NEBRASKA EDITORS

Second Annual Session of the State Press Association.

PROGRAM OF UNUSUAL

Bessions of the Organization Being Held at the Hotel Lincoln-How the Members Will Pass the Time.

Lincoln, Jan. 24 .- [Special to The Bes.]-The twenty-second annual session of the Nebraska Press association convened in Lincoin tonight, although the two days program will not be taken up until tomorrow morning. The association will hold its sessions at the Hotel Lincoln and the outlook is favorable for an attendance of about 150 members. The program is of more than usual interest, as it empraces papers and discussions upon topics intimately associated with the conduct and control of the country newspaper as well as the more ambitious daily. The program in full is as fol-

TRUBSDAY, JANUARY 25, 0 A. M.

Enrollment of new members and payment of annual dues.

Rending of minutes of last meeting.

President's annual address. Report of secretary and treasurer. Report of delegates to the national associa-

Miscellar cons business,
Paper "Publishing Session Laws in News-Dapers," A. P. Childs, Wayne Democrat.

Dapers," A. P. Childs, Wayne Democrat.

APTERNOON, 2:30.

Paper—"How to Make a Small City Daily
Pay," C. M. Hubmer, Nebraska City Nows.
Paper—"The Qualifications for a Successful
Country Editor," A. W. Ladd, Albion News.
Paper—"How to Get and Hold Subscribers,"

A. H. Brown, Hastings Tribune.
Paper—"Advertising; How to Get It," S. C.
Woodruff, Tekaman Burtonian.

EXEMPTRANCESSION, 8 OF LOCK, UNIVERSITY.

EVENING SESSION, 8 O'CLOCK, UNIVERSITY. Poem A. L. Bixby, Nobraska State Journal Oration—Ross L. Hammond, Fremont Tri-

Historical Sketch-Edgar Howard, Papillion in addition to the above there will be music

FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 9:30 A. M. Paper-"The Editorial Page," Perry Selden, Blair Pilot. Paper-"Local News," W. E. Dayton, York

Blair Pilot.

Paper—"Local News," W. E. Dayton, York
Republican.

Round Table—This feature will be in charge
of F G. Simmons, Seward Reporter. It is intended to afford an informal discussion of
business topics, as follows: "Doing Job
Work," "The Best Ready Prints," "Value of
Serial Stories, "Typesatting Machines," "Taking Pay in Trade," "Best Publication Day,"

Election of officers.

Election of delogates to the national association.

Fights Her Case Bitterly. Mrs. A. B. Kempton, the woman charged with conducting a place of ill repute, is fighting her case bitterly before the police court. The hearing of the case was resumed this morning, the court being held in the council chamber to accommodate the crowd of men attracted by the prospect of racy developments. The case is all the more interesting for the reason that it is undertaken by the authorities under the orders of Mayor Weir, who is determined to go as far as possible to stamp out the social evil in The fact that the case is bitterly contested has not discouraged the police Witnesses were introduced today to prove that the women found in the resort the night it was raided by the police were well known violators of the law. Men were placed on the stand to prove that they had visited Mrs. Kempton and made arrangements for entertainment over night with female companions. Mrs. Kempton is the woman who emptied her revolver at the police a week ago last Sunday night when they effected an entrance to her rooms.

Mayor Weir's Vetoes.

The regular session of the city council was not held last evening owing to the lack of a quorum, but an attempt is being made to hold a seasion this afternoon. Mayor Weir submitted three vetoes to resolutions adopted by the council at its regular meet-ing last week. One was for the repair of the roadway on O street, between Twenty-Thirtieth streets, the mayor deeming it unwise to expend the road fund on contract work inside of a paying district. The resolution for a turnpike road on Thir-tieth street, from Fair to Center, was vetoed the reason that the mayor does not be lieve the work can be economically while the ground is frozen. The third veto covered the resolution to grade North Twelfth street, from Salt creek to Nance street. The mayor advances the reason that the work cannot be satisfactorily done while the frost is in the ground.

Fire in a Saloon.

Shortly before I o'clock this morning the fire department was called to the Diamond saloon at 1434 O street by a blaze that had been started in some mysterious manuer in the ceiling in the rear of the room. building is a two-story one, and the bar-tender, Henry Dignan, lived with his family in the rooms above the saloon. It took the department over an hour to extinguish the fire, and before they had accomplished their work Dignan's household effects were ruined by the flames, smoke and water. The bar fixtures were removed, but the damage to rooms and contents will reach nearly

Fined an Even Hundred,

Samuel Means, the Madison county man convicted of passing counterfeit money in the federal court last week, was brought be fore Judge Dundy for sentence this after-nom. Before passing sentence Judge Dundy permitted the wife of the prisoner to make an appeal for her husband. Mrs. Means said that she and her husband were practically without means of support and that if he was sent to the penitentiary their home would be broken up and she would have no means of supporting herself and her children. She begged the Judge to fine her husband and not to include imprisonment in his sentence. Judge Dundy stated in reply that the law fixed both fine and imprison ent, at the discretion of the court. All of the jurors, with but one exception, had recommended a fine instead of imprison ment, but he said that the little child which had entered the court room with her unfortunate father had done more to secure light punishment than anything else. Th dge then sentenced Means to pay a fine of 00 and cests and to remain in the custody of the United States marshal until the money was paid into court.

