OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16, 1894.

WAS A VEIL OF DEATH

Thick Fog and Carelessness Responsible for the Less of Many Lives.

ANOTHER RAILROAD HORROR RECORDED

Terrible Accident on the Morris & Essex Road in New Jersey.

TRAINS COME TOGETHER IN COLLISION

Agonizing Scines While the Work of Rescue Was Going On.

NINE VICTIMS TAKEN FROM THE WRECK

Over Thirty People Seriously Injured, Many of Whom Will Die-How the Awail Affair Happened-Trying to Place the Responsibility.

Honokes, Jan. 15 .- About two miles from Hopoken and a few hundred feet from the drawbridge across the Hackensack river at 8:26 this morning, the Orange accommodation crashed into the rear of the Dover express on the Morris & Essex branch of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western road. The scene of the accident is on long meadow through which flows the Hackensack river. east nine lives paid the penalty of some one's carelessness and the list of known injured is thirty-seven, all of whom will probably die.

So far as learned one cause of the accident was the heavy fog which prevailed. Well Filled with Passengers.

Both trains were well filled with passengers on their way to their daily avocations and it seems a miracle the death list was not increased many fold. The Dover express had slowed up to make sure the drawbridge was all right. The Orange accommodation engineer, who should have done likewise, failed to take this precaution and crashed into the rear of the preceding train. The last car on the express was a combination baggage and smoker and into this plunged the huge engine, cutting through the woodwork and sending sprinters in all directions with a force that showed the tremendous speed at which the train was traveling. The coach ahead of the smoker was telescoped and the roof torn out and the seats torn and twisted as though made of paper. The roof was thrown ahead and partially telescoped the third coach.

For a moment the passengers did not re alizes the awful situation, but in the next the shricks of the wounded and dying and the noise of escaping steam told them an awful calamity had occurred.

Work of Rescue Begun.

Those who were not injured were quickly at work rescuing their less fortunate fellow passengers. Along the track the dead and dying and wounded lay strewn. Some of them had rolled to the bottom of the fifteenfoot embankment on which the accident occurred. A short distance from the e was a railroad telegraph office and from this a hurried call was sent for assistance Relief tening were immediately started, and almost before the passengers on the wrecked train had realized the situation, they had arrived and a crowd had already gathered.

Ambulances and physicians were also sent by the police from both Jersey City and Hoboken.. The first six bodies recovered were of men. The engine of the Orange local, which was known as No. 33, was hard and fast in the debris of the rear car, and had pinned down several victims, a few of whom were released by the use of crowbars and axes.

In the smoker every seat was occupied and It is estimated that of the forty passengers in the car not one escaped uninjured.

After a few minutes something like order was followed in the work of rescue and the victims were rapidly taken out from amongst the twisted from and splintered timbers. The dead were so covered with dust and blood that it was almost impossible to identify them. The cries and means of the injured were terrible. As soon as the wrecking train arrived, such heavy parts as could be easily removed were lifted from the track and then the work of rescue was soon completed. The wounded and dead were placed on the train and taken to Jersey City, where many friends and relatives who had heard of the accident had already gathered. Ambulances were in readiness, and the bulk of the wounded who were unable to go home were taken to the hospitals, while the dead were taken to the morgues to await identification

List of the Dead.

The most authentic account shows nine dead and the injured thirty-seven. WILLIAM FERGUSON, Summit, N. J. WILLIAM R. ADAMS, married, leaves WILLIAM TURNER, Baskin Ridge, N. J. EDWARD KINSEY, Bernardsville, N. J. JOHN PISH, Summit, N. J. WALTER K. PURINTON, Short Hill. N. J. JOHN RIMMER, married, Summit, N. J. P. J. KYAN, Milburn, N. J. EDWIN MORRELL, Summit, N. J. JAMES DOTY, Baskerville, N. J., was found dead and removed to Newark.

Those Injured. DAVID HOFFMAN, South Orange, N. J. A. GARDNER, Short Hill, Theodoge F. White, Summit, N. J., will

THRESTOPHER ARNOLD, Newark. HARRY S. COWIN. Basking Ridge, N. J. EDWARD N. CLAUK, Basking Ridge, N. GRORGE SPENGER, MUTTAY HILL, N. J. Free Funceson, Summitt, will probably

die, W. J. Rustino, Ju., Newark, N. J. Charles H. Mischer, Summit. Ersest Thappe, Basking Ridge CARL SCHURZ, JR., MUTTAY Hill, N. J., will

M. W. Gastinhawks, Summit Washington laving, Short Hill, N. J. William Roalers, Newark, N. J. W. GRAY, West Summit, N. J.

KATHARINE KEENAN, New York. A. Tupper, New York. Miss Jessie Aronea, New York. Albert Mouell. Summit. H. S. Morr, Summit, N. J. V. Steanss, Springfield, N. J. F. H. Nichols, Newark, N. J.

B. Young, Summit. Bowens, Lyons, N. J. CARL LINDER, Newark. C. Penson, Newark.
O. Bennerr, East Orange, N. J. WILLIAM LEUMAN, Newark, N. J.

