Testimony of a Wife Against a Husbanl and His Friends.

SHE TELLS IT IN THE COUGHLIN TRIAL

Censational Evidence Against the Prisoner Accused of Cronin's Murder.

IT CAUSED EXCITEMENT IN THE COURT

Heard the Detective Recite the Luck He Had Hiding the Doctor's Eody.

HE GUARANTEED SHE'D BE PROTECTED

Alexander Sullivan Would Take Care of Her -She Was Sure Dr. Cronin Would Do Coughiin More Harm Dead Than Al.ve.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22 - Mrs. Andrew Foy, pale and nervous, and guarded by a police officer, appeared in court today to testify it the Cougalin case. The letter which she is reported to have received warning her not to testify and containing dire. though guarded threats, had apparently added to her fears for her personal safety. Her husband, she said, did not appear at her home last night, and guarded by a detail of policemen she had been undisturbed. For fear that she would be intercepted on her way to the scene of the trial she appeared in the court room long before the hour for the convening of court, and patiently waited to be called to the witness stand.

The warning letter received by Mrs. Foy was, it is said, in substance, as follows: Don't be a traitor. Look out for yourself and little family and rember the fate of Judas, who went out and hung himself and whose body burst open and let his bowels be scat-tered on the ground.

Mrs. Foy is the wife of Andrew Foy, who, it is said, was the first man to openly denounce Cronin as a spy after Cronin disappeared. It was at Foy's house, it is claimed, that the alleged conspiracy against the doc tor was hatched, and it was the story of the meetings of the conspirators implicating Coughlin as the leader that the prosecution had been anxious for Mrs. Foy to give.

Crowds Eager to Hear Mrs. Foy. The court room was crowded today and officers had difficulty in keeping back the crowds which surged through the corridors and attempted to gain admission to the

After a long consideration of the objections of the defense, chiefly that a wife could not testify where her testimony would implicate her husband as one of the conspirators. Judge Tuthill said quietly:

"I have decided the matter. Call Mrs. Foy. The objection of the defense is over-

Judge Tuthill listened to attorney Bottum. You understand," said he, "that this testi mony is greatly restricted. Mrs. Foy can testity only to what she saw and to what she said to any of the conspirators."

When Mrs. Foy was called the spectators leaned forward in their seats, and the attornevs crowded toward the witness stand eager to hear her every word. Details of the Conspiracy.

During the examination the defense interposed objections to almost every question put by the state and her story proceeded slowly. She stated that she knew Coughlin. Martin Burke and Patrick Cooney, ali of them having been at her home. Coughlin, shs said, first appeared there in March or April, 1889, several times. Coughlin had visited her husband and the two talked in whispers. On one visit, Mrs. Foy stated. she surprised her husband and the prisoner while reading a letter. Coughlin was reading aloud. As she en tered from another room she caught the words, 'Remove him at all hazards, but use your own discretion." Coughlin had stayed two hours that night and then went away without speaking to her. Mrs. Foy then told of two visits of Cooney, at which he and her husband had held conversations in low tones, always with the door crosed.

The witness was asked if Martin Burke had visited her husband. She replied in the affirmative, telling of a visit before Ma 4, at which Burke had talked with her hus band in the front room and in the hall. The next appearance of Martin Burke at her house was on the night of Ma y 6, 1889. As the witness made this statement Judge Wing objected. It was the bitter! fought point of yesterday. The court said "I have decided to admit that evidence but I instruct the jury to regard all acts o Martin Burke after May 4 as tending to show

conspiracy and not bearing upon the guilt o Coughlin's Significant Words.

The witness said that on the night of May 12, some time after Cronia's disappearance. Coughlin called at her house and asked for her She told Coughlin she was afrais her husband had been arrested, and he re

Oh! There is no proof against Andy.

He's all right."
"I said." continued Mrs Foy:
"Coughlin, this is an awful thing you 'He laughed and said I need not worry There is no danger, but you will be taken care of, anyway. Don't worry,'
"I asked him who was to take care of me and my little children.

"Oh, don't mind. Alexander Sultivan is a good friend of your husband and of mine, and he will take care of you." and he will take care of you."

The deep silence in court at this point was broken by the prosecuting attorney resum-ing the examination, and then a buzz of comment among the spectators a number of whom excitedly deciared the woman "trained" witness. Coughlin came once before that time,

continued Mrs. Foy, "and told my husband what luck he had had in fooling Captain Schnack and Captain Schuttler about Dr. Cronin's body and where they had put it." The witness said that several times Cough lin had assured her that there was no dan ger of her husband being arrested, and told her that if she would keep quiet she would be well taken care of. This ended her direct examination.

Steeled Herself Against Attack.

"When did you last see Mrs. T. T. Conk-lint" was the first question Judge Wing of the counsel for the defense launched at the

A marked change came over the expression of Mrs. Foy. To all of the prosecuting attorney's questions she had answered pleasantly and fully. Now her first words. pleasantly and fully. Now her first words, "Last night," came out with an extraordinary abruptness. Mrs. Foy seemed to be steeling herself against the attack of the defense. Her face hardened visibly and she went on with an effort.

