THE DAILY BEE

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

OFFICE: NO. 12 PEARL STREET.

Delivered by carrier to any part of the city.

H. W. TILTON - Manager.

TELEPHONES { Business Office..... No. 43 / Night Editor..... No. 23

MINOR MENTION.

N. Y. Plumbing Co.

Boston Store, dry goods.

The Mayne Real Estate Co., 621 Broadway.

J. W. White took out a permit yesterday to erect a $300 house at 1414 South Eighth street.

Harry M. Drexel of St. Joseph, Mo., aged 34, and Fanny Harvey of Marysville, Mo., aged 22, took out a license to wed yesterday. They were married by Justice Field.

It is reported that an Omaha wheelman, while on his way home about midnight a night or two ago, was held up when near the east end of the motor bridge. According to the story which is told, he saw a plank which had been placed across the road for the purpose of tripping his wheel, and managed, by executing a quick turn, to slip around it. Just as he did so three men appeared at the side of the road and with pistols aimed at him ordered him to stop. He was going too fast to obey the command, and did not feel like slowing up so that he escaped with all his wealth on him.

Oscar Hull, who was implicated in a large sized row at the home of a man whom he thought had alienated his wife's affections, was given a trial before Justice Vien yesterday on the charge of entering a dwelling with intent to commit a public offense. He succeeded in showing that the offense with which he was charged was the same one for which he has been serving thirty-five days in the county jail, and he was accordingly discharged. There was still another case against him in Justice Fox's court, where he was charged with riot, but all the other parties to the riot had been discharged for lack of evidence. The court held that one man could not have a riot all by himself and discharged Hull, who went home full of an intention never to meddle with his wife's affairs again.

Notice to Grocerymen.

The brand of corn known as "D. W. Archer's World's Fair Brand Sugar Corn, Council Bluffs, Ia.," is not packed at Council Bluffs and Council Bluffs Canning Co. has no interest whatever in said brand.

COUNCIL BLUFFS CANNING CO.

Owing to the present financial crisis and the general reduction of prices in meats, the Hotel Inman, which is a first class $2.00 a day house, has reduced its rates to $1.00 a day. Day board $4.00 a week. First class meals, 25c.

The best building sand in the market by carload. Address N. Schurz, 34 Baldwin Block, Council Bluffs, Ia.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

E. H. Haworth is in Chicago.

Mrs. J. T. Tidd is home from Hot Springs, Ark.

George W. Hewitt and wife are home from a visit to Chicago.

Dr. F. W. Houghton and son returned yesterday from a visit to Chicago.

Mrs. Lawrence Holst and sister, Kittie McKenzie, are visitors at the World's fair.

J. F. Wilcox will leave today for St. Louis, where he will attend a convention of florists.

E. F. Test has returned from the silver convention and the convention of editors in Chicago.

Mrs. E. McKenzie and daughter Fannie left last night for Chicago, accompanied by William McKenzie.

Misses Mille Pace and Bessie Huntington, who have been visiting friends in Omaha for several days, returned home last evening.

F. W. Hough left last evening for a two weeks visit to his old home in Canada. He will stop on the way to take in the World's fair.

T. C. Dawson went to Sioux City yesterday to secure the appointment of a receiver for the First Ute State bank in Monona county, news of whose failure was received here yesterday.

Dr. R. B. Weaver of Philadelphia is the guest of his cousin, J. P. Weaver of this city. He is professor of demonstrative anatomy and lecturer on surgical anatomy in Hahneman college, Philadelphia.

Notice to Picnic Parties.

Change in time, commencing Monday, Aug. 7. Trains for Manawa leave at the following hours: Morning trains leave Broadway at 10 a. m. Evening trains at 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 and every 30 minutes thereafter until 12 p. m.

Hardman & Lewis, two well known young men, have purchased the Model restaurant on Pearl street. They will make it more popular and attractive than ever. Special tables reserved for ladies and families.

Domestic soap outlasts cheap soap

Death of J. C. Rose.

A telegram was received yesterday morning at the Young Men's Christian association headquarters announcing the death of J. C. Rose at Des Moines, some time during the morning. Mr. Rose was general secretary of the association in this city until last spring, when the condition of his health rendered his withdrawal from the work absolutely necessary. The dread disease, consumption, had fastened upon him, and when he departed his friends could not but feel that it was the last time his eyes would ever look upon them again. His wife accompanied him to Des Moines and made a heroic struggle to save his life, but without avail. He kept sinking constantly lower and lower, and when his death was announced it was no great suprise. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock and the remains will be interred in Des Moines. The many friends of the deceased will extend their heartfelt sympathy to Mrs. Rose in her bereavement. The members of the local association sent a fine floral offering to Des Moines last evening.

