# SHE'S OUT OF A JOB

Mary Ellen Lease No Longer Handicapped by Holding Public Office.

SAID IT WAS HER HEAD OR TAUBER'S

Ehe Did Not Like the Appointment of a Democrat to a Good Place.

LEWELLING SOON MADE HIS CHOICE

He Removed the Fiery Female "In the Interests of Harmony."

SOME LAST WORDS FROM THE DISMISSED

Best Friend the Populists Ever Had in the State Has Been Turned Down, but She Can Stand it if the Party Can.

Topeka, Dec. 28 -A sensation was created at a late hour this afternoon by Governor Lewelling's sudden action in removing Mrs. Lease as a member of the State Board of Charities. Mrs. Lease came here today to protest against the appointment of George Tauber, ex-deputy postmaster under Thomas, as steward of the Asylum for the Deaf at Olathe. Mrs. Lease told the governor that she did not propose to stand it to have Tauber appointed to a fat office; that she or Tauber would have to go. Governor Lewelling, shortly after Mrs. Lease left the executive office, issued at order removing Mrs. Lease.

The governor was seen in explanation of the cause of the removal and was loth to tals. He had learned that the news was out. Finally, on being pressed by an Associated press reporter, he said: "Mrs. Lease was removed to preserve harmony in the

Mrs. Lease expressed great surprise when a reporter told her the governor had issued her discharge.

The populist camp was this afternoon thrown into the wildest excitement by the action of Governor Lewelling in removing Mrs. Mary E Lease from the State Board of Charities. This was done after a long conference with his associate state officers and other leaders of the people's party, and was no doubt in anticipation of the war which Mrs. Lease was preparing to declare against the state administration.

#### Was Done for Harmony.

To a reporter Governor Lewelling said: "I don't want to say much about it, and I want you to be careful to quote me correctly. I have removed Mrs. Lease in the interest of harmony and good government. There seems to be some lack of harmony in the charitable institutions of the state and considerable trouble in the board, and I concluded that Mrs. Lease's removal was the remedy and accordingly removed her. That's all I have to say about it this afternoon." "Don't you think you have stirred up a

"Maybe I have, but I guess there will b

no great trouble grow out of it." "Either he goes, or I go," Mrs. Lease said to a reporter, and she stamped her foot to emphasize that fact. This was before her

removal was appounced.

"It is a question of principle with me. First I am a populist, and of the middle-ofthe road sort, and I do not believe in appointing democrats to office." she said. "Next, good populists have been ignored, and lastly, I am opposed to Tauber because he was appointed to secure the beer-drinking element of the state for the people's party next year. I am not that kind of a politician I do not believe in compromising with wrong in any shape or form. It is certain that Tauber will have to be retired or I shall quit the board.'

How it Was Brought About,

The removal of Mrs. Lease was the thought of today. Yesterday there was no talk of it is the state house or in populist circles any-where. It is not believed that the removal was wholly caused by the row in the board. for that has been of long standing and was open and notorious. That somebody had to go has been known for three months, for Mrs. Lease, on the one side, and Mr. House holder and Mr. Waite on the other, could never harmonize, but it was not intended to let it be Mrs. Lease until this when intelligence was brought to the gov ernor that Mrs. Lease had not buried th hatchet, but was getting ready to make an other assault through the newspapers upo the administration. She, in with a well known populist, within the past forty-eight hours, stated that she was no itisfied with the terms of peace mad her with the governor. She said that Governor Lewelling and the entire state house crowd ought to be turned down, and that she was loaded with letters and other documents that would make trouble. She said that she proposed to go after the governor on account of a good many misdeeds, and especially on account of the appointment of Artz and Todd,

When this reached the governor's ears i decided the question of removal in his mind, and, instead of letting out Householder and Walte, he let out Mrs. Lease. The removal eans that the administration has accepted Mrs. Lease's challenge to battle, and the contest will be full of fire and interest.

### She Made a Demand.

Mrs. Lease takes her removal like trained politician. She said to a reporter "Yes, I have been officially informed of my decapitation. I had had a hint that it was coming. But Governor Lewelling ourhit to have told you the real reason. It was because I went to him yesterday afternoon and made a demand upon him, not a request, mind you-a demand that at the expiration of the term of Mr. Yoe, a republican member, next April, J. R. Kennedy, a populist editor of Wilson county, be ap-pointed. I know that with Mr. Kennedy on businessike way and get rid of the politica schemes to which the board now resorts. But the governor seems to like that way of administering our state charities.

"It was not a month ago that he came to us with a demand that we remove Carter from the superintendency of the deaf and dumb asylum. I said to him that he had no right to make such a demand; that we, the board, were responsible for our ments, and the party could not afford to such an institution as the asylum for the deaf mixed up in small politics. But the majority of the board did the governor's bidding, and now they are all trying to find a way to reinstate Carter. But it is all right. If Governor Lewelling can stand it, I can. I will saw wood and wait, as the politicis gratulate Governor Lewening upon don the best friend and most sympathetic late Governor Lewelling upon downing cordial worker the people's party has in the state of Kansas."

### Will Substantiate Any Charge.

Mrs. Lease said it was rather early to talk about state commutations, but present signs pointed to Lewelling's renomination. pointed to Lewelling's renomination.

