- LAGROS

and Frazee; hospital at Independence-Rigand Frazee; hospital at independence—reg-gen, Neitert and Watters; reform school at Eldora—Everall, Linderman and Hinman; penitentiary at Anamosa—Ellis, Steen and McCaun; penitentiary at Fort Madison— Waterman, St. John and Saberson; State university—Funk, Blanchard and Robinson. These committees are given specific instructions to do thorough work and a week's ad-journment will be taken for this purpose.

The Dubuque contest cases of Frudden and Luick, independent democrats, against McCann and Stillmunkes, the sitting mem-bers, word discussed. bers, were dismissed.

CHARGED WITH LIBEL.

City Editor Davis of the Cedar Rapids Republican Under Arrest.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Jan. 15 .- [Special Telegram to THE BER |-A. R. West today resigned as marshal of the city and at once Instituted suit against the Daily Republican for \$20,000 damages for libel. The Republican has published several articles charging him with breach of official duty and of cruel and innuman treatment of those in his barge, which it is claimed is false and wil-

illy malicious. Late tonight Frederick P. Davis, city editor of the Republican, was arrested on two warrants charging him with libel on com-plaint of West. He was arraigned, waived preliminary examination and was bound over to the grand jury, which is now in session. The suits have created a great seasa-

Missouri Valley Criminal Cases.

MISSOURI VALLEY, In., Jan. 15 .- [Special to THE BEE. |- Two men named Stewart and Mitchell were arrested here today on a telegram from Jefferson, Ia., where they are wanted on the charge of inreeny. Sheriff Dodge of Jefferson took them there this

District court will convene in Harrison county Monday, with a lengthy docket of criminal and civil cases. Among the former are two that will create considerable publi are two that will create considerable public notoriety. They are: State against J. H. Purcell, editor of the Dunlap Herald, on the charge of libel, and the one against A. C. Perry, on the charge of bigamy. On the civil calendar the most important case is the county seat contest on a writ of certiorari, which will probably come to tried. which will probably come to trial.

Rev. Pather Burke's Death.

DES MOINES, Jan. 15 - Special Telegram to THE BEL |-Rev. Father Burke, the pastor of Newton and adjoining missions, died at Mercy hospital Sunday from injuries received in a railroad accident last Wednesday near Grinnell. Father Burke has labored zealously in the diocese of Davenport and built many churches. During his pastorate of two years at Newton he built a ch Colfax and a parochial residence at Valeria. whilst attending three other churches under his charge. The funeral will be attended by the bishops and a large number of priests from various parts of the state. His remains will be taken to Fort Dodge for burial.

Will Bld to the Property. Stoux Ciry, Jan. 15. - (Special Telegram to The Ber. |-The bondholders of the Sioux City Street Railway company, holding \$525, 900 of the bonds, have organized a syndicate and will bid in the property at the receiver's

H. A. Howe, retail shoe dealer, has failed His principal creditors are: Security Na-tional bank, \$1,900; Kirkendall, Jones & Co., \$2,030.77; Little & Co., \$3,410.55; J. A. Baumster company, \$1,940.75, and B. Fablinger, \$2,680.85. The assets are about \$10,000

## TROUBLE WITH MUSICIANS.

How an Opera Company Disappointed a Denver Audience.

DENVER, Jan. 15 .- "Sinbad" was to have been played at the Tabor opera house all this week, but Manager David Henderson would not allow his company to appear tonight, for the reason, as he alleged, that the Tabor musicians could not play the masic which they had been practicing for two weeks. The house was packed from pit to dome, but shortly after 8 o'clock a rep resentative of the management announced that the "American Extravaganza company" had broken their engagement and consequently there would be no performance. Manager Page of the operahouse, anticipating Manager Henderson's action, had obtained from Judge Graham writs of ne exeat, forbidding Mr. Henderon and his players to leave the state or to remove from the theater the accessories of the play. Mr. Henderson immediately arranged to give bonds and have the writs quashed. The Tabor has been under a labor boycott all the season on account of ex-Sena-tor Tabor's refusal to pay a note for \$925 for back salary • due Ferdinand Stark's prehestra. Mr. Henderson offered to pay this note if competent union musicians could be secured for the week, but union musicians would not consent to play at the Tabor unless they would be reand permanently.
Senor John Trachitello, leader of the

Tabor orchestra, declared that Advance gent Bollen of the Extravaganza company had expressed himself as satisfied with the manner in which they had played the music. Mr. Henderson denies this and says he notified the Tabor management weeks ago that he would cancel his contract unless competent musicians were provided, and he would not have the performance spoiled by poor music. He says five members of the orchestra positively could not read the score. Tonight Manager Hemierson bought off Comedian Edward Dickson, who was to appear all the week at the Broadway and "Sinbad" will be given there the remainder

STORY OF A DRECKED BANK.

How the Funds of a Milwaukee Institution Were Dissipated.