Bad Bills Made Good.

Business men need their money in these times. If you have bills against people not living in Iowa employed by any railway, express, telegraph or telephone company entering Iowa, write to the Nassau Investment Co., Council Bluffs. Collections guaranteed.

Smoke T. D. King & Co's Partagas.

Ask your grocer for Domestic soap.

Scared by Burglars.

Burglars tried to enter the house of John Beno on Frank street a night or two ago. They were heard tinkering around the back door, and the hired girl called one of the boys to rout them. The boy called to his brother and the latter passed the alarm down the line, but none of the people seemed anxious to go out for a hand-to-hand conflict with the marauders. They finally left without getting in.

Greenshields, Nicholson & Co., real estate and rentals, 600 Broadway. Tel. 151.

Williamson & Co., 106 Main street, largest and best bicycle stock in city.

Stop at the Ogden, Council Bluffs, the best $2.00 house in Iowa.

Fell from a Motor.

A 4-year-old boy named Hall, who lives with his parents at the corner of Fourth avenue and Tenth street, was amusing himself by jumping on and off a Main street motor yesterday afternoon when he made a miscue and fell upon his head. He was picked up senseless and carried home, and it is feared that he is very badly hurt.

Cook your meals this summer on a gas range. At cost at the Gas company.

Now is the time to enjoy the bathing at Manhattan beach.

Domestic soap is the best.

NEWS FROM COUNCIL BLUFFS

Members of the Fire Department Kept Busy with Early Morning Blazes.

CLOSE CALL OF C. R. PRICE AND FAMILY

They Flee in Haste from a Burning Building—All Their Effects Destroyed—Mrs. Jessie Oakley Also Sustains a Severe Loss.

A dwelling house located at 707 Cook avenue and owned by H. J. Adams was burned yesterday morning at 2:10 o'clock. The blaze is thought to have originated from a lamp explosion, as the tenants were accustomed to leave a lamp burning all night. It got a good headway in a very short time, and C. R. Price, who occupied the house, and his family had some trouble in getting out with their lives, and had to be contented to leave all their property in the flames. The fire department did not arrive until quite a while after the fire started, from the fact that the man who gave the alarm ran past two alarm boxes and finally turned in the alarm near the Methodist church, fully a mile from the fire. The house and all its contents were totally destroyed. Mr. Adams had $1,500 insurance on the house and estimates the loss at about $200 more than that. Mr. Price's insurance on the furniture amounts to $800, which, it is thought, will cover the loss.

Sunday morning at 3:40 o'clock the fire department was called out to extinguish a blaze at the residence of Mrs. Jessie Oakley, corner of Twenty-fifth street and Avenue C. An effort was made to call up the firemen by means of the telephone, but central seemed to be taking a nap and the one giving the alarm finally had to run to the engine house on lower Broadway. Mrs. Oakley had $1,200 insurance on the furniture and $1,600 on her wardrobe, and these amounts, it is said, are amply sufficient to cover all loss by fire. There was $1,700 insurance on the building, which is the property of J. L. Bess of Omaha.

CITY COUNCIL.

It Again Tackles the 3-Cent Fare Question—Other Business.

The 3-cent fare question was the most important thing that came before the city council at its regular meeting last evening. Mayor Lawrence and Aldermen Geise, Hathaway, Jennings, Keller, Nicholson, Smith and White were present, and the interest the public felt in the outcome of the anti-motor agitation of the last few months was attested by a generous attendance of spectators.

Chairman Smith of the judiciary committee gave the ball a start by reading his report on the ordinance proposed by Alderman White several weeks ago, providing for a 3-cent fare on that part of the Omaha & Council Bluffs Bridge company's line within the city limits on Broadway and Avenue A. "There has been no complaint or petition from the citizens," said he, "asking for a reduction of the fare on the motor line. A 5-cent fare, with first-class service and first-class road equipments, is low enough. What the citizens want is a 5-cent fare to Omaha. Your committee believes that it is an injustice to the citizens in other parts of the city to fix one rate for Broadway and Avenue A and another rate for other streets. It is natural that a working man, in choosing a lot for his little home, should chose one on a street where motor fare is cheaper, and this ordinance will therefore discriminate in favor of property owners on certain streets and against property owners on all others. Your committee therefore recommends that the 3-cent fare be laid on the table." This report was signed only by Peter Smith, chairman.

"That must be a minority report, then," said the mayor.

"It's a report, all the same," said Smith. The other members will probably make another report, but I don't know how many signatures it will have." The report was filed.

Majority Report.

