THE DAILY BEE

COUNCIL BLUFFS

OFFICE: NO. 12 PEARL STREET

Delivered by carrier to any part of the city

H. W. TILTON - Manager

TELEPHONES { Business Office..... No. 43 / Night Editor..... No. 23

MINOR MENTION.

Boston Store—Linens, towels, muslins.

The Mangerchen society gave a masquerade ball in Hughes' hall last evening.

The city has had an offer for $63,000 worth of bonds at face value with accrued interest.

The following cases of contagious diseases were reported yesterday: Walter and Ellen Olsen, 926 Sixteenth avenue, scarlet fever; J. C. Bonham, 302 North Second street, measles.

Sneak thieves visited the houses of Messrs. Danger and Wallace near the corner of Harrison street and Washington avenue Monday night and stole a couple of lines full of clothes.

Ben King, the "Michigan Bard," who will be remembered by many here as having entertained the Chautauqua assembly, is to appear at the Young Men's Christian association hall in Omaha, March 2, for the benefit of the "Open Door."

The cases of T. T. Shepardson and Charles Talbot, the passers of a forged check, were tried before Judge McGee yesterday morning, and a clear case was made out against Shepardson at least. At the request of the defendants the court's decision was postponed until this morning.

The Society of Christian Endeavor of the First Presbyterian church was entertained Monday evening by Miss Clara Phelps. After the usual business meeting there were recitations by Miss Edyth Thomas and Mrs. Lyon, which were highly enjoyed. A large number of members of the society were present.

About 200 members and friends of the Union Veteran legion met at the Woodmen hall Monday evening to receive Commander W. H. Clarke of the national legion. W. S. Paulson delivered an address of welcome, to which Mr. Clarke responded. Addresses were also made by Colonel Daily, Prof. Sawyer, Judge Carson and others.

John Hale, who was charged with stealing a sack of flour from Peterson's grocery, was given a hearing in police court yesterday morning. He claimed that he heard a row when passing and got out to see what was the matter, and was immediately nabbed and accused of the theft. Peterson, on the other hand, identified him positively as the thief, and as there were no other witnesses the judge took the case under advisement until this morning, when a decision will be rendered.

Chambers' Dancing Practice.

For beginners, every Monday. Junior class, 4 p. m.; adults, 8 p. m. Advanced junior class every Wednesday 4 p. m. Assemblies every Wednesday 8:30 p. m. His elegant academy in the Shugart-Beno block can be secured, with elevator service for parties and musicales. Apply to Mr. Winters at the elevator. The best of music can be furnished for all parties.

For sale or trade for improved city property or unimproved farm lands, an improved farm in Iowa, two dwellings in Cedar Rapids, Ia., and two fine bred stallions, with records below 2:20. Ohio Knox, Council Bluffs, Ia.

Have you seen the new gas beaters at the Gas company's office?

Domestic soap is the best.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

J. C. Bixby left yesterday for a business trip to Glenwood.

Leonard Everett yesterday returned from a visit to Oregon, Mo.

Miss Sadie Davis is visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Hollenbeck, in Des Moines.

The marriage of Mr. Adolph Beno and Miss Lena Schindele is announced to take place Thursday at the bride's residence, Rev. J. E. Simpson of Grace church officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry E. Beach, formerly of this city, now of Carroll, have been visiting their friends and relatives in this city, but returned home last evening. Mr. Beach is court reporter in the district in which he lives, having a territory of six counties.

If you want cheap hard coal that will give satisfaction try
Southern anthracite, $8.50 per 2,000 lbs.
Semi-anthracite, $8.00 per 2,000 lbs.
CARBON COAL COMPANY,
34 Pearl street, Grand Hotel Bldg.

Ladies, if you desire absolute peace in the kitchen ask your grocer for J. C. Hoffmayr & Co's Fancy Patent Flour. Trade mark—Blue Rooster.

Domestic soap is the best.

DIED IN THE HARNESS.

Western Iowa Loses One of Its Oldest Ministers of the Congregational Faith.

In the death of Rev. John Todd, which took place at Tabor last Thursday, the Congregational church of western Iowa lost one of its earliest advocates and staunchest supporters. He was well known throughout the state and particularly in this vicinity, having been born in 1818 and been pastor of the church at Tabor since the spring of 1852. The suddenness with which the end came caused a profound shock to the people who have known him and his work. He had often expressed a desire to go suddenly and to be spared the pain of a long and lingering illness. On Thursday he was circulating a petition to the legislature asking that the prohibition liquor law be not repealed or modified. Just as he had taken the signature of one of the ladies of the church he threw up his hands and fell to the floor. He died an instantaneous and painless death. During the last ten years his age had made it impossible for him to do all the work that naturally devolved on the pastor, and an assistant had to be appointed, although Mr. Todd was the nominal pastor up to the day of his death.