MILWAUKER, Jan. 15 .- Falsified books, inflated assets, worthless securities, bad loans and nothing, or next to nothing, for the depositors is the history of the financiering which caused the wreek of the cering which caused the week of the South Side Savings bank, according to the testimony of August P. Conrad, who testified in the case of Hanker John B. Koetting today. He swore that on the morning of July 23, 1893, when the bank closed its doors, there was in the bank \$244,000 in assets to meet liabilities of \$1,620,038, or an actual deficitor \$1,340,000. Mr. Courad swors that he found that according to the swore that be found that, according to the officially published statements of the bank, there should have been a capital of \$100,600. there should have been a capital or \$100,000, but he found no mention of it in the books and did not put it in his statement of liabilities. He scarched the books as far as they go, and found a statement in the books in 1872, where the capital was mentioned as \$25,000, and this was the only reference. The witness said: "The Schlessinger account witness said: "The Schlessinger account as appears by the books, had been overdrawn \$12,378, but this does not represent all that was overdrawn." There were overtraffs amounting to \$75,000, but becould find no entries in the books. The witness learned of the standard of tries in the books. The witness learned of these overdrafts from a letter written by Koetting and by comparing accounts with Ferdinand Schlessinger. He said the accounts against Schlessinger aggregated \$550.514.58 and was worth about 5 cents on the dollar. This statement caused a sensation in the crowded court room, and the pen-niless depositors and heard what they ex-pected—that every hope was gone.

SERIES SEVEN. JANUARY 16, 1894.

THE BEE COUPON.

World's Fair

Art Portfolio.

To secure this superb souvenir send or bring six coupons of this series bearing different dates with 10 cents in coin to

ART PORTFOLIO DEP'T, Bee Office, Omaha.

## STATEMENT FROM CARLISLE

Letter of the Secretary in Answer to Inquiries by Senator Voorhees.

ARGUMENTS FOR AN ISSUE OF BONDS

Figures Showing the Exact Condition of the National Treasury at the Present Time-Necessity for Prompt Action by Congress.

Washington, Jan. 15 .- The following letter was forwarded by Secretary Carlisle to Senator Voornees, chairman of the finance emmittee of the senate:

"TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, WASHINGTON, Jan. 13, 1894 .-Hon, D. W. Voorbees, chairman committee on finance, United States senate. Dear Sir: In compliance with your verbal request, I have the honor to submit for the consideration of the finance committee of the senate statements, showing the actual conlition of the treasury on the 12th day of the present month, and an estimate of receipts and expenditures during the remainder of this month and the month of February. It will be seen from this statement that there is an urgent necessity for such immediate action as will replenish the coin reserve, and enable this department to continue the payment of public expenses and discharge the obligations of the government to pensioners and other lawful creditors.

Estimated Deficiency. "When my annual report was prepared it was estimated the expenses during the current fiscal year would exceed the receipts to the amount of \$28,000,000, and I asked congress for authority to issue and sell bonds, or other forms of obligations, to an amount not exceeding \$50,000,000, bearing a low rate of interest and having a reasonably short time to run, to enable the secretary of the treasury to supply such deficiencies as might occur in the revenues. The estimate then made was based upon the assumption that the worst effects of our financial disturbances had already been realized, and there ances had already been realized, and there would be a substantial increase in the revenues for the remainder of the year. While it is not believed the deficiency then existing will be supplied by increased revenues in the future, it is hoped no additional deficiency will occur, but the receipts and expenditures during the month of December and up to the 12th day of the present month, show that the estimate of a deficiency of \$25,000,000 at the close of the year was much too low.

Receipts and Expenditures.

"The annual receipts and expenditures dur-ing each month of the year and the monthly deficiencies have been as follows: Receipts and expenditures, fiscal year 1894:

MONTH.	Receipts.	Expendi-	Excess of expendi- tures.
July August September		\$30,075,888 33,305,228 25,478,110	\$ 8,770.122 9,414,343 895,254
Actual for 3 months October November December, 1894— Jan. 12 dys	80,870,627 24,553,394	98,430,604 29,588,892 51,302,026 30,508,260 16,263,655	17,560,072 5,035,497 7,322,625 7,746,233 5,893,715
Total	\$162,030,384	BOOK CON MAN	***** **********

ent month and the month of February will be \$41,900,000 and total expenditures will be \$60,800,000, snowing a deficiency during the two months of \$18,400,000, but this does not include any payments on account of the sugar bounty, claims for which to the amount of nearly \$5,000,000 have already been presented and are now under investigation by the department.

Assets of the Treas "The assets of the treasury and the current

	liabilities in excess of certificate ary notes outstanding were as fo 12th of the present month:	
9	ASSETS.	
	In gold. Silver, dollars and bullion Fractional silver coin United States notes Treasury notes of 1890. National bank notes Minor coins Deposits in banks	14,026,735 938,825
Į.	Total cash assets	\$132,327,889
	Bank notes, 5 per cent fund Outstanding checks and drafts Disbursing officers' balances Postoffice department account Undistributed assets of falled national banks District of Columbia account	5.163,917 28,176,149 3,897,741 1,927,727
	Total agency account	\$46,996,366 74,011,549 11,223,374
3	Total Habilities	\$132,327,889

Lowering the Coin Reserve.

