Clark and Mr. Dickinson they would ask to be temporarily set aside for the trainmen, who go into conference in the afternoon. Although considerable discussion was had

over the mileage cost of engine service nothing was accomplished and the men showed in their manner on leaving the headquarters that an agreement was practically out of the question and that they would have to depend upon the circuit court for whatever redress they sought.

EXPECTING THE CHIEFS.

It was given out yesterday at labor headquarters that Chief Clark of the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors and Chief Sargent of the Brotherhood of Firemen left Terre Haute, Ind., Monday night for Omaha to participate in the conference here, having been asked to come on by the respective bodies over which they preside. Clark and Sargent have been advised daily of the progress of the conference and as the telegrams have been growing more hopeless as the days wear on they have decided to take a hand themselves in the conference before Receiver Clark.

A representative attorney for one of the well known roads, in speaking about the position the employes of the Union Pacific have taken regarding the schedules now in force on the road, contending that the schedules are contracts as binding upon the receivers as they were upon the con pany, said: "The men seem to be badly advised upon this position, for in 150th United States reports, opinion by Justice Brown in the Wabash case, the following is laid down by the highest court in the "The general rule applicable to this class of cases is that an assignce or receiver not bound to adopt the contracts, accept the leases, or otherwise step into the of his assignor, if in his opinion it would be unprofitable or undesirable to do so. In such case a receiver is entitled to reasonable which to elect whether he will adopt or repudiate such contract.' I cannot for the life of me see how the circuit court can do otherwise than take the same position in view of the fact that there was no dissenting opinion, the court unanimously holding to Justice Brown's view of the

PRESIDENT CLARK ON THE SITUATION. A reporter asked Receiver Clark how the conference was progressing. The president was decidedly averse to talking, but stated that a temporary halt had been made in the hearing of the engineers for the reason that certain features had arisen which the men desired to discuss more thoroughly among themselves. "There is no change however, in the proceedings, the trainme following this afternoon, the engineers to resume later. It is a good deal of a grind, but the sessions are interesting notwithstanding the laborious features connected with the conference."

Mr. McConnell was not present at the session yesterday owing to illness caused

by over exertion telegraphers did not take up the Ne braska division yesterday where they left off the night before, as was anticipated, owing to the absence of Chief Gilliand. In ileu of that they commenced on the Oregon and Idaho divisions. About the same rate of progress was made as the day before. salary question was taken up station by station and in some minor points the men conceded something and Mr. Korty took some matters under advisoment, on which the men have hopes of favorable action. They say they do not think the receivers, after being ordered to confer with the men on the wage question, can afford to go to Judge Caldwell and report that they have simply stood pat and conceded nothing to the men, as that would have a tendency to prejudice the court against them.

the men expect some concessions as stated, they do not anticipate anything approaching a settlement of the pending difficulty. The same differences exist in the section of the road now under discus sion as were encountered in the Nebraska division, and they are no nearer a settle-ment than they were the first day of the conference.

### Getting Ready.

Judge Thurston is busily engaged in getting ready for the trial of the Gulf case which comes up for hearing before Judges Caldwell and Sanborn of the Eighth circuit and Judge Dundy of the district court next Monday. Mr. Thurston will be assisted by Mr. Teller of Colorado on behalf of the receivers of the Union Pacific, General J. C. Cowin representing the government

ONE OF EARTH'S NOBLEMEN Lajos Kossuth on Yesterday Answered the Call of the Angel of Death. REWARD OF A LIFETIME'S DEVOTION Liberty's Friend, a Wreck Upon the Shore of Years. Fasses Onietly Away in the

TURIN, March 20 .- Lajos Kossuth died

Home of His Exile-A Name that

Will Live Alway.

t 10:55 o'clock this evening. Kossuth's end was extremely painful. He howed signs of consciousness until the last. He expired in the arms of his son and died pressing the hand of the Hungarian deputy. Karolyi. The members of his family and a few of his intimate friends stood around the bedaide of the expiring patriot.

Nothing has yet been settled in regard to the details of the funeral. The municipal authorities of this city have offered the family the privilege of having the remains buried in the Pantheon here.

When Kossuth visited the United States many years ago the leader of the Magyars was given more honor than any foreign visitors to these shores with the exception

Asitors to these shores with the exception of the great Lafayette. Kossuth was not really a Magyar. H was more of a Croat. He was born h S2 at Monok. His family was Croatian of this family there remains a grand recor-or particular.

1892 at Monok. His family was Croatian. Of this family there remains a grand record for patriotism. Kossuth's rebellion against the Aus-trian power began to manifest itself when he was thirty years old. At that age he was sent to the blet at Presberg as a substitute for an absent magnate. He had but little influence in that body of aristo-crats, but he at once began a report of its proceedings in a manuscript journal, whose printing was prohibited by an ancient law. The government estopped him from litho-graphing his journal. But he was not to be cast aside by this. He undertook to issue the journal, and as there was no law to stop him from circulating it in manu-script form he employed scriveners, who copied the original, and at times there were as many as 10,000 copies of it in circulation. After this he was especially active in many ways that were not relished by the powers. He defended political prisoners hercely and in 1817 he was arrested. The result of the prosecution against him was a term of imprisonment for three years. His friends were forbidden him and he was de-nied the privilege of writing. In the sec-ond year of imprisonment the risons of his sion, and adjoured at 4:30. led the privilege of writing. In the sec nd year of imprisonment the rigors of hi

