THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 19, 1893. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

ARE LOYAL TO PEIXOTO

Northern Provinces of Brazil Will Stand by the Government.

INSURGENTS SUFFER ANOTHER DEFEAT

They Lose the Island of Bom-Jesus—Mello in Desperate Straits—Affairs on the Nictheroy—Aspect of Affairs in Rio.

PERNAMBUCO, Dec. 18.—There is no truth in the reports of disloyalty in the northern provinces. The Peixoto government is protected by the people everywhere.

Dispatches from Rio say there was a general engagement between the rebel ships and the government forts on Saturday. The government forces have captured the island of Bom-Jesus, where the rebels obtained their water supply.

The rebel warship Aquidaban has returned in a damaged condition, having suffered from the fire of the forts.

Admiral Mello's position is a desperate one.

The officers of the cruiser Nictheroy will receive $5,000 for three months service. The members of the crew were offered $400 for the same time, but refused to accept it. They demand $800. The reshipment of a crew has not been completed.

Admiral Duarte will assume command of the new Brazilian torpedo boat Aurora. A Brazilian crew will take her south on Friday. The weather at Rio was exceedingly hot today.

Japan's Parliamentary Troubles.

YOKOHAMA, Dec. 2.—Parliament convened on the 25th of November, and was formally opened by the emperor on the 28th. The House of Representatives no sooner met on the 29th than a motion was made which, in effect, was that President Hoshi Toru did not have the confidence of the house. It was alleged that he had become connected with a bill of the Stock exchange and the secret meetings of the political merchants. After a heated discussion the motion passed by a majority of forty-seven. The house then adjourned to give the president an opportunity to resign. This he refused to do. He states he will not resign on any account, and is being upheld by his party. A motion was passed yesterday to address the throne respecting the want of confidence in the president.

In the French Chamber.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The senate has adopted the explosives and associations bills.

In the Chamber of Deputies today M. Turrell pointed out that Austria was according Italy greater advantages for the entry of wines than was granted to France.

Premier Casimir-Perier stated that negotiations were proceeding with Austria in regard to this alleged discrimination of Italy and that the French government hoped to obtain satisfaction, as otherwise it would be obliged to take other measures. [Cheers.]

The statement of the premier was so satisfactory to the Chamber of Deputies that a motion to the effect that the Chamber counts upon the government's energy to assure the entry of French wines into Austria was unanimously adopted.

Indemnifying Riot Sufferers.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—A semi-official note is published regarding the statement that Admiral Brin, foreign minister of Italy, has been informed that France acceded to his demand, and had placed at the disposal of Italy the sum of 420,000 francs as indemnity for the families of the victims of the Aguies-Mortes riots. The semi-official note says that this statement is not entirely accurate, though it adds that both governments have expressed readiness to make mutual amends to the sufferers from the riots.

Asking for an Inquiry.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—A motion will be brought forward in the House of Commons asking that a committee be appointed to enquire into the management and expenditure of the British section of the Chicago World's fair. Documents have been produced containing signatures said to have been forged.

Will Oppose the Government.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—A dispatch to the Times from Berlin says: At a meeting of the Agrarian league at Stettin, President Plotz declared the party would oppose the government's naval estimates in retaliation for the action of the government in accepting radical support on the Roumanian treaty.

British Comment on Utah's Admission.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Standard, commenting on the admission of Utah to statehood, says that it is inclined to believe that if polygamy is again practiced with impunity the Mormons will capture Nevada and exercise considerable influence over American politics.

Belgian Cabinet Crisis.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 18.—The premier has intimated to the cabinet that he will resign today because of the uncertainty whether the members of the right would agree to the principle of proportionate representation in the new electoral bill.

Allan Liner Late.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., Dec. 18.—Much anxiety is felt about the Allan line steamer Corean, from Liverpool for St. John's, Halifax and Philadelphia, now five days overdue at this port. The Corean is one of the fastest boats on the route.

Passed Its Third Reading.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The bill authorizing the Indian government to borrow £50,000,000 to meet maturing obligations between now and March passed its third reading in the House of Commons today.

Cable Flashes.

Major General Kadolitsch, a famous swordsman of Vienna, is dead.

President Peixoto of Brazil has postponed the election of members of congress until May.

An unexploded bomb was discovered yesterday in the central police bureau at Athens, France.

Count von Bulow has been appointed to succeed Count Solms-Zennenwalde as German ambassador to Italy.

Much excitement exists in banking and commercial circles of Genoa at the proposal to prolong the law relating to bank issues.

A dispatch from Brestlitovsk, Russian-Poland, says that an old bank has failed there, with liabilities at 450,000 roubles. The bank referred to has many foreign creditors.

