# AFTER THE STORM HAS PAST

Democrats Trying to Ascertain Exactly Where They Are At."

IS TUESDAY'S VICTORY TO BE PERMANENT

Even the Opposition Admits that the Contest Was Won on National Issues -Facts that Alarm the Forces of the Other Side.

WASHINGTON BURRAU OF THE BEE, 513 FOURTERSTH STREET, WASHINGTON, Nov. 14. "Is it permanent?" This is a question

which every man in Washington is just now asking of those he meets, the reference, of course, being to the great republican victories won at the polls on Tuesday, the

To the democrats the serious feature of the recent republican landslide is the fact that the victories were won upon general issues and after the most mature delibera-There is not an intelligent democrat in Washington who will exercise the effrontery to claim in private conversation that there was anything local in the issues, or that the victories were zen by the expenditure of money or fraud. For the first time in many years these claims are not made. The democrats here from every sec-tion of the country frankly admit that they were whipped and they say they were whipped in a fair fight and on the highest

Conceding that the issues were general, the voters acted without any misunder-standing or misapprehension and that the commercial distress and a fear that the tariff revision promised by the majority in congress and President Cleveland caused the change in political conditions, the question arises in the minds of intelligent democrats in congress (there are democrats in congress who are neither intelligent nor honest with themselves): "How are the conditions which existed on the recent election day to be made more satisfactory before the municipal elections next spring and the state and congressional elections next

### As to Future Legislation

It is next to a physical impossibility for the democrats to put the new tariff bill into effect, if, indeed, they can pass it into law, before the November elections in 1834. It is now the intention to pass in the house cer-tain general legislation before the tariff bill is taken into consideration. The deficiency in the treasury and the banking and cur-rency problems must be disposed of before the long and tedious debate upon the new tariff bill can be begun. It will create no surprise here if the tariff bill is not made public before the holidays; it will be an ab-solute surprise if the measure is taken up for consideration in the house before the beginning of the new year. This anticipates a delay upon its consideration in the senate

until the middle of next summer.

There are leading democrats in the house and senate who go so far as to intimate that the tariff bill will not become a law before the general elections next year. It is well known that even should the bill be signed by the president before the next general elec-tion it will not go into effect before January,

ness man who believes that the industrial interests will revive before President Cleveland signs the new tariff bill or it is known positively that the measure is defeated by the minority in the senate. It is this fact, this condition, and not theories, that troubles the minds of democrats in congress who will come before their constituencies for retrial next year. They are cognizant that the conditions will not materially change from the present before another general election will come around and they know what the result will be when men out of work and those representing ruined interests go to the polls

# Crusade Against Revision.

would not be surprising if Senator Palmar of Illinois joined with Senator Voorhees in a crusade against the pension system of the administration when congress reas-sembles. General Palmer was an earnest supporter of the original plan of inequitable revision of the pension rolls, but he has been surprised and made not a little indignant at the manner of the execution of revision. For the last six months he has kept one of his committee clerks, Mr. Johnson, constantly employed in looking after the interests of

Johnson's labors are continued during the present recess and he puts in his days tramping the corridors of the pension bureau trying to secure the reinstatement of Illinois pensioners who have been sus-pended from the rolls. The other day a Grand Army post at Chicago wrote to Senator Palmer that one of its comrades, who had served for three years, participat-ing in twelve engagements and now suffer-ing from wounds contracted in the service from wounds contracted in the service ch entirely incapacitated him for work, had gone to the pension agent in Chicago for his quarterly check and had received instead a notice that he was summarily suspended. No notice of suspension had been given. It was announced at the pension bureau two months ago that no further susensions would be made without ninety

# Scorned the Old Soldier.

Johnson took the case to the bureau to see what was the trouble. He applied to the chief of division in charge of the case and was currly told that these inquiries as to suspensions were a nuisance. He glanced at the letter from the Grand Army post at Chicago and threw it back to Johnson with the suggestion that his time was too valuable to decipher such illiterate productions. He added that no suspension had been made in the case.