ALBERT CARPENTER, Roseville, N. J. J. Runesam, Newark, N. J. Chantes Annold, Newark, N. J. William Ryan, Milburn, N. J., and J. Ren-wick are also reported among the killed.

Those Fatally Wounded. Donald Cameron of Newark, N. J., the house surgeon of St. Mary's hospital, to-night gave out the following list of the fatally lejured:

FREDERICK FERGUSON, ARTHUR GARDNER. C. SCHULTZ THEODORE F. WHITE, HENRY S. COWIN, CHEISTOPHER ARNOLD.

M. A. Reasoner, the general superintend-ent of the road, was seen this afternoon. the would or could not give any explanation of the cause of the disaster.

Mr. Summer of Summit, N. J., who was on the wrecked train, had a narrow escape, and told a harrowing take of the wreck and of the scenes of death and destruction.

CRASHED THROUGH A BRIDGE,

Fatal Accident on a Narrow Guage Road

in California. Santa Rosa, Cal., Jan. 15.-News reached this city this evening of a terrible railroad accident on a narrow guage line near Casandero. A locomotive was detached from a train this morning and ran down the track to investigate any dumage which might have been done to bridges by washouts. The lecomotive crossed the bridge over Austin creek in safety, but re-turning, the piling having been undermined, the locomotive crashed through the bridge Seven of the eight men on board were drowned. Conductor Baker saved himself by jumping from the pilot. Names of the

rowned!
TOM GOULD,
JOHN RICH,
ENGINEER BRIGGS,
FIREMAN COLLESTIN,
FRANK HARE;
WILLIAM BRARMER,
MR, SABINE.

Only two bodies have been recovered.

Sixteen People Killed. New York, Jan. 15 .- A report reaches iere from Cumanyagua, in the province of Matanazas, that a wreck occurred on the Timinia-Matanzas railway, eight miles from that city. A passenger train, while going at full speed, struck a cow that had waiked suddenly upon the track. The engine was derailed and the cars hadly wrecked. Sixteen persons were killed and nine injured.

QUINCY CHURCH TRIAL.

Miss Cornelia Collins Accused of Standering

a Preacher and Edders. Quincy, Ill., Jan. 15 .- Special Telegram to THE BEE |- An Important trial was held in the Presbyterian church last week upon which the jury is now deliberating. Miss Cornelia Collins, a young woman who occupies a prominent position in the social circles and whose many acts of charity have made her loved throughout the city, is the defendant. She is accused of wilfully slandering Rev. J. D. Black, accusing the elders of falsehood, resorting to methods for the removal of Rev. Mr. Black contrary to the teachings of noty scripture and the princi-ples and practices of the church, and maintaining an unchristian spirit toward the pas tor, to the serious disturbance of the peace and harmony of membership.

Dr. Black presided as moderator at the trial, which lasted during a good portion of five nights, and had the opportunity of run-ning the proceedings to suit himself. J. M. Irwin acted as prosecutor and the young woman was present in her own defense as no one was allowed to be present except those directly interested. In his argument last Saturday night Irwin urged the jury not to be influenced by

the defendant's standing in the community, or by her reputation in the church, or what her family had done for the church, but to look at the crime and judge accordingly.

Miss Collins spoke for an hour and ten
minutes describing the condition of the
church as showing her motive and reviewed

the evidence to show her justification, but in closing said that she dri not expect justice in such a trial and that she scorned to ask justice as a woman. enient, but in view of the defendant's re-

marks reflecting on the jury of elders, he hoped they would punish her to the full ex-tent of the law, which is exponentiation. Charges have also been preferred against Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart, also prominent and well known people, for the part they took with Miss Collins in trying to have Dr. Black removed. The Presbyterians own the handsomest

edifice in the city. Arrangements are being made for the meeting of the congregation, and in the meantime Miss Collins awaits the decision of the elders, with a statement that she has 'only done what every true member of the church should do, tried to build it up and get it back on its own firm

ARRESTED FOR SWINDLING.

One of Kansas City's Capitalists the Victin of Sharp Practice.

Kansas Crry, Jan. 15.-What looks like a gigantic and barefaced swindle was this afternoon unearthed when Dr. J. B. Lafeyth, a capitalist and well known broker of this city, swore to a complaint before Justice of the Peace J. H. Worthen, charging C. D. Martin, formerly of Fort Worth, Tex., and later of Denver, with obtaining goods to the value of \$3,000 from him under false pretenses. Martin's bail has been placed \$1,500. After considerable running around among acquaintances Martin was unable to give bond and was locked up in the county jail to await a hearing next Monday.