When asked if her removal would cause a split in the party she reliterated the statement made in Topcka a month ago that the present administration would be turne down. "I have never denied the interview, declared Mrs. Lease, vehemently, "and every charge preferred by me will be sub-stantiated at the proper time. The old crowd must go. I went into this fight for

principle and I cannot and will not tolerate the corruption of the present administra-tion, more corrupt than any republican administration that ever disgraced Kansas. The admission of Governor Lewelling seems to make appointments to further his own political onds regardless of consequences. When he finds an appointee whom he can-

#### not use he deposes him. Will Make a Fight.

Kassas Ciff, Dec. 28.—R. M. Chenault, one of the most preiminent populists in Kansas, and attorney for Mrs. Mary E. Lease arrived here from Topeka last night. He is very bitter against Governor Lewelling for his dismissal of Mrs. Lease. Speaking of the removal. Mr. Chenault said: "I am perfectly satisfied, after a consultation with Messrs. Gleed, Ware & Gleed, attorneys, whom I have employed to assist me in fighting Governor Lewelling, that the governor cannot remove Mrs. Lease legally without cause, and in his letter notifying her of her dismissal he gives no legal cause. We pro-pose to fight the case to the bitter end. The removal of Mrs. Lease will certainly disrupt the people's party in the state and lead to shameful and disgraceful defeat at the next fall election. I certainly consider the governor the most unwise and indiscreet governor Kansas has ever had. He has done more to bring reproach upon the state and stop capital from coming to it than all the governors Kansas has had from the time of her admission to the union. I will do my utmost to defeat him for renomination, supported by thousands of our good people.

Superintendent Carter Reinstated. OLATHE, Kan., Dec. 28.-Superintendent Carter received a telegram from Mrs. Lease this morning saying he had been reinstated. This will renew the war by the discharged employes, some of whom are still here awaiting the result, and new charges are in cir-culation in regard to the condition of affairs. Many of the students are seen down town every day, smoking cigars and cigarettes, and some of the larger ones were called before County Attorney Scott to testify as to where they got their liquor. Other reports as to insufficient management are being brought up. Judge Dixon, the discharged steward, says he will put all charges hereafter in print, substantiated by affidavits.

### YELLOW JACK AT RIO.

It Adds its Dread to the Horror of the Domestic War.
BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 28.—Very bad news has reached here from Rio de Janeiro. It is announced that the unfortunate city, which has for months past been suffering from the ravages of war, is now a victim to the ravages of the most dreaded scourge-yellow fever-and five deaths from this disease are already reported. The news that yellow fever had added its

burden and horrors to the suffering already endured by the people of Rio has caused widespread attention here, and much sympathy is expressed for the plague and war stricken inhabitants. It is agreed that the government is taking every possible precaution to prevent a spread of the disease, but the work of the officials at Rio is greatly hampered by the condition to which the city has been reduced by the horrors of war.

Yellow fever, which has broken out in Rio is not the mild form of that fever, but is the form of the black vomit.

### Still Fighting Fiercely.

Following the news that the black vomit has broken out at Rio de Janeiro comes the additional information that the bombardment from the city upon the forts continues and that the forces of both parties, the government and the insurgents, seem determined to bring matters to a termination in one way or the other.

The fire of the rebel warships upon the forts is said to have been unusually severe and to have resulted in killing a number of the defenders of President Peixoto's fortifications. It is also said that several people have been killed in the streets of Rio de Janeiro, and that the people of that city are so panic stricken that all stores have been closed and business is practically at a stand still.

The forts have been replying fiercely to the heavy fire of the ships and have so far succeeded in holding their own.

It is reported a battle at sea between the rebel and government ships may soon be expected, and that upon this engagement will depend the fate of the rebellion.

### YESTERD IT'S DEAD.

### Samuel Mctoon.

SAN Direct, Dec. 28.-Samuel McCoon. father of Hosmer McCoon of the Chamber of Commerce here, died at Fanita Ranche, his son's residence, this morning, aged 91. Deceased was at one time in politics in New York and judge of the surrogate court. He was made a Free Mason in 1823, and is supto be the oldest Mason in the United States.

### Miss Tucker.

London, Dec. 28.—The Indian mails an-nounce the death of Miss Tucker, known all over the world under the initials of "A. I. For the past eighteen years Miss Pucker had engaged in missionary work in India, where the proceeds of her pen have been used to benefit the missions and, it is understood, that all money earned by her works after death is also to be placed at the disposal of the Indian missions.

Charles Merivale.

Charles Merivale, dean of Ely, died esterday afternoon. He had been ill yesterday afternoon. time and became scious on Tuesday night. It was Dear Merivale's "Translation of Homer's Iliad" which the late earl of Deeby used to say was one of the fibest things in the English

Caroline Janich, Russian Authoress. A Moscow dispatch to the Times announce the death of Caroline Janich in that city. She was the oldest living authoress and was celebrated for her translations from the

French and German poets into Russian. Richard Bentley, Botanist. The Times announces the death of the botanist Richard Bentley.