The Independence Belge of Brussels says that a cabinet council was held yesterday, and that the ministers decided that they would all resign with Premier Borbaert unless the rightists agreed to support the measure providing for proportionate representation.

Emperor William of Germany has pardoned General Kirshoff, who was tried by court martial and sentenced to three months imprisonment in a fortress for shooting the editor of the Tageblatt, whom he accused of defaming his daughter.

A hundred anarchists, some of whom were recently liberated from prison, met at Weissensen, Berlin, yesterday. The speakers denounced the social democrats, and the mention of Ravachol, Pallas and other anarchists who have taken part in outrages was received with prolonged applause.

M. Pelletan led an attack of the extreme left in the French Chamber of Deputies yesterday against the growth of supplementary statements and moved they be referred to a committee. M. Burdeau, minister of finance, replied in behalf of the government. M. Pelletan's motion was rejected.

Murdered Another Man.

DURANT, Okl., Dec. 18.—Dave Bohanan the territorial outlaw, over whose head hangs a reward for two cold-blooded murders, committed in Indian Territory, has added another crime to his list. Yesterday afternoon, four miles from this city, he murdered a pal named McCoy. Bohanan had been at McCoy's house to dinner, after which the men left in a wagon for town. On the way they quarreled and McCoy, getting out of the wagon, began shooting at his comrade. Three shots were fired before Bohanan could draw his revolver. When he did so his first shot was fatal, McCoy dying almost instantly. Bohanan proceeded to town and after telling a friend what he had done, lit out and has not since been seen.

LETS THREE HUNDRED OUT.

Separate Operation of Denver & Gulf Cuts Forces in Omaha Shops.

Within a fortnight the effect of the segregation of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf from the Union Pacific system will be more apparent than now, as it is confidently predicted that quite 300 employes will be discharged from the service of the Union Pacific company on account of Judge Hallett's decision appointing an independent receiver for the Gulf road. The shops here will feel the effect of the order as well as the clerical force attached to the headquarters. In fact, the severance of the roads promises to be farther reaching than is at present thought possible, Denver reaping the benefit, while Omaha must needs suffer through the transfer.

Although the officials about the headquarters have endeavored to scoff at the idea that the withdrawal of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf would seriously affect the employes of the Union Pacific, it is nevertheless true that quite 300 employes will be discharged in the not distant future, which is made necessary by the new order of things. It is Mr. Trumbull's desire to give Denver the entire operation of the system, that all car repairs shall be made there, as well as the entire business of the road transacted in the mountain city. Under these conditions and the unlimited power given to the receiver by Judge Hallett, it is safe to assume that everything will be done in the interest of Denver.

Trumbull's Executive Staff.

Mr. Trumbull has even gone so far as to make propositions to W. A. Deuel to be general superintendent of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf, to George Ady to become general passenger agent and has offered Fred Wild the position of general freight agent. It is understood Mr. Wild has accepted the position tendered, having come to the Union Pacific from the Denver & Gulf before the amalgamation of the latter with the former road. But Mr. Deuel, although temporarily in charge of both properties at Denver as superintendent of the mountain division of the Union Pacific by reason of a telegram sent him Sunday by Mr. Dickinson, is seriously debating the question whether he can afford to sever his connection with the Union Pacific and go to a road that may have a legal existence but a year or two at best. Mr. Ady, on the other hand, is inclined to let well enough alone, having in addition to his position as general agent of the Union Pacific at Denver the local ticket office, which brings him considerable revenue in the way of commissions, netting him in the neighborhood of $325 per month, a salary which the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf could not afford to pay a general passenger agent per month at this time.

At midnight Sunday Receiver Trumbull took charge of the property of the new road, Messrs. E. Ellery Anderson, E. Dickinson, J. H. McConnell, P. J. Nichols, E Buckingham of the Union Pacific, and J. E Markee, the great American hotel builder, being present when the transfer was made, the party above mentioned having left Omaha Sunday morning by special train to attend the legal separation of the roads.

TO IMPROVE TRAFFIC.

Transmissouri Division of the Western Passenger Association in Session.

DENVER, Dec. 18.—Representatives of the railroads in the transmissouri division of the Western Passenger association are holding a meeting in this city to devise means to improve the traffic between Colorado and Missouri river points. The following roads are represented: Missouri Pacific, Rock Island, Burlington, Santa Fe, Union Pacific, Denver & Rio Grande, Rio Grande Western and Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley. It has been reported that the object of the meeting was to discuss the withdrawal of the Rio Grande Western from the association. As a matter of fact the road has not withdrawn and has no intention of doing so. It has merely withdrawn from the local association in San Francisco. The railroad men in attendance say that since the World's fair business has been very light, but of late it has improved along the Missouri river and they expect much from Colorado, as they are of the opinion that this state is recuperating faster than any other portion of the country. The meeting will continue tomorrow.