Alderman Jennings then read the majority report for himself and Alderman Geise, recommending the passage of the troublesome ordinance. The passage of another, a supplemental ordinance, was recommended, regulating the fare on all other portions of the road besides those comprehended in the ordinance under consideration. The report also recommended that an ordinance be passed requiring the motor company to furnish without additional charge, transfer checks good on all connecting lines for thirty minutes from time of issue. This report was adopted, but Smith voted no.

The council then proceeded to vote on the 3-cent fare ordinance. After it had been put on the second reading under a suspension of rules Smith tried to amend it so as to take in the whole motor line. But Smith, for the time being, was a green persimmon to the other councilmen, and if he had offered a resolution declaring that it was a warm evening his colleagues would have hurried their coats and vests on and voted it down unanimously. His amendment didn't even get a second.

The ordinance went through in spite of Smith's "No," which was vociferated at every turn in the house with the regularity of a trip-hammer.

Two ordinances were then brought up embodying the suggestions made in Jenning's report. The first one provided for a 3-cent fare on all the streets in the city, excepting those named in the ordinance just passed, and for a fine of $100 for any corporation or individual who should charge or receive more than that amount. The second provided for the issuance of transfers over all portions of the motor line, good at connecting points for thirty minutes from the time of issuance without extra charge, and fixing a $100 fine for violations. Both these ordinances went as far as the second reading, where they stopped. Smith and the other members of the council changed sides of the fence adroitly, Smith wanting the ordinances hustled through and all the rest being in favor of a postponement.

A petition was presented from the residents of West Broadway asking for the appointment of a policeman to look after that portion of the city. William Vandenburg was recommended, and the mayor was authorized to make the appointment. The above mentioned petition was signed by eight citizens, each of whom agreed to pay $2 per month toward the officer's salary.

Want Another Fireman.

The residents of the same portion of the city put in a petition for another fireman at No. 2 engine house. The matter was referred to the fire committee.

A communication was presented from B. S. Harrington, making a claim of $15,000 from the city in compensation for damages sustained by his wife in her recent accident at the corner of Broadway and Elliott street. He stated the city was responsible for the occurrence through its neglect in allowing a defective bridge to remain at that place. Fifteen thousand dollars, he said, was about what he thought he ought to have, because he had been compelled to do without the services of his wife and had been put to a great deal of expense to provide a substitute. Mrs. Harrington also presented a claim for $25,000 damages.

Chairman Jennings of the committee to which was referred the matter of disposing of old city records, reported that the records had been found in a very bad shape, but in all cases where possible, they had been properly filed and indexed, so that the city might use them in the future whenever needed. The committee also recommended that steps be taken to require all city officials to sort and file all papers in order to preserve them for future reference.

The judiciary committee reported adversely to John W. Paul's petition for reduction of assessment.

Marshal John L. Templeton was given fourteen days off to visit the firemen's tournament at Milwaukee.

The petition of Deere, Wells & Co. asking for a repaving of Main street in front of their warehouse, was filed.

Headed for Virginia.

E. E. Thomas, a fireman for the Union Pacific road, who lived on Twenty-first street between Fifth and Sixth avenues, has left home and his wife is somewhat anxious about him. He bid her goodby last Saturday night, placed $40 in her hand together with a paper giving her possession of all the furniture, and told her he was going to Virginia to live with his mother. He left the house immediately, taking with him all his personal effects, together with about $1,800 which he had laid up from successive pay days. Mrs. Thomas says he has been wanting to get away from home for some time, ever since the death of his little boy, and things there is another woman in the case, with whom he has fallen in love. She inclines to the belief that the story about his going to Virginia is nothing but a story concocted for the purpose of concealing his intentions from her.

Three Horses Stolen.

M. E. Weatherbee, who keeps a livery stable on Broadway near the corner of Seventh street, lost a team of horses and a wine-colored top buggy Sunday afternoon. A man about 25 years of age, dressed in a gray suit of clothes, called at his place and hired a rig, as he said, to go out to the School for the Deaf, expecting to take a girl who was working there out riding. A rig was given him and he went away. During the evening, as he failed to show up, Weatherbee telephoned out to the school and learned that no rig of the kind which he described had been there. He reported the case to Sheriff Hazen, who has offered a reward of $25 for the return of the rig or the capture of the thief. One of the missing horses was a bay, with a barb wire scar across the breast. The other is a bay mixed with roan, with white face and four white feet. The driver had a fresh scar on the right side of his face. No clew to the outfit has so far been secured.