ond year of imprisonment the rigors of his life were relaxed and he was permitted to read-political books excepted. His selec-tion was singular. He chose for his enter-tainment an English grammar, Walker's pronouncing dictionary and a copy of Shakespeare's plays. He knew not a word of English and his first self-taught lesson was "The Tempest." It took him a week to get through the first page. In 1840, under a general amnesty, he was liberated. He became associated with a daily paper that had been started at Pesth called the Pesth Gazette. Seven years after his liberation he went to the Diet, representing the county of Pesth. He championed the carries \$21,000 more than it did as reported from the committee on appropriations. The four appropriation bills passed by the house (District of Columbia, pension, forti-fications and sundry civil) carry a net re-duction of \$24,314,958, as compared with the same bills for the current fiscal year. At the request of Mr. Catchings of Missis-sippi and Mr. Bettzhoover of Pennsylvania they were relieved from further service on the Pacific railroads committee. The house, after the call of committees for reports, went into committee of the

Pesth Gazette. Seven years after his liberation he went to the Diet, representing the county of Pesth. He champloned the common people as against the Hungarian nobility. And then, throwing away all re-serve, he became the actual leader of the people of Hungary against the tyranny of Austria. In 1848, so keen had become the indignities suffered by Hungarians at the hands of Austria, that the time for open revolution was near. Hungary declared its independence and Kossoth was made governor or president of the country. Of course this meant war. And the war was just as desperate as the wrongs the revolution states and the tork of the form furstal and the tast of the country. Of course this meant war. And the war was just as desperate as the wrongs the revolution the add to Austria, and Hungary was ground up between these two power-ful stones. Kossuth flat to Turkey for pro-tection. Turkey might have handed the spirit of liberty, a spirit that sympathized with him to the last extremity, was too strong in the great and free counting of England and America to permit any such shaneful proceeding, even though the weak-ness of the Turks should have allowed it. He was not molested. In this chapter of his history the United States dispatched its steam frigate Mis-sissippi to him and he was brought to America as the guest of the nation. In 1851, in the month of September, Kossuth and his compatriots were received on board the warship with due honors. At Smyrna, Spezia and the other ports he was notably honored.

the warship with due honors. At Smyrna, Spezzia and the other ports he was notably

the bill may contain items which have not, in fact, and ought not to have the presi-dential approval. With the constitution amended, as suggested, the president would refer back to congress the question of whether objectionable items should remain in the bill or go out of it."

1842 - IS MARKE

**MORE CHANGES MADE** 

(Continued from First Page.) ceived much public attention, and I will

state to the senate, as I have already stated, my views on them. "First-I disagree with my colleagues as to that section which provides for an in-come tax; ample provision having been made for sufficient revenue it is unnecessary, it is

undemocratic, it is unamerican, and, I be-lieve, it is unwise, and I shall move at the proper time to strike it from the bill. "Secondly-I disagree with my colleagues as to the sugar schedule as it appears in the sill, believing the methods of testing put on much power into the hands of any government officers. I would confine the test of all sugar, raw and refined, to the polarscope alone, and thus make the duties each

Mr. Allison suggested the advisability of having the bill printed in pamphlet form, showing as to each article in the present law, the changes made by the house and the changes proposed by the senate finance committee. Mr. Voorhees thought that could be done.

Hawaii cropped out again and Mr. George, in accordance with the notice he gave a few days ago, addressed the senate on the legal aspects of Hawailan affairs. At the conclusion of Mr. George's speech the senate passed a bill authorizing the sec-retary of war to lend condemned cannon

and cannon balls to the association having in charge the monument erected on governmen land at Chleago to the confederate dead there buried. A bill for the relief of the owners and

A bill for the rener of the owners and crew of the Hawaiian bark Arctic was taken from the calendar and passed. Without the transaction of any other business the senate went into executive ses-

### IN THE HOUSE.

After Several Amendments the Sundry Civil

Bill is Passed. WASHINGTON, March 20 .- The sundry civil appropriation bill was passed by the house today without division. The amendment to the proposition for the general land office amending the provision of the act of 1891 repealing the timber culture and pre-emption acts, which was adopted in the committee at the suggestion of Mr. Hol-man, and which was bitterly opposed by the western members, was defeated in the house. The clauses which sought to rehouse. The clauses which sought to re-quire an accounting by the disbursing offi-cers of soldiers' homes to the Treasury de-partment and annual reports by the boards to the secretary of war fell under Mr. Black's point of order. The bill as passed carries \$217,000 more than it did as reported from the committee on appropriations

The house, after the call of committees of for reports, went into committee of the whole, and the consideration of the sundry civil bill was resumed. The pending ques-tion was Mr. Black's point of order against two clauses in the paragraph relating to the soldiers' homes requiring the disburs-ing officers of the homes to give bond and make an accounting to the Treasury de-partment and requiring the board of man-agers to make annual reports to the secre-tary of war. SIMPSON'S CRITICISMS

### SIMPSON'S CRITICISMS.

SIMPSON'S CRITICISMS. Mr. Simpson of Kansas, speaking to the general merits of the question, detailed the corrupt state of affairs uncarthed at the Leavenworth Soldiers home. He was not convinced that the policy of placing the homes under the War department was a good one, but he argued that an investi-gation into the general affairs of the homes should be made. Mr. Black of Illinois replied to some of the remarks made yesterday in connection

Mr. Black of Illinois replied to some of the remarks made yesterday in connection to this matter. With regard to the criti-cism upon the fact that liquor was sold under the authorization of the board of managers of the homes, he defended the action of the board. Fifty years of ap-petite, he said, could not be broken, and the establishment of beer halls, which cor-respond to the canteen system of the regu-lar army, had been deemed both wise and humane.