CONTRACTING FOR RAILS.

Big Contract Placed by the Union Pacific with Colorado Fuel and Iron Co.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—The Colorado Fuel and Iron company contracted tonight with the receivers of the Union Pacific railway for the delivery of about 30,000 tons of steel rails. This is the first large contract for steel rails made in the west this season and will result in the employment of about 1,500 men at the company's works at Pueblo. It is understood that in resuming operations the company will ask its men to sign the so-called Pittsburg scale of wages.

TRUMBULL'S FIRST APPOINTMENT.

Fred Wild, Jr., Made General Freight Agent of the Gulf System.

DENVER, Dec. 18.—Receiver Trumbull today appointed Fred Wild, jr., general freight agent of the Denver, Texas & Gulf system. Mr. Wild is assistant general passenger agent of the Union Pacific, which position he will resign at once.

Increased Terminal Facilities.

Some days ago THE BEE intimated that negotiations had been entered into between the Union Pacific and the Omaha Bridge & Terminal company for the purchase on the part of the latter of the tracks of the Union Pacific north of Grace street. At the meeting of Union Pacific receivers held in New York recently the sale of these tracks was discussed, the receivers giving their sanction to the transfer for a consideration of $85,000 and it is understood that President Clark will bring with him on his return from New York Thursday power to sell the tracks should the court here acquiesce in the sale. The purchase of these tracks will give the Omaha Bridge and Terminal company enlarged trackage facilities as well as an outlet to the roads on the south and permit the new company to set down cars at nearly all the wholesale and manufacturing establishments in the city.

The terminal people it is learned, have abandoned the idea of constructing a viaduct across the Omaha tracks to connect with the Belt Line but will instead attempt to arrange for a temporary connection with the Missouri Pacific and Omaha roads in the north part of the city. Just as soon as the Omaha line agrees to the connection, work will be begun, as General Manager Dodridge of the Missouri Pacific has given his consent to a connection with his road near Nicholas street.

News Briefs of the Railroads.

T. F. Godfrey of the Missouri Pacific was at Lincoln yesterday.

Freight Traffic Manager J. A. Munroe will return from New York today.

S. E. Cobb, agent of the Missouri Pacific at Sweet Springs, Mo., is in Omaha.

Messrs. Clarke and Thurston of the Union Pacific will return to Omaha Thursday.

Messrs. Holdrege and Francis are expected to return from California Friday morning.

The high joints, as the freight people are called, will have a meeting today at F. A. Nash's office.

SPEAKS WELL OF MEXICO

Progress is Being Made in All Directions by that Country.

SENATOR TELLER ON WHAT HE SAW THERE

He Says the Southern Republic is Prospering as Never Before and that Her Politicians Are Well Posted on Silver.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Senator Teller, who has just returned from Mexico, in an interview with a representative of the Associated press, said: "Mexico is enjoying a greater degree of prosperity than ever before and there is a very hopeful feeling among the people, both for the present and the future. Manufactures are springing up everywhere. The country has made great progress in the industrial arts and pursuits during the last seven and eight years and all the foreigners that I met said that the progress made in that time was phenomenal and would continue. The high price of exchange has stimulated the production of very many articles not heretofore produced in Mexico and will largely stimulate the export of agricultural products. This is particularly true of coffee, and I found quite a large number of American and English capitalists who are putting their money into coffee plantations. But it is quite apparent to me that the greatest field for investment is in general manufactures, including the production of cotton and woolen goods, as well as the manufacture of machinery of all kinds and classes.

Well Informed on Silver.

"At the City of Mexico I met the president and the members of his cabinet, and the heads of the departments. I found everywhere a great interest in the silver question and that the Mexican officials were as thoroughly informed as to the situation as our own people. They had evidently followed the silver debates in congress with a great deal of attention and consequently understood the policy of the situation as though they lived within our own borders.

"The present production of silver in Mexico amounts to about $43,000,000 annually and I do not believe it will diminish, but rather expect to see it increase.

"There is a desire to see the United States take hold of the silver question and settle it. There is a general sentiment among the public men that there should be closer commercial relations between Mexico and the United States, in which I heartily concur. I believe it quite practicable for the United States to make a treaty with Mexico something like the one negotiated by Grant, that will be of great benefit to Mexico and the United States.

Imports Texas Cotton.

"I visited a very large cotton mill there that had 50,000 spindles and 1,000 looms with all the modern appliances and I was quite surprised to find that most of the cotton being consumed was from Texas. While Mexico produces a great deal of cotton it does not produce as much as is consumed in the manufactures of that country. There are many other new and extensive manufactures, such as a large iron establishment at Durango and a furniture manufactory in the City of Mexico which is supplying the people with furniture for which they have heretofore sent to Europe.