Paul Bouquet, whose stable is across the street from the Weatherbee's, lost a riding horse about the same time. A young man called, giving his name as James Ellers, and asked for a horse to go to the farm of William Orr, east of the city. He promised to have the animal back by sunset, but evidently the sun has not set with Mr. Ellers so far, for he is still a thing of the future, so far as Bouquet is concerned. The color of the horse is a faded black, weighing about 850 pounds, blind in left eye, shod with rubber pads on front feet. The thief is 22 years of age, five feet seven inches in height, wears a light mustache, talks broken German and is of intelligent appearance. He wore light trousers, dark coat and vest and snuff-colored slouch hat with holes punched in rim.

Ladies' World's fair sociable at Masonic temple, Tuesday evening, August 8. A novel entertainment by the Edison phonograph, given by Rev. Mrs. W. C. Levick. Dancing after the entertainment. Admission 25c.

Robbed While at Church.

Thieves got in their work at Crescent Sunday forenoon while the families of Messrs Detrow, Bueben Dunkle and William Currie were at church. Detrow's door was broken in and two sets of silver spoons were stolen. At Currie's house the visitors cut open a window and ran off with a small amount of money and some jewelry. Dunkle's house was not locked up and the thieves had full sway during their stay. Two men who are supposed to have done the job were seen wending their way along the Northwestern ties between Crescent and Loveland Sundry evening, and the police have been put upon their trial. The Farmers Protective association, which was originally organized for the purpose of running down horse thieves, but which is not above tackling sneak thieves when occasion offers, has gone on the road and is making a thorough search of that part of the country.

Domestic soap is the best.

Ceylon Spiders.

Ceylon is the home of the largest species of spider that has yet been made the subject of entomological investigation. This web-spinning monster lives in the most mountainous districts of that rugged island, and places his trap—not a gossamer snare of airy lightness, but a huge net of yellow silk from five to ten feet in diameter—across the chasms and fissures in the rocks. The supporting guys of this gigantic net, which in all cases is almost strong enough for a hammock, are from five to twenty feet in length (as conditions and circumstances may require), made of a series of twisted webs, the whole being of the diameter of a lead pencil. As might be imagined, this gigantic silken trap is not set for mosquitoes, flies and pestiferous gnats, but for birds, gaudy moths and elegantly painted butterflies, some of the latter having a spread of wing equal to that of a robin or a blue jay. Some extra fine skeletons of small birds, lizards, snakes, etc., have been found in these webs, with every vestige of flesh picked from them. The owner and maker of these queer silk traps is a spider with a body averaging 4½ inches in width and 6 inches in length, and with legs 9 to 12 inches from body to terminal claw.

Potato History.

It has been proved beyond a doubt that at the time of the discovery of America the cultivation of the potato was practiced, with every appearance of ancient usage, in the temperate regions extending from Chile to New Grenada, at altitudes varying with the latitude. The name of the discoverer of the potato is unknown, but Du Candolle sums up the history of its discovery as follows: "The posato is wild in Chile in a form which is still seen in our cultivated plants; it is doubtful whether its natural home extends to Peru and New Grenada; its cultivation was diffused before the discovery of America and was introduced in the latter half of the sixteenth century into that part of the United States now known as Virginia and North Carolina, and the potato was imported into Europe between 1580 and 1585, first by the Spaniards and afterward by the English at the time of Raleigh's voyages to Virginia."

WEATHER FORECASTS.

Severe Local Storms and Rains are Promised Nebraska Today.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Forecasts for Tuesday: For Nebraska and Iowa—Cloudy weather; winds shifting to southerly; favorable for severe local storms, with light local rains Tuesday afternoon.

For the Dakotas—Westerly winds and decided fall in temperature; occasional light rains.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, Aug. 7.—Omaha record of temperature and rainfall compared with corresponding day of past four years:

	1893.	1892.	1891.	1890.
Maximum temperature	94°	95°	94°	91°
Minimum temperature	68°	70°	73°	69°
Average temperature	81°	82°	84°	80°
Precipitation	.0	.0	.0	.0

Statement showing the condition of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for the day and since March 1, 1893:

Normal temperature	74°
Excess for the day	7°
Deficiency since March 1	230°
Normal precipitation	.11 inch
Deficiency for the day	.11 inch
Deficiency since March 1	2.62 inch

Reports from Other Points at 8 p. m.