The attorney for the defense questioned the witness mercliessly upon all her relations with Mrs. Couglin, the wife of the liquor dealer with whom Dr. Cronin boarded. The number of times the women

in detail. It was developed that the two women were in the habit of visiting together regularly and had been together just before she had come to court the previous

Wing Called Down by the Court. When pressed closely to give the cause of this intimacy. Mrs. Foy declared: "She was the only friend I had."

For a balf hour the attorney continued cross examining her, and was at last reprimanded by the court, Judge Tuthul declaring that Mrs. Foy was being treated differently from other witnesses and she was not receiving common courtesy. The court added: "I

wish this performance ended. "I object to the remarks of the court," hotly replied Judge Wing for the defense, "There is nothing discourteous in my man-

"There is nothing discourteous in my man-ner, and I am examining the witness fairly."

Mrs. Foy was closely piled with questions uron every side of her testimony, but her story was not broken down, nor any new features of importance brought out. When cross-examined as to the letter from which she heard Couchlin read to her bushend the she heard Coughlin read to her husband the words, "Remove at all hazards, but use your own discretion," she replied: "My husband told me the letter was from Alexander Toban." The answer, however, was stricken out, as it was not what the woman brows of her court transfer.

knew of her own knowledge.

Mrs. Foy's cross-examination will be continued Monday.

Coughlin would not discuss her testimony further than to exter a general denial of her allegations.
It is rumored that the defense will introduce damaging testimony to impeach Mrs. Foy's story.

BLOWN INTO ATOMS.

Shocking Accident at Knoxville, Tennessee, Yesterday.
KNOXVII.LE, Dec. 22.—A most shocking

accident occurred at noon today. The boiler of the lumber mill of the Alexandria Lumber ompany exploded, killing four persons outright and seriously injuring three others.

J. M. WHITTLE, LOUIS PALMER, SHERROD DUPEZ, HARRISON CALDWELL. The injured are: Tom BLAIR. SOLOMON HENRY. JOSHUA MASSEY.

Henry will probably die.

The explosion came with terrific force, blowing the building to atoms. The remains of the killed were terribly mangled and found a long distance away. Caldwell's body has not been found, and may never be. This mill stood on the bank of the river, and the body was doubtless torn into atoms and blown into the stream. Hoge fragments of the boiler were hurled 100 feet away, one of them striking and breaking the timbers of the Marietta & North Virginia railiond bridge. The accident casts a gloom over the

Fourteen Miners Killed.

Pittsburg, Dec. 23.-A disastrous cave-in has occurred in a mine near Homestead. Fourteen are so far known to have been killed.

FOILED THE ROBBERS.

Unsuccessful Attempt to Hold Up a M., K. & T. Train at Kelso, L. T. KANSAS CITY, Dec. 123 -A special to the Times from Vinita, I. T., says: An unsue-cessful attempt was made this evening at Kelso, four miles north of here, to hold up Missouri, Kansas & Texas train, No. 3. A switch was opened and the train ran upon the siding. This alarmed the engineer, and anowing there was a spring switch at the he applied full steam and plunged Finding they were foiled, the rober in number opened fire with their The fireman, Charles Milne, was shot e face and his lower jaw torn off, the wound being a serious one. The robbers then mounted their horses and rode away. Officers are in pursuit.

RACE WAR IN NEW MEXICO.

Americans and Mexicans Fight a Desperate Battle. DENVER, Dec. 22 .- A special to the News from Cerriles, N. M., says: "News has just reached here that at Laguna del Galla, Lincoln county, N. M., a race war broke out yesterday, and five Americans and nineteer Mexicans were killed. The governor had ordered troops to recover a herd of sheep but before this could be consummated, the trouble began. The scene of action is inland. Much feeling is expressed by the

FIRE TO HIDE MURDER.

herders and more trouble is expected.

Ben Nabor Chopped to Pieces with an Axe and Cremsted in His Own Home. DURANT, Miss., Dec. 22 - The burning of Ben Nabor's residence last Monday, in which he was supposed to have perished in the flames, turns out to have been a foul murder and the house appears to have been burned to conceal the evidence of the crime. Three negroes entered Nabor's house and literally chopped him to pieces with an axe. Their motive was robbery. Two of the negroes are under arrest and there is talk of burning them at the stake.

TEN YEARS IN THE PEN.

Sentence on Fleury, the Str Paul Bank Wrecker, Pronounced This Morning. St. Paul, Dec. 12.-Judge Kelley norning sentenced Fleury, the \$2,000 bank robber, to ten years in the penitentiary and his accomplice, Riggs, to eight years. The other cases come on for trial next week. It is believed the others will plead guilty.

That Special Session

DESVER, Dec. 22.-The committee uppointed by the business men's convention yesterday labored with Governor Waite several hours this afternoon to induce him to reconsider his decision to call a special session of the legislature. He doubted the committee's assertion that a majority of the people were opposed to having a special session, and, in order to get an expression of their views, the committee tonight issued a call for mass meetings throughout the state, Thursday, December 28. The governor uld not say whether he would wait to near from these meeting or not.

