should be held primarily for use in paying foreign balances and to this end the plan of an international gold currency, based on actual deposits of gold in the subtreasury of New York and the national banks of other countries, should be adopted, the certificates of deposit to be transferrable by telegraph and the balances to be paid through an international clearing house.

ternational clearing house.

In discussing money as the basis of credits he showed that the national banks were in the habit of reducing their reserves far below the safety point and that they were enabled to do so by the law, which encour-ages them to deposit large proportions of their reserves in central reserve cities, whose banks pay interest on deposits. He favored a law absolutely prohibiting a national bank from paying or receiving interest on deposits and quoted from the report of the New York clearing house committee of 1873 to show that the bankers themselves re-garded such payments of interest as the most effective agency for creating panies. He also favored the convertible bond plan of exchanging bonds for currency in order to obtain ready money in times of crises or

#### Rustled Up a Quorum.

When Mr. McMillan finished the absence of a quorum was so evident that Mr. Wolcott called attention to the fact. By means of roll call the temporary presence of a quo-rum was secured, and the house bill to ex-tend the time for completing the eleventh

census was passed.

The consideration of the repeal bill was then resumed, and Mr. Dolph, republican, of Oregon took the floor to give his views as to the real cause of the business, and financial troubles, which, he said, was the fear of hos-

the tariff legislation.

The senator from Delaware (Mr. Gray) some days ago asked if this was the true cause of the financial and industrial trouble why it did not manifest itself last fail immediately after the election.

Mr. Dolph said the reason was apparent.

All that time no one knew, nor could an one have known until the various legislatures met, what the complexion of the United States senate would be. As soon as it was known that the senate was democratic the financial distress commenced. He said the repeal of the provision for the purchase of silver bullion would not restore confidence, although he favored the repeal of the law. In the course of his remarks Mr. Dolph said that if the Minneapolis platform had been believed to mean free coinage the republican party would have been dead and buried and damned beyond the hope of

"Any worse than it is now?" asked Mr. Teller, and Mr. Dolph ignored the question in the general laughter which followed. After a brief executive session the senate adjourned.

#### IN THE HOUSE.

resurrection.

Second Week of Debate on the Repeal of the Elections Law.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2 .- Debate on the elections bill in the house was very one-sided. The four speeches, made by Dinsmore of Arkansas, Denson of Alabama, Cooper of Florida and Clark of Missouri, were all from the democratic standpoint. The republicans, however, managed to get in a suggestion occasionally by propounding ques-

Mr. Clark of Missouri made the speech of the day. He was interrupted several times by George Washington Murray, the only negro in the house. The attendance is rapidly falling off. Many members have gone to Chicago and Colonel Ike Hill, the deputy sergeant-at-arms, who keeps tab on the absentees, says that if the roll were called on the Midway plaisance at the World's fair tomorrow a quorum would be defeated. The second week of the debate of the bill to repeal the national elec-

tion laws was ushered in quietly this morning. Less than 100 members were on the floor when Colonel Hill, the deputy sergeant-at-arms, lifted the heavy silver mace to its pedestal and the speaker brought down the gavel. There was, however, a noticeable attendance in the gallery.

Mr, Dinsmore, a new democratic member from Arkansas, opened in advocacy of the bill. In arguing for the immediate repeal of the laws, he referred to the threat of General Grosvenor of Ohio that if this bill was the republicans might withdraw their aid from the administration in its battle for the repeal of the Sherman law. "There are some of us on this side." said Mr. Dinsmore, "for whom that threat has no terror. Although the Sherman law is a cowardly makeshift, a poor, weak, lame measure, it represents the only hope of those who believe in the use of both gold and sil-

In defending Arkansas against the aspersions cast upon it, he called attention to the character of the man who had been selected to perform the sacred work of purifying the ballot in that state. The chief ballot in that state. The chief federal supervisor was "Poker Jack" McClure, who, when he was chie ustice, chairman of the republican state committee and editor of the republican newspaper at Little Rock at one and the same time, had boasted he could render r decision on one side as well as the other. He was at the birth of rascality in elections, his name was the synonym of all that was corrupt and immoral. Truly a glorious man to look after the purification of the pallot.

### Denson of Alabama.

Mr. Denson of Alabama followed in support of the measure. He is one of the prom ising new members from the south. He graphically described the conditions in his section of the country following the war, when, he said, soldiers with clanking sabres and military trappings dragged judges from the benches and administered civil justice. That was reconstruction. These election laws were passed for the purpose of humiliating the south and forcing her to her knees. In speaking of the war itself he declared with emphasis that he had performed his duty as a confederate soldier and was prot. "I believed I was right," said he, and under similar circumstances I would

"Oh! You didn't whip us," he added in a reply to the suggestion from Mr. Lacey that they would be forced back into the line sgain. "You didn't whip us; we wore curselves out trying to whip you." [Laughter.] In discussing the action of congress on the silver question and the split in the demosilver question and the split in the demotic party, he hotly declared there were ne democrats who ought to go over with the republicans "We ought to meet and exchange prisoners," said he; "divide at the Alleghenies and proceed with the fight." Applause from silver men on both sides of

While arguing in favor of the unconstitu tionality of the election laws, Mr. Ray in-terrupted him to inquire whether Mr. Denson did not believe the framers of the constitu-tion intended to found a nation in perpetuity. Made an Evasive Answer.

