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Clerk's Peculations Give Him a Text for a Vehement Lecture,

SCORED EVERYBODY HE COULD REMEMBER

County Attorney Kaley Given a Taste of the Court's Displeasure-Fred Lucchist's Case the Cause of the Outburst-Other Court Doings.

The large room in the county building, where the criminal section of the district court is held, was turned into a lecture hall yesterday and for a time Judge Scott, the presiding magistrate, delivered one of his scorching discourses, selecting "Gambling" for the subject.

For four years Fred C. Lucchisi, a man rlow 24 years of age, had been the confidential clerk and trusted employe of the Omaha News company of this city, Last October H. J. Banker, the manager of the concern, had occasion to leave the city for a few days and upon his return he discovered that Lucchisi had drawn \$940 of company funds out of the bank and had skipped. The matter was turned over to the police and Captain Mostyn was detailed to locate the defaulting clerk in his hiding place. Like many other cases of a similar kind there was the tell tale letter. which in this instance was written from New York city and sent to a woman in Omaha, one of Lucchisi's admirers. In the course of time this tender missive fell into the hands of the officer, who at once pro-ceeded to New York and made the arrest. Upon returning to Omaha the defaulting clerk waived examination and was held to the district court, where the trial was held the district court, where the trial was held last week and a conviction secured by County Attorney Kaley, Lucchisi admitting the taking of the money, but maintaining that it was not a theft, as he insisted that he had authority to draw the funds from the bank and that it was only a case of the misappropriation of funds. A motion for a new trial was made, argued and overruled, and vesterday the man was arraigned for and yesterday the man was arraigned for

THEN CAME THE LECTURE.

It was while called upon to impose the sentence that Judge Scott was inspired to deliver his lecture, the point of which was almed at the city and county officials.

Lucchisi had been ordered to stand up and was on his way to the position in front of the bench when Judge Scott asked, "What

from the Omaha News company?' 'Spent most of it," promptly responded the 'Spend any of it in the gambling houses?'

did you do with this money which you took

asked the court, as he warmed up to the subject. "Left about \$200 of it with the 'Diamond

and the rest I took away with me when I left town," replied the defaulting clerk.

"That's it exactly," continued Judge Scott, as he commenced to boil over with indignation. "You thought that you could make a little money this way and you were dragged into this hell. Here you are on the road to the penitentiary and the men who are the criminals are allowed to go free, simply be cause their robbing is sanctioned by the officials who wink their eyes at the commission of crime. I want to say that the man who runs that gambling house is more guilty than you and that if it had not been for him you would have had the money yet."

Here Lucchisi volunteered the information

that he bucked the faro table and the roulette wheel. He was stopped by the court, who asked: "Were there any policemen around to see that order was main-Lucchisi declared that he did not see any of the minions of the law at the time, and then Judge Scott unlimbered his bat-teries again by denouncing the whole affair as most terrible. "Here," he said, "is a young man going into a gambling house right here in this city, in a supposed lawiding community, and losing while the parties who take it are allowed to go unpunished. It is a most damnable policy and one which should be condemned. A city government shutting its eyes and licensing the commission of a felony for the pality sum of \$150 per month. They want me to keep still, but I will never keep still while these men are allowed to commit felonies and their victims are sent to the

Penitentiary."
Turning his attention to Lucchisi once more, Judge Scott said: "These men who make it possible for you to lose your money and then go to prison, go unwhipped, while upon your head must be wreaked all of the

vengeance of the law. "The men who sanction and allow this gambling in violation of the state laws are worse than the gamblers themselves. Those men I will condemn and say that they violate their oaths of office and perjure themselves at the same time."

It looked as though the storm was over,

but it was not, and again it burst out with renewed fury, while the county attorney caught it, fore and aft. HOW LONG, O, CATALINE.