"I visited the mint in Mexico, a very large establishment which has been in operation a great many years, and has produced more silver coins than any other mint in the world. They have no gold in circulation, but have bills the same as in this country. Silver is the general circulating medium and is the standard of value. There has been no falling off in prices in Mexico as has been the case in the United States in the last twenty years, and prices are practically stable, except as there has been some increased activity of business which, of course, has a tendency to raise prices of products as well as to slightly raise the price of labor, but not much."

In reply to a question, Mr. Teller said: "There seems to be no special interest in an international conference except as it may affect the United States by inducing us to remonetize silver. Mexico will maintain free coinage, no matter what other countries may do."

VAN LEUVEN INDICTMENT.

Federal Grand Jury at Dubuque Takes Action in the Case.

DUBUQUE, Dec. 18.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The federal grand jury tonight found a large number of indictments against Van Leuven, the Lime Springs pension attorney. District Attorney Connell says the government is ready for trial and that if necessary he will remain here until the expiration of his term, February 10. Van Lewen will try hard for a continuance. The jury will report tomorrow morning. In advance of the report he refuses to discuss the number of indictments or to say whether examiners, witnesses or pensioners have been indicted.

Many of the indictments against Van Leuven ran also against Dr. Kissel of the examining board of Cresco. Van Leuven is accused of bribing examiners, suborning witnesses and taking illegal fees. He will also be indicted at St. Paul and Winona for similar offenses in Minnesota.

Valuable Papers Destroyed.

DES MOINES, Dec. 18.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A quantity of papers kept on file in the governor's office in the state house were partially destroyed by fire last night. They were notices of pardon, requisition and similar papers. Those filed during Boies' administration were kept in tin boxes and were not harmed. Those filed during the administrations of Sherman and Larrabee were kept in paper boxes and are about half burned. It is thought that mice started the fire, as nearby was a large stock of matches.

Work of Sioux City Bankers.

SIOUX CITY, Dec. 18.—The meeting of creditors of the Union Loan and Trust company began today. There are some fifty bankers attending, nearly all from the east. The company has formulated a comprehensive scheme of reorganizing all of the companies that failed with the trust company, and this was reported to the meeting today. It will be several days before final action is taken.

For Inhuman Treatment.

OSAGE, Ia., Dec. 18.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A prominent German farmer and wife, named Priem, are under arrest for alleged inhuman treatment of a young German girl who worked for them. The girl ran away from her persecutors and told such a pitiful story of the cruelty of her employers that they were arrested and will undergo an investigation.

J. C. Savery's Liabilities.

DES MOINES, Dec. 18.—Assignee Walker today filed a schedule of the liabilities and assets of J. C. Savery and the American Emigrant company of New York, who recently failed. The liabilities foot up over $400,000 and the assets about $300,000, not counting a large amount of stocks rated as nominal, whose value cannot be determined.

Injured in a Mine.

DES MOINES, Dec. 18.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Richard Taylor and Edward Fillmore were nearly killed in Oak Park coal mine about noon today by the premature explosion of a blast. It is not thought Fillmore can recover. He has a family and Taylor lived with him.

Discouraged by Ill Health.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Dec. 18.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—John Bureanck, an aged Bohemian, committed suicide this afternoon by hanging. Ill health was the cause.

Did Not Evade Service.

GRAND RAPIDS, Dec. 18.—Tonight Henry George, in being shown the Chicago dispatch stating that he had been charged with evading service in the Prendergast case, said he had not been asked to appear as a witness. After Prendergast's arrest the prisoner wrote to George about having killed Harrison and giving reasons, including the allegation that Harrison had interfered with Prendergast's single tax ideas. Soon after Mr. George had a letter from Prendergast's lawyer, asking for any correspondence. He forwarded Prendergast's letter.

IRVINE DIVORCE CASE.

Slayer of C. E. Montgomery Prays for a Separation from His Wife.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 18.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The divorce case of William H. Irvine against Adeline M. Irvine was opened this morning in the district court, Judge Powers and W. H. Dickson appearing for the plaintiff, and Attorney Curtis of Omaha, associated with an array of best legal talent, for the defendant.

On entering the court the eyes of the plaintiff and defendant met, but neither could stand the strain and showed embarrassment. Attorney Powers in his opening argument said it would be proven that Mrs. Irvine was untrue to her marriage vows and was criminally intimate with one C. E. Montgomery and others.

This was combated in the opening argument of Attorney Curtis, who, to the surprise of the spectators, made claim that there had been no criminal relations but what had been condoned by the plaintiff since their commission, and that any confession that might be sworn to as coming from her was only brought out to save Irvine from the consequences of his killing of Montgomery.