Johnson was hot and responded that the letter was plain enough Anglo-Saxon for any intelligent man to road. He asserted also that the suspension had been made, as proved by the circumstantial details of the letter. Then the official declared the case was not in his division. Johnson cornered him, however, and finally succeeded in having the files of the case produced. Then the official glanced over the mass of papers and insisted that no suspension had been made. Johnson stuck to his point and at last pointed out in one of the stray papers that the suspension had been made. The cause of it could not be learned, as the official insolently stated that he would deal directly with the party and would write to him before long. Johnson's inquiries were made in the name of Senator Palmer and on one of the inquiry blanks furnished to sena-Johnson was hot and responded that the one of the inquiry blanks furnished to sena-

This experience is one of the many in the same line which show in what an arbitrary and high-handed manner the suspension policy is executed. There is another point in the pension business on which Senator Palmer is likely to utter some burning remarks very soon. He is chairman of the senate committee on pensions and yet he has never been able to nold a meeting of his committee.

At first he thought it must be oversight on the part of the democratic members of the committee that they failed to respond to his notices of meetings each Tuesday. He even resented the suggestion that his democratic associates would block all pension bills by not attending meetings and thus holding the bills in abbyance. Little by little, however, he has grown suspicious and indignant. Those who are pretty familiar with the senator's plans would not be surprised to see him rise in the senator when it comes together and rebuke those who are making the pension committee impotent. making the pension committee impotent.

It is suggested also that if General Palmer once gots aroused on the subject he will be likely to resign the chairmanship of the pension committee rather than serve as a figurehead.

# New Western Postmasters. C. G. Veigt was today appointed postmas-ter at West Mitchell, Mitchell county, Ia.,

vice August Neiler, resigned.
J. S. Bryon, at Suoma, Butte county,
S. D., vice Carl Harrison, resigned.
H. W. Cone at Freedom, Idaho county,
Idaho.
A. D. Bower at Coalville, Summit county,
and Mrs. Lena Pratt at Virginia City, U. T.

Iowa Patents Granted Patents were issued today to the following Iowa inventors: James F. Ament, Carroll, assignor of one-half to W. F. Brooks.

Blandinsville, Ilt., car coupling; Charles W. Baird, Millersburg, hay rake and loader; Charles W. Baird, Millersburg, side delivery hay rake and loader; Richard H. Cutler, assignor of one-half to McKinnis, Lancaster, weather strip; Andrew Engle, Des Moines, and S. C. Thompson, Baldwin, Kan., said Thompson assignor to C. Huttenlocher, Des Moines, apparatus for destroying garbage, night soil, etc.; Thomas A. Trent, jr., Des Moines, adding machine; Edward A. Turner, Marshalltown, packing case; Nell O. Westburg, Sanborn, band cutter and feeder; Frank Whiting, Whiting, lantern; Frank G. Wood, Stuart, rotating rack for holding robes, etc.

# PUSHING THE TARIFF.

Democrats Recognize that Much Depends

on Prompt Action, WASHINGTON, Non. 14.—The new democratic tariff bill will probably be made publicat a much earlier date than has been supposed. The notes of apprehension that have been sounded since the late election have warned the resolute tariff reformers of the party that the chances of party success and discipline depend upon boldness and promptitude in defining a policy, and all haste consistent with deliberation is being made by the democratic members to com-

plete the bill and give it to the country. It is already definitely settled that the committee will not wait for the approval of a caucus before presenting the measure to the people. While some of the democratic members think that the bill might be strengthened in the house by first gaining the approval of the party caucus the majority feel that the submission of the bill to a caucus would only lead to interminable wrangling and possibly create a party dissension which might seriously embarrass the measure in its consideration later in the

Besides, the democratic leaders contend that the party has sufficient confidence in its members on the ways and means committee to be quite willing to accept as satisfac-tory the bill prepared by them after so many weeks of deliberation, and that the report accompanying it will be of ter strong enough to silence the fastidious

criticism within the party.

While Mr. Bland of Missouri, Mr. Culberson of Texas and others have openly announced their intention of opposing the free wool schedule on the floor of the house, they have apparently abandoned any hope of securing a party cancus on the tariff bill previous to its introduction.