"Mr. Prosecutor," asked the court, "how long will this thing continue; how much longer am 1 to be compelled to send boys to the penitentiary; how much longer are these men to go unpunished and how much longer are the laws of the state to be vioted right here under your nose?"
"I don't know as I have anything to do with the matter so long as licenses are is-sued and the matter is not called to my at-

"There it is again," retorted Judge Scott, "I am commanded to keep still even if the stones of the street cry out against

So far as the commission of the crime of which this man is convicted," ventured the county attorney, "I don't see as it has anything to do with gambling. If he did gamble, he did not gamble away this money until after he stole it from the complaining witness, and as I understand it, Lucchisi was convicted of grand larceny and not

There are none so blind as those who will not see," quickly retorted the judge. "If this boy had not gambled, he would not have taken the money, and as I have said before, I am pretty near tired of sentencing

boys to the penitentiary."

"The trouble with you, young man," turning again to Lucchisi, "is that you have no politics to dispense. If you had any politics that you could give out, you might be li-censed, which would save you from coming up here to be sentenced to prison."

Having completed the lecture, the judge amounced that he would think the matter over before imposing the sentence, and with this the young man was sent back to the county jail.

Ingre Madsen's Case Again. The old time and much tried case of Ingre Madsen against the Omaha Street Railway company is up for trial again, this time be ing on before Judge Ambrose and a jury.

On August 8, 1851, Ingre Madsen was a passenger on a South Omaha motor train, her destination being Burt street in this city. When she reached the objective point she stepped off the car while it was in motion and was thrown to the ground, suffering serious injuries, among which was a broken thigh. Soon after that time she sued the company, placing the sum of \$12,200 as the amount of the damages which she had sus-

At the next term of the district court the case was placed upon the docket and then the fight commenced in dead earnest. The trial was a lengthy one and in the end the plaintiff recovered a verdict for \$1,500. The defendant moved for a new trial on the ground it at the testimeny would not justify the readition of the verdict. This motion was argued and the new trial At the last term of the distric granted. At the last term of the district court the case was again but on and the jury returned a verdict for \$1,000 even. But before the opening of the envelope which contained the findings of the jury a charge was preferred against the ballin, Louis Nor-berg, who was in charge of the jury, alleging that he had tampered with a jury. Five of the judges sat in bane and found that there was some truth in the charges. that there was some truth in the charges. Way Norberg was tried and convicted and after-wards fined and sent to jail. On this show-

JUDGE SCOTT ON GAMBLING ing a new trial was granted and now the

George Dodrill on Trial for the Killing of Andrew J. Ryan. The trial of the case of the state against George Dodrill, charged with murder, was mmenced in the criminal court yester-

day, and the greater portion of the day con-

sumed in the securing of a jury.

An information which is flied in the case charges that on the night of July 16. 1893, the prisoner stabbed Andrew J. Ryan several times, inflicting wounds from the effect of which he died a few hours later. Both men were switchmen, Dodrill in the employ of the Burlington and Ryan in the employ of the Union Pacific company. On the night of the murder the two men and f their companions were round-the burnt district, drinking ng up at all of the places where they happened to stop. About midnight they called at the house of May Davis and ordered several bottles of beer. A dispute arose as to who should liquidate the bill and some angry words passed between the two men. The trouble, however, was settled and Ryan went on his way. Soon after that, and as he was passing a dark alley in the vicinity of Eighth and Dedge streets, he was stabled On the preliminary examination the testi-mony was to the effect that Dodrill was the

man who jumped from the alley and plunged the knife into Ryan's breast. Barney McGinn's Case In the case of the state against Barney McGinn, convicted of having murdered Edward McKenna, Judge Scott yesterday granted the attorneys for the defendant an additional twenty days in which to prepare

A Valuable Addition

the case for the supreme court.

to the culinary list is Borden's Peerless Brand Evaporated Cream, an absolutely pure, unsweetened condensed milk so carefully prepared that it keeps indefinitely and always available for every recipe calling for milk or cream.

That Fire Sale.

Goods are going like hot cakes. Men's mits for 98c; just think of it, less than \$1.00 oat, pants and vest. Socks, 2 pairs Handkerchiefs, white or colored, 1c. Men's \$2.00 stiff hats, slightly wet, 25c. Men's underwear, 9c. Men's cotton pants, 25c. Boy's overcoats, 50c. Lined duck coats, 75c. Men's ulsters, \$1.5c. Other goods in proportion. Be sure you strike the right place. We are right opposite the Boston Store ruins. There are others near by that were not damaged in the least. BEWARE! BEWARE!