Cruelty of a very brutal nature was alleged and the divorce asked on that ground, as well as a division of property.

Evidence introduced today consisted of affidavits of parties in Nebraska, which tend to show that there Mrs. Irvine held illicit intercourse with Montgomery and one Dr. Garth. The evidence, however, coming from Mrs. E. W. Sheldon of Omaha, J. L. Doty, C. L. Chipman and wife, Amelia B. Crim, B. F. Pinneo and Martin Howe was inconclusive. Mr. and Mrs. Austin of Omaha are here and Mrs. Austin sat with Mrs. Irvine during today's hearing. While both seem to feel embarrassed, yet the defendant holds up remarkably.

DESPERATE RUSTLERS.

New Mexican Stock Thieves Make it Interesting for Cattlemen.

DENVER, Dec. 18.—A special to the Republican from Albuquerque, N. M., says: These hard times have brought to the surface a number of stock thieves, and the stockmen of central New Mexico are great sufferers. In the Manzano mountains, east of the city, a desperate character named Porfiro Tryillo is the leader of a gang of rustlers, and the peaceful settlers are much alarmed. The rustlers go into a herd of sheep and drive off hundreds at a time. They run off cattle, kill them and send the meat to the inhabitants of the mountain towns. This is supposed to be the worst gang in the territory. Late this afternoon Deputy Sheriff Prairie of the Coleyon neighborhood brought to the city Emilo Baca and Tilis Barrera, whom he captured after a desperate race over the mountains. It is alleged they have been stealing and killing cattle, the property of Senator Pedro Pena, for several years, but eluded apprehension or suspicion until recently.

MURDERED HER RIVAL.

Tragedy at Deadwood in Which a Sixteen-Year-Old Girl Figures.

DEADWOOD, Dec. 18.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A cold blooded murder occurred last night in one of the rear rooms of the Mascott saloon. The murderess, Austie Trevis, a girl only 16, is an inmate of Belle Haskill's bawdy house, and her victim was Maggie McDermott, formerly of Sioux City.

For some time there has been trouble between them on account of the love they both cherished for Frank Debelloy, a handsome, dark eyed gambler. A meeting was held last night between the three to give Debelloy a chance to decide which of the two he loved. The decision seemed to be going in Maggie's favor, when the Trevis girl drew a gun, and with the words, "If I can't have him you can't," shot the McDermott girl. The ball entered the right nipple and took a downward course to the heart. She lived about ten minutes, during which time she was unconscious. Debelloy was arrested with the Trevis girl, as an accessory.

SHEEPMEN AND CATTLEMEN.

Another Fight Between Them in Colorado—A Piece of Fiendish Cruelty.

DENVER, Dec. 18.—A special to the News from Grand Junction, Colo., says: Another chapter was added to the sheep war in the plateau country yesterday. One hundred and twenty-five bucks belonging to J. A. Cunningham of Salt Lake, which had been on the range in the plateau country during the summer, were being taken to Cisco, Utah, to join the large herd, and James Wallace, who had them in charge, camped on Saturday night on what is known as the Hogback, about twenty miles east of this city. About 1 o'clock Sunday morning he was aroused by ten masked men, who, at the point of revolvers, compelled him to give up his gun. Two men were left to guard him and the rest drove the sheep a short way from camp and killed about 100 of them and left the rest with broken backs and legs.

SCHEIG GETS SEVEN YEARS.

Mrs. Floyd and Her Sons Will Be Tried January Next.

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 18.—Seven years and six months imprisonment at hard labor in the state prison at Stillwater, was the sentence imposed today upon Philip M. Scheig, ex-teller of the Bank of Minneapolis, who pleaded guilty to the charge of grand larceny in the first degree for stealing $25,000 of the funds of the institution wherein he was employed, and with the pronouncing of the fate of the prisoner ended one of the most sensational captives in the criminal history of this city.

Mrs. Floyd and her two sons, who are jointly charged with grand larceny, were arraigned today and pleaded not guilty. Their trials were set for January 24. This evening all three were admitted to bail, the boys in $5,000 each and Mrs. Floyd in $2,500.

ROBBED AND FIRED.

Blaze in a Cigar Store Leads to the Discovery of a Burglary.

At 1:20 this morning fire broke out in the cigar store of Ernest Worms at 121 South Fifteenth street. The blaze started in some kindling wood in the rear of the room and is supposed to have been set by a burglar either intentionally or accidentally, for it was found after the fire was extinguished and the store examined that about $50 worth of cigars were missing from the case. A colored man who usually sleeps in the store was absent last night, but he is not suspected, because his purse, containing $60, was found lying in its accustomed place. The damage done by the fire was insignificant.