The death of this pioneer leaves Rev. G. G. Rice of this city the oldest Congregational pastor in the Western Iowa association. He came here about eighteen months after Mr. Todd, and is now the only survivor of the original association. He was very properly called upon to conduct the funeral exercises and did so last Sunday, an audience of fully 1,000 people being present to testify to the respect in which the deceased was held. Mr. Rice is still hale and hearty and bears few of the evidences of his age. His many friends here hope to see him remain the oldest minister of his denomination in western Iowa for many years to come.

Favorable inducements will be offered to a few reliable and energetic agents who will solicit for the Mutual Life Insurance company. Call on or address Pusey & Thomas, Council Bluffs, district agents for southwestern Iowa.

Coal.

H. A. Cox, 10 Main street.
Best quality, lowest rates.
Prompt delivery. Get prices before buying. Telephone 48.

Ask your grocer for Domestic soap.

Lenten Services.

A big consignment of the finest wall paper just received at Miller's, 141 Pearl street, from 4 cts. a roll upwards. New patterns.

George S. Davis, prescription druggist.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the county clerk yesterday:

Name and address.	Age.
Nels Peterson, Neola	21
Minnie Anderson, Neola	17
James R. Adams, Pottawattamie county	28
Ada E. Whiteman, Pottawattamie county	19

Dr. Jeffries' diphtheria remedy kills diphtheria but not your child. At Davis', Beardsley's, DeHaven's, Council Bluffs; 240 Cuming street, Omaha.

Nassau Investment company guarantees Nebraska railroad collections. Merriam block, Council Bluffs.

Ask your grocer for Domestic soap.

NEWS FROM COUNCIL BLUFFS

Pottawattamie County People Declare for a Regulated Saloon.

COMMITTEE WILL GO TO DES MOINES

Business Men to Urge Upon the Republicans to Remember Party Pledges and Modify the Prohibitory Law to a Certain Extent.

If the republicans in the Iowa legislature do not get together and pass a law repealing or modifying the present liquor law, it will be evident to everyone that they have not the slightest concern about what the people in the cities of the state think of them. A concerted action has been begun with a view to bringing them to a realization of the fact that the people living in the centers of population are determined to have a change, and that if they cannot get it from the republican party this year they will see what they can do the next time a legislature is elected. Nearly, if not quite, every city of any size in the state is taking part in the movement, and this week and next there will be a deluge of anti-prohibitionists descend upon the capital city, all prepared for peace or for war.

Council Bluffs got into line last night. In response to the announcement made in the papers the republicans of the city to the number of about 150 gathered at the court house to do some anti-prohibition talking and resolving. It was not a very cheerful crowd, for every one felt that the republican party was on the eve of being betrayed. But it was intensely in earnest.

Mr. Hazelton called the meeting to order and stated that its objects was to take some action toward the repeal or modification of the prohibitory law. The republicans of Pottawottamie county went into the last campaign on a modification platform and were now justified by appearances in bestirring themselves to prevent any breach of good faith on the part of the members of the legislature.

"All of us," said he, "are dissatisfied with the present control, or lack of control, of the liquor traffic and we are ready for any arrangement that will change the present condition of affairs."

WOOD'S ELECTION APPLAUDED.

Alexander Wood was chosen chairman and was greeted by applause as he took the the judge's bench. Dr. V. L. Treynor was elected secretary. A committee on resolutions was appointed, consisting of Messrs. N. M. Pusey, A. S. Hazelton and Theodore Guittar. While the committee was out drafting its resolutions Dr. O. W. Gordon made a speech by request of those present. He said the republican party was in a manner on trial before the people of Iowa. He had but little use for any man who would willfully and deliberately go back on his word, and the party that would do the same thing would deservedly sink in the estimation of the people. He devoutly wished that every saloon could be wiped out of existence, but the present law, while successful in many parts of the state, had certainly been a failure in Council Bluffs. In the interest of true temperance a change ought to be made and a law enacted that would enable places like Council Bluffs to regulate what it could not prohibit and the republican party was under obligations to do this.

At this point Chairman Pusey of the committee on resolutions read the report, couched in the following language:

"We, the republicans of Pottawattamie county, in mass convention assembled, in the interest of the growth and development of the resources of our county, in the interest of the republican party of this state and with a view to promote respect for public law and in the interest of temperance and morality, hereby declare:

"It is an undisputable fact that the prohibitory law has been an utter and absolute failure in many localities of this state, and especially in the large centers of population. Council Bluffs and many of the towns in this county being among the number.