## THE IRRIGATION CONVENTION

Greater Part of the Delegates Arrived in Omaha Yesterday.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1894.

THEY COME FROM A NUMBER OF STATES

Full List of Those Who Have Registered-Will Be Given a Reception this Evening-Subjects that Will Be Discussed.

The interstate irrigation convention, to be held in this city today, will be largely attended, from present indications. The advance guard of delegates arrived yesterday. The sessions will continue for a period of two days and a subject of popular interest will be thoroughly discussed by men of eminent authority. Washington hall has been secured for the convention. Among the prominent delegates who arrived yesterday were: Major Powell of Washing ton, Colonel William F. Cody of North

Platte, Judge Emery of Topeka, C. E. Gregory of New York city, M. Lee of Kansas, E. R. Moses of Great Bend, Kan., Charles B. Bird of Sloux City, Ia., Colonel Archie C. Fisk of Denver, A. A. Johnson of Chey-enne, Colonel R. J. Hinton of Washington, J. L. Bristoe of Salina, Kan., Prof. Robert Hay of Junction City, Kan. Delegates are arriving on every train. The officers of the association are: E. R. Moses of Great Bend, Kan., president, and J. L. Bristoe of Salina, secretary. W. N. Nason is chairman of the local executive committee. The various committees of the

convention are as follows: Executive—W. N. Nason, chairman; Enclid Martin, Colonel Champion S. Chase, F. C. Ayers, H. F. Cady, J. E. Utt. Reception—Major T. S. Clarkson, George H. Payne, Dr. George L. Miller, C. C. Turner, Cheta Hastmar. convention are as follows:

Chris Hartman. Credential-W. A. L. Gibbon, C. S. Mont-

gomery, C. C. George. Finance-Daniel Farrell, jr., Thomas Swobe, S. L. Wiley, A. T. Rector, George W. Kelly.

The general executive committee of the association is as follows: ...J. E. Emery, Law-rence, Kan.; A. W. Stubbs, Garden City, Kan.; J. K. Wright, Junction City, Kan.; B. A. McAllaster, Omaha; J. E. Frost, Topeka Kan.; R. Harding, Witchita, Kan.; Prof. Prof. Robert Hay, Junction City, Kan.; I. A. Fort North Platte, Neb.; G. W. Clements, Wichita, Kan.; Thomas Knight, Kansas City, Mo. Alston Ellis, Fort Collins, Colo. A reception will be tendered to the dela

gates at the Commercial club rooms this evening between 8 and 10 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all delegates to attend. The convention will be called to order promptly at 9 o'clock this morning. LIST OF DELEGATES.

The following is the list of delegates who

have presented credentials: Nebraska-Hon. Brad Slaughter, C. E. Brady, E. D. Gould, L. Harris, M. H. Barber of Fullerton; C. D. Grimes, F. J. Morgan, H. Guy Livingston, H. N. Dovey, Samuel Guthman of Plattsmouth; J. J. Jones of Crawford; C. V. Hunter, R. Knowles, R. O. Adams, J. C. Benedict of Trenton; K. O. Holmes, M. A. Brown, C. H. Elmendorf of Keanier; J. R. Brotherton, H. Elmendorf of Keanney; J. R. Brotherton, H. L. Gould, Aibert Meldoon, Zeph Camp of Ogalalla; R. W. Furnas of Brownville; Matt Dougherty of Ogalalla; E. A. Barnes of Grand Island; Chadles J. Grable of Crawford; Elli L. Heath of Rundville; J. S. Paradis of Hemingford; L. J. Simmons of Harri-son; M. E. Schukze of Beatrice; J. P. Mann of O'Nelli; Hon. Alex Graham of Beatrice; W. H. Robhävis L. Morse Samuel Beatrice; W. H. Robbins, L. Morse, Samuel Forsythe, A. J. Van Biskuk, J. H. King, Oscar Callihan, A. D. Yesin, Truman Scott of Benkelman; John C. Van Housen, James Hughes, S. C. Webber and C. A. Morian of Custer county; J. M. Westen, A. L. Green and R. W. Grant of Beatrice; Charles Woos-ter and E. C. Simmons of Central City, P. r. Burchard, N. A. Rainball, David Reese W. Crum and Herman Gerecke of Norfolk; Frank Carruth, C. H. Meeker, E. C. Ballou and J. E. Kelley of McCore, N. S. Wright, A. P. Kiltell and W. R. Wright of Gering; J. B.

nmissioner of the republic of Mexico "Progress of Irrigation in Wyoming," Mr. Elwood Mead, state engineer of Wyoming "Progress of Irrigation in Kansas," Mr. D. M. Frost, president of the Kansas, art. D. M. Frost, president of the Kansas Irrigation association: "Progress of Irrigation in South Dakota," Mr. F. A. Burdick of Mitchell, S. D.; "Irrigation with Windmills," Mr. T. F. Bardsley of Walnut, Ia.

· 生物的 - 机 建筑 - 产生活动的 - 计算机和数据 - 工作

After Forty Years. "Is Mayor Bemis in ?" inquired a tall,

gray-haired and rather distinguished appearing gentleman, who entered the private office of the municipal executive at noon yesterday. "Why, how are you, Gregory ?" exclaimed the mayor, rising and stepping forward to greet his visitor with a warm shake of the hand. "Do you know me?" asked the caller de-

lightedly. "Know you? Of course I know you. You are Fred Gregory-you are one of the Gregorys, but I am not sure which one."