### "How do you spell nation?" asked Mr.

Denson in return.
"With a big N." replied Mr. Ray.
"Well, that is exactly where we differ."
retorted the Alabaman. "I sometimes speli it with a small n; always when it applies to

He continued that the constitution undoubtedly conferred power on congress to perpetuate the union, but that the clause invoked in support of these laws was only to be used when the state defaulted. At one point he said impetuously, address-ing the republican side: "You've got high protection, you've got enough democrats with you to destroy silver. You've got the earth; do you want the fuliness thereof?" [Laughter.] Mr. Cooper of Florida was the next

Mr. Dhamp Clark of Missouri followed with a vigorous speech in support of the bill. The people did not like the idea of United States marshals swaggering about the polis with bludgeons in their hands and pistois at their sides, saying who should vote and who should not vote. The mission of the demo-cratic party from its conception had been to give local self-government to the states. Jefferson's victories declared that years ago; Cleve and's last victory declared the same

"If Cleveland favors local self-govern-ment," shouted Mr. Wilson of Washington, "why does he appoint foreigners as Indian agents in the western states?"

"Perhaps there are cases where the presi-dent cannot find men of sufficient intelligence and integrity to fill those places in your state," suggested air. Clark. "The only scalawas," retorted Wilson,

hotly, "to whom we object was sent from

your state."

Spells the Word with Two "G's." Mr. Clark began a tirade against the preended love of the republicans of the colored race. "They call him negro," said he; "we

call him 'nigger.' ' After several similar comparisons, he said, "Let us make the best of a situation for which neither of us are responsible, and solve, if we may, the most difficult problem of any age."

Mr. Cannon suggested that the United States marshals could be reached by im-peachment for violation of law. Mr. Clark declared that if impeachment proceedings were brought into the senate proceedings were prought into the senate and a case made against Davenport, every democrat would vote for impeachment and the republicans would vote against it.

George Washington Murray, the colored representative from South Carolina, interrupted to say that he had been a federal supervisor, and to ask how federal supervisors could prevent the election of democratical supervisors could prevent the election of democratical supervisors.

Mr. Clark replied, by arresting democrats and holding them until the polls closed. Then Mr. Murray wanted to know what class of officials. United States or state,

visors could prevent the election of demo-

made the most arrests on election day.

Mr. Clark said he had never known a man
to be arrested at the polls by state or municipal officers except as the result of a
knock-down-drag-out fight. He said that the color line would not be wiped out until the colored race divided on economic and other issues as white men did.

Mr. Murray asked what good it would do for the colored men in the south to divide until the white men did. Mr. Clark said that they would not divide until the bugaboo of negro domination was

#### At 5:30 the house adjourned.

#### OFFICIALS THREATENED.

Spanish Anarchists Ready to Resort to Desperate Means to Help Patias. BARCELONA, Oct. 2 .- Another anarchist sensation was created here today by the pub-

lication of a circular emanating from the anarchists of Catalonia, of which province this city is the capital. The circulars were strewn thickly through the streets of Barcelona last night, and through the thoroughfares of the principal towns of the Province of Barcelona. The circulars were printed in the Castilian language, and in the most heated terms incited the people to rise up and revenge themselves upon the upper and middle classes if the death sentence passed upon Pallas is carried into effect. The writers call upon the people to use all means to wreak vengeance upon their alleged oppressors, and declare that dynamite, petro-leum, the dagger, and poison shall be used, claiming when the government employs rifles and produces famine anarchists should resort to dynamite and the torch. In addition to the dynamite bomb found

under the palace walls the police have dis-covered and taken possession of ten dynamite bombs, unexploded, in the most prominent buildings of Villa Neuva. These bombs had been lighted and only failed to explode, owing to the fact that their fuses were defective. The different authorities of this city are receiving many threatening letters, declar-ing that the most horrible vengeance will

fall upon them and upon the city if Pallas is Payor Preixto, editor of the El Ideal, an advanced republican paper, who was ar-rested on the charge of having been con-cerned in the plot to blow up the residence of ex-Minister Catov de Castillo about a year ago, has been released on parole, pending the trial of the Madrid anarchists, who are said to have been his accomplices in some manner or other.

#### WOULD MEAN FREE COINAGE.

What some of the Silver Advocates Pretend to See to the Repeal Measure. WASHINGTON, Oct. 2,-Some of the silver advocates who have been studying the repeal bill in the senate by Mr. Voorhees and in the house by Mr. Wilson, have reached the conclusion that from the silver standpoint the passing of either of these bills, instead of proving an evil, may be a real benefit. They claim the enactment of either of these bills into a law will have the effect of restoring free coinage of silver. The reasoning is very direct and is to the following effect: Both the Voorhees and Wilson bills repeal only so much of the Sherman act as directs the secretary of treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces of silver, or so much thereof as may be offered ver, or so much thereof as may be offered each month, but leaves untouched the fifth section of the Sherman act, which repeals the purchasing clause of the Bland-Allison

This, they argue, leaves the Bland-Allison act in full effect, except that it requires the purchase of from 2,000,000 to 4,000,000 ounce of silver 000 to 4,000,000 ounce of silver per month. A part of this act, which is un-repealed, provides for the free coinage of silver dollars in accordance with the provis-ions of the act of January 18, 1837. This established a government mint, and provided for the coinage of both gold and silver, in sums greater than \$100, at the request of the depositor. The senators do not show any great disposition to discuss the probabilities. They admitted the matter has bee canyassed among them, but say that while the reasoning is clear and the law of 1837 would unquestionably be left in force by the passing of either the senate or the house bill, the enforcement of the bill would depend on the administration, and with the administration unfavorable, as it now is, they could not hope for a favorable interpre tation of the bill.

### PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

No More Bills for Their Erection to Be fieported to the House.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The members of the house committee on public buildings and grounds say that the understanding is that the house will not report any public buildings to this house. Representative Sweet says that he will endeavor to have one bill reported, giving a building to each of the new states which have not been so favored. Of the six new states North and South Dakota only have received appropriations for public buildings.
The Breckinridge-Pollard case has been

placed on the calendar for the October term.