# Ouestion of a Caucus.

In discussing the matter, Mr. Culberson said: "I have always maintained that the tariff bill should be first considered by a democratic caucus, and I still think this should be done, but I do not see how we can hope to have it done before it is introduced. In the first place there was a rule passed just before adjournment which gave the committee the right to hand the bill to the derk and have it printed as introduced any time. No one paid much attention to that action at the time, but we now realize that it gives the committee the privilege of formally introducing the bill, even before the regular session convenes, the only restriction being that the republican members of the committee shall have ten days in which to prepare a minority report. This rule, of course, cuts off all hope of having a caucus before the introduction of the bill, and I do not see that we can do anything to help it. Whatever objections democratic members may have to the bill will have to be expressed in the open house, though I believe the proper place to first air party grievances should be in a caucus."

Working by Subcommittees. The ways and means committee, or at least the democratic members of it, are doing all the work in subcommittees and the bill is so rapidly nearing completion that a large portion of the report to accompany the measure on its presentation to the nouse is already prepared. Each subcommittee as it completes the work on the schedules referred to it for revision prepares the com-mittee report on these schedules, and, al-though this work is held to be reviewed by the full democratic membership of the committee, it is likely that but few changes will be made. While it is literally true that not a single schedule has been finally passed upon by the full committee, it is none the less true that the entire bill, subdivided as it was among subcommittees, is now nearly completed. While it is generally accepted to be added to the free list, as well as various other minor articles, Chairman Wilson and his colleagues have pursued the prudent policy of keeping the details of the reductions on manufactured articles a close secret from the public. In this way, although it is practically certain that the

membership, and as soon as finally approved will be handed to the clerk of the house and at once announced to the public as intro-The protests against the free list are still The protests against the free list are still coming in, the most emphatic ones being from the iron ore and the coal men. A telegram has been received from Alabama people who desire to be heard. Chairman Wilson and his colleagues have consented to give an informal hearing to these gentlemen any time this week. This delegation will include a committee from the Iron and coal interests of Birmanham, the chief manner. terests of Birmingham, the chief manufacturing city of the south, and it is proba-ble that Senator Pugh and Congressman

tariff bill in its entirety will be announced

to the public in ten days or two weeks, the details will not be generally known until after its publication. After the subcom-

mittees have completed their labors the en-

tire bill will be reviewed by the democratic

### Wheeler will also accompany the delegation. Whisky Men's Protests.

The protests of the whisky men do not seem to be attracting much attention. Congressman Montgomery of Kentucky, the great whisky producing state, is a member of the committee on ways and means, and he says: "I think that in my state the ob-jection in raising the whisky tax is coming from the distillers rather than the consumers. Even the distillers are not making much of a protest, though, of course, they would prefer not to have the tax increased." The consumers are not making any objections and if they do so at all they probably will not until after the law is passed. One of the hitches which have occurred in making the tariff bill and which have not yet been settled is the disposition of the sugar from the distillers rather than the con been settled is the disposition of the sugar schedule. It is said that as the bill now stands it removes the bounty and does not restore any duty whatever. The opponents restore any duty whatever. The opponents of this plan have pointed opt that such a bill will certainly cause the loss of the support by the majority of the Louisiana delegation in the house, and the bill would also be endangered by reason of the withdrawal of support by the Louisiana senators when the bill reached the senate. A member of the majority of the committee on ways and means has suggested this to the other members but received a reply that the bill cannot be made to suit all sections.

Another rumor is in circulation in the

Auother rumor is in circulation in the shape of a statement attributed to Chairman Wilson that he would like to see a bill framed which would make the pension appropriations payable by the internal rayegue taxes and that there should be an increase in the internal layer to meet the pension or in the internal taxes to meet the pension ex-penditures. This suggestion, and in fact all suggestions that point to an increase in internal revenue taxes, meets with a great deal of opposition, particularly from the south, from which the ways and means com-mittee expects to get the necessary votes to pass the bill.

Important Land Case Decided. WASHINGTON, Nov. 14. - Commissioner Lamoreaux of the general land office has decided in favor of the Great Falls Water Power and Townsite company, the case pending in his office which involved the whole town of Great Falls. Mont. The decision was upon the ground that the townsite company was an innocent purchaser and under the act of March 3, 1891, could not be disturbed in its possession of the property.