### THOUGHT MRS INVINE INNOCENT.

Closing Arguments in the Divorce Case at

SALT LAKE, Dec. 28.-W. H. Dickson closed his opening argument in the Irvine divorce case at noon today and was followed by John M. Zane for the defense. Mr. Dickson said in his mind there was not the shadow of a doubt as to Mrs. Irvine's guilt Mr. Zane was very severe on Irvine and de clared that the gung of rustics that con-prised the jury on his trial for the murder of Montgomery would never have acquitted him had they known the facts. He said Mrs. irvine's actions proved her guiltless of wrongdoing with Montgomery.

Another Wyoming Tragedy SUNDANCE, Wyo., Dec., 28,-John Myers, a ranchman on Elk creek, was found dead in bed with a deep cut in the forehead and his feet and legs burned to a crisp. Myers was evidently murdered and an effort made to burn the house to cover up the crime. He was 60 years eld and lived alone. He recently shipped a lot of cattle to Chicago and was supposed to have considerable money in the house.

## Missouri Valley Bankers.

Sr. Joseph, Dec. 28.—On January 3 there will be a meeting of the bankers of the Missouri vailey in this city to form an associa tion for mutual benefit. Three Kansas City banks will be represented as will banks in Omaha Sieux City, Lincoln, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison and Topesa.

### STEVENS HAS A BACK SEAT

Interest Growing in Affairs of the Island Gem of the Pacific.

HAWAIIAN INQUIRY IN ITS WIDEST SCOPE

Members of the Subcommittee Will Discuss Annexation and Similar Matters with a View to Future Action-

Senator Morgan's Position.

Washington, Dec. 28.-The air of mystery assumed by the senate committee on foreign affairs in its Hawailan investigation gives the impression that Morgan's resolution, under which the inquiry is held, is merely a cloak for much more important inquiry than any as to the alleged irregularity of our diplomatic relations with those islands. There is reason for believing that while presumably the present inquiry is for information bearing upon the conduct of Stevens and Blount, there will be an effort at the same time to obtain any information which will, in the first place, prove the capability of the islands for self government, and, in the second place, the desirability or otherwise of annexing these islands at some time in the future.

It is understood perfectly by members or the committee who might have these ideas in view that there is no hope of annexing the islands under the present administration, but those who favor this disposition of the little kingdom do not intend to be swerved from their purpose by the fact that one administration is opposed to this course. Senator Morgan, who is chairman of the committee, has been scrupulously careful about expressing opinions upon the Hawaiian question, manifesting a disposition to do or say nothing which would appear extra-judical, but he is known to be a believer in at-taching the islands to this coun-try as a part of it, just as Alaska is at present attached, and the fact that he has very recently introduced a bill in the senate providing for a form of government for any acquired terri-tory lends plausibility to the supposition that he is looking forward to possibilities far beyond anything included in the resolution under which the committee is authorized to conduct its present hearing. There is a plausible explanation of the origin of the bill and without some end like the acquisi-tion of Hawaii in view it is difficult to find any reason for its existence. Those who know Mr. Morgan best say that he is not the man to attempt to secure legislation that

would fit a supposition. It would appear probable that when the committee reports it will, so far as Mr. Morgan can direct the character of the re-port, smooth over the events in which Minister Stevens was concerned and declare

that a closed era.
In the meantime Minister Thurston, who is now in Hawaii, will have been heard from as to the capacity of the present government for temporarily managing the island's affairs and his information with the cor-roborating testimony which the committee will be able to get together in the meantime may have an important bearing upon the future investigations.

### SENTENCED A CRANK.

Joseph Donjon Punished for Writing Threatening Letters.

Washington, Dec, 28.-Joseph Donjon was arraigned in the police court today on the Vice President Stevenson and Senator Mills | step in and take a hand. After hearing the evidence of the vice president's clerk and Charles Milis, son and private secretary of the senator, and the personal statement of Donjon, Judge Miller bound the prisoner over to await the action of the grand jury, fixing buil at \$2,000. In default of bail Donjon was reminded to prison. In holding the prisoner the judge was particularly severe against the class of cranks who are threatening, assaulting and otherwise harassing public men. He said the time had come to bring these people— whether anarchists or socialists or general cranks—up with a round turn, either in jall or at the rope's end. Donjon's attorney, Lawyer Cuvillier, has

made approcation to Judge Cole of the dis-trict supreme court for a writ of inquiry to letermine whether or not Donion is sane. A

Donion was arraigned in the prisoners dock along with a number of white and col-ored prisoners. He was represented by Lawyer Cavillier, who filed a plea of no guilty. W. S. Daniels, cierk to the vice resident, testified that Donion's letters first began coming to the vice president last summer. Some of them were very violent. A postal card was read to the court in which Donjon asked the vigo president to send him \$25 in order to avoid being one of those who

Mr. Mills, secretary of the Texas senator, rend a letter received by his father, in which Donjon said there "Was hell in store for certain parties." The letter made scandalous references to Senators Sherman and Stewart, President Cleveland and others. A request was made for traveling expenses to come to Washington, and the letter stated the writer was following divine inspiration. Mr. Mills, jr., testified that the letter was regarded as of such a threatening character that he obtained a permit in the police court o carry a revolver

Officer Holinsboro testified that Donjon had confessed to him that he had written the postal card and the letters to the vice president and Senator Mills, and had also stated that similar episties had een sent to other persons.