The board of naval officers that conducted the final trip of the Detroit have submitted their reports to the secretary of the navy. Certain defects, not deemed material, are enumerated dy the board, but the ship is pronounced at the highest standard of efficiency. The Detroit will start for Rio de Janeiro Wednesday morning, whither she was ordered before her final trial took place.

Ca i't Agree on Compromise Terms. Washington, Oct. 2.-Mr. Carlisle has consulted again with President Cleveland on the compromise terms, but with no satisfactory understanding, says a morning paper. Mr. Cleveland is fully conscious that the attitude he has assumed is heartily endorsed by all the business interests of the east. It is understood that the reply he has authorized Mr. Carlisle to give to the advocates of compromise is that he will listen to no compromise involving the

to no compromise involving the further purchase of silver until the supreme effort has been made by the friends of unconditional repeal to avail themselves of their conceded strength as a majority of the senate and to force a vote.
If the effort fails then he may listen to compromise terms as the less of two evils. The silver senators assert that they are certain of support at the critical moment, and Sena-tor Voorhees' failure Saturday to secure sufficient aid from his own side to put down fillbustering by forcing the filibusterers into continuous sessions from noon until midnight explains their otherwise mexplicable atti tude of defiance.

Repeal of the Tax on State Banks. WASHINGTON, Oct. 2 .- The banking and currency committee of the house will continue its hearings this week. Tomorrow Messrs. Lester, Wheeler of Alabama and Davis will appear and present arguments in favor of measures of which they are authors. The arguments will be directed mainly in

The arguments will be directed mainly in support of the proposition to reneal the 10 per cent tax on state banks.

Some of the republican members became quite alarmed today after a count, fearing that a bill to repeal the 10 per cent tax on state bank is sue would be carried through the committee. A democratic member says that such a oill cannot secure a favorable report from the committee; that while all the southern members have been counted in its favor, it is known that at least two are opposed to such action. opposed to such action.

Archbishop Kenrick Not Deposed Washington, Oct. 2.-Mgr. Satolli has officially stated that Archbishop Kenrick has not been deposed. This statement is

made with reference to the ecclesiastical status of the archbishop. The appointment of Archbishop Kann as coadjuter has been made with the consent of Archbishop Kendrick, and siso in accordance with the rules of the third plenary council of Baltimers.

#### PUBLIC DEBT. STATEMENT.

Figures Showing How the Nation Stands Financially.

Washington, Oct. 2.-The public debt statement issued today shows the net increase of the public debt, less cash in the treasury during the fronth of September to have been \$734,793. There was a reduction of \$408,277 in the cash balance of the treasury. The total debt is \$961,386 775. The certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury amount to \$570,225,363, an increase during the mouth of \$4,610,482. The gold reserve stands at \$96,582,172, and the net cash balance at \$13,293,461, the total cash balance being \$104.875,633, against \$107,283,910 on the 31st of August.

The comparative statement of receipts and expenditures show the total receipts for September to have been \$44,582,755, and the expenditures \$25,478,010. Since July 1 the receipts have been \$79,679,417, and the expenditures \$8,550,19.

itures \$98,459,121. During the three months of the fiscal year the receipts from customs fell off over \$13,000,000, as compared with the corresponding period of 1892, and the internal revenue recents fell off during the same period nearly \$1,000,000. The receipts from both items were much better during September.

The expenditures for pensions for the three months were about \$3,500,000 less than for the same time last year. The total increase in the circulation of national bank notes since September 1, 1892, has been \$35,911,254 and the increase during the month of September \$9,710,291. The total outstanding September 30 wrs \$208,-

### TO FIGHT THE SUGAR TRUST.

Henderson of Iowa Will Ask for a Commission to Investigate Its Methods Washington, Oct. 2.-Representative Henderson of Iowa will introduce in the house today the following resolution for the investigation of the sugar trust:

tigation of the sugar trust:

It is currently asserted and believed that the American Sugar Refining company—a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the state of New Jersey and otherwise known as the "sugar trust"—has, in defiance of the law, and against the public policy, created a gigantic sugar trust; and

Whereas, It is so asserted and believed that the aforesaid corporation, by the use of watered stock, by unfair competition, and by lilegal combination, has crushed out legitimate competition to an extent which gives it the power to depress the price of raw material and to advance the price of the manufactured article at will, thus throttling the cane and beet agriculturists with one hand, and grasping the purses of all householders and consumers of sugar with the other; therefore be it

Resolved, That a special computation of five

consumers of sugar with the other; therefore be it

Resolved. That a special committee of five members of this house shall be appointed by the speaker—one of whom shall be arawn from the committee on agriculture, one from the committee on judiciary—which special committee shall have power to sit during the sessions of the house, to send for persons and papers, and shall be charged with the duty of examining the circumstances attending the creation of said suzar company and the methods by which it is conducted, its effect upon agriculture and commerce as well upon the enhanced cost of one of the necessaries of life.

The resolution further authorizes the committee to secure the aid of the Department

mittee to secure the aid of the Department of Justice in its investigation, and if the facts warrant to report a bill to annul the corporate existence of the trust.

#### RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE.

Postmister General Bissell Working to Improve Its Efficiency.