To Frighten Her Husband.

Mrs. Maud Stream, residing with her husband at 419 South Eleventh street, took a quantity of morphine at 11 o'clock last night. When Stream returned a short time later, he found his wife in an unconscious condition and breathing heavily. Dr. Towne was called and administered an antidote. The woman's condition an hour afterwards was not considered dangerous. It is thought the woman swallowed the poison in a quantity of whisky in order to frighten her husband.

Movements of Ocean Steamers, December 18.

At New York—Arrived—Olympia, from Hamburg.

TAKEN UP BY THE HOUSE

Discussion of the Hawaiian Matter Starts a Lively Debate.

MINISTER WILLIS' INSTRUCTIONS

Boutelle of Maine Precipitates the Row—Mr. Cockran of New York Helps Matters Along—The Sergeant-at-Arms Called In.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The fight over the Hawaiian matter in the house followed fast and furious on the heels of the reading of the message, which was delayed on account of the pension debate until 3:30 this afternoon. The first skirmish occurred over the question of reading the instructions to Minister Willis, which was insisted upon by Mr. Boutelle of Maine. The house finally agreed to this and immediately after the conclusion of this reading Mr. Boutelle renewed the assault by bringing forward a resolution declaring the administration's policy inconsistent with the spirit of the constitution and the traditions of the government. Great excitement followed; but Mr. Boutelle failed to follow up his parliamentary advantage and was ruled out of order.

The resolution of Mr. Cockran for the appointment of a committee of seven to investigate the alleged invasion of the territorial integrity of the Hawaiian islands by the United States under the last administration, also went down under a retaliatory objection by Mr. Boutelle. The confusion was so great that the sergeant-at-arms was called in to preserve order. An adjournment was caused by the lack of a quorum on a motion to go into committee. Party feeling ran very high at the close of the session, and there is no doubt the struggle will continue, as soon as opportunity offers, in the house tomorrow.

READ IN THE SENATE.

Cleveland's Message on Hawaii Receives Attention.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—In the senate today the long looked for message from the president as to the relations of this government to the Hawaiian islands was received, and the reading was listened to most attentively.

A request by Mr. Chandler of New Hampship for the reading of the instructions to Mr. Willis led to a debate of an hour's duration and they were finally read. The message and accompanying documents are now before the senate, the pending question being on the motion of Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts to refer them to its committee on foreign relations.

The reading of the message was concluded at 1 p. m. and Mr. Chandler, from New Hampshire, called for the reading of Minister Willis' instructions. The first was the instruction of Mr. Gresham, dated October 18, 1893, marked "Confidential," and it was ordered to be read.

The first paragraph had just been read when Mr. Butler, democrat, of South Carolina suggested that time would be saved by having the communications printed instead of read. An hour's debate followed, participated in by many senators.

Mr. Allison said he had a right to have read every paper sent in by the president in pursuance of a resolution of the senate. He thereupon moved that the instructions be read.

Mr. Butler withdrew his motion to refer the matter to the committee, and the vice president ordered the instructions to Minister Willis read.

Mr. Faulkner, democrat, of West Virginia did not agree with the judgment of the members of the committee on foreign relations that the papers should be read, but did not object to unanimous consent.

The secretary then read the instructions to Minister Willis.

Mr. Hoar moved that the message and accompanying documents be printed and referred to the committee on foreign relations, and that that motion, under the rules, go over until tomorrow. The motion was agreed to.

A bill to provide for the disposal of Fort Bridger, abandoned military reservation in the state of Wyoming, was reported and passed.

Mr. Morgan, democrat, of Alabama introduced a joint resolution creating a committee, to consist of three senators and three representatives, to examine into and report on the condition of the Nicaraguan canal. It authorizes the committee to visit Nicaragua. Referred to the committee on contingent expenses.

Mr. Peffer introduced a bill providing funds for immediate use in relieving the want and distress in the country.

Adjourned.

STATE BANK TAX REPEAL.

Possible Action by the House Committee on Banking and Currency.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Representative Cuiberson of Texas, a member of the house committee on banking and currency, is in favor of a bill to repeal unconditionally the 10 per cent tax on state bank issues. It has been intimated that such a bill would be reported without any recommendation by the committee, and without any report as to the advisability of the house passing upon it. In this case there would probably be several minority reports, one against the bill, another for its repeal, with restrictions by the government, and another for repeal unconditionally. Mr. Culberson favors the latter plan.

"If the bill is reported in any form," he says, "it is my judgment that it will be for unconditional repeal. The proposition to have the national comptroller of currency supervise the bank issues is only another method of enlarging the national banks. There is no particular difference whether they are issued on one kind of security or another or by institutions chartered by states if the state governmental control and regulations are exercised over them as over national banks. If the states are to have power to charter banks they should have power to control them."