The prisoner testified in an intelligent

He said his idea in writing letters o public men was to find out how Senator Sherman had made his millions. Judge Miller and the attorneys endeavored to have him state who had co-operated with im, but he said he would not divulge this him, but he said trial. Donjon said he be-ionged to no secret society. He had not in-tended to threaten the vice president or senators, but merely to solicit enough money for traveling expenses to come to Washing

he said he knew nothing about dynamite. South Carolina's Trade Murk.

ton and give testimony as to Senator Sher-man's improper connection with sliver and

tariff legislation. In answer to a question

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Assistant Attorney General Hall and Law Clerk Campbell of the Interior department and counsel for Commissioner of Patents Seymour have prepared and will shortly file their brief in the appeal taken by the commissioner to the district court of appeals from the decision of the lower court, requiring him to grant Governor Tillman's "Palmetto" trade mark application. It is stated in the application that there is no warrant for the action of the supreme court of the district in revising and reversing the commissioner's The case will be argued next Thursday.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28. - Secretary Home Smith has under consideration an important case relating to the school lands of the west It involves the question whether double minimum lands may be selected as indem nity for losses of single minimum lands for school purposes. The department has al ways held that such selections canno made, but it is probable that these for rulings will be reversed by Secretary Smith

Changes to the Pension Eureau.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—General changes in the personnel of the pension bareau are expected to be made next Tuesday. Most of these changes will be promotions, while a large number of reductions are expected.

That Bankruptey Bill. Washington, Dec. 28 .- When Representative Bailey of Texas reported from the

judiciary committee a bankruptcy bill differ-ing from the Ontes bill in the material point

of having no involuntary provisions, he made an extended report. It now appears that Messrs Oates of Alabama and Wolverton of Pennsylvania will make a majority report against the bill as reported. Mr. Bailey will also prepare a report showing why he also prenare a report showing why he thinks his bill should be preferred to any other. The point he makes is that, with the involuntary clause in the bill, the house re-fused absolutely to consider the bill by para-graphs, and it was apparent that no measure

which had proven obnexious to the majority of the house. Haven't Heard from Them Washington, Dec. 28 -it is said that no word has been received from the president's

party since it started down the river. The

old pass if it contained this provision

exact date of return is not known, but the party is expected to return today or tomor-Washington, Dec. 28.-Another large hole was made in the treasury cash balance today and for the first time it fell below \$90 .-000,000, going to \$88,946,683,65, of which \$82,024,796 was gold and the balance currency.

### BURGLARS CAUGHT.

Men Who Robbed a House of Watches and Diamonds Captured.

Late last night a report was made at the police station that a burglary had been committed at a house near Fifteenth and Vinton

Two gold watches, some diamonds and other jewelry, the whole amounting to \$600 to \$800 in value, were taken. At 3 o'clock this morning two men were

locked up charged with the crime of burglary and grand larceny. It is stated that another man implicated

in the affair is at large. Little could be learned at the police station of the affair.

## GOT THEMSELVES ARRESTED.

Corbett and Mitchell Ald the Duval Club in Making Up a Test Case.

[From Associated Press Special Correspondent.]
JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 28.—Those who doubted the sincerity of Champion James J. Corbett and "Charley" Mitchell in the individual efforts to pull off the big fight here in January must give away now to the stronger evidence of affairs. The big fighters today voluntarily gave themselves up to the authorities in order to forestall arrest at later date, and to test the legality of their proposed contest. It was all a prearranged plan, and so far as the plan tiself goes, it was cleverly devised and satisfactorily carried out. It had its amusing features, too, for Corbett was not on hand at the appointed hour and Mitchell raged and fumed when he found he had to face the court alone. Champion Jim had all along viewed his possible arrest with feelings akin to horror, but toward the close of the afternoon he came up from his training quarters and took the sheruf's warrant without

### One Way to Avoid Trouble.

Manager J. E. T. Bowden of the Duval Athletic club has schemed for days and nights so that there might be no interfer-ence. It has been a cherished dream of his and of the other club magnates that the fight should occur under the supervision of the Duval club and right here in Jacksoncharge of sending threatening letters to filled the air, that the authorities would and this strange

executive office, have thrown a damper on all these plans and projects.

Last night the officials decided upon a final effort. They gathered in close consul tation and George F. Acosts, who has worn an anxious look throughout the week, was with them. A plan had been hit upon and Mr Acosta, baving carefully searched his law books, sallied forth and procured warrants for the arrest of the two pagilists on the ground that they had agreed to part in a fight which was to come off within the boundaries of Florida. Both Corpett and Mitchell were apprised of what in store for them and neither offered serious

This morning Mitchell was arrested at the Everett hotel and taken before Judge Baker of the county court. The English pugilist was more than surprised not to find Corbett in custody, but when informed by Bowden that Corbett had been sent for and would appear during the day\_he calmed his troubled spirit. The warrant was read to him and he immediately gave bond in the sum of \$1,500 to appear before the crim court January 2, 1854; Mr. Bowden Charles Richardson, also of the Duval club, signed the bond. Mitchell and party left shortly afterwards for the training quarters

at St. Augustine.