"You're right. I'm Charles A. Gregory, but I'd never have known you." "How long is it since I saw you?" asked

the mayor. "It's a little over forty years since we last met. I am here as proxy for Colone R. J. Hinton, editor of the Irrigation Market delegate to the irrigation convention, and thought I would drop in and see how the years were using you." The mayor was not at all loth to be trans-

ported back to the days of his boyhood, and for the next half hour the schoolmates of half a century ago gave themselves up to reminiscences of old times and the inter-change of information as to what had become of Tom, Dick and Harry and all the rest of the boys.

Hon. C. A. Gregory was a prominent member of the bar in Chicago for thirty years, but is now a resident of New York, and is devoting his time to irrigation matters. the old days when he and the mayor were companions, he lived in Cambridge, He had not intended to attend the convention, but Colonel Hinton informed him last Friday that is was impossible for him to come and prevailed on Mr. Gregory to take his place and deliver the address that had been as signed to Colonel Hinton.

### AMUSEMENTS.

It was Colley Cibber who said, writing of Mrs. Bracegirdle, that "of her audiences at least one-half were her lovers," and the D. M. Smith, general merchant and Indian trader at Navajo Station, N. M., was murdered Monday. Renegade Indians are accused of having committeel the crime. ame might with equal force and propriety be said of last night's audience assembled at Boyd's to assist at the premiere of an Omaha girl, Mabel Eaton. Not in several years have so many of the older folk of Omaha been seen in the theater than last ominit been seen in the voung star's associates, playmates, schoolmates crowded the audi-torium and gave the pretty young woman a reception that in its warmth must have told the ambitious player that only the best wishes were for her. Upon Miss Eaton nature has lavished a number of pleasant gifts notable among Owing to the recent defeat of the Belgian government in the electoral reform bill, the session of the state's general has been closed. The election has been lixed for

April 10. It is considered possible at Lisbon that the Fortuguese warships, on which Admiral da Gama and some of his followers escaped number of pleasant gifts, notable among which is beauty of a really fascinating type; she is tall, very graceful, with a fine type; she is tall, very graceful, with a tine carriage and has a voice of singular sweet-ness, which to her thorough disgust was considerably marred by a disagreeable hoarseness, which detracted somewhat from the well rounded portraiture one has reason to believe would fittingly characterize her performance of a character that runs the whole gamut of the emotions. Although subject to comparison with that brilliant actress who made La Belle Russe one of the stage. Jeffreys from Rio will take the refugees to the Azores islands. A brewery trust is in process of forma-tion in Cincinnati, similar to the whisky trust. The Crescent and Junge breweries at Aurora. Ind. are also in the combina-tion and it is growing. The steamer Progresso of the North American Navigation company. Jeaving actress who made La Belle Russe one of the strong creations of the stage, Jeffreys Lewis, Miss Eaton quite justified all the expectations of her friends in the part of the queen of the demi monde, of being possessed of dramatic talent of no mean proportions.

As light as a feather, but as sharp as a razor, she deals no rude blows, but cuts down to the emotion she wishes to create, down to the emotion she wishes to create, and never that one can perceive allows her weapon to control her. Dealing with all the hysteria and paroxysms of passion she directs and manages them without ever losing sight of the motif of the play, the drawing of a moral that sin must event-ually be exposed in all its nakedness to the world. the world.

"La Belle Russe" is not a noble play by any means, for it deals with a woman of the half-world, who through the force of her own indomitable will and ambition rises above her dead self to a proud position only to be dashed back into the shadows when just about to realize the goal for which she has so long aspired. Of course there were crudities in her per-formance which only association with the stage will remove, but at times she seemed to catch with a special sense of her own at some of the nuances of the text, and at such times the unleashed instinct of the "La Belle Russe" is not a noble play by

treme western portion and much colder Wednesday night; south winds, becoming northwesterly. MAY REUNITE THE FAMILY.

Eighteen Years Search for a Father that May Soon Be Successful. Samuel Price, a German who eighteen

years ago left his family at Des Moines and who until recently had not been heard from, may soon be found in Omaha or in Sarpy county. His family never gave up a search for him

answering Price's description was living a hermit life in a small house at Forty-fourth and Burdette streets in this city, W. H. Price, a son living at Bartlett, Ia., was retently in Omaha to make an investigation. He found the house montioned empty, but the neighbors said that an old man occupied it several months in the year, going to Sarpy county in the fall and returning in the

spring. They also said that he usually returned at about this time in the spring. Young Price left with the police photo-graphs of his father, and though taken eighteen years ago, they were declared to be good likenesses of the old man.

It is reported that the old man has been found on a farm in Sarpy county and Young Price will be communicated with again

cellites.

officiated.

19/100 200

TELEGRAPHIC BREFITIES.

### Domestic.

Colonel Allen Selis, one of the original Sells Bros., of circus fame, died at his home at Topeka last night, aged 58. The most successful slik sale we have ever held commenced Monday. King Leopold of Feiglum arrived at Genor vesterday, it is said, from France. His najesty is traveling incognito.

We are busy from early till late. Busy hardly expresses it. We were fairly N. M. Hinshaw was yesterday appointed swamped with customers. by the governor to succeed Yoe (time ex-pired) on the Kansas State Board of Char

The sale lasts until Saturday night, and An appeal has been issued for the purpose of raising a fund of 150,000 in order to cele-prate the jubilee of the Salvation army in if you are going to need silks this season don't miss this chance.