Washington Notes. Washington, Nov. 14.-The Treasury department has served the required six months notice on the United States Express com-

pany of its intention of terminating the contract now in force for the transportation of public moneys. Proposals have been invited for new bids for doing the work.

Secretary Carlisle today accepted the resignation of Supervising Special Agent A. K. Tingle, to take effect December 15.

Chrysanthemum show in Washington. Washington, Nov. 14 - The third annual chrysanthemum show of the Washington

Florists' club opened today. The display of chrysanthemums was one of the finest ever made in the city and the varieties were greater than shown at any previous exhibition. There were present at the opening a large number of ladies with many public officers and foreign diplomats. The exhibition will conclude Friday evening.

# NICARAGUA CANAL.

Report on Its Condition Made to the Sec

retary of the Interior.
Washington, Nov. 14.—Hiram Hitchcock, president of the Maritime Canal company of Nicaragua, has submitted to the secretary of the interior the annual report of the com pany. This report was not due until De cember 1, but is sent in at this time upor the request of the secretary, who desired to use some of the data in his annual report. President Hitchcock says that since the ap-pointment of a receiver for the Caual Construction company little work has been done The secretary is referred to the last report as to the condition of the work.

Since its organization 10,425 shares of stock have been subscribed for at par, amounting to \$1,104,500, of which \$1,000,940 has been to \$1,104,500, of which \$1,000,940 has been paid into the treasury in cash, and from other sources there have been received \$48,871, making the total cash received \$1,055,811. It has paid out in construction and administration expenses \$830,788 in cash and 31,000 shares of stock, the par value of which is \$5,199,000 and is obligated for \$0,855,000 of its first mortgage bonds. It has issued 180,000 shares of stock of a par value of \$18,000,000 in payment of concessionary rights, privileges, franchises ssionary rights, privileges, franchises and other property.

The liabilities of the company consist of

amounts still due under concessions granted the company; the \$6.855,000 bonds, these bonds being due to the Nicaragua Canal company for work done and liabilities of \$50,000. The assets include the capital stock, the concessions and privileges, build-ings and, in fact. everything the company has acquired in Nicaragua.

# PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Cleveland Makes a Number, and President Harrison's Brother Among Them.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—The following appointments have been made by the president: James McCafferty, appraiser of merchandise, St. Louis: Webster I. Withers, collector of internal revenue for the Sixth district of Missouri; J. Edward Kauffman, collector of internal revenue for the Third district of Texas: Samuel M. McMillen, collector of internal revenue, Eleventh district of Ohio; Louis P. Ohlinger, collector of internal revenue. Eighteenth district of Ohio; Scott Harrison, surveyor of customs for Kansas City. (This is a brother of ex-President Harrison); George G. Tanner, surveyor of customs for Indianapolis; George W. Hayne, surveyor of customs for Evansville; William D. English, surveyor of customs. San Francisco; Frank B. Earnest, collector of customs, District of Corpus Christi, Tex.; James B. Stevens, assistant appraiser of merchandise, San Francisco; M. F. Davis of Arkansas, consul at Moridi, Mex. (Falled of confirmation by the senate and reappointed). district of Texas: Samuel M. McMillen, col-

# BECOMING INTERESTING.

Case of the Russian Refugers Considered

by the Cabinet. WASHINGTON, Nov. 14 .- A long report by Mr. Stradley, the commissioner of immigration at San Francisco, in relation to the ten escaped Russian convicts recently landed there, was received at the Treasury Department today. It was sent to Secretary Carlisle while the latter was at the cabinet meeting, and it is supposed that its consideration took up a portion of the time during which the cabinet was in session. By the in-tervention of the Russian government the case has assumed an interesting and inter-national aspect, and the report of Mr. Strad-ler as to whether or not the men are political or criminal prisoners is awaited with much interest. It is not believed that any conclusion was reached by the cabinet, as Secretary Carlisle had the papers sent to his home when he left the department this afternoon, expecting to give them some at-tention tonight.