About 4 o'clock in the afternoon Corbett came down from his Mayport cottage. Jim" did not seem to mind the little part he had to play any more than if he was again on the boards. He looked as rugged and healthy as though he had always been enjoying the exhibarating breezes and the healthy fare of Mayport, and genial Billy Brady was behind him. Delaney and a small coterie of friends were also there and accepted Sheriff Howard's hospitality with customary grace. Corbett was also taken before the criminal court and was released on the same terms as Mitchell. Then they left the court and declared their intentions of remaining in Jacksonville until tomorrow.

Will Try Habeas Corpus.

This latest move on the part of the managers of the Duval club was entirely unex-pected by outsiders. On Monday, January 1. either Mitchell or Corbett will be surrendered by his bondsmen. After he has been taken into custody a writ of habeas corpus will be applied for. If it is decided that the arrest was an illegal one, then preparations for the fight will continue with increased vigor, as that will be looked upon as evidence that no further opposition to the fight can legally be made. If the arrest is fight can legally be made. If the arrest is considered legal, then the Daval managers say that the battle will be declared off, and all work will be stepped. The managers are confident, however, that the decision will be favorable to them, and this feeling is shared by the majority of the citizens.

Opposition Says It's a Blind. Work on the big apena is being pushed rapidly, and tickets for the contest are being

sold in large numbers. Those opposed to the fight claim the action taken by the club is merely a blind. R. B. Archibald, one of the most prominent of the opposition, said tonight that whether the criminal court decided that the armsis were legal or not it would have no bearing on the case. He said such a decision would not prevent the stopping of the fight by Governor Mitchell or by the sheriff. This view is not shared by the majority of attor nevs in this city

The general opinion is that should the de-cision of the court be favorable to the Duval club further opposition will necessarily Prosecuting Attorney Christie and t Attorney Partriage have wired Gov ernor Mitchell, who is at present in Tampa, asking him to send Attorney Lamar to con-duct the case for the people. No reply has been received.

#### BEATHER FORECASTS. Nebraska May Expect Snow Flurries Today

Washington, Liec. 28. - Forecasts for Friday: For Nebraska-Fair; preceded by snow flurries tonight in eastern portion; variable winds, becoming southerly. For South Dakota-Snow flurries; probably slightly warmer; winds becoming south

For Iowa-Snow flurries; coider in the eastern portion; north westerly winds becoming northeasterly.

### DENIED BY MICHAEL DAVITT

He Says He Knew Nothing of the Killing of Dr. Cronin.

STATEMENT OVER HIS OWN SIGNATURE

Had Not Known or Heard of the Doctor Until After fits Death-Never Advised His Removat-Denounced the Romors Circulated.

(Copyrinted 1850 by the Associated Press ) Loxbox, Dec. 28 .- In reply to a dispatch to Michael Davitt, the distinguished Irish nationalist, on December 24, addressed to Land League cottage, the following letter was received today, dated from Ballybrack county:

DUBLIN, Dec. 27 .- I am obliged to Mr. Melville E. Stone, general manager of the Asso-clated press, to statements made in some of the Chicago papers, alleging that 1 advised the removal of Dr. Cronin. the removal of Dr. Cronin.

I can only answer that it would be just as true to charge me with having advised the removal of Julius Caesar, or Abraham Lincoln. I never even heard of Dr. Cronin's name or existence until the spy, Le Caron, spoke of him at the Parnell commission hearings, and the news of his murder came to Europe.

ope. c further allegations that I wrote a letter to Detective Coughlin at that I wrote a letter time are without the shadow of foundation, as I neither anew him nor of him or wrote to him directly or indirectly, nor have I been written to by him or anybody on his behalf in my life. The whole story is a monthly of the coupling of The whole story is a monstrous fabrication beginning to end and must emanate from some madman, or, perhaps, from some inter-ested snave who wishes to satisfy some feel-ing of malignity in coupling my name with the commission of so foul and cowardly a

I am rejuctantly compelled to say, in con-nection with this infamous slander, that the press of America is the only press in the civil-ized world today through which rufflanly at-tempts like this at the moral assassination of public men can be made with impunity. MICHAEL DAVITT.

### BUFFETTED BY ANGRY WAVES.

Officers of the English Battleship Resolution Afraid to Change Her Course. LONDON, Dec. 28.-Admiral Algernon de Horsey has written a letter to the Times enclosing a letter which he has received from an officer on board the British battleship Resolution, describing the terrible experience of that vessel during the recent gale in the Bay of Biscay. The officer says he never before went through such a terrifying time. The Resolution, even in moderate weather, rolled forty-five degrees each way directly she entered the Bay of Biscay. Continuing, he says: "We steamed slowly, keeping the vessel's head to the sea, knowing full well that any deviation of the helm would break down the engines and we should have to broach to escape being

capsized. The engine room had five feet of water in it and we ran the chance of the fires being quenched. Everything was closed, except one small hatchway, amidclosed, except one small hatchway, amidships, which was well protected, and through
this, for eighteen hours, 700 people had to
go and receive air. The atmosphere below
became fifthy and poisonous.

"The next day, the gale moderating, the
coal running short, the question arose what
were we to do. We did not dare to turn, for
fear of going over. At 4 o'clock in the aftersoon of December 21, the weather allowed
us to alter our course a couple of points and

us to alter our course a couple of points and make for Queenstown.

