were at Livingston the officers were only one hour and twenty minutes behind them. The special train overtaking the officers made fast time and overtook the special train at Columbus early today.

When the Coxeyite deputation reached Columbus and discovered the 500 industrialists, most of them hardy miners, reckless of consequences and determined to proceed, they found the force of deputies insufficient. The Northern Pacific officials were advised of the situation and a special train was ordered to be held in readiness. The Coxeyite train, which was expected to start this morning, coming this way, during the early morning General Manager of the Northern Pacific, W. D. Owen, was closeted with Colonel Swaine, commanding this department of the United States army, and it was decided to attempt to stop the train at the point where it was expected to start. The Coxeyite train is now about thirty miles from Fort Keogh and is expected to arrive there this morning. The Coxeyite train is now about thirty miles from Fort Keogh and is expected to arrive there this morning.

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HARRISON'S FRIENDS WIN

The Ticket Nominated Being His Friends with One Exception.

INDIANA REPUBLICANS VERY ENTHUSIASTIC

Seventeen Hundred Delegates and Six Thousand Auditors Present—Harrison Makes a Speech—Platform Denounces the Present Administration.

Secretary,.....W. D. OWEN of Logansport Auditor,.....A. C. DAILEY of Lebanon Treasurer,.....E. J. SCHOLZ of Evansville Attorney General,.....J. B. HARRIS of IndianapolisW. A. KETCHUM of Indianapolis INDIANAPOLIS, April 25.—The republican state convention today opened clear and crisp and although most of the delegates were up all night, working for their favorite candidates they were sustained by great enthusiasm and showed no signs of fatigue. It is the largest convention ever held in Indiana and 1,715 delegates filled the lower floor of Tomlinson hall. The alternatives were partitioned off by a high board of fence in the rear of the great hall. The gallery on the right was reserved for the ladies and there were hundreds of them present. The left galleries were occupied by the general public, and when the convention was called to order there were 6,000 people present.

State Chairman Gowdy was at the headquarters in the Denison house early and was besieged by ticket seekers. The chairman was unable to furnish any lower than the "Great Eastern" ticket. The hall was elaborately decorated. A picture of ex-President Harrison, 1868 terms, was suspended from the wall by the chairman's desk. Pictures of Blaine, the late Governor Morton, Governor McKinley, Garfield, Lincoln and Grant also adorned the walls. Great banners and streamers crossed and recrossed the hall and the general effect was most pleasing. At 9 o'clock the doors were opened and the arduous labor of the delegates at arms began. The delegates were seated by districts and it was nearly 10 o'clock before they were properly arranged. The stage was decorated with red, white and blue streamers and on the front of the presiding officer's chair was a huge gilded eagle. At 9:40 a band located in the left gallery and just over the stage struck up a series of popular and national airs and thereafter outbursts of applause were frequent until the convention was formally in order by State Chairman Gowdy at 10 o'clock.

When the venerable presiding officer, ex-Secretary of the Navy, Charles W. Thompson, of Terre Haute, came onto the stage from the rear, together with Charles W. Fairbanks, the convention cheered him lustily. He was escorted to a seat next to Chairman Gowdy. Chairman Gowdy asked the convention to rise, and Rev. Dr. Conitas of this city read a prayer. The invocation of Dr. Conitas' prayer had subsided, a lusty-jungled delegate cried: "Hurrah for Harrison!" The committee on resolutions, Charles W. Thompson, was then reported and permanent organization was then adopted. The report as adopted provided that "the rules of the Fifty-first congress as adopted and applied by the Republican party, and later amended by the present congress should govern."

President Thompson then arose to address the convention. He received an ovation, and it was several minutes before he could proceed. Secretary Thompson in his speech said that his work was nearly done—that he is no longer a boy. He urged the state republicans to work zealously for success in November; advocated the repeal of the tariff and deplored the present condition of affairs and charged it to the misgovernment of the party now in power.

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON TALKS. Pandemonium followed the appearance of ex-President Harrison, who followed the presiding officer. Hats and handkerchiefs were waved and the cheering was deafening. General Harrison spoke as follows: "Mr. President, my venerable and honored friend, I congratulate you, I congratulate you, I congratulate you. You are permitted on this hopeful day to precede over a gathering of the republicans of this great state. (Applause.) As you have been faithful to the principles which you are here this morning, when the country is awakened to the fact that a restoration of the republic is the only remedy for the present condition of affairs, and that the only remedy is a return to the principles of the republicans of this great state. (Applause.) As you have been faithful to the principles which you are here this morning, when the country is awakened to the fact that a restoration of the republic is the only remedy for the present condition of affairs, and that the only remedy is a return to the principles of the republicans of this great state. (Applause.)"