"That in these localities the prohibitory law has resulted in the saloon being divested of all control and regulation, and in many instances with the most demoralizing accompaniment of the wine room.

"That each year of the existence of this law has, in these localities, bequeathed to its successor the saloon in greater permanency and with increased demoralizing attachments.

"That the failure of this law in these communities is not attributable to the courts, nor to those charged with its enforcement, but to the well known sentiment and firm conviction upon the part of the great majority of the citizens that it is not the proper, fair and most just way to deal with the liquor question.

"That no law can be of effective state-wide operation, which is in opposition to the sentiments and well settled convictions of a great majority of the citizens of the respective subdivisions of the state, and for this reason such attempted legislation is productive of far more harm than good."

RELIED ON THEIR PARTY.

"That the republicans of Iowa, in convention assembled in the summer of 1893, seeing, knowing and believing the above facts, after declaring in their platform that prohibition is no test of republicanism, instructed its members in the legislature to pass such a law as would maintain the prohibitory law in those portions of the state where it was enforced and made effective, and as would give to other localities such methods of controlling and regulating the liquor traffic as will best serve the cause of temperance and morality, thus abandoning state-wide prohibition and clearly announcing that in those portions of the state where prohibition had not been enforced it should be made lawful to sell intoxicating liquors, under wise and proper regulations, and with such safeguards as would eradicate the free and uncontrolled saloon as we now have it.

"That, relying on the good faith of the republican party, and believing that it would make good its pledges to the people of the entire state if entrusted with power, we entered the campaign of last fall, and gave the respective republican candidates our united and energetic support, reducing Governor Boies' majority in 1891 of 1,656 down to 373.

"Resolved, That we prefer the legalized saloon, regulated, controlled and hedged about with proper safeguards, to the unlawful, uncontrolled and lawless saloon as it now exists under the prohibitory law.

"Resolved, That the right to manufacture should follow the right to sell, and that in all localities where it is made lawful to sell 'intoxicating liquors' within the meaning of the law, it should be made lawful there, to manufacture them, to the end that the large sums of money be retained in our state, which would otherwise go abroad, and to the end that the products of our soil which enter into the manufactured article should find a market at home.

"Resolved, That we demand that the republican party, through its representatives in the legislature of Iowa, should make good the pledges in its platform, as well to those localities where the prohibitory law had not been enforced, and the unbribled and uncontrolled saloon existed; as to those localities where prohibition had been enforced and made effective, and whilst we are willing the pledge to the prohibitionists should be made good we demand from it that the pledges on this subject to us be redeemed by the prompt passage of an equitable and carefully guarded local option law. We make this demand in the name of honesty and fair dealing, and we make it in the interest of morality and temperance. The measure we are willing to mete to others, let it be measured to us.

"Resolved, That a committee of ten be appointed, with instructions to go to Des Moines with these resolutions and there use every honorable endeavor to procure the enactment of a law that will carry out the provisions of the republican platform and in accordance with these resolutions."

Mr. Pusey followed the reading with a few remarks in which he called attention to the provisions of the republican state platform and to the fact that he and multitudes of other republicans had worked and voted for the success of the party on the supposition that the platform meant what it said in plain terms. Now, it seems there are republicans in the legislature so unfair and dishonest as to put on entirely different constructions on the platform from that given before election, and such men should be given to understand that honest republicans resented this reckless violation of their word. The resolutions were enthusiastically adopted.

Spencer Smith was then called for. He cited history to show that the first local option law ever on the statute books of Iowa was put there by the republican party, so that such a way of dealing with the question could not be called unrepublican. He traced the history of the famous "thirteenth plank" of the platform and wound up his remarks by urging the legislators to keep their word.

Mr. Hazelton recommended that the committee of ten that was to go to Des Moines to wrestle with the legislators be composed of the following gentlemen: Spencer Smith, N. M. Rusey, L. W. Ross, John Lindt, E. L. Shugart, A. T. Flickinger, George T. Wright, E. F. Test, Alexander Wood, J. H. Cleaver.

Mr. Ross stated that before he consented to have his name put upon the committee he wanted one change made in the preamble. The greatest danger about the present condition of things was the constant disrespect of the law. In the original draft of the resolutions no reference was made to this phase of the case, and he wanted the change made. His suggestion met with the approval of the audience, and the change was made.

RIOTOUS STRIKERS.

Ice Haulers Quit Work and Make Trouble for the Sheriff.

There was trouble among the ice men northwest of the city yesterday and the day before, and for a time it looked as though there might be a big riot.