"The ship behaved splendidly as far as she could, but the evident absence of stability makes every man of mature experience apoard feel thoroughly unsafe. Admiral de Horsey in commenting upon The Resolution may be a

this letter said good design for a fighting ship. It is pos-sible, though I do not admit it, that the exigencies of war necessitate top heavy and nseaworthy ships. But nothing is an excuse for a new iron ship so constructively weak as to become dangerously strained and In the House of Commons today Right Hon. U. Kay-Shuttleworth, secretary of the admiralty, replying to a question re

#### ship Resolution in the Bay of Biscay, said the structure of the ship was not damaged. and the cost of repairs to her would be only RECEIVED BY THE EMPRESS

garding the severe experience of the pattle

Ambassador Rupyon and His Wife Honoged in Germany. Behlin, Dec. 28 .- The empress of Germany at noon today received the United States ambassador, Hon. Theodore Runyon. and Mrs. Runyon. The audience is said to have been of a most cordial nature, the empress being especially gracious to Mrs.

Runyon. Accompanying Mr. and Mrs. Runyon were Mr. Chapman Coleman, secretary of the United States embassy, and Lieutenant R. K. Evans, military attache, and Lieuten ant C. E. Vreeland, the naval attache The party was conveyed by train to Wild Park station at Potsdam, where they

were conducted to the new palace in the royal carriages. The ambassador and those who accompanied him were presented to the em-press by Countess you Brockdorff, the first lady in waiting. The empress was dressed in rich bulesilk, and cordially shook hands with Mr. and Mrs. Runyon. Later the United States ambassador presented his staff, and a conversation, which lasted ten minutes and which was conducted in En rlish, took place between the empress and

her visitors. This is the first state reception accorded the American ambassador's wife, Runyon after leaving the palace said she was delighted with the amiability of the empress and that all the party were highly leased at the gracious manner in which

#### MASSACRED BY THE MATABELE. Fate Which Has Overtaken Two Detach.

ments of British Troops. LONDON, Dec. 28 - There seems to be little hope of the safety of the two British detachments, commanded respectively by Captains Wilson and Barrow, who are reported to have been massacred by the Matabele. Captain Wilson is an officer of the Bechuanaland company and the agents at Cape Town have telegraphed that little hope remains of the safety of the party. The absence of news from the Wilson and Barrow columns and the fact that when Major Forbes left the Sangani district the Wilson detachment was, beyond any doubt, in a critical position causes the general belief that the detach

ments have met with disaster. On the top of these surmises the Times comes out with the announcement that a relative of Captain Wilson living in Accrington has received a telegram to the effect that Premier Rhodes and Major Gifford fear that the worst has happened to the Wilson party. The Colonial office is still without any news in relation to the fate of Captain Wilson and

### Bank of Enginud Statement.

LONDON, Dec. 28 .- The statement of the Bank of Eugland, issued today, shows: Circulation, increase during the week. £149. 000; other securities, increase, £2.404,000; other deposits, increase, £1.882,000; public deposits increase, £160,000; notes, reserve, decrease, £780,000; reserve, decrease, £602,000; bullion, decrease, £512,967. The proportion of the Bank of England's

reserve to liabilities, is 45.68 per cent, while week it was 50.19 per cent. The rate of discount remains at 3 per cent. Def-ated the Mutineers. BERLIN, Dec. 28 - The Cologne Gazette

says news has been received to the effect that a body of military police, is the Camarooms, recently mutined and pillared the government house. It is added a detachment of marines from a German cruiser was

landed as soon as the outrage was reported, and that the marines defeated the mutineers and regained possession of the government

### ENGLAND'S UNEMPLOYED.

They Make an Appeal to Mr. Gladstone-His Answer. Loxpox, Dec. 28.-A deputation from the unemployed was introduced today to Mr. Gladstone at his official Downing street residence by Prof. James Stuart, M. A. The deputation urged that light rallways, similar to those in use and under course of construction in Ireland, should be built by the government is order to give owployment to the many people now so badly in need of work, and that the vestry should be fur-nished with enough financial assistance to enable them to deal with the unemployed

copie of this city.
Mr. Gladstone said he had the fullest sympathy for the unemployed. The dis-tress caused by want of work was not con-fined to London or Great Britain, but existed with greater intensity in other countries. The deputation, said Mr. Gladstone, appeared sanguine of the almost omnipotence of the government, but the latter, he said, could not go beyond its

Continuing, he said he was in favor of the governments becoming proprietors of the railroads in order to control railway rates, but a commission, which had the matter in charge, had decided against it.

#### EDINBURGH'S ALLOWANCES. How His New Title Affects the Grants He

Gets from England. Braun, Dec. 28.—The Coburger Zeitung. n an article doubtless inspired by the duke Saxe-Coburg Gotna (the duke of Edin-

urgh) says that one of the English grants to the duke is disposed of by his renuncla-tion of it, while the other remains beyond the range of discussion in the British Par-The first grant provided an allow ance for the duke in his capacity as a British Prince, the second granted him an allowance for his household upon the occasion of his marriage and is indissolubly bound up in the duchess, provision being made for her in case of widowhood. This latter, it is claimed, the duke cannot touch as such a step would seriously prejudice the rights o the duchess conferred upon her by the treaty between Russia and Great Britain. In con-clusion, the Coburger Zeitung points out that the duke, as heir to the duchy of Coburg had no grants from the duchy and that his German allowance, which begins now, will exclusively benefit his German position.