Washington, Oct. 2.—Postmaster General Bissell is determined that the patronage policy shall not be exercised in the railway mail service. Changes in the service are to be governed by the merit system, as he expects the record of efficiency of the clerks to attain in the near future a much higher standard than ever before. He has prepared for his own use a tabulated statement showing the progress made in this service during the last fiscal year. The statement gives these figures:

Ending 1885 -4.948,059,400 pieces of mail -postal clerks 887,804 errors; ratio of pieces correct to each error, 5,575. In 1886—5,329,521,475 pieces, 1,259,443 errors; ratio of pieces correct to each ratio was 3,384; in 1888, 3,698; in 1889, 2,834; in 1891, 4,231; in 1892, 5,564. For the year ending June 30 last 9,772,075,820 pieces were distributed, the errors numbering 1,347,880 ratio, 7.144.
The latter ratio of pieces distributed cor-

rectly to each error is the highest over made in the service. The postmaster general believes that this number will soon be raised

Chief of the Telegraphers. Washington, Oct. 2, -- Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-D. G. Ramsay, grand chief of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, with headquarters two at Willards. He is quite a young man, but he has largely aided in building up a vast organization with several hundred branches scattered throughout the country and over 23,000 men in active service com-prising its membership. Mr. Hamsay was a member of the Illinois legislature which elected General Palmer to the United States senate and was one of the noted 101 mempers who cast their votes for him through the long deadlock which preceded his elec-Speaking of the order of which he is the

head, Mr. Ramsay says: "Our order has grown rapidly, is very prosperous and has been of great benefit to the railroad tele-graphers of the country. Organized in 1885, it has in a few years done much toward se-curing better pay, shorter hours of work and other valuable concessions for telegraph operators, to say nothing of the benefit en-joyed by employers through the raising of the standard of efficiency which has been effected. We not only secure positions for operators, but we keep the record of all such men and aid the companies in determining the efficiency and fitness of applicants for positions to be filled. The benefit derived from the order by members is almost incal-culable. Last year we secured from one ratiroad alone an increase in the schedule of salaries which amounted to \$35,000 per month.'

Compromise Men Hopeful. Washington, Oct. 2.-The senators who have been most active in trying to effect a compromise on the repeal bill do not express themselves as discouraged by the outlook this morning. They say nothing is likely to transpire in that direction during the present week, but express the opinion that the beginning of next week will see a change in the situation. By that time they think the senate will be thoroughly impressed with the futility of the effort to pass the pending bill in its entirety and further delay will have the general effect of convinc-ing senators of the impossibility of any man getting just what he may want. The ex-treme men on both sides are still holding out stiffly, however, and if there is any improvement in the situation it does not appear on the surface.

Going to Woodley Lane. Washington, Oct. 2 .- Although the time has not been definitely set, it is understood that within a few days the president and Mrs. Cleveland will take up their residence in their country home at Woodley Lane. Preparations have been made to receive them. The president and his wife look forward with much pleasure to spending the autumn days in the house.

End of the Uprising. WASHINGTON, Oct. 2 .- The uprising among the Yuma Indians in southwestern Cali fornia, headed by Chief Miguel, is ended. The renegade chief and several of his followers are under arrest. This puts an end to the trouble. The information was wired to the Interior department today by Indian Agent Estudiilo.

Public Debt Statement. Washington, Oct. 2.—The public debt statement issued today shows a net increase in the public debt of \$477,286. The net cash balance in the treasury is \$106,875,633.

Little pills for great ills: DeWitt's Little Early Risers.

# SEVERAL SLATES FIXED UP

Republican Cancuss Select Nominees for the City Primaries.

FOURTH WARDERS DECLARE FOR BEMIS

Councilman Bechei Favored for Another Term- Kyuer and His Gang Hold a Meeting in the Fifth-O her Campaign News.

There was a largely attended meeting of the Fourth Ward Republican club held at the Board of Trade rooms last night, at which the following resolution which was introduced by B. H. Robinson, was unaulmously adopted:

mously adopted:

Whereas, A union of the various republican league cluis of Omaha and vicinity will increase their usefuiness and power in all matters of general political interest while leaving to the individual all local affairs, it is not a considered the result of a union league chib to embrace the various local clubs of Douglas county and vicinity, any chub adopting this resolution to be entitled to membership, the pesilent of each local club admitted to be a vice president, and member of the executive committee of the Union league club when formed. Club membership to include individual membership of all members of local clubs that are in good standing.

Upon adjourning as a club, the members

unding. Upon adjourning as a club, the members resolved themselves into a caucus and elected the following named delegates to be voted upon at the primaries to be held next Friday afternoon: Frank E. Moores, W. J. Connell, T. K. Sudborough, A. C. Troup, Louis Faist, Henry Tatoot, T. W. Black-born, F. R. McConnell and Frank B. Ken-By the terms of a resolution offered by R H. Duncan, the delegates selected by the caucus were instructed to use all honorable

### means to secure the renomination of George P. Bemis as mayor, and the renomination of William F. Bochel as councilman-at-large.

Fi th Ward Repub leans. A number of Fifth ward republicans held a caucus at Eighteenth and Lake streets last evening and selected the following nominees for the city primacies:

William Butler, J. W. Craft, C. A. Elling,
George Hickox, J. T. Henderson, C. E.
Maim, Joe Redman, A. R. Sauer and Lou
Williams

Williams. In accordance with a "cut and dried" scheme, they were instructed for Kyner for mayor and Mallory for councilman.

First Ward Republicans The First ward republicans assembled at Metz' hall last evening and decided upon the following nominees for the city primaries:
John Rosicky, Dr. Hanchest, R. Petersen,
R. K. Paxton, W. Bates, J. Guthart, C.
Abney, E. J. Cornish and R. C. Cole.
Earnest Stuht "kicked" on the caucus and

threatened to spring another ticket at the Second Ward Caucus. At the Second ward republican caucus last

evening the following slate for the city pri-Frank Kaspar Milton Nieder, Fred Hoye, J. F. Brown, A. Kruent, J. H. Pearson, Gust Andreen James Dosadko and James

Campaign Cartridges. The West End republicans club held a reg-ular meeting at Forty-fourth street and Grant avenue last night. The Polish republican club last evening met at Polish hall at Twenty-sixth and

Walnut streets, A number of the colored republicans of the Sixth ward held an enthusiastic assemblage at Twenty-sixth and Lake streets last

# The Central Swedish-American club meets tonight at 1612 Farnam street, members of all district clubs are requested to be present as matters of importance will be transacted. Good speakers will attend.