A. B. Nicholas has had over 100 teams employed cutting and hauling ice from the river to his ice houses, one of which is located near the Northwestern roundhouse and the other farther up town. He has paid 50 cents a load for ice delivered at the first named house and 70 cents for the other. Monday the men came to the conclusion that they were not getting enough for their work, and they demanded 75 cents and $1 a load respectively. This demand was refused and the trouble commenced.

The disaffected ones began to intimidate men who persisted in working at the old wages, and during the day there were several fights, in which faces were scratched and eyes blacked galore. It was hoped, however, that the men would change their minds before long, and no aid was summoned from the authorities.

Yesterday morning the disturbance was renewed. Most of it seemed to be raised by about fifteen or twenty men, while the rest would have been willing to work had it not been for the threats made by their companions. Mr. Nicholas was called vile names when he refused to raise the pay, and then he became stubborn and declared that he would not pay them another cent if he had to put a side track in and carry his ice down by railroad. So the leaders of the strike proceeded to blockade the road in order to prevent the others from passing. The road in many places is just wide enough for teams to pass single file, so it was comparatively easy for one team to stop twenty-five. Those who were not willing to be stopped were quickly brought to terms by being told that if they persisted in working their wagons would be tipped over. The leaders also pelted the workers with mud and blocks of ice.

The trouble at last became so bad that Sheriff Hazen was called on for assistance. He took his jailer, Mack Goodwin, with him and by a little judicious bluffing managed to get the refractory fellows to go home. He spent the entire day there, and although the men were, for the most part, peaceable when they thought their being otherwise might cause their arrest, as soon as his back was turned the trouble would be renewed. By evening the strikers had been induced to go away, but the amount of work that was done all day long was very small. Five teams, who kept at it in spite of delays, made $2.50 each, which is consitered very good wages in times like these. The sheriff does not look for a renewal of hostilities today and will not go out unless sent for.

Republican City Convention.

The republicans of Council Bluffs will meet in delegate convention in the south room of the court house, Thursday, February 15, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., to place in nomination candidates for the various offices, to be voted for at the ensuing election, March 5, 1894.

The primaries for the selection of delegates to said convention will be held Monday evening, February 12, 1893, at the following places:

First ward, First precinct, at Wheeler & Herald's office and select three delegates; Second precinct, at Wheeler & Herald's office and select four delegates. The joint caucus will then select a candidate for alderman.

Second ward, First precinct, at city hall, and select four delegates; Second precinct, at city hall, and select six delegates. The joint caucus will then select a candidate for alderman.

Third ward, First precinct, at Justice Vien's office, 415 Broadway, and select five delegates; Second precinct, at ——, and select three delegates.

Fourth ward, First precinct, at south room of court house, and select four delegates; Second precinct, at Smith's hall, Sixteenth avenue, and select three delegates.

Fifth ward, First precinct, at Planters hotel, and select six delegates; Second precinct, at Planters hotel, and select four delegates. The joint caucus will then select a candidate for alderman.

Sixth ward, First precinct, at Shubert block, 2323 Broadway, and select five delegates; Second precinct, Cut-Off island, and select one delegate.

The delegates to this convention will assemble at a later date on call of the city central committee, to place in nomination two candidates for the school board.

G. M. GOULD,
Chairman Republican City Central Committee.

WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Work of the Hospital Shown by the Annual Reports—New Officers Elected.

At the annual meeting of the Woman's Christian association the yearly reports of the officers showed a prosperous condition of the hospital, the whole or partial payment of old improvement debts and the cancelling of all debts incurred for running expenses in the year 1892.

The purchase of a new heater, costing over $100, was a necessity. There remains only $55 of this large bill against the association. The cost of the brick work for the furnace and coal room, $180, falls due in the spring and must be paid.

The interest money on the original loan and special taxes have been paid promptly.

The association plans to earn money during the current year sufficient to pay up all improvement debts and special taxes, which will require not less than $1,300. This done, the mortgage debt will be reduced as fast as possible.

The basket donations have supplied the table so well that the usual grocery bills do not appear on the list of bills for the entire year.

The articles of incorporation were amended by a unanimous vote, and will be recorded in due time. The most important clause is that requiring a bond of $500 from the treasurer for the faithful performance of her duties. An itemized report of income, donations and expenditures, with list of members, would make too long a newspaper article, but the forthcoming printed report will give it all in detail for the inspection of the public. This will be generally distributed.