According to the statement of Dr. Lafeyth e was introduced to a man named J. M. Wylle in the latter part of October last. A few days later, he alleges, Wiley introduced him to Martin with the statement that Martin was possessed of untolu wealth, He says that Wylie told him that Martin owned a ranch in Texas and a hotel in Den ver. Martin told him he had 1,665 acres of land free and clear of meumbrance in Archer county, Texas, which he would trade for any thing good. Lafeyth said he had a stock o notions involced to him at \$11,000 which h wanted to dispose of. According to agree ment Dr. Lafevth says he met Wylie and Martin in a room in the Midland hotel and there agreed to transfer the stock of notions and 1.160 acres of Missouri land for the 1,665 acres of Texas land and \$2,400 i promisory notes, and the trade was made. Martin, he says, shipped the notions to Dallas, Tex., and afterward to Bonham, Tex., and when he found that the notes were worthless be began making inquiries about the Texas lead.

the Texas land.

A few days ago he received a letter from the county clerk of Archer county telling him that the land was mortgaged for \$12,000. He says he confronted Martin with these facts and Martin told him the goods were in Dallas The Lie has been mable to locate Pallas, Tex. He has been unable to locate the goods and upon inquiry he says he has found that Martin and Wylie entered into a conspiracy to rob him. Martin will make no

statement in the matter. SCHOOL TURNED INTO A FORT.

How a Penusylvania Teacher Ras Defied

the School Bea d. SCHANTON, Pa., Jan. 15. -Martin Joyce principal of the public school at Lackawanna, has turned the school into a fort, which he guards by force of arms. Joyce was unpopular and frequent complaints were made against him. At a recent meet-ing of the school board it was decided to dispense with his services. Joyce refused to give up his position and armed himse with a brace of revolvers. He opened school at the regular hour and a revolver lay on hi desk all day in sight of the pupils. Joyce is holding the fort. The efforts of a constable to eject him proved unavailing and the pro-fessor is still in. It is customary to hold Sunday school in the building. No services were held yesterday, as Joyce refused to grant admission to any one. The school directors will appeal to the sheriff.

South Dakota's New Supreme Judge. PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 15.-H. G. Fuller o Paulkton, Judge of the Sixth circuit court, has been appointed to the supreme beach of South Dakota, vice J. E. Bennett, deceased. In E. Gaffey of Pierre succeeds Puller as

Appeals of the Lowly and Their Effect on the Congressional Mind.

STRONG ARGUMENT FOR PROTECTION

Wants of the Masses Set Forth in Simple Language flave Great Influence on the Men Who Make the

Laws.

Washington Bureau of The Bee, 513 Fourteenth Street, Washington, Jan. 15.

There is no doubt that a most profound impression is being made upon even the rabid free trade democrats in congress by the flood of petitions coming in from the farmers and wage carners of the country against the passage of the Wilson tariff bill. Away out in 'remote parts of the country, where the farmer or laborer may magnify the independence of the man in congress and his general greatness, it may occur to humble and honest minds that a simple request signed by a number of plain farmers or hard working men in the village in opposition to a measure would have little effect upon the great intellect of a great statesman in such a high body as congress. There could be no greater mistake. It is true that a man in congress has immense reverence for the politician, the merchant or banker or other person with capital and labor at his command, but when it comes right down to the fine point of influence there is no person in this wide world who can in a humble way wield as much influence as the farmer or the

It has been the custom of democratic politicians, especially those who have been fortunate enough to get into congress, to claim that petitions against a low tariff emanated from manufacturers and capitalists, and they have been prone to heretofore contend that the work of laborers against a low tariff was the result of intimidation by employers. But the present avalanche of pro-tests from humble, but honest and intelli-gent, citizens against the adoption of the iniquitous and destructive English measure, known as the Wilson tariff bill, has hushed almost every intimation of coercion and capitalistic influence. A few democrats have been reckless enough to express the opinion that intimidation had been exercised in securing petitions against the Wilson bili, but in private they have acknowledged that the opinion was only for the public and was not honest.

Appeals from Honest Tollers. Some of the petitions which are arriving in opposition to the Wilson bill are pititul in simplicity of statement and sentiment. They are written in the most simple language, by hands unfamiliar with the pen, upon postal cards or little bits of paper taken from the flyleafs of books. They tell of how the writers supported the democratic ticket last year under the impression that better times would come, and low instead their employment has left them. and they are without work and without bread. They beg their friends in congress to hasten action if action is to be taken on the passage and save the industries of the country. Other protests against the Wilson bill come in the form of long petitions, signed in the plain handwriting of the hard working man. Many of the signatures have been attested by the cross which signifies that the man bearing the name, although unable to write, is intelligent enough to know why he is out of employment, why his family is suffering for bread, and that he desires the de-feat of a bill which proposes to transfer his

employment to British hands. Some of the introductory remarks upor petitions are enough to melt the heart the most insane free o has any patriotism about They depict the deplorable commercial conditions, tell of the large army out of em-ployment, and of the suffering which abounds. All of this is laid at the door of the policy which has been adopted by the

party in power. Most of these petitions specify that the duty proposed by the Wilson bill upon a certain article which the signers are engaged in manufacturing is so low that it will destroy their means of support. The men who have prepared these petitions and attached their signatures know more about the condition of the trade in which they are engaged than any-body eise. Who would not prefer the judgment of a man who had worked thirty forty years as an iron puddler or a glass blower, on a question of effect of a proposed law, to the theory of a man who never even saw an iron furnace or a building in which glass was made!