NORTH LOUP'S BIG DITCH.

Irrigation Company Prepared to Continue Work Early in the Spring. NORTH LOUP, Neb., Jan. 24.- [Special to Tun Ben. !- While the North Loup irrigation ditch is frozen up for the present, still the officers are not sleeping. This is the farthest east any ditch is in process of construction at present. The country generally considered as needing irrigation hes west of the 100th meridian, which is about seventy-five miles west of here. It is a known fact that all agricultural land is in need of water at times when the heavens do not see fit furnish it, and the people here see fit to keep abreast with the times and are there-fore taking time by the forelock and provid-

ing themselves with the needful. The company is letting contracts for ex-cavating to begin as soon as the trost will permit in the spring and making arrangements for 300,000 feet of lumber that will be used in flume and bridge work on the ditch. The company is working with a view of get ting the water down to this place by July l

and then having the grandest Fourth of July celebration that has ever been witnessed in this part of the state.

HASTINGS, Jan. 24.—(Special Telegram to THE BEE.)—The Hastings irrigation Canal and Power company tonay filed new articles of incorporation and the following appear as the new backers of the plan: W. H. Mayo, James Craig and J. A. Mathews of St. Louis, V. C. Snickley, Genova, and Isaac Ledioyt, Hastings. The officers are: W. H. Mayo, president and transcript V. C. Shickley, Genova, and Isaac Ledioyt, Pastings. Mayo, president and treasurer; V. C. Shick-ley, vice president, and Isaac Ledicyt, secretary. The new company is capitalized at \$500,000 and it will in a few days submit a proposition to the city council for action.

Mysteriously Missing. BEATRICE, Jan. 24. - [Special Telegram to Tun Bun.]-Stephen A. O'Neal disappeared from this city a couple of weeks since and

persistent search and inquiry by the author-

ities have failed to disclose his whereabouts Before his sudden departure O'Neal was at work on a perpetual motion machine, and his friends think he has either been foully dealt with or gone in search of some one to furnish him funds to complete his machine.

School Boys and Revolvers. CRAR ORCHARD, Neb., Jan. 24 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-Milt Walker, a lad of 18, was arrested Tuesday evening for carrying concealed weapons on a warrant sworn out by . C. Harnley, principal of the schools at this place. For some time complaints have been current that the boys were carrying weapons to school, but nothing was known definitely until yesterday, when some one stole young Walker's revolver. This, of course, led to an investigation, which resulted in an arrest. He was brought before Justice of the Peace Howe and pleaded to the complaint and was fined \$10 osts. He is the son of J. M. Walker, a and costs. prominent farmer, stock buyer and class leader in the Methodist Episcopal church. It is rumored that other arrests will follow. Harnley says that he proposes to run the If the boys cannot obey the ru the school they must obey the laws of Ne-

Lyons Postoffice,

LYONS, Neb., Jan. 24 .- (Special to THE BEE.]-C. Van Schalck has full charge of the postoffice at this place. His son Mont is acting as deputy. W. D. Smith, the deposed postmaster, is still sick and unable to leave the house. He has turned nearly all his property over to his bondsmen and has se-cured them against loss as far as he could.

Bound to See "Wang." NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Jan. 24. - [Special to THE BEE.]-A theater party will leave this city next Tuesday evening over the Missouri Pacific for Omaha to see the opera "Waug." A special train will take the party, including Nebraska City's 400, returning after the per-

Savidge at Nebraska City.

NEBHASKA CITY, Jan. 24.-[Special to THE BEE.]-Rev. C. W. Savidge of Omaha is conducting a series of revival meetings at the People's church in this city. The reverend gentleman's eloquence has attracted a large number of hearers and much good is antici-

Catarra

Is undoubtedly a disease of the blood, and as such only a reliable blood purifier can effect a perfect and permanent cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier, and it has cured many very severe cases of catarrh. Satarrh oftentimes leads to consumption. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too

Hood's Pills do not purge, pain or gripe, but act promptly, easily and efficiently. 25c.