It is possible that the bill may be reported to the house in order to afford an opportunity for discussion. It is very likely that the republicans will not vote for any kind of repeal, but they will be glad to see the bill brought up in the house, as they believe they will make party capital out of the discussion. Some of the democratic committeemen believe repeal ought to pass, while others, like Chairman Springer and Representative Johnson of Ohio, want the bill discussed.

The committee will meet tomorrow.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Representative Simpson of Kansas has introduced a bill to place manufactured woolens on the free list. Mr. Simpson intends to urge this bill as an amendment to the Wilson tariff bill.

George D. Allen of Las Vegas, N. M., has been disbarred from practice before the pension bureau for improper and unprofessional conduct.

Acting on the report made to him by the civil service commission, Attorney General Olney has instructed the district attorney for the northern district of Ohio to look into the alleged violations of the civil service department in the case of political assessments at Toledo, O., by the republican central committee.

Mr. Morgan, democrat of Alabama, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, today introduced a bill as to provisional governments. It provides that whenever the United States shall acquire dominion over any foreign country or place by treaty of annexation or otherwise the president of the United States, with the advice and consent of the senate, may appoint a governor for the same and a legislative council, to consist of any number of persons, not less than five nor more than twenty-five, whose acts shall be subject to revision or repeal by congress, and, unless otherwise provided, said governor and council shall constitute and conduct provisional government for such country or place until congress shall otherwise provide by law. The bill was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Valuable Records Missing.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Valuable records of money order business, kept in the office of the sixth auditor of the treasury, are missing. They relate to the business of the office during the last administration and it is estimated the value represented by them is $60,000 or $70,000. The loss was reported to Sixth Auditor Bromley several months ago, and a thorough search has been in progress since. The sixth auditor made an emphatic denial today of an imputation that the responsibility for the loss rests on the present administration. Several clerks are still engaged in the search.

Places His Faith in Congress.

AUGUSTA, Me., Dec. 18.—Hon. J. L. Stevens, ex-minister to Hawaii, was seen here tonight by a representative of the Associated press and handed a copy of the president's message on the Hawaiian question sent to the senate today. He said he had not read any of the message, but would look it over and if there was anything in it to answer would answer it later. He thought congress was able to deal with the question and that it was in safe hands. He believed congress would do what was right.

Declared Dividends.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The comptroller of the currency has declared dividends to the creditors of the insolvent national banks as follows: First National bank, Abilene, Kan., fifth dividend, 5 per cent, making in all 85 per cent, amounting to $3,782 on claims aggregating $75,638. First National bank, Leadville, Colo., final dividend, 17.2 per cent, making in all 57.2 per cent, amounting to $35,602 on claims proved aggregating $206,991.

Indian Estimates.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Indian Commissioner Browning today appeared before the house committee on Indian affairs and submitted estimates for the next fiscal year. The estimates are $6,931,000.

DAMROSCH'S BITTER PILL.

His Orchestra Won't Play for Him on Account of an Alien 'Cellist.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—A remarkable scene was enacted last night at Carnegie Music hall. A large audience was present to listen to one of the concerts of the Symphony orchestra, of which Walter Damrosch is the conductor. At 8 o'clock Mr. Damrosch appeared upon the conductor's stand. He was to conduct the Lohengrin overture. He raised his baton, but there was no response from the orchestra. In astonishment he looked at his musicians and again waved his baton. Not the slightest sound came from the musicians.

Raising his baton a third time Mr. Damrosch beat a few bars of the overture, but the same silence prevailed among the musicians. A sharp hiss was heard in the front of the house. It was taken up by row after row of seats and quickly spread to the galleries.

Turning to the assembly Mr. Damrosch said: "Ladies and Gentlemen: I am sorry to say that there will be no concert tonight. My orchestra refuses to play for me on account of my 'cellist, Hegner. I regret to tell you this; I regret to tell you the fabric which I have been patiently weaving for years is ruined. I blame no one for these hard facts. Your money will be refunded at the office during the week."

The trouble was brought about by the trouble which Mr. Damrosch has recently been having with the Musical Protective union. They protested against the importation of the famous violoncellist, Anton Hegner, who has not been in this country a sufficiently long time to become a member of the union. On Friday night Mr. Damrosch resigned from the Musical Protective union on account of the persistence with which the members refused to suspend the six months rule in Hegner's case, and last night, fearing the union would be too much for them, the members of the Symphony orchestra decided to follow the union's mandate.

HE'S A MELLOINT.

Dismissed Brazilian Consul Lima of Montreal Declares Himself.