Condition of the Treasury. WASHINGTON, Nov. 14. - The treasury statement issued today showed a loss of ,389,092 in the currency balance from yesterday; the gold reserve gained but little and the total available balance is again below the \$100,000,000 mark, standing at \$98,876,170 The receipts of the government for the month have been \$13,164,000 and the expendi tures \$15,934,000. Secretary Carlisle is quoted by an evening paper today as saying that at no time has it been his intention to toll off the seigniorage and coin it. He is convinced the secretary of the treasury has not authority to do so and that it can only be done by an act of congress.

Auxious Iron Men. WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.-James Swan. manager of the Iron and Steel association, had a two-hours conference today with Chairman Wilson on the tariff schedules in which the iron and steel men are vitally interested. Later in the day ex-Congressman Niedringhaus of St. Louis, called to urge that in revision of duties no discrimination be made in the various manufacturers of tin plate, iron plate or granite plate, and that the reduction be so equitably made as to work no injustice to the various plants and workmen now employed in these industries in America.

Apparently in Excellent Health. Washington, Nov. 14 .- To all appearances President Cleveland is enjoying good health notwithstanding the numerous reports to the contrary. He drove in from Woodley at 10:30 this morning to attend a cabinet meeting, and as he alighted at the executive mansion he looked as robust and healthy as his friends could wish.

Price of Stiver in London. WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.-Advices received at the Treasury department from London today were that silver there is quoted today at 3214 pence, equal in value to 70 cents in United States money. This makes the bullion value of the standard silver dollar 544 cents. The tendency ir London is downward.

San Salvador Creates Alarm. Washington, Nov. 14.—The government of San Salvador has issued a decree imposing an annual of \$30,000 on shipping houses in La Libertad and Acajuito. The merchants are alarmed on account of it, and some of them declare they will close rather than submit.

Removed from Office. Washington, Nov. 14 .- The president today removed from office Thomas V. Cooper, collector of customs for the port of Philadelphia.

# WILL RATIFY THE TREATY.

Prospect that the Yanktan Reservation Will Be Opened Next Year. CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Nov. 14 .- [Special to THE BEE. |- A special agent of the department was ut Yankton agency last week for the purpose of finding out whether or not the Indians at that out whether or not the Iudians at that agency are in favor of a ratification of the treaty made with them last winter. At the time the treaty was negotiated there was strong opposition among the Indians, but since the appropriations have become exhausted and the rations are all gone a great chance has taken place, and it is reliably reported that they are unanimously in favor of the treaty as it now stands. The treaty will be ratified at the coming session of congress and the reservation will be opened for actilement next apring. Northeastern Nebraska will be benefited by the opening of this land.

Mary Did Not Say It. KANSAS CITY, Nov. 14.—The Star's Wighita special says: A Star reporter called this morning on Mrs. M. E. Lease and asked her about the story that certain state officials

about the story that certain state officials are alleged to have demanded that Governor Lewelling remove her from the State Board of Charities.

"There is not a word of truth in it," said she. "Secretary of State Osborne never made any such demand. He well knows that the alleged interview, in which I am supposed to have charged the state administration with corruption, had no foundation in fact."

# ALLEGED BOODLER ACQUITTED

Ex-Parm Boss Hubbard's Trial Ends Like the Other Asylum Cases.

LITTLE EFFORT MADE BY THE DEFENSE

Substance of the Convincing Evidence Presented by the State-Attorneys of the Accused Trusted to Luck and Won.

LINCOLN, Nev. 14 .- [Special to THE BEE.] -The Hubbard trial is ended, and the exboss of the State Asylum the Insane is a free man a verdict of twelve men, who, it is presumed, listened to all the evidence in the case. When the case went to the jury last night it was generally believed that the verdict would be guilty. The attorneys for the state were positive. The defense had made but little effort to do more than establish the previous good character of the prisoner. A few hours later the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

County Attorney Woodward expressed no little surprise over the verdict and so do a great many people who have kept a close watch upon the trial. The evidence was to all intents and purposes convincing. It was proven that Hubtard had purchased beef cattle for the asylum, that he had paid for it with his personal check, took the voucher to the State Board of Public Lands and Buildings after it had been signed in blank by the man selling the cattle and filled in with the increased amount charged the state. The evidence showed that Hubbard state. The evidence showed that Hubbard had collected the money from the state, even signing another man's name to the warrant. On the other hand the defense offered no testimony to prove that the state had not made its case. It simply made an ostenta-tious defense and trusted to tuck. Luck was with the defense.