Following Their Father's Footsteps. DENVER, Dec. 22.-Probably the youngest xpert burgiars in the west were arrested here today. They were Frank and Johnny Garving, aged 9 and 7 respectively When taken into custody they confessed they had been burglarizing houses in this ity for over a year and directed the officers to a place where was found an immense quantity of jeweiry. The father of the boys,

Child Caught by an Eagle.

Charles Clarving, is an old-time crook now serving a long term in the Canon City peni-

SELMA, Ala. Dec. 23.-The body of a 3year-old child of Henry-Smith, colored, was found yesterday on a rocky cliff by a party of searchers who have been looking for it for a week. The child had been left alone and when an older child returned he saw at eagle with what appeared to be a child in taions. The body was recognized by bits of clothing, the flesh being eaten from the bones. Numerous skeletons of animals were Numerous skeictons of animals were found at the same place.

Woolen Manufacturers Apprehensive. Boston, Dec. 23 .-- The regular semi-annua meeting of the Maine woolen manufacturers held here discussed at length the Wilson

tariff bill. Almost without exception the members expressed the belief that it would

injure American industries.

had met and how recently were gone into AFTER THE BALL IS OVER

Matters That Deserve Attention and Got But Mighty Little.

WORK LEFT UNDONE WHEN CONGRESS QUIT

Many Nominations Still Pending, Including Some of Supreme Importance-Tack of Reviving the Torey Bankruptcy Bill-Other Capital Gossip.

Washington, Dec. 22 -Of the 400 nomina ions sent to the senate by the president during the time the senate has been in regular session 105 were unacted upon when the senate took a recess for the Christmas holidays. These nominations do not expire at this time, however, as they would in case of an adjournment, and will be considered after congress shall reconvene on the 3d of January just as if they had not been sent in until that time. A large majority of the nominations which go over are those of postmasters in small towns. There are some nominations left over, however, which are not included in this class, and among these are the nomination of Judge Hornbiower for justice of supreme court and of Robert E. Preston for director of the mint, which have been in dispute almost ever since the beginning of the extra session

Others on the List. The list also includes the names of J. Scott Harrison, brother of ex-President Harrison. for surveyor of customs at Kansas City, Mo.; of Walter H. Bunn, appraiser of merchandise; William N. Hailman, superintendent of Indian schools, and of A. J. Arnold, postmaster at Topeka. Those of Isaac W. J. Woolf of New Jersey, for agent of the Indians at Nevada Agency in Nevada, and of Kope Ellias, for collector of customs in North Carolina, both of which were opposed, again suffer temporary defeat. Among other nominations not acted upon were the following. Charles Parlange, United States district judge, Louisiana; J. W. Mize, collector internal revenue, First district, Illinois: Charles Spres, confector internal revenue. First d'strict. Missouri: Webster Withers, collector internal revenue, Sixth district, Missouri; David G. Browne, collector internal revenue. Montana and Idaho; Wilson S. Baldwin, collector customs, Erie, Pa.: J. W. Walker, marshal, western district, Pennsylvania.

Concerning the Refund System. Neither Secretary Carlisle nor his assistants were willing to talk for publication concerning their future action in regard to the loose refund system that now exists, but it is evident that they contemplate a thorough investigation into the whole system which

it is said has been in vogue under the tariff act of 1883. The principle enunciated by the court in the case of the United States against Schessinger is that under which to-bacco refunds have been made and which it is asserted have been departed from. In this case the court decided that the decision of the secretary of the Treasury on appeal from the collector of customs as the rate nd amount of duties is not final and conclusive, except in the cases which are a protest and appeal, a payment of duties is made in order to obtain pessession of goods and then a suit is not brought to recover the duties within the time and under the limitations prescribed. Such suit is not-final in a suit brought by the United States against an importer where, on entering the goods, he paid the estimated duties and the goods were de-livered to him and on the reliquidation of he entry further duties were assessed and

tary to sustain the action of the collector on suit being brought to recover such further duties. In such suit the defendants show as lefense that the ordered duties were illegally assessed.
Will Revive the Torey Bill.

he duly protested and appealed to the secre-

Senator Mitchell of Oregon is interesting nimself in a revival of the Torrey bankrupt y bill and is quite sanguine of success, not withstanging the defeat of the bill in the house. In referring to the subject he said:
"I am told that the action of the house will only prove an inconvenient delay, that action was taken in the absence of a sufficient number of our friends to have passed the bill Representative Oates has introduced it with a few good amendments and anticipates its passage. I shall without delay urge action by our judiciary committee and upon obtain-ing a report shall secure its consideration by

the senate's soon as possible."

Speaking of the probability of success,
Senator Mitchell said: "The fact that a Senator Mitchell said: The fact that a temporary defeat in the house was followed immediately by the introduction of a bill by the leader of the opposition and of its being reported to the house the day following seems to indicate an appreciation in the nouse of a general demand throughout the country for legislation upon this subject. We still have most of the long and all the short session of the present congress in which to secure action. We think that the only issue is between the two bills. confident that ours is best and therefore be lieve it will be passed."