#### BOARD OF LDUCATION. Short Session at Which Business Was

Quickly Dispatched. Ten members of the Board of Education

got together last night and transacted a large amount of routine business with dis-B. Holbrook's communication with reference to the heating and ventilating of Central and Hartman school buildings, alleging that he was ready to go to work

and complete his contracts, was read and a resolution adopted ordering the work pushed to a completion. The architect re-ported that the work on the Hartman school, ported that the work on the Hartman School, under Holbrook's contract, should have been completed four months ago. Rev. Asa Leard and Rev. S. M. Ware complained that the superintendent of buildings had removed certain blackboards

fixtures from two buildings forms riv used at the Lothrop school. The petitioners wanted the fixtures restored to them. The com-plaint was referred to the judiciary committee. Superintendent of Buildings Tilly reported that the stairs in the High school building

were in a dangerous condition. The report was referred to the committee on buildings and property and the architect with power Bohemian residents of the southern parts of the city asked that the new school build-ing at Eleventh and Center streets be named in honor of John Amos Commenius, It developed that the Bohemians really wanted the new Hartman school named in

honor of the great Bohemian educator, and the board decided that when the new Hart-man school building has been completed it shall be known as the Commenius school Then Mr. Morrison had a change he wanted made. He desired that the Hickory school building should be known, when completed, as the Train school, in honor of George Francis Train. This suggestion was also

The Good Shepherd congress, a literary society organized last year, asked for the use of one of the rooms in the Lake school for the monthly meetings of the society. The communication was referred to the com-mittee on teachers.

Thomas Thompson applied for position as janitor of the Dodge school.

A. R. McCandlish protested against hauling wood for inspection to Thirteenth and Jackson. He wanted the wood inspected at the different school buildings Mr. Burgess stated that he had seen one load of wood which was called a cord and found it measured a little more than three-fourths of a cord. The protest was placed on file. The use of 100 second-hand desks was granted to the Young Men's Christian as-sociation for use in the proposed night

The claim of Newman, Hansen & Johnson The claim of Newman, Hansen & Johnson for \$142 for extras, insurance, etc., on the Lothrop school was referred to the committee on buildings and property.

Principals of several schools reported that they had been compelled to dismiss classes on account of lack of proper heating facilities. The superintendent of buildings offered an excuse to the effect that he had not been instructed to get the heating and

not been instructed to get the heating ap-paratus in shape. The reports were placed on file. on file.

The committee on supplies recommended that a fund of \$50 be set aside for use in the chemical department of the High school; that furniture be purchased for the principal rooms in the Central, Long. Lothrop, Pacific, Saratoga and West Omaha schools; and that a piano be purchased for the Leavenworth kindergarten. The report was adopted.

The bill of the parties furnishing black-boards for several school buildings was laid over for one week, pending an investigation as to the character of the work being done. The architect, the committee on buildings and property and Members Pierson and Duryea were appointed a committee to con duct the investigation.

Mr. Eigutter offered a resolution that for the month of October and thereafter the

rate of wages for employes under the super-intendent of buildings be the same as the general market price of labor. routine business transacted. Military Matters. First Lieutenant Charles Lynch, assistant surgeon, will proceed to Fort Robinson,

for temporary duty with troops detailed for field service. Leave of absence for fifteen days, to take effect on or about October 3, 1893, has been

granted Captain Charles A. Woodman, Seventh infantry, acting engineer officer, Department of the Platte, Omaha, Neb.
The leave of absence for seven days granted Second Lieutenant Edwin T. Cole Eighth infantry, has been extended five

days.

Colonel M. V. Sheridan and Mrs. Sheridan have returned from their eastern trip.

### : REAL WAR CLOUD.

Visit of Russians to France Expected to Caus · Serious Trouble. [Copyright at 1803 by James Gordon Bennett.] Panis, Oct. 2 .- | New York Herald Cable -Special to THE BEE, |- The Berlin dispatch from the special correspondent of the Herald, published in the European edition of the Herald, has produced in the political world a sensation impossible to describe. All the European papers either publish the dispatch or comment upon it. The Herald has had the courage to print what hitnerto has been hinted at or spoken of beneath the breath. The political situation is tad and the danger of war is increasing day by day. The tension is almost at the breaking point,

and due to the visit of the Russian fleet to

France The state of affairs may be compared to the time when the Gor.uan nowspapers an-nounced "Krieg in sicht." The danger above all comes from Italy, which has got to the end of her resources, and she believes that war is the only way out of her difficulty. Throughout Italy preparations for war are Thousanns of shalls are being transported to the isle of Maladetta and the corps d'armee of the north of Italy is preparing for mobilization. Those who are in the confidence of King Humbert speak of the probability of war without reserve. The support of Germany is considered certain. It is the very worst news Berlin has had and is the evident consequence of the Italian No insuit was offered to the foreign offi

cers at the French maneuvers, but there is an evident intention to create a bad feeling against France and to bid defiance. France has done nothing to excite fear. Nobody in France wants to see war break out. I am certain this Italian fretfulness will be suffered only to a certain point. There is another grave matter giving cause for fear—the visit of the Russian officers to Paris. The enthusiasm will be great, and the whole population will turn out to receive him. The greatest fear of all is that agents may be present sent by interested powers to do something to provoke war. Every precaution has been taken, but how to prevent cries among the crowd that may bring about disturbance, and the manifestation of hostility, is a prob-lem. The czar has done all he could to establish the pacific character of the fleet sent to Toulon. France does not want to go to war, and it is said that the German people have no desire for war. It is only Italy which is anxious to fight, and, as the proverb says: "He who has nothing risks nothing." That is the only danger to a continuance of peace.