### Gold, in place and placer, has been discovered, so it is said, in paying quantities on the middle branch of the White river in Minnesota. Every Piece is a Bar-The New York Chamber of Commerce has adopted resolutions urging President Cleve-land to withhold his signature from the seigniorage coinage bill. gain.

We have changed the price of every piece of slik in the stock in order to move large quantities of goods. Our stock is full and varied and we have all the desirable goods of the season.

The London Times prints a manifesto Issued by the Irish National league of Great Britain violently denouncing the at-titude of Lord Rosebery and the anti-Par-A silk opportunity like this can necessarily occur but once. We do it to advertise our silk department.

### 4 Sample Bargains.

22-inch Taffeta silks, that retail always at \$1.50, red letter price, \$1.00.

American Navigation company, leaving Pan-America February 18 bound for San Francisco, put into Santa Barbara yester-lay with her boliers out of order. 24-inch satin stripes that retail for \$2.00, red letter price, \$1.25.

Thomas A. Edison, who is engaged in a controversy with the directors of the Edi-son United Phonograph company, yester-day applied for the appointment of a re-20-inch changeable surahs that retail for 75c, red letter price, 50c. eiver for the company, alleging insolvency 22-inch colored moire that retails for Creditors of the Brown Palace Hotel com \$2.00, red letter price \$1.19. pany of Denver, representing \$217,000, have agreed to take stock in the company under corganization for their claims, but creditors representing \$17,000 have refused their night. Don't lose this golden chance Consent. Funeral services over the remains of Mrs. John W. Noble were held at the family residence, 3043 Pine street, St. Louis, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Rev. Dr. Nichols of the Second Presbyterian church THE MORSE DRY GOODS CO. Three persons were fatally injured by the explosion of an ironer in a laundry at 79 West Van Buren street, Chicago, yester-day. The injured are: C. W. Moore, foreman: Peter Goldbrandson, employe, and Mrs. Mollie Evans, employe. The dispute between the manipulators of the deal in May wheat, which is at present demoralizing the sessions of the San Fran-cisco call board, and the directors of the try a cup of BEEF TEA Produce exchange seems have culmin Chief Hazen of the government secret service said today that so far as he knew there was nothing in the story telegraphed from Omaha that several secret service made from the world-known agents are working to unearth a bogus mint which, it is alleged, has turned out Liebig COMPANY'S Fire, originating yesterday morning about Fire, originating yesterday morning about 10 o'clock in the office of the Blecher hotel, Cameron, Tex., destroyed the hotel, E. Sanders' general merchandise store, the vacant storehouse of V. B. Vogel and the drug store of G. A. Thomas. Loss, \$60,000; partly insured. **Extract of Beef** artiy insured. The senate committee on agriculture has authorized the favorable report, which was yesterday made by Senator Peffer upon his bill to establish an electrical experiment station to determine whether electricity can be profitably applied as a motive power in the propulsion of farm machinery. Mrs. Susan Snyder, wife of Thomas A. Snyder, died Monday night at her resi-dence in Clifton, O., after a long illness. Charles McCard, alias Frank Y. Rollins, was arrested in San Francisco Monday by Detective Gibson of that city and James Smith of Grand Rapids, Mich., on a charge of murder. Which makes the finest, best, cleanest, most palatable Beef Tea, with the real meat flavor. Unapproachable in quality and flavor. folietiz Scrofula Tumors We will send you the marrelous French Preparation CALTHOS Free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will Restore your Health, Strength and Vigor. MEN Salt Rheum, Nervousness, BE **Other Troubles** Use it and pay if satisfied.

Red letter sale positively ends Saturday

| When | Cold    |
|------|---------|
| When | Thirsty |

vere local stroms, with rain; colder in ex-The Morse

Dry Goods Co. and heard through a friend that an old man

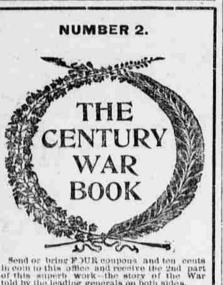
# Red Letter Week

# in SILKS.

### Railway News Notes.

H. T. Haines, northwestern passenger agent of the Memphis line, is in town. Bowes, general western passenge with headquarters at St. Louis, and agent. B. L. McClain, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago & Alton, are in Omaha.

A. J. Davies of the Missouri Pacific, Carroll H. Smith of the Seaboard Air line, R. J. McKeller of the M. & C., and E. A. company, were at Missouri Pacific headquar-ters yesterday. Rogers of the Georgia Refrigerator Transit



MAGNIFICENTLY ILLUSTRA FED.

SERIES NO. 4. DICTIONARY. Only that number of the book corresponding with the series number of the coupons presented, will be delivered. NE Sunday and Three Week-day coupons, with 15 cents in coin, will buy one part of The American Encyclopedic Dietionary. Send or bring to The Bee Office. Mail should be addressed to

DICTIONARY DEPARTMENT.



the warship with due honors. At Smyrna, Spezia and the other ports he was notably honored. The France he received honors that were second only to those that were given him on his arrival here and during his stay in the United States. He had telegraphed his request to go through France, but the prince president flatty refused. He was met at Marseilles by thousands of people with due prince president flatty refused. He was not ably how on the vary search of the contempt for Louis Napoleon's small-minded refusal by crowding around the patriot, singing that great insurrectionary song that stirs even the blood of the stranger and waving American grand tour of that country and was halled with delight by the people in every province and received with marked honor by municipalities everywhere. In this country he was a most honored guest. States view with delight by the people in every province another to do him the largest honor. In 1852 Kossuth returned to Europe and spant many years in traveling about, leet, wing and working in many ways for the Hungarian cause. He tried many ways of stirring up war between Austria and other countries that his own might take advantage of the situation. But his life was a failure. He then deliberately settled at Urin in flaty to voluntarily spend his remaining years in exile. His sister, Louise of the household. Although besought to return to Hungary and live in his native land, he ways refused to do so. Poor, he ever rejected, in a kindly way, financial aid, he might have lived in luxury not only at the expense of his followers in Hungary but by the favor of rich Americans and the site in the and the site is source of income sessons, and this income often fell below good a year-worse than a pittance. His consented to have made, so that his last. Althous here is no the site than kost. But here is no patrioty relieved by money he received from publications he consented to have made, so that his last.