The following are the officers for 1894: President, Anna B. Phelps; first vice president, Eva Metcalf, Christian church; vice presidents, Persis Stacy, Congregational; Laura McBride, Methodist; Carrie R. Keeline, Episcopal; Manette E. Fields, Baptist; Annie C. Gravatte, Presbyterian; Margaret Officer, Young Woman's Christian association; recording secretary, Unita Gaines; corresponding secretary, Zoe M. Ross; treasurer, Edith M. E. Reed; auditors, Sarah B. Rohrer and Emma G. Lucas; standing committees: commissary, Mary Sherraden; devotional, Persis Stacy, Rhoda M. Osborne, Annie C. Gravatte, Angie F. Davis.

Board of Managers—Anna B. Phelps, Eva Metcalf, Minta Gaines, Zoe M. Ross, Edith M. E. Reed, Sarah B. Rohrer, Emma G. Lucas, Lydia B. Altewis, Ruth Mayne, Leona E. Sheafe.

A committee of twelve ladies will solicit the baskets during the year.

SENATORS SETTLE ON A BILL

Substitute for the Harsh Mulct Law Drawn by a Subcommittee.

SEEMS ALMOST CERTAIN TO BE PASSED

Contains Provisions for Making the Mulct Tax Stand as a License and a Bar to Prosecution Under the Prohibitory Law.

DES MOINES, Feb. 6.—(Special to The Bee.)—The subcommittee of republican senators, consisting of Harsh, Harmon, Ellis and Waterman, appointed to draft a bill to modify the prohibitory law, has completed its work. The measure has not yet been presented to the full committee for approval, but it is conceded by both elements that it will receive the endorsement of at least nine of the fifteen members of the committee on suppression of intemperance and will be formally introduced in the senate some time during the week. The nine members of the committee who are expected to approve the bill are: Funk, Ellis, Harmon, Harsh, Waterman, Oleson, Mattoon, Groneweg and Downey, the four last named being democrats.

The dissenting report will be signed by Boardman, Turner, Conaway, Jamison, Carpenter and Upton, all republicans. The two latter, however, are "open to conviction," and should they go over to the majority the passage of the bill through the senate will be almost assured. The bill is a substitute for the Harsh mulct bill and preserves several of the leading features of that measure. It reads:

Section 1. A tax of $1,000 per annum, and such additional sum as may be fixed by the town or city council in incorporated towns or cities having police protection, is hereby assessed upon and against the property and keeper thereof of any and every place where intoxicating liquors are unlawfully kept for sale or sold as a beverage in said towns or cities. Said tax shall be a lien on said real estate until paid, and shall be collected as any other taxes by the county treasurer, and by him paid over on demand to the treasurer of the town or city where said saloon is located, to be used for general purposes of said town or city; provided, that the said town or city council shall first provide, by ordinance, that said tax shall be paid in equal installments monthly in advance, and such payment so made shall operate as a bar to all other penalties for the space of thirty days from the date thereof, which bar shall be perpetual as to sales made within said thirty days, except to minors, intoxicated persons and persons in the habit of becoming intoxicated.

Sec. 2. Town and city councils operating under this act are hereby authorized, directed and empowered to assess the tax named in section 1 of this act, whenever persons or property within their respective jurisdictions become liable thereto as provided in said section 1 of this act, and certify the same to the county auditor, who shall at once certify the same to the county treasurer as required by law in cases of special assessments.

Sec. 3. In case of failure of any town or city council to pass and enforce an ordinance as provided in section 1 of this act, the payment of any other town or city tax or fine imposed on account of the sale of intoxicating liquors shall not operate as a bar to prosecution under the laws of the state prohibiting the unlawful sale of intoxicating liquors.

Sec. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

It also contains a publication clause, and if not stricken out the law will go into effect immediately on its passage.

TO KILL COLLECTION AGENCIES.

There seems to be an almost universal demand for some protection against trumped-up accounts against railroad employes and others engaged in transient employment. Sawyer of Woodbury has introduced a bill for this purpose, reading as follows:

"Whenever in any proceedings in any court of this state to subject the wages due any person to garnishment it shall appear that such person is a nonresident of the state of Iowa; that the wages earned by him were earned and payable outside the state of Iowa, the said person, whose wages are so sought to be subjected to garnishment, shall be allowed the same exemption as is at the time allowed to him by the law of the state in which he so resides."

The same member has also introduced a bill providing for a fine of from $10 to $50 for sending out of the state for collection any claim or debt when the debtor is within the jurisdiction of the state courts.

In the senate bills were introduced: By Baldwin, providing that mutual assessment life insurance companies shall have printed on the margin a notice in red ink that all the members of such companies were liable to assessment, also making the revocation of license punishment for violation of the insurance law by companies or agents; by Finn, fixing a schedule or limit to express charges.

The senate consumed the remainder of its session in eulogies on the life and public services of ex-Senator McCall (deceased) of Story.