OPENING OF THE SCHLITZ. Completion of an Architectural Gem in the

Heart of the City. The Schlitz building was formally opened o the public yesterday and was thronged for hours with delighted humanity. The towering gem of enterprise was completed last week at a total cost of \$185,000. Of this amount \$65,000 was spent for realty. The contracts were filled mostly by Omaha firms, as the Schlitz Brewing company believes in encouraging home industries and home labor as much as possible. The structure is situated on Sixteenth street, next to the Board of Trade building. It has a frontage of sixty-six feet and is 132 feet in length. Five floors are completely equipped with modern conveniences, including electricity, steam heat, exposed plumbing and artistic finishings. An electric Crane elevator affords quick transit facilities. The main entrance to the building is on Sixteenth street. The basement is devoted to wine cellars, refrigerators, kitchen service and an electric

The boiler rooms are located in the rear of the intter.

The first floor is occupied by the Schlitz restaurant and bar, where refreshments of an epicurean or liquid nature can be obtained at popular prices. The interior appointments of this portion of the building is a study. Over \$30,000 has been expended in rich designs of decorative art and furnishings Upon entering this palatial cafe the visitor is greeted with a solid column of marble surmounted with the familiar trade mark of the company. The doors which constitute the portals of this "up-to-date" enterprise are made of birdseye maple with silver plate trimmings. The floor is composed of blue and cream tiling. One hundred and twenty five incandescent lights nestle like small stars in the ceiling, which consists of papier stars in the ceiling, which consists of papier mache of cream color, thus blending harmo-niously in the general effect. The walls pre-sent an entraucing array of large mirrors, which reflect paradisal pictures of the

A large oil painting representing the earth, encircled by a pennant bearing the word "Schiltz" adorns the east wall urniture in the restaurant is all made o birdseye maple, with silver decorations and elaborate carving. The bar counter is of particularly attractive design. The top is of the best mahogany and the base is a solid one of Tennessee marble. A canopy of blue and old gold looks down upon the heads of the "mixologists" as they supply the thirst of appreciative patrons. The balance of the finishings are of the King Louis XV style. The lunch counter and cigar stand are fully up to the general standard of excellence that characterizes the entire plant. No expense has been spared to make the Omaha house as complete in all its appointments as the one at Milwaukee. Patrons are kept warm by gilded radiators, and the windows are filled with palms and potted plants. The electrollers are glitter-ing galaxies of beauty. Even the cuspadores are in keeping with the rest of the magnifi-cence that forms a feast for the eyes of visitors. The cafe has been leased by Mr. Henry Scharf, a hotel man of large expe-rience in London and Paris. He was in harge of the famous White Horse inn at the World's fair, and has been in the bus iness the greater portion of his life. Mr. Scharf has surrounded himself with a pro-ficient force of employes, who will attend to

patrons with punctifious regard for duty. The upper floors of the building will be occupied by offices and a large number of tennts have already been secured. Mr. Charles tirchoff was the architect of the building and he has every reason to feel gratified at the triumph of good taste which now con-fronts him and gives to Omaha a magnificent pyramid of progressive architecture. The contracts were let as follows: Decorating, Henry Lehman; mason work,

Deverell Bros.; carpentering, W. F. Rice; cut stone, A. Schell & Co; iron, Paxton-Vierling company; gaivanized iron, G. Epeneter; electric work, Western Electrical company; elevator, Crane; mantels and tiles, Milton Rogers & Co.; heating and beer pumps, Theodore Heuck; plumbing, Free; plastering, Thomas White; papier mache, Seidel & Lochmond of Milwaukee; interior finish, Bruce & Wallager Manufacturing company of Milwaukee; gas fixtures, John Rowe & Co. and J. M. Russelt & Co. The material used in the construction of the exerior of the building is pressed brick, terra cotta, iron and stone.

"BUB" BALCOMBE'S JOB.

He is Made Sidewalk Inspector to Succeed O. A. Scott.

U. B. Balcombe has no intention of ceasing to eat just because another fills the position of deputy city clerk, which he has occupled for the past two years. On the contrary, he will continue to eat just as much and as often as is possible on a salary of \$90 a month, and the bills will be paid out of the public till as heretofore.

A special meeting of the Board of Public Works was held yesterday, and it was strictly on the quiet. As soon as the members were assembled, Major Balcombe, the progenitor of U. B. Balcombe and incidentally street commissioner, imparted to his associates his overweening desire to have his son installed as sidewalk inspector in place of O. A. Scott, who has been looking after the duties of that position for the past year. The wishes of the major were treated with the utmost deference, and his appointment of "Bub" was formally ratified and confirmed with a celerity and grace that the council could not successfully imitate if it tried a year. The change will not take effect until the first of next month, but at that time "Buh" Balcombe will have another city job and Mr. Scott will go out in the cold to hunt one. the cold to hunt one.