### Sewell Now on Trial.

The county attorney is evidently not dis-couraged at the several failures of justice to connect with the asylum boodlers and this morning he commenced the trial of W. D. Sewell, another asylum contractor. The Sewell, another asylum contractor. The charges against Sewell are very similar to those against John Dorgan, who was recently acquitted of any intention to defraud the state on the coal contracts. Sewell was awarded the contract for furnishing flour to the asylum for the months of January, February, March, April, May, June, October, November and December, 1891, and for Janu-November and December, 1891, and for January, February and March of 1892. The investigation of the grand jury revealed the fact that he presented vouchers for and collected pay for a great deal more flour than he actually delivered. He is defended by Attorneys Courtney, Oppenheimer and Hamilton of this city. The day has been spent in efforts to secure a jury and in the examination of a few witnesses. ination of a few witnesse

P. M. Herrington, proprietor of the Windsor hotel bar, was arrested this forenoon on the charge of selling liquor on Sunday. He is out on bail.

Eleven members of the celebrated "Junto," the organization of gambiers that during state fair week obtained an injunction from the county judge restraining the chief of police from interfering with any gambling devices that might be operated in their rooms, appeared in police court this morning and entered a plea of guilty. They were

and entered a plea of guilty. They were fined \$1 and costs each.

Andrew Ivison, proprietor of one of the most noted colored resorts in this city, was today declared insane and sent to the asylum. His property will be cared for by his partner, L. L. Lindsey.

The celebrated Fitzgerald-Mallory Construction company case against the Gould estate and the Missouri Pacific Railroad company was up before the supreme court commission today for argument. The case has been pending in the supreme court for two years and the particulars have been recited in these columns several times. It incited in these columns several times. It in olves nearly \$500,000.

### FREMONT AFFAIRS. Pathetic Case of a Young Dodge County

FREMONT, Neb., Nov. 14 .- [Special to THE BEE. ]-Fourteen hundred sheep arrived

yesterday for .D. Shroeder, whose feeding grounds are near this city. Government Superintendent Oliver Smith has just received a beautiful souvenir from the state of New York awarded to every

soldier from that state who was in the bat tle of Gettysburg. Sneak thieves went through the house of W. T. Crook yesterday while the family was absent and took about \$100 worth of

jeweiry.
George De Shaur was arraigned before
Justice Huff yesterday for illegitimate parentage and was bound over to the district court under \$700 bonds. He failed to get sureties and will rest in jail. He had promised the girl's old mother that as soon as he could get means ahead to support a wife he could get means ahead to support a wife he would marry her wronged daughter. But instead, he went to her house last week and persuaded the younger daughter, not yet 17 years of age, to elope with him. She has a marriage certificate signed by Rev. J. Charles of Kennard, Washington county, which is believed to be a forgery. In the meantime the young wife—as she probably believes herself—has returned destitute to her mother, who is supporting her family by

mother, who is supporting her family by taking in washing. The affidavits presented in the Carleton murder case charge that two of the jurors made a statement since the trial that they believed him guilty before the trial and that the evidence did not change their opinion. There is also an affidavit on file that one of the jurors was drunk in a saloon after he was impanneled, but before the trial com-

Judge Sullivan was detained in Columbus and Judge Marshal is on the bench, contrary to his expectations. The criminal docket will not be commenced on before next week, when several important cases will

# LOOKS LIKE A CONTEST. Boyd County Citizens Not Satisfied with the

Election Results. BUTTE, Neb., Nov. 14 .- [Special to THE Brg. |-The election Tuesday in Boyd county is supposed to have elected the following county officers: Clerk, M. T. Rowland; sheriff, Wilford Standiford; treasurer, F. S. Russell; judge, C. J. Skuse; superintendent. W. C. Leonard, and Howard Ware commisw. C. Leonard, and Howard ware commis-sioner. For some unknown reason the pres-ent county clerk, G. To Bastedo, postponed holding the canvass of the votes until yes-terday. It is thought by many that he is gutting things in shape for a contest, so that he can hold over for a year or so. A com-mittee of the leading citizens waited upon him Friday and requested that he place a

he can noid over for a year or so. A committee of the leading citizens waited upon him Friday and requested that he place a guard over the returns or put them in a bank for safe keeping. He consented to employ a guard Friday night, but refused any assistance since then in keeping the returns from being tampered with. Deputations from all parts of the county are expected here soon and if any crooked work is attempted there will be music in the air.