Be sure you are where the sign reads: FIRE SALE, THE GLOBE CLOTHING CO., 115 South 16th street, near Douglas, Straight opposite the Boston Store ruins.

Beg Pardon

For interrupting you, but you may possibly be going east. If so, there are a couple of trains you should really bear in mind. These are "Northwestern Line" Nos. 6 and 2, leaving Union depot daily at 4:05 and 6:30 p. respectively, arriving in Chicago at 8:15 and 9:30 next morning. City ticket office, No. 1401 Farnam st.

Sunshine, Fruit and Flowers."

Midwinter International exposition will be held in San Francisco beginning on January 1, 1894, and continuing six months. The climatic feature, the commercial situation of San Francisco, the fact that the city is the natural distributor of the products of the greatest agricultural state in the union the character of its surrounding population. engaged in pursuits more diversified than those of any other section of the United States or the world, embracing mining, cattle raising, fancy stock breeding, wool grow-ing, manufacturing, agriculture in all its branches, and fishing, ought to insure a great success for this enterprise.

Greatly reduced rates to all California

points and to Portland, Ore., via the Union Pacific. For full particulars address any ticket agent, or E. L. Lomax, general passen ger and ticket agent, Omaha, Neb. A Brilliantly Lighted Train for Chicago. Is the Burlington's "Vestibule Flyer."

Chicago at 8:20 the next morning; is composed of sleeping, dining and free chair cars; and is gas lighted from end to end. City ticket office, 1324 Farnam street. The Twin Cities of the Missouri. St. Joseph and Kansas City are best

reached from Omaha by the Burlington City ticket office 1324 Farnam street. Low Rates to the South. On February 13th, Burlington Route

agents will sell round trip tickets at the one way rate, to points in Texas and the Ask the city ticket agent at 1324 Farnam street for information about routes, stopovers, etc., or write to J. Francis, general passenger and ticket agent, Burlington

Route, Omaha, Neb. World's fair souvenir coins of 1893 for sale at Chase & Eddy's, 1518 Farnam street,

MUST SHOVEL SNOW.

Officials Decide that the Sidewalks Must Be Cleared at Once. As soon as Mayor Bemis reached his office yesterday he called a conference of the Board of Public Works, city attorney, city engineer and chief of police to discuss measures for a more prompt compliance with the ordinance relative to the cleaning of side-

walks after a snowstorm.

It was set forth that all citizens failing to clean the walks in front of their residences were liable to arrest and fine, and that all unoccupied property was subject to special assessment to pay for doing this work. After a lengthy perusal and discussion of the ordinances and hearing an opinion on the subject from the city attorney the chief of police was instructed to have his patrolmen call on all citizens failing to remove the snow from the walks within a reasonable time after the cessation of the fall and refresh their memories with reference to the ordinanance. It was the opinion of the officials there congregated that citizens would promptly heed the warning, rather than submit to the annoyance and expense of arrest and fine. The mayor was of the opinion that it was an outrage to compel people to tramp a path through the snow, when a little attention and exertion on the part of individuals would obviate the accessity of it. He thought that the majority of people did very well in this matter, but there was generally one or more in a block who neglected it, and that was sufficient to mar the appearance of the whole, and annoy every paser-by far more than the entire cost of the cleaning would

No More Convict Labor.

commissioners of this county have drawn the line on convict labor and from this time on the cleaning of the snow from the walks about the court house will be done by worthy citizens and not by men from the

For years it has been the custom to have the cleaning of the walks on all sides of the county building done by the men from the county building done by the men from the county jail. Several times the members of the Central Labor union have protested, but each time the protest has been turned down and convict labor has been compleyed. Yesterday, nowever, Commissioner Jenkins called a halt and from this time on, no convict will be employed. In speaking of the matter, Mr. Jenkins said that there were any number of good benore. that there were any number of good, honorable men who would be glad to do the work, and so long as they were out of employment, no work about the house or the grounds should be done by men from the county jail.

Street Force at Work.