Not All See the Light. Many of these petitions are laid away in the desits of the men who receive them, and they are never presented to the committee having in charge the questions at issue; but most of them are formally presented in the house and brought to the notice of that body A good many of the democrats are ashumed t have it known that they are advocating a party theory which is so hostile to and so strongly and universally opposed by their constituents. But there is not the slightest doubt that every postal card, every let-ter, petition and memorial sent here in opposition to the Wilson bill sets the recipient to thinking and makes an impres sion upon him which will be shown in manner at some stage of the tariff proceed

A report was circulated at the capitol today to the effect that the fight made upon the nomination of Justice Hornblower was backed by an important deal bearing upon the tariff bill. It was stated that a number of democratic senators who were fighting Hornblower's nomination intended to join the republican forces in their warfare upon the Wilson tariff bill, and that unless many important amendments were to be made to that measure it would be defeated upon its final passage.

Personal Mention.

Lee Hartiey of Omaha has been given a position in the government printing office.

K. A. L. Dick of Omaha, who has been in

this afternoon. Representative Mercer has been notified by the superintendent of mails that here after no restriction will be placed upon the Knihonna America, the well k Bohemian newspaper of Omaha. seems that the publisher has had this publication held up in Bonemia for extra postage of 1 cent for each two ounces, and

Mrs. Charles Huber, Mrs. Virginia Wil Ia., are in the city for a fortnight's stay, at the end of which they will go to Florida. E. T. Erb was today appointed postmaster. at Hermosa, Custer county, S. D., vice, J

Western Pensions.

WASHINGTON Jan. 15 .- Special to THE Bur. |- The following pensions granted are

Issue of January 4-Nebraska: Original-William H. Williams, Schuyler, Colfax county; William H. Bowman, Fullerton, Nance county, Original widows, etc. Nance county Original widows, etc.— Emrit Hatfield, Rulo, Richardson county, Iowa Original widows, etc.—Mary E. Nelson (mother), Liberty Center, Warren county; minors of James Felters, Kellerton linggold county, South Dakota: Original -John W. Um

phrey, Sturgis, Meade county. Washington, Jan. 15.—The Hawaiian Investigation which the senate committee or great progress today, since new witnesses whose presence had been requested failed to put in an appearance, Lieutenant Commander Swinburn being one of them. In their absence Prof. Alexander of the Ha-walian legation, who was at the capitol, was requested to give some facts additional to those already presented by himself. Mr. Alexander was asked a number of questions hearing on the history of the islands, with which, having written a history of the country, he is especially familiar. Several addayts of residents of Hawaii bearing on the revolution of last January and also upon the phases of the questions, were filed by Senator Frye.

SAT DOWN ON BOUTELLE.

Chairman Crisp Sharply Calls the Gentle-

man from Maine to Order. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.- The work of considering the amendments to the tariff bill began in the house today. On motion of Mr. Crain of Texas the senate bill relieving the Aransas Pass Harbor company of Texas from the time of limitation set in the act of 1890. as to the improvements of Aransas pass, was

passed.

Before the house resolved itself into committee of the whole for consideration of the tariff bill Mr. Boutelle of Maine made another fruitless attempt to bring forward his Hawaiian resolution. He made an impetuous and impassioned protest against the refusal of the house to consider the Hawaiian matter. wallan matter.

walian matter.
"I make the point that the gentleman is out of order," should Mr. McMillin.
"Congress," responded Mr. Boutelle, "should have the right to repudiate the edium under which it rests. The democratic majority should have the right to uphold from congress and the democratic party the burden of outrage and disgrace." [Republi an applause. | "There must be some limit," decllared the

speaker, sharply, 'to the repudiate the gentlemen to violate the privil-eges of the house; there must be some power in the majority to protect itself against his repeated violations. The gentleman will resume his seat, and the house, under the special order adopted, resolve itself into the committee of the whole for the further consideration of the tariff bill."

WILL DEMAND RECOGNITION.

Pian of Action of the Republicans of the Ways and Means Committee, Washington, Jan. 15,-The democrats of the ways and means committee have completed their amendments which they will propose to the pending tariff bill. The amendments do not change the general scope of the measure and are devoted mainly to minor corrections which have appeared to be necessary as a result of the discussion. Messrs, Reed, Burrows, Daizell, Payne and Hopkins, the republican members of the committee, held a party conference today and decided on making a demand for the recognition of the republican amendments to the Wilson bill. This action was due to the recognition. bill. This action was due to the report that Richardson of Tennessed, who will be in the chair during the consideration of the amendments, would recognize only Mr. Wilson for his amendments. The plan agreed upon by the republican leaders was that immediately after Mr. Wilson's amendments on tobacco are disposed of Mr. Burrows will insist that Mr. Wilson has no more right than any other member of the horse. He will urge that Mr. Wilson is not acting for the full ways and means committee, and that the democratic amendments have not been submitted to the

republicans. LILUS LAST HOPE GONE.

All Intention to Re- ire Her Has Been Abandoned at 'ne Capital.