#### CRISPI'S ENEMIES.

Beterogeneous Collection of Parties Opposed to the Italian Premier. LONDON, Dec. 28.-The Rome correspondent of the Times, commenting on Premier Crispi's accession, says: "I happen to know upon unquestionable authority, that a large part of the Roman Catholics in Italy rejoice at Sig. Crispi's return to power as offering the best chance for their relief from various disabilities, and of the restoration of

peace between church and state. "The progress of radicalism and anarchy during the past three years alarms the church more than it seems to alarm the Ital ian conservatives. Under these cir stances Sig Crispi, it is felt, is the man who could be depended upon to hold these tendencies in check. So it happens that the curious spectacle is presented of Sig. Crispi being opposed by the Jesuits, the French and Italian conservatives, radicals and anarchists all at onch.

### INDIA'S ONE GREAT DANGER,

Dadabhat Naoroji's Address as President of the Autional Congress. Lanore, Dec. 28.-Dadabhai Naoroji, nember of the British Parliament for Fins bury, London, has been elected president of the National congress. An exhaustive and impressive address was made by Naoroji who dwelt especially upon poverty in India and the great political dan per that might arise therefrom. He de content and prosperous.

could defy six Russias.

Princess Colonna's Divorce Case. Pants, Dec. 28.—The action by Princess Colonna, stepdaughter of Mr. Mackay, the American millionaire, against her husband. Prince Colonna for a judicial separation was postponed in consequence of the fact that Advocate Buit, who represents the princess, was pleading before another court Prince Colonna was present in the court

room with his advocate, Maitre des Jardines. Bismarck's Son Threatened. HAMBURG, Dec. 28.-Connt William Bismarck, governor of Hanover, second son of Prince Bismarck, has received a letter in which the writer threatened to blow up his house. A number of detectives are now watching the governor's residence. A quantity of dynamite has recently been stolen from some neighboring quarries.

His Been in England's Possession a Year London, Dec. 28.-in regard to the reported seigure of Gilbert islands by the British, the colonial office says the whole group was formally annexed by Great Britain in June, 1892, and that they have

## been in Great Britain's possession ever

Albanians Threaten Montenegro, CETTINIE, Dec. 28 .- The Albanians have cut off communication with Montenegro and it is stated that they are making preparation for an organized attack upon the princi-pality. The government has requested the pality. The government has requested the Porte to control its subjects or otherwise it will be held responsible for whatever hap

Leaders Handed Over for Panishment. Madrid, Dec. 28.—Dispatches from Melilla say that Muley Araaf has delivered the principal leaders in the Riff revolt to General Campos, who sent them aboard the cruiser Isla de Luzon for transport to Tangier to enable the sultan to poulsh them.

Muravieff Mini ter of Justice. London, Dec. 28 -- A dispatch to the Times from St. Petersburg says that Muravieff. the state secretary of the imperial counci has been appointed minister of justice. is a young man of great talent, who has risen rapidly during his public career.

London Broker Goes Broke. LONDON, Dec. 28. -Broker Phillips, dealer in American securities, has failed He was long on 2,000 Louisville and 8,500 Atchison and short £54,000 Brighton "A" Atchison and short £54,000 Brighton "A" stock. His failure brought down Grant, a dealer in Brighton "A's."

#### Royal Marriage Rumor Denied. Loxnon, Dec. 28.—The Vienna correspond ent of the Daily News says he is authorized

by Archduke Charles Louis to deny the

umor of the engagement of Stephanie to

Sunk in a Collision GIBRALTAR, Dec. 28. - The British steamer Cornhill collided today off this port with the British steamer Douglas Hill. Cornhill sank. Her crew was saved

#### EPHORTH LEAGUERS MEET Three Days Ession of the South Dakots

Organization Concluded. St. Patt., Dec. 28.—A Mitchell, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The annual meeting of the Epworth league closes its three days session here tonight with a sermon and consecration service. A large number of delegates were on hand today. Addresses were delivered by Roys, Carpenter of Iroquois, Smith of Yangton, Jordan of Sioux Palls, Hyle of Pierre and Miss Libbie Chalfant of Huron. The newly elected officers are: Rev. Mr. Bordick of Mitchell, president; Mrs. Simons of Huron recording secretary; Rev. J. Atkins of Madison corresponding surretary; and Miss. Jashes of sponding sceretary, and Miss Jaynes of Brookings, treasurer.

# TIRED OF THE TRIO

Northern Pacific Stockholders Profess to Be Weary of the Present Receivers.

COURT FORMALLY ASKED TO REMOVE THEM

Counsel for the Company Goes Before the Judge at Milwaukee.