"It will appear from this statement that the coin reserve has been reduced to \$74, 011.549 and it is evident from the condition of the treasury that the department will have no means to lefray the ordinary expenses of the government unless a large part of the payments are hereafter made from that fund. If this is done the coin reserve will be reduced by the 1st of February to about \$66,601,864, a sum wholly inadequate for the purpose for which it was created. On account of this critical condition of the treasury I have considered it my duty, in addition to the earnest recommendations contained in my annual report, to appear twice before your committee and, after a full explanation of the situation, urge prompt legisla-tive action on this subject. With the permission of the committee have prepared and presented for its consideration a bill which, if promptly

passed, would, in my opinion, meet all requirements of the situation by providing the necessary means for defraying the public expenses and repletishing the com reserve to such an extent as to assere the maintenance of the parity of all forms of United States currency. While this proposed measure of relief has not yet been disposed of or con-sidered by the committee, the great differmees of opicion which are known to exist in both branches of congress concerning the propriety of granting additional or amended authority to issue bonds in any form or for any purpose, render it doubtful whether new legislation upon the subject can be secured in time to provide the means, which are im-peratively demanded in order to preserve

the credit and honor of the government. Authority to Issue Bonds. "Authority to issue and sell bonds for the purpose of maintaining specie payments was expressly conferred upon the secretary of the reasury by the act of January 14, 1875. but it has not been exercised since 1879, and on account of the high rate of interest pro-wided for and the length of time such bonds vided for and the length of time such bonds would have to run, I have not been satisfied that such an emergency, as heretofore, existed as would clearly justify their issue. But the necessity for relief at this time is so urgent and the prospect of material improvement in the fibrancial condition of the government is so problematical that unless authority to issue and sell shorter time bonds or other obligaand sell shorter time bonds, or other obliga-tions bearing a lower rate of interest than that specified in the existing law, is granted by congress at a very early day I shall constrained by a sense of public duty exercise the power aircady conferred, to the extent, at least, of producing an adequate coin reserve to provice promptly for the deficiency in the revenues during the current fiscal year, and I will from time to ime advise your committee of the condition

of the treasury in order that this subject may receive the consideration.
"I have the honor to be, yours very re-spectfully. J. G. Cantister Secretary." Section 8,071 of the Revised Statutes provides that all stocks, bonds, treasury notes and other obligations of the United States shall be exempt from taxation by or under

state or municipal or local authority.

On account of this general statute it was not proposed in the bill, which the secretary of the treasury to refore the finance him with shot and t committee in the earth lasuance showelt, to which he was lying.

ne house, by a rule adopted some time had dedicated all its time until the 29th ago, had dedicated all its time until the 29th of the present month to the consideration of the Wilson tariff nill and therefore it would have been impossible for the secretary of the treasury to procure any legislation in that body before that time, and for this reason Secretary Carlisle thought it necessary to make the application first to the committee on finance of the senate, which, he hopes, will act on the measure in time to provide the necessary means for the govern-

Proposed New Blik The bill which is referred to in the forego-

The bill which is referred to in the foregoing letter is as follows:

An act to amend section 3 of "An Act to Provide for Resumption of Specie Payments," approved January 14, 1875.

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of this United States of America in congress assembled, that section 3 of "An Act to Provide for Resumption of Specie Payments," approved January 14, 1875, be and the same is hereby so anneaded that in lieu of the descriptions of bonds therein authorized the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized to issue from time to time, as he may deem necessary, and in such form as he may prescribe, coupon or registered bonds of the United States in denominations of \$25 and multiples thereof, redeemable in coin at the treasury of the United States after—years of sale, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding 8 per cent per annum, payable quarterly in coin, and to sell the same at not less than par in coin; and the proceeds of such bonds shall be held and used to maintain the parity of all forms of money coined or issued by the United States, but the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized to use from time to time such part of such proceeds as may be necessary to supply deficiencies in the public revenues during the iscal year 1894.

Sec. 2. A sum sufficient to carry the provisions of this act into effect is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. ing letter is as follows:

GOVERNMENT GOOD THINGS.

Like Everything Else, They Are Not

Equally Distributed. Washington, Jan. 15 .- In the last appropriation bill, providing for the blue book which gives the fist of persons holding positions in the different departments, a provision was inserted requiring that the number of employes by states be furnished. This provision has been carried out in the book just published. Representative Houck of Tennessee has made a comparison of these figures with the census of 1890, showing the number of offices each state would be entitled to according to the population. His object is to show that many states, in the south particularly, have not a just proportion. His figures show that the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Vermont have 2,545 persons in office, about 800 fewer than the District of Columbia. Mr. Houck thinks the civil service committee should make no more certificates from states which have a full quota, and that those which have more than their share should be speedily reduced.

The following is the list showing the number now in office from the different states and the number to which each state is entitled according to population:

No. Now in No. Entitled

		ice. by Po	mil'n
		75	360
u	Alaska	2	0.00
U	Arizona	3	14
I	Arkansas	77	268
N		18	287
3		68	98
		86	177
ð	Delaware	65	40
	District of Columbia 3,3		55
		59	98
V		20	427
Ŋ	Idaho	19	20
į,		98	909
Ģ		44	521
ı		84	454
J		37	339
ď	Kentucky 2	05	442
Į.	Louisiana 1	20	266
ĺ.	Maine 1	87	157
N	Maryland 7	88	247
5	Massachusetts 4	03	532
9		20	498
1	Minnesota 1	74	309
Ÿ		27	306
81		06	627
		18	31
n		10	
'n		22	252
Н		28	11
1			90
ı		91	343
	New Mexico	18	37
d	New York	70	1,427
		34	385
i	North Dakota	22	43
И	Ohlo	38	873
d	Oklahoma	2	13
9	Oregon	34	75
i	Pennsylvania 1,2	38	1,250
: 1	Rhode Island	60.	82
1	South Carolina 1	75	274
ă		60	78
Ц		69	420
d		56	531
М	Utah.	7	49
d		os	79
H	Virginia 7	28	394
H		24	83
I	West Virginia 2	24	
ú		33	81
Ĥ			401
ı		12	15
ı	It is quite likely that a	n amendment	will
I	be offered to the legislati	ve and judicin	t ap-
ш		The second secon	11.0

propriations directing that apportionment of offices be equalized according to the population of the states.