STATIONS.	Temperature at 8 p. m.	Max. Temperature of day.	Precipitation.	State of weather.
Omaha	88	94	.00	Clear.
North Platte	86	92	.00	Clear.
Valentine	90	94	.00	Clear.
Kearney	86	90	.00	Clear.
Chicago	72	72	.00	Clear.
St. Louis	84	88	.00	Clear.
St Paul	82	86	.00	Clear.
Davenport	80	86	.00	Clear.
Kansas City	86	94	.00	Part cloudy.
Denver	74	90	T	Part cloudy.
Salt Lake City	80	82	.00	Part cloudy.
Rapid City	76	100	T	Cloudy.
Helena	66	86	.00	Clear.
Bismarck	74	104	T	Rain.
St. Vincent	82	92	.00	Clear.
Cheyenne	78	86	.04	Part cloudy.
Miles City	74	90	.00	Clear.
Galveston	84	88	.00	Cloudy.

"T" indicates trace.

GEORGE E. HUNT, Local Forecast Official

AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

Mayor Walker Submits an Interesting Message to the City Council.

BOARD OF EDUCATION HOLDS A SESSION

Expert Accountants Make a Report—Nothing but Cash Goes at the Stock Yards—Caught in the Act—Gossip in General.

Mayor Walker, at the regular council meeting last night, sent in another communication, giving the city dads some eye-openers on certain matters. All the members were present at the meeting of the city solons last evening.

On motion of Mr. Schultz, the chairman of the finance committee was instructed to purchase a letter press for the use of city officials.

Mr. Bulla, as chairman of the committee, asked further time to report on the Jetter spur track and also on the damages asked by Pivonka. Granted.

The Union Stock Yards company gave notice to the council that it would suspend further payment of the stock inspector. This position is held by Mose Howard, who has received $50 from the yard company and $50 a month from the city. He is appointed by the mayor.

J. M. Tobias, street commissioner, made a report covering the work he has done during the last three months. A great deal of good work in his line has been accomplished during that period. For men and teams during May, $293.85 was expended; in June the amount was $459.35 and in July it was $445.10. The total expense for three months was $1,198.30.

Mayor Walker handed in the following communication, which was read, accepted and referred to the finance committee on motion of Mr. Wood:

Mayor Walker's Message.

"TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL: Gentlemen—Your attention is most respectfully invited to the consideration of the following subjects that have been suggested to me by an investigation of the facts, records and conditions surrounding and confronting the mayor and council since my last communication to your body. You are all aware that a public official is at all times in duty bound to meet conditions and questions not only arising each day, but to also solve if possible difficult problems which are the outgrowth of erroneous judgment or mismanagement of those who have been his predecessor in office. I am aware that all men err and I do not believe that the average public official is an exception to this rule.

"In an earnest endeavor to become acquainted with the present status of city affairs I have from time to time during the brief period which I have had the honor of being the executive head of the city government investigated our condition with a view to giving to the taxpayers and residents of our city the best government on the most economical basis.

"Some two years ago, or during 1891, the city entered into a contract with the California Petroleum and Asphalt company for the paving of Twenty-fourth street from A to Q with Stradamant asphalt. Prior to the execution of that coatract bonds had been issued to cover the cost of such pavement and had been placed on the market and sold by the mayor and council of that year. The proceeds from the sale of said bonds were deposited in the city treasury. After the execution of the contract the California Petroleum and Asphalt company proceeded to lay a pavement on Twenty-fourth street. Before the pavement was completed the company was ordered to cease work by the city engineer, acting under the direction of the mayor and council of 1891. The presumable ground for the stopping of such work was the exceedingly cold weather, during which it was believed that asphaltum pavement could not be successfully laid. On the following spring under the heat of the sun the pavement which had been laid became soft and gummy; it was denounced as worthless. Public demanded that said company be not permitted to further proceed with the work. The mayor and council of 1892, in obedience to such public sentiment or their own opinions, instructed the chief of police to stop the said company from any further work on the street. The pavement company then applied to the United States courts for an injunction restraining the mayor and council and city officials from interfering with the company in doing work on said streeet. A restraining order was granted by Judge Dundy and served upon the city officials. The California company then brought suit against the city for some $85,000, alleging breach of contract on the part of the city. This suit was pending in court until the fall of 1892, when the mayor and city council of that year, under the advice of the city attorney and Messrs. Cowin & McHugh, settled the litigation. The season had so far advanced that no paving was done during 1892 except some repairing; the result is that the street is not yet finished.

"I have thus rehearsed the history of the case that you might better understand the particular point to which I now desire to call your attention. The bonds which had been sold were drawing interest at 7 per cent and the proceeds of such sale were lying idle in the treasury not drawing one cent of interest. No assessment for the cost of paving Twenty-fourth street had ever been made against the abutting property, hence the city was not deriving any interest and therefore had no money except the principal to meet the interest payable on the bonds. The city treasurer, in order to pay the obligations of the city as the same fell due, was obliged to draw on the principal; therefore, the fund which the law prescribed should be set aside for the payment of the bonds and interest, inasmuch as the assessment against the property had not been made, is today inadequate to meet the bond obligation. There is now a deficit of some $20,276. Had assessments been made as they should the interest on such assessments would have paid the interest on the bonds.