### SUING FOR DAMAGES.

Aftermath of Two Railway Accidents-Doings at the Court House. Anton Martensen has a \$30,000 suit against

the Burlington, and inhis petition he alleged that on to June 29, 1893 he was walking along the tracks not far from Gibson station when an engine tossed himtoward the sky. His injuries consisted of a shattered teg, which was afterward amputated, a crushed skull, a bruised back and a badlydisfigured face, all of which, he alleges, entitles him to recover the amount

for which he has brought suit.

As administratrix of the estate of William Lindsey, deceased, Kate Lindsey has sued the Missouri Pacific Railway company in an action to recover the sum of \$5,000. She al-leges that on the morning of September 4, 1893, her husband was crossing the tracks of

the defendant near Fort Crook, when he was caught by an engine and killed.

Celin Dowes has gone into the courts and has sued the proprietors of the "Diamond" in an action to recover the sum of \$696, which amount she alleges her husband, Henry A. fooled away in trying to guess the turn while he was holding down a corner at a fare table. i faro table John F. Coad has brought suit against Ellen Barry in an action to recover the sum

of \$1.450, which amount he alleges is due and unpaid as rent of the "Delmonico" saloon and hotel at South Omaha. In the probate court Elizabeth Saxman has filed a petition, asking that she and her sister, Mina Heintz, be appointed to look after the \$14,000 worth of property which Henry Backmann left when he departed this

earth a few weeks ago.

The slander sait brought by Johanna Johnson, by which she sought to recover some-thing like \$25,000 from Charles E. Bates, went out of Judge Duffie's court in a lurry vesterday. After the introduction of the vesterday. After the introduction of the ury to return a verdict for the defendant,

### AUSTRIAN CROWN PRINCE.

Distinguished Foreigner and His Retinu Pass Through Omaha. Ferdinand d'E Este, crown prince of Aus tria and suite, passed through Omaha yes terday afternoon on their way to the World's fair. The party are traveling in the "Mas-cotte" over the Burlington route, and are winding up a ten months trip around the world.

There were eleven distinguished guests in

the party, among which were two real counts. They have been taking in Egypt, India and China, and arrived here from China three weeks ago, landing at Van On their arrival "Sir George" Pullman of Chicago tendered the party the use of one of his cars and the party is enjoying free American hospitality and liberty. They spent several days in salmon fishing on the Columbia and hunting in Yellowstone park. The prince is said to have bagged a magnifi-cent elk and he is having the head mounted as a trophy of the chase.

The party was very exclusive and when the reporters tried to approach his royal lighness they were met at the car door with a freezing stare and a big, blue-coated guard with a deep voice and an air of authority. Interpreter Dersey, who is a full-fledged Englishman, informed the representatives of the press that he had strict orders to give out no information regarding the party and he would not even give their names.

#### STRIKES ON SOUTHERN HOADS. Employes of the Chesapeake & Ohio Strike

Against a Cut. MEMPHIS, Oct. 2.-All the switchmen em ployed on the majority of the railroads centering here struck today. The Chesapeake & Ohio reduced wages 10 per cent to lay and the switchmen, oilers and coal

heavers quit work.

The men employed by the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley, the Illinois Central, the Memphis & Charleston and the Kansas City, Momphis & Birmingnam refused to handle Chesapeake & Ohio cars and also struck. The Tennessee Midland is not affected, and he Louisville & Nashville and the Mountain people hope to escape complica-

The switchmen on the Memphis & Charleston claim that they did not go out in sym-pathy with the Chesapeake & Ohio, but be-cause their salaries were cut without warning.
It is claimed that conductors and train

nen will join the strikers if necessary. The tieup is serious and will, it is feared, soon

#### Woman's Club. The Woman's club met at Myrtle hall yeserday afternoon in regular session. There was a full attennance. Mrs. James Savage, the new president, occupied the chair. Several new departments were created and

Associated Charities The Associated Charities met at the Young Men's Christian Association hall yesterday afternoon. The old board of trustees was re-elected. The balance of the session was devoted to listening to reports and discussing Neb., and report to the commanding officer future plans of work.

> Satoln Getting I stablished. Washington, Oct. 2.—Archbishop Satolli. the papal legate, has about completed the

purchase of a house formerly occupied by the late Justice Bradley and which was once the home of Stephen A. Douglass while senator. The house is on the corner of Second and I streets, northwest.

### SPARKS OF SPORT.

Morris Park Races Draw Out a Fair Attendance.