ST. LOUIS RAISING A REGIMENT—The Chicago Iron Molders. ST. LOUIS, April 25.—St. Louis is destined to add her quota to the grand army that will besiege Washington next month if the intentions of "General" Joseph Meyers are carried out. "General" Meyers, who is a laborer, today said that he had secured some fifty or more recruits and expected that the number would be increased to one hundred within a few days. On that day he intends to hold a public meeting on the square, immediately after which he will march with his forces to the bridge and demand free passage over to East St. Louis. Transportation to Washington will be demanded of the railroads, and if this demand is refused the army will take up its march to the capital.

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it freely and maintain its parity with gold by fixing on an arbitrary basis with the other great commercial nations of the world. They should have been more liberal. I believe today that we can see in England the result in the case of those nations against the larger use of silver and in Germany, a nation that has followed England, the clear indications of the grouping of a settlement for international agreement upon this question. It is increasing in power, and I believe it rightly and wisely encouraged and aided by the support of our American people, into accord with us upon this subject. (Applause.)

ST. CLOUD, Minn., April 25.—The committee from the American Railway union that is trying to arrange the wage schedule on the Great Northern spent all of today with President Hill trying to convince that official they were the representatives of the company's employees, but the day ended without their object having been attained. There are thirty-three members of the committee, coming from all branches of the road, and Mr. Hill went over the pay rolls of the company in the first place to find whether the men were, as they claimed, employees of the company. This matter being settled, the question was whether they represented all of their co-employees. Mr. Hill explained he did not wish to settle the matter with them and then find they were not what they claimed and have to settle the schedules all over again. Mr. Hill also wanted the men to go back to work pending a settlement of the difficulty.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., April 25.—A committee from the Railway union men visited the Great Northern today to see if they could receive the same pay as those at Butte; that the management pledge themselves to sign the schedule of wages in force prior to last August; that they would reduce expenses, the hours be reduced instead of men being discharged. The conference will be resumed in the morning.

ST. LOUIS, April 25.—About 200 miners from along the Mobile & Ohio marched to the city today to demand a settlement of their wages. The miners are striking, and the management is refusing to meet them. The strike is spreading, and almost every plant in this section has closed down. Mobs of strikers are again marching through the region to intimidate workers, but so far no violence has been committed. Many men were prevented from going to work today by the strikers, who carried the vengeance of the strikers. Serious trouble is expected and deputies are on guard at many places.

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TRYING TO SETTLE WITH HILL

Great Northern Magnate Wants to Be Certain the Settlement Will Stick.

NO BASIS OF SETTLEMENT REACHED

Northern Pacific Officials Have Little Fear of a Sympathetic Strike on Their Line—Shoppers and Car Repairers Quit at St. Cloud.

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COURT'S JURISDICTION QUESTIONED

Judge Chapman's Control of the Case Denied by the Priest.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., April 25.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The hearing as to whether the Catholic Church in Plattsmouth should be held in contempt for violating Judge Chapman's injunction by holding services in the Catholic church at Plattsmouth on Sunday last, was taken up late this afternoon upon the arrival of the priest from Nebraska City, accompanied by his attorney, E. F. Warren. The defense at the commencement of the proceedings raised the question of the court's jurisdiction, setting up that no summons was issued to the sheriff of Cass county, but only to the Olney county sheriff. The statutes require that all personal or transitory actions must be brought in the county where the defendant resides or the subject matter, but the action should have been brought in Olney county, where the defendant resides. Service was had in Olney county and not in Cass county, and Mr. Warren's contention was that the court in Plattsmouth, in particular, is superior to the court in Olney county, and that the bishop's local representative, argued at considerable length that the court's jurisdiction was very plain, but the court took the matter under advisement until Friday, when a ruling will be rendered.

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KISSED AND MADE UP

General Kelly and Colonels Speed and Baker Settle Their Differences.

REVEREND LEMEN IS THE MEDIATOR

White Winged Peace Now Broods Over the Army.

KELLY MAKES AN ACCOUNTING OF FUNDS

Now Has About a Thousand Dollars in His Possession.

REGRETS THE OCCURRENCES IN MONTANA

General Weaver Telegraphs He Has Hope of Securing Transportation from Des Moines East—Sentiment in Des Moines Favors the Army.

ATLANTIC, Ia., April 25.—Comparative peace reigns in Kelly's camp tonight. The general, Colonel Baker and Colonel Speed have kept together and sworn eternal allegiance to the industrial banner, and the army, with the exception of one company, were today very friendly. The return of the white winged peace was brought about by the Rev. J. G. Lemen, the Council Bluffs minister who was active in arousing sympathy for Kelly in Omaha.

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ST. LOUIS, April