"Your honorable body is now called upon to meet this condition and preserve the city's credit. I am aware that the condition is the outgrowth of, I might say, almost extraordinary circumstances resulting from the ill-advised action of the council of 1891. I believe that the city's interest would have been protected and the present condition avoided if the agents of that company, some of whom were citizens of our city, had not, in their eager desire to have the pavement completed in 1891, that the company might get all the money, urged upon the mayor and council the sale of all the bonds before the money was needed. This, however, having been done, the assessment should have been made that the interest on the taxes might be used to pay the interest on the bonds which had been placed on the market.

"I believe that this question should be placed in charge of the committee of finance, that they may solve the question and provide a way for the replenishment of the treasury.

"Some time during last year the city employed J. J. Points, an expert accountant, to check the books of the city and county treasurer and ascertain the condition of the city funds. Within the past few days I have for the first time had the pleasure of reading Mr. Points' report. I did not before know of its existence. In looking over this able report I discover some important suggestions made by him which should receive the attention of the council. According to his figures one of our ex-city treasurers has a small balance still due the city in his hands. This balance has no doubt been held through error, but there is now no reason why it should not be paid over to the city. He also touches upon the amount of fees held by the city treasurer for the collection of delinquent taxes. This is a question of considerable importance and merits consideration of the council. I do not believe that the present city treasurer or any of his predecessors have intentionally taken fees to which they are not entitled. Neither do I know whether they have or not, because from the nature of the duties of my office I have neither the time nor inclination to go over the treasurer's books myself. However, this is an important point in the expert's report and should be considered by your body. If fees have been taken by the treasurer to which he is not entitled, I am firmly of the opinion that they have been withheld under a misconstruction of the law. But, however this may be, if the fact is that the treasurer has withheld a larger amount as fees than he is entitled to, the matter should be straightened out and the excess, if any, placed to the credit of the city. Most respectfully submitted. O. E. WALKER, Mayor."

Officer Larson was granted five days leave of absence, commencing August 9, and Officer Mortensen three days, beginning August 12.

The Omaha & North Platte Railroad company asked the council to cancel taxes assessed by both the city and state board. Referred to the committee on finance.

Inspector Howard reported that during July he had condemned eleven lumpy jaws.

The monthly batch of bills endorsed by the finance committee were ordered paid.

Cash Bros. presented a bill for $200 for work of clearing off Railroad avenue. The council directed the city engineer to have this job done some time ago, but the work was delayed on account of the Q street viaduct washout. The bill was allowed and ordered paid.

George Parks & Co. presented their final estimate for the work of repairing the Q street viaduct. The amount was $568.35 and it was allowed.

J. W. Sipe presented a bill for a dead cow which he will, perhaps, never hear from again. It was to the effect that some dogs had bitten his cow so bad that he had to kill her.

Chief of Police Beckett presented a bill for $9.50 for taking prisoners to the county jail.

Bills from the county for boarding and lodging prisoners were read as follows: January, February, March, April, May and June, $209.

An ordinance was passed ordering the sale of bonds in the sum of $15,000 for grading purposes.

Board of Education.

As it had been announced that the report of Haynes Bros., expert accountants, would be made to the Board of Education last night the meeting in the High school building was well attended.

In the room were noticed: Ed Johnson, Dave Anderson, Frank J. Persons, John Condon, Colonel E. P. Savage, C. M. Hunt, John C. Carroll, O. B. Morey, and several members of the council dropped in after their meeting adjourned.

Mr. Haynes read the report, which he said was only a preliminary one. He reported that in compiling his work he had come in contact with bad bookkeeping, poor figures and erasings in places. In places neither orders, stubs or cash books explained disbursements prior to 1890. Since then there had been some careless bookkeeping on the part of the secretaries, and altogether it was a case of erroneous entries and omissions. In all of the figures of Thomas Hector, the present city treasurer, he only found a discrepancy of 15 cents. He said it would be impossible to give a detailed account of the disbursements together with the items from the secretary's books, and furthermore that the books would not hold good in any court, as they are so incomplete. The expert wound up by giving the board some advice in bookkeeping.

The principal discrepancy was during the period that Swift was secretary pro tem, in 1890. This discrepancy was about $6,000. The orders were found, but the stubs are not in existence. The discrepancies on both sides amount to about $17,000. Since 1890 the treasurer's books were correct to a few cents. "The whole thing in a nutshell," said Mr. Haynes after the meeting, "was a case of ignorant, shiftless bookkeeping, but that no crooked work was unearthed."