Washington, Jan ____ Chairmen McCreary of the house committee on foreign affairs and Representative Holman of Indiana conferred today as to the proposition which would be submitted to congress for the olution of the Hawasian problem the talk today Mr. McCreary said: "The solution to the question will undoubtedly be ready to submit to the house before January

Representative Holman said: "I wil not present my Hawaiian resolution pending a talk with Mr. McCreary, for the members of the foreign affairs conmittee are acting very fairly in trying to solve the problem. One thing is certain-that the question of restoring Liliuokalan to the throne is for all time abandoned, not only in executive, but in congressional circles. It will never be heard of again.

Opposed to Bond Issue. Washington, Jan. 15. - Representative Bailey of Texas today introduced the fol

Resolved That it is the sense of the Resolved, That it is the sense of the hor that the secretary of the treasury has a authority under existing laws to issue and sell bonds of the United State except as conferred upon him by the nof January 14, 1875, an act to provide for the resumption of specie payments, as that the money derived from the sale of bond issued under that act cannot be lawful anniled to any purpose excepting the applied to any purpose excepting the specified therein.

The resolution was referred to the Judiciary committee. The committee is understood to be against the issue of bonds.

Senute Proceedings. Washington, Jan. 15 .- There was an a wfu

flood of communications protesting agains the passage of the Wilson turiff bil eday in the senate after the reading o Senator Martin of Kansas called up th house bill authorizing the Shawnee Heat and

Light company of Kansas to construct a dan

Kansas, and it was passed. At 12:45 the senate, or motion of Mr. Hill, went into executive session to consider the Hornblower nomination. New Mexican Customs Ruling. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.-The bureau o American Republics learns that the presi

dent of Mexico has decreed that small im portations of foreign merchandise proceed ing from towns situated in front of Mexical customs houses on the frontier and destine for the use of frontier people shall have ex emption from customs house duties, puthat the value does not exceed \$50. discovered that the value of the merel disc is greater than \$50, a fine of double the consular dues which the certification of the invoice would require shall be imposed. Supreme Court Decisions.

Washington, Jan. 13 .- The supreme court today, in an opinion by Chief Justice Fuller, set aside an order of April 10, confirming the report of commissioners appointed to deter-mine part of the boundary line between the states of lows and Illinois. The order does not affect the merits of the boundary ques

The supreme court has ordered a new trial for Sam Hickory of Cherakee, Kan, convicted of the murder of Deputy United States Marshal Joseph Wilson. Representative Lane's Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- Representative Lane of Illinois today introduced the follow lowing bill; "All contracts for the payment of any sum of money, whether in gold, silver or coin, may be discharged by any money which is by law a legal tender for the payment of debts when the contract matur

Presented to the Senate Today. Washington, Jan. 15 -The president's nessage conveying the Hawaiian correspondence, sent to the house Saturday, was delivered to the senate while in executive session today. It was not permitted to interfere with the consideration of the Hornblower confirmation.

Must Do Their Assessment Work. Washington, Jan. 15. - The bouse commit tee on public lands today made an adverse report on Representative Hartman's bill. to suspend, for the year 1894, the provisions of the mining laws of the United States requiring assessment work on quartz lode foreign relations is conducting did not make | mining claims,

ENGAGED THE LAND FORCES

Daring Work of One of da Gama's Gunboats in Rio Harbor.

BATTERIES ENG GED AT SHORT RANGE

Pelxoto's Artillerymen Put to Fright and Many of Them Killed and Wounded -One of the Most Exciting Fights of the War,

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 15 .- The engagement between the rebel vessel Guanabara, supported by the guns of Cobras island, on Naturday last, when that small warship attacked the government position along the shore, was very hot while it lasted. The Guanabara had the best of the fight, running close in shore and making very effective use of her guns, which caused the government forces to retire from their posi-tions, leaving a number of dead and wounded behind them. Peixoto's offi-cers, while the Guanabara was within easy distance of the shore, suddenly made an attack upon her by means of a number of small boats filled with troops. But this movement was unsuccessful, as the Guanabara opened such a deadly fire upon them that she easily beat off the boarding parties, tilling a number of soldiers who manned the

small craft.
As in all these engagements, it is difficult to get at the right facts in regard to the number killed and wounded, but the rebels claim that at least 100 of Peixoto's troops were killed or wounded during the attack made upon the Guanabara by the small boats, and that probably as many more were killed and wounded during the robel ship's attack upon the land batteries. On the other hand, the government reports say that the losses during Saturday's action were trivial and that the insurgent report of the number killed and wounded is grossly exaggerated

RUSSIANS IMPLICATED.

French Police Give the Czar's Officers Tips on Anarchists and Nonlists.