For Printing Postage Stamps. The question of awarding the contract for printing postage stamps to the bureau of engraving and printing or to outside bidders will be determined within a few days. It is expected that a conference between the postmaster general, the secretary of the treasury, the Charles F. Stell company of New York, the lowest bidder, and the American Bank Note company of New York, the next lowest bidder, will be held within 'two or three days to discuss the matter. The exact time for the conference will probably be decided by Postmaster General Bissel and Secretary Carlisle today. The depart

ment officials expect a decision within a Dr. Dabney, the new assistant secretary of agriculture, is in the city and will leave Saturday for his home in Tennessee. He will return to Washington immediately after New Year's day to relieve Mr. Willits, who remains in the city until Dr. Dabney takes

SUSPENDED PENSIONS.

Legal Right of the Commissioner Being Tested in the Courts.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.-The first attempt to get a judicial determination of the legal right of the commissioner of pensions to sus pend a pensioner from the rolls came up today before Justice Bradley of the supreme court of the District of Columbia. It is brought in the form of an application by Charles D. Long, a justice of the su-breme court of Michigan, for a mandamus to compel Commissioner Loch-ren to restore him to his full rating at \$72 per month. Justice Bradley issued an order on the commissioner to show cause why the mandamus should not issue and the writ be returnable today. The matter was argued by counsel, Commissioner Lochren and ex-Commissioner Tanner and a lega array, including Mr. E. B. Whitney, assist ant attorney general, representing the gov-ernment and Mrs. Thomas Hopkins of Washington and Mr. F. A. Baker of Detroit representing Judge Long.

Signed by the President.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The president has signed the bills granting the right of way for the construction of a railroad through the Hot Springs reservation, Ark., also the bill granting the right of way to the Kansas. Oklahoma & Western Railway company through Indian and Oklahoma Territories.

Will Not Talk Tariff. Washington, Dec. 22 .- "It will mean death sentence if any one talks tariff before
January 1," said Mr. Breckinridge of the
ways and means committee this morning.
"The committee has adjourned for a week,

and there will be nothing to say and nothing will be done during that time. The subcommittee on internal revenue will probably continue at work, and will have a bill ready to submit when the committee meets again."

FOREFATHERS DAY.

Vice President Stevenson's Speech at Its Celebration in Washington. Washington, Dec. 22.—Vice President

Stevenson was the leading orator at the banquet held here tonight to commemorate Forefathers' Day. He responded to the oast, "Sons of the Pilgrims in the Nation." He spoke in part as follows:

"That the Pikerims were men of deep religious convictions-of a living faith-is attested by the churches, charitable institutions, seminaries and great universities which have followed the path of New England emigration to the western limits of the continent. In the mart, at the bar, in pulpit- and in the halls of legislation, the influence of the Puritan has been all-powerful. How in the vast area stretching westward from the Alleguanies to the oceans, their hands have aided in carving out new states, in establishing upon perma-nent foundations the public defenses, in developing the great natural resources and causing, as if by magic, cities to spring into being—can be told only by the historian, Lying in the future pathway of our republic may be perils as great as any that have in the past menaced our free institutions. May we not abide in the belief that whatever langers the future may disclose—inspired by the memories of the past, nerved by the faith that no tie or circumstances can abate the men with whom Plymouth Rock is the shibboleth will stand the bulwark of all we hold most dear, in our government, its insti-tutions and its laws."

presided, and made a few introductory re-marks: Justice Harlan, who responded to the toast, "The Public Schools - The Gift of the Pilgrims to the Nation," and Senator Hawley of Connecticut to the toast, "The Puritans Believed in Something The banquet was given by the Congrega-tional club of Washington.

Other speakers were Justice Brewer, who

SENT THREATENING LATTERS.

Washington Officials Made Uneasy by the Letters of a Crank.
Washington, Dec. 22.—A crank who

signed himself Joseph Don Jam of 73 Passaic street. Newark, N. J., is wanted by the government secret service for writing threatening letters to a number of prominent officials of the government. Vice President Stevenson is the man to whom he sends most of his epistles. During the long silver fight the vice president's mail contained many threatening letters, but the cranks were mostly of the spasmouic order. Don Jam, however, was persistent, and nearly every day wrote letters threatening vengeance. The letters were generally thrown away until at a dinner one evening Secretary Carlisle informed Mr. Stevenson that he had received several threatening letters from Don Jam and that Senators Sherman and Mils had also been objects of attention on the part of the crank. The natter was thereupon turned over to Chief Drummond of the secret service, who di overed that Don Jam actually lived at the address given and was a Polish anarchist. It was said he had gone to Washington.

It was said he had gone to Washington.
An unavailing search was made for him and then the matter was dropped until yesterday when, upon receipt of another threatening letter to Vice President Stevenson demanding \$25 and saying that he was stopping at 125 Eutaw street, Haltimore, a telegram was sent to the chief of police in Baltimore advising Don Jam's arrest. No answer has yet been received. has yet been received. A

local courts to carry a pistol for defense.

NO NEWS FROM HAWAII.