The report of the expert was not as complete as some of the members desired, and upon motion of Mr. Jones, the report was referred to the committee on finance and the board's attorney.

The following bills were allowed:

Drovers Journal	$ 16 50
J. B. Walkins	16 15
J. M. Tobias	9 40
T. B. Hatcher	30 00
South Omaha Music company	15 00
J. S. Stuht	7 75
N. E. Carter	2 10
The Brigham Printing company	1 75
Z. P. Hedges	16 00
E. T. Farnsworth	38 45
Janitors' salaries	130 00
Secretary's salary	35 00
A. A. Monroe	133 33
W. L. Haynes, expert accountant	$ 92 30
J. F. Burt, plumbing	6 36
Eggers & Bock, estimate on First ward school building	2,000 00
Eggers & Bock, brick	22 95
A. C. Raymer, window screen	50
G. B. Sherwood, painter	1 55
R. A. Forsythe, estimate on repairs at Fourth ward schoolhouse	100 00

President Check introduced a resolution to the effect that in the future all graduates from the South Omaha High school would be compelled to take a course at the State Normal school or have a year's experience in teaching before being given a place here as teacher. This was done in order to keep up the standard of teachers.

Nothing But Cash Goes.

Cash was the cry at the stock yards yesterday morning. Word was received from Chicago that New York exchange drafts would not buy stock and that shippers had simply sat down and were doing nothing. The market opened 15 cents lower than Monday and dropped another quarter by noon on hogs. Cattle were also about 15 cents off.

Nothing but cash goes nowadays. New York and Chicago exchange have been refused here and if a man wants to buy he must simply produce the "long green." As a result the express companies have been doing a land office business for the last ten days in transporting money from the east.

When a freight bill was presented to one of the packers here a check was tendered in payment. "That's no good to me," said the collector. "I have been given strict orders to accept nothing but cash." The collector was then escorted over to a bank and paid in silver dollars and half dollars, the entire amount weighing 1,100 pounds.

Caught in the Act.

Ed Bryant was caught in the act of cutting the guy ropes of the Salvation Army tent Sunday night and locked up. There was strong evidence against him yesterday, and he was fined $25 and costs. The fellow has no money and will have to work out his fine on the streets.

Magic City Gossip.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Paul McCauley, a boy.

Miss Maud Thomas is visiting friends in Council Bluffs.

The infant child of Sergeant Carper of Fort Crook died yesterday.

William Greer of Thurston, Neb., is in the city looking for a bunch of feeders.

Mrs. M. Shepherd of Syracuse, Neb., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Sam Gosney.

Pat Butler placed a tag on a brand new son at his residence yesterday morning.

Mr. A. R. Behmke, foreman at Cudahy's is visiting friends in Chicago and taking in the fair.

F. R. Gosney, discount teller for the Stock Yards National bank, is spending a portion of his vacation in Blair.

G. W. Sherwood received a telegram last evening announcing that his mother, who lives in Harlan, Ia., was lying at the point of death.

George Hunter, a bookkeeper for the yardmaster of the stock yards company, spent Sunday at the home of his parents in Newton, Ia.

Bruce McCulloch, editor of the Daily Stockman, spent Sunday with friends in Waterloo. He was accompanied by his family.

Amata, the 5-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mike Reamer, died Monday and will be buried this afternoon. Interment at Laurel Hill cemetery.

Mrs. J. Melcher of Atlantic, Ia., is visiting her son, C. A. Melcher, the druggist. At the same household visiting also are Miss Fredica Goeken and Dennis Montague of Columbus, Wis., and Miss Katie Goeken of Marney, Ia.

Mrs. Horn and Mrs. McCune gave an airing to their neighborhood woes in the police court yesterday morning. Both women were given a reprimand for their conduct and discharged. Mrs. Horn has a very unruly daughter, who seems to be the cause for much complaint. An effort will be made to have the child placed in a home in Council Bluffs.

Fireworks, balloon, stereopticon views. Courtland beach this evening.

A Gigantic Frog.

The labyrinthodon, a huge creature resembling a toad or a frog, and which lived in the earlier periods of our planet's history, has recently been found in a surprising state of preservation in the marl beds of Huezelweitz, Hungary. All species of this gigantic frog are now extinct, and are known to the naturalists only through the investigations of the geologists, who have often found parts or entire fossils of the monster in strata of the triassic portion of the mesozoic period. This specimen unearthed in the Hungarian marl bed is entire with the exception of the left forearm and the lower jaw. The skull measures eighteen inches between the eye sockets, and weighs exclusive of the missing under jaw, 312 pounds. The bones which have been discovered up to date (and there is still hopes of finding the missing parts), with the adhering matrix, weigh 1,860 pounds, almost a ton.