HARD CHARGES MADE IN THE PETITION Ralston-Oakes Board of Directors is Accused

of Wracking the Road. DETAILS OF VARIOUS DEVIDUS DEALS

Lengthy Recital of the Condition of the Road Before and After Raiston Secured Control-More Injunctions Against Its Employes.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.-The Northern Pacific Railroad company, by Silas W. Pettit of Philadelphia, its general counsel, filed today in the circuit court of the United States at Milwaukee, before Judge James G. Jenkins, its petition for the removal of Thomas F. Oakes, Henry G. Payne and Henry C. Rouse, the present receivers, and the appointment of other receivers in their place.

The petition sets out that Mr. Oakes, as president of the company, appointed R. G. Rolston, the president of the Farmers Loan and Trust company of New York, which is trustee of most of the main and branch line mortgages of the Northern Pacific Railroad company, chairman of the finance committee of the Northern Pacific directory.

The petition then states that when the Oakes-Roiston board took charge of the Northern Pacific it was in good financial condition and in high credit; that it had \$2,000,000 in eash in its treasury, and that ts surplus earnings for the first half of the fiscal year, commencing June, 1889, amounted to about \$1,500,000; that in addition to the division mortgages, amounting to about \$75,-000,000, the Northern Pacific Railroad company was then also liable as guaranter of the bonds of twenty-one branch lines, amounting in the aggregate to about \$26,000,000, and that for the purpose among other things of taking up these main and branch line bonds and building shorter branches as might be necessary for the development of the business of the company the consolidated mortgage was authorized by the stockholders to secure \$160,000,000 of bonds intended and believed to be sufficient to pay off all the existing main and branch line bonds and provide for all the future purposes of the road for many years to come, and so that the said Oakes-Rolston board started off with a paying property, a large sum in cash on hand and with the consolidated mortgage boods to draw upon, with which to meet all expenses which should be properly chargeable to capital account and of which the stockholders subscribed for and took \$13,000,000, and so did, have ample capital with which to conduct and properly develop the business of the company."

By Selling to Themselves. The petition then goes on to say the Oakes-Rolston board managed to increase the interest charges of the Northern Pacific company for branch lines from \$26,000,000 to upwards of \$86,000,000 all in one year and for the acquisition of properties, no one of which, (except a small line costing less than \$1,000,000) and ever paid the cost of operating; and the petition further charges that in several instances, and those the most disastrous to the company, the officers and board of directors were themselves interested in

selling the properties to the Northern Pacific at an exorbitant profit to themselves. The story of the collapse of the Northern Pacific is then set out in great detail, nam-ing particularly each of the railroads which were acquired by the Northern Pacific comits rom within one year of the Oakes-Rolston board getting into power.

The petition avers that in the construction

## of the united railroads of Washington the members of the board derived a profit of \$1,750,000, while the operations of that rail-road cost the Northern Pacific in the year ended June 30, 1893, \$155,690.

Rocky Fork & Cook City Deal The petition avers that the Rocky Fork & Cook City railroad was owned by a syndi-cate of which Villard was president, and in which many of the members of the board of directors of the Northern Pacific were par-ticipants, who divided among themselves \$4,000,000 trust certificates, \$2,000,000 of which represented the Rocky Fork Coal company, owning certain coal lands which had cost about \$200,000 and the other \$2,000,000 trust represented the ownership of Rocky Fork & Cook City railway, which cost not over \$100,000; that the directors of the Northern Pacific railroad caused the Northern Pacific to buy from themselves as owners of the Rocks Pork & Cook City for \$1,400,000 in consolidated bonds, and then made a contract between themselves as representing the Northern Pacific railroad, and themselves as representing the coal company, whereby the railroad company agreed to buy 500 tons of coal per day at the price of \$2.50 per ton delivered at the mines; and that to better disguise the transaction, an agreement also provided that the profits made on the coal should be divided, one-half to the coal company, one-sixth to the Northern Pacific company. pany and the remaining two sixths to the Northern Pacific company to be applied to the purchase of trust certificates at par, so that in addition to the profits made on the sale of the rational, which has never paid the expense of its operation, and in addition to one-haif of the profits arising out of the coal contract, this syndicate will eventually get \$2,000,000 from the Northern Pacific com-pany for purchase of their trust certificates representing the coal mine and which cost

#### them not to exceed \$200,000. Costly and Without Profit. The Northern Pacific & Manitoba railroad,

the petition avers, was organized by a syndi-cate composed of members of the board of directors of the Northern Pacific company, which purchased it at a cost of rot exceed-ing \$12,000 a mile, and this road they then, as directors of the Northern Pacific Hailroad company, caused that company to buy for bonds at the rate of \$20,000 a mile; and m addition, the Northern Pacific Hailroad com-pany assumed the interest on \$750,000 of terminal bonds secured upon the terminal property of the company at Winnipez, and which was at least 25 per cent in excess of the cost or value of that property.
The petition shows this property has never

paid the mere cost of operation and that the interest charges which the Northern Pacific had to pay, amounting to more than \$300,000 a year, arising out of this transaction, have been a dead loss to it, and the petitioners charge that the whole scheme of acquiring this line was without any business neces-sity or reason except only that thereby such members of the board of directors of the Northern Pacific Hallroad company as were nterested therein could, as they in fact did

realize an enormous profit therefrom." Interest Out of Proportion to Earnings. In addition to the above-mentioned branches which were acquired by the issue of the cousolidated morigage bonds and