humane. The chair then sustained the point of order, and the two paragraphs were stricken from the bill. This disposed of the last paragraph of the bill, but, by an arrangement agreed upon yesterday, sev-eral members were permitted to submit general remarks on various subjects. Mr. Hartman of Montana and Mr. Mc-Cleary of Minnesota proceeded to criticise the amendment to the appropriation for the general land office, adopted at the instiga-tion of Mr. Holman, which amended the timber culture and pre-emption act of 1891. Mr. Tawney of Minnesota and Mr. John-son of North Diakota also criticised the Holman amendment to the timber culture repeal act of 1891. Mr. Holman made an explanation in de-fense of his amendment, and, after some remarks by Mr. Powers of California, Mr. Perkins and Mr. Wilson of Washington, the committee arose and reported the bill and amendments to the house. A separate vote was demanded by Mr. Tawney upon the Holman amendment, and by Mr. Bowers upon the amendment, and by Mr. Bowers upon the postoffice at Buf-falo and \$0,000 for the postoffice at New York City. On a rising yote the Holman amendment York City. On a rising vote the Holman amendment was carried by a vote of 77 to 61. Mr. McCleary demanded the yeas and The decision of the rising vote was re-

versed and the amendment was lost by a vote of 94 to 122. Mr. Bowers withdrew his demand asking Mr. Bowers withdrew his demand asking for a separate vote on the Buffalo and New York amendments, and the bill was then, at 2:55 o'clock, placed on its final passage and passed without division. A clash then occurred as to the order of procedure. Mr. Outhwaite of Ohio attempted to move to go into committee of the whole for the consideration of the military academy appropriation bill, but Mr. Patter-son of Tennessee, as a question of privi-

on of Tennessee, as a question of privi-ege, called up the O'Neill-Joy contested election case Mr. Waugh of Indiana raised the ques-Mr. Waugh of Indiana raised the ques-tion of consideration against it. Mr. Burrows of Michigan explained that Mr. Bartholdt, Mr. Joy's colleague, had been suddenly called to St. Louis today and thought, in courtesy to him, as he had given much attention to the case, that its consideration should be postponed until his return, but Mr. Patterson declined to do so, and the yeas and nays were demanded on the question of consideration raised by Mr. Waugh.

Waugh

WITHDRAWN THE BOYCOTT.

Friendly Relations Again Established Between the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific. CHICAGO, March 20.-The Southern Pacific has withdrawn its boycott of the Atchison and has notified all its agents to accept tickets over the Atchison for San Francisco through Los Angeles and via All other California rates and Barstow. conditions are to be, on March 31, restored to the basis in effect prior to March 1 to the mains in effect prior to march 1, pending a conference between Mr. Rein-hart of the Atchison and President Hunt-ington of the Southern Pacific. This con-ference will be held either in New York or San Francisco, it not yet being determined. The Southern Pacific will abandon all side trips from San Francisco to Los Angeles pending the conference, at which, unless all signs fail, the difference between the two lines will be finally adjusted. The prospect for the restoration of rates east of the Mizsouri river is not so rosy. A meeting of the Western Passenger associa-tion has been called for tomorow to con-sider the matter, and Passenger Traffic Manager White of the Atchison has been especially invited to come and talk about elevating the rate. The 310 rate from Chi-cage to the Missouri river will, however, continue in effect for some time, both as a selling and basing rate. The same is true of the rates from St. Louis to Missouri river. ending a conference between Mr. Rein

FETO OF APPROPRIATION BILLS.

### Question of Giving the President More

Power in this Direction. WASHINGTON, March 20.-The question of amending the constitution of the United States so as to give the president the right to yeto items of appropriation bills has long been one that many members of congress have been giving considerable thought to. It is well known that frequently the chief executive finds provisions of these bills that are objectionable to him, yet, rather than sacrifice the numerous items which would result from a yeto, he signs the bills and they become law as a whole. Fruitless efforts have been made in previous con-gresses to remedy this unsatisfactory con-dition of effairs, and in this congress a similar attempt will be made. Representa-tive DeArmond of Missouri has introduced in the house a resolution amending the con-stitution so as to empower the president to veto any one or more litems of an appro-priation bill. Speaking to a reporter today Mr. DeArmond said: "It has become quite the fashion of late years to load down ap-proprisition bills with all kinds of riders. Of course the great appropriation bills must be passed or the wheels of the government would stop. Great inconvenience, even been one that many members of congress

plaintiff in the important case of the state against the Sioux Falls Brewery company, which was recently decided by the supreme court in favor of the defendant company, has presented a petition to the supreme court for a remearing.

### You Canno: Live

would stop. Great inconvenience, even hardship, may result from a veto, and yet Photograph in each package.

Blanchard and J. A. Hake of South Omaha; C. F. Weller, Colonel C. S. Chase, John S. Knox, J. S. Brady, Euclid Martin, W. E. Clarke, Andrew Rosewater, J. W. Bedford, R.