Minister Willis Did Not Send Anything by the Mariposa-Washington Notes. Washington, Dec. 22.—Nothing has been received at the State department from Minister Willis by the steamer Mariposa, which arrived at San Francisco yesterday. It is supposed at the department that the revenue cutter Corwin is now on her way back from Honolula, and it is expected she will bring the reply of Minister Willis to the instructions sent him by the Cocwin. The cruiser Columbia has been accepted

preliminarily by the Navy department as result of the preliminary trial. The senate committee on foreign relations will immediately begin the work of investigating the irregularity of the diplomatic relations between this country and Hawaii, as authorized by the resolution of Senator Morgan, chairman of that committee. The resolution, as it was prepared, authorizes the committee to send for persons and papers, and it is the purpose to investigate the cope of the resolution and as the regular cuties of the committee will permit.

Secretary Carlisle has accepted the resignation of W. H. Alexander, surveyor of cus-

GREETINGS FROM THE GRAND MASTER. Hon. Hugh McCurdy's Annual Address to

the Knights Templar. CORUNNA, Mich., Dec. 22.-Hon, Hugh Mc-Curdy, grand master, in his annual adiress extends a Christmas greeting to the 100,000 Knights Templar of the United States. He returns thanks to the heavenly Father for the privilege of again having the pleasure of addressing them;

"Christmas, the day of days, the birthday f Him whose coming gave a new meaning to the words of your Christmas greetingpeace, health and happiness. Of each of these and of every word dear to man's heart His life forever stands as the true expendat. He defined words by living them. To know His definitions and to live them alone is life

this alone is Tempiarism."
To the true Tempiar he said: "The incarnation is thacenter and heart of all worship, obedience and morality. Thus Knights Templar must ever give to Christ-mas day, with its song of peace and good

will to men, a sovereign place."

He then adds: "It is the life men live that gives value to their wishes and words. In this good wish for me it is not I you hear is the manger at Bethlehem speak ing of life-larger, nobler, more divine o character-kingly of service filled with its gifts of gold, frankinsense and myrrh. A good wish has value only as it embodies the principles wrapped in the manger. It has thus its highest value when coming from men who, in their carthly pilgrimage are guided by the Star in the East as were the wise men of the Orient, bringing their best offerings to the Christ Chid. A life of peace, health and happiness is the best wish that man can offer for his brother man. Such a life is continual Christmas greeting. Such a life it is the aim of every Knight Templar to live. That this is your aim. Sir Knights, is to me your best wish for my merry Christmus, peare, health and happt-

Receiver for the Moffman House. New York, Dec. 24.—Edward L. Stokes has been appointed receiver of the Hoffman house and other property belonging to the estate which includes the cafe at Beaver street. New street, exchange Place and Riverside Drive. The action was by the Farmers Loan and Fortgage company to foreclose a mortgage of \$500,000.

Presentation to Robert Bonner. New York, Dec. 22. At a banquet given in his honor last night Robert Bonner was presented with a silver statue of the trotter Sunoi attached to a sulky and driven by

HOPE FOR MRS. MAYBRICK

Evidence that May Cause the Ordering of Her Retrial.

TESTIMONY OF HER HUSBAND'S FRIEND

Facts Regarding His Habits-He Was a Confirmed Arsenic Enter-The Story of the Captain of a Sairing Vessel.

London, Dec. 22.-The baroness von Roques, mother of Mrs. Maybrick, has obtained a solicitor to reopen the famous potsoning case.

In an interview the solicitor said-that fresh and sensational evidence had been discovered in favor of Mrs. Maybrick, and that urgent means were being taken to induce Rt. Hon. Henry Asquith, secretary of state for home affairs, to open an independent inquiry into the circumstances of the case under its new developments.

The newly discovered evidence comes from the captain of Halifax, N S., ship, who has been away at sea and who is only now able to give his testimony. The captain was intimate with Mr. Maybrick, the deceased husband of the American lady now indergoing sentence of imprisonment for life after being convicted of his murder. According to the captain, the latter often says the necessed put a white powder into the food which he was cooking on an oil stove at his office in Hairfax. The captain thought that the powder was a peculiar kind of pepper and questioned the deceased about it, but the latter said that it was arsenic. Thereupon the captain says that he exclaimed: "Good God Why, that is deadly poison."

To this, Mr. Maybrick is said to have answered: You must have something to keep yourself up. I don't take enough to kill The solicitor of the Baroness refuses at present to reveal the name of the sea cap-tain who has furnished this apparently very

important testimony. MONSON ACQUITTED.

Verdict of the Jary in the Celebrated Murder Case.