MONTREAL, Dec. 18.—Ex-Brazilian Consul Lima, who left here for New York upon receipt of his dismissal papers from Minister Mendonca for, it is alleged, aiding Lawyer Guyrin and Dr. Devlin in attempting to stop Peixoto's ship from sailing from New York, issued before going a statement concerning his connection with the affair. He goes into a lengthy denunciatory history of President Peixoto's government and announces himself with the rebel chief Mello. He scathingly denounces Americans for permitting sailors and officers of that nationality to man ships with the object of slaughtering his countrymen.

Another Bond Company in Trouble.

SAGINAW, Mich., Dec. 18.—The Columbia Bond and Investment company has been restrained by injunction from proceeding with its monthly drawing, which should have taken place today. William C. Trackal, representing himself and three other bondholders, claimed that 3,000 bonds of $500 each have been issued already, from which an income of $18,000 has been received and only $3,400 paid out. It is said the concern cannot pay off the bonds already out. It has never filed articles of association and has redeemed only about 400 of the 3,000 bonds issued.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

It Will Be Fair Throughout Nebraska Today.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Forecasts for Tuesday: For Nebraska—Fair; westerly winds.

For Iowa—Fair; slightly warmer Tuesday night; northwesterly winds.

For South Dakota—Fair, slightly cooler; westerly winds.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, Dec. 18.—Omaha record of temperature and rainfall compared with corresponding day of past four years:

	1893.	1892.	1891.	1890.
Maximum temperature	48°	36°	44°	53°
Minimum temperature	29°	22°	34°	28°
Average temperature	38°	29°	39°	40°
Precipitation	.15	.00	.00	.00

Statement showing the condition of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for the day and since March 1, 1893:

Normal temperature	26°
Excess for the day	12°
Deficiency since March 1	254°
Normal precipitation	.03 inch
Deficiency for the day	.03 inch
Deficiency since March 1	6.44 inches

Reports from Other Stations at 8 p. m.

STATIONS	Temperature at 8 p. m.	Max. Temperature of day.	Precipitation	State of weather
Omaha	35	48	.00	Cloudy.
Kearney	36	54	.00	Partcloudy.
North Platte	30	50	.00	Partcloudy.
Valentine	32	45	.00	Clear.
Chicago	28	38	.00	Cloudy.
St. Louis	44	52	.00	Clear.
St. Paul	8	34	T	Clear.
Davenport	24	40	.00	Clear.
Kansas City	42	52	.00	Clear.
Denver	48	52	.00	Clear.
Salt Lake City	34	42	.00	Clear.
Rapid City	30	46	.00	Clear.
Helena	32	†42	.00	Clear.
Bismarck	16	32	.00	Clear.
*St. Vincent				
Cheyenne	34	48	.00	Partcloudy.
Miles City	38	38	.00	Clear.
Galveston	52	58	.00	Clear.

*"T" indicates trace. "missing

GEORGE E. HUNT, Local Forecast Official.

NOT LIKED BY LILI

Cleveland's Offer to Restore the Dusky Queen Was Not to Her Taste.

HE PROPOSED FORGIVENESS OF HER FOES

Condition of Amnesty Insisted Upon by the United States Unacceptable.

SPECIAL MESSAGE SENT ON THE MATTER

Careful Review of the Case by the Executive Transmitted to Congress.

INSTRUCTIONS TO MINISTER WILLIS

Secret Orders Under Which the American Representative Has Been Acting.

ALL THE CORRESPONDENCE IN THE CASE

Immense Volume of State Dispatches Covering the Relations Between the Governments During the Last Five Years Given Publicity.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The special message of the president on the Hawaiian situation and a second message accompanying the correspondence in the case as demanded by the senate, were transmitted to congress today. The message was as follows:

TO THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: In my recent annual message to the congress I briefly referred to our relations with Hawaii and expressed the intention of transmitting further information on the subject when additional advices permitted. Though I am not able to now report a definite change in the actual situation, I am convinced that the difficulties created both here and in Hawaii and now standing in the way of a solution through executive action of the problem presented render it proper and expedient that the matter should be referred to the broader authority and direction of congress, with a full explanation of the endeavor thus far made to deal with the emergency and a statement of the considerations which have governed action.

I suppose that right and justice should determine the path to be followed in treating the subject. If national honesty is to be disregarded and a desire for territorial extension or dissatisfaction with a form of government not our own is to regulate our conduct, I have entirely misapprehended the mission and character of our government and the behavior which the conscience of our people demands of their public servants.

Why Annexation Was Interfered With.

When the present administration entered upon its duties the senate had under consideration a treaty providing for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the territory of the United States. Surely under our constitution and laws the enlargement of our limits is a manifestation of the highest attribute