MORRIS PARK, N. Y., Oct. 2.—An attractive rogram coupled with perfect autumn weather were sufficient inducements to draw crowd of generous proportions to the track today. "Old Bones" ran a stashing good race in the handicap sweepstakes. Helen Nichols, despite the fact that she was a prohioitive favorite, won the third race easily Ramapo gathered in the Pelbam Bay handimore through force of circumstances an his own speed. A three-cornered awcopstakes of a mile and a quarter with \$5,000 added money has

been practically arranged to take place at Linden Park, October 16, the opening day. The race will be between Tammany, who will carry 127 pounds, Lamplighter with 119 pounds up and Rudolph, who is handicapped at 124 pounds. All the owners have agreed but Marcus Daly, and his trainer, Matt Byrnes, is in favor of the race. He expects to get Mr. Daly's consent tonight. Results:
First race, five furlongs: Rolla (6 to 1) won.
Amanda (5 to 1) second. Enfeld (8 to 1) third.
Time: 574.
Second race, mile and a furlong: Raceland (15 to 29) won. Hitms: 41 to 1) second. London (7 to 1) third. Time: 1:534.
Third race, six furlongs: Refer Nichols (1 to 6) won. W B (15 to 1) second. By Jove (15 to 1) third. Time: 1:993.
Fourth race, note and a fourth: Ramapo: 4 to 1) won. Sir Walter (13 to 5) second. Herald (20 to 1) third. Time: 2:97.
Fifth race, seven furlongs: Mary Stone (1 to 5) won. Annie Bishop (5 to 1) second. Madrid: 10 to 1) third. Time: 1:27.
Sixth race, five furlongs: Tom Harding (20 to 1) won. Freg Dance (20 to 1) second. Minnehaha (6 to 1) third. Time: 5715.

At Ciffton. o get Mr. Daly's consent tonight. Results:

At Ciliton.

At Ciffon.

CLIFTON, Oct 2.—Results:
First race, one mile: Cheddar won, Van
Dyke second, Don Caste third, Time: 1:45.
Second race, four and a half furiongs;
Adeile, filly, wen, Sadie W. second, George
Dixon third, Time: 158.
Third race, three-fourths of a mile: Little
Nell won, Lou Rhett second, Darkness third.
Time: 1:1715.
Fourth race, five furiongs: Lord Harr won,
Major Daly second, Captain Wagner third.
Time: 1:102.
Fifth race, seven furiongs: Old Pepper won Time: 1:02,
Fifth race, seven furlougs: Old Pepper won
Leonardo second, Climax third. Time: 1:30
Sixth race, five furlougs: Floriana won,
Hazeihurst second, Latiah third. Time: 1:03. At Gloucester.

GLOUGESTER, Oct. 2.—Results: First race, wile and an eighth: Tar and fartar won, Prizzle second, National third. Ime: 2:013. Second race, five furlongs: Sweet Alice won, ack Lovell second, Sawdust third Time: 1034. 1:0346.
Third race; seven and a half furlongs:
Bargain won, Marina second, Gonzales third.
Time: 1:39%.
Fourth race, three-fourths mile: Penzance
won, Vevay second, Munset third. Time:
1:180. 1:18%.
Fifth race, balf a mile: Billet Doux won,
Beauty, colt, second, Parthian third. Time:
51%.

Latonm's Layout,

CINCINNATI, Oct. 2.—Results at Latonia:
First race, selling, five furlongs: Merry Eyes (2 to 1) won, Mosler (8 to 1) second, Cadet (10 1) third. Time: 1:354.
Second race, one mile: Gascon (3 to 5) won, Probasco (7 to 1) second, King David (10 to 1) third. Time: 1:484.
Third race, selling, five furlongs: Little Cripple (6 to 1) won, Volt (3 to 1) second, King Howard (29 to 1) third. Time: 1:07.
Fourth race, selling, seven furlongs: Eyelet (4 to 1) won, Bessle Bisland (9 to 5) second, Aurora (5 to 1) third. Time: 1:34.
Fifth race, nine-sixteenths mile; Connie C (1mp) (11 to 1) won, Shuttle (8 to 5) second, Nance (5 to 1) third. Time: 5934.
Sixth race, selling, seven furlongs: W. L. Munson (3 to 1) won, Little Annie (4 to 1) second, Little George (4 to 1) third. Time: 1:344. Fair Grounds Finishes.

St. Louis, Oct. 2.-Results at the fair grounds: First race, six furlongs: Sam Farmer (2 to 1) First race, six furlongs: Sam Furmer (2 to 1) won, Buckhound (5 to 2) second, Catlan (4 to 1) third. Time: 1:203.

Second race, five (urlongs: Prince Leon (2 to 1) won, King Craft (3 to 2) second, Coss (6 to 1) third. Time: 1:073.

Third race, five and a half furlongs: John P (7 to 2) won, Jim Murphy (8 to 5) second, Major Dripps (5 to 2) third. Time: 1:13.

Fourth race, six furlongs: Little Crete (3 to 1) won, May Bird (6 to 1) second, Henry Owsley (3 to 1) third. Time: 1:2114.

Fifth race, mile and aftry vards: Tenny Jr. (2 to 1) won, Alorth (8 to 1) second, Beswing (20 to 1) third. Time: 1:334.

At Bawthorne.

At Bawthorne. HAWTHORNE, Ill., Oct. 2.—Results: First race, eleven-sixteenths mile: Salvador won, Jimmy R second, Mother of Pearl third. Time: 1:13%. Time: 1:13%.

Second race, one mile: Patrick won. Rook
Laidley second, Tyro third. Time: 1:47%.
Third race, six furiongs: Racio won. James
V. Carter second, Moses Solomon third. Time:
1:18%. 1:184. Fourth race, seven furloars: Zampost won, Glee Boy second, Biue Banner third. Time: Fifth race, six furiongs: Zoolein won, Or-rick second, Ansonia third. Time: 1:21 Sixth race, six furiongs; George W. won, Oregon Cyclone second, Fitzshamons third. Fime: 1:20%.

Nottingham Handleap. London, Oct. 2.-The Nottingham handicap was run today. Dornroschen won, John Morgan second and Lord Dunrayen's Haymaker third. Ten horses started.

Roberts Wos the First.