HORNBLOWER REJECTED. His Confirmation Defeated in the Senate-

Hill Lead the Fight. Washington, Jan. 15. - In executive session Senator Hill opened the fight against the onfirmation of Hornblower for associate justice of the supreme court, and Senator Vilas of Wisconsin, the only democratic member of the judiciary committee who sup ported Mr. Hornblower in the committee room, made a strong appeal for confirmation. After a general discussion, lasting through-out the afternoon. Hornblower's nomination was rejected by a majority of six.

Paying the Depositors. Washington, Jan. 15 .- The comptroller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent national banks

as follows: A first dividend of 25 per cent for the Na tional Bank of Brownwood; a first dividend of 25 per cent for the Albuquerque National bank of Albuquerque, N. M.; a third divi-dend of 20 per cent for the Madison National bank of Madison. Wis.; a fourth dividend of 10 per cent for the Cheyenne National bank of Chevenne, Wvo.

HIGHWAYMAN FOILED.

Street Car Conductor Runs When Asked to Throw Up His Hands.

A telephone message was received at the police station last night describing an atempt at highway robbery on North Twentyfourth street.

Conductor McCracken of the Twenty-fourth street line was making his last trip before taking his train to the house. He was going north and had reached Manderson and Twenty-fourth streets. There two men get on the car and rode to the end of the line. When McCraken got off the car to remove the trolley the men told him to throw up his hands. He did not do so, however, but ran for the lunch stand, a few feet away, to get a revolver. When he came out again the would-be robbers were going north in the darkness at a rapid gait. He fired two shots at them.

DRANK CARBOLIC ACID.

Method Chosen by Annie Clark for Taking Her Own Life. Miss Annie Clark committed spicide yes-

erday afternoon at 2011 Bancroft street by trinking carbolic acid. A pottle half full of the poison was found by the bed. The woman, who was about 30 years old, vas living with J. Benvose, who, it is said,

became acquainted with her when she was an inmate of a disorderly house in South Omaha, about two months ago. Benrose is a laborer. The woman was alone in the house when she took the poison, and the cause of the suicide is unknown. Benrose refuses to talk about the affair.

Killed While Helpless. ROCHELLE, Fla., Jan. 13 .- Thursday night Charles Willis, a negro desperado, was shot and seriously wounded by a white man. Friday night a party of unknown men went to the house where Willis was lying, riddled

him with shot and then fired the bed or

make any provision concerning the taxation of bonds, which he is asking congress to SLOSSON WAS OUT OF FORM authorize him to issue.

Student George Takes Occasion to Explain His Poor Showing at Chicago.

REASON HE GIVES FOR HIS DOWNFALL

More Matches in the Air-Charity Tournsment Proposed for the Benefit of New York's Out-of-Works-General Sporting News of the Day.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 .- Billiardist George Blosson arrived in this city from Chicago, where he met defeat at the hands of Ives and Schneffer. The "Student" attributes his downfall in a great measure to lack of form.

"I also suffered from a heavy cold, which I think I contracted on the trip to Chicago,' he said. "At times I was very nervous, could do nothing with the ivories, and when

I did get them in a good position they would either break or I miscue." Diek Roche, Schaeffer's backer, is trying to arrange a match with fves for \$1,000 or \$3,000 a side, the conditions to be five nights play at the fourteen inch balk line game and wo nights of the cushion carom game match to be played in this city about six weeks hence. In the three-cornered match, which will be played in Cincinnati next month, Slosson expects to make a much bet-ter snowing. If it can be arranged, he is willing to play a match, the proceeds of which should be devoted to aid the unemployed in this city. Schaeffer and Ives will be home in a short time and it is probable that the three ex-perts, as well as Maurice Daly, will arrange for a charity tournament. The tournament in Chicago was not a financial success, and

after all the expenses are deducted there will be very little left to divide. WILL ARREST THE GOVERNOR.

Latest Phase of the Talk at Jacksonville

Sounds Fareteal. JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 15 .- The serious part of the Corbett-Mitchell dilemma seems to be passing away and the conneal side is coming out. A number of lawyers were discussing the question when one remarked in a joking nanner: "The governor and the sheriff dare not interfere.

"Why not!" was asked.
"Because either would be liable to imprisonment and flue, and perhaps both."

This was laughed at, when the attorney said: "Wait a moment and I will show you." Procuring a copy of the city ordinances he turned to where it stated that any peron found guilty of interfering with, or preventing the operation of any of the ordi-nances, was liable to a fine of \$100 or im-

prisonment for thirty days.

