

VICTORY FOR REPEAL

Passage of the Wilson Bill by the House of Representatives.

IT WAS CARRIED BY A LARGE MAJORITY

Vain Efforts of Its Opponents to Saddle it with Amendments.

They Had Overestimated Their Strength and Are Beaten at Every Turn.

CROWDED GALLERIES WATCH THE VOTING

Great Interest Taken in the Proceedings—How the Different Members Cast Their Ballots—The Result Appraised by the Spectators.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The galleries of the house were crowded long before time for assembling by persons interested in the result of the balloting on the silver question after the two weeks of debate.

After the reading of the journal Mr. Weaver of New York appeared at the bar of the house and was sworn in.

Mr. Bland freely admitted that the claims of the anti-silver men of a majority of fifty were well founded, and might be exceeded, and it looked as if the Wilson bill might go through with little or no friction.

After the reading of the journal Mr. Weaver of New York appeared at the bar of the house and was sworn in.

Mr. Bland objected even to the reading, saying it was not free coinage at all.

Then came the final struggle. The Wilson bill, repealing the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman act, was read and Mr. Bland offered his first amendment for free coinage.

Mr. Bland offered his first amendment for free coinage, which was defeated by a vote of 161 to 117.

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Mr. Bland offered his tenth amendment for free coinage, which was defeated by a vote of 161 to 117.

CHARMS OF CAMP LOGAN

Thousands of Nebraska Veterans in Attendance at the Reunion.

COMMANDER CHURCH IN FULL CHARGE

Official Orders Read Last Night—Some Lively Campfire Speeches to Open the Session—Tremendous Crowd Expected—Plans for Its Entertainment.

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At 8 o'clock Commander Church and staff, together with the committee, assembled upon the platform. Chairman Dean of the committee in a few words turned over the camp, with the announcement that a grand and a salute of fifteen guns.

Commander Church, in a neat speech, accepted and assumed command. Charles E. Burneister, senior aide-camp and chief of staff, read the orders. Comrade G. H. Caldwell was appointed adjutant general, and Comrade George H. Deane, provost marshal of the camp.

All the bands were ordered to report to Comrade Burneister and remain in camp until Friday.

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Dr. Tiffany made the chief address. His army reminiscences were interesting. He said the action of congress reminded him of the action of congress in 1862.

Receiving Distinguished Guests. The first demonstration of the day was the arrival of Judge J. H. Caldwell, commander of the Department of Nebraska.

He was met by the Boys Cornet Band and the members of the reunion committee. Later in the afternoon other distinguished veterans came.

There was a proper reception at the depot. At 4 o'clock Adjutant General Evans, Chief of Staff Burneister, Provost Marshal Deane, W. B. McArthur, colonel commanding Soldiers of Veterans, and Colonel Burt Cook arrived.

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Most Conservative Advocates of the Metal Rendered Breathless by the Vote.

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No Filibustering or Unusual Methods to Be Employed to Retain the Democratic Side in the Senate to Be Feared.

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Mr. Platt reported from the committee on Indian Affairs a bill to allow certain Cherokee and Chickasaw Indians to purchase their holdings at the same price as white settlers.

The vote on the bill to increase the ratio of silver as a money metal compared to gold by an equally large majority, and buried forever the Bland-Allison act of 1878, which one of the bills sought to revive.

No one anticipated anything like the majority given unconditional repeal, the highest estimate placed upon the majority just before the roll was called upon the first vote being sixty.

Mr. Bland and his followers were almost breathless with surprise when the result of the vote upon free coinage was announced.

All of the republicans, excepting about a dozen, voted against free coinage, and the change of heart, among the bulk of the free coinage voters came from the democrats, as also most of the opposition to unconditional repeal.

Effect in the Senate. The votes of the house have had a very strong effect upon the senate, where the strong advocates have for some time hinged their hopes on the passage of the bill.

Four or five senators have already announced their intention to vote for the amendments which will be offered and then let the bill come to a vote.

The free coinage senators openly acknowledge that they are in the minority in the senate, and that it is now next to an impossibility to defeat unconditional repeal by any method.

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LEO MANTLE UNSEATED

Allen of Washington and Mantle of Montana Are Unseated.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The senate today, by the vote of 39 to 23, decided Mr. Mantle of Montana and Mr. Allen of Washington were not entitled to seats, and that a governor of a state has not the right to appoint a senator to fill the vacancy caused by the expiration of a regular term, not happening by resignation.

The house bill to repeal the Sherman act was taken up and referred to the committee on finance.

Mr. Voorhees announced there would be prompt action by the committee tomorrow.

Mr. Sherman gave notice that he would address the senate on silver Wednesday, and Mr. Sherman gave notice of a speech for Thursday.

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