STUARY, Nob., Nov. 14.—[Special Telegram to The Ber.]—Boyd county vote complete on state ticket: Harrison, 410; Holcomb, 366; Irvine, 233; Bittenbender, 41; Estabrook, 388; Kaley, 383; Weston, 279; Doolittle, 316; Pyle, 232; Rloman, 261; Heath, 329; Monroe, 323; Brainard, 32.

GERING, Neb., Nov. 14.—[Special to The Ber.]—Scotts Bluff county vote complete: Harrison, 151; Holcomb, 152; Irvine, 79; Bittenbender, 21; Estabrook, 194; Kaley, 192; Weston, 184; Doolittle, 82; Pyle, 69; Kloman, 77; Heath, 115; Monroe, 108; Brainard, 98.

David City Litigation DAVID CITY, Nov. 14.—|Special to Tun Ben.]—The regular term of the district court began this morning, Judge Bates presiding. There are pinety-six civil cases on the docket, six of which are divorces and three criminal suits. The day was consumed in hearing motions and making orders and tomorrow the trial of Edward Chisbee, alias "Idaho Joe," for murderous assault upon Pat Fiannigan, will take place.

By permission of the Board of Health the schools of the city reopened today. No new cases of diphtheria have been reported of

late and all cases now under treatment are in a fair way to recover.

O. W. Wright, who has been a resident of the county since 1869, died Saturday, aged 69 years. He was buried by the Odd Fellows, of which order he had been a member for ten years.

Imprisoned a Young Woman. GRAND ISLAND, Nov. 14.—[Special to THE BRE.]—Petrie Maller, a young Danish woman, was placed in the city jail last night as a vagrant. This morning the room which she occupied alone was found full of gas, but a physician was promptly called and she will pull through all right. She is weak-minded. She was in Grand Island about a

year ago, at which time she claimed to have been driven from home by a sister. Another attachment was filed against the property of C. A. Von Wasmer early this morning in the sum of \$2,500 in favor of the First National bank. Mr. Wasmer was at one time one of the wealthiest men in Hall county. Had it not been for the stringency of the times his friends claim that he would have been able to ward off the misfortune. The property attached includes two grain elevators, a farm, city real estate, a meat market and a crockery stock. He had large real estate interests, but they are said to be all encumbered. The failure was not a sur-

Last of Osceola's Sensation. OSCEOLA, Neb., Nov. 14 .- | Special to THE BEE.]-Today saw the last of the white cap case. In the county court the eleven de fendants, who were arrested on charge of unlawful assemblage and riot, pleaded guilty to the first count, and were fined \$5 and costs, amounting to \$1 each. This settled it. as the second charge was dismissed. Miss Annic Snyder, one of the prosecuting witnesses, had caused the defendants to be arrested a second time, but was not present and the complaint was dismissed.

# Seriously Injured.

COLUMBUS, Neb., Nov. 14 .- | Special to THE Beg. |-Harry, the son of P. W. Beerbower, accidentally shot himself Sunday evening He was showing his weapon to a friend when it discharged, the bullet entering the right hip, following the bone the length of the limb and lodging somewhere in the foot. The accident is not serious, but very painful, the flesh being torn badly. The revolver is of 45 caliber.

Scrofula eradicated and all kindred diseases cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by its vitatizing and alterative effects, makes

# FIFTEEN CLERKS FIRED.

Pacific Express Company Again Swings the Steel of Retrenchment. Fifteen of the clerks employed by the Pacific Express company in this city received notice yesterday that their services would be dispensed with after December 1. This wholesale cut following close upon a decided reduction in salaries caused no little consternation among the employes of the company. The men whose resignations were called for are nearly all clerks of the middle class, at salaries ranging from \$40 to

Those who have not taken their summer vacations will be allowed to quit at once and draw their salaries for the present month, while the others will be retained until December 1.