Judge Gibbons of the municipal court was asked if the law had been rightly inter-"It is true," said Judge Gibbons, "by In-

terfering with the Corbett-Mitchell con-test the governor, sheriff or militia would be liable to fine and imprisonment. The ordinance allowing such a contest cannot be interfered with even by the governor."
"What would you do if the executive should be brought before you on such a

charge!"
"Well," replied the judge, "I should be governed by circumstances. At any rate I should do my duty."
The fight between the negroes, Harris and

Watkins, tonight was ended in the first round by Harris jumping over the ropes and refusing to fight after receiving a hard blow in the jaw. It is said that both men will be arrested tomorrow, the case being used as a test of the legality of the Corbett-Mitchell contest.

ANGRY AT CORBETT.

Peter Jackson Gives the Lie Direct to the Gentleman Frize Fighter. Privanuno, Pa., Jan. 15-Peter Jackson the colored pugilist, was in Pittsburg last night enroute to Baltimore, and was very angry at Corbett's statement that in the th Jackson in California the club officials and referee were against him (Corbett) and that he was defrauded out of the fight. Jackson said this was a faisehood pure and simple and that later Corbett refused to accept \$7,000 added to the stakes offered by the California club to tight the battle out later, but instead pulled down his \$2,500 coming from the contest and slipped out of town

BALTIMORE, Jan. 15.—John L. Sullivan this afternoon said: "This last letter of Corbett, in which he says Mitchell is a coward and had to be forced into the match and had tried to crawl out of meeting him since the articles were signed, is buncomb. Mitchell is no coward and I believe he made the match in good faith and will carry it out. The fight will last full twenty rounds, which will last about an hour, provided they don't do too much sparring, in which they are both dandies. Corbett is entirely to tall and tin."

Fish for Nebraska Streams. The Nebraska Fish Commission hatched

and distributed in the year 1893, 495,000 brook trout; 120,000 rainbow trout; 50,000 lake or salmon trout; 11,200,000 wall eyed pike, (pike perch); 24,350 black bass, six months old; 8,650 croppies or calico bass, six months old; 25,100 German carp, six months old: 3,500 brook trout, I year old; 5,000 yellow perch, sunfish and I year old catfish. Total of all kinds hatched and lanted, 11,931,600. Of this number there were planted in the

uplic waters of the state 11.893,500, and donated, to 231 applicants, for the purpose of stocking private ponds, 38,100. The commission expects to greatly increase the out-put in 1894, and will more than double if possible, the quantity of wall eyed pike planted in 1893.

Poultry Show at Denver. DENVER, Jan. 15.—The second annual exhioition of the Colorado Poultry association opened at the Gettysburg building this noruing at 10 o'clock. There are between 1,500 and 1,800 birds in pens, some of them representing Illinois, Ohio, Massachusetts, Kansas, Nebraska, Mexico and Utah. The finest exhibits were among the Buff Cochin, Leghorus and Plymouth Rocks from breeders in this state. The association will ask the next general assembly to appropriate a sum to aid in increasing the poultry industry so that the state may become self supporting in the matter of eggs and poultry. More than \$1,000,000 is now annually sent east for these necessaries of life. About 500 people

were admitted to the show this morning Buffalo Will Have Another Meeting. BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 15. -Buffalo last season startled the trotting world by hanging up \$90,000 in purses for a two weeks' trotting meeting. This year it is proposed to have another meeting. Purses aggregating \$75,-000 and perhaps more will be offered. There will be several big stake events, the details oncerning which have not been fully ar-inged. The dates chosen are from July 81

to August II inclusive.
It is more than likely that the \$20,000 purse will be repeated this year. This is the race which caused, such great excitement last year and because of which Buffalo went broke backing Masgot. Declared the Bers Off.

Henry V. Stone, the Kansas City chicken fighter arrested at Tietz's park Sunday afternoon, was arraigned before Justice Smith yesterday morning, pleaded guilty and was muteted in the sum of \$1 and costs. The Omaha and Kansas City parties inter ested in the interrupted main met this morning and mutually agreed to call the affair off, so far as Omaha is concerned, and Stakeholder Griswold was authorized turn over all moneys posted with him. was further agreed that the main, as provided for in the original agreements, should be fought out at Leavenworth, Kan., dur-

ing the last week of this month Prof. Mind cion's Challenge. Омана, Jan. 15, 1894.—1 hereby challenge eitner Pat Ford, jr., or one Parsons to spar n.e a scientific bexing match to a finish for from \$150 to \$500 a side, the conditions being that the contest be at the lightweight limit, 133 pounds, with any gloves within the law, and to take place within three weeks from

George Middleton.

Opening of the Pool Match. The match game of continuous pool between Fred Payton of South Omaha and

Prof. Starkey opens up at Yost's billiard rooms, Fifteenth and Harney streets, this evening at 8:30 sharp. The contest is for \$50 a side and the gate receipts, 500 points, 250 tonight and 250 tomorrow night. Both men have been difficulty practicing for ten days past and are in excellent trim for a stubborn contest.

Foot Bail at Table Rock. TABLE ROCK, Neb., Jan. 15 - [Special to THE BEE !- The Falls City High school team played a game of foot ball here Saturday afternoon with the Table Rock eleven. The day was very fine. The teams seemed to be very evenly matched and there was a large attendance of spectators, who were quite enthusiastic. The score stood four to nothing in favor of Falls City.