Fireworks, balloon, stereopticon views. Courtland beach this evening.

FARMING UNDER GLASS.

Ten Acres of Sheltered Houses and Their Labor-Saving Devices.

The old farmer and his son-in-law had entered a long glass structure containing countless tiny green lettuce plants growing in the ground, says the Chautauquan.

"What a monstrous lot of plants! Shouldn't think you could sell 'em all."

"Oh, there are only 1,000 dozen in this house. The next house carried 2,000 dozen last winter."

"I should think it would take a man all day to water 'em."

"It would if he used a watering pot. I once used a hose, but that took too much time, so I rigged a pipe on the roof under the glass. Stand back in the doorway and take out your watch while I let on the shower."

An instant later a fine mist seemed to fill the entire place, and then it was gone.

"Why, it wasn't a minute."

"No, I usually give them about forty seconds. You see every single plant has been given a gentle sprinkle of water by only a turn of the hand. I calculate that saves at least 20 cents a day in labor."

"How do you keep the weeds down?"

"Well, in the first place, I don't have many. I use fertilizers largely, and if weeds do appear, I have a little wheel weeder that a boy pushes along between the rows of plants. The lettuce soon covers the ground and chokes off the weeds."

Farmer Allen walked along the narrow paths between the beds, lost in wonder and admiration. Every tiny leaf sparkled with dewy drops of water and stood up fresh, green and vigorous after the artificial shower. Was not this whole business of raising crops under glass a key to much of the peculiar position of farming interests? Here were crops raised in an artificial climate. Under glass there is absolute control of heat and rain, and these things are the essentials of plant life. Would the use of glass spread, would it be possible to raise other crops than flowers and lettuce in this way? Did such farming pay?

To all of which the son replied in this wise:

"Yes. It pays me because I am a manufacturer of food. I run my little tenacre farm precisely as a factory is run. I use, as you see, labor saving devices; I produce great quantities of a very superior article, and consequently I get fair and steady prices. My lettuce goes off by rail as far as New York, and some of it even to Albany and Hartford and New Haven and other places this side of New York. I make money by reducing the cost of manufacture and by the use of labor saving appliances of every kind. I never plant seed by hand. It is all done with planters. I never touch a weed out of doors or inside with the hands. I do not even dig my potatoes by hand. As for this glass business, it is growing tremendously all the time. Some of these millionaires who are experimenting with glass in a large way are showing us food manufacturers that almost any garden crop can be raised under glass."

Fireworks, balloon, stereopticon views. Courtland beach this evening.

A Collection.

Miss Passi—When I was quite a child mamma inaugurated the idea of having my picture taken every year, and I have kept it up ever since. Miss Bright—Oh, my! what a big roomful of pictures you must have.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, LANE MED. CO., N. Y.

[TRADE MARK REGISTERED.]

RESULTS in 50 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Weakness, etc., and quickly but surely restores Lost Vitality in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price, $1.00 a package; six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't let any unprincipled druggist sell you any kind of imitation. In not having INDAPO none other. If he has not got it, we will send it by mail upon receipt of price. Pamphlet in sealed envelope free. Address Oriental Medical Co., 56 Plymouth Place, Chicago, Ill.

SOLD by Kuhn & Co., Cor. 13th and Douglas Sts., and I. A. Fuller & Co., Cor. 14th and Douglas Sts., OMAHA, NEB.; by Paul G. Schneider, 421 Broadway and 6 Pearl St., COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA, and other Leading Druggists.

YOUNG MEN

Read this from Jared Lampson, Lawrence, O.: "I am 28; suffered for years from results of youthful errors. I used five boxes Nerve Beans and am completely cured. My nerves are now strong, and I do not suffer any more from sleeplessness; my skin is bright; appetite good; gained 15 lbs." $1 box, enough for two weeks. All druggists, or by mail, Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Cures That Are Cures

Mr. Leon Boyd, Son of Ex-Sheriff Boyd, Testifies to the Permanent Effects of Treatment Had Nearly Two Years Ago.

Leon Boyd, son of the late ex-Sheriff J. F. Boyd, residing at 1302 Park avenue, was formerly a victim of the dreaded disease, catarrh, and after suffering years tells of his treatment and recovery:

LEON BOYD.

"Some years ago I contracted a slight cold. At first it did not cause me much annoyance, but as it continued to grow worse and affected me generally, I deemed it advisable to consult physicians.

"My nose was always stopped up first on one side and then the other; I was tormented by dull, heavy head