\$100 per month.

The reduction in the office force has been in contemplation for some time. It was a question some months ago whether ex-penses should be lessened by a reduction of salaries or by discharging a part of the force. The former course was adopted, and the clerks who had been "shivering in their shoes" believed the danger was over. Con-sequently the action of yesterday was in the nature of a surprise party to the vic-tims. It is believed by some of the men that the swing of the ax is preliminary to restoring the salaries of those who remain

DeWitt's Witch Hazei Salve cures sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazei Salve cures uicers.

Narrow Escape at World's Fair. CHICAGO, Nov. 14.-It has just been discovered that the gallery floor of the Agricultural building has sagged where the pickle display of the H. J. Heinz company stood, owing to the vast crowd which con-stantly thronged their stand to taste their goods or procure a watch charm. This time the Heinz firm captured first medal and diplomas on eighteen varieties of their Keystone condiments.

Fatigue and exhaustion overcome by

# MAKING OVER OLD DRESSES.

PRACTICAL INFORMATION THAT IS HELPFUL TO WOMEN.

A Fashion Paper's Talk about Household Economies-Seasonable Hints on Gowns and Cloaks-Dowdy Garments Transformed to Pretty Stylishness.

One result of the hard times is the extra space the ladies' and fashion papers are giving to articles devoted to household economies.

Columns upon columns have been written, showing how with little money a woman can be well dressed. The secret of this is to allow nothing to go into the rag bag until entirely worn out. Shabby and faded gowns should be taken apart, washed, and dyed some fashionable color with diamond dyes, and then they can be made up to look like new.

The ease with which diamond dyes are used is actually wonderful, many of the colors requiring no more work than it would be to rinse a piece of cloth. There are nearly fifty colors, capable of making any shade, and every one es-pecially prepared for home use.

"The only caution needed to users of diamond dyes, "says the Ladies' Journal, "is this: be sure to get a cotton dye for cotton goods, and a wool dye for woolen goods. On every package is plainly printed what kind it is for, and full directions for use are also given, so that even a child can use diamond dyes suc

essfully." Dresses, cloaks, ribbons, scarfs, stockings, feathers, in fact anything, can be colored with diamond dyes to look like new. One who has never tried them. will be surprised to find how many dol lars they will save during the year

It is well to remember that diamond lyes are never sold by agents or peddlers. Only inferior dyes, that allow the agent a large profit, are sold in that way, but the unfortunate user never tries them a second time, for their colors crock and fade or are not true to name. Those who are obliged to be economical will find many ways of saving money

**Medicines and Books** 

For Doctors and the Public.

Medicine Cases Filled For \$1, \$2.50 and \$4.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS

SHERMAN & McCONNELL, OMAHA, - NEB.

# Duty 110%

That's what it cost to land a piece of Irish Freize-110 % more than the cloth costs in Ireland.

We can make you a first class Ulster of that goods--wool-lined, for \$35. Our protected manufacturer has given us a freize that we consider

# Just as Good

as the original much esteemed Irish Freize. We think the Domestic Freize as good-because it wears as well, looks as well and

is equally impervious to rain, snow or wind. We will make this cloth up in the same style, wool-lined, etc., for \$25.

Come and see them and try to tell which is which. You ought to leave your measure for one of those suits.

(There's an excellent variety)

We are selling a great many trousers at \$5.00! (because they're worth \$7.00).

Have you noticed the goods in our window?

Will send you \ \ / Vicolt samples by

# lapestry Brussels

At 40c a yard

We reduced them to 50c last week. but they haven't gone fast enough and as we have decided to sell them quick, they go down another 25 per cent this week. Look at the quality and style and see if they are worth 40c a yard, the manufactuaer thought they were worth a good deal more. There will be no duplicates, this is to close out what we have, The The Special sale of chenille curtains continues this week.

Orchard & Wilhelm Carpet Co.