New York, Oct. 2 .- Roberts won the

billiard match in tonight's play. His total was 1,001; highest run, 191. Ives' score was 543; highest run, 109. There were forty-one innings and the time of the game was two hours and twenty minutes. Postponed the Kicking. WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, Oct. 2.—The foot ball game which was to have taken place today between the Denver and Chicago Athletic clubs has been postponed until to-morrow in consequence of the rain. The

second game will be played Wednesday Letter for Sprinter Copple. There is a letter, postmarked Alliance, Neb., at the sporting department of THE BEE, for W. H. Copple, the sprinter.

Hope to Reach an Agreement. Wasainoton, Oct. 2.—While there is not so nuch surface talk concerning the possibilities of an early adjustment of the differences among senators over the repeal bill, the work has not ceased by any meats. It is understood that the work is confined atmost exclusively to the democratic side. Senator Fauliner said today that next week would witness an adjustment of the differences, and that a bill would be agreed upon which would be satisfactory to the democratic party and which would pass the senate. He adheres to his amendment as the best basis for compromise.

to have the time to which the purchase and coinage of silver shall cease reduced to one or two years. This meets with opposition from the senators from silver producing states. They say that it would simply postpone the evil day. To Run the Interior Department. Washington, Oct. 2. - Secretary Hoke Smith has sent to the secretary of the treasury his estimates for appropriations for the Interior department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895. The appropriations asked for aggregate \$176,779,134 28, as against \$180,-087,680 44 for the current fiscal year. The

The repeal men are making a strong effort

costine for army and davy pensions is \$100, 000,000, a decrease of \$5,000,000; for the in-dian service \$7,040,376.61, a decrease of \$102, 640.83. The salaries of the Indian commis-sioner and his assistant have been recom-mended for an increase of \$500 cach. Eleven Women Injured in a Panic. Warsaw, Oct. 2 - During the services at a synagogue at Gora-Calvaria yesterday an alarm of fire caused a pahic and a stampede in the building. During the rush eleven women were injured and a child was suffo-

estime for army and navy pensions is \$160.

Sweet breath, sweet stomach, sweet me'-per? Then use DeWitt's Little Early Risers.

suits Against the Louisville & Nachville. LOUISVILLE, Oct. 2.-Twenty-four suits vere filed by Messrs. O. New, Phelps & Pryor this morning in behalf of workmen who were brought here from the east to take the places of the striking shopmen of the Louisville & Nashville. The actions are against the latter company, and damages in

the sum of \$10.000 are asked for in each. The grounds of the suit are that the plaintiffs were brought here under misrepresentation to their injury, that they were locked up and restrained of their liberty, and that they were refused transportation back to their homes.

### AMUSEMENTS.

"Crazy Patch," what the program style an atrocious outrage," was seen for the first time at the Boyd's last evening and seemed to please those present. The play covers a number of variety acts of varying covers a number of variety acts of varying cleverness, most of them above the average, the comicalties of Mr. Gus Bruno and the exceptionally clever dancing and singing of Miss Kittie Mitchell being the leading features. It is all very ridicalous, but it is entertaining, all it claims to be, and should not fall of mitches. not fail of patronage.

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Commencing Thursday evening next Elmer . Vance's great railroad melodrama, "The Limited Mail." will open a four nights' en ragement at Boyd's theater. This is one of the best known and most successful plays of its class, and everywhere has played to suc-cessful business. Since last season many speciatry features have been introduced in the piece, and now is considered the best popular and varied attraction on the road. The sale of seats will open temorrow morn-

## Small Hot Springs Claze,

Hor Spurses, S. D., Oct. 2. - Special Telegram to The Bee | Fire this morning destroyed three frame buildings on Chicago avenue, occupied by Rymer's confectionery store and Chausse & Kimble's saloon. Good work of the firemen sived adjoining buildings. Loss will aggregate about \$2,500, with no insurance except \$250 on Rymer's stock in Traders union of Chicago.

Confirmed by the Senate. Washington, Oct. 2.—Sheridan P. Reed of New York, consul at Tien Tsin, China, and Benjamin P. Moore of Newport, collector of customs for the district of Alaska.

#### WEATHER FORESTEE.

Fair and Warmer Are the Nebraska Predictions for Today. WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.-Forecast for Tueslay: For Nebraska-Fair; warmer; winds snifting to southerly. For lowa Generally fair: warmer; vari-

able winds.
For the Dakotas-Fair; warmer; winds shifting to southerty. Lucai Record. OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BURRAY, OMASIA, Oct. 2.—Omaka record of temperature and rainfall compared with corresponding day of

Statement showing the emdition of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for the day and since March 1, 1833. Normal temperature.
Deficiency for the day.
Deficiency since March 1.
Normal precipitation.
Deficiency for the day.
Deficiency since March 1.

Reports from Other Stations at 8 p. m.

past four years:

00 Clear. 00 Clear. 00 Clear. 00 Clear. 78 Raio. T Cloudy. 01 Cear. 00 Clear. 00 Clear. 00 Clear. 00 Clear. maha.... 58 dsmarck....

"T" indicates trace GEORGE E. HUNT, Local Forecast Official



### KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live bet-ter than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipution. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drugrists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manafactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S THEATER FRENCE WEPASAN OCTOBER 2, 3, 4.

Presented with bony new and glaring patches and a company of comedians and r the direction of Mr. HARRY PHILLIPS. You G g ie! You Laugh! You Roar! Box sheets open S turday at the usual prices

BOYD'S NEW LIMITED EARCARATE OCT. 5, 6, 7 and ELMER E. VANCE'S
Restlistle Ballroad Comedy Draw a. THE LIMITED MAIL

A Four-Act Excursion into the Realms of Realms and Romance. The One Supreme Soverty of a Decade, he Reaviest Mechanic I Pay Ever Stag d. The freaviest Mechanical Northing Line it Ever Seen.

The sale of seats will open Wednesday morning at the usual prices.