Shy a Few Cyphers. ASPEN, Colo., Jan. 15.—The Difficult Creek Gold Mining and Milling company will guarntee \$75,000 in gold bullion for the Corbett-Mitchell fight at Difficult Creek camp, Pit-

kin county, Colo. E. Hardy, president; R. W. Crockett, secretary.
EVANSTON, Wyo, Jan. 15.—The Evanston
Athletic club offers a purse of \$75,000 in
sheep for the Corbett-Mitchell fight. The club guarantees noninterference and refers to Senator Beckwith's bank,

Maka de Count Settle. CINCINNATI, Jan. 15 .- Tony Mullane, the well known base ball player, today filed an answer to his wife's petition for divorce,

court ordered him to pay alimony now due, \$140, and to advance to his wife money to enable her to take depositions in Chicago. Colonel Pate Opens Again. CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 15.-R. C. Pate returned today and resumes charge of Penon. He declares himself hopeful for the future of the enterprise. Racing continues Sun-days and feast days for the present.

charging her with adultery in Chicago. The

FIRE AND POLICE MATTERS.

Strickler Offers Another Gambling Resolution-License Protests Heard. Officer Heelan was brought before the fire and police commissioners last night charged with making a false statement when giving testimony in a police court case. Smith thought the officer should be summarily dismissed from the force, but the

case was laid over for a week. A communication from Chief Seavey contained a suggestion that the amounts for fines and suspensions of officers to the total of \$139.29, be placed in the city treasury to the credit of the Police relief association. Referred to the committee on laws, rules and

ordinances. Chief Seavey also suggested the use of long distance telephones for the police department. Some correspondence was read on the subject, and it was ascertained that the cost would be \$10 per month per instru-ment. Hartman objected, as it would be an extra expense of \$220 per year, but it was referred to the committee on property.
George P. Windheim, in a letter to the board, asked to be appointed engineer of the Ahren's engine. Chief Galligan recommended the appointment.

Ernest L. McFayden was appointed a special policeman at the Fifteenth Street tneater without expense to the city Strickler offered a resolution to the effect that gambling should be stopped in the city of Omaha. Hartman moved as a substitute that it was the sense of the board that in the discretion of the mayor laws and ordinances should be framed for the suppres-sion of gampling. After some argument by Secretary Smith it was referred to the mayor, who noved that the words "in the discretion of the mayor" be stricken out.

Strickler moved that the matter go over for another week. It went over. The Board of Education asked that the commissioners grant no liquor licenses for saloons in the immediate vicinity of any schools. It was especially requested that there be no license granted for a saloon

near the Dodge Street school. Kaiser to sell liquor at 1501 Farnam street. was taken up. Discussion was commenced on this case and lasted till midnight. A remonstrance was read, signed by fifteen business men; their chief objection being that a saloon at the number stated would prove detrimental to their respective businesses After the examination of a number of wit nesses the board adjourned without taking The board will meet tomorrow evening as a license board.

WILL FIGHT TO I.E DEATH.

Prof. Scannapicco and Chevalier Piut Arranging for a Duel. PHILADELPHIA, Jan 15 .- It is said a duel to the death with swords is in a fair way to be arranged between Fencing Master Frank J. Scannapicco of this city and Chevalier Pini, one of the Italian fencers who came to America last summer to take part in the fencing tournament at the World's fair. The matter is reported to be in the hands or seconds on each side. Pini is located in Cuba Both are much in earnest over the matter and have exchanged such grossly insulting remarks that a fight is practically assured. The difference between the two men was caused by criticisms in the Vesusivo of this city, of which Prof. Scannapicco is the editor, of Pint's action in leaving the stage in a "huff" while tencing with Zano, the veteran

Printers' Annual Ball. Omaha Typographical union No. 190, gave its fifth annual ball at Washington hall last

French swordsman, in New York.

The grand march began at 9, led by Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Mathews. The Elite orchestra from the stage played "Washington Post," the latest march by Sousa. Fully 100 couples were on the floor. C.E. Mathews, was master of ceremonies and the various committees included: C. W. Bigelow, R. H. Jenness, E. E. Hamlin, William Maxwell, B. S. Elrod, R. H. Watkins, Jesse Hooyer, W. A. Pangburn, Herman Matthes, Lewis Kolb, P. J. Boyle, C. A. Baumgardner and J.

The special guests of the evening were John Heartz, Adam J. Lurz and Patrick Murray, respectively president, vice president and treasurer of the Bricklayers and Masons International union.

Destitute Among Strangers. Mary Gillick, a girl from Springfield, Neb., was found on the doorstep of St. Philomena school house. Ninth and Howard streets, last night.

She is perfectly destitute, sick and stranger in the city. The only thing she would say was that she had been a domestic at Springfield and had come to Omaha, where she expected to find friends. She was given lodging at the police station.

Allege a Breach of Contract. DENVER, Jan. 15 .- The trial of the Investor's Security and Accounting company against the Metropolitan Railway company was begun before Judge Hallett of the United States court today. The security company claims \$150,000 damages upon an alleged breach of contract during the con-struction of the Eleventh and Phirteenth avenue electric street railways in this city

Criticized Commissioner Lochren-LANSING, Mich., Jan. 15 -- Justice Long today sent an open letter to Pension Commissioner Lochren, which, after reviewing the case, criticised the commissioner severely for his alleged unwarranted suspension of Long's pension, which action was set aside hat Saturday.