OLNEY ON THE SITUATION

Attorney General Talks About the Nebraska District Attorneyship.

HE IS HALTING NOW BETWEEN TWO MEN

Has Both Ogden and Sawyer in His Mind and Finds the Choice is Difficult-Chances Are the Omaha Man Will Win.

> WASHINGTON BURE AU OF THE BEE, 1 513 FOURTH ENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.

"It will be either A. J. Sawyer of Lincoln or Judge Charles Ogden," said Attorney General Olney today, in talking over the candidates for the United States district attorneyship for Nebraska. Then Mr. Olney discussed the merits of the two men. He regarded the fact that Judge Ogden had been selected for the beach upon his merits and had maintained his position with credit as good evidence of his legal attainments and his ability to fill the district attorneyship with satisfaction to the people and the department. He spoke of Mr. Sawyer's business success, and observed that he must be a man of excellent business sense and judgment, as his individual life and accomplishments had marked him as a capable man and one who had abilities which commended him to the position under discussion. The attorney general gave both men a fine endorsement, and said that he was favorably impressed with both. He left the impression, however, that Judge Ogden, everything considered, stood the best chance of appointment. The nomination may go to the senate any day.

Boyd's Name Written There.

There is made up for representatives of the press at the room of the appointment clock of the Treasury department every week day a list of those who apply for ap-pointments in the treasury service. The name, address of the applicant and the office sought are given together, a word indicating whether the application is made by the applicant direct or through friends, but cess to the application papers is refuse 1 the public. Today there appeared upon this list the following entry: "Nebraska, James E. Boyd, surveyor of customs at Omaha, by friend." Nothing further could be Nothing further could be by THE BEE correspondent learned by THE BEE correspondent at the Treasury department. It is not known whether this application made by the friends of ex-Governor Boyd for the surveyorship is in the form of a peti-tion or letters or a formal application in the third person. The facts remain, however that some person or persons has or have asked the secretary of the treasury or the president that ex-Governor Boyd shall be appointed surveyor of the port of Omaha. The fact that the president has some sort of objections to James McShane and regards ex-Governor Boyd very highly, and would be glad to give him an appointment, led Ne-braskans today who heard of the application to speculate upon its meaning. though it is known that Secretary Carlisle is strongly in favor of the appointment of McShane it would create no surprise if president should name ex-Governor Boyd for the position.

Killing the Sugar Trust.

It would appear certain that when the Wilson tariff bill becomes law, if it ever loes, it will make all grades of sugar abso-Democratic members ways and means and senate finance committees today expressed the opinion in the most positive language finance that no matter what may be done with crude sugar, there will be no protection af-forded the refiners. It is the prevailing beinef that the sugar schedule will stand in the bill as it is at present. Nothing more is heard of the proposed dury on crude sugar. The house by an over-whelming majority has decided that shall be no duty on raw sugar. The democrats con-tend that under the circumstances that any and all men who vote for protection to the refiners will be open to suspicion of having been bribed. The trust, they say, has made arrangements to "fix" the senate and secure protection. Even if a duty should be placed upon the crude sugar they could not add an additional duty on refined sugar, as that would be a step for protection, and would destroy the "revenue" principle, suggesting a duty on the crude. The opinion is freely expressed by republicans in both branches of congress that no further change will be made in the sugar schedule of the bill either in the house or senate. The democrats feel that they are accomplishing by indirection what they have long prated about directly; that they will kill the trust by refusing proection, and will not have to anti-trust law which lies dormant upon the statute books.

Views of a Manufacturer. Henry T. Oxnard, the beet sugar manufacturer, in commenting today on the action of the house in voting all sugar free and repealing the bounty, said to THE BRE corre-"It looks as though the senate would let the work of the house stand so far as the sugar schedule is concerned. It will ruin the entire sugar industry in the country and probably that in Nebraska, where the production of beets has not been developed. We have been depending upon the bounty for revenue to offer as an extra inducement to the beet growers. Our farmers are not always ready to jump into a new industry and we must give them something extra till they have it developed. We can never derelop the beet sugar industry in free com petition with European countries which have long since developed it. I feel that the republicans in the house in refusing to sup-port the bounty have faced about on one of their principles. They refrained from voting because they wanted to see so many unpopular features adopted that the bill would fail of final passage, but I don't think they should run such chances to the hazard of one of our greatest industries.

Representative Melklejohn called at the Treasury department to secure the early ompletion of the interior work on the pub lic building at Fremont. Supervising Ar-chitect O'Rourke informed him that the plans and specifications would be completed in a few days and that he would call fo bids early next week. There remains \$18, 000 of the appropriation, which will be suffi-cient to finish the interior work of the build-The architect said that the contract vould be let in a month.