EDINBURGH, Dec. 22.-This, the last day f the trial of Alfred J. Monson, charged with the murder of Lieutenaut Hambrough at Ardiament, opened with the usual cerenonies. Counsel for the prisoner were the first to arrive in court and they were soon followed by the jury and by the prisoner who retained the same remarkable air of coolness and self-possession which has characterized him through the trial. The ord justice clerk took his seat half an hour earlier than usual in order that the trial night be finished today.
Mr. Thompson began, in clear and con-

fident tones, the address on behalf of the prisoner. Counsel said that the case for the crown was founded only upon motive and circumstantial evidence, and he claimed it was not supported by direct testimony. The motive, Mr. Thompson added, was not sufficient to concern and it was scarcely allowable that this weak case should be polstered up by the presence of the imag-

coming down to details Mr. Thompson said that the bulk of the evidence showed that so long as Lieutenant Humbrough lived Monson could live in comparative

ing his voice, and amid the silence of the court, course; said impressively that this was the greatest calamity which could have befallen Monson—that this man "Scott" is unable to testify. Mr. Thompson proceeded to argue that the idea of scuttling the boat in order to drown young Hambrough was absurd, when Mo son could easily have tipped the lieutenant over the side of the boat. In the conclud ing part of his speech counsel reviewed the evidence dealing with the actual death, declaring that the shot experiments showed that if the gun was fired at the distance the prosecution alleged it could not have caused

the wound in Hambrough's head. Counsel for the defense closed his address with an eloquent warning to the jury not to condemn an innocent man, and picturing their feelings in the event the affair was

afterwards unraveled.
The court then adjourned for lunch, after which the judge commenced summing up. He dwelt upon the fact that as the case one of purely circumstantial evidence every link should be sound and thoroughly welded into the next. The verdict was "non proven." which is equivalent to an acquitta

of Mr. Monson.

The judge's summing up was generally thought to be in favor of Monson. The jury retired at 3:52 p. m. and Monson was taken through the trap door to the cells. At about 4:45 p. m., the jury was again scated in its place and the prisoner reappeared, ooking calm as ever. The judge but the isual question to the jury, after which the oreman arose and said in a clear voice: "Not proven on both issues."

There was some applause in court, and it was caught up outside the building when the news spread that the prisoner had not been found guilty, and a moment later three rousing cheers were heard from those who had attended the last day of the trial. The judge then dismissed the jury, and Monson ifter having cordially shaken hands with his lawyers, once more decended to his cell, through the much noticed trap door, in order collect the papers he had left there O collect the hapers no nation was consorted by the two policemen, and he soon afterwards left the building, by a back way, to avoid the crowd, driving away in a hansom cab.

ANARCHISTIC FROTHINGS.

Safe in London, French Reds Threaten the Peace of the Republic. Panis, Dec. 22.—The Associated press has

obtained a copy of a violent manifesto which the French anarchists of London have secretly prepared for distribution in Paris. The manifesto is headed: "The Dyna mitards to the Panama Crew." The manifesto says:

This first dynamite explosion will not be the last for you wretches. Since 1871, when you converted Paris into a charnel house and massacred 35,000 proletariats, the republic has been turned into a den of thieves, directed successively by the scoundral Thiers, the brute McMahon, the thief Grevy and the namiken Carnot, while the poor hounds below were condemned to white slavery or to die of starvation in the streets. Do you think such a state of things can endure? No! Revolution will devour you. We whom you outlawed will come to the rescue of the starving and daped poor, who cannot wait patiently like the labor deputies, so-called, because they had no work.

These idiotic and renegade deputies declared recently that you would have them shot like rate but they decline to be blown up with you.

Don't hold the miserable socialists responsible for the dynamite demonstrations; they only want to curled themselves like you.

After further denouncement of the socialists This first dynamite explosion will not be the

After further denouncement of the social-

ists the manifesto proceeds to describe the

bourgeois class, saying: They are worse than dung, and we warn hose who are demanding the death penalty of Valliant.

Look out for your skins. That was merely a foretaste. You inwardly prefer surrender to being blown into shreds and into the air. All, even the most despotle regimes, have ended by yielding to the revolt of slavery when too late. Like Louis XVI and Charles XI, who lost their heads, and Louis Phillips, who was beheaded, you, the kings of the republic, will have to yield when there is nothing to save you and certainly the socialists shall have not succeeded you. Vive la revolution sociale!

Resignations Were short Lived. LONDON, Dec. 22.-The Globe says that after the debate on the navy on Tuesday in anurchism.

the House of Commons, all the lords of the admiralty resigned and that it was only the day after Sir William Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, had explained to the lords of the admiralty that the gov-erument intended to maintain the British

navy's supremacy that the resignations were PARIS POLICE ACTIVE.

Anarchists Said to He Getting Desperate, Pants, Dec. 22.—The police authorities

are still on the niert against anarchists, and the latter continue sending threatening messages to various officials and announce that further outrages may be anticipated. In addition, the police are in receipt of suspicious packages, and supposed internal machines continue to be found in the streets and elsewhere. Though no actual feeling of panic exists there is no doubt that nobody here will be astonished at the news of a fresh outrage on the part of the anarchists. The repressive measures taken against anarchists throughout France have served to enrage the anarchists and to make many of

them desperate and anxious to demonstrate

that the police are not so powerful as the government imagines then to be. This does

not after the fact, however, that the firm attitude of the authorities is having a wholesome effect upon all classes of society, some what restoring confidence among the bour-geoisie and putting a decided curb upon the obnoxious vaporings of enemies of society.