The street commissioner started the shovel brigade out again yesterday. One squad was sent to the Sixteenth street viaduct with instructions to clear off all the snow, as the increased weight threatened a collapse of the structure, particularly of the overhanging walks, which have been cov-ered to the depth of two or three feet by the plows and sweepers of the street railway company in clearing the heavy fall from the tracks in the roadway of the via-

OF FIGHTING FIRES

Subject is Discussed at Considerable Length by the Commissioners.

RIGID ECONOMY MUST BE PRACTICED

Gambling Question is Again Talked Over with Some Promise of Action at the Next Meeting-Routine Business Transacted.

At the meeting of the fire and police commissioners last night the resignation of Captain George H. Crager of engine house No. 8 was presented, but no action taken. The resignation was later withdrawn and Captain Crager will go to work again in the morn-

Chief Galligan presented a request for four new men to take the place of two men put on the steamer, one resigned and Mc-Kray dismissed. No action on the question of additional men was taken, but McKray

W. H. Earnest of No. 6 presented an application to be appointed captain of No. 8. The mayor appointed Matt Gahlan as

pecial policeman on Walnut Hill and Harry Egan as special to do duty along the Missouri Pacific tracks. The appointments were The board of engineers reported unfavora

A petition for a fire alarm box at the cor ner of Twenty-sixth and Harney was laid

ham as engineer.

perators to be placed on the roll of mem-pers of the Police Relief association was referred to the committee on laws, ordinances and regulations. A resolution was passed instructing the

chief of police to enforce the new back stand V. O. Strickler filed a report of the com parative cost of the fire department for the years 1892 and 1893.

	1892.		1893.	- 1	Increase
Number of men Number of	89		93		4
engine houses Number of	12		13		1
horses	39		49		10
gines	74,043,25	8	4,200.00 76,235.41	8	4,200.0
Purchase horses Rent Horse feed Miscellane-	200.00 2,283.35 2,656.50		1,550.00 3,291.64 3,935.69		1,350.0 1,008.2 1,279.1
bringing					

totals to. 96,187.83 119,372.59 23,184.76 ECONOMY DEMANDED. The committee called attention to the fol

owing increases in expenditures that seemed to be more than was necessary: Horse feed, an increase of \$915.68; gas, which showed an increase of \$391.05, and also the increase for miscellaneous items.

Mr. Strickler estimated that the fire de-

partment would require for the ensuing yeaf \$113,000, and even that sum will not allow the purchase of any new material. The money available on the basis of a 5-mill levy will be \$91,000, and there is a balance in the fund of \$1,400 from last year. will leave a deficit of \$20,000. An An additional mill levy would cover the amount.

It was recommended that the most rigid economy be practiced in all departments and that the chief be required to make a regulsition the first of every month for the street; Charles F. Bouffur, 724 South Thir-same approved by the board. It was recommended that all horse feed be weighed on the city scales, and that the city council be requested to pay the rent of fire engine

The report called attention to the splendid service of the engines at the Boston store fire and the poor service of the water works. The board spent considerable time in ex-ecutive session, considering the items of the recommendations, but came to no definit conclusion.

Licenses to sell liquor were granted to Henry Rosenfeldt, 623 North Sixteenth supplies needed for that month, and have the teenth street; William Schmidt, 1716 South Tenth street; G. W. Tierney, 101 South Thirteenth street, and Omaha Brewing company, 819 Dodge street. The license inspector reported several ir

regularities by parties whose respective licenses were issued for certain numbers, while they were selling at others. The clerk was instructed to notify the parties and have them appear before the board at the next neeting and explain the matter.

Mayor Bemis presented to the board an open letter by James Fee, published in the Laborer, making charges that members of the board were countenancing gambling and prostitution in the city and that some of the prostitution in the city and that some of the members of the board were renting build-ing for that purpose. Mr. Coburn said that one portion of the charge concerning the building called the Travelers Home probably referred to him; that at one time he rented the building as the agent of the McMenamy estate, but he had long ceased to have any business connection with it. Mr. Hartman said he had been informed that a building owned by him was being used as a policy shop, but it was subleased for that purpose by the man to whom he rented it sand he was taking steps to get the present tenant

GAMBLING QUESTION DISCUSSED. This matter, however, brought up the whole gambling question and Mr. Strickler made quite an animated address on the subject in which he urged that the board face the matter fully and squarely and indi-cate to the chief in unequivocal language just what its desires are in this matter. Mr. Hartman moved the adoption of the substitute offered by him.