Mr. Meiklejohn introduced a bill today for

granting a charter to the lows & Nebraska Pontoon Bridge comtor the construction pontoon bridge across the Missouri river be-tween Sloux City, Ia., and Covington, Neb. The company is organized under the laws of lowa by citizens of northeast Nebraska, who are very desirous of securing communication with Sloux City.
Mr. C.E. Perkins, president of the Chicago,

Burlington & Quincy railroad, is at the Arlington. Penny S. Heath. Governor Boyd Knows Nothing of It. When ex-Governor Boyd was asked about the application filed in his name for the position of surveyor of this port, he said: "It is all Greek to me. I have no knowledge that any such thing was proposed and never authorized anybody to make any such

"I am now waiting to hear from friends in the east, and expect every hour to receive a dispatch from them, and will immediately thereafter start for Mexico to be gone month or more on a business trip. I have my railroad ticket in my pocket and had exdon't know who could have filed the applicapected to be on the road before today.

application. The whole matter is news to

Pension for a Centenarian.

Washington, Jan. 24.-Andrew Franklin, veteran of the war of 1813, who lives in Coffey county, Kansas and is 102 years old, will be given a pension of \$50 a month if the favorable report of the house pensions committee on his case is approved by congress. The committee has also recommended a pen-sion for Hannah Lyons of Marblehead, Mass., a daughter of John Russel, a revolutionary veteran.

Cost of Utah Territory, Washington, Jan. 24.—Secretary Carlisle has sent a communication to the senate showing the amounts the United States has

expended in the territory of Utah on account of costs and expenses of prosecution. These expenditures began in :1875, the total ount up to the present time being \$725,-it appears that the law requires that these expenses be paid by the territory, but congress has annually appropriated the

money required. WASHINGTON'S VACANT SEAT.

the Election of a Scator. Washington, Jan. 24.-When the republi can national committee recently met in this city a resolution was offered requesting the governor of Washington to call a special legislature to elect a senator. It was decided, however, that the chairman should express the opinion of the committee in a

etter. Mr. Manley has written the follow

"Hon. K. A. McGraw, Olympia, Wash. My Dear Sir: As you will have been advised through the public prints, the executive committee of the republican national committee at its recent meeting elected me chairman of the committee to succeed Mr. Carter, wno resigned as chairman of the executive committee, still retaining his posi-tion as chairman of the national organization. After conversing with various members of the committee concerning the mat-ters of pressing importance requiring attention from a party standpoint from various sections of the country, the executive committee clearly indicated an indisposition to intermeddle in local affairs and as to your state every member of the committee expressed the most profound respect in your adgment, discretion and fidelity to the republican party.

"Notwithstanding this respectful consider-

ation it was deemed just and fair to you to have you understand that in the judgment of the committee the interests of the repub-lican party would be very materially ad-vanced and the prosperity of the country insured to a measurable extent by the recon-vening of the legislature of your state, if such action would result in the election of a United States senator whose vote would certainly be cast against the pending tariff bill known as the Wilson bill. Representa-tives of the lumber, lead, wool and others interested from your country and likewise from other sections have directly or in directly urged upon the committee the necessity of securing the entire strength of the republican party in the senate and I therefore, in the interest of the party, and of those who have a right to expect its full support, very respectfully suggest to you that it is the scatiment of the republican national committee that the best interests in the country and party would be subserved by calling an extra session of your legisla ture for the purpose of electing a senator. unless it shall in your mind appear manifest this course is unwise and inexpedient. "I would be glad, indeed, to correspond with you in respect to the situation if, in your judgment, the subject matter is worthy

PRESENT BUSINESS CONDITIONS.

of your distinguished consideration. Very respectfully yours, Joseph H. Manley."

Representative McGana Talks on the Relations of Capital and Labor. Washington, Jan. 24.—Representative Mc Gann of Illinois, chairman of the house committee on labor, has given much study for years to the relations of capital and labor. Mr. McGann thinks that the present business conditions are not the result of any differences between capital and labor. In an interview today he said: "If the labor comnittee was to introduce a bili intended to re adjust business on the right basis it would be denounced as revolutionary. In my own opinion we must retrace our steps to first principles. We are operating under economic laws in which the great factor of machinery was not originally considered, economic laws which have also been distorted by unnatura superstructures built upon them to meet the violent conditions of war times. It was never intended that the government should interefere with matters of trade. They should be left to be regulated by the laws of supply and demand, after the government has levied an impartial tax to pay its little expenses. One fact seems to have been established by this tariff debate, that capital never accords labor more than the lowest wages it is compelled to pay. Republicans and democrats have admisted this, and only by organization of labor have wages been raised. Interference of the government has always been in behalf of capital. Labor has never sought bounties. It is only capital that comes here when profits are not suffiient and asks for aid to carry on business After it is secured capital never shares with labor, except as it is compelled to."