A package was discovered early this morning on a window sill of the mairie of the thirteenth arondissement. A burned-out fuse was attached to the package and upon the latter were the words, "Death to the burgeoisie." The package, upon being exam-ised by the police, was found to contain

blasting powder and revolver cartridges.

ROUTED THE DERVISHES. Fierce Battle Between the Italians and Natives in Massowah.

Carro, Dec. 22.-Advices from Massowah, Egypt, say that the Italian forces have been again confronted by a large force of Dervisnes. The latter arrived there at 5 o'clock the evening of December 2. There were 3,600 of the tribesmen armed with clubs and 4,000 more were armed with spears. In order to forestall a night attack, Colonel Airimondi, in command of the gal-lant troops, took the offensive. After a pitched battle, which lasted two hours, the Dervishes were routed and driven across the Barrea river, leaving hundreds of dead upon the field. Among the killed was Mohammed All and nearly all the emirs who followed his standard. The Italians captured sixty

flags and a machine gun. The Italians lost a captain, two lieutenants, a sergeant and about 100 men, mostly natives. Two Italian lieutenants were

The Italian force amounted to 1,500 men. Colonel Airimondi at last accounts was in pursuit of the enemy with a view to further punishing them. It is said the Dervishes had 1,000 men killed. Mohammed All, their leader, who was among the slain, was the Dervish commander who fought the Abyssin-ians at Metemnehan and killed the negus.

WERE NOT MASSACRED. Major Forbes' Advance Guard Escaped the Matabele. CAPE Town, Dec. 22.-A dispatch has been

received from Major Forbes announcing the safety of his column, and adding that he has had several brushes with the enemy and that the latter have been beaten in every Natives who arrived at Bulawayo report that Captalu Wilson and thirty-five men,

who have been missing for several days and

who were thought to have been massacred after falling into a Matabele ambush, defeated King Lebengula's forces beyond the Senator Mills of Texas, was among those who received threatening letters, and, as a precaution, Charles H. Mills, the senator's sou, today obtained permission from the senator's soull live in comparative feated King Lobengula's forces beyond the Shanghai river on December 4. It is added that King Lobengula fled on horseback.

Premier Rhodes amountees that the native in comparative feated King Lobengula's forces beyond the Shanghai river on December 4. It is added that King Lobengula's forces beyond the Shanghai river on December 4. It is added that King Lobengula's feated King Lobengula's forces beyond the Shanghai river on December 4. It is added that King Lobengula's feated King Lobengula's forces beyond the Shanghai river on December 4. It is added that King Lobengula's feated King Lobengula's feat tives are yielding guns and asseguis in large numbers, and that the Matabele are most submissively settling in small kralls. The

> occurred and that he scattered the Matabele warriors in all directions.

defeated the enemy each time a colli

FAMOUS WHIP SUICIDES. W. F. Paul, the Amateur Coachman, Kills

Himself with Prassic Acid. London, Dec. 22.—W. F. Paul, the well known "whip," who won a prize at the World's fair at Chicago, committed suicide at a fashionable Piccadilly hotel by taking Prussic acid. Mr. Paul died Wednesday ast, but the facts have only ight. It is reported that Mr. Paul was in mancial difficulties. On Wednesday h trove the "Ola Times coach" from the Hotel Victoria to Oakland park and back

then appeared to be in his usual health and

spirits In the Italian Parliament. ROME, Dec. 22 .- The Senate by a vote of 102 to 10 has appointed a commission of five to investigate whether any of the senators

are compromised in the bank scandals. In the Chamber of Deputies today General Mocenni, minister of war, announced an off cial confirmation of the news received from Massowah, adding that, owing to the furious character of the fighting, the Italian troops had suffered losses, concerning which no precise details had yet been received. The Chamber of Deputies then approved the order of the day, including the provi-sional treaties with Spain and Bulgaria, and

adjourned until January 25. Compelling Peace. CAPETOWN. Dec. 22 .- All the native ports from Bulowaye concur in the statement that Captain Wilson after remaining on the de-fensive a few days, ordered an advance made. By a determined attack he commade. By a determined attack he com-pletely defeated the enemy. Lobengula's brother, Moonta yielded to the

oursuing party with all the arms of his folowers and all their cattle Major Rhodes reports the pacification of the country is proceeding with success.

Attacked a United States Naval Officer. Nice, Dec. 22.-Lieutenant Fitch of the Inited States flagship Chicago, at Ville Franche, on December 8, was attacked by our drunken men and badly handled while they tried to rob him. The aggressors were eventually arrested and at their trial today Lieutenant Fitch testified that nothing had been stolen from him and that he did not wish to proceed against the prisoners. The court thereupon sentenced them, for the as

Discredited by Men onca. New York, Dec. 22. -Minister Mendonca who is in this city, said today. "I have received telegrams from Rio this morning, but have no advices to confirm the report of Mello's triumph."
Mr. Mendonca's secretary stated the minister did not believe the report.

sault, to a fine of 25 francs each.

May Accept the Demands. Mannin, Dec. 22 -The Spanish govern ment has received news from Tangiers that the croiser He Luson has taken to Melilia the instructions of the foreign minister of Morocco, Mulcy Arasf, empowering him to accept General Martinez Campos, demands

Has Heard Enough of Panama.