After considerable talk on the same line that has been given whenever this question has been before this board, but without developing anything new, Mr. Coburn said that at the next meeting of the board he would have some remarks to make on the subject and then he would be ready and willing to vote on it. With this understand-ing it went over for one week.

The question of making some arrangements with the sheriff to go after fugitives from justice came up, and Chief Seavey said one reason why he recommended it was that the department needed all its men, as it was short even when they were all here, and for the further reason that it was a matter that always caused more or less jealousy in the department. The resolution was

In executive session Officer Cool was fined ten days' pay.

The board refused to concur in the proposed amendment to the by-laws of the Police Relief association to allow benefits to policemen when they had been sick five days.

Taken from a Car Almost Frozen ATCHISON, Kan., Feb. 12 .- The police to day took a Mrs. Franklin out of a car of household goods billed in Omaha, in which she had been beating her way from Decatur. She had \$25 and had been put in the car by her husband, who did not want to pay her car fare. She had been in the car three days and was nearly frozen.

Underwriters Banquet Postponed. The Omaha Life Underwriters association met at the Commercial club last evening

of the association until October. A letter of acknowledgment from Secretary Laughland of the Associated Charities extending thanks for donations was read.

Every penny tells. You can get Salvation Oil for 25 cents. Best liniment in the mar-

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Dr. Lanyon Exonerated - Policemen Will Bring Test Case on Witness Fee Matter. When the county commissioners held the adjourned session yesterday afternoon, Mr. Paddock was absent, which fact accounted for his failing to introduce his famous reso lution to put a portion of his salary back into the county treasury, but notwithstanding his absence the business of the meeting went on in an uninterrupted manner.

The committee to which was referred the investigation of the charges preferred against Dr. Lanyon, the county physician, by the Central Labor union, reported that testimony had been taken and that there was no truth in the report that the doctor had been neglecting the poor of the county by refusing and failing to respond to the calls for medical ssistance. This report was adopted and the loctor was given a clean bill.

W. E. Clark, John Rush, Herman Kountze, Luther Drake, P. L. Perrine, S. E. Rogers and thirty-eight other property owners pro-tested against the expending of the proceed of the \$150,000 of road improvement bonds upon the three roads designated by the board, giving as the reasons that the city had failed to pave the three roads to the city limits and also that the city was not in a condition to do the work during the coming season. The protest was referred to the committee on roads.

The committee on finance asked for leave to check up the accounts of the county treasurer in order to arrive at some legal sis on which to make the semi-annual set

The bond of Charles Brandes was ap proved and that gentleman was appointed a justice of the peace in and for East Omaha

Ex-County Judge Eller wrote to the board. saying that he had a claim register, over which there had been considerable control He claimed that the book was his private property, in which the county had no interest, but that he was willing that the book should go into the office of the county judge, there to remain until such time as the county would decide upon some reasonable compensation for the purchase of it. The matter was referred to the finance committee, and the members thereof instructed to do a little figuring with Mr with reference to the price which should be paid for the record.

Through its officers the Soldiers' Relief

commission accepted the proposition of the county and in the future the parties who are being assisted by the commission will be supplied at the county store and the amount of the bills charged against the Soldiers

Relief commission for the year.

The memorial introduced in the city council, asking that congress appropriate \$350,000 to be expended along the river from between the Union Pacific bridge and Florence was presented and adopted and the clerk of the board was instructed to forward copies to the Nebraska members in both the senate and the house of repreentatives.

Policeman Tom Hayes filed a claim for \$6, due him as witness fees in the district court. He said that he did not expect an allowance of the bill, but wanted to get in shape so that he might go to the supreme court, in order to make a test case. The law provides that policemen shall not be paid for their services as witnesses. The members of the force contend that the law is not constitutional and for this reason they will ask the supreme court to pass upon the question.