Knocked Down the Jatter and Escaped. HUNTSVILLE, Aia., Jan. 15 .- Seven United States prisoners escaped from the county jail this afternoon. They knocked the jailer down while taking in coal. None have been recaptured.

Lake Erie's Dividend.

New York, Jan. 15 .- The Lake Elvie & Western Railroad company has declared a dividend of 14 per cent on the preferred stock payable February 15.

the date of signing articles. As an earnest of good faith 1 herewith deposit \$25 with the sporting editor of THE BER.

Considerable Attention Devoted to Them at Last Night's Meeting.

SOME HEADWAY AT RETRENCHMENT

Rev. John Williams Makes Charges Against a High School Teacher-Lively Discussion on Subject of Train-

ing School.

The newly organized Board of Education met for the first time to transact general business last evening. Secretary Gillon submitted the following

report of the condition of the various funds of the board at the beginning of the year: Fund. Set aside. Expended. Bullering sall'rs. \$237,000 \$90,010,78 \$140,0 and fors' sall'rs. \$1,000 14,090,50 16.0 fligers. 10.080 5,376,50 5,3 8,500 6,484.37 Stationery and supplies. Furniture Rent 7,100 , 4,935.59 4,000 1,140,78 2,600 1,864.33 4,000 3,534.75 2,164.31

| Therest and exchange | 30,000 | 9,702.70 | Repairs | 30,000 | 0,087.47 | Specialtaxes | 4,000 | 4,185.02 | \*Overdrawn

Interest and exchange

Complains of Bad Work. Superintendent Maclood reported that the furnaces put in by the Fuller & Warren company were still unfinished and that what had been accomplished had not been done in a workmanlike manner. He also reported that in several cases the material used was not up to contract. The furnaces in the Saratoga, Franklin, Lothrop, Columbian and Windsor schools were cited as examples. The report was referred for inves-

The report of City Comptroller Olsen showed that the board had a balance in his

President Powell appointed the following visiting committees for the current year:

Akin—Daveoport, Farnam; Bandhauer—
Bancroft, Center, Forest; Babcock—Vinton, West Omaha; Burgess-Clifton Hill, Wal-nut Hill; Duryea-Central, High, Manual Training; Elgutter-Hickory, Gibson, Comenius; Gibson-Lake, Lothrop, Sherman; Jaynes-Kellom, Saratoga; Knodell-Castellar, Dottee, Pacific; Lowe-Central Park; Monmouth Park, Fort Omaha, Omaha View; Picrson—Mason, Dupont, Rhodes; Rhodes—Ambler, Eckerman, Park; Thomas—West Side, Webster; Tukey—Cass, Franklin, Long; Powell—Leavenworth, Teacher's Training, Windsor.

The matter of heating the Hickory school was brought up by a report from President Powell. The report stated that on Decem ber 27 the board had passed a resolution in structing the president and secretary to sign a contract with the Fuller & Warren company to put in their system. However, the contract and bond had never been submitted to the attor-ney and the board for approval as was required by the rules, and on this account the president had not signed the contract, but referred the whole matter back to the board for action. The report was accom-panied by a voluminous statement of the records in the matter up to date and also by a written opinion from the attorney of the board, which declared that the resolution ordering the contract to be signed was void from the fact that it conflicted with the established rules of the board. The matter was referred for investi-

gation. Want a School Building.

The residents of Bedford and Druid Hill additions presented a long petition urging the board to erect a school building in that locality. The matter was referred. Superintendent A. W. Clark of Rescue hall wanted to appropriate tunds for slop-

ing the bank at Sixth and Hickory streets. the work to be performed by some of the 300 men who were in his care waiting for a job. The petition represented that the bank was in a dangerous condition. There was a difference of opinion as to whether the bank was the property of the board, and the matter was referred to the committee on buildings and property, with power to act.

Charges Against a Teacher. Rev. John Williams informed the board that Miss McGee, a teacher in the High school, had on various occasions scoffed at the inspiration of the bible before her pupils. He wanted Miss McGee reprimanded and was referred to the committee on teachers. Mr. Elgutter moved that the bids for leasing the Izard street school site be re-turned unopened. He explained that bids had been advertised for on only three of the four lots and since then it had appeared more expedient to dispose of all of the lots. The motion prevailed and the secretary was instructed to readvertise in accordance with

that idea.

DThe bond of Samuel Macleod as superin tendent of buildings was approved. C. E. Bates and William Higgins are his suretles.

The contract of J. J. Hannegan for plumbing at the Hickory school was ordered re-turned to him, as the committee on judiciary was not satisfied with his bondsmen.