INCLUDED THE INCOME TAX.

It Will Be Included to the Internal Revenue Bill. Washington, Jan. 24.—The full ways and means committee has voted to report the internal revenue bill, including the income tax. The vote was 9 to 7. All the republicans and Messrs. Cochran and Stevens

oted in the negative. The success of the income tax men in finally getting the bill out of the committee was achieved after a sharp contest. The republicans refused to vote. Three democrats, Cockran, Stevens and Bynum also refused to vote. This broke a quorum and the ncome tax men were powerless.
Then Mr. Reed came to the rescue and

said if another roll call was taken the repub licans would vote to make a quorum, but not to favor a report. The roll call gave fifteen votes, or four more than a quorum. Cockran and Stevens still refusing to vote, but the quorum was made without them. Then the motion was put on reporting the bill to the house. This prevailed by the following vote: Yeas—Wilson, McMillin, Bynum, Whiting, Breckingide, Tarsney,

Montgomery, Bryan and Turner—9 (all democrats.) Nays—Reed, Burrows, Payne, Dulzell, Hopkins (republicans). Cockran and Stevens (democrats)—7. Total vote, 16. A notable feature of the vote was the action of Chairman Wilson and Messrs. Breckinridge and Bynum in voting to report

ENDORSES CLEVELAND.

McCreary Introduces a Resolution on the Hawaiian Question.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Representative Mc-Creary, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, has introduced a resolution embodying the policy of the democratic members of the committee on the subject of Hawaii. In substance, it denounces the idea of annexation and supports President Cleveland's attitude in the matter. It was referred to the committee on foreign affairs. McCreary says it was seen by all the democratic members of the committee and received their approval. He expects to have t taken up by the committee Thursday and avorably reported by the majority, so as to be before the house as a basis of action next

Representative Hitt. the republican leader on the foreign committee, says the commit tee will present a substitute to the McCreary resolution.

WANT AN ITEMIZED ACCOUNT.

Awkward Demand on Members of the Bering Sea Commission.

Washington, Jan. 24-By a decision of Second Comptroller Mansur Senator Morgan, Justice Harlan and other members and attaches of the Bering sea commission will be required to put in an itemized account of expenses, as the comptroller is of the opinion that they are not entitled to per diem allow-ances ranging from \$16 to \$20. Neither kept an itemized account. They will have to re-fund all the money they received for which they cannot account, unless the decision is

Admission of the Territories, Washington, Jan. 24.—It is probable that it will be some time before action is taken in the senate on the territory admission bills. The senate committee on territories met today for the first time since Christmas, and the sentiment expressed was that there should be investigations and hearings on

questions involved in the territorial bills. May Prolong the Tariff Debate. WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.-Chairman Wilson of the ways and means committee today said that if the internal revenue bill is brought FEDERAL ELECTIONS

It Occupied Most of the Attention of the Senate Yesterday.

SENATOR LODGE OPPOSES ITS REPEAL Republican National Committee Advises

> In a Vigorous Speech He Points Out the Folly of Wiping it Off the Statute Books-Another Hawalian

> > Discussion.

Washington, Jan. 24.-The Hawaiian question came prominently before the senate igain today, and, after an hour's brisk discussion, went over until tomorrow. The result of the debate was to show that there is division in both party ranks on the wisdom of adopting the resolution reported by the foreign relations committee.

Senator Vest objected to it on the ground that it indicated the project for annexation might be more favorably received in the future, and . Senator Allison and other republicans objected to it on the ground that, according to their interpretation, the resolution pledged the senate as altogether opposing the principle of annexation and approving the policy of the president in this respect. A half dozen amendments are now pending to modify its phraseology, and it is likely to be subjected to material changes before final adoption

At 2 o'clock the bill repealing the federal elections laws came up as unfinished business. The Hawaiian resolution went over until tomorrow, when Senator Teller will take the floor. Senator Lodge then took the floor in oppo sition to the bill repealing the federal elections laws.

Senator Lodge's Speech.