Berlin, Jan. 15 .- Advices received here from St. Petersburg say that the French police have sent a communication to the Russian police stating that a number of revolutionary documents were seized by the police of the different towns of France during the recent anarchist raids which fol lowed the explosion of Vaillant's bomb in the Chamber of Deputies. The documents are said to compromise a number of Russians re iding at St. Petersburg and in other parts of Russia. As a result of these communica-tions the police of Russia are said to have made a series of visits and arrested a number of nihilists. It is also said that many Russians of all classes are now shadowed by the police, and that the documents found in France are believed to have pointed out a plot against the life of the imperial family on New Year's day, when extraordinary precautions were taken to protect the differ-ent members of the imperial family. Delianoff, minister of education, is taking vigorous steps in order to prevent outbreaks on the part of the students, especially in the tech logical institutions and in the school of mines. The minister of education will also pay particular attention to any outbreaks which may occur in the schools of St. Petersburg as well as in the schools in the other large towns.

GERMANY'S TAXATION SCHEME.

It is Still Meeting with Mach Opposition in the Reichstag. Berlin, Jan. 15.-In the Reichstag today

Dr. Miquel, minister of finance, said that ing the emperor and with rioting. the necessity of an increase of the imperial revenue was not recognized. The reduction to 35,000,000 marks, and practical counter oposals were made. Against the tobacc ill it was suggested that the essential point was that the imperial charges should not be shifted upon the shoulders of the individual states, for it was claimed the empire must

rather give than be perpetually asking. Herr Richter said the bill would simply mean the death of the tobacco industry. After some discussion the tabacco tay bill was referred to the stamp tax commit tee in spite of the opposition of the radicals south Germans, people's party and social

The incident at the banquet of the Con mercial congress on Friday last, which caused Dr. Miquel to leave the ball in anger ifter being criticised, has been settled b satisfactory explanation which was for nished to Dr. Miquel by the president of congress. The Association of Iron Workers have

elected Herr Krupp honorary member and have passed an unanimous resolution condemning the action of Commissioner Reuleax in Chicago as liable to hurt Ger man industry.

WILL NOT GO TO ENGLAND.

There is Plenty of it in the United States the Times Says in its Financial Article. London, Jan. 15 .- The Times in its final cial article says it does not think any gold will be taken here by the United States unless it goes naturally as an exchange operation. There is plenty of gold in the United States. only too small a proportion of it is in the reasury owing to the strange pranks of the constary system during the last three years Broadly speaking, the transfer from the anks to the treasury of from \$30,000.000 to

\$40,000,000 is required. "It is not our business," the writer says, to suggest a detailed scheme, but we do not think it would be difficult to arrange one were allowed to issue notes against then Not that they would require to use the power now, for they are suffering from a lethora of unemployable resources, but it i necessary to give them the power in order to neet the expansion of the volume of busi ness which would come sooner or later."

FIGHTING IN APRICA.

Natives Making a Strong Stand Against

the Forces of the Foreigners. CAPETOWS, Jan. 15.—Renewed fighting is reported from Pondaland, Commander Sigean attacked the Umzizis and the latter retreated into Natal. The Umzizis, however, afterward returned, and attacked and defeated Commander Sigean, who was com elled to retire with the loss of 250 killed LONDON, Jan. 15. -Advices from Nyassa

land report that the country is in an unset tled condition. A caravan belonging to th African Lakes company was recently at tacked and one person killed and some wounded. Several persons were carried of and the mission station at Mlangi was nurned. The Europeans escaped. CAPETOWN Jan. 15.—A disputch from Tati says that the troop of fifteen members of the Bechuanniand police, supposed to have

been massacred, has returned safely to Tati. HOW IT WORKS IN WALES.

Great Distress in that Country Attributed to the McKinley Bill. Loxnon, Jan. 15 .- A dispatch to the Times

from Caruff days that the McKinley tariff is still working disaster on the export trade of South Wales. Tue tin plate trade with the United States is one-third of the productive capacity of the mines, and has been at a standardil for the last six months. Over 5.000 workmen are unemployed, and besides these there are numerous others indirectly ing £4,060 weekly. One hundred and sixty out of 500 mills are idle, and there is great distress among all the employes. Many of the families are fiving on 3s on a week.

Storms on the Attaulte. QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 15. Incoming vessels which arrive here report having experienced | New York.

terrific w storm and the Atlantic, and many sting refuge here in a criptic dendity from San Fa the full fury storm and was compelled

to seek shorts

Jamaica for H.
harbor here a derelict. She had been beating off the coast for seventien days, until her rigging was carried away and her spars swept overboard. She then becam unmanageable and was anandoned by her

Crispi's New Land Bill. London, Jan. 15. - A dispaten to the Chronicle from Rome says that Premier Crispi is preparing a land reform bill in Italy and Sicily, similar to Mr. Glaustone's Irish land bill. It will regulate the relations botween landlords and tenants, and will give the tenants facilities to purchase the holdings. Premier Crispi demands that upon the reopening of the parliament he shall be given dictatorial powers for six months to execute financial and administrative reform. If the Chamber of Deputies refuses to grant him these powers it will be dissolved.

Entertained by Disz. City or Maxico, Jan. 15.—President and Mrs. Diaz entertained the members of the diplomatic corps and their ladies at the winter residence of the chief executive at din ner Saturday evening. United States Minis tor Gray and wife represented the Unite I States at the gathering, which was a bril-liant affair. This is the first diplomatic finner the chief executive has given in sev eral years.