Bills were introduced in the house as follows: By Allen by request, abolishing "days of grace" in respect to payment of promissory notes, also to simplify title to real estate received by inheritance; by Burnquist, for the taxation of mineral deposits apart from the surface of the land; by Linderman, making appropriation for support of the asylum for the insane at Clarinda; by Sessions, authorizing the auditor of state to prescribe a standard form of policy for fire insurance, also requiring foreign companies to deposit $25,000 in cash or approved securities with the auditor of state for the benefit and security of policy holders.

THREE BILLS DISPOSED OF.

The committee on judiciary reported adversely on Byers' bill, abolishing capital punishment.

The house indefinitely postponed the bill introduced by Jay, to provide payment of fees to city marshals when performing the duty of constables.

The senate bill introduced by Turner requiring all hotel and restaurant keepers who use imitation butter to conspicuously display a sign "Oleomargarine Used Here," after lengthy debate, was amended by striking out the clause "one-half of fine shall go to the informer," and passed. The penalty is fixed at from $25 to $100 fine and not exceeding thirty days imprisonment.

The first of a series of meetings of the joint committee of the two houses on suppression of intemperance was held tonight, in order, if possible, to reach some conclusion as to the meaning of the thirteenth plank in the republican platform. Senator Rowen, the leader of the prohibition element, admitted that it meant "relief" for certain localities, but insisted that the modification must be in the interest of "temperance and morality," and that this part of the pledge could not be carried out by the adoption of any form of license. Resubmission and the mulct bill, he thought, would fit the emergency and tide the party over the present crisis. No definite action was taken.

Supreme Court Decisions.

DES MOINES, Feb. 6.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—In the supreme court today the following decisions were filed: Fred Miller Brewing company against Charles De France, appellant, Polk district, affirmed. Grant Thurston against J. W. Lamb, appellant, Tama district, dismissed. Oskaloosa College against Western Fuel company et al., appellants, Mahaska district, reversed, rehearing. John Mara against John Bucknell, Winneshiek district, affirmed. George W. Haefer, appellant, against R. Mullison et al., Fremont district, affirmed. E. T. Runyon against F. M. Haislet, appellant, Chickasaw district, affirmed. C. W. Filmore against Carl Hintz and Sophia Hintz, defendants in case of the Iowa Threshing Machine company, intervenors, Buena Vista district, dismissed. Martha Owen against A. K. Owen, appellant, Allamakee district, reversed. Alletta E. Jones, appellant, against Ann Storms et al., Louisa district, affirmed. Ætna Iron works against Firmenich Manufacturing company, appellant, Marshall district, affirmed.

May Not Have Committed Suicide.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Feb. 6.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—George A. Lincoln, postmaster of this city, who was called to VanHorn, a small town west of here, this morning, to help straighten out the accounts of W. A. Ryan, the postmaster at that place who shot and killed himself last evening, has not yet returned and the particulars of the shooting are not yet known. It was first reported that he committed suicide, but a later report says the shooting was accidental; that on going home and removing his overcoat he started to take a revolver from his pocket and accidentally discharged it. The fact that the coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental shooting lends color to the latter report.

HUNTING FOR BURIED WEALTH.

Iowa Farmers Looking for the Treasures Stolen Years Ago.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Feb. 6.—(Special to The Bee.)—About four miles north of St. Ansgar in Mitchell county on the farm of T. K. Thorsen are three small caves. These caves are located on the west bank of the Cedar river and are about 300 feet apart. The middle one, which is the largest, opens about twenty feet from the river. Into this one a man can walk erect for about ten feet and as much farther by stooping. By crawling one can go sixty feet farther, where it ends in two small holes, the largest of which is less than a foot in diameter.

It has long been supposed that a large sum of money was hidden in one of these caves, and a few days ago Mr. Thorsen and a neighbor commenced a search in the hope of unearthing it. The money is said to have been secreted in the days of the early settlement of the county. At the time of the great land sale at Osage in 1855 one of the men connected with the sale, tempted by the vast sum of money received, turned thief, gathered up $40,000 and fled up the Cedar river. The Indians, who were numerous in that part of the country at that time, learned of the steal, overtook the defaulter near where Otranto now stands and murdered him. They did not find the coveted wealth, and it has always been supposed that he hid it in one of the caves. Mr. Thorsen and his companion have just finished the search in the larger cave. No money was found, but they did find the jawbone of a man, probably that of an Indian, and a tin pail, both of which were buried under the dirt which had accumulated over the stone floor of the cave. The other caves will now be searched in the hope that the coveted wealth may be in one of them.

SMOOTH LAND SHARK.