The chair then sustained the point of order, and the two parameters B. Howell, George C. Wallace, Major Hamilton, John M. Thurston, S. D. Mercer and J. C. Martin of Omaha; Hon. R. O. Phillipps, Hon. J. W. Deweese C. A. Hanna of Lincoln; Z. T. Leftawich F. W. Crew, A. A. Martin of St. Paul; M. P. Kinkaid, T. V. Golden, J. A. Testman of O'Neill; John H. Abbott, E. E. Luch, W. J. Stafford of Big Springs; Charles S. Robinson of Midvale; James Morris, Jackson Billeter, C. S. Tatman of Ainsworth; Ed F. Gal-lagher, B. S. Gillespie, Peter Greeley, D. L. Pond of O'Neill: S. W. Potter, D. D. Carpenter, J. A. Munson, J. M. Kingery, C. A. Barnes, Z. T. Funk, William Southwick of Ainsworth; M. Kohn, H. Cole, W. N. Streeter, D. B. Parks, J. N. Cassade of Aurora; C. J. Hazelet and John McHugh of

)'Neill. Iowa-Charles B. Bird of Sioux City. Kansas-Ed Carter, J. M. Ewell, M. S. Roark and W. B. Harris of Sharon Springs L. R. Elliot of Manhattan; J. W. Jones of Russell Springs; G. A. Black of Winona; O.

T. Custer of Page City; J. R. Jackson of McAllister; A. J. Bingham of Abilene; F. Belt of Great Bend; C. H. Longstereth of Larkin; A. R. Downing of Deerfield; F. R. French, H. P. Gumer of Larkin; Peyton Roberts and R. M. Stevenson of Russell; S. E. McKinney of Colby; James A. Sprague of

Colby; W. A. Smith of Walker; J. S. Emery of Lawrence; Martin Musill, A. M. Butler and J. L. Worman of Great Bend.

National Irrigation Organization-Richard Hinton, New York City; James S. Emery, Lawrence, Kan.; J. W. Gregory, Garden City, Kan.; John H. McColl, Lexington, Neb.

J. M. Lee, Oxford, Neb. Colorado-J. C. Higley, Hardin; R. G. Fulford, Fleming; J. P. Spiers, Wray; M. C. King, Sterling; L. G. Carpenter, Fort Collins; A. J. Hasty, Lamar; H. H. Sweetland, Brush; A. L. Pearson, Akron; Wash Cush-man Longmont; James A. Fenlon, Fort Collins; John F. Rocho, Hardin.

Missouri-Ira C. Hubbell, H. S. Ferguson, Malsouri - Ha C., Hubben, H. S. Ferguson, Walter S. Dickey, Charles Keemle, G. W.
Hallett, Kansas City, Montana-A. M. Ryon, E. M., 'E. N.
Emery, Bozeman; Hon. W. B. Harlan, Como; Hon. Paris Glbson, Great Falls; Hon.
C. Buston, Charles Handback, Band

Z. T. Burton, Choteau; Hon. Donald Brad-

Z. T. Burton, Cholean, Hon. Donaid Brad-ford, Helena; Hon. L. A. Hufman, Miles City; Prof. S. M. Emery, Bozeman; J. C. Vilas, Livingston; W. S. Votan, Helena; J. C. Kirley, Townsend; John M. Voorman, Canada and Constant Sciences (Constant), Constant Sciences, Constant), Constant Constant, Co Voorman, Lewistown; James Mauldin, Dillon; Colonel E. Butler, Miles City. Wyoming-Hon, Elwood Meade of Chey-

STARTED TO FILIBUSTER. The republicans promptly inaugurated a filibuster, with a view of forcing the demo-crats to produce their own quorum before the contested election case should be con-sidered. They refrained from voting and the democrats fell short of a quorum on a vote, the result being 154 to 4, and a call was then ordered. The call developed the presence of 224 members. Mr. Fatterson offered a resolution revok-ing all leaves of absence and instrugting the sergeant-at-arms to telegraph absentees to return. It was adopted without a di-vision. ennne, J. W. Newell of Sheridan, S. W. Downey of Laramie, D. K. Snively of Hot Springs, J. B. Menarde of Sheridan, George W. Munkrees and Charles J. Hogerson of Buffalo, C. W. Mondell of Newcastle, J. P. Robinson of Sheridan, F. M. Vroman and C. G. Crist of Hot Springs, St. Clair O'Malley, Mr. Patterson then moved that when the house adjourn today it be to meet on Thursday next. The motion was carried by a vote of 144 to 25, and the house then, at 4 o'clock, adjourned until Thursday. Robert Foote, W. H. Fenn of Buffalo and C. H. Grinnell of Sheridan.

PROGRAM OF THE CONVENTION.