London, Dec. 22 -- A Paris dispatch says

that France intends to abandon her demand

for the extradition of Dr. Herz, who is still ause she is averse to reviving the Panama scandal. Military Stores Burned. WARRAW, Dec. 22 - The military commissariat stores were burned today. The loss

is heavy. The fire is believed to have been

of an incediary origin. Leo Will Denounce Anarchism LONDON, Dec. 22 -A dispatch from Rome to the Chronicle save that Pope Leo's Christmas address will be a decounciation of

FALLEN

Rebels Said to Have Gained a Decisive Victory Over the Government.

STARTLING RUMOR FROM PERNAMBUCO

After Two Days Disultory Fighting the Insurgents Captured the City.

COMPLETE SUCCESS OF THE REVOLUTION

Peixoto Said to Be a Prisoner in the Hands of Admiral Mello.

MINISTER MENDONCA 13 IN NEW YORK

There Have Not Been Any Cablegrams Sent Him from Brazil Since He Left Wash-Ington-No Credence Given the Report.

[Copyrighted 1833 by Associated Press.] PERNAMBUCO, Dec. 22.—The most startling and sensational rumors are in circulation

nere, and as they come from various sources

and directions it would seem that the report which is causing so much commotion is widespread. According to this report, which reached here from Rio de Janeiro today, the insurgent fleet, after two days of desultory fight. ing with the government troops, has made

Rio de Janeiro, which has resulted in the capture of the city. It is added that President Pcixoto has resigned the presidency in favor of Admiral de Mello and that President Peixoto is a prisoner in the hands of his enemies.

a determined and successful attack upon

These are the facts as they have reached as here, but it is right to add that the authorities of Pernambuco, who have been questioned on the subject, doubt the truth of the startling news which is in general circulation here. The Associated press correspondent is do-

case, but he is unable to obtain any reply to his inquiries sent south. Messages from the Associated press correspondent at Rio have apparently been intercepted, which would give color to the report that something of an extraordinary nature has occurred. A pattle between the rebels and the gov-

ing his utmost to get at the real facts in the

ernment forces is reported to have taken place yesterday in the interior. Fifty of the government troops are said to have been Four Hundred Killed.

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 23 .- A severe engage-

ment between the Brazilian insurgents and government troops is reported to have taken place at Itajahy, north of Desterro. The number of killed is said to be 400 and in addition a very large number is said to have

The government forces are said to have captured the warship Modor.

been wounded.

NOT CLEDITED AT WASHINGTON. Authorities There Have No News of the Washington, Dec. 22.—The Associated press has investigated every possible avenue of information in Washington as to the rumors in Pernambuco thatilio had fallen and that President Peixotohad resigned and was a prisoner. But neither in official nor diplomatic circles has any word been received which confirms the rumors. This faiture of all departments and interested legations

to receive information, much less notifica-

tion, of such an important subject is so uni-

form as leads officials and diplomats to the conclusion that the rumors current in Pernambuco are premature, at any rate. At the Navy department no word of any such startling movement has been received from Captain Picking, commanding the United States naval forces at Brazil. He is directed to report promptly on any im-portant changes of the situation and has thus far done so. The suppression of dis-patches by the Peixote authorities does not extend to official dispatches from naval and diplomatic officers. The conclusion in naval ircles is almost irresistible that the allure to hear from Captain Picking means that the Pernambuco rumors are not true as yet, at any rate, particularly as Picking is at the scene of action, while the Pernam-

suco people are many miles removed from At the State department no word whatever from Minister Thompson or any one else in Brazil has been received and the department officials can hardly believe that they would be kept in iznorance of the over-

throw of a government and the capture of a Mr. Mendonca of Brazil and his son and secretary have been absent in New York since Wednesday night. But all official cables from Brazil to the minister continue to come to the legation during his absence, from where they are repeated to New York. so cable has been received since the minis-or left. It is stated that it was the opinion of a Brazilian unofficially connected with the gation that the report of Peixoto's resig-

nation could not be true.

Reported Successes of the Rebel Land

Forces in Santa Catharina. NEW YORK, Dec 22 - The Herald's Montevideo special says: News has been received. of a fight which began Wednesday between the rebels and the government forces from Santa Catharina. General Saraiva's men had joined with those under Salgado, making a total of 8,000. The fighting took place

in Italahy.

here, the rebels and lost 400 men, but had the government troops so badly penned in that surrender seemed inevitable. The Republica is taking on coal and is again ready to sail. It is rumored she is coming to Montevides to fight Peixoto's squadron gathering there. One of Meilo's steamers, the Meteoro, is

According to the latest reports received

reported ashore at Harra-Itapaby. While she was reconnectering the harbor entrance she ran aground and the government forces' artillery there, which has forty guns, opened fire upon her and kept up the cannonading until her crew was killed.

Burgiars in Brooklyn. BROOKIYS, Dec. 22 -Masked burglars en-

tered Cordmeyer's house at Maspether e arly this morning and stale property of an estimated value of \$5,000.