Recovered 6,000,000 Francs.

Pants, Jan. 15.-The tribunal of commerce today, in the action brought by the liqui dator of the Societe des Depots et Competes Courants against M. Gautier, managing director, and other directors, claiming 13,000,000 francs said to have been lost by the maladministration which resulted in the bank-ruptcy of the society, awarded the liquidator a verdict for 6,000,000 francs.

Routed the Rebels.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 .- A special to the Herald from Tegucigalpa, Honduras, says: Villala attacked the rebels this morning and forced them to fall back. He captured one of their cannon and destroyed their en trenchments. Officers of the American war-ship Ranger, now at Amapela, visited the government authorities on Saturday. Americans Presented at Court.

VIENNA, Jan. 15 .- A brilliant court ball

took place last evening in the Royal palace.

The American minister, Mr. Bartlett Tripp was presented to the emperor by Secretary Lawrence Townsend the dean of the diplomatic corps. After Mrs. Tripp had been presented she in turn presented the Misses Ethel Washburne and Affice Fagan. Suffering to Manitoba. MONTREAL, Jan. 15 .- The reports of starvation in Manitoba and the northwest are being verified. Advices state hundreds of

destitute people are walking the streets of Winnipeg and the distress is terrible. To make matters worse the Canadian Pacific has discharged a large number of men. Arresting Rioters in Sicily. Carrara, Jan. 15 .- Reinforcements have arrived here and a number of arrests have been made. The rioters have cut telephone

wires and attempted to wreck a train at Avenza. The carbiner who was wounded by the rioters has died. The rioters have sought refuge on the adjacent hills. Seventy-Seven Men on Trial. Prague, Jan 15 .- The O mladina secret so ciety trial commenced today. There are seventy-seven prisoners, including news-

paper mony printers, circles and artisans, charged with belonging to a dangerous se-

Standard from Rome says that a gathering of laborers belonging to a league at Albano two miles, southeast of Rome, attempted public demonstration, but were prevented from holding it by the carbineers. The ex-

New Your, Jan. 15. -The Herald's special dispatch from Montevideo saya: The garrison of Bage which was besieged by the insurgents of Rio Grande do Sul, has become

so severely pinched for provisions that they have been consuming for the last few days horses and other animals. Another Fruitiess Engagement at Rio. RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 15.—There has been another general engagement between the rebel ships and the government forces. The

encounter was of a desultory kind, the firing being at long range, and no serious damage was done to either side. Royally thas the Grip. London, Jan. 15 .- A dispatch from Copen hagen to the Standard says that King Christian 1X, and Prince Waldemar are abed with influenza, but it is not thought that

the illness of either is serious. Bismarck to Bad Heat h. London, Jan. 15 .- A Berlin dispatch to the Standard says that Bismarck's health is re-

his old gastric disorder he has suffered re BERLIN, Jan. 15 .- A duel with pistols was fought today by Dr. Roewer and Herr de

ported to be not quite satisfactory.

Lacroix, a military outfitter. The doctor was killed. Here de Lacroix surrendered himself to the police. Want Dueling Stopped. Muxica, Jan. 15 .- The party of the center

in the Dist has presented a motion urging

the government to check ducling in the arm as contrary to religion, morality and law. Averted the Crists. Baussans, Jan. 15 .- At a meeting of the Right party today the impending crisis wa averted, and the government will introduce a bill for proportional representation.

Blamarck's Duesa. Bennix, Jan. 15. - The Abend Zeitung says that Prince Bismarck, after suffering from neuralgia, has been selzed with a severe attack of catarrh.

Universal Suffrage Dented. DRESDEN, Jan. 15 -The Diet by a vote of 60 to 15 has rejected the motion of the socialists for universal and equal suffrage at the Diet elections. One of Caprivi's Libelers.

BERLIN, Jan. 15.-Herr Harden who was charged with libeling Chancellor von Caprivi, has been fined 30 marks and costs. Troops Sent to Sielly. ROME, Jan. 15,-Three steamers were dispatched to Palermo yesterday with twenty-

Gonrko is Worse. Wansaw, Jan. 15 .- A sudden change for he worse has taken place in the condition of General Gourko.

nine officers and 4,000 troops.

Mr. Gladstone in Italy. BIABHETZ, Jan. 15 .- Mr. Gladstone arrived here at 3 this morning in the best of health. Filed a treed of Trust.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 15-The wholesale house of Butt, Young & Co., largest of its kind in Knoxville, this forenoon filed a deed of trast to D. A. Gant as trustee, to se ture creditors to the amount of \$60,000. As

M. vements of Ocean Steamers - January 15 At New York Arrived La Champagne, Landon Sighted-Rugla, from New

At Queeastown beived-Gillia, from

Iowa's "Old Business" Governor Nominated to Succeed Senator Wilson.

ONLY THREE BALLOTS WERE REQUIRED

His Followers in the Caucus Outnumbered the Perces of the Opposition.