Residents of Dundee and Carthage asked

the commissioners to designate the roads in those additions as country roads, in order that they might be improved by an expenditure of a portion of the county road fund. An ordinance from the city council, des ignating the ward boundaries in the city of Omaha, was presented. By the adoption of a resolution the commissioners accepted the boundaries upon the part of the county. The committee on court house and jail was instructed to fit up all of the rooms in he court house at its disposal for the use of the juries of the district court. The pur-

pose of the committee is to put in furniture and lay some carpets. A resolution was adopted by which the officers of the county were instructed to check all of the books and movable furniture of their respective offices and report the same to the committee on court house and jail, in order that the county may know just how much property it has in its possession.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures sores.

OMAHA'S GARBAGE.

Contractor Macdonald Well Equipped for Business that Does Not Come. The new garbage contract which the city made with A. Macdonald some time ago does not seem to be the money-maker that some of the opponents of the contract claimed it would be. Mr. Macdonald has gone to a considerable expense to get the necessary equipments for the proper handling of the business, but has not been as successful as he desired in getting the business, and claims he is losing money every day on his contract, and sees no chance of doing better unless the Board of Health enters upon a more vigorous enforcement of the sanitary regulations of the city.

Newton Niday, Mr. Macdonald's manager, yesterday showed a reporter over the plant of the contractor. Two dumps have been arranged, one at Jones street and the other at the foot of Dodge street, for the loading of the cars on which the garbage is hauled to the country. These cars, too, have been built expressly for the garbage business They are on the pattern of the stock cars and are divided into four compartments, and so built that they can be easily unloaded. At the Jones street plant a house has been built for the handling of night soil and dead animals. This building is so arranged that the contents of the night soil wagons are taken in large iron tanks designed for the purpose, and placed on the cars without opening. The tanks are made air tight and can be handled at any time without being offensive. Every equipment that would facilitate the handling of the business has been provided by Mr. Macdonald.

The contractor is now handling two cars of garbage daily. One of these cars contains about thirty-two square yards of manure and thirty barrels of garbage. This would give the contractor \$7.80. The freight on the car is \$8, so that he has but \$1.80 on each car to meet the expense of two dump men and three men and teams. Mr. Macdonald says his expenses are \$22.50 a day and his receipts but the proceeds of two carloads of garbage daily, so that he is losing at least \$15 a day in the business. He complains that Uncle Sam is one of the customers who is giving him the wors of it. The government corral has an average of twenty loads of manure each day. This is being dumped in the street down selow the corral instead of being hauled to

below the certal instead of being hauled to the cars of the garbage contractor.

There is a good deal of trouble in getting the garbage from householders. Most of them refuse to pay for having the stuff hauled away and claim they will wait till spring before they have a general clean up. Mr. Macdonald is anxiously waiting for the Board of Health to get its corps of inspec-tors in the field so that the business of cleaning the city may be done in a thorand decided to postpone the annual banquet | ough and systematic manner.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

Used in Millions of Homes-40 Years the Standard

Crowded for Room-The Bankrupt Stock of J. H. Walker Now arriving, we must have more room.

Tomorrow we are going to clear out lots of

Remnants of best calico, light, dark or nedium, at 214c yard. Lawrence LL yard wide brown sheeting,

only 3%c yard.

Remnants of fine satine, 5c yard. Remnants 33-inch wide sheeting, 5c yard. Remnants of 32-inch wide wash dress

Remnants of fine white dress goods, plain or fancy weave, 5c, 8c and 10c yard.

Turkey red table linen, 15c yard. Apron checked gingham, 31/2c and 5c yard. Nice dress glugham, 5c yard. Remnants of lining cambric, only 11/2c

Fringed napkins, 25c, 50c and 60c dozen. Large size white crochet bed spreads, 47c, 59c, 65c and 75c each.

Have you seen those fine zephyrs Hayden's are selling at 10c yard? Look over our novelties in wash dress goods and see those low prices we are making this season.

HAYDEN BROS.

Quick Relief from Rheumatism. Mrs. Emily Thorne, who resides at Toledo, Wash, says she has never been able to pro-cure any medicine for rheumatism that relieves the pain so quickly and effectually as Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and that she also used it for lame back with great success. For sale by druggists.