Many Iowa People in the Vicinity of Algona Deceived.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Feb. 6.—(Special to The Bee.)—Some months ago a smooth young Dane, giving the name of Julius Bleth, went to Algona and after casting about for several days, opened a land office. He was a hard worker and had his office with the Algona State bank, and he was soon doing a rushing business. A few weeks ago he went to Illinois, ostensibly to work up some land deals there. He had a lot of circulars printed, and he promised to send a lot of farmers from Illinois to settle up in Kossuth county. But he did not return, and it soon began to dawn upon the people of Algona that he had gone to return no more.

Upon investigation it was found that he had swindled a large number of those with whom he had had dealings, and especially those who had sold horses to him. He had given his personal note for the horses wherever it was acceptable, had sold the horses for what he could get and pocketed the money. In another instance he leased a piece of land for a distant owner to a party not responsible. He then leased the same land to a Mr. Platt of Cresco and accepted his note, which he disposed of and pocketed the cash. It is thought that he secured between $5,000 and $10,000. It is reported that he has returned to Denmark.

Caused a Reign of Terror.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Feb. 6.—(Special to The Bee.)—The indictment by the grand jury of Jackson county of Fred Kelsall, a merchant of Canton, on a charge of arson, is the outcome of a reign of terror which has prevailed in Brandon township of that county since last August. One night in that month there were three incendiary fires, all within half a mile of each other, the properties burned being two hay stacks on the Albert Curtis place, the farm house of George Jacobs and the granary and tool house on the farm of Fred Kelsall, the man now under indictment for setting the fires. The value of the property destroyed was small, but it created the wildest excitement, as it was said that it was but a part of a plot to destroy all the property in that neighborhood.

As a result the insurance companies ordered all their policies in that township canceled. It was openly charged at that time that the Kelsall property was burned for the insurance on it, the Jacobs property through revenge and the hay stacks belonging to Curtis as a sort of a cover. Kelsall soon after left his farm and started a general store at Canton. Detectives were set at work on the case, and, as a result of their investigations, Kelsall has been indicted on a charge of arson on three counts and his bail placed at $3,500. Owing to the prominence of the parties and the excitement that has prevailed for the past few months the outcome of the trial is awaited with a great deal of interest.

Youthful Arrest in Thief.

CRESTON, Ia., Feb. 6.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Harvey Ballard was arrested today for entering Johnson's second-hand store and stealing a shotgun and a number of other valuable articles. Ballard is only 14 years old. Last summer he broke into a meat market and secured a sum of money and for that offense was sentenced to the reform school, but execution was suspended on promise of good behavior. The sentence is now in effect and Ballard will be taken to the State Industrial school at Eldora.

Iowa Plumbers Meeting Ended.

DES MOINES, Feb. 6.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The state convention of the Master Plumbers association closed today. The election of officers resulted: President, J. A. Harris, Sioux City; vice president, Henry Ewinger, Burlington; secretary, John E. Allen, Des Moines; treasurer, Robert Clayton, Davenport; legislative committee, J. E. Allen, James Wallace, John Burnside, Des Moines, and J. A. Harris, Sioux City. The committee will present a bill to the legislature designed to benefit the organization. The next convention will be held in Burlington.

May Develop a Copper Mine.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Feb. 6.—(Special to The Bee.)—J. Z. Long, a farmer living near Toledo, Tama county, made a discovery a few days ago that promises good returns not only to him, but to the county as well. On a piece of rough land about seven miles from Toledo he found a large piece of ore lying on top of the ground. Having been in California during the days of the gold excitement and being an expert miner, he at once saw that it was rich in copper. A portion of it when assayed by the professor of chemistry of Western college showed that it contained 50 per cent pure copper. Upon making a closer investigation of the land he found it covered with smaller fragments of the ore, while the soil generally was found to be rich in indications of mineral wealth. An effort is now being made at Tama to develop the find.

Webster City Revival Services.

WEBSTER CITY, Ia., Feb. 6.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Every church, with the exception of the Catholic, have joined in a series of revival meetings. They have been in progress two weeks and business men are leaving their stores to attend the early morning services at 9 o'clock each day. Evangelist Pratt is at the head of the meetings, and he is assisted by Solvis Anderson. Over 1,000 persons hear them nightly.

Hon. W. I. Buchanan Banqueted.

SIOUX CITY, Feb. 6.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Hon. W. I. Buchanan of this city, recently appointed minister to the Argentine republic, was banqueted at the Mondamin club tonight. The banquet was the social event of the season. All professional and business men of the city and their wives were in attendance. Mr. Buchanan and family will leave for Buenos Ayres in a few days via Liverpool.

To Revive the Stock Yards Company.