Mr. Lodge said it would be a waste of time to argue concerning the constitution-ality of the national election laws. If ever there could be doubt on this subject, supreme ourt decisions had settled the question for all time. After reviewing the decisions of the supreme court relative to this matter the senator took up the question of election frauds and reviewed in detail recent in-

stances of corruption in New York City.
The senator then continued: 'The pas The schatter then continued: 'The pas-sage of the laws which it is now proposed to repeal and the appointment of supervisors in accordance with their provisions, put a stop in a large measure to those frauds Whatever the defects were in this legislaion—and they were many—at the time they at least produced this good result; these frauds thus brought to an end were the work of that eminent democrat, the late William L Tweed. But although he was driven from the field of his political activity and died in obscurity, his throne has not been left vacant, nor his sword unswayed. He has both successors and imitators. I will take only one very recent example to prove this and to show that if those laws were needed to repress Mr. Tweed's activity they are just as necessary today to curb the zeal of those who would rival him in

his chosen sphere of public usefulness. "Last fail Mr. John Y. McKane of Gravesend, L. I., rose at a bound to national reputation. If he lacked the powerful imagina-tion of Mr. Tweed in dealing with the voting lists and voters he quite equaled him in boldness and efficiency. If his performances were less picturesque and finished than those of his great master, they were quite as flagrant. I will describe what he did. not in my own language, but in the forcible sentences of Mr. St. Clair McKelway, a democrat and the editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, the leading democratic newspaper of that city. Mr. McKelway states what oc-curred at Gravesend last fall as follows: At this election this man had an 8,418 population to take into consideration in his town. He credited himself with 6,218 voters, Never did mathematician or fecundity of imagination further go,' I dislike to correct Mr. McKelway, but I do not think that this statement is quite accurate. In the carrier and better days I have shown Mr. Tweed displayed a richer imagination in dealing with election figures than Mr. Mc-Kane, but on the other hand, in justice to McKane, it ought to be said that Mr. Tweed never beat and stoned American citizens because they carried a mandate of the supreme court authorizing them to examine the voting districts.

On the Negro Question.

"Mr. McKane's performances," continued Mr. Lodge, 'prove sufficiently that crimes against the suffrage are attempted now just as flagrantly in our northern cities as they were more than twenty years ago, and that the need of stringent legislation, both state and national, to prevent and punish them is as great as ever. In the north election frauds are the vulgar crimes of dangerous men with criminal propensities. Public opinion there so regards them, and when that public opinion is aroused it treats them simply as criminals to be dealt with in the courts. In the south the case is widely different, for there the subject is complicated with a race question and with senti-ments which are the evil legacies of slavery and civil war.

For my own part, profound as my convic tions are on this question of honest elec-tions. I have never sought to disguise the difficulties of that question in the south. The future of the negro race in the United States is one of the gravest problems to be met by the American people. It is not a problem which can be settled this year or It will remain with us and our children for many years to come. However slavery was expiated by the war, its results remained. Nations are unable as men to escape the consequences of their own actions, whether the actions be good or had The negroes whom we brought here are still with us, although slavery has vanished, and their numbers increase from day to day. However we may divide among ourselves the responsibility for their presence they at least are wholly innocent. We brought them here with cruelty and violence and against their will. We took from them their liberty and we held them in bondage. We have done them great wrong. They ask that us we have made then American citizens they should have all the rights before the law which that name implies. To these rights I believe them to be entitled, and so far as those rights come within the jurisdiction of the United States I believe they should be protected by the national power.

Why He Opposes Repeal,

"I am opposed to the repeal of these laws, because it is a direct blow to national sentiment and to the right and authority of the nation. If they serve no purpose except as an expression of national right and authority these laws ought not to be touched. I have endeavored in the past to improve them, but the crowning defect of these laws and of efforts which have been made to add to them is not that they go too far, but that they are ill constructed and do not go far enough. National elections, that is of congressmen, are by the constitution wholly within the power of congress. Should congress exert that power, these elections should be absothat power, these elections should be absolutely separate from the elections of state or municipality. They should be held on a different day from any local election and they should be conducted and protected by national officers and not by local officers. The United States has no right to meddie in any way with state, country or city elections and in my theory. inty or city elections, and in my theory of the constitution the state should no neddle in any way with elections of the members of the national house. The present attempt is an effort to evade the domain of national authority, to break down national power, te sweep from the statute books any recognition of national rights. On this ground I oppose this bill. And I also oppose it because I believe that national elections, separate from all local elections, should be under the control and conduct of the United States to the end that citizens of the United States, when in that capacity they exercise their highest privilege, may be able to do so without fear or favor. As I quoted in the debate in the house in 1890, 'I wish men to be free, as much from mobs as kings, At 3:05 the senator concluded his remarks and on motion of Senator Allison the senate

went into executive session

At 3:15 the doors were again open, and Senator Coke of Texas called up the bill authorizing the Guif, Beaumont & Kansas City railroad to bridge the Neches and Sabine rivers in Louisiana and Texas.

Overlooked a Supreme Court Decision. This measure was made the occasion of a

detailed discussion by Senator Vest of the recent veto by Chrelandon the New York and New Jersey bill.