TRUE CHARATY.

One Family Gives Its Last Loaf of Bread to a Poorer Neighbor.

Special Officer Edgehill of Rescue hall had a case reported to him that furnishes an excellent illustration of the true charitable

The case was not reported to him through the regular channels and it was only after chasing up a rumor that he found it out. Up in his neighborhood, and in fact near where he lives, reside two families and both are in equally poor circumstances, neither for the space of two days having any food in the house. They were neighbors and the children of each family played together, but the acquaintance of the parents was limited. About two weeks ago affairs became worse and for want of nourishment sickness ap-peared in one of the families and with destitution staring them on every hand it

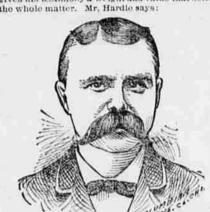
was indeed a sorry spectacle that presented itself to the parents. The mother also be-came confined during this time and she lay in bed with only an excuse for a covering. There was not a mouthful of food in the house and such a thing as a little nourishing broth for the sick woman was not to be thought of. There she was without any-thing to eat. Soon they must perish, but they had always been used to plenty and were a little backward about having their circumstances made known. In the meantime the other family was in a like condi-tion. However, the sick woman must have something to eat and so she sent her little girl to the grocery to get a loaf of bread, but the grocer refused to let her have it without the money. The girl was returning home and crying when she met a playmate. the daughter of the other poor family. girls talked a few moments and during the conversation the girl who went for the bread related her story and also told about her mother being ill and nothing to eat in the house. Her playmate then said that some one had brought them a loaf of bread and that if she would come home with her she would ask her mother to give her a part of the bread and she could take it home. The stated to the mother. She at once got the whole loaf of bread and the only thing she had to est, too, and gave it to the girl to take home to the sick woman.

some way this fact leaked out and kind neighbors took both cases in hand and the sick woman and the woman who gave up the last mouthful to save another from starving do not want for anything now. The names of the parties are withheld by

DEBILITATING CATARRH

Mr. Alexander Hardie, Bookkeeper at the Iowa School for the Dea', Speaks to the

In giving his experience with Dr. Shepard's treatment, Mr. Alexander Hardie speaks in a very plain and direct way. He has been bookkeeper at the Iowa School for the Deaf at Council Bluffs for nine years. Formerly he held a position for four years in the Indiana School for the Deaf at Indian-apolis. The unquestioned integrity of such a man gives his testimony a weight and value that settle



MR. ALEX. HARDIE, Bookkeeper, Iowa School for the Deaf. "While I do not relish any publicity I am entire ly willing to speak briefly of my case and its suc-cessful treatment by Dr. Shepard. My trouble be-gan four or five years ago, right after contracting i vers cold that became scated through my whole system. This seemed to be the starting point of the whole list of allments that came after. A ca tarrh of the right eargave me intense aching and a discharge of pus; it then attacked my throat, making it sore and red and very susceptible to colds. Working downwards the larnyx, or votes box, was involved so that I lost my voice entirely At first it was hoarseness, then a complete loss o speech. For two winters I was unable to make any articulate expression, depending upon sign language alone to convey ideas. As the entarriworked downwards I experienced a tightness of the chest that seemed to prevent a full, deep breath. The short breathing and increasant cough that accompanied it gave me great distress and ap-prehension of a serious lung disease. "My system gave way undenthis terrible strain and I lost appetite and strength. A nervous wakefulness at night prevented rest and added to the

result of his skill. I can heartily commend Dr. Shepard to all my friends who are seeking relies from chronic diseases." DRS. COPELAND & SHEPARD ROOMS 311 AND 312 NEW YORK LIFE

BUILDING, OMAHA, NEB.

rouble. When Dr. Shepard took my evse he ver

soon changed all these things and I responded quickly to his treatment. The throat and lungs

were restored to health, my relish for food camback, and I am today in excellent condition as

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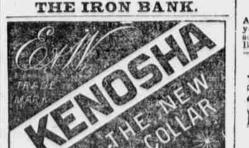
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