SIOUX CITY, Feb. 6.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—A motion has been filed to consolidate the Union Stock Yards company receivership cases in the United States court, which will be considered February 13. An order for a sale may then be obtained. The Credits Commutation company now holds $825,000 of the $950,000 debt against the property and will bid it in at the sale.

Mayor McMurchy Resigns.

WEBSTER CITY, Ia., Feb. 6.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Mayor McMurchy tendered his resignation to the city council last night. He assigned no reason for his action other than that he did not care to serve longer. He was elected a year ago and had a year yet to serve. His action has caused much comment.

Loss of An Iowa Editor.

IOWA CITY, Ia., Feb. 6.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Fire partially destroyed the $10,000 residence and elegant library of H. S. Fairall, editor of the Republican, this evening. The insurance is $3,600, which but partially covers the loss. Only two months ago the Republican office was ruined by fire.

In Olden Times.

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

$65.50 to California and Return $65.50.

The Union Pacific offers to the California tourist for the winter of 1893-4 a rate of $65.50 for the round trip from its Missouri river terminals. Quickest time and best service. The only line running Pullman palace sleepers and diners through from Chicago to San Francisco. For any additional information call on or address E. L. Lomax, general passenger and ticket agent, Omaha, Neb.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case. You only pay for benefits received. $1 a box, 6 for $5 by mail. Sample free. Guarantees issued by our agents.

CONSTIPATION Cured. Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 60 Doses 25 cents.

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CRIME IN HIGH PLACES! It is not strange that some people do wrong through ignorance, others from a failure to investigate as to the right or wrong of a matter. But it is strange, that individuals and firms, who are fully aware of the rights of others, will persist in perpetrating frauds upon them. High-toned, wealthy manufacturing firms will offer and sell to retail merchants, articles which they know to be infringements on the rights of proprietors, and imitations of well known goods. We want to sound a note of warning to the retailers to beware of such imitations and simulations of "CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS." When they are offered to you, refuse them; you do not want to do wrong, and you don't want to lay yourself liable to a lawsuit. Ben Franklin said "Honesty is the best policy"; it is just as true that "Honesty is the best principle."

Retreat
FOR THE
Insane

In charge of the Sisters of Mercy.

This renowned institution is situated on the high bluffs back of and overlooking the city of Council Bluffs. The spacious grounds, its high location and splendid view, make it a most pleasing retreat for the afflicted. A staff of eminent physicians and a large corps of experienced nurses minister to the comforts of the patients. Special care given to lady patients.

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MANY WEARY MOTHERS.

Tired Women Whose Nervous Energy is Not Enough.

The Sense of Exhaustion that Paine's Celery Compound Readily and Permanently Cures—The Experience of Mrs. Butler as She Tells It.

There are many weary mothers and tired young women who never have enough nervous energy to carry them through the day.

A sense of exhaustion comes from protracted indoor labor, the absence of pure air and sunshine.

To meet the needs of these spendthrifts of nerve force and vitality, Paine's celery

MRS. E. D. BUTLER.

compound has been prepared. New strength, new life and new health comes to the whole system.

Paine's celery compound is the result of the life-long study and experience of one of the ablest physicians of his day, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL.D., of Dartmouth college.

His experience was one of the largest, his scientific knowledge surpassed that of any practitioner of his generation.

Prof. Phelps first prescribed Paine's celery compound, the remedy that gives strength to the weak, that makes the sick to be well, that gives food to the nerves, that enriches impoverished blood, that cures rheumatism, kidney complaints, liver troubles and all diseases that arise from an impaired nervous system, the remedy that is incomparably the greatest in the world.

Thousands it has made well. Here is what Mrs. E. D. Butler of Cleveland, O., says:

"I have used Paine's celery compound for headache and it gives immediate relief. I had used several kinds of headache drops and powders, and at last tried Paine's celery compound which helped me at once. I think it is the best remedy for the nerves that I ever tried, and I have used several kinds."

Improved Quick and Easy Rising Steam, Electric & Hand Power ELEVATORS

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SPLENDID Business Chance—For rent, to a good responsible party having about $1,000.00 cash capital to invest in milk and butter dairy in conjunction with poultry, hog and general pasture business. About 1,500 acres, mostly upland pasture, about 2 miles from Council Bluffs and 5 miles from Omaha city limits. Well fenced and water plenty and convenient in each of 3 enclosures. Good, comfortable 6-room house and good barn, hog and chicken houses. Inquire of L. P. Judson, 929 6th avenue, or 328 Broadway, Council Bluffs.

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GARBAGE removed, cesspools, vaults, chimneys cleaned. 124 Burke, at Tayl