RECEIVED WITH GREAT ENTHUSIASM

Cheering for the Winner. PLATFORM OF THE COMING SENATOR

Result of the Vots Declared Amid Wild

He Declares His Gratitude to the Capeus for the Nomination and Pledges Him-

sell to Stand for the Party's

Highest Crinciples. Des Mornes, Jan. 15 .- [Special Telegram. to Tun Ben | Hon. John H. Gear of Burington was nominated by the republican

senatorial caucus for United States senator. o succeed Hon, James F. Wilson. The result was reached on the third batot. Gear receiving fifty-seven votes, exactly the number required. The announcesment of the result was greeted with the wildest enthusiasm, the friends of the defeated aspirants vicing with the supporters of the successful candidate in their demon-

strations of lov. The cancus was called to order promptly at 8 o'clock by Schuter A. B. Funk, and Senator Harmon of Buchanan was elected chairman and Senator Lewis of Wayne secretary. Senator Waterman of Wapello and Representatives Wood of Madison and Milliman of Harrison were appointed tellers. All

nominating speeches were dispensed with. Nominations being called for, Representative Endicott of Tama nominated John H. Gear of Burlington, which was seconded by Senator Brower. Senator Chaptry of Milis nominated John Y. Stone of Council Bluffs, Judge Blanchard of Mahaska presented the name of John F. Lucey of Ostaloosa, A. B. Cammins of Des Moines was nominated by Senator Chesnire, L. S. Coffin of Fort Dodge by Representative Buraquist of Webster, George D. Perkins, Sloux City, by Sawyer of Woodbury, and W. P. Hepburn of Clarinda by Senator Pinn of Taylor. Senator Ellis of Chaton seconded the nomination of A. B. Cummins, Suderman of Page" seconded the nomination of "Pete" Hepburn [cheers], Frank of Hardin seconded the nomination of "Old Business." [Great

cheering.]

Gear Led from the First. The roll call disclossed the presence of every republican member of both houses. The first bailot resulted as follows:
 Gear
 42 Stone

 Hepburn
 10 Porkins

 Jacey
 10 Comm

 Cummins
 12
 A second ballot was immediately ordered amid breathless interest and resulted:

The announcement of this ballot was greeted with great applause and a third ballot followed. The first five ballots that came out of the box were all for Gear, which created the wildest enthusiasm among his supporters. As the voting proceeded the excitement became intense, and finally as the last three ballots were read all for Gear, and giving him exactly fifty-seven, just the required number, a wild cheer arose from hundreds of throats, hats were

tions of joy followed. At length Chairman Harmon succeeded in making himself heard and announced the result of the decisive ballot as follows: Gear. 57 Perkins.
Cummins 10 Stone.
Hepburn 15 Lacey. Then the enthusiasm of the people broke

thrown into the air and other demonstra-

out afresh. Senator Brower moved that a committee of three be appointed to escort John H. Gear into the hall, which was amended to include all of the senatorial candidates. The committee named by the chair consisted of Senator Brower of Cerro Gordo, Cheshire of Polk and Representative Blanchard of Mahaska. On being introduced, Hon, John H. Gear spoke as follows: Platform of the Candidate.

"From the depths of my heart I thank you for the great honor you have conferred upon me tonight. All my life long I have been a republican. I have seen this great state of lows under the munificent rule of the republican party transformed from a trackless prairie into a busy, populous empire teeming with wealth. I rejoice tonight that I have had some little part in this great work.

"I stand for all that is highest and best in republicanism. I believe every citizen of this republic should be allowed to cast one vote and have that vote honestly counted. [Great cheera.] I stand for protection to American labor. Again I thank you, and assuring you that I shall have but one desire and that is to serve the highest interests of the people I shall have the honor to

represent. I bid you a wind good night." The defeated candidates all made felicitous remarks congratulating the caucus on the wisdom of its choice, Hon. A. B. Cummms pledging himself to a renewed devotion to the principles of republicanusm. The election will be held tomorrow, when Gear will receive every republican vote. The democrats will cast their ballots for ex-Governor Boies.

Grind of the Day.

In the house bills were introduced as follows: By Sawyer of Woodbury-Providing for county tax of 1 cent per pound on beet sugar: authorizing the manufacture and sale of malt and vinous liquors, and providing for local option by countles, with a mini-mum license fee of \$1,000.

By Carter of Dallas-Ropcaling the inno-ent purchaser law relating to promissory By Root-Creating an insurance departs By Mitchell-Providing for a uniform sys-

em of text books for public schools.
By Hoover-Creating Nineteenth judicin! Hy Watkins-To prevent and punish prize By Weaver-Evennting pharmacists from

By Wyckoff-A valued policy insurance

The senate transacted very little business beyond the announcement of the visiting committees. A few bills of minor importance were introduced. The standing committees of the two houses, appointed to visit and examine the condition of the various state untillutions are as follows: Agricultural college—Senster Kilturn and Representatives Martin and Barker; hospital for insane at Mount Pleasant—Conaway, Davis I and Miller; hespital at Clarinda -Frae, Read