"The president," said he, "in his veto message says: "I am by no means certain that the secretary of war, who is invested by the terms of the bill with considerable discontinuous areas as the plans of the street.

discretion, so far as the plans of the struct-ure are concerned, would have the power to exact of the promoters of this enterprise the erection of a bridge spanning the entire

"We have in the New York bridge bill the identical provision that we have here that the plans should be submitted to the secretary of war, and until approved by him the struc ture cannot be commenced. The president, and I mention it with great respect, has overlooked the decision of the supreme court of the United States on this very matter. In the New York case, where the identical question submitted to the court was the one raised by the president in his recent message, the court decided as follows: It is competent for congress, having authorized the construction of a bridge at a given height over a navigable water, to en power the sceretary of war to determine whether the proposed bridge will be a seri ous obstruction to navigation, and authorize changes in the plans of the proposed structure."

After these remarks by Mr. Vest the bill passed, several minor amendments being first adopted.

Bills Passed. The bill extending the time for the con struction of the bridge across the Calumet river, Illinois, the senate bill authorizing the issue of a patent to the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions for certain lands or the Omaha reservation for school purposes and the house bill to authorize the secre-tary of the interior to reserve from sale cer-tain land in the abandoned Fort Cummings nilitary reservation were passe At 4 p. m. the senate adjourned.

Applies to the Salaries of Public Officials. Washington, Jan. 24.-Representative Bryan of Neoraska, who, with Mr. McMillin framed the income tax measure, explains a misapprehension which has arisen as to the tax on the salaries of senators, representa tives and other public officers. "The tax ap-plies to all salaries, public and private allike," he said, "and the same exemptions are given to public officials as to private in-

Confirmed by the Scuate. Washington, Jan. 24.—The senate in excutive session today made public the following confirmations: O. B. Spencer, to be surveyor of customs at Denver; Edward W. S. Tingle of Montana, to be consul at Bruns-wick, Germany; Thomas of Florida, consul at La Guayra, Venezuela.

NEWS FOR THE ARMY.

Leaves Granted and thanges in Service and Station Directed.

Washington, Jan. 24. - Special Telegram to THE BEE !- Leave for two months, to take effect February 1, is granted Second Lieutenant Stephen M. Hackney, Sixteenth

The following transfers in the Seventh infantry are made: Second Lieutenant Wil liam Wallace, from company C to company K; Second Lieutenant William C. Rogers, from company K to company C; Second Lieutenant Henry A. Pipes, from company F to company 1; Second Lieutenant George H. Jameison, from company 1 to company F First Lieutenant Edwin B. Babbitt nance department, will proceed from West Point, N. Y., to the Springfield armory, Massachusetts, on official business pertain-ing to the department of ordnance and guunery, United States Military academy.
The leave granted First Lieutenant
Thomas H. Wilson, Second infantry, is extended one month.

Department of the Platte. A general court-martial is appointed to meet at Fort McKinney, Wyo., at 10 o'clock a. m., on Monday, the 29th day of January 1894, or as soon thereafter as practicable for the trial of such persons as may be properly brought before it. The detail for the court follows: Major Francis E. Lacey, Eighth infantry; Captain Daniel T. Wells, Eighth infantry; Captain Egbert B. Savage, Eighth infantry: Captain George E. Bushnell, assistant surgeon, U.S. A.; Captain William Stanton, Sixth cavalry; Captain Charles W. Taylor, North cavalry; First Lieutenant John F. McBlain, Ninth cavalry; Second Lieutenant Ernest B. Gose, Eighth infantry; Second Lieutenant Jacques de L. Lafitte, Eighth infantry: Second Lieutenant George C. Barnhardt, Sixth cavalry; Second Lieutenant Kenzie W. Walker, Niath avalry : First Lieutenant Robert F Ames Eighth infantry, judge advocate. Leave of absence for one month is granted

econd Lieutenant John K. Miller, Eighth infantry. A bottle of Cook's Extra Dry Imperial Champagne with your dinner makes it complete. It pleases everyone.

HOME GUARDS AND REUNIONS.

SOUTH OMAHA, Jan. 23 .- To the Editor of THE BEE: I noticed in this morning's BEE a call for a reunion of the First and Second Nebraska regiments of the United States volunteers to be held in Omaha, January 31, 1894, but not including the old Home guard, organized in Nebraska City, 1861, and in force up to 1864, under Colonel O. P. Mason and Henry Kaikman, our captain. I do know this much; that myself and others were many times just as much exposed to danger day and night, without sany pay, chasing jayhawkers and watching indians from making an attack on the settlers. Are we or are we not entitled to be recognized in this great reunion? I would like to hear from Major Paddock or Hon. Alvin Saunders. WILLIAM STADELMANN.

KNOWLEDGE

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putting in about 16,000 feet of artificial of
natural blackboards.

A statement containing all necessary information will be mailed to the prospective
bidders upon application to the secretary,
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Secretary Board of Education. J24D3TM

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