The superintendent of buildings was directed to complete the work on the Hartman school building and report the cost to

Retrenchment Committee Reports. The special committee on retrenchment recommended that the force for repair work be reduced to two men, that the four men now employed in renovating old desks be discharged as soon as the work now in hand was completed, and that the superintendent of buildings be instructed not to employ any more men except under the direction of

board or of the committee on supplies. report was adopted and the committee con-A resolution was passed providing for the

purchase of two typewriters for the secre tary's office. The question of the consideration of the report of the special committee on training schools showed a divergence of opinion. Several members wished to adopt the report at once while others wanted to postpone it for further consideration. Mr. Eightter stated that he wished to put himself on record as opposed to the training school from the beginning. He believed that the school was unconstitutional. There were at the present time settlems on file in which taxrayers vicerpetitions on file, in which taxpayers vigor ously protested against the practice of put ting their children under the tuition of the training school cadets, who, in many cases, were totally incompetent. Mr. Elgutter were totally incompetent. Mr. Elgutter considered the report of the committee in detail, and pointed out some of the pro-visions which he could not inderse. The motion to adopt the report was lost by a

close vote.

A resolution from Dr. Duryea, providing that each committee keep a journal of its proceedings, was laid over under the rules.

The board adjourned for one week. Matters to be considered at the adjourned meet-ing are the report of the fluance committee,

> WE CANNOT SPARE

healthy flesh - nature never burdens the body with too much sound flesh. Loss of flesh usually indicates poor assimilation, which causes the loss i the best that's in food, the tat-forming element.

Scott's Emulsion

of pure cod liver oil with hypo phosphites contains the very essence of all foods. In no oth er form can so much nutrition be taken and assimilated. Its range of usefulness has no limitaeion where weakness exists.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemista.

report concerning the completion of the Hartman school and further reports of the special committee on retrenchment.

THOUSANDS GONE WRONG.

G. M. Bogue, a Prominent Chreagean, Charged with Embezziement. CHICAGO, Jan. 15.-George M. Bogue, one of the most prominent business men of Chicago, has been accused of the misappropriation of about \$75,000 of the funds of the Presbyterian hospital, of which institution he was president. Mr. Bogue admits that there is some entanglement with the hospital, but says any discrepancies will be made up immediately. Last summer he made an assignment and withdrew from the big real estate firm of Bogue & Co., and it is said that the misplacing of the hospital funds was the result of his financial embarrassment. Among the other transactions developments regarding the sale of Rev. Anderson's home, which was the subject of a suppressed law-suit, show that Mr. Begue paid Dr. Anderson \$10,000 or \$12,000 to avent going into coart over this matter. Another peculiar deal oc curred about two years ago. Henry A. Phipps of Phipps. Carnegle & Co. sent to Bogue a cheek for \$75,000 to take up a note given for the purchase of a certain property. Mr. Phipps came nere only to find, it is said, that only \$40,000 had been paid of the \$75,000, and that Mr. Bogue was using the balance. Mr. Bogue, in an interview, explains that this matter was "adjusted," The fluance committee of the hospital is making an myestigation, but the institution's officials efuse to talk regarding the probable out-

YESTERDAY'S DEAD.

come of the affair.

Captain Harvey. RYDE, ISLE OF WIGHT, Jan. 15 .- Captain Harvey, formerly vice commodore of the Royal Victoria Yacht club and owner of the yacht Amethyst, was found dead in his bed yesterday.
Millionaire Beardsley.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 15.-Auburn's wealthlest citizen, Nelson Beardsley, whose accumulated wealth is variously estimated at from \$6,000,000 to \$10,000,000, died today in

his 57th year.
M. Waddington. Parts, Jan. 15.—The remains of M. Waddington, the distinguished French states-man, will be buried on Wednesday at Pera la Chaise. The funeral service will take

place in the temple de Letoile at 1:30 p. m.

Will Accept the Reduction,

Youngstown, O., Jan. 15.-A general call was issued some days ago for a meeting to be held here today by delegates of the Mahoning valley coal miners, to consider the recent reduction in wages and proposed strike. The meeting was in secret session this afternoon, with a very small attendance. It is believed no strike will occur.

Bodies Recovered. BROOKLYN, Jan. 15 .- The bodies of persons who lost their lives in the Newton creek dis-

aster Friday evening were recovered yesterday, the bodies of John Cooke of Green Point and August Blaum of Brooklyn. are still a number missing who are supposed to have perished. PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

W. G. Templeton left over the Burlington

Miss Rose Decker leaves on an extended

resterday for Chicago.

trip south this evening, visiting southers points in Florida, coming home via Hot Springs and St. Louis. Mr. Robert Vierling of Chicago was in the city yesterday attending the meeting of the directors of the Paxton & Vierling Iron

works, of which he is vice president.



KNOWLEDGE Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid

laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleas-ant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weak-

ening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance. Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manifactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

AMUSEMENTS. BOYD'S TWO NIGHTS NORE.

Crowded to the Doors Was the Condition of Boyd's Theater the Last Two Nights, the At-traction Being the

KIMBALL OPERA COMIQUE CO.

CORINNE

HENDRICK HUDSON A Spectacular Operatic Burlesque, THEY LIKE IT! THEY DO!

554 Seats at 50c Each. BOYD'S ONE MEHT Thursday, Jan. 18, HOYT'S

Irresistibly Funny Comedy. A TRIP TO CHINATOWN. (Original Company.)

More Good Fun. More Fine Singing. More Artistic Dancing, Than Presented by Any Other Com-pany Ever Organized.

Box Suats Open Wednesday at Usual Prices; 51 seats at 50c each. 15th STREET THEATRE Popular TONIGHT.

DOCTOR BILL.

Prom The Garden Theatre New York.

Theplay that has made the whole world laugh, Matinees Westnesday and Saturday.