The program will be as follows: Address of welcome, Hon. George P. Bemis, mayor of Omaha; response, Hon. E. R. Moses, president of the Interstate Irriga-tion association; address, Mr. W. A. L. Gibbon, president of the Commercial club of Omaha; address, Hon, Lorenzo Crounse, governor of Nebraska; "The Interstate Irrigation Association, its Organization and Plan of Work," Mr. J. L. Bristow, secre-Plan of Work," Mr. J. L. Bristow, secre-tary Interstate Inrigation association; ad-dress, Colonel A. C. Fisk of Denver, Colo.; "The Water Supply of the Great Plains and its Availability for Irrigation Purposes," Major J. W. Powell, director United States geological survey; "Duty of the General Government in the Reclamation of the Semi-Arid Plains," Judge J. S. Emery, national lecturer of the Interstate Irrigation associa-tion; "The Attitude of the East Toward the Irrigation Movement," Hon. Edwin Willits, ex-assistant secretary of agriculture: "The ex-assistant secretary of agriculture; "The Duty of Water," Prof. L. G. Carpenter of the State Agricultural college of Colorado; "The Duty of the Cities of the Plains in the Development of Irrigation." Colonel Cham-pion S. Chane of Omaha; "The Growth and Development of Irrigation in America," Charles A. Gregory of New York and Chi-cago: "The Growth and Development of Irri-gation in America." Mr. Thomas Knight of Kansas City; "The Cholcest Lands Re-served for the Greatest Efforts," Prof. Wil-

ham Reece of Falls City, Neb.; "Pumping Machinery for Irrigation." Mr. Ira C. Hub-bell of Kansas City; "Progress of Irrigation in Old Mexico," Hon. Howard Miller, land

such times the unleashed instinct of the young candidate for stellar honors ap-peared like the foregleams of true drama-tic ability. She has yet much to learn of the technique of her profession. No one re-cognizes this more than does Miss Eaton, but there is in evidence a careful study of the emotional role and a desire to do credit to those who know her, for which she deto those who know her, for which she de-serves the most pronounced encouragement. So many were her friends in front that Miss Eaton must have grown thred of re-ceiving all the tributes of flowers which were presented to her over the footlights, and the warmth of her reception was very flatteeing \$500,000.

and the warmth of her reception was very flattering. Candor compels the statement that the company is only ordinary. Mr. Henry Tal-bot making a very melo-dramatic but quite impossible Dudley Brand. Sir Philip Cal-thorpe was most acceptably played by Carlton Wells, while the Quilton of Mr. Evans was tinged with a farce comedy flavor quite unusual with an English bar-rister. Hazel Mandeville made a sweet Little Beatrice, reading with pleasing intel-ligence. The play will be repeated at both matinee and night performances today.

### FUSS OVER FEES.

Tennis Club Finally Comes to a Decision on a Much Disputed Point.

There was a smaller attendance than had seen expected at the adjourned annual meeting of the members of the Omaha Tennis club last night, but the interest manifested by those who were present was none the less keen. The meeting was called for the purpose of adopting rules, a draft of which had been drawn up by the mmittee which was appointed two weeks oefore Several of the rules evoked a heated dis-

before. Several of the rules evoked a heated dis-cusion before they were agreed to, and on the rule fixing the rate of subscription for members many conflicting opinions were expressed. The question was simply between a \$7 rate and a \$10 rate. Esti-mates were presented by several of the mem-bers, who had put themselves to considerable trouble in the matter as to the cost of certain improvements which it was pro-posed to make to the grounds, and it was figured, on the promises of certain men in the town who have the interest of the game at heart, that as large a member-ship could be secured at \$10 as could be accomodated on the limited number of courts at the disposal of the club. It was evident, after much talk, that a majority of the members present was in favor of tixing the fee at \$10, and Mr. J. Parrish withdrew his amendment for a \$7 rate and the other motion was agreed to unani-monsly. It is provided in the rules, as finally

withorew his amendment for a strate and the other motion was agreed to unani-mously. It is provided in the rules, as finally adopted, that no one shall be entitled to the privileges of membership until he shall have paid his dues, that each member shall have the privilege of introducing not more than five nonmembers during the season, such introductions to be registered on a visitors' book to be provided for that pur-pose, and that lady friends of members shall be permitted the use of the grounds up to 1 o'clock p. m. and on Thursday evening. The committee was instructed to have the ground put in shape without loss of time for the opening of the season. It is understood that the Harney street side of the courts will be boarded up, and that the wire netting on the south side will be set back several feet. The club is on the state the to the members only, one for residents in the city, and also an interstate tournament, and in addition to these it is probable that the singles championship of the state will be will be held on the grounds—one for the members only, one for residents in the city, and also an interstate tournament, and in addition to these it is probable that the singles championship of the state will be well looked after, it being intended to conduct the club on a thoroughly metropolitan basis. Twenty-five new members were admitted

Twenty-five new members were admitted before the meeting broke up.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

### It Will Rain in Nebraska Today and Snow Will Follow-Colder.

WASHINGTON, March 20 .- Forecasts for Wednesday: For Nebraska-Rain, turning to snow in western portion; cold wave; north winds.

For South Dakota-Snow; colder in eastern portions; north winds.

For Jowa-Rain; conditions favorable for severe local storms in southern portion; east winds, becoming north; colder in extreme western portion; cold wavy Wednesday night. For Kansas-Threatening weather, with

light shower in early morning in eastern portion; cold wave; northwest winds. For Missouri-Conditions favorable for se-



judiciary committee to report favorably his bill providing for an additional judge in the Northern district of Illinois. He will be located at Chicago and his compensation will be \$5,000 per annum. Treasury Items. WASHINGTON, March 20.-National bank

notes received for redemption today, \$343, 363; government receipts from internal rev-enue, \$129,544; customs, \$193,534; miscellane-Senator Colquitt III.

WASHINGTON, March 20.-Senator Col-quitt of Georgia has been taken seriously ill. His throat is especially affected.

STARTED TO FILIBUSTER.

Another Judgs for Illinois.

WASHINGTON, March 20.-Representa-

tive Childs was directed today by the house

South Dakota Brewery Case. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 20 -(Special to The Bee.)-W. A. Wilkes, attorney for the

And get your share of enjoyment out of life without knowing that the best and pur-est cigarette made is the Old Dominion.